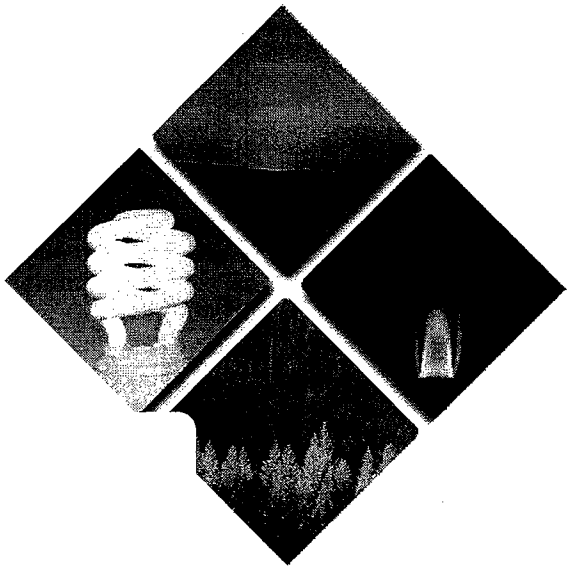


IRP Advisory Group Meeting

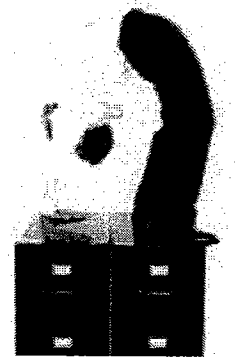
APPENDIX F

Dec 15, 2009

PSE PUGET SOUND ENERGY

The Energy To Do Great Things

Agenda for Today



- Networking: 9:15 – 9:30 a.m.
- Kick Off/Introductions: 9:30 – 9:40 a.m.
- WAC 480-109 Conservation Targets: 9:40 – 10:25 a.m.
- Electric Capacity Need Update: 10:25 – 11:10 a.m.
- OPUC Docket UM 1302: 11:10 – noon

- *Lunch Break: noon – 12:30 p.m.*

- Gearing up for 2011 IRP: 12:30 – 1:15 p.m.
- Acquisition Update: 1:15 – 1:35 p.m.
- Next Steps

WAC 480-109 Compliance

Bill Hopkins, Zac Yanez, Bob Stolarski, & Eric Englert

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WAC Requirements for WAC 480-109 Target

- Target must be at least the 2-year "pro rata" share of 10-year potential
- Conservation potential must be based on one of two sources:
  - Utility's most recent IRP (consistent with Power Council methodology)

    or

  - Utility share of Power Council's current regional plan
- Target may be a range

WAC Rules for Conservation Potential

WAC 480-109-010. (1) By January 1, 2010, and every two years thereafter, each utility must project its cumulative ten-year conservation potential.

(a) This projection need only consider conservation resources that are cost-effective, reliable and feasible.

(b) This projection must be derived from and reasonably consistent with one of two sources:

(i) The utility's most recent IRP, including any information learned in its subsequent resource acquisition process, or the utility must document the reasons for any differences. When developing this projection, utilities must use methodologies that are consistent with those used by the conservation council in its most recent regional power plan. A utility may, with full documentation on the rationale for any modification, alter the conservation council's methodologies to better fit the attributes and characteristics of its service territory.

(ii) The utility's proportionate share, developed as a percentage of its retail sales, of the conservation council's current power plan targets for the state of Washington.

WAC Rules for Target

WAC 480-109-010. (2) Beginning January 2010, and every two years thereafter, each utility must establish a biennial conservation target.

(a) The biennial conservation target must identify all achievable conservation opportunities.

(b) The biennial conservation target must be no lower than a pro rata share of the utility's ten-year cumulative achievable conservation potential. Each utility must fully document how it prorated its ten-year cumulative conservation potential to determine the minimum level for its biennial conservation target.

(c) The biennial conservation target may be a range rather than a point target.

WAC 480-109-007. (14) "Pro rata" means the calculation used to establish a minimum level for a conservation target based on a utility's projected ten year conservation potential.

What Is Included As "Conservation"

Any reduction in electric power consumption resulting from increases in the efficiency of:

- Energy Use
  - End use equipment and building efficiency
  - Fuel conversion, electric to high efficiency gas
- Production
  - Customer on-site combined heat & power generation
  - PSE generation facilities on-site energy efficiency
- Distribution
  - Phase balancing
  - Conservation voltage regulation

WAC 480-109-107 (3) "Conservation" means any reduction in electric power consumption resulting from increases in the efficiency of energy use, production, or distribution.

PSE's Compliance Path

- 10-year potential assessment from 2009 IRP is the basis for the target
  - Potential assessment methodology is consistent with the Power Council's
- End Use, Distribution, and Production efficiency are included
- Target is a range
- Public involvement has been through the CRAG & IRPAG processes

PSE Conservation Resource Potential Assessment:

Consistency with Power Council's Methodology

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WAC Rule

- **WAC 480-109-010 Conservation resources.**

(1)(b) This projection must be derived from and reasonably consistent with one of two sources:

(i) The utility's most recent IRP, including any information learned in its subsequent resource acquisition process, or the utility must document the reasons for any differences. When developing this projection, utilities must use **methodologies** that are **consistent** with those used by the conservation council in its most recent regional power plan. A utility may, with full documentation on the rationale for any modification, alter the conservation council's methodologies to better fit the attributes and characteristics of its service territory.

