1 BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION 2 COMMISSION 3 WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND) TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION,) 4) Complainant,) 5)) DOCKETS NO. UE-011570 vs.) and UG-011571 б) Volume XI PUGET SOUND ENERGY, INC., 7) Pages 1600 - 1676 Respondent.) 8 _____ 9 10 A hearing in the above matter was held 11 on May 6, 2002, at 9:05 a.m., at 1300 South Evergreen 12 Park Drive Southwest, Olympia, Washington, before 13 Administrative Law Judge DENNIS MOSS, Commissioners 14 PATRICK OSHIE, RICHARD HEMSTAD, and Chairwoman MARILYN 15 SHOWALTER. 16 17 The parties were present as follows: 18 WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION, by ROBERT D. CEDARBAUM, Assistant Attorney 19 General, 1400 South Evergreen Park Drive Southwest, Post Office Box 40128, Olympia, Washington 98504; 20 telephone, (360) 664-1188. 21 PUGET SOUND ENERGY, INC., by TODD G. GLASS, Attorney at Law, Heller Ehrman White McAuliffe, 701 22 Fifth Avenue, Suite 6100, Seattle, Washington 98104; telephone, (206) 389-6142 23 24 Kathryn T. Wilson, CCR 25 Court Reporter

KING COUNTY, by DONALD C. WOODWORTH, Senior Deputy Prosecuting Attorney, 500 Fourth Avenue, Suite 900, Seattle, Washington 98104; telephone, (206) 296-0430. б KING COUNTY, by THOMAS W. KUFFEL, Senior Deputy Prosecuting Attorney, 516 Third Avenue, Seattle, Washington 98104; telephone, (206) 296-9015.

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PROCEEDINGS 1 2 JUDGE MOSS: Let's be on the record. Good 3 morning, everyone. We are convened this morning in the 4 matter styled Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission against Puget Sound Energy, Docket Nos. 5 б UE-011570 and UG-011571. The purpose of our hearing is 7 to take up the matter of a proposed stipulation of 8 settlement concerning King County and PSE in the context of the ongoing general rate proceedings. 9 10 We are convened at nine o'clock in the 11 morning, and the purpose of that was to give us a 12 chance of doing our preliminary work, and the 13 commissioners are prepared to take the Bench at 9:30, 14 and we will begin our hearing in earnest at that hour. 15 I'll just launch into the agenda rather than reviewing 16 it and start with the appearances, and those that have 17 given an appearance in this proceeding can just give me 18 the short form; that is to say, your name, your 19 affiliation and whom you represent. Those of you who 20 are entering your appearance for the first time, I ask 21 that you also give me your address, telephone, fax, and 22 e-mail information for the record. So let's just begin 23 down here with the Company.

24 MR. GLASS: Todd Glass of Heller, Ehrman,
25 White, McAuliffe, 701 Fifth Avenue, Suite 6100,

Seattle, Washington, 98104; phone, (206) 389-6142; fax, 1 (206) 447-0849; e-mail, tglass@hewm.com on behalf of 2 3 the Company. 4 MR. KUFFEL: Tom Kuffel, K-u-f-f-e-l, deputy prosecuting attorney representing King County. 5 б Actually, I think I may have appeared, but it's been 7 awhile so I will go ahead. 8 JUDGE MOSS: I think you may have appeared by 9 the paper filing. 10 MR. KUFFEL: 516 Third Avenue, Seattle, 11 Washington, 98104; fax number, (206) 296-0181; 12 telephone number, (206) 296-9015; e-mail, 13 thomas.kuffel@metrokc.gov. 14 MR. WOODWORTH: I'm Don Woodworth, King 15 County prosecuting attorney, representing King County. 16 MR. CEDARBAUM: Robert Cedarbaum for commission staff. 17 JUDGE MOSS: For the record, I had an 18 exchange of information with Public Counsel's office, 19 20 and Mr. ffitch indicated that while he would be in the 21 building this morning, he did not plan to attend our 22 session unless called upon and reiterated the point 23 made in the letter of Public Counsel filed supporting 24 Staff's comments and position with respect to the 25 stipulation settlement, and just in sort of FYI, I did

have inquiries from some other counsel in the case to whom I responded that it was not necessary that they attend unless they wished to on this one matter, so I'll just note for the record that it is of no prejudice to parties who are not present today with respect to the broader proceedings.

7 It has become something of a standard 8 practice for us to accept a proposed stipulation of 9 settlement as a Bench exhibit. I have premarked the 10 stipulation of settlement for King County as Exhibit 11 No. 500. I have premarked the PSE/Staff stipulation 12 PSE's King County settlement as No. 501. And I have 13 also marked the various responses to the Commission's 14 Bench requests. King County's responses are No. 502. 15 PSE's responses are No. 503, and Staff's responses are 16 No. 504. Are there going to be any additional exhibits 17 this morning?

18 MR. GLASS: Your Honor, yes. We do have a 19 few exhibits, actually, five, that we would like to 20 have available to the commission.

JUDGE MOSS: Let's go ahead and hand those up and we will mark them. This first one you've handed me is a supplement to your response, Bench Request No. 7? MR. GLASS: Yes, Your Honor.

25 JUDGE MOSS: This will just be made part of

1 Exhibit 503 then.

MR. CEDARBAUM: Is this confidential? 2 3 MR. GLASS: I do not believe so, but I would leave that to King County. 4 5 MR. KUFFEL: No, Your Honor. We also have an б exhibit. 7 JUDGE MOSS: Let's get these first. He has 8 five. Mr. Glass has handed me a document that bears the caption, and I'll just shorten it, "Metro King 9 10 County CLX statement, " and that will be No. 505. 11 Mr. Glass has handed me a chart entitled, "Metro Renton 12 Plant, November 2001 hourly kilowatt demand, " and that 13 will be the description of the exhibit which will bear 14 Exhibit 506. 15 MR. GLASS: For the sake of clarity, this 16 tabular information here, or actually, in columns is just the data backing up the previous Exhibit 506. 17 JUDGE MOSS: We'll call it, "Data re: Exhibit 18 No. 506," and it will be marked as 507. The document I 19 20 have now is described as "King County peak loads, time, 21 and temperature during months of PSE annual system 22 peaks," and that will carry No. 508. 23 MR. GLASS: That's it, Your Honor. 24 JUDGE MOSS: Mr. Kuffel, you have one for us? MR. KUFFEL: Actually, I have three. 25

1	JUDGE MOSS: The first one is entitled,
2	"Comparison of demand versus daily mean," and that's
3	going to be marked as Exhibit No. 509. "Average daily
4	KVA demand versus daily minimum temperature," and that
5	will be 510. This one, which will be marked as No. 511
6	entitled, "South treatment plant average hourly
7	variation of energy usage," and that will be 511.
8	Any other exhibits? Was it the intent of
9	counsel to make opening statements today?
10	MR. GLASS: A brief one, but I would be happy
11	to forego it if others are not going to.
12	MR. KUFFEL: I had prepared just a few
13	introductory remarks.
14	MR. CEDARBAUM: I had not prepared anything.
15	I will probably pipe in if others do.
16	JUDGE MOSS: I will convey that interest to
17	the commissioners, and as long as it's consistent with
18	their preferences, we will allow for that. Once we do
19	that, we will call and swear in our witness panel. Who
20	do we have here?
21	MR. GLASS: On behalf of the Company, we have
22	Jerry Henry, who is sitting here to my right.
23	MR. KUFFEL: On behalf of King County, Kevin
24	Owens from our Department of Metro Resources.
25	JUDGE MOSS: Staff?

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MR. CEDARBAUM: Staff witness is Merton Lott, 2 who was the witness in the interim phase. 3 JUDGE MOSS: We will allow for a narrative testimony by the witnesses or any witness who has 4 prepared comments. We will allow examination if there 5 б is any adversity among the parties of the witnesses. 7 We will have examination from the Bench, and then we 8 will conclude with any other business that might come 9 before us. 10 Is there anything the parties would care to 11 bring to my attention in the way of a process matter 12 before I go off the record for a few minutes and take 13 care of a few housekeeping matters and then summon the 14 commissioners? Apparently not, so we will be in recess 15 for 10 to 15 minutes while I get those things done. 16 Thank you. 17 (Recess.) 18 JUDGE MOSS: We are back on the record. The 19 commissioners have taken the Bench. I've introduced 20 the bar and the various witnesses, and we will call our 21 witnesses and swear them momentarily. 22 Earlier this morning, I did convene with the 23 parties on the record, and we did mark for 24 identification a number of exhibits, including No. 500, which is the stipulation for King County that is the 25

primary subject matter of our gathering today. I've 1 marked that as No. 500. I also marked 501, which is 2 3 the PSE/Staff stipulation regarding PSE's King County 4 settlement, and 502 is King County's response to our Bench request. 503 is PSE's response to the Bench 5 request, and 504, the Staff response to the Bench б 7 request. It is my usual practice to make such things 8 Bench exhibits, and absent any objection and hearing 9 none, those will be admitted as marked.

10 In addition, we have Exhibit Nos. 505 through 11 508 that were marked for PSE, and Mr. Glass, I'll give 12 you an opportunity momentarily to lay the foundation to 13 the introduction of those through your witness, and 14 similarly, we have Nos. 509 through 511, and I'll 15 either give Mr. Kuffel or Mr. Woodworth the opportunity 16 to lay foundation to introduce those through the 17 witness.

18 The counsel for PSE and King County indicated 19 that they would like to make a few brief opening 20 remarks, if that is the pleasure of the Bench. Then 21 why don't we do that. Mr. Glass?

