## PROJECT NAME LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING Gasco Groundwater Source Control BORING NO.

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

DRILL METHOD Cable Tool
BOREHOLE DIAMETER 12" from 0 to 26 ft.

Gasco Groundwater Source Control Portland, Oregon Westerberg Drilling Cable Tool

12" from 0 to 26 ft. 10" from 26 to 60 ft. 2.25" from 60 to 70 ft. BORING NO.
PAGE
GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION
TOTAL DEPTH
LOGGED BY
DATE COMPLETED

OREGON WATER RESOURCES WELL ID

PW-10U 1 of 4 32.9 ft COP 70.0 ft. Matt Wilson 4/6/17 L121545

re (MC)	Macro Co	21/4" [	HOD	LING MET	SAMP
		_ L			

SAMPLING METHOD	RECOVERY (FEET)	DEPTH SAMPLED	DEPTH IN FEET	WELL DETAILS	LITHO- LOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION		SANE %	FINES %
MC	0.8/5.0	0-5		Δ . Δ .		0 to 6.0 feet: GRAVELLY SILT (ML)			
МС	3.2/5.0	5-10	- - - - - - 5	a       .       a       .       a       .       a       .       a <t< th=""><th></th><th>@ 0.8 foot: gravel blocked shoe. No recovery at 0.8 to 5.0 feet.</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>		@ 0.8 foot: gravel blocked shoe. No recovery at 0.8 to 5.0 feet.			
			- - - - - - -			6.0 to 22.6 feet: LAMPBLACK WITH SAND, black and brown, dense, lampblack is black and powdery, medium grained, loose sand, dry, light hydrocarbon-like odor, no sheen.	0	20	0
MC	2.9/5.0	10-15	-10			@ 10.0 feet: no sand, 100 percent lampblack.	-	-	
			- - -			@ 10.7 to 11.4 feet: crushed red brick.			
MC	2.0/5.0	15-20	- - - -15			@ 12.7 to 13.9 feet: crushed red brick.  @15.0 feet: wet, no sheen.			
			-						
			-			@ 16.3 to 17.0 feet: wood fibers.			
			- - - - - -			@ 17.0 to 20.0 feet: no recovery.			

#### REMARKS

Well installed adjacent to soil boring GP-PW10Uc. COP = City of Portland datum.



#### LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME **Gasco Groundwater Source Control** BORING NO. PW-10U LOCATION Portland, Oregon **PAGE** 2 of 4 DRILLED BY **Westerberg Drilling GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION** 32.9 ft COP DRILL METHOD Cable Tool **TOTAL DEPTH** 70.0 ft. BOREHOLE DIAMETER 12" from 0 to 26 ft. LOGGED BY **Matt Wilson** 10" from 26 to 60 ft. DATE COMPLETED 4/6/17 2.25" from 60 to 70 ft. OREGON WATER RESOURCES WELL ID L121545 SAMPLING METHOD 21/4" Macro Core (MC)

SAMPLING METHOD	RECOVERY (FEET)	DEPTH SAMPLED	DEPTH IN FEET	WELL DETAILS	LITHO- LOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	GRA %	SAND %	FINES %
МС	2.6/5.0	20-25	- - -			6.0 to 22.6 feet: LAMPBLACK WITH SAND, continued.  @ 20.8 to 22.6 feet: tar and tarry sand with red brick pieces.	100	0	0
			- - - -			22.6 to 25.0 feet: No recovery, tarry sands likely begin here. 30 percent tar.	0	70	0
MC	5.0/5.0	25-30	-25 - - - -			25.0 to 27.6 feet: tarry SAND (SP), medium grained, dark gray, loose, spotty sheen, moderate hydrocarbon-like odor. 30 percent tar. (FILL)	0	70	0
						<ul> <li>27.6 to 29.9 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), dark olive gray, loose, wet, fine grained, light hydrocarbon-like odor. (ALLUVIUM)</li> <li>28.1 to 28.2 feet: silt layer.</li> <li>29.3 to 29.4 feet: silt layer.</li> </ul>	0	85	15
MC	3.1/5.0	30-35	-30 - - -			29.9 to 42.6 feet: SILT (ML), dark brownish gray, soft, moist, slight plasticity, trace very fine sand.	0	0	100
						@ 32.1 to 32.2 feet: sand layer.			
MC	3.5/5.0	35-40	-35 - - - -			@ 35.7 to 35.8 feet: sand layer. @ 36.3 to 36.5 feet: sand layer. @ 36.7 to 36.8 feet: sand layer.			
			- - - -			@ 38.0 to 39.1 feet: sand layer.			