Draft 6th Plan: "Council Methodology"

- "The Northwest Power Act establishes three criteria for resources included in the Council's power plans: resources must be 1) ***reliable***, 2) ***available*** within the time they are needed, and 3) available at an estimated incremental system ***cost*** no greater than that of the least-cost similarly reliable and available alternative."

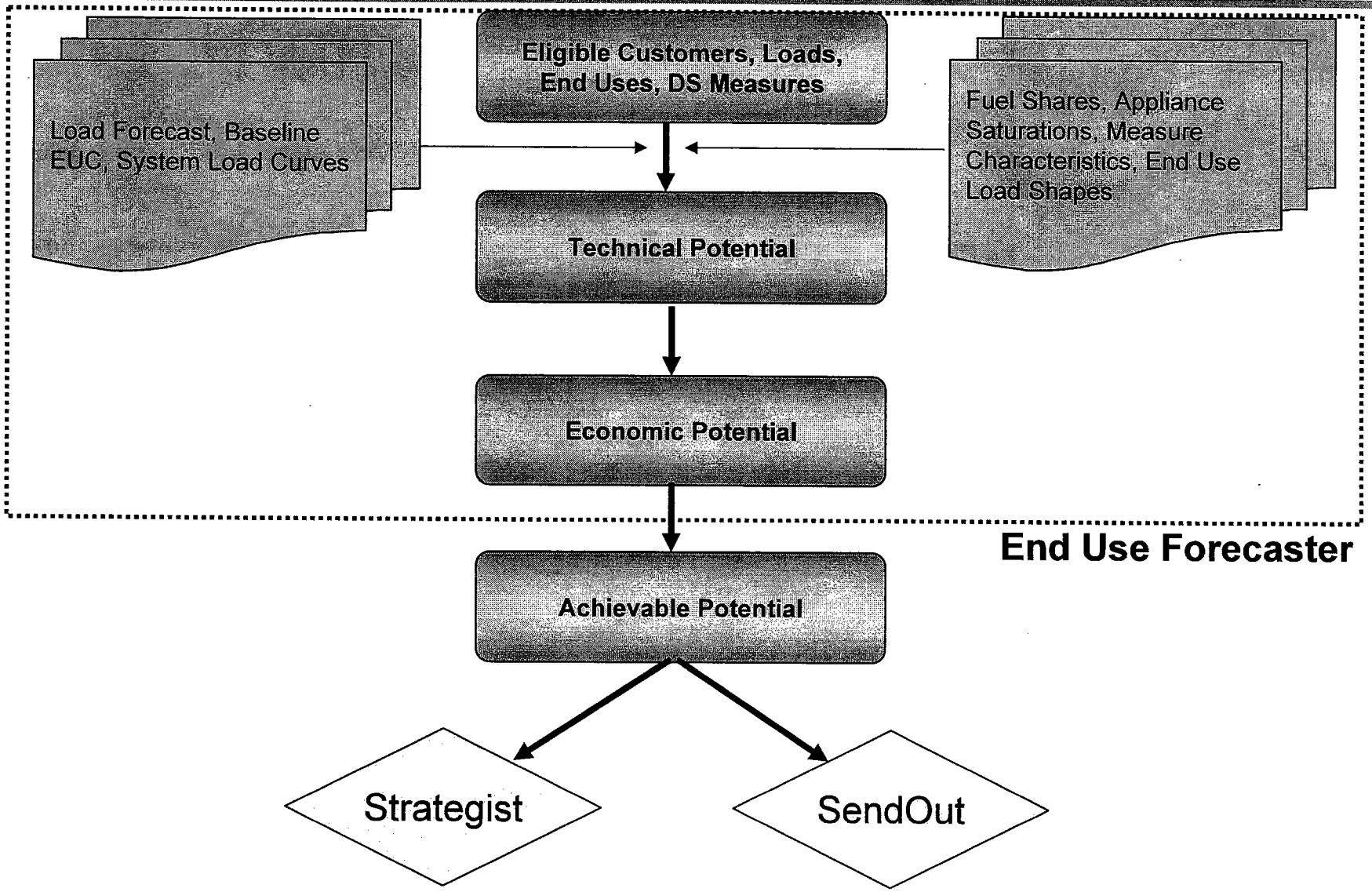
- "Beginning with first Power Plan in 1983, the Council interpreted these requirements to mean that conservation resources included in the plans must be:
  - **Technically feasible (reliable)**
  - **Economically feasible (lower cost)**
  - **Achievable (available)"**

From Chap 4: Conservation Supply Assumptions – page 4-21 "Council Methodology"