22 MR. GLASS: Good morning, Your Honor, Madam 23 Chairwoman, Commissioners. PSE is happy and hopeful 24 that we have finally presented a solution to the last 25 of the Schedule 48 customer issues, problems, and

potential claims. King County has been a unique
 customer since it went onto Schedule 48, and at the
 time of the settlement of the Schedule 48 litigation at
 this time last year, King County was not included.

5 In large part, they were not included because 6 they didn't fit neatly into the class of customers that 7 was deemed to be large customers, and the solution of 8 UE-001952, and they were not small customers in that 9 matter either, so they could not avail themselves of 10 the choices, and they weren't prepared at that time to 11 go there.

12 Consequently, when all the other customers 13 departed Schedule 48 to go different ways, they ended 14 up on a special contract that was somewhat unique. It 15 was akin to the small customer special contract that 16 came out of UE-1952 litigation, but it did not give 17 them the option, that special contract that was 18 approved in May of 2001, it did not give them the option of going the route of Schedule 449 and 448, 19 20 which would have given them, in essence, retail access. 21 From that time of May 2001 through October of 22 2001, they paid \$225 per megawatt hour for their energy 23 charge. From November 2001 to date, they have paid 24 \$110 per megawatt hour. To this day, they are still paying that. This was contemplated that they would 25

continue to pay this until the end of the next general 1 2 rate case, and as you know, this matter is about 3 bringing about a solution into the general rate case, 4 so this is the contemplated end of that special contract, and Section 8 of that special contract 5 б provided at the end of the next general rate case they 7 will be entitled to elect to return to core service or 8 qo to self-generation.

9 In the intervening time, their 10 self-generation has not developed to the point that 11 they could depend completely on that in the near 12 future, so they have elected to return to core service. 13 What this stipulation of settlement provides is a 14 transition from their current special contract to 15 Schedule 49 in consideration for releases of claims 16 dating back not only their current special contract but 17 all the way back to service under Schedule 48.

18 The Company feels it's in the interest to provide this transition and go this route in order to 19 20 finally put to rest all of those claims of the past. 21 If we believe that the incentives provided to build 22 self-generation are in the interests of both the 23 Company, its customers, and King County, and finally, 24 is in the interest of building better relationships with its significant customers such as King County. So 25

we look forward to answering your questions today. I 1 2 have with me Jerry Henry, who has been with the company 3 33 years. He is now manager of the major accounts 4 group, and he has a number of exhibits that he will explain when we get to that point. Thank you. 5 6 JUDGE MOSS: Thank you, Mr. Glass. 7 MR. KUFFEL: My name is Tom Kuffel. I'm a 8 deputy prosecuting attorney for King County. I too am 9 pleased to be here. The County is pleased to be here, 10 and we are appreciative of the expedited time frame that the commission has taken this matter up. 11 12 As we mentioned in our comments in support of 13 the stipulation, the South Treatment Plant is part of 14 the regional system that treats waste water for about 15 1.2 million people. On an average day the Renton 16 Treatment Plant will pump about 115 million gallons of 17 effluent down a 12-mile pipe that opens up into an 18 outfall about 650 feet off of deep, about 10 thousand

20 On rainy days, particularly rainy days, which 21 occur very infrequently, the system is taxed such that 22 in order to keep that pumping going, we have to fire up 23 what are called peaking pumps. These peaking pumps are

feet off of the head of the Duwamish.

25 increased storm water runoff would back up in the city

necessary; otherwise, the combination of sewage and

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streets and into homes and businesses. These pumps 1 2 serve an important public purpose. What they've also 3 done though from a rate standpoint is put us in 4 somewhat of a square peg in a series of round holes, and as Mr. Glass indicated, that was reflected back in 5 б Schedule 48 when we didn't fit quite into the small 7 customer status. That stipulation and agreement 8 contemplated, and as a result, we entered into a 9 special contract, which is the special contract the 10 South Treatment Plant is currently on that while it had 11 stable prices, those prices were still somewhat 12 reflective of the volatile energy markets from 2000 and 13 2001.

14 The company in good faith came to us during 15 the course of this general rate case proceeding. We 16 have worked together to bring forward what we think is 17 a stipulation that is thoughtful and equitable, and we 18 ask that you approve it. To my right is Mr. Kevin 19 Owens. He is from the King County Department of Natural Resources. He has a couple of exhibits that he 20 21 will be talking about when we get to them. Thank you 22 very much.

JUDGE MOSS: Mr. Cedarbaum?
MR. CEDARBAUM: Just briefly, Your Honor, the
Staff did file comments in support of the King County/

Puget stipulation, and those comments were supportive 1 2 of the stipulations being presented. Staff does not 3 oppose the County having early termination of the 4 special contract that it currently has with Puget and going on to Schedule 49. We did raise two legal issues 5 б in our comments, one with respect to an April 19th 7 effective date, and the second with respect to allowing 8 an exception to the ratcheting mechanism for King 9 County under Schedule 49. I'm available to answer 10 questions on those legal issues.

We also have Mr. Merton Lott for commission staff to answer questions about the evidentiary support that has been presented with respect to that exception for Schedule 49. He will be available to answer question on that matter. So just with those brief comments, that's all I would like to say.

17 JUDGE MOSS: I would say in connection with 18 one of your remarks relating back to the exhibits, we did receive the parties' responses to the commission's 19 20 Bench request. We all recognize that some of those 21 questions that were posed were more legal than factual, 22 and the responses were more in the way of legal 23 argument than in terms of fact. Those are exhibits of 24 record. They can be referred to for either purpose as 25 appropriate, and I think the Bench can easily

distinguish between the two forms of discourse, so I
just wanted to make that remark because I think we will
have a mix today of legal argument, if you will, and
some exploration of the facts.
So consistent with that, it would seem

appropriate to swear in the witnesses, and then we will have the witnesses available to respond to questions as well as having counsel available when the matter turns to legal argument.

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(Witnesses sworn.)

11 JUDGE MOSS: Did any of the witnesses have 12 prepared statements that they wish to make with respect 13 to the settlement agreement, or shall we launch 14 immediately into questions? Mr. Lott? 15 MR. LOTT: On the settlement agreement 16 stipulation between Staff and the commission, I think 17 that there is a possibility that one of the phrases, 18 3.1, may be misunderstood, and I wanted to make sure that 3.1 is understood properly on Page 2. 19 20 MR. CEDARBAUM: For the record, this is 21 Exhibit 501, Your Honor. 22 MR. LOTT: Item 3.1, says, "PSE will bear the 23 net revenue loss associated with transfer of King 24 County's load from the special contract --25 JUDGE MOSS: Let's be off the record.

(Discussion off the record.) 1 2 JUDGE MOSS: Mr. Lott, you were going to tell 3 us a correction to 3.1? 4 MR. LOTT: It's not necessarily a correction. I want to make sure it's understood, because I think 5 that when related to a response to a Bench request, it б 7 may be a problem. The 3.1 on Page 2 says, "PSE will 8 bear the net revenue losses associated with the 9 transfer of King County's load from King County's 10 special contract to Schedule 49 as set forth in the 11 King County settlement and not seek to recover such 12 losses in its rates." That phrase was intended to cover the period 13 14 of time only from this settlement going into effect, 15 whatever date that would be, until the general rate 16 case went into effect. It was not intended to refer to any of the conditions, such as the ratchet condition. 17 18 So if there is loss revenue associated with the ratchet 19

19 applying their limit on how much revenue being charged 20 to King County, there is no agreement that that reduced 21 revenue is not going to be born by all loaded 22 customers.

I bring that up because the Company's
response to one of your Bench requests, No. 3.4, says,
"Does any provision of the stipulation potentially

shift cost to PSE or to any other of PSE's customers?" 1 2 Staff's viewpoint, and actually the Company's response 3 as shown in Exhibit 505 would indicate that the Company 4 will experience revenues less than Schedule 49 by \$107,000 over a two-year period according to go this 5 б analysis that was presented this morning. It is my 7 understanding that that lower revenue will be spread to 8 all other customer classes in the general rate case. 9 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: How much was that

10 amount?

11 MR. LOTT: I've never seen this document 12 before this morning, but the document is Exhibit 505, 13 and the number is, it's a total towards the top in the 14 difference column shows \$107,694. It appears to be the 15 difference over a two-year period of applying the 16 ratchet, and I ask the Company whether that was right, 17 and they said yes. This is their exhibit. I've never 18 seen it before this morning, so they might want to 19 clarify that, but my point is it would be my 20 understanding that this \$107,000 over a two-year 21 period, \$55,000 a year would actually be born by other 22 customers.

23 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: So you are trying to
24 distinguish between the revenue loss or debt on the one
25 hand between the special contract that King County is

currently under versus going to the new contract or the 1 2 new tariff and the new tariff with its adjustment 3 versus just straight Schedule 49, so that second 4 comparison is not absorbed by PSE share holders in your view; is that right? 5 6 MR. LOTT: That was my understanding. That 7 was all the comments I had. MR. GLASS: Your Honor, if I might, the 8 9 Company does not necessarily disagree with Mr. Lott, 10 and I was going to go there with the witness and 11 explain that, but there is no significant disagreement 12 on this point. 13 JUDGE MOSS: Let me make sure I'm perfectly 14 clear on this. I think I am. Again, with reference to 15 Exhibit 505, if I understand correctly, the \$107,694 16 difference reflects the difference between what would 17 occur --18 MR. GLASS: What would have occurred. JUDGE MOSS: The dates are February '00 19 20 through January '02, so this figure is really just 21 suggestive. It's not forward-looking. 22 MR. GLASS: Correct. It's what would have 23 occurred had this proposal been put in place during 24 that time frame. JUDGE MOSS: So it illustrates what could 25

happen in terms of cost shifting if the ratchet aspect
 were to be approved.