#### REMARKS

Well installed adjacent to soil boring GP-PW10Uc. COP = City of Portland datum.



#### LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME **Gasco Groundwater Source Control** BORING NO. PW-10U LOCATION Portland, Oregon **PAGE** 3 of 4 DRILLED BY **Westerberg Drilling GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION** 32.9 ft COP DRILL METHOD Cable Tool TOTAL DEPTH 70.0 ft. BOREHOLE DIAMETER 12" from 0 to 26 ft. LOGGED BY **Matt Wilson** 10" from 26 to 60 ft. DATE COMPLETED 4/6/17 2.25" from 60 to 70 ft. 21/4" Macro Core (MC) OREGON WATER RESOURCES WELL ID L121545 SAMPI ING METHOD

SAMP	LING MET	HOD	21/4" [	Macro Co	re (MC)				
SAMPLING METHOD	RECOVERY (FEET)	DEPTH SAMPLED	DEPTH IN FEET	WELL DETAILS	LITHO- LOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	GRA %	SAND %	FINES
MC	5.0/5.0	40-45	- - -			29.9 to 42.6 feet: SILT (ML), continued.	0	0	100
			- -			<b>42.6 to 43.9 feet: SAND WITH SILT (SP-SM)</b> , dark gray, very loose, very wet, poorly graded, fine sand, no sheen, no odor.	0	90	10
MC	NA	45-50	- - -45 -			<b>43.9 to 46.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML)</b> , dark brownish gray, firm, slight plasticity, moist, very fine sand, no sheen, no odor.	0	20	80
			- - -			<ul><li>46.0 to 48.2 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), dark gray, loose, very wet, poorly graded, fine sand, no sheen, no odor.</li><li>@ 46.4 to 46.7 feet: silt layer.</li></ul>	0	80	20
Mo	5.0/5.0	50.55	- - - -50			48.2 to 51.9 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), same as above.  @ 49.5 to 50.4 feet: sand layer.	0	20	80
MC	5.0/5.0	50-55	- - -			@ 50.9 to 51.1 feet: sand layer.	0	90	10
			- - - -			<ul> <li>51.9 to 57.5 feet: SAND WITH SILT (SP-SM), dark gray, very loose, very wet, poorly graded, very fine to fine sand, no sheen, no odor.</li> <li>© 53.2 to 53.3 feet: silt layer.</li> </ul>		90	10
MC	5.0/5.0	55-60	-55 - - - -						
			- - - - -			<b>57.5 to 60.0 feet: SILT (MH)</b> , dark brownish gray, firm, moderate plastic, moist, no sheen, no odor.	0	0	100

### **REMARKS**

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#### BORING NO. PROJECT NAME Gasco Groundwater Source Control **PW-10U** LOCATION Portland, Oregon PAGE 4 of 4 **DRILLED BY** Westerberg Drilling **GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION** 32.9 ft COP Cable Tool TOTAL DEPTH 70.0 ft. DRILL METHOD BOREHOLE DIAMETER 12" from 0 to 26 ft. LOGGED BY Matt Wilson 10" from 26 to 60 ft. 4/6/17 DATE COMPLETED 2.25" from 60 to 70 ft. OREGON WATER RESOURCES WELL ID L121545 SAMPLING METHOD 21/4" Macro Core (MC) SAMPLING RECOVERY DEPTH LITHO-WELL LITHOLOGIC GRA SAND FINES SAMPLED METHOD (FEET) **DETAILS** LOGIC DESCRIPTION % COLUMN NA 0/5.0 60-65 60.0 to 65.0 feet: No recovery. Driller missed interval. -65 MC 5.0/5.0 65-70 65.0 to 70.0 feet: SAND (SP), dark gray with variegated sand grain colors, loose, poorly graded, fine to medium grained, slight hydrogen sulfide odor, rare silt blebs, no sheen. (LOWER ALLUVIUM) Total depth: 70.0 feet. WELL COMPLETION DETAILS +2.5 to 40.0 feet: 6-inch diameter, flush-threaded, mild steel blank riser pipe. Riser pipe expands to 8-inches diameter at ground surface and terminates in a 14-inch-diameter flange. 40.0 to 55.4 feet: 6-inch diameter, flush-threaded, continuous wire-wrapped stainless steel screen with 0.020-inch slots. 55.4 to 60.0 feet: 6-inch diameter stainless steel sump. 0 to 5.0 feet: Concrete. -75 5.0 to 34.8 feet: Bentonite grout. 34.8 to 37.6 feet: 20-40 Colorado Silica Sand. 37.6 to 56.0 feet: 16-30 Colorado Silica Sand. 56.0 to 60.0 feet: Bentonite chips. 60.0 to 70.0 feet: Native Formation.

