# Tariff No. 15-C 

(cancels Tariff No. 15-B)

# Rates, terms and conditions for the transportation of HOUSEHOLD GOODS 

between points in the state of Washington

This tariff is established by Commission Order No. TV-072258
And Revised by Commission Orders No. TV-081462, TV-120835, TV-121197, TV-121771, TV151474, TV-160432, TV-180245, TV-190664, and TV-200809

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## TARIFF FORMAT

This tariff is issued in loose-leaf form. The commission will make revisions to the tariff by reprinting entire pages. Each page will show a revision number in the upper right corner of the page. Revisions of each page will be issued in numerical order and will cancel all original, prior, or revised pages.

For example: "1st Revised Page 2" cancels "Original Page 2."

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## Section 1

## General Application

Rates, Rules and Charges Shown in This Section Apply on All Shipments

## ITEM 05 - APPLICATION OF TARIFF

1. This tariff applies to the transportation of household goods.
2. Every household goods carrier must develop, establish and maintain policies, processes and procedures that ensure it complies with all rates, charges, terms, conditions and directions contained in this tariff.

## ITEM 10 -- DEFINITIONS

Accessorial Service: Any service provided by a household goods earrierCarrier that supplements, or is incidental to, the transportation of household goods. Examples include, but are not limited to, packing, unpacking, wrapping or protecting portions of the shipment or providing special equipment or services such as hoisting.

Article or Item: One unit of property, whether in a single piece (set up) or taken apart (knocked down) into its component parts. For example, a table and legs that have been removed is still considered a single article. An article or item does not mean a "set" or all the articles in one container. For example, each individual chair of a matching set of dining chairs is considered an article or item. In a box containing a set of encyclopedias, each encyclopedia is considered an article.

Bill of Lading: A shipping document issued by the household goods earrierCarrier, signed by both
 a move.

Consignee: The person accepting the goods at the delivery.
Constructive Weight: A weight based on a formula of seven pounds per cubic foot of properly loaded van space occupied by the customer's goods.

Customer: A person or entity that hires a household goods earrierCarrier.
Declared Value: The dollar amount the customer states on the bill of lading as the value of the goods being shipped.

Drop-Off Service: A service where Customer drops off household goods at a secure self-storage facility for later pick up by Carrier for transportation and delivery to Carrier's permanent storage facility and subsequent return. As multiple customers' goods may be held in the same location, no customer may have physical access to the goods while in permanent storage.

Flat Travel Time: A fixed amount of time from the carrierCarrier's terminal to the origin and from the destination back to the earrierCarrier's terminal on a local move.

Flight of Stairs: The stairs leading from one complete floor to the next complete floor of a building, or a set of at least 8 but not more than 20 steps outside a building (less than 8 steps is not considered a flight).

Gross Weight: The weight of the shipment, including the tare weight of the vehicle, customer's goods, all packing containers, and all packing materials.

Household Goods: The personal effects and property used, or to be used, in a residence when it is a part of the equipment or supply of such residence. Transportation of the household goods must be arranged and paid for by the customer or by another individual on behalf of the customer. Not included in this definition are operations expressly excluded by WAC 480-15-181.

Interruption: A situation causing a stoppage of service that is in the control of the carrierCarrier and not in the control of the shipper. Examples include coffee breaks, lunch breaks, breakdown of equipment and other similar occurrences.

## Inventory:

- Cube sheet inventory: An inventory of the items upon which the estimate is based and the estimated cubic footage for each item (cube sheet).
- Descriptive inventory: An inventory of the items that includes a description of each item and the condition of each item at origin and destination.

Loaded Distance: The distance between the loading point (origin) of the shipment and the unloading point (destination).

Local (Hourly-Rated) Move: Shipments transported 55 miles or less.
Long Carry: Exists when the earrierCarrier must carry household goods for a distance in excess of 75 feet between the vehicle and the door of the residence, including multi-family housing.

Long Distance (Mileage-Rated) Move: Shipments transported more than 55 miles.
Net Weight: The weight of the goods shipped by the customer, determined by subtracting the tare weight of the vehicle from the gross weight.

Packing: The accessorial service of protecting any portion of a shipment by placing it in boxes, cartons, crates, dish packs, suitcases, trunks or other protective container.

Permanent Storage: Storage provided by Carrier for a minimum of 30 days. As multiple customers' goods may be held in the same location, no customer may have physical access to the goods while in permanent storage.

Replacement: Providing as good as, or equal in value to, a lost or damaged article.
Released Valuation: The stated value of articles tendered by the customer to the earrierCarrier.

Shipment: A load of household goods moved by a carrierCarrier from a single residence or other location or as a single transaction.

> Small Goods Transportation and Storage: the transportation of household goods by a Carrier from a customer's residence to a warehouse, storage unit, or other storage facility owned or rented

Effective:
by the carrier for 30 days or more with the intent to later transport the goods back to the customer's residence. Carrier may, at Carrier's election, provide packing and unpacking services as part of a Small Goods Transportation and Storage move.

Stops in Transit: A service where the earriefCarrier loads, unloads or both loads and unloads portions of the customer's household goods at more than one site.

Storage-in-Transit: Temporary warehouse storage (90 days or less) of a traditional household goods shipment pending further transportation. Small Goods Transportation and Storage is not considered Storage-in-Transit.

Story: Inside a building, a story means the stairs leading from one complete floor to the next complete floor. Outside a building, a story means a set of at least 8 but not more than 20 steps (less than 8 steps is not considered a story).

Tare Weight: The weight of an empty motor vehicle obtained when all of the following exists:

- The vehicle's fuel tank is full.
- All pads, chains, dollies, hand trucks, and other equipment needed in the transportation of the shipment are on board the vehicle.
- The crew is not on board the vehicle.

Third Party: A person or entity other than the earrierCarrier who provides services requested by the customer through an arrangement with the earrierCarrier.

Unpacking: The accessorial service of removing contents from boxes, cartons, crates, dish packs, suitcases, trunks or other protective containers.

Valuation or Valuation Protection: The level of protection the customer selects to protect his or her household goods against loss or damage.

Vehicle: Any motor truck, tractor or other self-propelled vehicle, any trailer, semi-trailer or any combination of such vehicles moving as a single unit.

Warehouse Handling In or Out: Additional charges that apply each time storage-in-transit service is provided. These charges compensate the carrier for the physical placement and removal of items within the warehouse.

Weight Value: Weight value means each of the following:
-. For long distance moves, the weight determined by multiplying a dollar amount specified in a valuation option times the net weight of the shipment.

- For local moves, the weight determined by multiplying a dollar value amount specified in a valuation option times the constructive weight of the shipment.
- For moves under a non-binding estimate, the weight determined by multiplying a dollar value amount specified in a valuation option times the constructive weight of the shipment.


## ITEM 15 -SHUTTLE SERVICE AND REFUSAL TO PROVIDE SERVICE, PICK UP SHIPMENT <br> OR DELIVER SHIPMENT

1. A shuttle service may be used when circumstances exist which prevent the carrier from using a standard moving vehicle and a smaller vehicle is required to complete the move. A carrier may provide shuttle service, provided the customer requests it and the carrier agrees to provide properly sized equipment, smaller vehicle, or additional labor to move a shipment between the point of origin or the point of destination and the carrier's vehicle. In this case, the carrier may charge for this service using the hourly rates listed in Item 230, as long as the carrier discloses the charges to the customer by use of a binding, nonbinding or supplemental estimate and obtains the customer's signature before the work begins.
2. A earriefCarrier may refuse to provide service, to pick up or to deliver a shipment, if in the carrierCarrier's judgment any of the following conditions exist: and the carrier or customer have not made arrangements as described in (1), above:
a. The move will cause the earrierCarrier to provide service it is not authorized to provide.
b. The customer does not provide adequate information necessary to establish his or her identity or ownership of the goods being moved.
c. The customer uses a false name or other misleading information with the intent to deceive the carrierCarrier.
d. Conditions such as civil or labor disturbances, $\underline{2}$ weather events, natural disasters or pandemics, make pickup or delivery unsafe or unreasonable.
e. The goods are shipment is dangerous, contaminated, infested or haves been improperly packed.
f. The earrierCarrier does not have suitable or available equipment or staffing to provide the service.
g. The condition of the roads, streets, driveways, alleys, or loading or unloading facilities is unsafe or inaccessible.
h. The Carrier determines that the service would be uneconomic or that Carrier is unable to provide the service during the requested date and time.
g.i. Carrier determines that the service would put Carrier's equipment or employees at risk.

## ITEM 20 - DELIVERY TO OR FROM A WAREHOUSE

Pickup from or delivery to a warehouse, other than the earrierCarrier's own warehouse, includes pickup only from a door, platform, or point convenient and accessible to the earrierCarrier's vehicle and Drop-Off Service. If the earrierCarrier is required to provide service as described in this Item, at any other location, additional charges may apply as described in this tariff.

## ITEM 30 - DELIVERY TIME AND MEANS

1. A carrierCarrier will attempt to deliver a shipment during normal business hours, but is not required to guarantee delivery at a specific _hour.
2. Unless specific arrangements have been authorized by the customer on the bill of lading, the earrierCarrier is not required to transport the customer's goods by any particular means or vehicle and is not liable for delays resulting from causes other than negligence of the earrierCarrier.
3. In cases of unforeseen circumstances which prevent the carriefCarrier from completing delivery, the earrierCarrier has the right to forward the customer's property by another carrierCarrier. The forwarding earrierCarrier must notify the customer of the change in earrierCarrier. The earrierCarrier issuing the bill of lading is the carrierCarrier held responsible for the goods.

## ITEM 40 - STORAGE WHEN DELIVERY CANNOT BE MADE

1. A carrierCarrier may place a shipment into storage at a the public warehouse or Carrier's warehouse nearest the point of destination if the earrierCarrier is unable to make a delivery because:
a. The carrierCarrier was unable to locate a customer at the address given on the bill of lading or the correct address if known by the earriefCarrier.
b. The customer refused or was unable to accept delivery.
c. For a shipment moving on a non-binding estimate, the customer was unable or refused to pay up to 110 percent of the amount of the original estimate plus supplements.
2. The carrierCarrier's liability as a common carrierCarrier ends with delivery to the public warehouse. The shipment becomes subject to the warehouse's liability, terms, and conditions.
3. The carrierCarrier must notify the customer by every means of contact the carrierCarrier has for the customer, including telephone, e-mail, and fax, and the carrierCarrier must mail or deliver a written notice to the destination address advising that it was unable to make delivery and advising the customer of the name, address, e-mail address, if applicable, and telephone number of the warehouse where the shipment is stored. The written notice must include a statement that if the customer does not receive or claim the shipment within 30 days of the date the written notice was mailed or delivered as specified in the written notice, the shipment becomes subject to disposition by the earriefCarrier (see Item 45).

## ITEM 45 - DISPOSITION OF UNCLAIMED GOODS

If the customer does not receive or claim the shipment within 30 days after the carriefCarrier mailed or delivered the written notice required in Item 40(3), the shipment becomes subject to disposition by the earrierCarrier in accordance with the Washington State Uniform Commercial Code, Chapter 62A. 7 RCW.

## ITEM 50- OVERTIME

1. GarriefCarriers are not required to charge for overtime.
2. GarriefCarriers may not charge overtime if the overtime was provided for the earrierCarrier's convenience because the earrierCarrier was unable to provide service on a date requested by the customer but was able to provide service during overtime hours.
3. If the earrierCarrier charges for overtime, overtime charges will apply in addition to all other applicable rates and charges.
4. The carrierCarrier may bill the customer overtime charges for loading and unloading services performed:
a. Monday through Sunday Friday, after 5:00 p.m. and before 8:00 a.m. ${ }^{2 / 2}$
b. At any time on Saturdays, Sundays-and state-recognized holidays $\mathrm{i}_{\bar{i}}$ and
c. Any time after eight (8) consecutive hours of service.
5. Overtime will be performed only at the request of the customer and at the option of the earrierCarrier. The earrierCarrier must provide the customer with a written estimate of the total overtime charges and get the customer's written consent before providing overtime service.

Overtime rates:

| Rate Applying Per Person, Per Hour |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Minimum | Maximum |
| $\$ 0.0011 .38$ | $\$ 21.26$ |

## ITEM 55 - MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

6. If the customer asks the earrierCarrier to provide a service for which there is no rate or charge listed in the tariff, and providing that service requires use of the carrierCarrier's vehicle and employee(s), the following will apply:
a. Service will be provided at the option of the earrierCarrier.
b. Rates in Item 230 (Hourly Rates) will apply.
c. Before providing the service, the earriefCarrier must provide the customer with a written estimate and obtain the customer's signature approving the additional costs.
7. The carriefCarrier may charge for services associated with transportation of the customer's goods for which there is no rate or charge listed in the tariff, such as toll bridge or ferry charges. Before providing the service, the earrierCarrier must provide the customer with a written estimate and obtain the customer's signature approving the additional costs.

Effective:

## ITEM 62 - APPLIANCE SERVICE

The transportation rates in this tariff do not include the servicing or re-servicing of appliances or other articles to protect them from damage in, or incident to, transit. These appliances or articles include, but are not limited to: refrigerators, deep freezers, radios, microwaves, washing machines, television sets, satellite television/radio receiving discs/dishes, air conditioners, grandfather clocks, computers, clothes dryers, cooking ranges, and dishwashers.

Upon request of the customer, the carrierCarrier will, if it possesses qualified personnel, service at point of origin and re-service at point of destination appliances or other articles at the charges shown below. If the GarriefCarrier does not possess qualified personnel to perform the services, the earrierCarrier will, with the authorization of the customer, engage third-party vendors to perform the servicing and/or re-servicing.