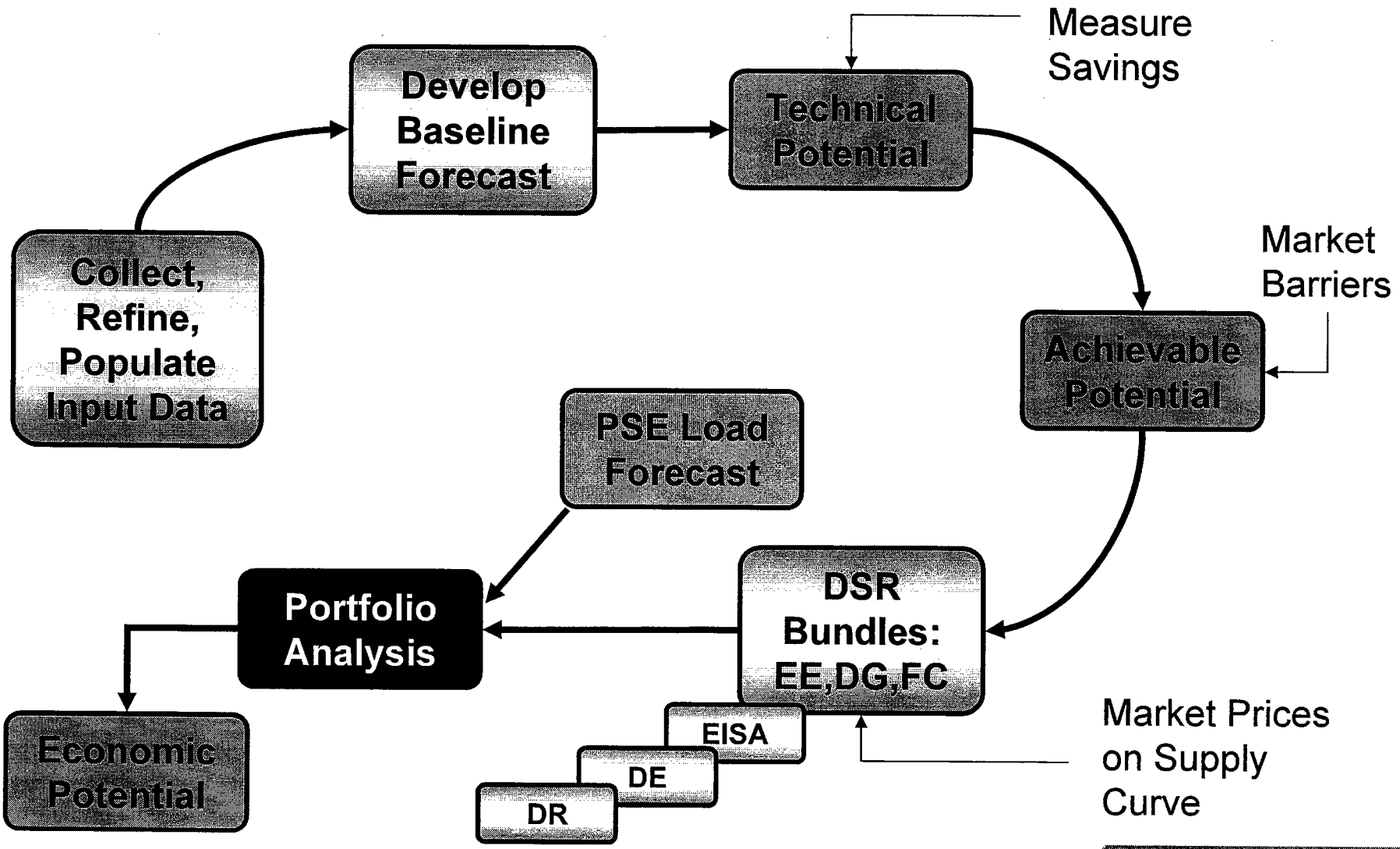
Methodology Comparison

Methodology	NPCC	PSE
1) Resource Definitions	1. Technical Potential 2. Economic Potential 3. Achievable Potential	1.Technical Potential 2. Achievable Potential 3. Economic Potential
2) Technical Resource Potential Assessment	Technically feasibility savings = Number of applicable units * incremental savings/applicable unit	Technically feasibility savings = Number of applicable units * incremental savings/applicable unit
3) Economic Potential - Ranking Based on Resource Valuation	Total Resource Cost (TRC) is the criterion for economic screening - TRC includes all cost and benefits of measure, regardless of who pays for or receives them.	PSE includes all measurable cost and benefits of measure, and assumes the utility pays for them.
4) Achievable Potential	Annual acquisition targets established through Integrated Resource Acquisition Planning (IRP) process (i.e., portfolio modeling)	Annual acquisition targets established through Integrated Resource Acquisition Planning (IRP) process (i.e., portfolio modeling)

