## Fuel Surcharge Worksheet (Solid Waste)

154	a) Company Name	Columbia River Disposal, Inc. (G-51) formerly William D. Hearn d/b/a Bingen Garbage Service, Inc.					
MPUTS	b) Proposed Effective Date	February 1, 2024					
Y	c) Regulated Revenue (most recent filing with the UTC)	\$117,709					
	1) Allowable Fuel Surcharge (Order 02 Methodology)	1.37%					
OUTPUTS	2) Staff Demonstrated Allowable Fuel Surcharge (Lesser of Line 31 or Line 47)	0.43%					
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	1 <b>1.</b>	Using the appropriate company name, look up base period information from last GRC.
2	2	Base Revenue
:	3	Base Fuel Expense
4	4	Base Fuel Index Period
ļ	5	Effective Date (GRC)
(	6	Billing Period
-	7	Geographic Location
8	8	Annual Report Revenue (most recent)
9	9	
1	0 2.	Using the appropriate base period information, calculate how much of total revenue wa
1	1	Base Fuel Expense

1	T. Using the appropriate company name, look up base period mornation nom last GRC.		
2	Base Revenue	\$	100,951
3	Base Fuel Expense	\$	5,260
4	Base Fuel Index Period		December 31, 2017
5	Effective Date (GRC)		April 1, 2018
6	Billing Period		1
7	Geographic Location		East
8	Annual Report Revenue (most recent)	\$	-
9			
10	2. Using the appropriate base period information, calculate how much of total revenue was spent on fuel.		
11	Base Fuel Expense	\$	5,260
12	Divided by Base Revenue	÷ \$	100,951
13	Equals Base Fuel vs. Base Revenue Ratio	=	0.0521
14	Multiplied By 100	х	100
15	Equals Base Fuel Expense as % of Base Revenue	=	5.21%
16			
17	3. Calculate the fuel index increase.		
18	Current OPIS Fuel Index	\$	4.1260
19	Minus Base Fuel Index	- \$	2.8370
20	Equals Difference in Fuel Index Price	= \$	1.289
21	Divided By Base Fuel Index	÷ \$	2.837
22	Equals Relative Fuel Index Price Difference Ratio	=	0.4544
23	Multiplied By 100	х	100
24	Equals Fuel Index Percent Increase	=	45.44%
25			
	4. Calculate amount of revenue increase needed to recover fuel price increases. The calculation in this ste	p is the s	ame as the old
	methodology and is provided here as a reference for the company and commission staff and to comply with Order		
26	new fuel surcharge process encompass all of the procedures and requirements set forth on October 26, 2005, at		
	meeting.		·
27	Base Fuel Expense as % of Base Revenue		5.21%
28	Multiplied By Fuel Percent Price Increase	v	45.44%
20	Equals Fuel Index Increase as a % of Base Revenue		2.37%
30	Minus One Percentage Point	-	1.00%
31	5		1.00 %
	Equals Allowable Fuel Increase as a % of Base Revenue	=	1.3770
32			
	5. Fuel Surcharge Revenue Test. Demonstration of the allowable fuel increase and possible adjustment to allo	wable fue	el increase. This is

adjustment to staff's calculation of the demonstration referred to in Order 05, Ordering Paragraph 2(b) that the surcharge will not generate revenues in excess of the authorized portion of the difference between current fuel prices and the fuel costs embedded in the company's fares that the 33 surcharge is intended to recover. A company may file additional data and methodologies that they believe makes the same demonstration.

34	Allowable Fuel Increase as a % of Base Revenue (Line 31)		1.37%
35	Multiplied by Base Revenue	х	\$ 100,951
36	Equals Allowable Fuel Increase to Base Revenue	=	\$ 1,380
37			
38	Base Fuel Expense as % of Base Revenue (Line 15)		5.21%
39	Multiplied by Most Recent Regulated Revenue (greater of Line 8 or Input "Regulated Revenue")	х	\$ 117,709
40	Equals Fuel Expense as \$ of Most Recent Regulated Revenue	=	\$ 6,133
41			
42	Base Fuel Expense (Line 3)		\$ 5,260
43	Plus Allowable Fuel Increase to Base Revenue (Line 36)	+	\$ 1,380
44	Minus Fuel Expense as \$ of Most Recent Regulated Revenue (Line 40)	-	\$ 6,133
45	Equals Difference Between Fuel Expenses	=	\$ 508
46	Divided by Most Recent Regulated Revenue (Line 39)	÷	\$117,709
47	Equals Demonstrated Allowable Fuel Increase as a % of Regulated Revenue	=	0.43%