3 MR. GLASS: Correct. 4 JUDGE MOSS: Mr. Cedarbaum, you have mentioned that you had a couple of points in your 5 б comments that raise some legal issues with respect to 7 the settlement, and even though comments by Staff are 8 nominally in support of the settlement, that does 9 arguably put you in a position that's adverse, so I 10 wanted to give you an opportunity, if you wish to 11 pursue it, to inquire of the witnesses for PSE and the 12 county, if you choose to do that.

13 MR. CEDARBAUM: Your Honor, part of the 14 difficulty this morning is that we received these 15 exhibits just this morning, and I don't know the staff 16 has had much of a chance to review them, so I think I 17 would need the opportunity to review them with staff 18 and decide the answer to your question. I don't want 19 to prolong this any longer than is necessary. Perhaps 20 at a break I can do that.

JUDGE MOSS: We will take a recess here in a little bit and that might give you an opportunity to review that. In the same vein, of course, Staff has filed its comments, and again, they are arguably creating an adversary situation, so the other party

should have an opportunity to inquire of Mr. Lott, if 1 they choose to do so. Do you have any questions at 2 3 this juncture, Mr. Glass? 4 MR. GLASS: I think that it will frame it more clearly to go through, just a suggestion, to go 5 б through King County and the Company's witnesses in 7 questioning because that I think that will provide the 8 information upon which we can deal with some of these 9 other issues. 10 JUDGE MOSS: You have some direct examination 11 for your witness? 12 MR. GLASS: The only thing I was planning to 13 do was talk through the five exhibits we brought this 14 morning, lay the foundation, and have him highlight the 15 importance of each one and why we brought them. 16 JUDGE MOSS: Mr. Kuffel? 17 MR. KUFFEL: I do not have any specific 18 direct examination but was probably going to be following a similar path. 19 20 JUDGE MOSS: That sounds like it would be 21 useful for all concerned to have some better sense of 22 our exhibits and what they show. We'll do that first 23 and just go ahead and start with you, Mr. Glass. 24 25

DIRECT EXAMINATION 1 BY MR. GLASS: 2 3 Ο. Mr. Henry, with regard to the first document, 4 which was actually a legal size piece of paper with two blue boxes on it --5 6 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: We need the exhibit 7 numbers. MR. GLASS: This was actually a supplement to 8 9 the UTC Bench Data Request No. 7. 10 JUDGE MOSS: That's part of Exhibit 503, and 11 I'm going to show you the document. Everybody has 12 that. 13 Q. (By Mr. Glass) Mr. Henry, with regard to the 14 supplement to Bench Request No. 7, could you please 15 tell us who prepared this data and the purpose for 16 which it has been provided here today? 17 It was prepared by my shop, one of the Α. 18 individuals from my shop, and it was an attempt -- we had given some other information of all of the other 19 customers that were under Schedule 49, and it was an 20 21 attempt -- and we realized we had not had any 22 information for Metro King County, so it was basically 23 providing the same information that we had provided 24 previously and just added the King County data to that 25 list, and those are the blue sheets that were

confidential that I think that you should have.
 Q. What does this data show?

A. This data shows the metered KVA, what the
demand charges would based upon from 1997, 1998, 1999,
2000, and 2001.

Q. Could you explain what the word "basis" is,
and you might want to refer to what was put in the
initial response to Bench Request No. 7.

9 The basis indicates that for the months of --Α. 10 this is, in essence, what the demand charge is based 11 upon, and there are two ways to interpret that. One 12 would be the actual -- the demand charge is set from 13 the months of November, December, January, February for 14 the following year, and if your load during the months 15 of March through October are lower than the ratchet 16 that is set at that particular point in time, the customer would pay the ratchet. If it's higher than 17 18 the ratchet, then they would pay their actual cost.

So in other words, in the King County set of data, what it shows is from the months of March through October, they historically have always paid the ratchet; in other words, they have always paid a rate based upon demand that was set during the months of November, December, January, February.

25 Q. Isn't it true that during the time they've

been on this special contract, they have not actually paid the ratchet, but rather if one were to look back at the data and determine whether they had been on the Schedule 49 whether the ratchet would have applied, that's the question presented here?

б Α. Yes, you are correct. That is the 7 information. Looking at this as if they were a 8 Schedule 49 customer is the way this data was prepared. 9 Ο. Mr. Henry, turning your attention to Exhibit 10 505, could you please tell us who created this data, or 11 was it prepared under your direction, and what is its 12 purpose?

13 Α. This also was prepared under my direction 14 with my associates in my department, and King County 15 had come to us with a proposal to limit the demand to a 16 proposed cap, and in attempt to try and figure out, well, what would make sense for that cap based on their 17 18 past load, we developed this chart, and as you can see, what we did is we looked at this several different 19 20 ways.

21 Starting at the upper left-hand corner, you 22 can see there is 24 months. We took February of 2000 23 to January of 2002, and this was the registered KVA 24 based on our records, and then you have at the bottom 25 of the third column of numbers, the first column that

says "registered KVA," we just took an average and found out their average demand for that period of time was 11196 KVA. The next column shows the ratchet that would have existed based on KVA charge. The next column shows during that period of time just the demand portion of their energy bill would have been \$831,675.

7 The next series of column is basically the 8 same information, and in there, we arbitrarily applied 9 a ratchet of 10, and it would have changed the demand 10 charge to 723,962 or would have reduced it to about 11 \$107,694 for that two-year period of time or a little 12 over \$50,000 a year. We then thought, well, let's take 13 a look at this some different ways, and in essence, we 14 took a look at that same period of time, the same 15 24-month period, but we excluded the months of 16 November, December, January, February and the average demand was still 10,000. The second set of rows from 17 18 the bottom, we then took a look at those averages in 1999, 2000, and 2001, again, including -- this would be 19 20 all months, January, February, through December. You 21 can see again the demand was in the neighborhood of 22 10.6, 11,860, 10,409 or an average for those three-year 23 period of around 10,959.

The lower set of rows is, in essence, the same thing again but excluding the months of November,

December, January, February, and again, for those three months shows that 9,724, 11,875, 8,160, or 9,920. So this seems to say to me and to my staff that 10,000 based on just the data, seemed to be an appropriate number for a cap, and was around pretty much the average for the demand cap for basically the last three years.

8 Q. Thank you. With regard to Exhibit 506, could 9 you please again state who created this chart, describe 10 why you have chosen November 2001 as a time to focus on 11 and explain what this chart provides?

12 Α. Yes. This also was created by my department, 13 and we knew that -- it's one thing to know what the 14 average demand was, but it's more important to know 15 when does that average demand occur. Intuitively, I've 16 been around the utility business for a long time and 17 know that King County Metro's peak tends to occur 18 during major rain storms. Our peak tends to occur when it's fairly cold, and typically, if it's below 30 19 20 degrees or so, there is not a lot of rain.

21 So intuitively, you can see there is some 22 possibility that King County Metro's peak would be 23 somewhat at a different time than our peak, but to try 24 and figure out what that was, we decided to take the 25 month of November 2001. That was the system peak that

King County had for the year 2001. In other words, on 1 2 November 15th, King County had their maximum peak, 3 which at that time, the demand at that point was 4 15,342. The red line shows that that's what PSE's peak was at that particular point in time, 2,546 megawatts 5 б or 2,546,000 kilowatts. Was also wondering during that 7 particular month when was PSE's system peak, and so the 8 red line to the right shows at the time of month when 9 PSE's system peaked, where we had a system peak of 10 about a million kilowatts over where we were on 11 November 15th, on November 29, we had a peak again of 12 three-and-a-half million kilowatts, and King County had 13 a peak at that time of only 8,370 kilowatts.

14 It seemed to show us at that point in time 15 that yes, there is some relationship between the fact 16 that King County's system peak and PSE's do not -- or 17 King County Metro's plant peak does not occur at the 18 same time as PSE's monthly system peak occurs, or even 19 out system peak for that matter.

Q. This next exhibit will be a short one. Could
you confirm that Exhibit 507 is the hourly demand data
for King County during that month of November, 2001?
A. The exhibit is not a short one but the answer
is. Yes, it's basically the backup data for the chart.
Q. And finally, Exhibit 508, could you please

explain this exhibit, who prepared it, and specifically
 detail the colors involved?

A. This was also prepared by my shop and others at PSE. I guess I should give them credit, because there are a lot of people involved in these. Again, following the line of thinking from the last couple of charts, I started to ask the question, well, so we are looking at November of 2001. What happened to our system peaks in 2000 and 2002?

10 In fact, this chart, the title of this is 11 probably somewhat in error in that December of 2001 is 12 when we actually had an annual system peak. In 13 November of 2001, the system peak -- let me say this 14 again. In December of 2000 is when we had an annual 15 peak, and that's what's shown in the first two lines of 16 this. The system peak in 2001 was in December, and in 2002 -- obviously, we haven't had the full year so we 17 18 don't know when the system peak was, so this is not necessarily PSE's annual system peaks, except for the 19 20 month of December of 2000.

21 Moving on, I went back to December and said 22 okay, what is King County's hourly peak during that 23 month, what day during that month, and when did PSE's 24 system peak occur during that month? What were those 25 amounts, and then in other words, it does two things.

If you look at the first line, December 1, 2000, it 1 2 shows King County's hourly peak. Blue is King County's 3 plant peak. It occurred at 1 a.m., and temperature was 4 48 degrees at that point in time, and our system peak was 2333. That would be in megawatts. On December 5 б 11th is when PSE had this system peak, and King County 7 at that point in time was only at 4.5 megawatts. It 8 was at five o'clock in the evening, and the temperature 9 was 34 degrees.

10 November, again, this is basically the same 11 data that's on the graph. It does show again when 12 PSE's system peak was and what the temperatures were. 13 November was a fairly warm month. In November 14th was 14 when King County's plant peak had 15 megawatts. It was 15 at three o'clock in the afternoon. The temperature was 16 55 degrees, and the system peak was at 2546 megawatts. 17 November 28th was when PSE's system peak was. Again, 18 their peak was at 8:00. Six o'clock in the evening was 19 41 degrees.

