## WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

#### NOTICE OF PENALTIES INCURRED AND DUE FOR VIOLATIONS OF LAWS AND RULES

PENALTY ASSESSMENT: TV-160178

PENALTY AMOUNT: \$700

ADVANCE RELOCATION EXPERT, LLC DBA A.R.E. 1140 BROWNS POINT BOULEVARD NORTHEAST #3 TACOMA, WA 98422

The Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (Commission) believes that you have committed violations of Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 480-15-570 Driver Safety Requirements, which requires household goods carriers to comply with Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 391 Qualifications of Drivers. RCW 81.04.405 allows penalties of one hundred dollars for every such violation. In the case of an ongoing violation every day's continuance is considered a separate and distinct violation.

On January 19, 2016, Commission Motor Carrier Investigator Wayne Gilbert conducted a compliance review of Advance Relocation Expert, LLC d/b/a A.R.E. (A.R.E.) and documented the following violations of critical regulations:

- Six violations of CFR Part 391.45(a) Using a driver not medically examined and certified. On six occasions over a six-month period, A.R.E. used a driver not medically examined and certified. Company owner Austine Thompson drove on six occasions within the previous six months and had not been medically examined and certified.
- One violation of CFR Part 391.51(a) Failing to maintain driver qualification files. The company failed to maintain a driver qualification file for Austine Thompson.

The Commission considered the following factors in determining the appropriate penalties for these violations:

- How serious or harmful the violation is to the public. The violations noted are serious
  and potentially harmful to the public. Companies that permit their employees to perform
  safety-sensitive functions prior to being medically examined and certified or without
  documentation of driver qualifications put the traveling public at risk. An undocumented
  medical condition or unqualified driver could present serious safety concerns.
- 2. Whether the violation is intentional. Considerations include:

- Whether the company ignored Commission Staff's (Staff's) previous technical assistance; and
- Whether there is clear evidence through documentation or other means that shows the company knew of and failed to correct the violation.

In its applications for authority dated August 2, 2004, A.R.E. acknowledged its responsibility to comply with the requirements of Title 49 CFR Part 391. A.R.E. demonstrated its ability to comply with Part 391 regulations by completing a compliance review in 2010 with no violations in this area.

The company knew, or should have known, about these requirements.

- Whether the company self-reported the violation. The company did not self-report these violations.
- Whether the company was cooperative and responsive. A.R.E. owner Austine
  Thompson was cooperative and expressed his intention to correct the remaining
  violations.
- Whether the company promptly corrected the violations and remedied the impacts.
   Mr. Thompson obtained a medical examination certificate on January 20, 2016, and intends to resolve the remaining violations.
- 6. The number of violations. The number of critical violations noted is small.
- 7. The number of customers affected. The company is a household goods mover. While the customers themselves were not placed at risk, their household goods potentially were. A driver not medically certified or with undocumented qualifications presents potential safety risks to the traveling public.
- The likelihood of recurrence. Staff has no information to indicate whether this company
  is likely to repeat these violations, but the company is small and appears to be making
  significant steps toward correcting the small number of violations noted.
- The company's past performance regarding compliance, violations, and penalties. A.R.E. had a compliance review in 2010 which identified a violation related to vehicle maintenance records. No penalty was assessed.
- The company's existing compliance program. The company has no formal compliance program.
- 11. The size of the company. A.R.E. operates one commercial vehicle with one driver. In 2014 the company reported \$34,566 in gross revenue and logged 25,000 miles.

The critical violations noted in the compliance review are first-time violations, but the Commission's Enforcement Policy provides that some Commission requirements are so fundamental to safe operations that the Commission will issue penalties for a first-time violation, regardless of whether Staff has previously provided technical assistance on specific issues. Within these first-time violations are regulations so critical to public safety that statute (RCW 81.04.405) and enforcement policy penalize each occurrence.

The Commission has considered these factors and determined that America's Elite should be penalized \$700 -- \$100 for each of the following seven violations of WAC 480-15-570 Driver Safety Requirements, which adopts CFR Parts 391:

- Six violations of CFR Part 391.45(b)(1) Using a driver not medically examined and certified. These are first-time violations, but the Commission grants no leeway with this type of violation. Drivers who are not medically examined and certified put the traveling public at risk.
- One violation of CFR Part 391.51(a) Failing to maintain a driver qualification file on each driver employed.