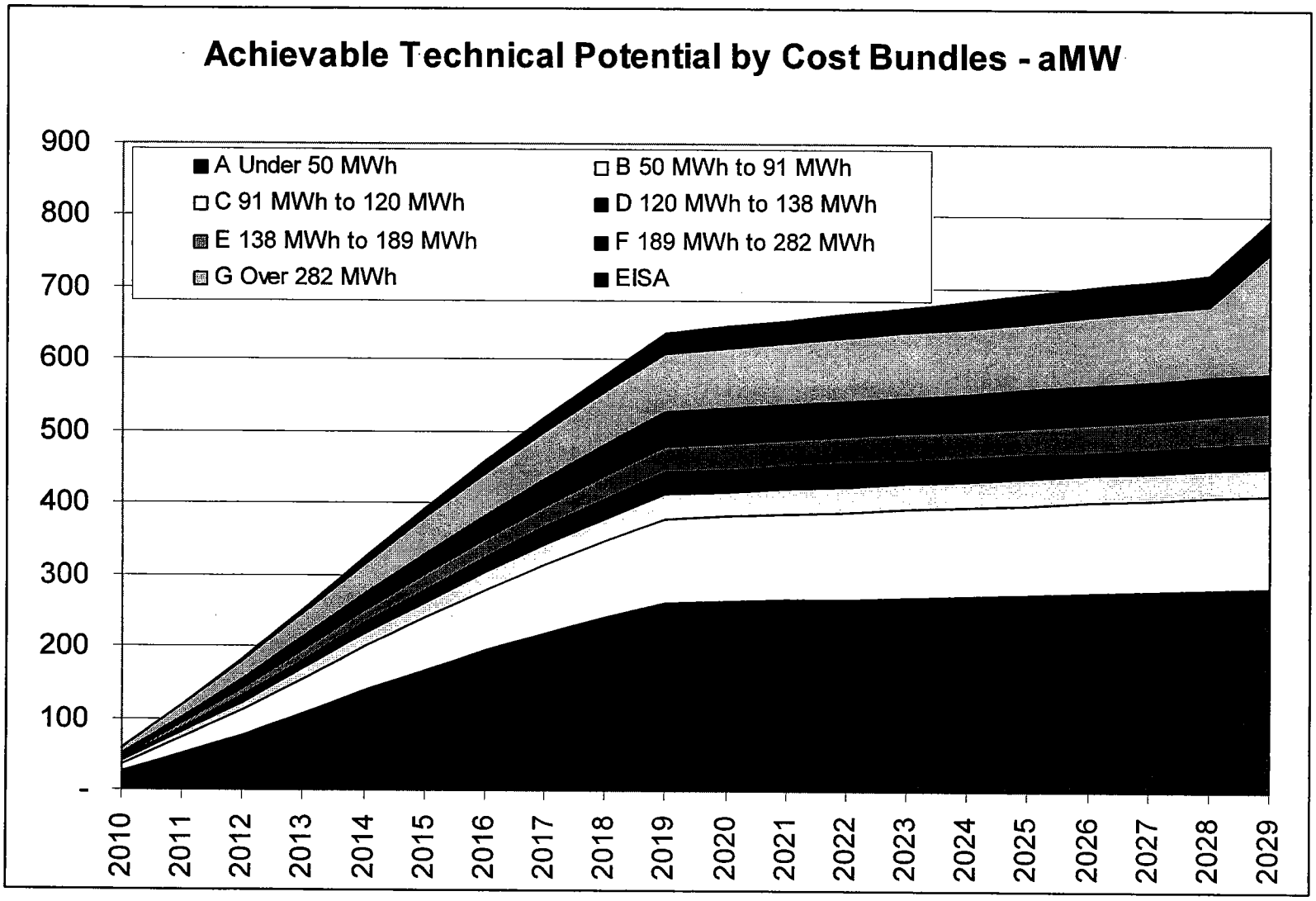
Demand-Side Resource Screening Tools



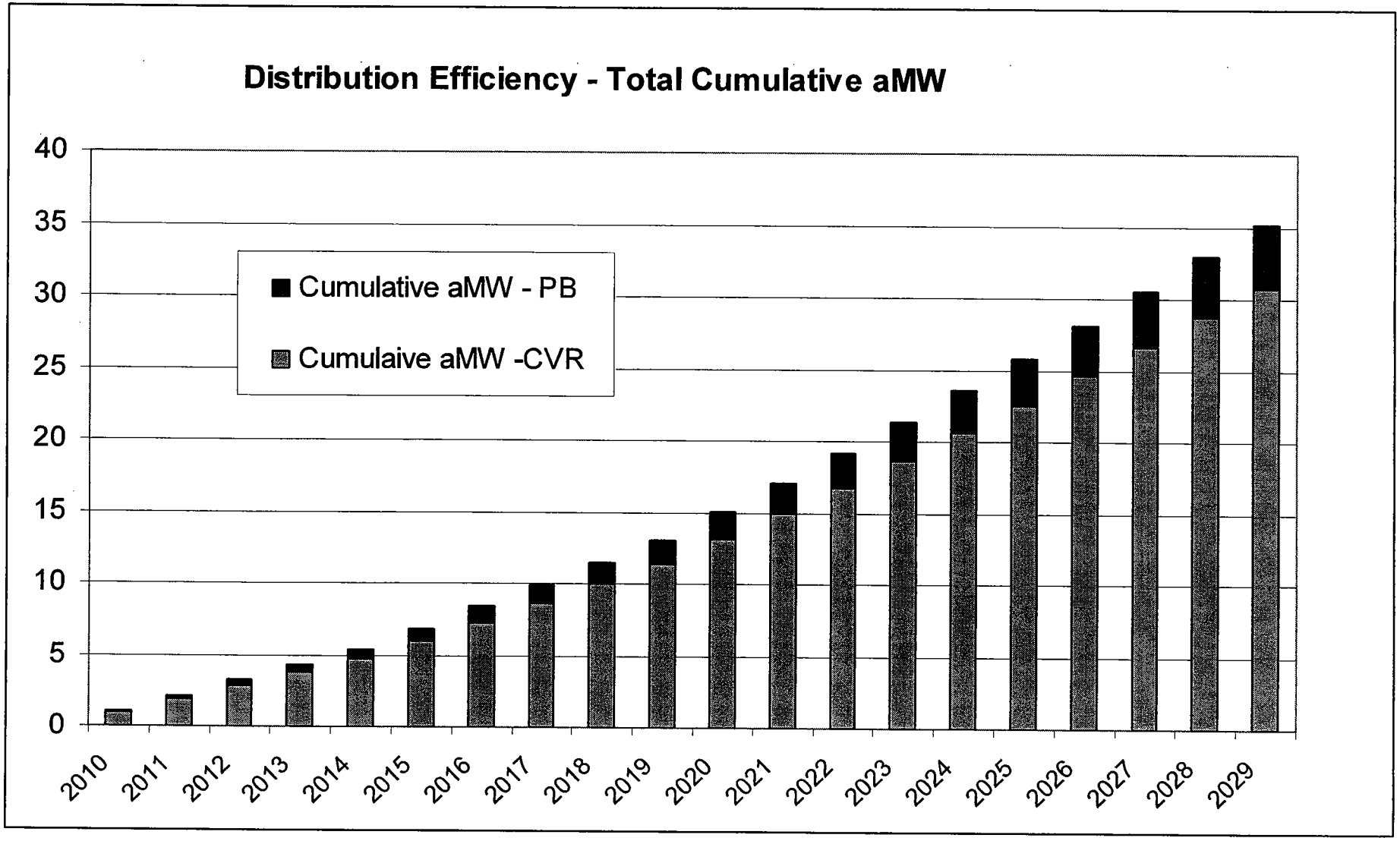
Outline of DS Resources Analysis *2009*



Bundles: Achievable Tech. Potential – Elect.



Bundles: Achievable Tech Potentials – DE



Slide 45 from Nov 2008 IRPAG Meeting DSR Presentation

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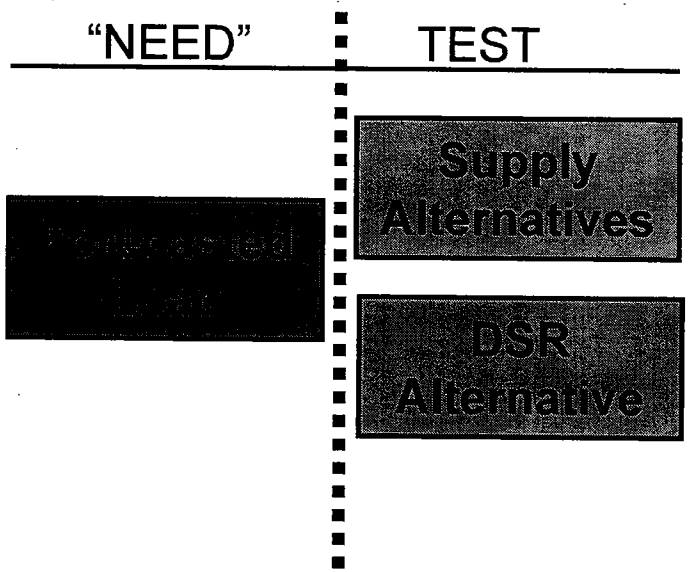
Economic Achievable Potential

- Portfolio Analysis
  - Identify Available Resources
    - DSR Measure Bundles
  - Create Optimal Integrated Portfolios for each Scenario
    - Add DSR Bundles to Min. NPV
    - Select Lowest Cost Portfolio => **Economic Achievable Potential**
  - Evaluate Costs and Risks
    - Monte Carlo and PSM II
  - Strategist® - Electric
  - SendOut® - Gas