I took a look at January so far this year where our highest peak was, and our peak was on January 22 28th. There again, you can see the temperature was down at 30 degrees. We had a peak of 3817. King 24 County had their peak on January 7th. The temperature 25 at that point in time was 52 degrees, and our peak at

1 that time was just below 2000.

2 So again, it seemed to say to me -- let me 3 talk about this supporting data. The backup supporting 4 data if you take a look at this fairly small print, it shows the entire month. It shows every hour of the 5 б month, and it shows PSE's system peak at that 7 particular hour, and it shows the temperature 8 immediately above it, and I tried to mark with the blue 9 and the green. The blue is King County Metro's peak, 10 and it shows the time, but it always shows every other 11 PSE peak for every other hour during that time period, 12 and the green shows PSE's system peak, and I included 13 that for basically back up information for the 14 information ahead of that. 15 It seemed to indicate to us that yes, as King 16 County had suggested to us, that their peak and our peak do not coincide. In fact, they are fairly far 17 18 apart. They tend to peak when it's a significant rain 19 storm. That tends to be when there is a significant 20 southern flow, and the temperature is generally much 21 warmer.

22 MR. GLASS: Your Honor, at this point, I pass 23 along to other witnesses or welcome any questions from 24 anybody.

JUDGE MOSS: I wonder if we should offer

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1 these exhibits for admission.

2 MR. GLASS: Your Honor, I offer these 3 exhibits for admission. 4 JUDGE MOSS: They will be admitted as marked. Do counsel have any questions concerning the exhibits 5 before we move on and get the exhibits from King б 7 County, which I think we can probably accomplish and 8 then we will take our midmorning break? 9 MR. CEDARBAUM: Your Honor, I was hoping that 10 Mr. Lott, rather than me trying to ask questions of 11 other witnesses and just trying to save time, if 12 Mr. Lott could have the opportunity for the direct to 13 just provide a narrative response to these exhibits and 14 indicate what is deficient or sufficient about them. 15 JUDGE MOSS: Would you like to do that after the break, I presume? 16 17 MR. CEDARBAUM: After the King County witness 18 and the break. 19 JUDGE MOSS: In terms of questions, I 20 understand that you want to have Mr. Lott pose some 21 questions, but this isn't in the nature of a technical 22 conference? 23 MR. CEDARBAUM: No. I would just ask him 24 some direct questions similar to what Mr. Glass and

Mr. Kuffel would do with their witnesses.

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JUDGE MOSS: I have no problem with that. 1 2 Why don't we see if we can get the remaining exhibits 3 discussed to the extent they need to be, and then I 4 think we will take just a short recess. 5 6 7 DIRECT EXAMINATION 8 BY MR. KUFFEL: 9 Mr. Owens, would you please take a look at Q. 10 the document marked as Exhibit 509? Are you familiar 11 with this document? 12 Α. Yes, I am. 13 Q. Would you please explain who created it and 14 what its purpose is? 15 Α. The document was prepared by myself, and the 16 purpose of the document was to take a look on a daily 17 basis what the relationship was of the Renton South 18 Treatment Plant's electrical demand, and this is categorized or plotted here as far as average hourly 19 20 demand versus the daily mean temperature in Renton for 21 that particular day. 22 The point of the graph was to actually 23 further on and support what Jerry Henry has just 24 brought before the commissioners as far as showing that 25 the actual demand relationship between the temperature

and demand of the plant, and I use the month of December of 2000 as an indicative month merely from the fact that that was probably the month we all remember as far as very volatile prices. It was very cold. That was kind of the outset of the energy crisis, so I thought it would be most indicative in utilizing Renton mean temperature as well.

8 It shows that the demand of the plant does 9 fairly well track with temperature, and that as Jerry 10 mentioned, the Renton Treatment Plant sets demand 11 according to rain fall, and Puget system is also 12 dependent on weather conditions, and theirs is set by 13 cold weather. As temperatures dropped, it is very 14 clear from this graph that the plant demand also drops 15 off. Again from the premise that it doesn't rain much 16 below 32 degrees. It has an upturn about mid month. 17 December 10th through the 13th was an extremely cold 18 period. It started warming up, but you will also notice about December 21st, there is a departure in the 19 20 two graphs, and that's when King County brought on 21 emergency generation to start clipping some of the 22 peaks at the plant. So from December 20th, 23 comparison-wise, it's because of the on-site generation 24 that was brought on, but it does show that as 25 temperatures drop, so does the demand at the plant.

Q. Would you please take a look next as what has
 been marked Exhibit 510? Do you recognize this
 document?

4 A. Yes, I do.

5 Q. Would you please explain who created it and 6 what its purpose is?

7 This document was also created by myself. Α. 8 The purpose of this was going back looking at November of 2001, which was the period of time the King County 9 10 would have established a ratchet demand of 19 MVA at 11 the plant that would have been carried forward into the 12 following months of March through October, and that 13 would have set its billing demand, so it was also a 14 period of time that Puget was looking at as well, so we 15 tried to correlate our data as far as what was taking 16 place at our plant with relationship to temperature as 17 well.

18 The first part of the month from November 1st through about the 14th, 13th, the plant was currently 19 20 processing during that time about 60 million gallons 21 per day of effluent, and I really need to highlight the 22 fact that just because its rains, it doesn't mean the 23 plant is going to peak demand-wise. During the month 24 of November according to the weather tables, it rained 27 out of 30 days in the month of November of 2001, so 25

1 rain isn't a big driver behind it. I really need to 2 emphasize that this is torrential monsoon rains for a 3 couple of days, and during that period of the 14th, you 4 will see the peak as far as demand on the plant where 5 the average daily KVA demand for that day was upwards 6 almost of 12,000 KVA. Hourly demand on that particular 7 day was where he reached the 19 MVA.

8 We were pumping 180 million gallons per day of effluent at that point in time because of literally 9 10 monsoon rains over just a couple period of time, and 11 that day also happened to be 55 degrees, the warmest 12 day of the month, which coincides with the rain as 13 well. Ironically, those particular days, the warmest 14 day of the month, was also Puget's lowest day, I 15 believe, according to Jerry, and their other low day 16 was towards the end of the month where our load 17 subsided substantially.

Q. Thank you. Lastly, would you please take a
look at the document that's been marked Exhibit 511?
Are you familiar with this document?

21 A. Yes, I am.

22 Q. Would you please explain who created it and 23 what its purpose is?

A. This document was prepared by CarolloEngineers, who are under contract to King County. They
are currently undergoing cogeneration studies for the 1 2 Renton South Plant, and it seemed very applicable to 3 the discussions we were having with Puget at the time 4 and really demonstrates how the plant operates from an hourly basis throughout a 24-hour period over the range 5 б of August of 2000 through December of 2000, and when I 7 first started looking at our daily coincidence and when 8 Puget was talking about time-of-day rates, I normally 9 would have thought our peaks at the plant would 10 coincide directly with their peaks as far as the morning peak when people are getting up out of bed and 11 12 showering and getting laundry going and also 13 experienced another peak during the evening. That was 14 my initial impression, but when we looked at the data, 15 it actually shows there is a four- to six-hour delay 16 from the time you take a shower to when it finally 17 reaches the plant in Renton and gets treated as 18 effluent.

19 This plant serves primarily the east side of 20 King County, Puget's service territory to the east of 21 Lake Washington and Lake Sammamish. It's indicative of 22 showing that during their morning peak over a wide 23 period of time of the four months we were looking at 24 that that out demand significantly drops off and plant 25 demand drops off as they reach their morning peak, and

then in the afternoon, there is less of an effect but 1 2 levels out, and actually, we hit our peak at midnight. 3 Q. Thank you. 4 MR. KUFFEL: I would offer these exhibits for admission. 5 6 JUDGE MOSS: Objection? Hearing none, 509 7 through 511 will be admitted as marked. Any inquiry 8 regarding these exhibits before we take our midmorning 9 break? 10 MR. GLASS: One quick question if I could. 11 It might be helpful. Mr. Owens, could you please 12 explain why the short-term spikes occur specifically as 13 it related to a specific equipment that's not on very 14 much? 15 MR. OWENS: In February of 2000, the plant 16 went through a substantial upgrade to the effluent pump system. On a normal basis, the plant operates -- when 17 18 I was showing that period the first part of November 19 where it was processing about 60 million gallons a day, 20 that pumping is done by four 625-horsepower effluent 21 pumps, and they basically handle the base operation of 22 the plant, but when it does spike as we saw about 23 November 14th of 2001, there was a substantial upgrade 24 of the plant that was completed in February of 2001, 25 and four 3500-horsepower pumps, which were peaking

pumps, were replaced with four 5000-horsepower pumps, 1 2 and they were done over a period of six to eight 3 months, but the last one was put in place of February 4 of 2001, and these are done with energy efficient motors and drives, so as it rains and we reach peak 5 б capacity, these need to be started up and work against 7 the head in the pipeline that goes out to the Westpoint 8 Treatment Plant, so that's why they are brought in and 9 ramped up.

10 So conceivably, the maximum peak at that 11 plant could be well above 19 MVA, could go up to 24 or 12 25 MVA. There is a substantial risk if it really 13 rained a lot harder than what it did on the 14th of 14 November. That's why we didn't see it in the past, if 15 you are looking at past billing data, is that the plant 16 did change substantially as far as an upgrade to handle 17 the plant if it ever got up to three million gallons 18 per day, something in that range.