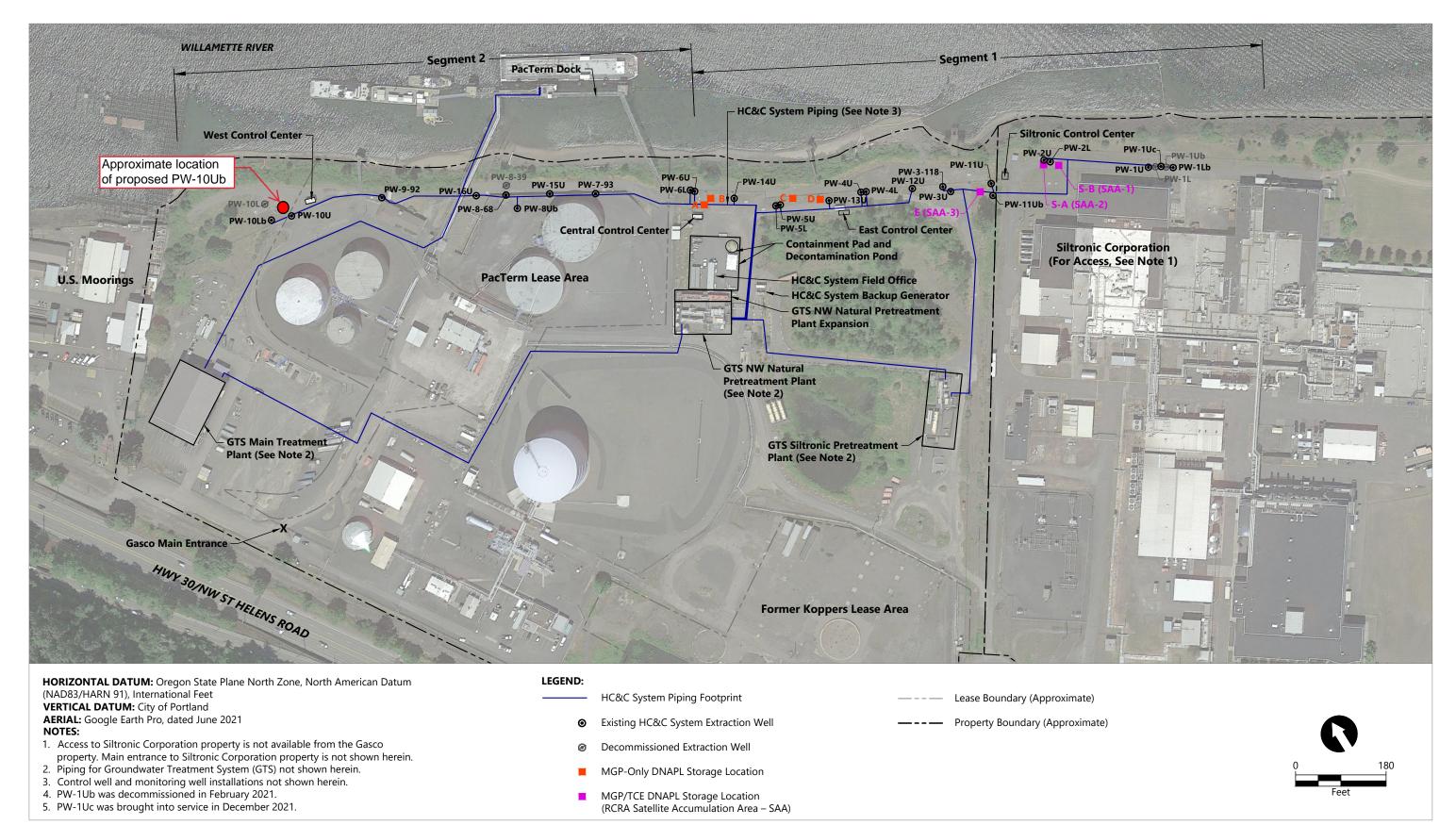
LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING

#### **REMARKS**

Well installed adjacent to soil boring GP-PW10Uc. COP = City of Portland datum.

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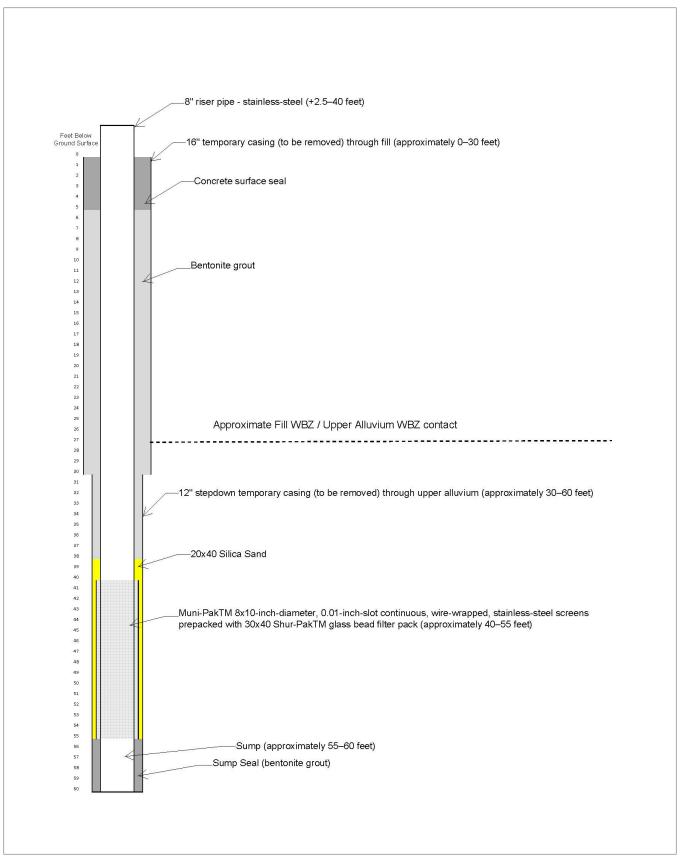




Publish Date: 2022/07/05 3:04 PM | User: dholmer

Filepath: K:\Projects\0029-NW Natural Gas Co\Gasco Source Control\HC&C System Annual Report 2021\0029-RP-002 (HC&C System Map).dwg Figure 1-2







# Attachment F Muni-Pak and Shur-Pak Specification Sheets



### A brand of Agseptence Group

## Muni-Pak screens — A better way to gravel pack

Johnson Screens' solution for improving gravel packing is the Muni-Pak™ screen. This pre-packed screen eliminates the need for a larger borehole, shortens the time required to drill a well and speeds development time.



For the well owner, the Muni-Pak screen offers long-term benefits. The latest Johnson Screens innovation uses glass beads as the filter media—a unique concept that reduces the likelihood of filter pack fouling from biofilm and encrustation, lowering overall well maintenance costs.

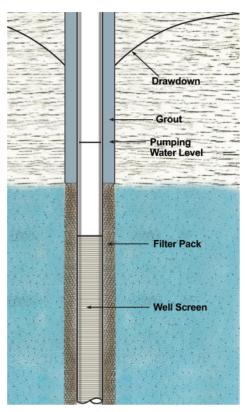
Artificial filter pack is one of the most common designs used today for high-capacity municipal, industrial and agricultural wells. Before the installation of a filter pack, the contractor and the well owner must take into account some significant issues:

- The borehole must be sufficiently oversized to allow for adequate placement of the filter pack. In practice, an annular thickness of 3 to 5 in. is considered minimum. The oversized borehole is costly to the contractor (and therefore to the well owner) and keeps the crew on site for additional time.
- The filter pack must be carefully selected, placed and developed to avoid bridging and sand pumping.
- The well owner is concerned with long-term performance. Biofouling and encrustation are issues that will eventually affect performance.