Bundle D38

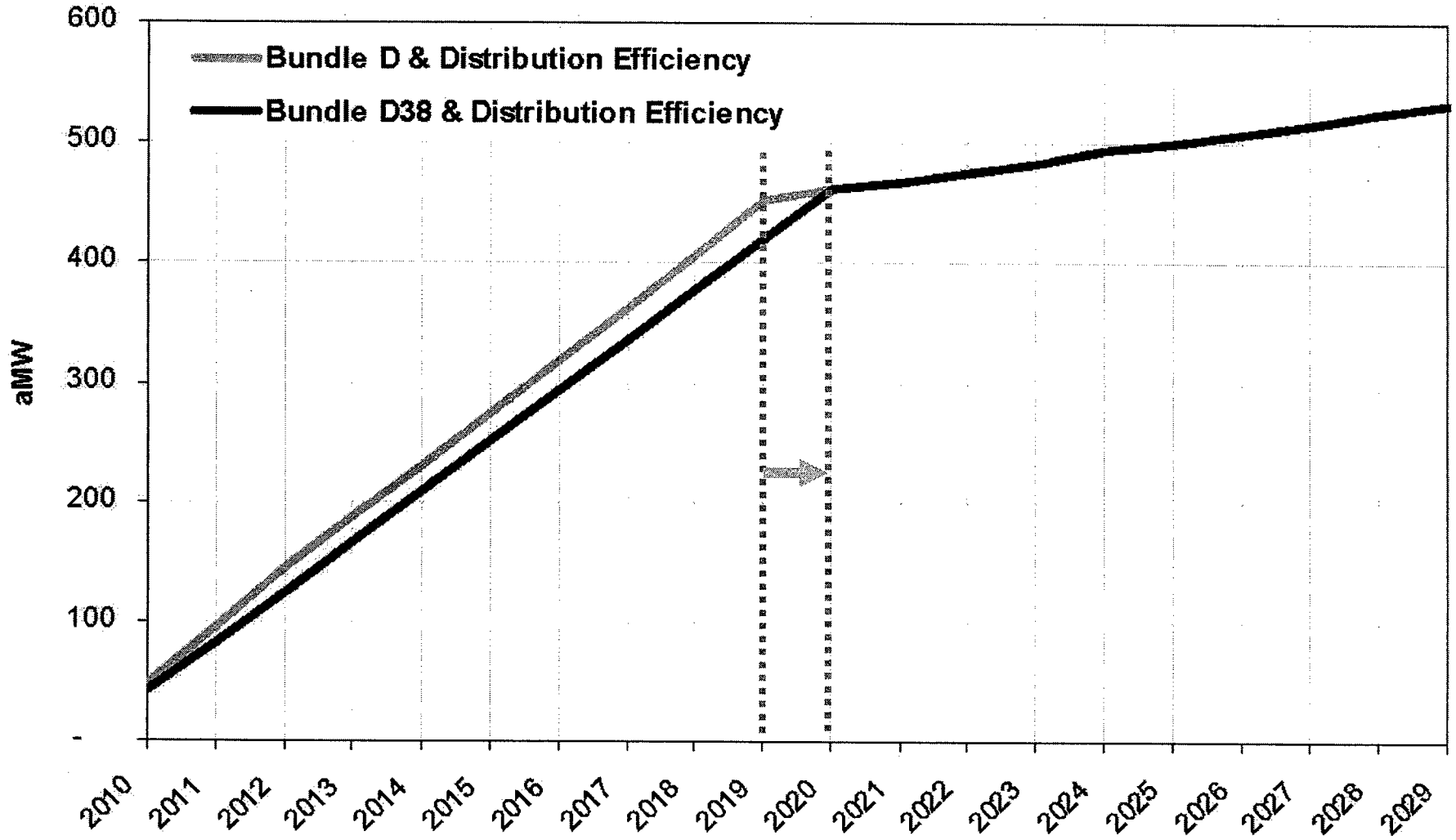
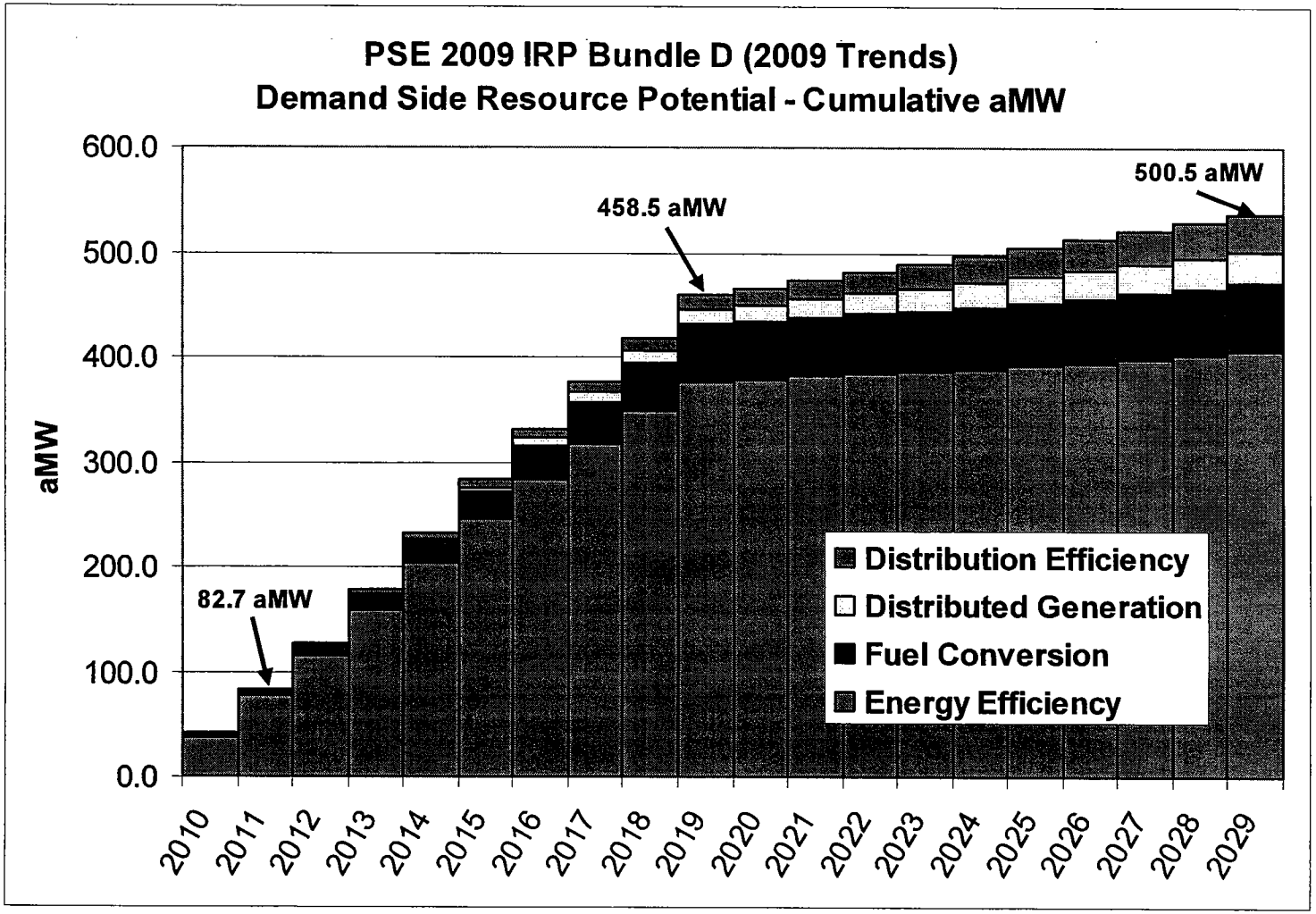