The service under the provisions of this item is performed solely to prepare the articles for safe transportation, but does not include disconnecting or reconnecting articles to gas, electrical, plumbing or ventilation hook-ups.

The following flat rates apply when earrierCarrier personnel provide service/re-service of appliances or other articles:

| Servicing | Minimum | Maximum |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Front Load Washing <br> Machine1 | $\$ \underline{00029.25}$ | $\$ 76.98$ |
| First article or appliance | $\$ 0.0013 .01$ | $\$ 34.22$ |
| Each additional article or | $\$ \underline{0.00} 8.72$ | $\$ 22.93$ |
| appliance |  |  |
| Re-servicing | $\$ \underline{0.0029 .25}$ | $\$ 76.98$ |
| Front Load Washing | $\$ 0.008 .72$ | $\$ 22.93$ |
| Machine 1 | $\$ \underline{0.007 .61}$ | $\$ 20.01$ |
| First article or appliance <br> Each additional article or <br> appliance |  |  |

## ITEM 65 - CUSTOMER-PACKED GOODS

1. Customers must carefully pack, cover and wrap all breakable or fragile items. Customers must clearly mark the package as "breakable" or "fragile."
2. If a carriefCarrier finds that an article has not been properly packed by the customer, the carrierCarrier must notify the customer of the improper packaging. The customer may choose to repack the article or have the earrierCarrier repack the article. The customer may have to pay additional charges for packing service.
3. If the earrierCarrier is not able to contact the customer, the earrierCarrier will repack the article and charge the customer for the service.
a. The earrierCarrier must document the methods used to contact the customer, to include at least all of the following:

- Date attempt was made.

Effective:

- Time attempt was made.
- Method used to attempt contact (telephone, fax, personal visit, etc.).
- Telephone or fax number called.
- Name and title of person making attempt to contact customer.
b. The carrierCarrier must retain the documentation with the copy of the bill of lading retained in the earrierCarrier's office. In addition, the carrierCarrier must attach a copy of the documentation to the copy of the bill of lading given to the customer.
4.-4. A earriefCarrier may open and inspect any customer-packed article if the earriefCarrier believes it is necessary to determine the actual contents.


## ITEM 80 - PAYMENT OF CHARGES

1. In advance of the move, the carriefCarrier must specify the method of payment on the estimate and any terms or conditions that apply to the method of payment, such as interest rates charged for credit plans. Once specified, the carrierCarrier may not require a different payment method. GarrierCarriers may accept or require prepayment in part or in full, cash, personal check, cashier's check or money order, credit card, debit card, electronic fund transfers or its own credit plan.
2. A carrierCarrier may not charge any amount above a binding estimate.
3. A carrierCarrier may only charge an additional 25 percent above a nonbinding estimate plus any supplemental estimates. The additional 25 percent does not include any finance-related charges the carrierCarrier may assess for extending credit, such as interest or late payment fees.
4. Unless credit arrangements are made or the move is paid in advance, payment for the move is due upon delivery. If the total due upon delivery exceeds the original estimate, the earrierCarrier must release the shipment to the customer when the customer pays either:
a. The full amount of the original binding estimate and supplemental estimates.
b. 110 percent of the original nonbinding estimate including supplemental estimates.
5. The earrierCarrier must allow customers at least 30 days from the date of delivery to pay amounts in excess of the 110 percent described in (4)(b) above.
6. If the customer fails to pay the rates and charges described in (4) above, the earrierCarrier may hold the shipment in secure storage until the customer pays the amount due. The carriee Carrier's liability ends with delivery to the storage facility. The shipment becomes subject to the storage facility's liability, terms and conditions. The cost of storage will be charged to the customer at the rates established by the storage facility.

## ITEM 85 - ESTIMATES

1. GarrierCarriers must provide a written binding or nonbinding estimate to the customer prior to the move.
2. GarrierCarriers must visually inspect goods to be shipped, prior to the move or have the customer complete a web site calculation or hard-copy calculation sheet as described in WAC 480-15-630(6).
3. GarrierCarriers may conduct visual inspections using video conferencing in compliance with WAC 480-15-630(5). Video conferencing options include, but are not limited to Skype, Zoom,

Effective:

Teams, Facetime, or other mobile applications that allow the carriefCarrier to interact with the consumer in real time.
4. GarrierCarriers must give customers a copy of the customer information required in WAC 480-$15-620$ at the same time as they provide an estimate.
5. GarrierCarriers must include the following elements in all binding and nonbinding estimates, even if those estimates are completed by the customer in electronic or hard-copy format:
a. GarrierCarrier's name, address, phone number, fax number (if any), and e-mail address (if any).
b. Whether the estimate is binding or nonbinding.
c. A space for the customer to electronically sign or initial stating that the customer was provided a copy of the brochure "Your Guide to Moving in Washington State."
d. Customer's name, phone number and address.
e. Customer's contact person, if other than customer.
f. Origin, destination and any intermediate stops for the shipment.
g. A household goods cube sheet inventory of the items upon which the estimate is based and the estimated cubic footage for each item.
h. For long distance shipments, the estimated total weight of the shipment and an explanation of the formula used. The formula may not be based on less than seven pounds per cubic foot.
i. For local moves, the number of carrierCarrier personnel and vehicles that will be used, the number of hours each will be involved in the move and associated rates and charges.
j. For long distance moves, the mileage between the origin, destination and intermediate stops and associated rates and charges.
k. Overtime hours and charges, if applicable.
l. Third-party or accessorial services to be provided and associated charges, if applicable.
m . Charges for loss or damage protection coverage (valuation).
n. Storage to be provided and associated charges, if applicable.
o. Charges for packing and unpacking services, and for containers, if applicable.
p. For binding estimates, a statement that the estimate is a guarantee of the cost of the move and that the earrierCarrier will not charge above the estimated charges without preparing a supplemental estimate.
q. For nonbinding estimates, the following information:
i. The estimate is not binding.
ii. The cost of the move may exceed the estimate.
iii. The carriefCarrier must release the shipment to a customer upon payment of no more than 110 percent of the estimate. GarrierCarriers must allow customers at least 30 days from the date of delivery to pay amounts in excess of the 110 percent.
iv. The customer is not required to pay more than 125 percent of the estimate regardless of the total cost unless the earrierCarrier issues and the customer accepts a supplemental estimate. (The 125 percent does not include any financerelated -charges the earrierCarrier may assess for extending credit, such as interest or late payment fees.)
r. The forms of payment the carrierCarrier will accept, including any terms or conditions that apply to the method of payment, such as interest rates charged for credit plans.
s. Estimated charges for per-diem if overnight stay will be required, as identified in Item 200 of this tariff.
t. Electronic typed or written sSignatures of the carrierCarrier personnel completing the form, the customer, and the dates each signed.
6. A supplemental estimate must include the following, if changed from the original estimate:
a. GarrierCarrier's name, address and phone number.
b. Customer's name, address and phone number.
c. Origin, destination and any intermediate stops for the shipment.
d. Customer contact person for the supplemental estimate, if other than the customer.
e. A complete description of the services or products added by the supplemental estimate and associated charges. Each service or product and charge must be listed separately in sufficient detail to determine if proper rates were charged according to the tariff or, where no tariff charges exist, in sufficient detail to determine the exact nature, number, and type of charges.
f. Electronic typed or written sSignatures of the carrierCarrier personnel completing the form and the customer and the dates- each signed.
7. Estimates for moves completed by the carrierCarrier must be filed with the bill of lading and retained for the same length of time as required for the bill of lading. Estimates for moves not completed may be discarded when the estimate expires.
7.

## ITEM 90 - CARRIER LIABILITY FOR HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND CUSTOMER VALUATION OPTIONS

1. The earrierCarrier is liable for physical loss of, or damage to, any article from external cause while being packed, unpacked, loaded, unloaded, carried, or held in Storage-inTransit, including breakage, if the articles are packed by the carrierCarrier and/or if the breakage results from negligence of the carrierCarrier. The amount of liability a earriefCarrier must assume depends on the level of valuation protection selected by the customer, as indicated on the bill of lading.
2. The earrierCarrier is liable directly to the customer for loss and damage, regardless of any cargo insurance policies the company may have.
3. Customers may include the following items in a shipment, however, the earrierCarrier is not responsible for the condition or safe delivery of:

- Coins, currency, deeds, notes, postage stamps, letters, drafts or valuable papers - of any kind.
- Jewelry, precious stones, or precious metals.
- Items of extraordinary value.
- Items requiring temperature control.
- Household pets.
- Live plants.
- Perishable items.
- Furniture or other items made of pressboard, particle board or similar pressed material.

4. The carrierCarrier is not liable for the loss of or damage to any article from external cause while being carried or held in Storage-in-Transit, due to the following circumstances:
a. Breakage, when items are packed by the customer or the customer's representative unless it can be proved that the breakage resulted from negligence by the mover in handling the articles.
b. Internal damage to electronics (radios, stereos, VHS players, CD/DVD players, televisions, computers, printers, scanners, etc.) when no visible damage to the external packaging or contents exists or if the item was packed by the customer or the customer's representative.
c. Loss or damage from insects, moths, vermin, mold, fungus or bacteria within the customer's belongings or that develop therein due to conditions present before the carriefCarrier picks up the customer's belongings.
d. Loss or damage because the item was in an obvious state of disrepair at the time of shipment, provided that the earrierCarrier noted the disrepair on the inventory.
e. An act, omission, or order of the customer, or loss or damage resulting from the customer's inclusion in the shipment of such articles as explosives, dangerous articles or dangerous goods.
f. Defective design of an article, including susceptibility to damage because of atmospheric conditions such as temperature or humidity changes.

## Effective:

g. Hostile or warlike action or use of any weapon of war (in time of peace or war), terrorism, insurrection, rebellion, revolution, civil war, usurped power, and action taken in hindering, combating, or defending against such occurrences: a) by any government or sovereign power, or by authority maintaining or using military forces; b) by military forces; or, c) by an agent of such government, power, authority or forces.
h. Seizure, confiscation or destruction under quarantine by order of any government or public authority.
i. Strikes, lockouts, labor disturbances, riots, civil commotions or the acts of any person or persons taking part in any such occurrence or disorder.
j. Acts of God.
5. The earrierCarrier will not accept the following items for shipment:

1. Explosives.
2. Dangerous goods.
3. Goods that may Propenty liable to-damage earrierCarrier equipment or other property.
4. The customer assumes all liability for goods left unattended by the customer before pickup by the carrierCarrier.
5. The customer assumes all liability for goods when the customer directs the earrierCarrier, in writing by email or another electronic communication, to unload or deliver property at a location that will be unattended.
6. The amount of liability a carriefCarrier must assume depends on the level of valuation protection selected by the customer and the customer-declared value, as indicated on the bill of lading. Before providing service, the carrierCarrier must require the customer to state in writing on the bill of lading either the declared value of the shipment in cents per pound or a lump sum value for the entire shipment. If the carrierCarrier fails to obtain the customer's declared value, the value will be based on the net weight or constructive weight of the shipment.

- For long distance moves, the weight of the shipment is determined by recording the net weight.
- For local moves, the weight of the shipment is determined by recording the constructive weight. Constructive weight is calculated by multiplying seven pounds times each cubic foot of space used in the moving vehicle.

9. The customer may choose from three valuation options to determine the liability the earrierCarrier must assume for loss or damage. Each option has a different cost to the customer and represents a different level of carriefCarrier responsibility. The customer has the following valuation protection options and must, on the face of the bill of lading, select one of the options. The carriefCarrier must not load the customer's goods until the customer selects an option and makes the appropriate notation on the bill of lading.
a. Option 1 - Basic Value Protection. This is the most economical protection option available to a customer and is the minimum level of responsibility a carrierCarrier must assume for a household goods shipment. This option provides coverage at $\$ 0.60$ per pound per item. In case of loss or damage, the liability is $\$ 0.60$ times the net weight of the lost or damaged goods. In the event of a loss or damage to one of a matched pair or set of items, the carrierCarrier's maximum liability will be limited to the damage or loss of only the individual item.

The customer incurs no additional cost for this level of coverage.
a-b. Option 2 - Replacement Cost Coverage with Deductible. This option provides full value coverage less a $\$ 300$ deductible to the customer and a maximum earrierCarrier liability up to the declared value or $\$ 5.00$ times the net weight of the shipment, whichever is greater. If the customer fails to select a level of valuation protection on the bill of lading, replacement value protection will be the default level in the case of a loss or damage claim.

In the case of loss or damage the carrierCarrier must repair the damaged goods to the customer's satisfaction, reimburse the customer or replace the damaged goods for any amount above the $\$ 300$ deductible. The $\$ 300$ deductible applies to the entire shipment rather than each individual item.

For example, if the value of three lost items equals a replacement cost of $\$ 500$, the earrierCarrier would be liable for \$200 (\$500 less \$300 deductible).

In the event of a loss or damage to one of a matched pair or set of items, the earrierCarrier's maximum liability will be limited to the damage or loss of only the individual item, subject to declared value limitations. If the carrierCarrier decides to reimburse for or replace a lost or damaged item, the earrierCarrier may claim the lost or damaged item as its property.

The basis for valuation of the following items will revert to depreciated or fair market value, even if the customer selects Option 2. The customer must provide information about these items and the carrierCarrier must list these items separately on an inventory that accompanies the bill of lading.