This information, if proven at a hearing and not rebutted or explained, is sufficient to support the penalty assessment.

Your penalty is due and payable now. If you believe the violations did not occur, you may deny committing the violation and contest the penalty assessment through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. The Commission will grant a request for hearing only if material issues of law or fact concerning the violation require consideration of evidence and resolution in a hearing. Any contest of the penalty assessment must include a written statement of the reasons supporting that contest. Failure to provide such a statement will result in denial of the contest.

If there is a reason for the violations that you believe should excuse you from the penalty, you may ask for mitigation (reduction) of this penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. The Commission will grant a request for hearing only if material issues of law or fact require consideration of evidence and resolution in a hearing. Any request for mitigation must include a written statement of the reasons supporting that request. Failure to provide such a statement will result in denial of the request. See RCW 81.04.405.

If you properly present your request for a hearing and the Commission grants that request, the Commission will review the evidence supporting your dispute of the violation or application for mitigation in a Brief Adjudicative Proceeding before an administrative law judge. The administrative law judge will consider the evidence and will notify you of his or her decision.

Docket A-120061 - Enforcement Policy of the Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission - Section V.

## You must act within 15 days after receiving this notice to do one of the following:

- Pay the amount due.
- Contest the occurrence of the violations.
- Request mitigation to contest the amount of the penalty.

Please indicate your selection on the enclosed form and send it to the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission, Post Office Box 47250, Olympia, Washington 98504-7250, within FIFTEEN (15) days after you receive this notice.

If you do not act within 15 days, the Commission may refer this matter to the Office of the Attorney General for collection. The Commission may then sue you to collect the penalty.

DATED at Olympia, Washington, and effective February 24, 2016.

GREGORY J. KÓPTA Administrative Law Judge

#### WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION PENALTY ASSESSMENT TV-160178

PLEASE NOTE: You must complete and sign this document, and send it to the Commission within 15 days after you receive the penalty assessment. Use additional paper if needed.

I have read and understand RCW 9A.72.020 (printed below), which states that making false statements under oath is a class B felony. I am over the age of 18, am competent to testify to the matters set forth below and I have personal knowledge of those matters. I hereby make, under oath, the following statements. [ ] 1. Payment of penalty. I admit that the violation occurred and enclose \$ in payment of the penalty. Contest the violation. I believe that the alleged violation did not occur for the reasons I [ ] 2. describe below: [ ] a) I ask for a hearing to present evidence on the information I provide above to an administrative law judge for a decision [ ] b) I ask for a Commission decision based solely on the information I provide above. 3. Application for mitigation. I admit the violation, but I believe that the penalty should be reduced for the reasons set out below: See ATTATCHED DOCUMENT [ ] a) I ask for a hearing to present evidence on the information I provide above to an administrative law judge for a decision I ask for a Commission decision based solely on the information I provide I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that the foregoing, including information I have presented on any attachments, is true and correct. Dated: 3 3 16 [month/day/year], at Jacoma w/A [company] - please print Signature of Applicant Jame of Respondent (company) - please print

RCW 9A.72.020:

"Perjury in the first degree. (1) A person is guilty of perjury in the first degree if in any official proceeding he makes a materially false statement which he knows to be false under an oath required or authorized by law. (2) Knowledge of the materiality of the statement is not an element of this crime, and the actor's mistaken belief that his statement was not material is not a defense to a prosecution under this section. (3) Perjury in the first degree is a class B felony."

# WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORATION COMMISSION NOTICE OF PENTALITIES INCURED AND DUE FOR VIOLATIONS OF LAWS AND RULES

Response to: Penalty assessment: TV-160178

- (3) I admit the violation, but I believe that the penalty should be reduced.
  - (b) I ask for a Commission decision based solely on the information I provide above.

Six Violations of CFR Part 391.45 (a) Using a driver not medically examined and certified.

**Response**: I was medically examined and certified; the honest mistake I made was not to check my medical card to look at the expiration date. Once I realized it was expired; I immediately took it in and had it renewed.

One violation of CFR Part 391.51 (a) - Failing to maintain driver qualification files.

Response: I didn't maintain a driver qualification file; due to the fact that I thought that was a record That I keep when I hire a driver. Now that I am aware; I now maintain the file for myself. To avoid future violations; I enrolled and attended the Tutorial class "the Guide to Safety Class". I plan on attending on an annual basis to avoid