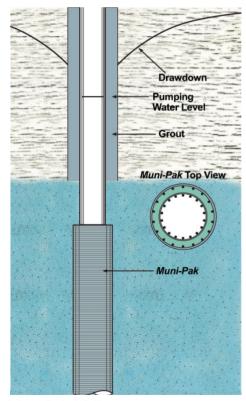
### **Applications**

- Controls sand infiltration in new, high-capacity municipal, industrial and agricultural wells
- Can be used as a liner in existing wells to eliminate the need for constructing a new well
- Custom applications such as infiltration galleries
- Environmental remediations
- Horizontal applications.

## Features, Advantages and Benefits



A Typical Gravel Pack Well



Muni-Pak Well

- The pre-packed construction of Muni-Pak screens allows the use of a smaller borehole versus gravel packed filtering, with fewer cuttings, reduced circulating volume and increased uphole velocity. This feature lowers bit and cement costs and reduces the drilling time.
- Since the media is included as part of the screen package, gravel placement is not required—eliminating bridging filter packs and time spent packing, as well as reduction of equipment requirements. The results are reduced installation time and lower costs.
- The Muni-Pak's dual-screen construction is four times stronger than standard rod-based screens, allowing more aggressive development and better immunity to unexpected hole problems—providing lower costs.
- A thinner filter pack results in a smaller annulus for easier development and rehabilitation of the near-well area over time, better formation penetration and more aggressive development. The benefits are a perfect media pack, reduced site time and lower risk.
- The wide range of diameters (1.25 to 20 in.) and connections (weld rings or threaded fittings) provides flexibility for meeting most application needs with a variety of standard or custom-end fittings—offering easier adaptation for a wide array of uses.
- The continuous-slot construction provides maximum open area, optimizing development and redevelopment. The result is thorough development.
- With custom lengths up to 20 ft., with no mid-weld, on-site welding requirements are reduced; thus, minimizing field assembly time and associated costs.
- Multiple wire-size and filter-media options enable custom applications and maximum depth capabilities, providing a wide range of uses.
- Glass beads improves efficiency by offering excellent roundness and sphericity, a lower uniformity coefficient for better hydraulic conductivity, better flow characteristics than silica sands, less buildup of biofilm and encrustation and easier media cleaning than with irregularly shaped silica sand grains.
- Muni-Pak works great as a liner in existing well construction, eliminating the need the construction and the cost of a new.

# Installation costs: Muni-Pak Screen versus gravel pack filtering

Description	Single-String Completion					
Description	Gravel Pack	Muni-Pak				
Mobilization	\$13,000	\$13,000				
Demobilization	\$7,500	\$7,500				
Drilling	\$94,509	\$74,184				
Casing	\$35,827	\$35,827				
Screen	\$27,633	\$76,700				
Gravel Pack	\$14,959	\$0				
Grout	\$40,881	\$28,350				
Development	\$24,844	\$16,148				
Testing	\$7,800	\$7,800				
Disinfection	\$275	\$275				
Video	\$700	\$700				
Site Cleanup	\$12,000	\$12,000				
Totαls	\$279,928	\$272,484				