- Any item which inherently cannot be replaced with new items such as antiques, fine art, paintings and statuary.
- Items for which age or history contributes substantially to their value such as memorabilia, souvenirs and collector's items.


Effective:

| $\$ 0.55$ | $\$ 1.15$ |
| :--- | :---: |

The cost to the customer for replacement cost coverage with deductible is calculated by:
i. Multiplying the net weight of the shipment by $\$ 5.00$; rounding to the nearest increment of $\$ 100$.
ii. Obtaining the customer's declared value of the shipment.
iii. Determining the greater of (i) or (ii), above.
iv. Charging the customer a minimum of $\$ 0.55$ and a maximum of $\$ 1.15$ for every $\$ 100$ as calculated in (iii), above.
b.c. Option 3 - Replacement Cost Coverage with No Deductible. This option provides full value replacement coverage for the customer and a maximum carriefCarrier liability up to the declared value or $\$ 5.00$ times the net weight of the shipment, whichever is greater.

In the case of loss or damage the earrierCarrier will either repair, to the customer's satisfaction, reimburse, or replace the lost or damaged item.

If the earriefCarrier decides to reimburse for or replace a lost or damaged item, the earrierCarrier may claim the lost or damaged item as its property.

| Rate applying per $\$ 100$ of weight value (Declared value or $\$ 5.00$ times <br> the net weight of the shipment, whichever is greater, rounded to the <br> nearest increment of $\$ 100.00$ ) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Minimum | Maximum |
| $\$ 0.66$ | $\$ 1.40$ |

The cost to the customer for replacement cost coverage with no deductible is calculated by:
i. Multiplying the net weight of the shipment by $\$ 5.00$
ii. Rounding to the nearest increment of $\$ 100$.
iii. Charging the customer a minimum of $\$ 0.66$ and a maximum of $\$ 1.40$ for every $\$ 100$ as calculated in (ii), above.

The basis for valuation of the following items will revert to depreciated or fair market value, even if the customer selects Option 3. The customer must provide information about these items and the carrierCarrier must list these items separately on an inventory that accompanies the bill of lading.

- Any item which inherently cannot be replaced with new items such as antiques, fine art, paintings and statuary.
- Items for which age or history contributes substantially to their value such as memorabilia, souvenirs and collector's items.

10. The customer is responsible for any additional insurance he/she wishes to purchase.
11. Following are the fees for valuation of goods while in SIT. The fees are to be charged for each 30 days or portion of 30 days household goods remain in storage. The fees are based on a percentage of the amount paid for transportation valuation. 1
12. 

| Valuation Option Selected | For each 30 days or fraction <br> of 30 days, Percentage of <br> transportation valuation allowed: |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Minimum | Maximum |
| Option 1 - Basic Value Protection | None | None |
| Option 2 - Replacement cost, with deductible | $7.2 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ |
| Option 3 - Replacement cost, no deductible |  |  |

## ITEM 95 - BILLS OF LADING

1. The earrierCarrier must issue a bill of lading for each shipment of household goods transported and must maintain a copy of each bill of lading on file for three years. Both the carrierCarrier and the customer must electronically sign and date the bill of lading. The bill of lading must include, at a minimum, all information described below:
a. The name, permit number, address, and telephone number of the household goods carrierCarrier and the fax, Web site, and e-mail address, if any.
b. The name and telephone number of the customer.
c. The name and telephone number of the consignee, if different than the customer.
d. The exact address of the origin of the move.
e. The exact address of the destination of the move.
f. The exact address of any additional pickup points or stops to partially load or unload.
g. A separate section of the form that includes a declaration of the length of time and location at which the customer wishes property to be stored. For example:
i.

Storage-in-transit (storage for 2990 days or less).
ii. Permanent storage (storage for 30 days or more) than 90 days). ii. -Drop-Off Service
iii. Storage in the carrier's vehicle.
h.g. A separate section of the form that indicates whether the associated estimate is binding or nonbinding.
i-h. A statement that the carrierCarrier must release the shipment to a customer upon payment of no more than 110 percent of the estimated charges when the earrierCarrier uses a nonbinding estimate.
j.i._A statement that the earrierCarrier will extend credit for at least 30 days and that within such period the customer must pay the remainder due. The carrierCarrier may establish its own credit policy, but it must allow at least 30 days and must disclose its policy to the customer on the bill of lading. The earrierCarrier may not require the customer to pay more than 125 percent of the non-binding estimate plus supplemental estimates. (The 125 percent does not include any finance-related charges the earrierCarrier may assess for extending credit, such as interest or late payment fees.)
K.j. A section where the customer must select, by signing his or her initials, the type of loss and damage protection (valuation) for the shipment. This section must read as follows:

LOSS AND DAMAGE PROTECTION (Valuation): The customer must select and initial only one of the following options:

> Basic value protection. I release this shipment to a value of 60 cents per pound per article, at no cost to me. This means I will be paid 60 cents per pound for the net weight of the lost or damaged item, regardless of the actual value of the item.

Replacement cost coverage with deductible which includes a $\$ 300$ deductible paid by me. This option will cost $\$$ $\qquad$ .
The value I declare must be at least $\$ 5.00$ times the net weight of the shipment.
$\qquad$ Replacement cost coverage with no deductible, at a cost of $\$$ . The value I declare must be at least $\$ 5.00$ times the net weight of the shipment. I declare a lump sum total dollar valuation on this entire shipment of \$ $\qquad$ . 1
t.k. If the shipment will be calculated using mileage rates, include:
i. The mileage of the move.
ii. The net weight of the shipment, either by constructive or actual weight as evidenced by documentation of the constructive weight calculation or the actual weight ticket.
$\qquad$ If the shipment will be calculated using hourly rates, include the time the vehicle leaves the carrierCarrier's terminal and the time it returns to the terminal, or when the earrierCarrier was released to go to another customer, and the start, stop, and any interruption time for each employee involved in the move.
A.m. The amount and type of every charge assessed as a separate line item. Each charge must be fully described in sufficient detail to determine if proper rates were charged according to the tariff or, where no tariff charges exist, in sufficient detail to determine the exact nature, number, and type of charges.
2. Information That Must Be Included on the Back of the Bill of Lading

The following terms and conditions which govern transportation of household goods in Washington intrastate commerce must be printed on the back of the Bill of Lading:

## CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF UNIFORM HOUSEHOLD GOODS BILL OF LADING

The following terms and conditions apply to all services performed by the carrierCarrier under this contract. This contract is also subject to all rules, rates, and charges in the current tariff published by, or on file with, the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission:

SECTION 1. (A) THE CARRIERCARRIER IS LIABLE for physical loss of, or damage to, any article from external cause while being packed, unpacked, loaded, unloaded, or carried, or held in Storage-in-Transit, including breakage, if the articles are packed by the earrierCarrier and/or if the breakage results from negligence of the carrierCarrier. The carrierCarrier is liable directly to the customer for loss and damage, regardless of any cargo insurance policies the earrierCarrier may have. The carrierCarrier's liability is subject to the limitations of liability described in Section 2.

Customers may include the following items in a shipment however, the earrierCarrier is not responsible for the condition or safe delivery of:

- Coins, currency, deeds, notes, postage stamps, letters, drafts or valuable papers of any kind.

Effective:

- Jewelry, precious stones, or precious metals.
- Items of extraordinary value.
- Items requiring temperature control.
- Household pets.
- Live plants.
- Perishable items.
- Furniture or other items made of pressboard, particle board or similar pressed material.
(B) THE GARRIERCARRIER IS NOT LIABLE for the loss of or damage to any article from external cause while being carried or held by a third partyin Storage-in-Transit, due to the following circumstances:
a. Breakage, when items are packed by the customer or the customer's representative unless it can be proved that the breakage resulted from negligence by the mover in handling the articles.
b. Internal damage to electronics (radios, stereos, VHS players, CD/DVD players, televisions, computers, printers, scanners, etc.) when no visible damage to the external packaging or contents exists or if the item was packed by the customer or the customer's representative.
c. Loss or damage from insects, moths, vermin, mold, fungus or bacteria within the customer's belongings or that develop therein due to conditions present before the carrierCarrier picks up the customer's belongings.
d. Loss or damage because the item was in an obvious state of disrepair at the time of shipment, provided that the earrierCarrier noted the disrepair on the inventory.
e. An act, omission, or order of the customer, or loss or damage resulting from the customer's inclusion in the shipment of such articles as explosives, dangerous articles or dangerous goods.
f. Defective design of an article, including susceptibility to damage because of atmospheric conditions such as temperature or humidity changes.
g. Hostile or warlike action or use of any weapon of war (in time of peace or war), terrorism, insurrection, rebellion, revolution, civil war, usurped power, and action taken in hindering, combating, or defending against such occurrences: a) by any government or sovereign power, or by authority maintaining or using military forces; by military forces; or, c) by an agent of such government, power, authority or forces.
h. Seizure, confiscation or destruction under quarantine by order of any government or public authority.
i. Strikes, lockouts, labor disturbances, riots, civil commotions or the acts of any person or persons taking part in any such occurrence or disorder.
j. Acts of God.

GarrierCarriers will not accept the following items for shipment:

1. Explosives.
2. Dangerous goods.
3. Property liable to damage carriefCarrier equipment or other property.

The customer assumes all liability for goods he/she leaves unattended before pickup by the earrierCarrier. The customer also assumes all liability for goods when the customer directs the earrierCarrier, in writing, to unload or deliver property at a location that will be unattended.

SECTION 2. The earrierCarrier's maximum liability shall be determined based on the valuation option selected by the customer on the face of this contract.
(A) If the customer selected Basic Value Protection, the carrierCarrier's maximum liability shall be the actual loss or damage not exceeding $\$ 0.60$ per pound of weight of any lost or damaged article(s).
(B) If the customer selected Replacement Cost Coverage with Deductible, the earrierCarrier's maximum liability shall be the amount of the actual loss or damage less a $\$ 300$ deductible not exceeding $\$ 5.00$ times the net weight of the shipment, or the lump sum declared value, whichever is greater. This option is the option that will apply if the customer fails to indicate a choice on the face of this contract and the customer will be liable for charges applying to this option.
(C) If the customer selected Replacement Cost Coverage, the earrierCarrier's maximum liability shall be the amount of the actual loss or damage not exceeding $\$ 5.00$ times the net weight of the shipment, or the lump sum declared value, whichever is greater.
The customer is responsible for any additional insurance the customer wishes to purchase.
SECTION 3. Unless specific arrangements have been authorized by this contract, the earrierCarrier is not required to transport the customer's goods by any particular schedule, means, or vehicle and is not liable for delays resulting from causes other than negligence of the carrierCarrier. Further, in case of unforeseen circumstances which prevent the carrierCarrier from completing delivery, the earrierCarrier has the right to forward the customer's property by another earrierCarrier.

SECTION 4. (A) The customer must pay all legal charges. (B) If the carrierCarrier is required to refer this contract for collection of charges due to an attorney, shipper agrees to pay reasonable attorney fees and collection costs. (C) If this contract is referred to a court for resolution, the losing party shall be responsible for payment of the other party's reasonable attorney fees and court costs. (D) The customer shall be responsible to indemnify the earrierCarrier against loss or damage caused by inclusion in the shipment of explosives, dangerous articles, or dangerous goods.

## SECTION 5.

(A) A earrierCarrier may place a shipment into storage at the public warehouse nearest the point of destination if the earrierCarrier is unable to make a delivery because:

1. The earrierCarrier was unable to locate a customer at the address given on the bill of lading or the correct address if known by the earrierCarrier.
2. The customer refused or was unable to accept delivery.
3. The customer (for a shipment moving on a non-binding estimate) was unable or refused to pay up to 110 percent of the amount of the original estimate plus supplements, if any.
(B) The carrierCarrier's liability as a common carrierCarrier ends with delivery to the public warehouse or Carrier's permanent storage facility. The shipment becomes subject to the warehouse's liability, terms, and conditions.
(C) The carrierCarrier must notify the customer by every means of contact the carrierCarrier has for the customer, including telephone, e-mail, and fax, and the earrierCarrier must mail or deliver a written notice to the destination address advising that it was unable to make delivery and advising the customer of the name, address e-mail address, if applicable, and telephone number of the warehouse where the shipment is stored.
(D) If the customer does not receive or claim the shipment within 30 days after the earrierCarrier mailed or delivered the written notice required in Item 40(3), the shipment becomes subject to disposition by the carrierCarrier in accordance with the Washington State Uniform Commercial Code, Chapter 62A. 7 RCW.

SECTION 6. To receive compensation for a claim for loss, damage, overcharge, injury or delay, the customer must file a written claim with the carrierCarrier within nine months after delivery. In the case of failure to make delivery, the claim must be filed within nine months after a reasonable time for delivery has elapsed. Claims must contain sufficient information to identify the property involved. A copy of the original paid transportation bill, bill of lading contract or shipping receipt must accompany the written claim.

## ITEM 100 - STORAGE

Customers may choose to either provide their own storage or store items with the earrierCarrier or the earrierCarrier's agent.

1. Customer-provided storage. If the customer rents, leases or otherwise provides a storage unit independent of the carrierCarrier and requests the carrierCarrier deliver the goods to the customer- provided storage unit, the earrierCarrier's liability ends at the delivery. The storage unit becomes the final destination.
2. Storage provided by the carrierCarrier or the carrierCarrier's agent. The customer may choose from the following storage options provided by the earrierCarrier or the carrierCarrier's agent. The requirements below apply only to storage provided by the earrierCarrier or the earrierCarrier's agent.