JUDGE MOSS: Why don't we go ahead and have you examine Mr. Lott with respect to the exhibits as you indicated you might wish to do, Mr. Cedarbaum? EXAMINATION

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BY MR. CEDARBAUM:

Mr. Lott, do you understand Exhibits 505 1 Ο. 2 through 511 to be evidence provided by the Company and 3 King County intended to support the change in the 4 demand ratchet under Schedule 49 for King County? That's what it would appear to be, yes. 5 Α. 6 Ο. You received these exhibits this morning; is 7 that correct?

8 Α. The ones presented by the Company are 9 brand-new to me this morning. I've never seen that 10 information before and possibly the stuff on 506, 507, 11 I have that. The presentation by King County, at least 12 on 511 and 509, I know I have, and I think I also have 13 510. I'm not sure about that. So I've seen the data 14 that King County has presented before, but I've not 15 seen a lot of the data presented in Exhibits 505, the 16 addition to 503, and 508. It's all brand-new this 17 morning.

Q. Just generally speaking and not with respect to these particular exhibits, but can you explain from Staff's perspective the type of information that would be necessary to justify the different ratcheting mechanism under Schedule 49 and why that information is important?

A. I will start with the "why." One of theBench requests that the commission asked said, What is

the purpose of the demand charges, the three options, 1 2 and the demand charge in Schedule 49, and I think both 3 Staff and the Company responded to that request as an 4 indication that you need to be able to recover the demand costs of the company over the whole year, and 5 б those demand costs in Staff's response indicated that 7 there are demand costs directly related to the customer 8 that you would have even away from the system peak, and 9 that there are others that are coincidental demand 10 charges, such as production and some of the 11 transmission which really are more system-peak based. If one believes that that's how the demand charges are 12 13 designed the way they are, that would imply that using 14 the winter demand charge as a minimum for the demand 15 charge during the summer was intended to recover the 16 coincident peak demand cost of the Company, and that is my viewpoint, that that's exactly what it's intended to 17 18 cover.

19 So the question then would be does King 20 County fit the mold that requires them to contribute as 21 heavily to the coincident peak as their seasonal peak 22 would be, and I think that the evidence that is being 23 attempted to be supplied by the Company, and even King 24 County, is an attempt to show that maybe King County 25 doesn't peak when Puget's system peaks. However, I

don't think that the data that has been provided to us 1 2 really fully supports it. The theory is there. I 3 actually stated the theory to other people. 4 Apparently, King County had already thought up the theory because I think they had already presented this 5 response, so the theory is there that, yes, it does б 7 rain in the Northwest when it's warm, but that's not 8 always the case, I don't think, and I think that I 9 would need to see data that is more comprehensive. 10 Generally speaking, the peak year or the 11 capacity requirements of the Company are quite often referred to over a 200-hour period during the winter or 12 13 to other more extended periods of time than just a 14 one-hour peak, and what I would have liked to see from 15 the Company would have been a comparison of King 16 County's loads during the top 200 peaks during year. 17 So if we looked at those top 200 hours, did King County 18 go over 10 megawatts during those times, and therefore, is there a chance that King County's peaks actually do 19 20 contribute to coincident peak of the Company, and 21 that's the type evidence that I'm looking for. 22 Obviously, when we look at just these one 23 date items that were presented, one single peaks, King 24 County was not in amongst -- that was not their big 25 usage, and again, that would be consistent with the

theory, but the theory -- I would like to see more 1 2 evidence to demonstrate that that is the case. Staff 3 is the not objecting to King County going to Schedule 4 49 and possibly won't object to them getting a special contract that limits that to a 10-megawatt winter. I 5 б realize it's not limited to 10 megawatts during the 7 summer, but you can see the ratchet, really, according 8 to this revised 503 actually shows that they are 9 ratcheted every single month during the summer, so it 10 does limit their summer demand charges in every single 11 month during that four-year period. There is no 12 question that we are capping their summer capacity not 13 necessarily to 10 but something lower than their winter 14 peak.

15 If I was demonstrated they were peaking 16 during the Company's peak hours, not hour, then I could 17 support the concept that they proposed in this 18 proceeding, and that's what I don't have, and again, I haven't been able to study the detailed stuff that's in 19 20 Exhibit 508, but the information is simply not there in 21 508 anyway, and the one-hour comparisons of temperature 22 and the usage by King County, they fit into the theory, 23 but they are just one-month analysis. That would be 24 what Staff's problems are with allowing this limitation on the ratchet to 10 megawatts at this time. 25

Q. If the information that you would require
 were provided by either the Company or the County,
 would there be a long process involved by Staff to
 review that information?

5 A. I don't think it would take staff very long6 to review that.

7 MR. CEDARBAUM: Those are all my questions.
8 JUDGE MOSS: Any cross in connection with
9 Lott's supplemental direct?

10 MR. GLASS: No cross, but a statement that if 11 the commission issues a Bench request today, Mr. Henry 12 has told me that at the earliest, tomorrow afternoon; 13 at the latest, Wednesday midday, he could have that 14 data for you.

JUDGE MOSS: Sounds like that might be some data that would be useful for Staff as we go forward and perhaps for the Bench as well, so why don't we just treat that as Bench Request No. 8.

MR. CEDARBAUM: Just to make sure that the Company will provide exactly what Staff is looking for, would it be all right for Staff to have some discussions with the Company off the record to make sure that information is appropriate? JUDGE MOSS: Sure. If we need to have any

25 further description on the record, we can do that after

we come back. Anything else from Mr. Lott? We'll just
 take a brief recess until a quarter before the hour by
 the wall block.

4 (Recess.)

JUDGE MOSS: I just have one quick clarifying 5 б question on Exhibit 502, King County's responses to the 7 Bench request, and I'm looking at Bench Request 6.1. 8 The answer there in the second sentence seems to me to 9 have an underlying assumption that the peak during the 10 previous November through February period was less than 11 12 MVA, and I would like to have that assumption 12 verified.

13 MR. GLASS: Can you please repeat the time 14 frame?

15 JUDGE MOSS: Is it November through February, right? Under Schedule 49, the demand ratchet to the 16 March through October period may be determined on the 17 18 basis of the peak experience during the November 19 through February period, and my question is whether the 20 penultimate sentence in the response by King County to 21 No. 6.1 is assuming that during the November through 22 February period, King County did not peak at an amount 23 greater than 12 MVA.

24 MR. GLASS: That's correct, Judge Moss.
25 JUDGE MOSS: With that, let's just launch

into questions from the Bench, and we will start with
 Chairwoman Showalter, and we can have both questions of
 fact or law as the case may be.

4 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: I have three areas of inquiry. So you know where I'm going, the first is why 5 isn't this a special contract, and why isn't it б 7 necessary to file it as a special contract to comply 8 with the WAC that covers special contracts. The second 9 area of inquiry is the issue of retroactivity, the 10 retroactive date on either the tariff application or a 11 special contract, and the third is what the 12 justification is for giving the commission a very short 13 time line to decide the issues, and since those are my 14 three areas of inquiry, I'll just start on the first 15 one, and maybe we can go down the Bench on that first 16 one before moving to the second one.

17 But the first question is, why isn't this very definition of a special contract, the parties and 18 19 the witnesses have just made out the case that King 20 County is unique, has essential circumstances. In 21 essence, it seems to me that you are arguing that 22 Schedule 49 as it is stated should not apply for very 23 special reasons to King County, and in fact, you are 24 proposing to add a specific condition or term of service. To me, that sounds like a special contract, 25

1 so why is this not a special contract?

2 MR. GLASS: A few points. The first one is 3 that Section 8 of the current special contract provided 4 that at the time of the end of that special contract, 5 King County could elect to return to core service under 6 a rate schedule. That is what they elected, and that's 7 what we are attempting to do.

Our interpretation of the accommodation which 8 9 is attributed to the unique circumstances is that it's 10 the application of a rate schedule with regard to that 11 particular customer, so what we've attempted to do, 12 perhaps somewhat inartfully in the form, is get King 13 County onto Schedule 49 with this accommodation. No 14 other customer is in like circumstances, and we feel 15 that, or it is our understanding that under the 16 commission's rules that the utility, especially when it 17 comes into agreement with a customer, in recognizing 18 the unique circumstances that is it can make such 19 accommodation.

20 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: Under the tariff or a 21 special contract?

22 MR. GLASS: Either.

23 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: I would like to hear24 from Mr. Cedarbaum on that question.

25 MR. CEDARBAUM: As indicated on the Staff

comments, we agree with you. We believe that certainly 1 2 with respect to the demand ratcheting provision that 3 the County and the Company seek to diverge from the 4 Schedule 49, a special contract is required. We indicated in our comments that the best way to do that 5 would be just to have a special contract with all the 6 7 rates, terms, and conditions of service for King 8 County, and it can look just like Schedule 49 except 9 for the demand ratchet.

10 A more unusual way to do it would be to have 11 service under Schedule 49 and then a special contract 12 limited to demand ratchet, but that leaves a customer 13 receiving service both under a tariff and a special 14 contract, which seems unusual. But we agree with you 15 very specifically that a special contract is required. 16 If you look at the special contract rule in 480-80-335, 17 which we passed out before we went on the record, 18 Section 1 states very specifically that if you have 19 service provided in a way that states charges or 20 conditions that do not conform to an existing tariff, a 21 special contract must be filed.

I don't think there is any disagreement in any respect that with respect to the demand ratcheting provision that is a different condition of service which creates a different rate per service under

certain circumstances for King County, and to that
 respect, a special contract is required.