## Muni-Pak Screen Specifications

Size <sup>1</sup> (in.)	Approx. Screen ID	Approx. Screen OD	Media Annular Thick- ness		Inner Screen Open Area - sq. in./ft. of Screen Screen Slot Size (thousandths of an in.)						Outer Screen Open Area - sq. in./ft. of Screen Screen Slot Size (thousandths of an in.)					Approx. Screen Weight				
	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100	10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100	(lbs/ft.)
2 x 4	1.5	4.5	0.85	13	22	30	35	40	44	51	55	24	42	56	68	77	85	97	106	17
3 x 5	2.8	5.7	0.97	20	35	46	55	63	69	79	86	30	53	70	84	96	105	120	132	23
4 x 6	3.8	6.7	0.94	25	44	59	70	80	87	100	110	36	62	83	100	114	125	143	156	25
5 x 7	4.7	7.7	0.87	30	53	70	84	96	105	120	132	40	70	94	113	128	141	161	176	27
6 x 8	5.8	8.7	0.84	36	62	83	100	114	125	143	156	46	81	108	129	147	162	185	202	35
8 x 10	7.7	10.8	0.84	33	60	82	101	117	131	155	172	41	74	102	125	145	162	191	213	55
10 x 12	9.8	12.8	0.84	41	74	102	125	145	162	191	213	48	88	121	148	172	193	226	253	70
12 x 15	11.8	15.0	0.84	59	106	143	173	199	220	255	281	69	122	165	200	230	255	295	325	85
14 x 16	13.0	16.0	0.64	42	78	108	135	159	180	215	244	48	89	125	155	183	207	247	281	100
16 x 18	15.0	18.0	0.64	48	89	125	155	183	207	247	281	54	99	139	173	204	230	276	313	115
18 x 20	16.9	20.0	0.78	54	99	139	173	204	230	276	313	59	110	154	192	226	256	306	347	128

### Muni-Pak Screen vs. Standard Rod Based Screen

Nominal	Size (in.)²	Collapse Str	ength (PSI)	Tensile Strength (lbs.)				
Rod Based	Muni-Pak	Rod Based	Muni-Pak	Rod Based	Muni-Pak			
2	2 x 4	1,940	16,500	4,300	12,500			
3	3 x 5	540	5,650	5,200	15,000			
4	4 x 6	730	2,830	6,100	18,800			
5	5 x 7	440	1,550	7,000	20,700			
6	6 x 8	260	990	17,600	41,600			
8	8 x 10	250	1,160	24,200	50,000			
10	10 x 12	360	630	30,800	81,400			
12	12 x 15	220	880	35,200	87,000			
14	14 x 16	170	1,110	35,200	95,400			
16	16 x 18	170	760	72,200	135,900			
18	18 x 20	130	540	74,200	147,200			

### Notes:

- Other sizes available upon request
- Values compare 1,000 ft. construction Muni-Pak to 1,000 ft. construction rod base
- 1. Other sizes available upon request
- 2. Table compares 1,000 ft. rod-based construction vs 1,000 ft. Muni-Pak construction

### Standard Glass Filter Pack Sizes

Screen Slot Size (Thousandths of an in.)	Bead Diameter (in.)	Bulk Density (lb. ft.³)
10	0.016 - 0.024	93.0
20	0.0300390	93.0
30	0.039 - 0.051	94.3
40	0.049 - 0.065	94.3
50	0.061 - 0.073	94.9
60	0.079 - 0.094	95.5
80	0.094 - 0.114	95.5
100	0.112 - 0.136	95.5



Packing process allows for a thinner filter pack

## Improving the life cycle of wells

### Success showcases

### New life for an old collector well

Collector wells are major investments and not easily replaced. The City of Nekoosa, Wisconsin, constructed two in the 1960s. One became so severely biofouled and encrusted that pumping just 200 GPM practically dewatered the laterals. The problem was that the design of the original laterals did not facilitate effective rehabilitation (The original laterals were slotted 8 in. PVC).

The advantages of Muni-Pak screens were introduced the contractor:

- The prepack design simplified installation
- The high open area with a compact, highly conductive ceramic or glass beads pack facilitated development (and future maintenance)
- The properties of the ceramic or glass beads deter biological growth

Three Muni-Pak laterals were successfully installed without removal of the existing PVC laterals. After development and testing, the refurbished collector well had more than a sevenfold increase in specific capacity and testing determined that 78 percent of the production came from the Muni-Pak laterals.

## New pre-pack screen installed in Indiana well

The City of LaPorte, Indiana, was planning construction of a new well in its Warneke field. Existing wells in this field were underreamed, gravel packed completions drilled by reverse circulation and had been plagued with decreased specific capacity.

The city's contractor worked with the city engineers on presenting the Muni-Pak product.