- Storage-in-Transit (SIT) is temporary warehouse storage of a shipment for 90 days or less pending further transportation. Property may be placed into SIT one or more times._ but may not exceed a total of 90 days. This temporary storage may be in either a warehouse owned by the carrier or in a warehouse the carrier has chosen as its agent. Liability for the shipment while in SIT is the responsibility of the Cearrier. A move that contains SIT is one continuous move from origin to SIT to the final destination.
- Permanent storage is warehouse storage of a shipment for 30 days or longer than 90 days and includes Drop-Off Service.- The final destination of the move is the warehouse. The GarrierCarrier's liability for the shipment ends upon delivery to the warehouse. Liability for the shipment while in permanent storage is the responsibility of the warehouse.

Storage-in-Vehicle (SIV) - For information related to temporary SIV, refer to Item 101.

Small Goods Transportation and Storage - For information related to Small Goods Transportation and Storage, refer to Item 102.
a. Customer choice of storage. The carrierCarrier must ensure that the customer specifically chooses Storage-in-Transit (SIT), Permanent Storage, Storage-in-Vehicle (SIV), or Small Goods Transportation and Storage or Drop-Off Service service by electronic signing or initialing on the bill of lading. The customer is responsible for the added charges for storage service, warehouse handling and final delivery of the shipment.
b. Storage records required. Both the earrierCarrier and warehouse must maintain a descriptive inventory on any shipment placed in storage. Storage records must show all of the following:
i. An itemized list of the items in the shipment and the number on the bill of lading or Small Goods Transportation and Storage contract used for the shipment.
ii. The origin and destination points of the shipment.
iii. The condition of each article when it was received by the earrierfarrier and unloaded at the warehouse.
iv. The dates when all charges, advances, or payments were made or received.
v. The dates the shipment was delivered into, and forwarded from, the warehouse.

## 2. Storage-in-Transit (SIT)

a. Charges due when a shipment is placed into SIT: On the date a shipment is placed into SIT the carrier may bill the customer for all of the following:
i. The tariff charges for transporting the shipment from the origin to the warehouse as determined by Items 200, 201, and/or 230.
ii. The storage charges for the first 30-day period as determined by the chart below.
iii. Charges for any additional services such as container prices, overtime incurred or third-party services.
iv. Warehouse handling-in charges as determined by the chart in Item 100(3)(b).
v.

Charges for loss and damage protection (valuation) as determined by Item 90(9) and 90(11).
b. Charges for SIT and warehouse handling charges in accordance with the tariff must be shown on the written estimate.

| Service | Rates to be <br> charged per 100 <br> pounds stored - <br> Minimum | Rates to be charged <br> per 100 pounds <br> stored <br> - Maximum |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| For each 30-day period, <br> or portion of a 30-day | $\$ 0.0098$ | $\$ 5.85$ |

Effective:

| period, goods remain in <br> storage |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Warehouse handling in <br> or out | $\$ 0 . \underline{0089}$ | $\$ 8.98$ |

c.

Removing a portion of the property from SIT: A customer may remove a portion of the property from SIT if all charges for the shipment have been paid in full or the customer and carrier have negotiated payment arrangements. If the customer requests the carrier deliver the portion of the property removed from SIT, the carrier will charge for delivery as if it were a separate shipment with the origin being the SIT warehouse.

SIT charges for the balance of the SIT period will be based on the gross weight of goods remaining in storage. Charges for transportation furnished, if any, for the delivery of the remainder of the shipment will be based on the net weight remaining in SIT, or calculated at hourly rates if the destination is 55 miles or less from the storage facility.
No property may be removed from the carrier's or agent's warehouse until the customer pays all lawful charges or negotiates satisfactory payment arrangements.

Adding property to a SIT shipment: During the SIT period, the customer may add additional property to the property already in SIT. The following charges and rules will apply: i. If the carrier transports the additional property to SIT, charges will be calculated from origin to the warehouse by using proper tariff rates.
ii. Warehouse handling-in charges as shown in the table below.
iii. All subsequent charges, including SIT fees, will be based on the net weight of the combined shipment.
d. Warehouse handling charges: The customer must pay warehouse handling charges if the warehouse is required to un-stack or restack the shipment, or a portion of the shipment, to facilitate the customer's selection of property as determined by the chart below.

| Service | Rates to be <br> charged per 100 <br> pounds stored |  | Minimum charge per <br> occurrence |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Minimu <br> m | Maximu <br> m | Minimu <br> m | Maximu <br> m |
| Warehouse handling, <br> stacking or restacking to <br> withdraw property from SIT | $\$ \underline{0.007}$ <br> 78 | $\$ 11.10$ | $\$ 0.008-$ <br> 92 | $\$ 55.51$ |
| Warehouse handling in or <br> out | $\$ 0.008$ <br> 9 | $\$ 8.98$ | $\$ 0.004$. <br> 47 | $\$ 44.91$ |

e. If the customer does not remove the shipment from SIT within $\mathbf{9 0}$ days:
i. The carrier's liability terminates at midnight on the 90th day.
ii. The warehouse is considered the final destination of the shipment.
iii. The warehouse is considered to be the agent of the customer and the property becomes subject to the rules, regulations and charges of the warehouse.

Effective:
iv.

The carrier must bill the customer for all charges accrued within the 90day period.
f. Delivery from SIT requested, but not provided: If a customer notifies the carrier at least 15 days before the end of a 30 -day SIT period that the customer wants the property delivered, but the carrier does not make the delivery by the end of that period, the carrier cannot charge any additional SIT or storage charges. All other SIT provisions will apply until the carrier can deliver the property.
g. Change in destination from that shown on the original bill of lading: The customer may change the destination originally shown on the bill of lading for the property in SIT by notifying the carrier. When the carrier receives the notice, the carrier will make a notation on the bill of lading indicating that the customer requested the change.
h. Rates and charges to be assessed if there is a rate increase while property is in SIT: Rates that were in effect on the date the shipment was loaded at the point of origin will remain in effect until delivery of the shipment at the point of destination.
i. Transferring property from SIT into permanent storage: i. The customer may at any time decide to transfer property from SIT to permanent storage by providing written notice to the carrier and the warehouse.
ii. Once property is transferred to permanent storage, the warehouse is considered the destination of the shipment.
iii. Within seven days of receiving notice that the customer wants the property moved into permanent storage, the carrier must provide a final bill for all SIT charges due.
iv. The carrier's liability for the property ends when the property is transferred into permanent storage.
j. Charges due when a shipment is delivered to the final destination:
i. The tariff charges for transporting the shipment from the warehouse to the final destination as determined by Items 200, 201, and/or 230.
ii. The storage charges for any additional 30-day periods or portion of a 30-
day period.
iii. Warehouse handling-out charges as determined by the chart in

Item 100(3)(b).
iv.
as determined by Item 90(11).

## 3. Permanent Storage

Liability for the property while in permanent storage is the responsibility of the warehouse. Loss and damage protection (valuation coverage) for the property must be purchased from the warehouse.

## ITEM 101 - STORAGE-IN-VEHICLE

"Storage-in-Vehicle" (SIV) is temporary storage of a shipment that remains on or in the carrier's vehicle (van or trailer) instead of being placed in a warehouse. This service is provided at carrier's convenience.

1. The customer may request, and the carrier may offer, SIV when:
a. The shipment will remain in SIV for not more than a total of 15 days. If SIV is needed for longer than 15 days, the carrier and customer must agree on the length of the extension.
b. The vehicle containing the customer's shipment will be parked in a safe, secured area at all times.
c. The vehicle will be securely locked at all times.
d. The carrier accepts responsibility for any loss or damage occurring while the shipment is in SIV. Reimbursement is determined based on the valuation option selected by the customer on the bill of lading.

The rate for providing SIV is:

| Per 24 hours or fraction thereof |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Minimum | Maximum |
| $\$ 0.0066 .20$ | $\$ 137.93$ |

2. No handling in or handling out charges apply.
3. A notation must be made on the bill of lading or estimate showing the customer agrees to SIV, and the rate agreed upon.

Notation must be substantially equal to:
"I certify that I have requested Storage-in-Vehicle for a period of $\qquad$ days at an agreed upon rate of \$ $\qquad$ per day.
Signature of customer $\qquad$ ."

## ITEM 102 - SMALL GOODS TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE

"Small Goods Transportation and Storage" " Carriers that own, lease or rent storage facilities may provide packing, moving, transportation and storage services under Item 102. is the transportation of household goods by a carrier from a customer's residence to a warehouse, storage unit, or other storage facility owned or rented by the carrier with the intent to later transport the goods back to the customer's residence It is expected that Customer may request Carrier pick up or drop off such household goods multiple times in between the original pick up and final drop off. - Under this Item 102, Due to the limited size and volume of the household goods to be included in Small Goods Transportation and Storage, the household goods of one customer may be stored in the same warehouse, storage unit, or other storage facility as another customer's household goods. As multiple customers' goods may be held in the same location, no customer may have physical access to the goods while in storage.

## 1. Application of Tariff

a
Carriers engaged in Small Goods Transportation and Storage must comply with all provisions of this Tariff unless otherwise noted.

## 2. Limitations

a. Small Goods Transportation and Storage is limited to a shipment of twenty-five household goods articles or a maximum of 500 pounds from each customer per week.
b. For purposes of Small Goods Transportation and Storage, a household goods article is defined as a box containing household goods that can reasonably be carried by one person or an unboxed household good that can reasonably be carried by one person.

## 3. Return of Household Goods

a. A Cearrier must, upon request by the customer and upon receipt of final payment, retrieve the household goods and return the household goods to the customer within three business days.
b. When household goods cannot be returned to the customer through no fault of the Cearrier, the Cearrier must retain possession of the household goods until the circumstances resulting in the failed return are remedied. The customer may be liable for any additional charges resulting from the failed return.

## 4. Rates and Charges

a. Except as otherwise provided, Small Goods Transportation and Storage is exempt from the rates, rules, and charges in Section 2 and Section 3 of this Tariff. For Small Goods Transportation and Storage moves, Carrier may charge as follows:
b. Original pick up with storage services. In addition to a monthly storage fee, Carrier may charge one or more of the following pricing options:
i. a flat fee for transportation based on the storage plan cubic feet ${ }^{1}$ -
ii. an hourly fee for labor based on the storage plan cubic feet, consistent with the rates described in Item 230(6);
iii. a flat rate per item ${ }^{2}$ -
c. Subsequent ${ }^{3}$ - pick up or return with storage services. For any subsequent pick up or returns, Carrier may charge one or more of the following pricing options:
i. a flat fee for transportation ${ }^{4}$ :
ii. an hourly fee for labor based on the storage plan cubic feet consistent with the rates described in Item 230(6);
iii. a flat rate per item:-
d. Final Drop Off (return). For the final drop off, Carrier may charge one or more of the following pricing options:

[^0]i. a flat fee for transportation based on the storage plan cubic feet ${ }^{6}$.
ii. an hourly fee for labor based on the storage plan cubic feet consistent with the rates described in Item 230(6);
iii. a flat rate per item.?
a.
5. Contracts and Records
a. Small Goods Transportation and Storage is exempt from the requirement to issue a Bill of Lading under Item 95, but Carrier may elect to use the Commission's standard Bill of Lading, Item 95.
b.

## If Carrier elects to not use a Bill of Lading, aA carrier of Small Goods

Transportation and Storage must issue a contract to the customer and must maintain a copy of each contract on file for three years from the date the contract is completed. The customer must sign and date the contract.
c. A contract for Small Goods Transportation and Storage must include, at a minimum, the following:
i.
the name, permit number, address, and telephone number of the carrier and the fax number, website, and e-mail address, if any;
ii. the name, telephone number, e-mail address, if available, and mailing address of the customer;
iii.
the name and telephone number of the consignee, if different than
the customer;
iv. the exact address of the origin of the shipment;
$v$. the exact address where the goods will be stored;
vi. the exact address of the final destination, if known.
vii. the number of boxes in the shipment;
viii. the charge(s) to be assessed per box by the carrier;
ix. the amount and type of every charge assessed as a separate line item.

Each charge must be fully described in sufficient detail to determine the exact nature, number, and type of charges;
$x$. a section where the customer must select the type of loss and damage protection (valuation) for the shipment, providing the options listed in Item 95(1)(k); xi. a section informing the customer of the Contract Terms and Conditions, as found in Item 102(8);
xii. a binding price for return of the household goods to the customer within three business days of the customer's request for return;
xiii. a section informing the customer that if the return of the household goods cannot be made through no fault of the carrier, then the carrier will retain possession of the goods until the circumstances resulting in the failed return

[^1]are remedied and the customer may be liable for any additional charges that result from the failed return;
xiv. a section informing the customer of the steps that the carrier will take if
the carrier ceases operation;
$x v$. Optional: a section allowing for the customer to agree to
electronic communications.

## 6. Carrier Liability

a. The carrier's liability for the household goods does not cease until the household goods are returned to the customer.
b. $\quad$ The amount of liability is determined consistent with Item 90 and Item 95.

