Service Date: May 24, 2024

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

NOTICE OF PENALTIES INCURRED AND DUE FOR VIOLATIONS OF LAWS AND RULES

PENALTY ASSESSMENT: D-240261 PENALTY AMOUNT: \$1,000 Investigation # 8891

SERVICE VIA EMAIL

Agustin Segura Escobar Agustin Segura Tapia Elvia Escobar Tapias Landscaping LLC 1713 NW 6th Ave Battle Ground, WA 98604-8019 ASE@TAPIASLLC.COM UBI: 604-687-287 Phone: (360) 989-5042

YOU MUST RESPOND WITHIN 15 DAYS OF THIS NOTICE

The Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (Commission) believes that Tapias Landscaping LLC (Tapias or Company) violated Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 19.122.030(2) by failing to notify the one-number locator service not less than two business days before beginning excavation. RCW 19.122.070(1) states, in part, that violations of any provision of the chapter are subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for an initial violation and not more than \$5,000 for each subsequent violation within a three-year period.

On April 11, 2024, the Washington State Dig Law Safety Committee (Safety Committee) heard case 24-004 filed by Northwest Natural Gas (NWN or Complainant) against Tapias and determined Tapias violated RCW 19.122.030(2) by failing to notify the one-number locator service not less than two business days before beginning excavation. The Safety Committee recommended that the Commission impose a \$1,000 penalty.

Commission staff (Staff) reviewed the documents, reports, and communications with the Safety Committee and agreed with the Safety Committee's findings and recommendations.

The Commission hereby notifies you that it is assessing a \$1,000 penalty (Penalty Assessment) against you on the following grounds:

1. Alleged Violation:

The Complainant states that on February 20, 2024, Tapias was excavating at 8011 NE 171st Ave, Vancouver, Washington, without a valid locate request.

2. Analysis:

The alleged violation concerns RCW 19.122.030(2) which states, in part, that an excavator must send notice to the one-number locator service before beginning excavation. On February 20, 2024, NWN observed Tapias operating a mechanized trencher to install irrigation. The Company did not have a valid locate ticket for that location. During the review, NWN reported that it had previously issued verbal warnings to the Company about the Dig Law requirement to notify the one-number locator service before beginning excavation. Tapias admitted to the violation and explained it believed it was appropriate to excavate if the general contractor had valid locates. Tapias reported that it has now updated the Company's process for submitting its own locate requests.

The Commission considered the following factors in determining the appropriate penalty amount for the violation:

1. How serious or harmful the violation is to the public.

This incident could have been significantly more harmful to Tapias workers, utility technicians, nearby homeowners, and the public, and it could have resulted in severe injury and/or loss of property.

2. Whether the violation is intentional.

The violation appears to be due to negligence rather than a lack of knowledge of Washington State's Dig Law. Over the past 12 months, Tapias has submitted 41 requests to the One Call Center for locates. This demonstrates Tapias' knowledge of requirements and its responsibility to contact the one-number locate service before beginning excavation.

3. Whether the company self-reported the violation.

Tapias did not self-report the violation. The Commission became aware of the violation after the Complainant filed a complaint with the Safety Committee.

4. The likelihood of recurrence.

The likelihood of recurrence depends on Tapias' actions going forward, its willingness to attend Dig Safe training, and to notify the one-number locate service every time before beginning excavation.

5. The Company's previous violation.

On December 19, 2023, the Commission mailed an Alleged Violation of Washington Dig Law letter to Tapias. The letter included detailed information about Washington State's Underground Utility Damage Prevention Act, requirements for submitting utility locate requests before excavating, and the possibility of penalties for each violation. The Commission mailed the letter after receiving a report of damage caused by Tapias that occurred on September 14, 2023, because the Company failed to submit a request to locate underground utilities before excavating.

The Commission has considered these factors and agrees with the Safety Committee's findings of probable violation and penalty recommendation, as follows:

- \$1,000 penalty for one violation of RCW 19.122.030(2) with an offer to suspend an \$800 portion of the penalty for one year, and then waive it, subject to the conditions that:
 - 1) Company supervisors and field crew responsible for excavation complete Dig Safe Training provided through the National Utility Contractors Association (NUCA) within 90 days of this Penalty Assessment;
 - 2) The Company must submit documentation of that attendance to the Commission; and
 - 3) The Company must not commit any further violations of RCW 19.122 within 12 months of the date of this Penalty Assessment.