Figure 8-8, PSE 2009 IRP

IRP Optimized Conservation Guidance



Savings are at the customer meter, excluding line losses

PSE Production Facility Efficiency Potential

- Hydro and Thermal Plants included
  - Wind plants and Snoqualmie Falls excluded
- Energy audit performed
  - Detailed feasibility analysis needed
  - Implementation plans to be developed and proposed
- Efficiency upgrades to all energy consuming equipment considered
  - O&M practices not included
- 27,224,000 kWh savings potential

Facility	Measure	Energy Savings
Upper Baker	Lighting Upgrade	24,601 kWh
	Pumping Station Motors	45,000 kWh
	Pumping Station Transformers	51,000 kWh
	Pumping Station Controls	150,000 kWh
Lower Baker	Lighting Upgrade	59,300 kWh
Electron	Lighting Upgrade	20,061 kWh
Encogen	Lighting Upgrade	37,692 kWh
	VFD Air Compressor	127,000 kWh
Fredrickson	Lighting Upgrade	15,000 kWh
Fredonia	Lighting Upgrade	9,800 kWh
Mint Farm	Supply Gas Pressure Increase	19,000,000 kWh
	Lighting Upgrade	54,000 kWh
	Air Compressor Upgrade	77,709 kWh
	Exterior Sensors	6,900 kWh
	Cooling Tower	2,500,000 kWh
	Feedwater Pump	2,349,900 kWh
Goldendale	Lighting Upgrade	25,600 kWh
	Cooling Tower	2,520,000 kWh
	Compressed Air	35,000 kWh
Sumas	Lighting Upgrade	30,000 kWh
	Compressed Air	70,000 kWh
Whitehorm	Lighting Upgrade	15,000 kWh
	Totals	27,223,563 kWh
		3.1 aMW

Setting the Biennial Target

WAC Rules for Target

WAC 480-109-010. (2) Beginning January 2010, and every two years thereafter, each utility must establish a *biennial conservation target*.

(a) The biennial conservation target must identify *all achievable conservation opportunities*.

(b) The biennial conservation target must be no lower than a *pro rata share* of the utility's ten-year cumulative achievable conservation potential. Each utility must fully *document how it prorated* its ten-year cumulative conservation potential to determine the minimum level for its biennial conservation target.

(c) The biennial conservation *target may be a range* rather than a point target.