## 7. Cessation of Service

a. No carrier with Small Goods Transportation and Storage may cease operation in all or any portion of the state unless it first provides notice at least 60 days in advance of cessation of service to the Commission and to each of its customers.
b. $\quad$ The notice to the Commission must be written notice and must include:
i. the name of the exiting carrier;
ii. the date the Small Goods Transportation and Storage service will cease;
iii. the number of customers who will be affected by the cessation of
service;
iv. the names and contact information of all customers who will be affected
by the cessation of service; and,
v. the exact address and location of the warehouse, storage unit, or other storage facility wherein the customers' household goods are held.
c. The notice to each customer must be either written notice or electronic notice, if the customer has agreed to electronic notification from the carrier, and must include:
i. the date the Small Goods Transportation and Storage service will cease; ii. information on how to contact the exiting carrier in order to obtain information needed to establish service with another carrier, warehouser, storage unit, or other storage facility; iii. the exact address and location of the warehouse, storage unit, or other storage facility wherein the customers' household goods are held.
d. If the customer does not respond to the notice within 30 days, the carrier must send a second notice by every means of contact the carrier has for the customer. The second notice must include:
i. A statement that if the customer does not receive or claim the goods within 30 days of the date the second notice is provided, the shipment becomes subject to disposition by the carrier (see Item 45).
e. The carrier must provide a final notice to each customer at least ten days before the cessation of service.

## 8. Information That Must Be Included on the Back of the Small Goods Transportation and Storage Contract

The following terms and conditions which govern transportation of household goods in Washington intrastate commerce must be printed on the back of the Small Goods Transportation and Storage Contract:

## CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF UNIFORM HOUSEHOLD GOODS SMALL GOODS

 TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE CONTRACTThe following terms and conditions apply to all services performed by the carrier under this contract. This contract is also subject to all rules, rates, and charges in the current tariff published by, or on file with, the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission:

SECTION 1. (A) THE CARRIER IS LIABLE for physical loss of, or damage to, any article from external cause while being packed, unpacked, loaded, unloaded, carried, or held in Small Goods Transportation and Storage, including breakage, if the articles are packed by the carrier and/or if the breakage results from negligence of the carrier. The carrier is liable directly to the customer for loss and damage, regardless of any cargo insurance policies the carrier may have. The carrier's liability is subject to the limitations of liability described in Section 2.

Customers may include the following items in a shipment however, the carrier is not responsible for the condition or safe delivery of:
[1 Coins, currency, deeds, notes, postage stamps, letters, drafts or valuable papers of any kind.

Jewelry, precious stones, or precious metals.
[] Items of extraordinary value.
[1 Items requiring temperature control.
0 Household pets.
Q Live plants.
(2) Perishable items.
[] Furniture or other items made of pressboard, particle board or similar pressed material.
(B) THE CARRIER IS NOT LIABLE for the loss of or damage to any article from external cause while being carried, or held in Small Goods Transportation and Storage, due to the following circumstances:
a.

Breakage, when items are packed by the customer or the customer's representative unless it can be proved that the breakage resulted from negligence by the carrier in handling the articles.
b. Internal damage to electronics (radios, stereos, VHS players, CD/DVD players, televisions, computers, printers, scanners, etc.) when no visible damage to the external packaging or contents exists or if the item was packed by the customer or the customer's representative.
c. Loss or damage from insects, moths, vermin, mold, fungus or bacteria within the customer's belongings or that develop therein due to conditions present before the carrier picks up the customer's belongings.
d. Loss or damage because the item was in an obvious state of disrepair at the time of shipment, provided that the carrier noted the disrepair on the inventory.
e. An act, omission, or order of the customer, or loss or damage resulting from the customer's inclusion in the shipment of such articles as explosives, dangerous articles or dangerous goods.
f. Defective design of an article, including susceptibility to damage because of atmospheric conditions such as temperature or humidity changes.
g. Hostile or warlike action or use of any weapon of war (in time of peace or war), terrorism, insurrection, rebellion, revolution, civil war, usurped power, and action taken in hindering, combating, or defending against such occurrences: a) by any government or sovereign power, or by authority maintaining or using military forces;
b) by military forces; or, c) by an agent of such government, power, authority or forces.
h. Seizure, confiscation or destruction under quarantine by order of any government or public authority.
i. Strikes, lockouts, labor disturbances, riots, civil commotions or the acts of any person or persons taking part in any such occurrence or disorder.
j. Acts of God.

Carriers will not accept the following items for shipment:

1. Explosives.
2. Dangerous goods.
3. Property liable to damage carrier equipment or other property.

The customer assumes all liability for goods he/she leaves unattended before pickup by the carrier. The customer also assumes all liability for goods when the customer directs the carrier, in writing, to unload or deliver property at a location that will be unattended.

SECTION 2. The carrier's maximum liability shall be determined based on the valuation option selected by the customer on the face of this contract.
(A) If the customer selected Basic Value Protection, the carrier's maximum liability shall be the actual loss or damage not exceeding $\$ 0.60$ per pound of weight of any lost or damaged article(s).
(B) If the customer selected Replacement Cost Coverage with Deductible, the carrier's liability is the actual loss or damage incurred, less a $\$ 300$ deductible. The carrier's maximum liability is limited to the greater of either:

The net weight of the shipment multiplied by $\$ 5.00$, or
(2)

The lump sum value declared by the customer.
(C) If the customer selected Replacement Cost Coverage, the carrier's maximum liability shall be the amount of the actual loss or damage not exceeding $\$ 5.00$ times the net weight of the shipment, or the lump sum declared value, whichever is greater.
The customer is responsible for any additional insurance the customer wishes to purchase.

SECTION 3. Unless specific arrangements have been authorized by this contract, the carrier is not required to transport the customer's goods by any particular schedule, means, or vehicle and is not liable for delays resulting from causes other than negligence of the carrier. Further, in case of unforeseen circumstances which prevent the carrier from completing delivery, the carrier has the right to forward the customer's property by another carrier.

SECTION 4. (A) The customer must pay all legal charges. (B) If the carrier is required to refer this contract for collection of charges due to an attorney, shipper agrees to pay reasonable attorney fees and collection costs. (C) If this contract is referred to a court for resolution, the losing party shall be responsible for payment of the other party's reasonable attorney fees and court costs.
(D) The customer shall be responsible to indemnify the carrier against loss or damage caused by inclusion in the shipment of explosives, dangerous articles, or dangerous goods.

SECTION 5. To receive compensation for a claim for loss, damage, overcharge, injury or delay, the customer must file a written claim with the carrier within nine months after delivery. In the case of failure to make delivery, the claim must be filed within nine months after a reasonable time for delivery has elapsed. Claims must contain sufficient information to identify the property involved. A copy of the original paid transportation bill, Small Goods Transportation and Storage contract or shipping receipt must accompany the written claim.

## Section 2

## LONG DISTANCE (MILEAGE-RATED) MOVES

Rates, Rules and Charges Shown in This Section Apply to Shipments Moving More Than 55 Miles1

## ITEM 105 - GENERAL APPLICATION OF RATES FOR LONG DISTANCE (MILEAGE-RATED) MOVES

1. Rates in this section apply to moves of more than 55 miles.
2. A carriefCarrier may only charge a customer mileage rates for a one-way trip (from origin to destination).
3. Rates include use of vehicle, equipment, and labor for receiving and/or delivering household goods at ground level.
4. Rates do not include furnishing of containers, packing, unpacking, marking, storing, hoisting, extra stops, or any applicable fuel surcharges.
5. Rates do not include handling, loading or unloading articles weighing 1,000 pounds or more. If performed by the earrierCarrier at the request of the customer, the charges for such services will be assessed in addition to transportation charges.
6. Rates do not include any applicable per-diem charges if employees are required to stay overnight. The charges for such services, as identified in Item 200 of this tariff, may be assessed in addition to transportation charges.
7. GarrierCarriers must use a mileage guide that calculates mileage using the most current version of the Household Goods GarrierCarriers Bureau Mileage guide to determine mileage or other mileage calculation software, such as Rand McNally's Mile Maker, that results in the same mileage calculation as the Household Goods GarrierCarriers Bureau Mileage guide.
8. The minimum charge for any shipment will be calculated on a weight of seven pounds per cubic foot of properly loaded vehicle space used. Both the minimum charge weight and the actual weight must be shown on the bill of lading.

## ITEM 115 - WEIGHT OF SHIPMENT

1. Tariff rates and charges shall be computed on the net weight plus all additives of the shipment.
2. GarrierCarriers must calculate all tare and loaded weights by having the motor vehicle weighed by a certified weighmaster or on a certified scale.
3. GarriefCarriers must obtain a certified tare weight either prior to loading the customer's goods or immediately after the shipment is unloaded.
4. GarrierCarriers must obtain a certified loaded weight at the point of origin or:
a. If no certified scale is available at the point of origin, the carrierCarrier may obtain the loaded weight at the first certified scale located along the route of travel to the destination point or at the destination point.
b. If no certified scale is available at the point of origin, at a point along the route to the destination, or at the destination point, the earriefCarrier may use the constructive weight of the shipment.
5. GarrierCarriers must maintain all weight tickets or documentation of the calculation of weight with the bill of lading.
6. The weight ticket or other documentation must include the name of the carrierCarrier and the name of the customer.
7. GarrierCarriers are responsible for obtaining the weight and providing that information to the customer upon request.

## ITEM 140 -- BULKY ARTICLES AND WEIGHT ADDITIVES

1. Some articles, because of their size and shape, may require additional special handling or take up a disproportionate amount of space in the earrierCarrier's vehicle. There is an additional cost for moving these articles.
2. For some articles there is a charge per article and for other articles, there is an additional amount of weight added to the actual weight of the shipment (weight additive) to compensate for the extra space used, or for the additional handling required.
3. The weight additives and/or additional charges listed do not apply if an article is capable of being conveniently hand-carried by one person and/or transported in a standard moving carton.

The following table lists the charges or weight additives for each type of article:

| Type of Article | Additional Charge |  | Weight Additive in Pounds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Minimum | Maximum |  |
| Airplanes, ultra lights, or gliders (does not include hang gliders) | n/a | n/a | 120 pounds per linear foot of the total length of the fuselage |
| Animal houses, kennels | \$0.0088.72 | \$184.81 | n/a |
| Automobiles | \$0.0094.54 | \$196.98 | n/a |
| Bath or hot tubs, spas, whirlpool baths, jacuzzis (if they are transported set up, not dismantled) | \$0.0088.72 | \$184.81 | n/a |
| Boats and sailboats -Less than 14 feet in length, whether mounted on trailers or not mounted (including outboard engine) | n/a | n/a | 700 pounds |
| -14 feet in length or longer, mounted on trailers (including outboard engine) | n/a | n/a | 2,500 pounds |
| Boat trailers, any length, without boat | n/a | n/a | 1,600 pounds |
| Campers (does not include canopies) when not mounted on trucks | n/a | n/a | 7,000 pounds |
| Canoes, skiffs, rowboats, dinghies, skulls, kayaks <br> - Not over 13feet in total length | \$0.0047.62 | \$99.23 | n/a |
| - 14 feet in length or longer, whether mounted on trailers or not mounted | n/a | n/a | 700 pounds |

Effective:

| Type of Article | Additional Charge |  | Weight Additive in Pounds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Minimum | Maximum |  |
| Canopies of any size that are not mounted on a truck | n/a | n/a | 700 pounds |
| Clocks, grandfather or grandmother (if transported set up, not dismantled) | \$0.0023.68 | \$49.33 | n/a |
| Doll houses, playhouses | \$0.0088.62 | \$185.10 | n/a |
| Dune buggies | \$0.0094.54 | \$196.98 | n/a |
| Golf carts, motorized | \$0.0047.62 | \$99.23 | n/a |
| Horse trailers | n/a | n/a | 7,000 pounds |
| Jet skis | \$0.0047.62 | \$99.23 | n/a |
| Mobile homes, mini | n/a | n/a | 7,000 pounds |
| Motorcycles, motorbikes, go-carts, three- and four-wheel all terrain vehicles | \$0.0047.62 | \$99.23 | n/a |
| Pick-up trucks |  |  |  |
| - Not including mounted canopies or campers | \$0.0094.54 | \$196.98 | n/a |
| - With mounted campers or canopies | $\frac{\$ 0.00147 .8}{z}$ | \$307.96 | n/a |
| Riding lawn mowers | \$0.0047.62 | \$99.23 | n/a |
| including all mountings, stands, and other accessories and equipment (excluding those which may be easily handled and carried by one person) | \$0.0070.90 | \$147.73 | n/a |
| Snowmobiles | \$0.0047.62 | \$99.23 | n/a |
| Sport utility trucks | $\frac{\$ 0.00147 .8}{z}$ | \$307.96 | n/a |
| Televisions, large screen (40" screen and over) | \$0.0070.90 | \$147.73 | n/a |
| Tool sheds, utility sheds | \$0.0088.71 | \$184.81 | n/a |
| Tractors (less than 25 horsepower) | \$0.0047.62 | \$99.23 | n/a |
| Trailers (including utility and pop-up) |  |  |  |
| - Not over13 feet in total length | \$0.0047.62 | \$99.23 | n/a |

Effective:

| -14 feet in total length or <br> longer | $\$ \underline{0.0053 .30}$ | $\$ 111.05$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trailers, travel campers (does <br> not include utility and pop-up) | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |  |
| Vans, any size | $\frac{\$ 0.00147 .8}{z}$ | $\$ 307.96$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |

4. The bulky article charge or weight additive applies whether the article is assembled, partially disassembled, or disassembled unless otherwise noted. The weight additive will be based on the longest disassembled part.
5. The weight additive applies for each item individually.
6. When figuring the length of an item, all fractions of a foot are disregarded. (Example: a boat thirteen foot eleven inches in length is considered a thirteen-foot boat.)
7. There are two acceptable methods for determining the length of all watercraft:
a. The manufacturer's declaration of "center line length" or "overall length"; or
b. Measuring down the middle of the boat from the transom to the point of the bow.