These facts, if proven at a hearing and not rebutted or explained, are sufficient to support the Penalty Assessment.

Your penalty is due and payable now. If you believe the violation did not occur, you may deny committing the violation and contest the penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. Or, if there is a reason for the violation that you believe should excuse you from the penalty, you may ask for mitigation (reduction) of the penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. The Commission will grant a request for a hearing only if material issues of law or fact require consideration of evidence and resolution in a hearing. Any request to contest the violation or for mitigation of the penalty must include a written statement of the reasons supporting that request. Failure to provide such a statement will result in denial of the request. See RCW 81.04.405.

If you properly present your request for a hearing and the Commission grants that request, the Commission will review the evidence supporting your dispute of the violation or application for mitigation in a Brief Adjudicative Proceeding before an administrative law judge. The administrative law judge will consider the evidence and will notify you of their decision.

<u>You must act within 15 days after receiving this Penalty Assessment</u> to do one of the following:

- Pay the \$1,000 penalty amount due; or
- Pay \$200 and notify the Commission that you accept the offer to suspend an \$800 portion of the penalty amount subject to the following conditions:
 - Tapias management and field crew responsible for excavation must complete NUCA Dig Safe Training (https://utc-9183.quickbase.com/db/bpkt6vndh) within 90 days of service of this Penalty Assessment; and
 - The Company must submit documentation of that attendance to the Commission; and
 - o Tapias must not incur any additional violations of RCW 19.122 within 12 months of the date of this Penalty Assessment; or
- Request a hearing to contest the occurrence of the violation; or
- Request mitigation to reduce the amount of the penalty.

Please indicate your selection on the enclosed form and submit it electronically through the Commission's web portal at https://efiling.utc.wa.gov/Form within FIFTEEN (15) days after you receive this Penalty Assessment. If you are unable to use the web portal, you may submit it via email to records@utc.wa.gov. If you are unable to submit the form electronically, you may send a paper copy to the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission, P.O. Box 47250, Olympia, Washington 98504-7250.

If you wish to make your payment online, please use this link: Make a Payment Now (wa.gov).

If you do not act within 15 days, the Commission may refer this matter to the Office of the Attorney General for collection.

DATED at Lacey, Washington, and effective May 24, 2024.

/s/Michael Howard MICHAEL HOWARD Director, Administrative Law Division

¹ https://www.utc.wa.gov/documents-and-proceedings/online-payments/make-payment-now.

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

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PLEASE NOTE: You must complete and sign this document and send it to the Commission within 15 days after you receive the Penalty Assessment. Use additional paper if needed.

I have read and understand RCW 9A.72.020 (printed below), which states that making false statements under oath is a class B felony. I am over the age of 18, competent to testify to the matters set forth below, and I have personal knowledge of those matters. I hereby make, under oath, the following statements:

[] 1.	Payment of penalty. I admit that the violation occurred and:				
OR	[] Enclose \$1,000 in payment of the penalty. [] Attest that I have paid the penalty in full through the Commission's payment portal.				
[] 2.	•				
[] 3.	Contest the violation. I believe that the alleged violation did not occur for the reasons I describe below (if you do not include reasons supporting your contest here, your request will be denied):				
OR	 [] a) I ask for a hearing to present evidence on the information I provide above to an administrative law judge for a decision. [] b) I ask for a Commission decision based solely on the information I provide above. 				
[] 4.	Request mitigation. I admit the violation, but I believe that the penalty should be reduced for the reasons set out below (if you do not include reasons supporting your application here, your request will be denied):				
	[] a) I ask for a hearing to present evidence on the information I provide above to an administrative law judge for a decision.				

OR	[]] b)	I ask for a Commission decision based above.	solely on the informati	ion I provide
		•	nalty of perjury under the laws of the station I have presented on any attachments	•	the foregoing,
Dated: _			[Month/Day/Year], at		[City, State]
Name o	f Res	spond	ent (Company) – please print	Signature of Applica	ant

RCW 9A.72.020 "Perjury in the first degree."

- (1) A person is guilty of perjury in the first degree if in any official proceeding he or she makes a materially false statement which he or she knows to be false under an oath required or authorized by law.
- (2) Knowledge of the materiality of the statement is not an element of this crime, and the actor's mistaken belief that his or her statement was not material is not a defense to a prosecution under this section.
- (3) Perjury in the first degree is a class B felony.