2007 BUS FUEL SURCHARGE CALCULATION SHEET

Line No.			
1 2	1. Using calendar year 2003 data, calculate how much of your total revenue was spent on fuel.		
3 4 5 6 7 8	2003 Fuel Expense (minus tax credits, etc.) 40100 Divided by 2003 Annualized Present Revenue (less b ÷ 189255 Equals 2002 Fuel vs. Revenue Ratio = 0.21188 Multiplied By 100 x 100 Equals Fuel Expense as % of Revenue = 21.1883		
9 10	2. Calculate the fuel price increase.		
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Current Fuel Price (most recent Invoice price) 2.76 Minus 2003 Average Fuel Price - 1.382 Equals Fuel Price Difference = 1.378 Divided By 2003 Average Fuel Price (Line 12) ÷ 1.382 Equals Relative Fuel Price Difference = 0.99711 Multiplied By 100 x 100 Equals Fuel Percent Price Increase = 99.7106		
19 20	3. Calculate amount of revenue increase needed to recover fuel price increases.		
21 22 23 24 25	Fuel as % of Revenue (Line 7) Multiplied By Fuel Percent Price Increase (Line 17) Equals Fuel Increase as a % of Revenue Minus One Percentage Point Equals Allowable Fuel Increase as a % of Revenue Equals Allowable Fuel Increase as a % of Revenue 21.1883 20.99711 21.127 1.00 20.13		
26 27	IF LINE 25 IS LESS THAN 0.0%, STOP. YOU DO NOT QUALIFY FOR A FUEL SURCHARGE.		
28 29	4. Calculate Average One-Way Fare Increase Needed.		
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	2003 Total Revenue (less baggage & advertising.) (Line 4) Multiplied By Allowable Fuel Increase as a % of Reve Equals Annual Additional Fuel Revenue Ne Divided by 12 Equals Monthly Fuel Revenue Increase Divided by Corresponding Month's One-Way Passene Equals One-Way Fare Increase Needed 189255 x 20.1% 38091.4 ÷ 3174.28 ÷ 2257 June 09		
38 39 40	5. One-Way Equivalent Surcharge Amount (Round Line 36 to the nearest \$0.25 - round amounts of \$0.125 or greater up to \$0.25, and amounts less than \$0.125 down, etc.)	1	37 0.02702703 26 0.03846154