3 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: If that is the case, 4 then you would have to come to the commission with a special contract to replace the previous special 5 б contract but also comply with the WAC which requires 7 you to say why King County is special, in essence, 8 which you've made a showing today. I don't know that 9 it does or doesn't measure up, but at least we would be 10 looking at the question as, is King County special or 11 unique in a way that requires it not to be on the 12 general tariff and instead requires a special contract. 13 MR. CEDARBAUM: I think that's also right. 14 Mr. Lott indicated this morning what additional 15 information he would require and indicated that he 16 could turn an analysis around on that fairly quickly. So we may be close on substance, and the process of how 17 18 to do that may not be that problematic. In fact, I've had a conversation with Mr. Glass off-line as to how 19 20 perhaps we could treat a special contract that does 21 meet that nondiscrimination provision as a compliance 22 filing, so we may be very close to resolving this, but 23 we need to see that information.

24 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: I'm not sure I25 understood that last one about a compliance filing.

MR. CEDARBAUM: You indicated your last area 1 2 was justification for the short time frame, so it may 3 be if the information that Mr. Lott is looking for 4 comes in, maybe Staff's comfort level is greater than yours, but what I'm saying is Staff is in a position to 5 б review this additional information. Apparently, the 7 Company can provide it and Staff would be able to turn 8 that around quickly, get King County under the special 9 contract with the rates, terms, conditions of service 10 that they would want, and procedurally, we can do that 11 in response to the stipulation between Puget and King 12 County as a compliance filing or with respect to that, 13 with the special contract being the compliance filing.

14 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: I see. I still say if 15 it comes to doing a special contract, there needs to be 16 a specific conformance with the WAC with statements 17 like, This is not unreasonable preference because... 18 and lay it out, and we would have to make those 19 findings.

20 MR. CEDARBAUM: I agree completely with that. 21 I probably shouldn't have gotten into the process issue 22 of how we resolve it if we have that information in 23 evidence, but Staff is, I think, on all fours with you 24 about the need for a special contract and the 25 requirement to justify it under the rule.

CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: Any other questions on 1 2 this special contract? 3 COMMISSIONER HEMSTAD: Back to the parties, 4 do you see any impediment to transforming this into a special contract proposal? 5 MR. GLASS: Your Honor, I see no impediment б 7 whatsoever. The substance of this deal is more 8 important to us than the form, and the process should 9 fall in line, and of course, whatever process is 10 necessary, we will comply with. We don't see any 11 problems in complying and providing all the necessary 12 information under this, but the guiding force of where 13 we are today is the Company is trying to accommodate 14 the County's desire to get off of it's current as 15 quickly as possible, and I think the County might have 16 some answer with regard to your question as well.

17 MR. KUFFEL: The only potential impediment I see actually sort of dovetails with the second point 18 you made, Your Honor, is I look at 480-80-335, it talks 19 about the effective date, and it says, In no event, may 20 21 a contract become effective on a date that precedes 22 commission approval. Our position and the position in 23 this stipulation is to come up with what has been 24 called a service revision date. That service revision date is the date of filing. The theory on that is 25

really that this was a settlement of past claims. 1 2 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: Let's just move into 3 that area, because I find it very difficult to see 4 either as a special contract or as a tariff any way but that this is going to be retroactive, but you are 5 б asserting that you have claims and that the claim would 7 then start the trigger date, and it's true that if you 8 would filed a complaint with us, then that would be the 9 date of complaint from which, as a discretionary 10 matter, we could start to redress.

But you've made many references to claims, and I don't know what they are. I'm not aware of any claim you've made before this commission. I am aware of a provision that protected your right to file a claim, but what claim are we settling here?

16 MR. KUFFEL: The claims are outlined in the petition to intervene, which was grated on December 17 18 20th of 2001. In that petition, the County asserted 19 three things, two of which relate to the question that you've presented. One is that the rates that the 20 21 County were served under Schedule 48 were unfair, 22 unjust, and unreasonable, and second, that the rates 23 that the County is currently paying under the special 24 contract, which at that time was \$111 per megawatt, were unfair, unjust, and unreasonable. 25

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CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: As a legal matter, as 1 2 an intervenor, does that equal a claim, Mr. Cedarbaum? 3 MR. CEDARBAUM: It may be a claim, but it's not a complaint. The statutes, I believe, set up very 4 specific procedural mechanisms for any customer. In 5 б this case, a political body has the right to file a 7 complaint under 80.04.110, and then if the commission 8 chooses to under 80.04.220 and it finds that relief is 9 warranted, it can have that relief retroactive back to 10 the date the complaint was filed, but that wasn't done 11 in this proceeding. All the County has done is made 12 some claims in this petition to intervene and is 13 seeking to have that be the triggering date for its 14 relief on the special contract, but that doesn't comply 15 with the statutory procedures for the complaint 16 mechanism.

CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: So there is that 17 point, and even if intervention equal a complaint in 18 19 some sense, you would be asking us, that data, a tariff 20 or a special contract, even though you already had 21 achieved a special contract as an outcome of that 22 litigation. This is sort of doubly removed from an 23 actual real complaint. Because we have already entered into a special contract in resolution of those things, 24 even though you said it reserved the option to file a 25

complaint, but such a complaint has never been filed. 1 2 It seems to me that it would be fairly poor 3 public policy for us to deviate from a very, very, very 4 strong antiretroactivity policy in this instance because (A), there is no complaint; (B), there is 5 already a special contract; (C), by the way of the б 7 original complaint of ICNU, we found that the rates 8 were not fair, just, and reasonable because there 9 wasn't an appropriate hedge mechanism. This 10 resolution, to get back on a tariff with an adjustment 11 to it, doesn't relate very well to that. It would be 12 discretionary with us, in any event, whether we dated 13 something far back, so there are just sort of many 14 hurdles. The much more standard and I think sound 15 policy is everything is prospective without a fairly 16 strong reason and set of circumstances for it not to be, unless the time period is short. 17

So this gets back to if your reason for not going the special contract route is that the special contract is explicitly must be prospective, I don't think you are going to get very far, or it's hard for me to hear the arguments you are going to get very far on making a tariff retroactive.

24 MR. CEDARBAUM: If I could add one more25 aspect to the legal angle on this. The County in one

of the Bench request responses -- it's Exhibit 502, 1 2 Bench Request No. 1 -- does indicate that the 3 commission in its initial notice of hearing in the 4 underlying general rate case indicated that at issue in this docket is whether the Company's existing tariffs 5 produce rates, terms, and conditions for electricity б 7 service that are fair, just, reasonable, and 8 sufficient.

9 Putting aside whether special contracts were 10 intended to be included in that sentence, which only 11 refers to tariffs, that provision of the notice of 12 hearing still has to only be applied perspectively 13 since under RCW 80.28.020, there is specific reference 14 that the commission after this type of hearing process 15 and complaint by "it," which refers to the company, 16 sets the rates to be thereafter charged. So from both directions on a legal issue, whether it's a requirement 17 18 for a complaint which wasn't filed or the commission's 19 underlying general rate proceeding, the County on the 20 effective date, I believe, is not entitled to a retroactive date. 21

22 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: Actually, a third 23 angle on this is here we are in a general rate case 24 with all the tariffs at issue, and yet, it appears to 25 me that the Company and the County want to speed up the

application of the general tariff with respect to King
 County and no one else to be modified later in the
 general rate case. It's pretty unusual.

4 MR. KUFFEL: We've made the argument. We've made it in good faith. I can take you through the 5 theory, but essentially, it's as I stated. This is a б 7 settlement. The Company has agreed to settle those 8 claims. If you look at Paragraph 5.5 of the 9 stipulation, you will not find a release of claims 10 similar to that, at least as to Schedule 48. There is 11 no document out there in which King County's claims 12 have been released pursuant to Schedule 48, and this 13 language in 5.5 looks almost identical to the language 14 which was in the stipulation with Air Liquide.

15 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: But they had filed a 16 complaint.

17 MR. KUFFEL: I understand. Our position was 18 that the commission preserved our claims under 48 that 19 when it filed it's own complaint back on December 10th 20 that that called into the questions of fairness and 21 reasonableness of the rates and provided the basis for 22 us to intervene on the bases that we did and upon which 23 it was granted.

24 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: My reading of it would25 be that the settlement with King County preserved King

County's right to file a complaint, which it has not
 yet done, and had you come forward with a complaint a
 month ago or two months ago or tomorrow, that right is
 still there. Any other questions on this

5 retroactivity?

6 COMMISSIONER HEMSTAD: I'm trying to get to 7 your point. In your petition to intervene, did you 8 anticipate that the essence of a complaint would have 9 been litigated in the rate case?

10 MR. KUFFEL: Potentially, yes. It has not 11 gone there, quite frankly, because we have been engaged 12 in good-faith discussions with the Company for the last 13 six weeks or so, but in theory, yes.

14 COMMISSIONER HEMSTAD: Mr. Cedarbaum, would 15 that be an appropriate matter to take up in the general 16 rate case, that kind of a specific claim against the 17 Company?

18 MR. CEDARBAUM: I think with respect to the 19 retroactive effect of it, I think it would not have 20 been; that there are very specific complaint processes 21 by statute that need to be followed if a customer is 22 going to be allowed relief retroactively before a 23 commission order is issued. Those processes weren't 24 followed here.

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COMMISSIONER HEMSTAD: The theory of a rate

1 case just separates going forward, if that's your 2 point. This species of complaint or claim is for a 3 claim retrospectively. Would that be something that 4 would even be taken up in a rate case?

5 MR. CEDARBAUM: Retrospectively, did you say?
6 COMMISSIONER HEMSTAD: A claim for having
7 paid rates that were too high.

MR. CEDARBAUM: Under a tariff it can be, but 8 9 the fix of that can only happen perspectively. Under a 10 special contract, it's more difficult for me to reach 11 the conclusion that the commission can without a 12 complaint actually being filed actually remedy that 13 either retrospectively or prospectively. That's a 14 specific contract between a customer and the Company 15 that the commission has approved under the special 16 contract rule. So it's difficult for me to see how that can be resolved absent a complaint and in the 17 18 context of the general rate proceeding itself.