Despite an initial concern about proper packing and adequate production from a pre-pack design, the city chose the Muni-Pak solution for several reasons:

- The pre-pack design negated concerns over proper pack placement
- The slim pack afforded greater development potential than an underreamed completion
- Ceramic or glass beads pack are considered superior to conventional silica sand

After successful placement of the Muni-Pak screen, the new well was developed without a problem, and a 24 hr. pumping test was conducted. The well produced 805 GPM with a specific capacity of a 24.6 gal./min./ft. drawdown. This production compared favorably to the existing wells in the Warneke field, which had much larger underreamed holes.

Aqseptence Group, Inc. Water Well Screens

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www.aqseptence.com



A brand of Aqseptence Group

## Shur-Pak™ Glass Bead Filter Pack

Easier to install than traditional filter pack, Shur-Pak™ is stronger, chemically inert and are almost perfect spheres — virtually eliminating bridging during installation that can be an issue in traditional filter pack.

Shur-Pak Glass Beads are used as an upgrade from traditional filter packs for water wells. Shur-Pak is easy to handle and can be sized and installed using similar methods and techniques.

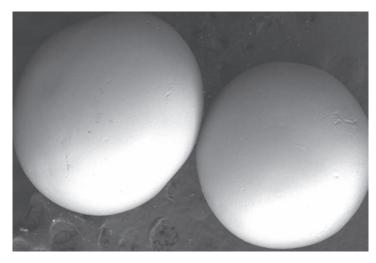
### Features and Benefits

Glass beads for filter packs in water wells provide:

- Uniform and consistent bead size
- Stronger crush strength than gravel
- Simple to install and greatly reduces bridging
- Less compaction over the well life
- Faster development than gravel (40% - 60% reduction of time)
- Higher well efficiency
- Less loss of capacity from reduced bio-fouling and mineral scaling
- Extended operation intervals between well rehabilitation
- Easy to clean and chemical resistance
- Reduced operational costs
- Available in 1 metric ton sacks and 25 kg bags







Shur-Pak 14-18 beads magnified 50x with a scanning electron microscope (SEM)



8-12 Sand magnified 35x under a scanning electron microscope (SEM)

### **Chemical Composition**

Composition	Percentage	
Silicon Dioxide	SiO <sub>2</sub>	69.6%
Sodium Oxide	Na <sub>2</sub> O	13.3%
Calcium Oxide	CαO	10.9%
Magnesium Oxide	MgO	4.23%
Aluminum Oxide	$Al_2O_3$	1.17%

## Shur-Pak Sizing

Product Description	US Mesh	Bead Diameter (in.)	Bead Diameter (mm)	Bulk Density (lb. ft.³)
Shur-Pak 30-40	30 - 40	0.024 - 0.016	0.6 - 0.4	101.13
Shur-Pak 20-30	20 - 30	0.033 - 0.024	0.85 - 0.6	101.13
Shur-Pak 18-20	18 - 20	0.039 - 0.033	1.0 - 0.85	101.13
Shur-Pak 16-18	16 - 18	0.046 - 0.039	1.18 - 1.0	101.13
Shur-Pak 14-16	14 - 16	0.055 - 0.046	1.4 - 1.18	101.13
Shur-Pak 14-18	14 - 18	0.055 - 0.039	1.4 - 1.0	101.13
Shur-Pak 12-14	12 - 14	0.067 - 0.055	1.7 - 1.4	101.13
Shur-Pak 10-12	10 - 12	0.079 - 0.067	2.0 - 1.7	100.51
Shur-Pak 6-10	6 - 10	0.118 - 0.079	3.0 - 2.0	99.88
Shur-Pak 5-7	5 - 7	0.157 - 0.118	4.0 - 3.0	98.01

### Chemical and Physical Properties

Parameter	Description
Physical Form	Solid, odorless, transparent, soda lime glass beads
Mean Roundness by Bead Diameter	>93%
Hardness	≥6.0-6.7 on Mohs scale
Melting point	1450 – 1500 deg C
Deformation temperature	580 – 650 deg C
Uniformity Coefficient	1.1 to < 1.45
Acidic Resistance (according to DIN 12116)	S2 (0.7 up to 1.5)
Specific Gravity	>2.45
Loss on Ignition	Not applicable

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