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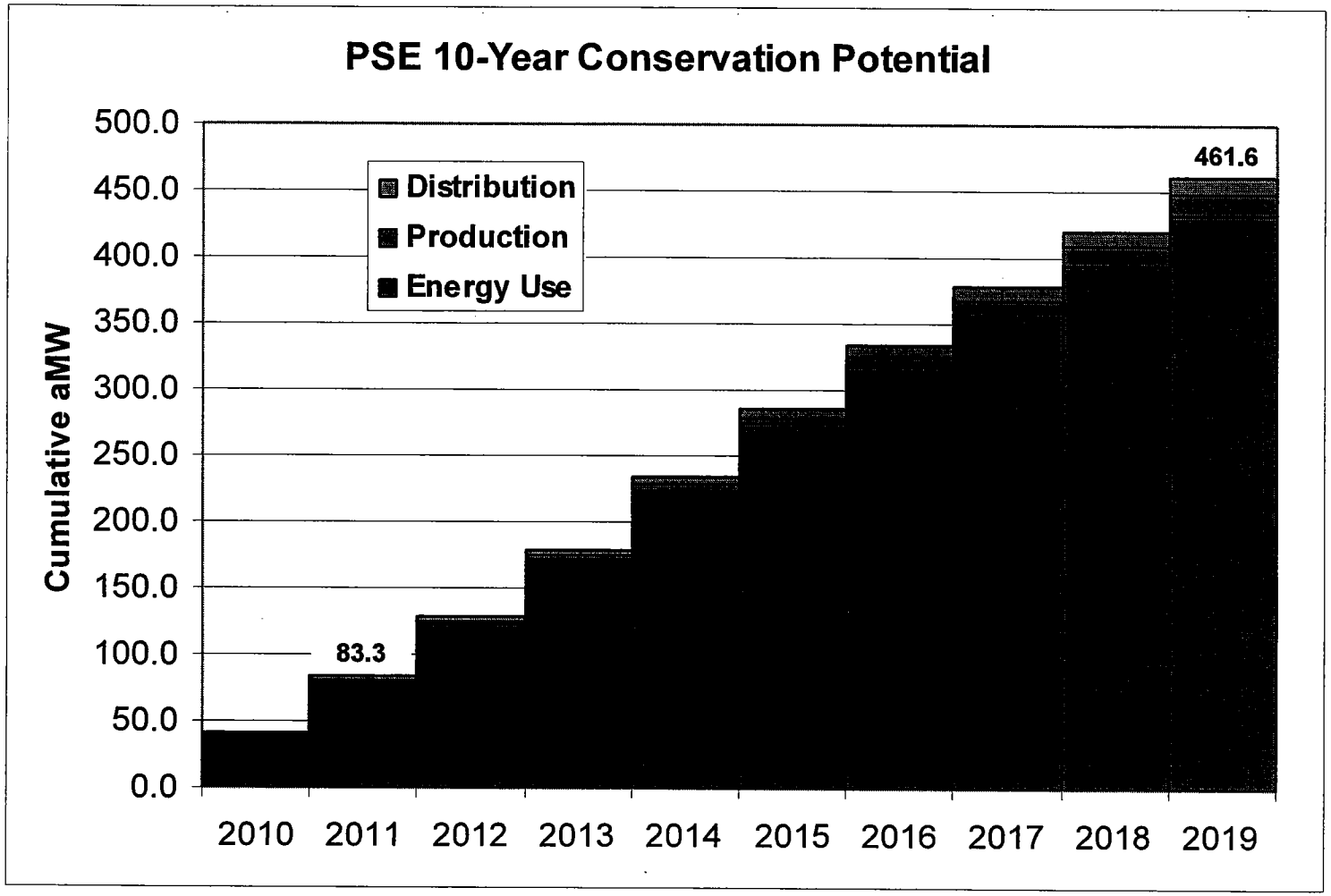
10-Year Cumulative Potential



Savings are at the customer meter, excluding line losses

Target Range

- 593,052 MWh – 729,708 MWh (67.7 aMW – 83.3 aMW)
  - Prorating criteria:
    - Acceleration of retrofit end use efficiency
    - Short-term market infrastructure ramp-in
    - Business environment uncertainty

	2-yr aMW	
Total Conservation Potential	83.3	IRP Bundle D end use efficiency plus distribution & production efficiency
Less: Market Feasibility	-4.3	Delivery infrastructure needs to ramp up (IRP D38)
Less: Uncertainty Factors		
Industrial Eff. (50%)	-1.4	Schedule 258 timing – 4 year window, customer controlled
New Construction (50%)	-4.1	New WA bldg code, continued slow construction mkt.
Fuel Conversion (75%)	-2.8	PSE program behind target – low demand/slow economy
Distributed Gen (100%)	-0.2	PSE had no success with CHP porjects in previous RFPs
Distrib. Sys. Eff. (100%)	-2.2	Implementation feasibility & plan must be developed
Gen. Efficiency (100%)	-0.62	Implementation feasibility & plan must be developed
Total Minus Mkt. & Uncertainty	67.7	

Compliance Report

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WAC 480-109-010 Compliance Report

Introduction

Section 1 - Ten-year achievable conservation potential

PSE's projection of its cumulative ten-year conservation only needs to consider conservation resources that are cost-effective and reliable and feasible.

PSE's projection is derived from and reasonably consistent with PSE's most recent IRP. Description of technologies, data collection, processes and assumptions used to develop projection.

PSE used methodologies that are consistent with those used by the conservation council in its most recent regional power plan.

Section 2 - Biennial conservation target range

Target range incorporates all achievable (feasible) conservation acquisitions.

Target range is not lower than a pro rata share of PSE's ten-year cumulative achievable conservation potential.

Section 3

Outline of public and commission staff participation on development of the potential and the target range.

Conclusion

Compliance checklist

Attachments/Appendices

Chapter 5, 2009 IRP
Appendix I, 2009 IRP
Chapter 8, 2009 IRP
Appendix L, 2009 IRP