Exh. JN-03T

Witness: Jeremy Nielsen

BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION, Complainant,

Docket TP-220513

v.

PUGET SOUND PILOTS,

Respondent.

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF CAPTAIN JEREMY NIELSEN ON BEHALF OF PUGET SOUND PILOTS

MARCH 3, 2023

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1		I. <u>IDENTIFICATION OF WITNESS</u>		
2	Q:	Please state your name and position for the record.		
3	A:	My name is Captain Jeremy Nielsen. I am the president of the Columbia River Pilots.		
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5	Q:	Does your prior testimony accurately describe your educational background,		
6	profe	ssional experience and qualifications?		
7	A:	Yes.		
8	11.			
9				
10		II. <u>PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY</u>		
11	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?		
12	A:	The purpose of my testimony is to supplement my previous testimony regarding the		
13	workload of the Columbia River Pilots and our net incomes earned in 2022 and projected for			
1415	2023 and to rebut testimony from the PMSA questioning the comparability of the Puget Sound			
16	Pilots	to other major pilotage grounds on the West Coast and objecting to a pilotage tariff		
17	fundi	ng medical insurance for pilots and their families, license defense and loss of income		
18	insura	ince.		
19				
20	A.	The Workload of the Columbia River Pilots in its Comparability to Other West Coast Pilotage Grounds.		
21	Q:	From an overview perspective, please describe the general character of pilotage		
22				
23	work	for members of the Columbia River Pilots during their 14-day on watch work cycle.		
24	A:	COLRIP's work rotation consists of a "wheel" with 28 slots. Each slot is filled by one or		
25	more	pilots. Each day at 0800, the pilot or pilots assigned to that day's slot will go on duty from		
26	the tir	me-off board and one or more pilots will leave the work board, going to the bottom of the		

1	time-off board. Once on the time-off board, pilots will stay in their relative position until they
2	return to duty. Pilots report as being available for duty no later than 1100 on the day <u>prior</u> to
3	returning from time off.
4	The first day on duty, pilots are placed at the top of the harbor board and are eligible for
5	assignments at 0800 or after. On the harbor board, pilots cover all jobs except transits, upriver
6	work, and relief work below the Vancouver Lower anchorage. However, if no other pilots are
7 8	available, pilots on the harbor board may be assigned to cover any job. Three pilots are on the
8	harbor board at all times, normally working two days on the harbor board before moving to the
10	bottom of the trip board at 0800 on their third day on duty. Harbor board pilots will receive 12
11	hours off duty following completion of duty time after their final assignment from the harbor
12	board.
13	
14	Having moved to the Portland trip board, pilots cover all transits to Astoria from points
15	upriver from Astoria. Upon completing an assignment to Astoria, the pilot is placed on the
16	Astoria board for a transit upriver. Upon completing an assignment in the lower river, or at one
17	of the upriver ports—Longview, Kalama, Vancouver or Portland—the pilot returns to the
18	Portland board.
19	Pilots may be dispatched from the Portland board for upriver work as well. These jobs
20	are rare.
21	An individual pilot's dispatch frequency depends on several factors, but the main ones
22	are vessel schedules and COLRIP's internal fatigue rules.
23	Technically, the on-duty / off-duty periods are each 14 days. However, a pilot on the last
24	reclinically, the on-duty / on-duty periods are each 14 days. However, a phot on the last
25	on-duty day of a work rotation can be dispatched as late as 1700 hours, and may work to as late
26	as 0800 on the 15 th day, or technically the first off-duty day.

1				
2	Q: Please describe the components that make up the workload of the average Columbia			
3	River Pilot during a pilot's 14-day on watch period.			
4	A: During each duty day, a pilot performs work related to each pilotage assignment that			
5	consists of preparation time, travel time from the office or the pilot's residence to the job, time on			
6	the vessel from boarding through the master-pilot exchange through the entirety of the transit,			
7 8	disembarking the vessel and then travel time back to the office or to the pilot's residence. On our			
9	pilotage ground, for 2022, the average assignment time for transits (arrivals and departures) is			
10	9.75 hours (for 2,998 transits), and the average assignment time for all non-transit piloting jobs is			
11	6.71 hours (for 1,587 jobs). Combined, the average assignment time for all piloting jobs is 8.74			
12	hours (for 4,585 jobs). Additionally, and not included in the averages given, 1,255 cars were			
13	dispatched for repositioning pilots, which if included would further increase assignment times.			
14				
15	Q: Have you had the opportunity to review the testimony of Captains Ivan Carlson,			
1617	Anne McIntyre and Dan Jordan regarding the average workloads of the Puget Sound			
18	Pilots, San Francisco Bar Pilots and Columbia River Bar Pilots?			
19	A: Yes.			
20	165.			
21	Q: What is your opinion regarding the comparability of the workloads between your			
22				
23	pilotage ground and those of the Puget Sound Pilots, San Francisco Bar Pilots and			
24	Columbia River Bar Pilots?			
25				
26				