I know King County has made those allegations in its intervention and was allowed to intervene, but I don't know that that necessarily means the commission was giving its seal of proposal that it would be allowed to raise those issues, and I suppose relevance issues could have been addressed at any time the testimony has been filed.

JUDGE MOSS: To the extent that there had 1 2 been a formal complaint filed, taking some of your 3 earlier remarks, Mr. Cedarbaum, you were citing us to 4 the statutory provisions that concern relief and what relief can be afforded to a party on a retroactive 5 б basis, and I believe you commented, and I believe 7 correctly, that under our statutes, such relief could 8 only date back to the date that the complaint was 9 filed, and I believe there is a case authority on that 10 as well.

11 MR. CEDARBAUM: I think you are right, Your 12 Honor; although, there is a provision in 80.04.220 13 which has always troubled me, the reparations statute 14 that says that the commission can basically authorize 15 relief before or after the filing of the complaint, so 16 it even says before, which as I said, has always seemed 17 kind of strange to me. I'm not sure what the 18 justification is for that, but otherwise, I agree with 19 your comments completely.

20 MR. KUFFEL: I have one follow-up. That 21 actually leads into your third point, which is the 22 justification. If the commission is not inclined to 23 agree to that service revision date, then as least from 24 our standpoint, the sooner we get off of those special 25 contract rates and onto the Schedule 49 rates, the

better it is for the County. Our sewage ratepayers have been paying a significant amount for almost 12 months now, so it would be desirous on our part if the commission -- it's beneficial to us, anyway, and we understand the burden on this commission, but that's our perspective.

7 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: One option is to go 8 from your current special contract onto Schedule 49, 9 period, like any other Schedule 49 customer, and that 10 strikes me as something that might be able to be done 11 quite quickly. We still have to find that it's 12 justified to terminate a special contract before its 13 scheduled date, and ordinarily, that would not happen. 14 Now here, both sides to the contract are agreeing to 15 it, so that changes it, so that would be one way.

16 The other way is to come in with a special contract to replace the other special contract. It 17 18 might take a few more days to do it. In either event, 19 those would be prospective from the date that we 20 approve either the termination of the first contract 21 going on the Schedule 49 or the termination of the 22 first contract going onto another special contract. 23 Again, I don't want to anticipate a special contract 24 decision too much because whenever we look at a special contract, we ask ourselves, Is this really unique? Is 25

this not unfair discrimination? Who else might come in and try to claim the same special characteristics, so is it really that special? We need to go through that sort of inquiry, but the parties have been arguing along those lines, not that you are one of the regular ratepayers that ought to be under Schedule 49 as it's stated.

8 But shifting to this timing of how long you 9 are giving us to decide, the original time line that 10 you provided this commission to decide this case was 11 very, very short. Now, if the issues are simple and 12 the need is urgent, we try very hard to be prompt, but 13 where the issues are not simple -- in fact, on their 14 face, they appeared to me, anyway, to be contrary to 15 law -- then giving us whatever it was, five, six, days 16 to hurry up and do this decision, is really 17 inappropriate, and so now this date has been scheduled 18 to this Friday, I think it is, and this is a comment, not really a question, unless you want to take it as a 19 20 question and give justification, but the question is, 21 why is this so urgent?

22 Obviously, King County has been paying a high 23 rate, but it's a high rate they agreed to pay through 24 the end of a rate case, and that happens frequently in 25 contracts. You enter into a contract. It's a binding

contract if it's out in the legal world or it's a 1 tariff in this world. Just the fact that it's high is 2 3 not a compelling reason or just the fact that it's 4 higher than it might have been if you renegotiate something. So we understand that as soon as you have 5 б agreed on something, the benefitting party would just 7 as soon get right to it, but we do need the time, as I 8 think our Bench requests and our questions today 9 reveal, that perhaps the parties have not thought 10 through all the legal implications of this. So 11 ordinarily, we should be given some time to take a good 12 look because that's a protection for the public and for 13 precedent. 14 MR. KUFFEL: I'm happy to take that as a 15 comment instead of a question. 16 JUDGE MOSS: Any other inquiry from the Bench? 17 18 COMMISSIONER OSHIE: I want to get back 19 briefly to the ratchet provision in Schedule 49, and I 20 guess the question is directed to Mr. Glass or 21 Mr. Henry, but as I understand it, and maybe you can 22 clarify because I thought that I understood that the 23 ratchet was set, that the demand charge was set under 24 Schedule 49 by your hourly peak and end day during the year, but there was a comment made during the 25

discussion about what I would call a daily peak, or an 1 2 average, if you will, of that daily demand peak for any 3 particular customer, and maybe we can get that 4 clarified for the record as to when the demand ratchet is triggered and what the ceiling is based upon. 5 6 MR. GLASS: The Schedule 49 has two separate 7 periods for the demand charge. For the period between 8 March through October, the demand charge is based upon 9 a billing demand, which is the higher of three 10 components, 4,400 KVA, the actual peak billing demand 11 during that month, or the highest billing demand set 12 during the previous peak season, which is determined by 13 during the months of November through February, and 14 that is what the accommodation that is in this 15 settlement goes to, that final thing. 16 COMMISSIONER OSHIE: Under your second option, it's anytime during the month, any minute of 17 18 the month, and that's how King County hit the 19 --19 MR. GLASS: It's during a 15- to 30-minute 20 interval during a single hour of that hour. If, for 21 instance, the November through February time frame was 22 15 MVA or 15,000 KVA, if during a summer month it was a 23 monsoon and their actual load was 19, it would be 19.

It would not be set by the previous peak season

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ratchet.

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COMMISSIONER OSHIE: Let me follow-up with a 1 2 question I think Mr. Henry can answer because it deals 3 with the relationship with your customers from your position. Is there any reassessment of the ratchet 4 based on a history of use, or does it -- because it 5 б seems like the way the ratchet works is once it hits a 7 certain peak, the customer is going to be paying for 8 that demand peak based on an event that may not be 9 recurring during their usage during their future usage.

10 MR. HENRY: That's correct. The way that the 11 ratchet is set, the way that the demand is set during 12 those four months, you have to live with that, again, 13 for the next eight months, so it's fixed. I don't know 14 of any cases where we've changed that. I do know in 15 looking at the data for the 49 customers and comparing 16 that with King County, most 49 customers, in fact all 49 customers, do not have the system peaks that King 17 18 County seems to have. All the 49 customers also tend 19 to be able to make business decisions, and we've had 49 20 customers that have made a business decision that says 21 we realize we are going to be setting a ratchet, but we 22 also realize we are going to be selling a lot of 23 products, so we are going to run this particular line 24 during this particular month knowing we are going to pay that for the rest of the year, for the next 25

eight-month summer period. King County doesn't really have that option. When it rains, it rains, and there is no business decision made; whereas I look at the other 49 customers, they tend to have more an ability to make a business decision, but even so, they do not have the significant differences of peak that we see in King County.

8 COMMISSIONER OSHIE: So King County's demand 9 could be ratcheted down at the end of the eight-month 10 period? In other words, there is some reassessment. 11 MR. HENRY: It's an annual assessment. We 12 look at it for the period November, December, January,

February. That drives the ratchet for the next eight months, and then at the end of that eight-month period, the ratchet goes to zero, or there is no ratchet, and whatever it actually is for November, December,

17 January, February again.

18 COMMISSIONER OSHIE: Thank you.

19 JUDGE MOSS: If there is nothing further from 20 the Bench...

21 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: I think I lost my 22 question from somewhere. I guess the question in my 23 mind is what facilitates this process best? As it 24 stands right now, we will take this under advisement 25 and give you an answer when we have an answer, and we

1 need to deliberate about it.

2 It strikes me that the longer we take to 3 decide these questions, the more pressing you are going 4 to feel, the more pressed you will feel. So I'm wondering how to get to the end point, and I think that 5 б the end point that you want to get to is the substance 7 of what you've agreed to in one form or another, and if 8 it's a special contract, here's my question -- I 9 remembered -- one of the things we need to look at, am 10 I right, Mr. Cedarbaum, is what are the economic 11 consequences to the ratepayers of a special contract, 12 and under the current proposal, the Company has agreed 13 to pick up the difference between the current special 14 contract and the proposed tariff arrangement, but if 15 this were a special contract, there, in addition, would 16 be that question of the 107,000. In other words, if 17 this operated as a special contract, it would also be 18 different from the tariff straight out, who picks up those costs. I don't know whether that's a critical 19 20 factor or not, but I know it is a factor that we would 21 be looking at, wouldn't we? 22 MR. CEDARBAUM: That's correct, Chairwoman. 23 Looking at the special contract rule under Section

25 that the contract charges recover all costs resulting

5(c), what's required is a demonstration at a minimum

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from providing the service during its term, and in
 addition, provide a contribution to fixed costs.

I think that's the issue you are looking at, and there would have to be evidence of that, which is the subject that we were discussing this morning, and that will be the subject of the additional Bench request.

8 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: So that issue would go 9 to whether the contract is recovering its cost, it 10 might still allow, strictly speaking, for a cost 11 shifting I suppose on the theory that too much costs 12 being paid originally by King County; is that correct? 13 MR. CEDARBAUM: It's either that -- I'm 14 looking at the rule that you provided this morning. I 15 don't see it jumping out at me, but at least in the old 16 rule, there was a statement that the rate-making 17 consequences of any special contract acceptance were 18 not decided as part of the acceptance of a special 19 contract; that that was really a general rate case 20 issue, so it could be the issue of who picks up the 21 107,000 or whatever it is. I guess I would have to 22 consult with Mr. Lott as to whether we would treat that 23 in the context of the current general rate case or that 24 the Company would be at risk for it until the next 25 general rate case.