If the household goods earrierCarrier is asked by the customer to include light or bulky items not shown on the chart in this tariff item, the earrierCarrier may assess a weight additive based on seven pounds per cubic foot of space the article will use in a properly loaded trailer.

## ITEM 145 - DELAY OF SHIPMENTS FOR AVAILABILITY OF EQUIPMENT OR CONSOLIDATION WITH OTHER SHIPMENTS1

1. GarrierCarriers must not delay delivery of shipments weighing 5,000 pounds or more for availability of equipment or consolidation with other shipments. GarrierCarriers must directly deliver (expedite) all shipments weighing 5,000 pounds or more.
2. GarrierCarriers must not delay delivery of shipments weighing less than 5,000 pounds if the customer agrees to pay a minimum charge based on up to 5,000 pounds. GarrierCarriers must directly deliver all shipments for which the customer agrees to pay the minimum charge based on up to 5,000 pounds. If the customer agrees to payment of the minimum charge, a notation must be placed on the face of the bill of lading. The customer must sign the notation. The notation must say:

Moving at a weight of
unds. Actual weight
unds.
Agreed to:
(Signature of customer)
3. GarrierCarriers may delay delivery of shipments weighing less than 5,000 pounds for availability of equipment or consolidation with other shipments.
(a) GarrierCarriers must promptly remove from the customer's premises all articles to be held pending available equipment or consolidation with another shipment and must not charge the customer for storage, storage valuation, handling in or out, or storage-in-transit charges for the time a shipment is held.
(b) Unless the carrierCarrier and the customer have agreed to a deliver by date, earrierCarriers must deliver a delayed shipment within 15 calendar days of accepting it.

Effective:

The earrierCarrier and the customer must state the "deliver by date" in writing on the bill of lading by placing the following notation on the face of the bill:
"The customer agrees that delivery may be delayed but shall not be after:_, 19 $\qquad$ .

Agreed to: $\qquad$ , customer."
ii) Once the carrierCarrier agrees to a "deliver by" date, the earrierCarrier must:

Deliver the shipment by that date;

- Renegotiate the deliver-by date with the customer; or
$\bullet$
Make arrangements for another earrierCarrier to do so on its behalf.
(The original earriefCarrier must absorb any additional costs incurred by using the additional carriefCarrier to meet the "deliver by" date.) 1


## ITEM 155-ADDITIONAL STOPS

1. Additional stops are when:
a. The earrierCarrier loads portions of the shipment at more than one site.
b. The carrierCarrier unloads portions of the shipment at more than one site.
c. The earrierCarrier both loads and unloads a portion of the shipment at more than one site.
2. A customer may request that the carrierCarrier provide additional stops. The earrierCarrier may charge for providing this service. The charge for providing additional stops applies in addition to all other applicable charges.
3. The following rate applies when additional stop service is provided:

| Rate per Stop |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Minimum | Maximum |
| $\$ \underline{0.0030 .59}$ | $\$ 71.46$ |

4. Transportation charges on shipments for which the earriefCarrier provides additional stops will be computed on the basis of the total weight of the entire shipment for the total distance from the origin to the destination, via the additional stops.

Example: A shipment originating in Olympia weighs 3,000 pounds, with a stop in Tacoma to load 1,000 pounds, is transported to Bellingham.

Properly rated, the transportation charges on the bill would be rated as if 4,000 pounds were shipped from Olympia to Bellingham, plus a charge for the additional stop in Tacoma.

## ITEM 160 -- LONG CARRY CHARGES

If goods must be carried more than 75 feet between the earrierCarrier's vehicle and the door of the individual living unit, the following may be charged to the customer in addition to all other applicable rates and charges:

| For each 50 feet (or fraction of 50 feet) beyond the first 75 feet |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Minimum <br> (per 100 pounds carried) | Maximum <br> (per 100 pounds carried) |
| $\$ 0.0069$ | $\$ 1.64$ |

## ITEM 165 - STAIRS OR ELEVATORS

If stairs or elevators are used at the point of pickup or delivery, the following may be charged to the customer in addition to all other applicable rates and charges:

| For each flight of stairs |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Minimum <br> (for each 100 pounds) | Maximum <br> (for each 100 pounds) |
| $\$ 0.0069$ | $\$ 1.64$ |


| For use of one or more elevators |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Minimum <br> (for each 100 pounds) | Maximum <br> (for each 100 pounds) |
| $\$ 0.001 .04$ | $\$ 2.44$ |

- Note: If both stairs and an elevator are available, charges will be based on the calculation that provides the lower cost to the customer.


## ITEM 170 - PIANO AND ORGAN HANDLING CHARGES

If a piano or organ is being shipped, the following handling charges may be charged to the customer in addition to all other applicable rates and charges. Handling charges apply only once per shipment, per article.

| Type |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (not including toys or portable keyboards) | Minimum | Maximum |
| All pianos except spinets |  |  |


| Pipe organs | $\$ \underline{00.0043}$. <br> 69 | $\$ 102.08$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Spinet pianos | $\$ \underline{00.0017 .}$ <br> 48 | $\$ 40.85$ |
| All organs except pipe organs |  |  |

In addition to the handling charge, each time a piano or organ must be carried up or down stairs, the following flight charges may apply:

| Flights | Minimum | Maximum |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| First flight | $\$ \underline{0.008 .74}$ | $\$ 20.41$ |
| Each additional flight | $\$ \underline{0.004 .37}$ | $\$ 10.20$ |
| Each additional step over 20, <br> per flight, outside a building | $\$ 0.00 .24$ | $\$ 0.57$ |

## ITEM 180-REWEIGHING

1. The customer may request the earrierCarrier reweigh the shipment before delivery.
2. The customer is responsible paying for the scale fees. The carrierCarrier must obtain a scale fee receipt. A copy of that receipt must be given to the customer and a copy must be attached to the records maintained by the carriefCarrier.
3. Before reweighing the shipment, the carrierCarrier must notify the customer of the cost of reweighing.

The following fees will apply in addition to the scale fee:

| If the shipment weighs: | And the difference between the weights is: | The reweighing charge to the customer will be: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Minimum | Ma <br> xim <br> um |
| 5,000 pounds or less | More than 100 pounds | No charge to customer |  |
| More than 5,000 pounds | More than two percent of the lower scale weight |  |  |
| 5,000 pounds or less | Less than 100 pounds | \$0.0017.48 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 40 \\ & .85 \end{aligned}$ |
| More than 5,000 pounds | Less than two percent of the lower scale weight |  |  |

Effective:

## ITEM 185 - WAITING TIME

1. The earrierCarrier may bill the customer, at the rates shown in Item 230 (Hourly Rates) for waiting time occurring between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.:
a. Monday through Saturday, excluding holidays; and
b. $\quad$ Sundays and holidays, if pickup or delivery service is requested by the customer.
2. Waiting time charges apply in addition to all other applicable rates and charges.
3. Waiting time is when the customer keeps the earrierCarrier waiting at the origin or the destination for longer than the total allowable free time.

| Loaded distance | Allowable free time is: |
| :---: | :---: |
| 200 miles or less | One hour total |
| More than 200 miles | Two hours total |

- Note: On shipments moving from Storage-in-Transit, the loaded distance of the shipment is the mileage from the warehouse to the destination.

4. Free time begins at the time the earrierCarrier's vehicle arrives at the destination address.

## ITEM 190 - OVERTIME ${ }_{1}$

1. Charges for overtime are not mandatory. If overtime charges are assessed, they will apply in addition to all other applicable rates and charges.
2. The earrierCarrier may bill the customer overtime charges for loading and unloading services performed:
(a) Monday through SundayFriday -- after 5:00 PM and before 8:00 AM; and (b) Saturdays, Sundays-and legal holidays -- any time.

Exception: The carriefCarrier may not assess overtime charges if the overtime is provided for the carrierCarrier's convenience. GarriefCarrier's convenience is defined as: The earrierCarrier is unable to provide service, due to lack of equipment, on a date requested by a customer, and instead can provide service only during hours defined above as overtime hours.
3. Overtime will be performed only at the request of the customer and at the option of the earrierCarrier. The earrierCarrier must provide the customer with a written estimate of the total overtime charges and get the customer's written consent before providing overtime service.

Charges:

| Period in which loading and/or <br> unloading service is provided | Rate <br> per 100 pounds shipped |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| At all times on Saturdays, Sundays or Legal <br> Holidays | Minimum | Maximum |
|  | $\$ \underline{0.002 .18}$ | $\$ 4.09$ |
| Monday through Friday (excluding legal holidays) -- after <br> 5:00 PM and before 8:00 AM. | Rate <br> Per person per hour or <br> fraction of an hour |  |
|  | Minimum | Maximum |
|  | $\$ \underline{0.0011 .3} 8$ | $\$ 21.26$ |

## ITEM 195 - PACKING CHARGES

1. Charges include the earrierCarrier packing the goods, containers and packing materials, and the earrierCarrier unpacking. For container only prices, see Item 196. For labor only, see Item 230 (Hourly Rates). For servicing charges at origin and re-servicing at destination for Front Load Washing Machines, please see ITEM 62 - APPLIANCE SERVICE. 1
2. GarrierCarriers may rent reusable plastic containers to customers at the rates shown in Item 196. Item 230 (Hourly Rates) will be used to calculate packing charges. The earrierCarrier will provide the customer with a document outlining the terms and conditions for reusable plastic container rental, signed by the earrierCarrier and the customer.
3. GarrierCarriers may provide free de minimis use of wardrobe cartons and reusable plastic containers on the day of the move.
4. Rates do not include unpacking when: a) the customer specifically requests the earrierCarrier not to unpack at the time of delivery, or, b) the shipment is delivered to permanent storage.

| Type of Container | Charge per Container <br> Minimum |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Maximum |  |  |$|$| M |
| :--- |

Effective:

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \underline{0.0} \\ & \frac{0}{6.2} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 15 . \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. | \$0.009.06 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 22 . \\ & 08 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $41 / 2 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. | $\frac{\$ 0.0011 .4}{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 27 . \\ & 14 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $6 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. <br> Dimensions and cubical content must be shown on all cartons. When cartons used exceed 1 1/2 cubic feet and no rate is specified for the size carton used, charges shall be based on the next smaller-sized carton listed. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{\$ 0.0}{} \\ & \frac{012}{37} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 30 . \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ |
| MATTRESS CARTONS Crib mattress carton | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.0 \\ & \frac{0.0}{6.9} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 14 . \\ & 99 \end{aligned}$ |
| Twin mattress carton | \$0.008.94 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 22 . \\ & 81 \end{aligned}$ |
| Double mattress carton | $\frac{\$ 0.0011 .8}{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 29 . \\ & 99 \end{aligned}$ |
| Queen mattress carton | $\frac{\$ 0.0015 .0}{7}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 37 . \\ & 76 \end{aligned}$ |
| King mattress carton | $\frac{\$ 0.0018 .3}{\theta}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 46 . \\ & 61 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| King box spring carton | $\frac{\$ 0.0015 .3}{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 40 . \\ & 25 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| MATTRESS COVERS <br> Twin mattress single-use cover | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \underline{0.0} \\ & \frac{0}{4} .8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 13 . \\ & 95 \end{aligned}$ |
| Double mattress single-use cover | \$0.008.82 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 17 . \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ |
| Queen mattress single-use cover | $\frac{\$ 0.0012 .8}{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 25 . \\ & 86 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| King mattress single-use cover | $\frac{\$ 0.0013 .5}{9}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 27 . \\ & 34 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| LAMP CARTON | \$0.005.83 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 11 . \\ & 92 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| WARDROBE CARTON (not less than $10 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.) | $\frac{\$ 0.0044 .5}{z}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 36 . \\ & 26 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| MIRROR CARTON (corrugated) | $\frac{\$ 0.00}{\theta} 15.8$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 39 . \\ & 27 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| FLAT SCREEN TV CARTON | $\frac{\$ 0.0037 .9}{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 278 \\ & .77 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| CRATES AND CONTAINERS (other than described above) Price per cubic foot or fraction (gross measurement of crate or container) | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \underline{0.0} \\ & \frac{0}{2} 6.1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 23 . \\ & 01 \end{aligned}$ |
| Crate (minimum) | $\frac{\$ 0.0021 .8}{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 69 . \\ & 02 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

## ITEM 196 - CONTAINER PRICES

1. Prices are for containers (packing materials) only.
2. If the customer requests delivery or pickup of containers, Item 230 (Hourly Rates) will apply.
3. When available, the customer may purchase used containers at 50 percent of the prices shown below. This does not include reusable plastic containers.
4. GarriofCarriers may rent reusable plastic containers to customers at the rates shown below. The earrierCarrier will provide the customer with a document outlining the terms and conditions for reusable plastic container rental, signed by the earrierCarrier and the customer.
5. GarrierCarriers may provide free de minimis use of wardrobe cartons and reusable plastic containers on the day of the move.