1	A: In my opinion, taking into account the types of assignments and their duration on these
2	four different pilotage grounds, I believe the workloads of all four groups during their on-watch
3	work cycle are comparable in terms of the level of pilotage work being performed while on duty.
4	
5	
6	Q: With respect to callback assignments performed when a pilot is off-watch, what is
7	your opinion regarding the comparability of PSP's callback workload compared to other
8	pilotage grounds on the West Coast?
9	A: Based on the data provided by our group, the Columbia River Bar Pilots and the San
1011	Francisco Bar Pilots, where callback levels are less than 5% of total assignments annually, the
12	off-watch work levels of the Puget Sound Pilots are excessive. Capt. Carlson testified that in the
13	first three months of 2022, the percentage of callbacks to total assignments reached over 18%,
14	and even higher levels have been experienced. (Exh. IC-01T-06-29-22, p. 17.) COLRIP has not
15	had to rely on off-duty pilots to this extent during my tenure.
16	
17	B. <u>Updated Net Income Information for 2022 and Projected for 2023</u> .
18	Q: Have the Columbia River Pilots completed the preparation of the biennial financial
19	disclosure regarding your pilot group's net income in 2021 and 2022 that must be filed with
20	the Oregon Board of Maritime Pilots no later than May 31, 2023?
21	the Oregon Board of Warttime I nots no fater than Way 31, 2023:
22	A: No, not fully. A draft report for 2021 has been prepared. The 2022 report is still in
23	process. The 2021 draft, which is Exh. JN-04, shows that the average net income for a
24	Columbia River Pilot in 2021 was \$489,247. I anticipate that the average net income in 2022
25	will be between \$500,000 and \$540,000.
26	

1	Q: Was the tariff funding the Columbia and Willamette River pilotage ground adjusted
2	by an annual cost-of-living adjustment as of September 1, 2022?
3	A: Yes. The annual CPI adjustment effective on September 1, 2022 was 8.33%. However, as
4	a component of our rate settlement agreement with the Columbia River Steamship Operators
5	Association that was approved by the Oregon Board of Maritime Pilots in July 2021, the COLA
6 7	is adjusted upward annually for the five-year minimum life of the agreement by an extra 0.5%
8	per year. As a result, the total cost-of-living adjustment to our tariff was 8.83% as of September
9	1, 2022.
10	
11	Q: Based upon that COLA, which will be in effect through August 31, 2023, and your
12	projections of vessel traffic in 2023, do you have a projection of the regarding the net
13	income that the average Columbia River Pilot will earn in calendar year 2023?
14 15	A: Yes. We anticipate that 2023 pilot net income will be lower than 2022 at approximately
16	\$500,000 to \$525,000,, as a result of a small decline in vessel traffic. This projection takes into
17	account that the CPI for all items, all urban consumers, Western region maintained by the
18	Department of Labor for July 1, 2022 through January 31, 2023, which accounts for seven of the
19	12 months that will make up the next cost of-living adjustment for our pilotage tariff, is about
20	7%. We expect the COLA that takes effect on September 1, 2023 to be within the range of 6.5%
21	to 7.5%.
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- C. A Pilotage Tariff Should Fund Multiple Insurances Including Medical Insurance, General Liability Insurance, License Defense and Loss of Income Insurance and the Substantial Annual Cost of Legal Counsel in the Highly Regulated Pilotage **Environment.**
- Do the Columbia River Pilots maintain general liability insurance coverages for Q:
- your pilot group as well as license defense and loss of income insurances?
- Yes. We have maintained these insurance coverages for years. Excluding fire and A:
- various forms of commercial property coverages, current annual premium for general liability,
- auto liability, excess liability, and license insurance and loss of income exceeds \$250,000, as
- follows:

Type	Carrier	Coverage Limit	Premium
Commercial General Liability	Liberty Mutual	\$1 million/occurrence \$2 million/aggregate	\$ 3,659.00
Automobile	Hartford	\$1 million/occurrence (16 autos)	\$ 45,222.00
Excess Liability (umbrella over multiple policies)	RSUI	\$5 million	\$ 15,825.00
License Insurance	Various (subscription policy)	Multiple, including license defense (\$1m), legal liability (\$10m), loss of income (up to \$400,000)	\$188,657.00

1	Q:	Are the medical insurance benefits provided to Columbia River Pilots and their
2	fam	ilies funded in the tariff approved by the Oregon Board of Maritime Pilots?
3	A:	Yes. Medical insurance benefits are funded through the tariff for our pilotage ground and
4	are i	included as a component of target gross income approved by the Oregon Board of Maritime
5	Pilo	ts. This component of target gross income is adjusted for inflation through an annual COLA.
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7		III. <u>CONCLUSION.</u>
8	Q:	Does this conclude your testimony?
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1011	A:	Yes.
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