1 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: Possibly that question 2 of who does pick up the cost would not necessarily be 3 answered by our approval of a special contract. It 4 would be kicked to another proceeding?

5 MR. CEDARBAUM: Either the existing б proceeding, perhaps, or a later proceeding, but I don't 7 think the commission has to reach a decision on that 8 particular issue. It can hold the Company at risk for 9 that cost shift and then resolve it. Again, I'm not 10 quite sure whether it would be in the context of the 11 current rate case, if that would be a revenue 12 requirement issue, or the next general rate case.

13 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: I think what this is 14 pointing out is that there is more to approving a 15 special contract and all of its elements and 16 consequences than there is to jumping to Schedule 49 17 straight, period, with no adjustments, and I don't know 18 what the right answer is here. One maybe is to jump to 19 that and then figure out the next special contract, but 20 you would have to be showing at some point that being a 21 general ratepayer on Schedule 49 is somehow 22 inappropriate, even though you are ready to go off a 23 special contract onto Schedule 49.

24 MR. CEDARBAUM: Just a clarification before25 Mr. Glass jumps in, the provision of the special

contract rule I was searching for -- I'm sorry. Maybe
 Mr. Glass can go ahead.

3 MR. GLASS: I may take it in a slightly different direction, but thinking off the tops of our 4 heads on this end of the table and seeking for a 5 procedural way to get from here to there, and this has б 7 obviously not been discussed with King County until 8 right now, is that one way to proceed would be to 9 terminate the current special contract as soon as 10 possible; to put King County onto Schedule 49 as 11 written; to work together to come in and meet all the 12 WAC 480-80-335 conditions, terms, requirements; file 13 that special contract, and have that come before you 14 for your consideration as soon as possible.

15 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: Just one thing on that 16 mode, normally, I think in a general sense when we have special contracts and then people want to go back and 17 18 be a regular ratepayer, we look pretty carefully at any 19 reentry fee or anything that would be appropriate. We 20 don't want to encourage parties to go special when it's 21 beneficial to be special and back on the rate when it's 22 beneficial to be on the rate, that kind of thing. I'm 23 not saying that is the case. I think this is sort of 24 an unusual set of circumstances, but we need in either event, special contract or going back onto Schedule 49, 25

we need to be making the kinds of findings that show 1 2 that such an action is justified and is not just, we 3 are taking advantage of whatever seems most 4 advantageous at the time, because that is a danger. 5 MR. GLASS: I would note that the special contract that was approved in May of 2001 specifically б 7 dealt with that issue and dealt with the 8 come-back-to-service charge issue by saying that at the 9 end when this contract was done, they could elect to 10 come back, so that was one of those issues that was 11 dealt away by the Company at that time, so it would not 12 be an issue that the Company would be seeking. 13 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: I just want to point 14 out it's more than just the Company and the party. I 15 understand you two have agreed, but we are thinking of 16 broader precedent, so I think you are correct on this case. We also approved that special contract. 17 18 JUDGE MOSS: Being mindful of the time, I 19 would like to go off the record for a few minutes so we 20 can confer among ourselves and see where we need to go 21 from here, so we will be off the record. 22 (Recess.) 23 JUDGE MOSS: Given the hour and some other commitments, I'm going to do things a little out of 24 order here, but I want to get to the most essential 25

parts first while we still have our full Bench present. 1 2 We have had an opportunity to chat among ourselves up 3 here. The commissioners have reached some tentative 4 conclusions that I want to go ahead and relate. Because of the problems the commission 5 б perceives associated with certain elements of the 7 proposed stipulation, including the retroactive 8 effective date or the proposed retroactive date and the 9 proposal for an exception to one of the provisions of 10 Schedule 49, a rate schedule of general applicability 11 with regard to the demand ratchet issue, the commission 12 would rule from the Bench today that it would not 13 approve the stipulation as filed.

14 This leaves us with certain options. The 15 parties could await a formal order from the commission 16 that would effect such a ruling, and that might be a 17 matter of a week or two before that could be done 18 simply because of the current burden of other matters 19 that are pending before the commission. The parties 20 would have the option, of course, to let us know today 21 that they want to withdraw this settlement proposal. 22 The commission would be inclined to grant leave for 23 that to occur, and then the parties could perhaps 24 consider their options which have been discussed today and perhaps work closely with Staff in further pursuit 25

of something that would work to capture the substance
 of what the parties wish to accomplish but perhaps
 implement it in a way that would be more clearly legal
 and acceptable on a policy basis.

5 So I think that throws it back to the parties б in terms of what they might prefer, an order in a 7 couple weeks or the opportunity to withdraw and refile 8 in a somewhat shorter time frame. In connection with 9 the second option, we would be able to adopt the record 10 from the current proceeding. We also have the response 11 coming into Bench Request 8, which apparently will 12 provide factual information that will assist the Staff 13 and the commission as previously discussed, and, of 14 course, the parties are fully aware if they file a 15 special contract that they need to comport with the 16 requirements of WAC 480-80-335, and of course, that 17 could be done through supplemental testimony, including 18 the possibility of live testimony or affidavits or what 19 have you. So let me throw it to the parties very 20 quickly for a response and see where King County would 21 be on this, or if you want to have some time to 22 consider it, you could get back us to us later through 23 some sort of a brief written submission to let us know 24 what you are inclined to do.

MR. KUFFEL: I think that would be our

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1 preference.

2 MR. GLASS: One quick question. If we wanted 3 to proceed down the termination of the special contract 4 in order to go straight to 49, what would be the most expeditious route from the Bench's perspective? 5 6 JUDGE MOSS: Mr. Cedarbaum, what would they 7 need to do?

8 MR. CEDARBAUM: I guess procedurally, we 9 could consider that or a revision to the stipulation, 10 and you could just deal with that if you believed you 11 had enough evidence in the record to support the notion 12 that the early termination of the special contract has 13 recovered its costs. I don't think anybody disputes 14 the fact that Schedule 49 wouldn't be applicable to 15 King County, so there is not a discrimination issue 16 there. I think it's just the cost issue.

17 Mr. Lott can speak if we have the time, but I 18 don't think Staff, subject to the commission approving 19 its stipulation, would have any objection if King 20 County just went off the special contract to Schedule 21 49 as written, and then we dealt with the revision to 22 the ratcheting mechanism in a different proceeding, and 23 that could be done through an open meeting process. 24 JUDGE MOSS: As soon as when? MR. CEDARBAUM: I'm reluctant to commit Staff

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to anything since who knows what collaborative we are supposed to be in today or that we are missing, but I think we are looking at the end of May, beginning of June time frame.

5 JUDGE MOSS: When is the commission's next 6 open meeting?

7 MR. CEDARBAUM: I don't know if it's this 8 Wednesday or the following Wednesday. I guess I would 9 have to talk to Mr. Lott and the Company about that. 10 If it was this Wednesday, it could be put on that 11 agenda and then deferred to a later date that made 12 better sense, if necessary. I think Wednesday would be 13 too fast though, but it could be the next Wednesday if 14 all the evidence is there and the analysis can be done. 15 CHAIRWOMAN SHOWALTER: I think my memory is 16 that -- I'm looking at Mr. Byers, but I think this open meeting that's the day after tomorrow is going to be 17 18 continued for two more dates following that for other 19 reasons, so it's an extended open meeting.

JUDGE MOSS: It sounds like there is a degree of uncertainty that makes it evident that we should give the parties an opportunity to chat among themselves and clients and get back to us in writing, so why don't we leave it at that for today's purposes. Are there any other questions? I have a question on a

fact that I want to ask, but are there any other 1 2 questions about process, where we go from here? 3 Just for the record, there is one point I want to clarify. King County's response to Bench 4 Request 1.2 indicates that dollar impact in the range 5 б of \$400 to \$500 a day; whereas, PSE's response to that 7 same Bench request indicates a dollar impact in the 8 range of \$10,000 to \$15,000 per day, and I think we are 9 at the point of a nontrivial difference there that 10 needs to be reconciled, so if could look at Bench 11 Request 1.2 and tell me what is the right answer? 12 MR. KUFFEL: The PSE figure is the more 13 accurate one. We had recognized that, Judge Moss, as 14 an error and submitted an errata e-mail later in the 15 day last Wednesday or something like that, so the PSE 16 figure is the more supportive figure. If you've got 17 specific questions about that figure, I would have to 18 defer to Mr. Owens. JUDGE MOSS: So Mr. Owens, you would confirm 19 20 for the record that the response to Bench Request 1.2 21 should have been, as stated by PSE, in the range of 22 \$10,000 to \$15,000 a day? 23 MR. OWENS: That's consistent with our 24 estimates as well. I think the \$400 to \$500 might have

25 been an hourly figure that was discussed at some

particular point in time, but that gets to the urgency
 as well as far as the impact on our sewer rates.

3 JUDGE MOSS: If it has not been previously 4 done, I would ask that you reduce that e-mail errata to 5 a letter to be filed and submitted to me so I can have 6 it for the record, and I will make it a supplemental 7 response to the Bench request under the current exhibit 8 number, which is 502.

9 In addition to that, I'm going to reserve 10 No. 512 for the PSE response to Bench Request No. 8 11 that we had enunciated on the record today and which I 12 understand Staff and the Company had an opportunity to 13 discuss, and of course, our record will remain open 14 pending further developments as you all indicate 15 through your written communications through the 16 commission. Those should be submitted through the 17 commission secretary, filed with the record's center, 18 and they will be bearing this docket number and will be 19 circulated to the appropriate people.

Is there anything further from the Bench? Anything further from the parties? Thank you all very much for being here. We appreciate you doing such a good job on short notice, and we will look forward to hearing back from you in the near term with respect to how we might proceed from here. We are in recess.

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1	(Hearing concluded at 11:47 a.m.)
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