| Type of Container | Charge per Container |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Minimum | Maximum |
| DRUM, DISH PACK (drum, dish-pack, barrel, or other specially designed containers, not less than 5 cu. ft. capacity, used for packing glassware, chinaware, table lamps or other similar fragile articles, with inserts or dividers) | $\frac{\$ 0.0010}{05}$ | \$26.43 |
| WASHER PACKING KIT | $\frac{\$ 0.003 .3}{\theta}$ | \$8.71 |
| FRONT LOAD WASHING MACHINE KIT (Kit cost only) | $\frac{\$ 0.0060 .}{00}$ | \$98.75 |
| CARTONS (not less than 200 lb. test) Less than 3 cu . ft . | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ \$ \\ \frac{0}{0} \\ \frac{0}{0} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 5 \\ & .4 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ |
| $3 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. | $\frac{\$ 0.003 .4}{\theta}$ | \$8.16 |
| $41 / 2 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. | $\frac{\$ 0.003 .7}{z}$ | \$9.79 |
| $6 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. | $\frac{\$ 0.004 .3}{8}$ | \$11.53 |
| REUSABLE PLASTIC CONTAINERS (not less than 2.5 cu . <br> ft.) Weekly rental | $\frac{0.001 .3}{7}$ | \$6.58 |
| DOLLIES (designed for stacking reusable plastic containers) Weekly rental | $\frac{\$ 0.003 .3}{3}$ | \$8.23 |
| WARDROBE CARTON (not less than $10 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.) | $\$ \frac{0.007 .9}{7}$ | \$21.15 |
| MATTRESS CARTONS Crib mattress carton | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \$ \\ \frac{0}{0} \\ \hline \frac{0}{0} \\ \hline \frac{1}{3} \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 9 \\ & .4 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |
| Twin mattress carton | $\frac{\$ 0.006 .4}{7}$ | \$17.02 |
| Double mattress carton | $\frac{\$ 0.008 .0}{5}$ | \$21.19 |
| Queen mattress carton | $\$ \frac{0.009 .1}{7}$ | \$23.97 |
| King mattress carton | $\frac{\$ 0.0013}{05}$ | \$34.33 |
| King box spring carton | $\frac{\$ 0.0014}{89}$ | \$39.18 |
| MATTRESS COVERS <br> Twin mattress single-use cover | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \\ & 0 . \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |


|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \frac{0}{0} \\ \hline \frac{1}{4} \\ 9 \\ 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1 \\ & 0 . \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Double mattress single-use cover | $\frac{\$ 0.006 .0}{\theta}$ | \$12.63 |
| Queen mattress single-use cover | $\frac{\$ 0.007 .8}{\theta}$ | \$16.42 |
| King mattress single-use cover | $\$ \frac{0.008 .2}{5}$ | \$17.36 |
| LAMP CARTON | $\frac{\$ 0.004 .3}{8}$ | \$9.22 |
| MIRROR CARTON (corrugated) | $\frac{\$ 0.008 .0}{4}$ | \$20.79 |
| FLAT SCREEN TV CARTON | $\frac{\$ 0.0028 .}{75}$ | \$208.46 |
| CRATES AND CONTAINERS (other than described above, designed for mirrors, paintings, glass or marble tops, and similar fragile articles) <br> Price per cubic foot or fraction (gross measurement of crate or container) | $\begin{aligned} & \$= \\ & \frac{\$}{1} \\ & \frac{1}{9} \\ & -8 \\ & 6 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1 \\ & 1 . \\ & 71 \end{aligned}$ |
| Crate (minimum) | $\frac{\$ 0.006 .3}{5}$ | \$35.13 |

1. Mileage rates apply only on long distance shipments moving more than 55 miles.
2. Mileage rates are stated in an amount the earrierCarrier must apply to each pound of customer household goods shipped. To determine actual transportation charges, multiply the weight of the shipment in pounds times the rate and then round the answer to the nearest cent.

As an example, a shipment of 8,101 pounds transported 60 miles is calculated as follows: 8,101 pounds $\times \$ 0.3729$ (maximum rates allowed per pound) $=\$ 3,020.86$

The earrierCarrier must charge the customer no more than $\$ 3,020.86$.
3. Rates are based on loaded distance. Loaded distance is the distance between the loading point (origin) of the shipment and the unloading point (destination).
4. For long distance moves that require workers to stay overnight, the carrierCarrier may charge the customer for per-diem. These charges must be identified on the signed, written estimate. The following rates apply per employee, per overnight stay:

| Per-Diem Rates |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Minimum <br> (per employee, per overnight stay) | Maximum <br> (per employee, per overnight stay) |
| $\$ 0.00121 .00$ | $\$ 218.00$ |

Effective:

Refer to following pages for tables of mileage rates.

| Loaded Distance |  | Minimum Rate in Pounds |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | but not over | 500-999 pounds |  | 1,000-1,999 pounds |  |
| O v e r |  | Minimum Rate | Maximum Rate | Minimum Rate | Maximum Rate |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5 \\ 5 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 60 miles | \$0.2570 | \$0.9259 | \$0.1633 | \$0.5552 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 6 \\ 0 \\ m \\ \text { il } \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 70 miles | \$0.2666 | \$0.9999 | \$0.1696 | \$0.5922 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 7 \\ 0 \\ m \\ \text { il } \\ \text { il } \\ e \\ s \end{array}$ | 80 miles | \$0.2737 | \$1.0740 | \$0.1744 | \$0.6293 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \text { il } \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 90 miles | \$0.2805 | \$1.1481 | \$0.1784 | \$0.6663 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 9 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \text { il } \\ \hline \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2868 | \$1.2221 | \$0.1883 | \$0.7033 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2932 | \$1.2962 | \$0.1923 | \$0.7403 |

Effective:

## Section 2 - Long Distance Moves

Original Page No. 51

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline e \\ s \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3003 | \$1.3517 | \$0.1998 | \$0.7773 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 130 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3055 | \$1.4073 | \$0.2062 | \$0.8143 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 140 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3139 | \$1.4628 | \$0.2145 | \$0.8514 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3170 | \$1.5184 | \$0.2189 | \$0.8884 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 5 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 160 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3218 | \$1.5739 | \$0.2233 | \$0.9254 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 6 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 170 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3294 | \$1.6295 | \$0.2300 | \$0.9531 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 180 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3373 | \$1.6850 | \$0.2376 | \$0.9809 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 8 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 190 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3417 | \$1.7406 | \$0.2423 | \$1.0087 |

Effective:

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline e \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 1 \\ 9 \\ 0 \\ m \\ \text { il } \\ \text { e } \\ \text { e } \end{array}$ | $200$ <br> miles | \$0.3496 | \$1.7962 | \$0.2479 | \$1.0364 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \text { il } \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 220 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3572 | \$1.8517 | \$0.2559 | \$1.0642 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 240 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3679 | \$1.9258 | \$0.2634 | \$1.0920 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 260 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3750 | \$1.9998 | \$0.2733 | \$1.1197 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 2 \\ 6 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 280 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.3818 | \$2.0739 | \$0.2769 | \$1.1475 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 300 miles | \$0.3929 | \$2.1480 | \$0.2868 | \$1.1752 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \text { il } \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 320 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.4013 | \$2.2220 | \$0.2936 | \$1.2030 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 3 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ m \\ \text { il } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 340 miles | \$0.4112 | \$2.2961 | \$0.3019 | \$1.2585 |

Effective:

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline e \\ s \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \mathrm{~s} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 360 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.4175 | \$2.3702 | \$0.3087 | \$1.3141 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \\ 6 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 380 miles | \$0.4259 | \$2.4442 | \$0.3154 | \$1.3696 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \\ 8 \\ 0 \\ m \\ \text { il } \\ \hline e \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 400 miles | \$0.4338 | \$2.5183 | \$0.3218 | \$1.4251 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \text { il } \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 420 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.4422 | \$2.5924 | \$0.3294 | \$1.4806 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 4 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \text { m } \\ \text { il } \\ e \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 440 miles | \$0.4485 | \$2.6505 | \$0.3397 | \$1.5361 |
| 4 4 0 0 m il e s | $\begin{aligned} & 460 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.4529 | \$2.7085 | \$0.3425 | \$1.5917 |
|  <br> 4 <br> 6 <br> 0 <br> m <br> il <br> e <br> s | $\begin{aligned} & 480 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.4680 | \$2.7666 | \$0.3516 | \$1.6472 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 4 \\ 8 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 500 miles | \$0.4748 | \$2.8247 | \$0.3572 | \$1.7027 |

Effective:

Section 2 - Long Distance Moves
Original Page No. 54

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline e \\ s \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 520 <br> 0 miles <br> 0  <br> m  <br> il  <br> e  <br> s  <br>   | \$0.4803 | \$2.8827 | \$0.3627 | \$1.7582 |
| 5 540 <br> 2 miles <br> 0  <br> $m$  <br> il  <br> e  <br> s  <br>   | \$0.4855 | \$2.9408 | \$0.3683 | \$1.8138 |
| 5 560 <br> 4 miles <br> 0  <br> $m$  <br> il  <br> e  <br> s  | \$0.4910 | \$2.9989 | \$0.3738 | \$1.8693 |
| Over 560 miles, per 20 miles or fraction thereof, add | \$0.0056 | \$0.0568 | \$0.0056 | \$0.0568 |

Effective:

Loaded Distance

| aded Dis |  | Minimum Weight in Pounds |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Over | but not over | 2,000-3,999 pounds |  | 4,000-7,999 pounds |  |
|  |  | Minimum Rate | Maximu <br> m Rate | Minimum Rate | Maximum Rate |
| $\begin{aligned} & 55 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | 60 mil | \$0.1335 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.416 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | \$0.1224 | \$0.3891 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 70 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1394 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.434 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | \$0.1251 | \$0.4063 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 70 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1426 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.453 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1287 | \$0.4236 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 90 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1486 | $\$ 0.471$ | \$0.1315 | \$0.4409 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 90 } \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1545 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.490 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | \$0.1363 | \$0.4582 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1581 | $\$ 0.508$ | \$0.1394 | \$0.4755 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1633 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.527 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | \$0.1414 | \$0.4928 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 13 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1681 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \$ 0.545 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | \$0.1438 | \$0.5101 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1728 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.564 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | \$0.1502 | \$0.5274 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1744 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.582 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1545 | \$0.5447 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1760 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.601 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | \$0.1561 | \$0.5620 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 17 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \mathrm{es} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1800 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.619 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | \$0.1605 | \$0.5749 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 17 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1859 | $\$ 0.638$ | \$0.1613 | \$0.5879 |

Effective:

| $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 19 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \end{array}$ | \$0.1919 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.656 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1681 | \$0.6009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 20 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1927 | $\$ 0.675$ | \$0.1684 | \$0.6138 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 22 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2006 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.693 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1744 | \$0.6268 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 24 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2078 | $\$ 0.707$ | \$0.1808 | \$0.6398 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 24 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 26 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2189 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.721 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1863 | \$0.6528 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 26 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2276 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.735 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1907 | \$0.6657 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 28 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 30 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2320 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.749 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1994 | \$0.6787 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2419 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.763 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2034 | \$0.6917 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 34 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \end{array}$ | \$0.2483 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.777 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2094 | \$0.7111 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 36 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2559 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.791 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2165 | \$0.7306 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 36 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 38 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2638 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.804 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2225 | \$0.7500 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 38 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 40 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2686 | $\$ 0.818$ | \$0.2316 | \$0.7695 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 42 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \end{array}$ | \$0.2769 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.832 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2364 | \$0.7889 |

Effective:
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|c|}\hline \begin{array}{l}42 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}44 \\ 0 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es }\end{array} & & \$ 0.2825 & \$ 0.856 \\ \hline\end{array}\right)$

Section 2 - Long Distance Moves
Loaded Distance

| Over | but not over | 8,000-11,999 pounds |  | 12,000-15,999 pounds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Minimum Rate | Maximu m Rate | Minimum Rate | Maximu m Rate |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 55 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 60 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \end{array}$ | \$0.1112 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.372 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1009 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.338 \\ 8 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 60 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 70 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1148 | $\$ 0.390$ | \$0.1053 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.351 \\ 5 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 70 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 80 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1176 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.408 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1065 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.364 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 80 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 90 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1192 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.426 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1085 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.376 \\ 8 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 90 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 100 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1247 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.444 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1140 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.389 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1263 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.461 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1148 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.411 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 110 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 120 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1299 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.472 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1168 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.424 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 120 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 130 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1327 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.483 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1192 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.437 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 130 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 140 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1394 | $\$ 0.493$ | \$0.1251 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.449 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 140 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 150 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1418 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.504 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1271 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.462 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 150 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 160 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1426 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.515 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1299 | $\$ 0.475$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 160 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 170 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1478 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.525 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1327 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.484 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 170 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 180 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1482 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.536 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1335 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.494 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 180 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 190 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1526 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.547 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1398 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.503 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 190 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 200 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \end{array}$ | \$0.1553 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.557 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1406 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.513 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |

Effective:

| $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & \mathrm{mil} \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 220 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1613 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.568 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1454 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.522 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 220 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 240 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1653 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.582 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1498 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.532 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 240 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 260 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1720 | $\$ 0.596$ | \$0.1553 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.541 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 260 \\ & \mathrm{mil} \\ & \mathrm{es} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 280 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1736 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.610 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | \$0.1581 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.550 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 280 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 300 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1831 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \$ 0.625 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | \$0.1657 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.560 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 320 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1883 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.639 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1688 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.569 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 320 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 340 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \end{array}$ | \$0.1919 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \$ 0.653 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | \$0.1736 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.592 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 340 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 360 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.1990 | $\$ 0.667$ | \$0.1800 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.614 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 360 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 380 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2034 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.682 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1855 | $\$ 0.636$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 380 \\ & \mathrm{mil} \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 400 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2129 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.696 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1923 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.658 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 400 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 420 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2165 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.710 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1955 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.680 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 420 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 440 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \text { es } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2249 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.734 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2026 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.702 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 440 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 460 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2265 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.758 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | \$0.2050 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.725 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 460 \\ & \mathrm{mil} \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 480 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2340 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.783 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | \$0.2125 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.747 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 480 \\ & \mathrm{mil} \\ & \mathrm{es} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 500 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2392 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.807 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2165 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.769 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 500 \\ & \mathrm{mil} \\ & \mathrm{es} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 520 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2419 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.831 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2189 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 0.791 \\ 6 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 520 \\ & \text { mil } \\ & \mathrm{es} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 540 \\ \text { mil } \\ \text { es } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$0.2447 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.855 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | \$0.2213 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.813 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |

Effective:

| 540 <br> mil <br> es | 560 <br> mil <br> es | $\$ 0.2475$ | $\$ 0.879$ <br> 8 |  | $\$ 0.2237$ | $\$ 0.835$ <br> 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Over 560 miles, per 20 miles <br> or fraction thereof, add |  | $\$ 0.0028$ | $\$ 0.023$ <br> 2 | $\$ 0.0024$ | $\$ 0.023$ <br> 2 |  |


| Loaded Distance |  | Minimum Weight in Pounds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{v} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{r} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | but not over | 16,000 pounds and over |  |
|  |  | Minimum Rate | Maximum |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ | 60 miles | \$0.0862 | \$0.2786 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \text { il } \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | 70 miles | \$0.0894 | \$0.2938 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \text { il } \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 80 miles | \$0.0922 | \$0.3090 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \text { il } \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.0930 | \$0.3242 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 9 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \text { il } \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.0977 | \$0.3394 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \text { il } \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.0989 | \$0.3546 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1009 | \$0.3647 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 130 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1029 | \$0.3749 |


| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 3 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | 140 <br> miles | \$0.1073 | \$0.3850 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 4 \\ & 0 \\ & m \\ & \text { il } \\ & \text { e } \\ & \text { s } \end{aligned}$ | 150 miles | \$0.1100 | \$0.3951 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 5 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | 160 miles | \$0.1112 | \$0.4053 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 6 \\ & 0 \\ & m \\ & \text { il } \\ & \text { e } \\ & \text { s } \end{aligned}$ | 170 miles | \$0.1140 | \$0.4154 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 7 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 180 miles | \$0.1144 | \$0.4255 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { m } \\ & \text { il } \\ & \text { e } \\ & \text { s } \end{aligned}$ | 190 <br> miles | \$0.1184 | \$0.4357 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 9 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1192 | \$0.4458 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & m \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 220 \\ & \text { miles } \end{aligned}$ | \$0.1247 | \$0.4559 |


| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { il } \\ \text { e } \\ \text { s } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ m \\ \text { il } \\ e \\ \text { s } \end{array}$ | 240 <br> miles | \$0.1287 | \$0.4661 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 4 \\ & 0 \\ & m \\ & \text { il } \\ & \text { e } \\ & \text { s } \end{aligned}$ | 260 <br> miles | \$0.1327 | \$0.4762 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2 \\ 6 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 280 <br> miles | \$0.1355 | \$0.4863 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2 \\ 8 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 300 miles | \$0.1422 | \$0.4965 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{ol} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 320 <br> miles | \$0.1438 | \$0.5066 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 340 miles | \$0.1494 | \$0.5167 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \text { il } \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 360 miles | \$0.1545 | \$0.5269 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 6 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 380 <br> miles | \$0.1573 | \$0.5370 |


| m <br> il <br> e <br> s |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | 400 <br> miles | \$0.1653 | \$0.5471 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | 420 <br> miles | \$0.1684 | \$0.5572 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 2 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 440 <br> miles | \$0.1736 | \$0.5774 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 460 <br> miles | \$0.1752 | \$0.5975 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 6 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | 480 <br> miles | \$0.1816 | \$0.6176 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 500 <br> miles | \$0.1859 | \$0.6378 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{il} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 520 <br> miles | \$0.1879 | \$0.6579 |
| 5 2 | 540 <br> miles | \$0.1899 | \$0.6780 |


| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{il} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 4 4 0 $m$ il $e$ $e$ $s$ | 560 miles | \$0.1919 | \$0.6982 |
| Over 560 miles, per 20 miles or fraction thereof, add |  | \$0.0020 | \$0.0201 |

## ITEM 201 - MILEAGE RATES FOR SHIPMENTS USING STORAGE-IN-TRANSIT

1. These rates apply only on long distance moves using Storage-in-Transit, where the storage facility is located within 55 miles of the origin or final destination of the shipment and the total distance of the move is more than 55 miles.
2. For rates on shipments moving more than 55 miles, see Item 200.
3. Mileage rates are stated in an amount the carrier must apply to each pound of customer household goods shipped. To determine actual transportation charges, multiply the weight of the shipment in pounds times the rate and then round the answer to the nearest cent. As an example, a shipment of 1,101 pounds transported 26 miles is calculated as follows:
1,101 pounds $\times \$ 0.4442$ (maximum rates allowed per pound) $=\$ 489.06$ The carrier must charge the customer no more than $\$ 489.06$.


|  |  | Minimum Weight in Pounds |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loade d Distan ce |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2,000- \\ & 3,999 \end{aligned}$lbs. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4,000- \\ & 7,999 \mathrm{lbs} . \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{v} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{r} \end{aligned}$ | But not over | Minimu m Rate | Maxim um Rate | Minimu m Rate | Maxim um Rate |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{i} \\ & \mathrm{l} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \\ \text { miles } \end{gathered}$ | \$0.0755 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 0.342 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | \$0.0687 | \$0.3199 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 \\ & 5 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{i} \\ & \mathrm{l} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 30 \\ \text { miles } \end{gathered}$ | \$0.1192 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 0.360 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | \$0.1100 | \$0.3372 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{i} \\ & \mathrm{l} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35 \\ \text { miles } \end{gathered}$ | \$0.1212 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 0.370 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | \$0.1124 | \$0.3458 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 \\ & 5 \\ & \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{i} \\ & \mathrm{l} \\ & \mathrm{e} \\ & \mathrm{~s} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 40 \\ \text { miles } \end{gathered}$ | \$0.1232 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.379 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | \$0.1149 | \$0.3545 |
| 4 0 $m$ $i$ $i$ $e$ $s$ | $\begin{gathered} 45 \\ \text { miles } \end{gathered}$ | \$0.1253 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 0.388 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | \$0.1174 | \$0.3631 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \text { miles } \end{gathered}$ | \$0.1274 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \$ 0.397 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | \$0.1200 | \$0.3718 |

Effective:


Effective:

| $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \text { miles } \end{gathered}$ | 5 5 $m$ $i$ $i$ $e$ $s$ | $\$ 0.111$ $4$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 0.364 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.100 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | $\$ 0.326$ | 5 0 $m$ $i$ 1 $e$ e | $\begin{gathered} 55 \\ \text { miles } \end{gathered}$ | \$0.0890 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.271 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Section 3

## LOCAL (HOURLY-RATED) MOVES

Rates, Rules and Charges Shown in This Section Apply to Shipments Moving 55 Miles or Less

## ITEM 205 - GENERAL APPLICATION OF RATES

## FOR LOCAL (HOURLY-RATED) MOVES

1. Rates in this section apply to moves of 55 miles or less.
2. Rates include use of vehicle, equipment, and labor for receiving and/or delivering household goods.
3. Other services performed in the course of hourly-charged transportation shall be charged the hourly rate and not be assessed additional charges, except when other services require special equipment or materials.

## ITEM 225 - CONTAINER PRICES

1. Prices are for containers (packing materials) only.
2. If the customer requests delivery or pickup of containers, Item 230 (Hourly Rates) will apply.
3. When available, the customer may purchase used containers at 50 percent of the prices shown below. This does not include reusable plastic containers.
4. GarrierCarriers may rent reusable plastic containers to customers at the rates shown below. The earrierCarrier will provide the customer with a document outlining the terms and conditions for reusable plastic container rental, signed by the earrierCarrier and the customer.
5. GarrierCarriers may provide free de minimis use of wardrobe cartons and reusable plastic containers on the day of the move.
6. 

| Type of Container | Charge per Container |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Minimum | Maximum |
| DRUM, DISH PACK (drum, dish-pack, barrel, or other specially designed containers, not less than 5 cu . ft. capacity, used for packing glassware, chinaware, table lamps or other similar fragile articles, with inserts or dividers) | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 00.0070 \\ 05 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$26.43 |
| WASHER PACKING KIT | \$0.003.30 | \$8.71 |
| FRONT LOAD WASHING MACHINE KIT (Kit cost only) | \$060 | \$98.75 |
| CARTONS (not less than 200 lb . test) Less than 3 cu . ft. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ .0 . \\ \frac{00}{2.0} \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$5.49 |
| $3 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. | \$0.003.10 | \$8.16 |
| $41 / 2 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. | \$0.003.72 | \$9.79 |
| $6 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. | \$0.004.38 | \$11.53 |
| REUSABLE PLASTIC CONTAINERS (not less than 2.5 cu . <br> ft.) Weekly rental | \$0.001.37 | \$6.58 |
| DOLLIES (designed for stacking reusable plastic containers) Weekly rental | \$0.003.33 | \$8.23 |
| WARDROBE CARTON (not less than $10 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$.) | \$0.007.91 | \$21.15 |
| MATTRESS CARTONS Crib mattress carton | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0 . \\ 003 \\ \hline .57 \end{array}$ | \$9.42 |
| Twin mattress carton | \$0.006.47 | \$17.02 |
| Double mattress carton | \$0.008.05 | \$21.19 |
| Queen mattress carton | \$0.009.11 | \$23.97 |
| King mattress carton | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.0013 .0 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | \$34.33 |
| King box spring carton | $\begin{array}{r} \$ \underline{0.0014 .8} \\ \mathrm{~g} \end{array}$ | \$39.18 |
| MATTRESS COVERS <br> Twin mattress single-use cover Double mattress single-use cover Queen mattress single-use cover King mattress single-use cover | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.004 .95 \\ & \$ 0.006 .00 \\ & \$ 0.007 .80 \\ & \$ 0.008 .25 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10.42 \\ & \$ 12.63 \\ & \$ 16.42 \\ & \$ 17.36 \end{aligned}$ |
| LAMP CARTON | \$0.004.38 | \$9.22 |
| MIRROR CARTON (corrugated) | \$0.008.04 | \$20.79 |
| FLAT SCREEN TV CARTON | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.0028 .7 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | \$208.46 |
| CRATES AND CONTAINERS (other than described above, designed for mirrors, paintings, glass or marble tops, and similar fragile articles) Price per cubic foot or fraction (gross measurement of crate or container) | \$0.001.86 | \$11.71 |
| Crate (minimum) | \$0.006.35 | \$35.13 |

Effective:

## ITEM 230 - HOURLY RATES

1. Hourly rates apply during regular business hours_8 am to 5 pm Monday through Sunday, except state recognized holidays).- - nly. For other than regular business hours, Carrier may charge overtime charges will apply in addition to these hourly rates as provided in Item 190.
2. Time must be recorded as actual time or to the nearest increment of 15 minutes. The carrier must require its employees to record breaks and interruptions. The customer must not be charged for breaks or interruptions caused by the carrier's personnel.
2.3. Carrier may establish a minimum hourly charge in the original estimate (e.g. 1 hour or 3 hour minimum charge). The minimum charge for a shipment moving under hourly rates is one hour.
3. 

3.5. When transporting a single shipment, the Cearrier may bill the customer either:
a. The time beginning when the moving vehicle leaves the Cearrier's terminal or other location of the vehicle (whichever is closest) to the origin of the shipment, until the time the vehicle returns to the Cearrier's terminal or is dispatched to another job.
b. Flat travel time for the time from the Cearrier's terminal or other location of the vehicle (whichever is closest) to the origin of the shipment and the time from the shipment's destination to the Cearrier'sterminal.
4.6. When a single vehicle combines two or more shipments, the time charged to each customer must be the actual time spent conducting packing, loading, unloading and unpacking plus an equitable division of the total travel time.
5.7. Carriers will charge local moves at the following rates:
a. Charge for truck and driver:
i. For a move three hours or less in duration, a minimum of $\$ 39.20$ per hour and a maximum of $\$ 99.92$ per hour.
ii. For a move more than three hours in duration, a minimum of $\$ 37.93$ per hour and a-maximum of $\$ 96.70$ perhour.
b. Additional charge for each additional worker:
i. For a move three hours or less in duration, a minimum of $\$ 30.69$ per hour anda maximum of $\$ 87.04$ per hour.
ii. For a move more than three hours in duration, a minimum of $\$ 29.63$ per hour and maximum of $\$ 84.03$ perhour.
6. Carriers will charge the following minimum charges:
a. For service provided at the customer's request:

1. A minimum of one hour, Monday through Friday, oxcluding state-recognized holidays, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.
ii. A minimum of four hours on Monday through Friday, before 8:00 a.m. and after 5:00 p.m. or on a Saturday, Sunday or state-recognized holiday.

[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ When a transportation fee is determined by the plan cubic feet for original pick up, this is the max formula for the transportation fee: $(\$ 1.50$ * quoted plan cubic feet) $+\$ 200$.
    ${ }^{2}$ The maximum per item rate is $\$ 20$ per item.
    ${ }^{3}$ A subsequent appointment is when Carrier services an existing Customer by providing drop off, pickup or a combination of two or other services.
    ${ }^{4}$ The maximum rate for transportation will be $\$ 200$.
    ${ }^{5}$ The maximum per item rate is $\$ 20$ per item.

[^1]:    ${ }^{6}$ When a transportation fee is determined by the plan cubic feet for a Final Drop Off, this is the max formula for the transportation fee: (\$1.50 * quoted plan cubic feet) $+\$ 200$.
    ${ }^{7}$ The maximum per item rate is $\$ 20$ per item.

