EXHIBIT NO. T-___(CEL-1)
DOCKET NO. UE-92
WITNESS: C.E. LYNCH

BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES & TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

COMPLAINANT

VS.

PUGET SOUND POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

RESPONDENT

TESTIMONY

UE-921262;-920433; T-563

PUGET SOUND POWER & LIGHT COMPANY DIRECT TESTIMONY OF COLLEEN E. LYNCH

- Q. Please state your name, business address and position with Puget Sound Power & Light Company.
- A. My name is Colleen E. Lynch, my business address is 411 108th Avenue N.E., Bellevue, Washington 98004 and I am Manager of Pricing.
- Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?
- A. The purpose of my testimony is to present the results of the cost of service study which the Company has prepared for this case.
- Q. What is the relationship between this cost of service study and the study filed in the Company's rate design case, Docket No. UE-920499?
- A. The cost of service recommendations proposed by the Company in this case use the same principal concepts and methods used in the Company's rate design proceeding (the "rate design case"), which was filed in April 1992. The cost of service study in the rate design case was based upon results from the test period in the Company's 1989 rate case (Docket No. U-89-2688-T), which was the 12 months ended September 30, 1988. The cost of service

study in this proceeding reflects the results from this test period--the 12 months ended June 30, 1992--and the revenue requirement in this proceeding.

Q. How is your testimony organized?

- A. I begin with a brief description of the Company's principal recommendations regarding cost of service.

 These concepts are discussed more fully in the testimony in the rate design case. I then summarize the application of these concepts in this case. Next, I present the Company's proposed cost of service by class. Finally, I present the specific cost of service results used by Mr. Hoff in his rate spread and rate design proposals.
- Q. Please state your educational background and professional experience.
- A. I graduated from Eastern Washington University in 1979
 with a Bachelor of Science degree in Economics and
 Mathematics. Thereafter, I was employed by Washington
 Public Power Supply System as a Cost Engineer at the
 Hanford construction site. Beginning in 1981, I was
 employed by Pacific Power & Light Company in the position
 of Research Analyst in the rate department. Since 1983,

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I have been employed by Puget Sound Power & Light Company in various positions in the rate department. In my current position as Manager of Pricing I am responsible for the development of both cost of service and rate design analyses.

THE COMPANY'S COST OF SERVICE STUDY

- Q. Could you please summarize the principal cost of service recommendations proposed by the Company in the rate design case?
- A. Yes. The following is an excerpt from my testimony

 (Ex. T-1, pp. 3-4) in the rate design case which

 summarizes the Company's cost of service recommendations:
 - All parties should use the same model framework for making cost of service presentations.
 - The peak credit method should be used to classify production plant between demand and energy.
 - Forward-looking relationships should be used in the embedded cost of service study to provide better price signals to customers.
 - Conservation costs should be treated as a resource cost.

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- Cost of service, as it is approved by the Commission in this case, should be a major factor, along with parity guidelines, in rate spread considerations.
- The basic customer concept should be the basis for classifying distribution plant between demand and customer.
- The fully distributed customer-related cost of service resulting from applying the basic customer method should be recovered through a basic charge for those tariffs with a basic charge component.

As noted above, the Company's filing in this case incorporates these principal cost of service recommendations.

- Q. Please summarize how these recommendations are reflected in the Company's cost of service in this case.
- A. These recommendations are reflected in the cost of service study in this case as follows:
 - The Company prepared the proposed cost of service using the same pc-based cost of service framework as in the rate design case.

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- A peak credit factor of 16% demand and 84% energy was used to classify all production plant between demand and energy. Demand related costs were allocated across customer classes based on the contribution to the top 200 hours of system peak demand for each class.
- Forward looking relationships, such as the peak credit factor, the transmission plant classification factor, the meter reading and meter investment allocation factors, were used throughout the study.
- Conservation costs were classified and allocated using the peak credit factor. As in the case of production costs, the demand-related conservation costs were allocated across customer classes based on their contribution to the system's top 200 hours of peak demand.
- Cost of service results, including the overall parity ratios by class, were used by Mr. Hoff in his rate spread and rate design decisions.
- Within the functional category for distribution, the basic customer concept was used to classify costs

between demand and customer. This then served as the basis for the cost-based basic charge.

- Q. Could you please summarize the functionalization, classification and allocation methods used in the Company's cost of service study?
- A. Yes. Page 1 of Exhibit ___ (CEL-2) is a chart which shows the approach followed by the Company for its cost of service study. This chart shows the major functional categories used in the study along with the corresponding classification and allocation methods used for each.

 Pages 2 and 3 of Exhibit ___ (CEL-2) show the calculation of the peak credit factor. As noted on page 1 of this exhibit, the peak credit method was used to classify production costs and generation-related transmission costs between demand and energy. Pages 4-8 show the calculation of the demand, energy and customer allocation factors used in the proposed study.

RESULTS OF THE COST OF SERVICE STUDY

- Q. What are the results of applying these cost of service concepts to the revenue requirement proposed in this case?
- A. The results are shown in Exhibit ___ (CEL-3).

Summary 1 of Exhibit _____ (CEL-3) shows a class level income statement for each class considered in the cost study. The last line of this summary shows the realized rate of return for each class of customer based on its allocated operating expense, income and rate base.

Summary 2 relates operating revenue to revenue requirement for each class of customer. This schedule shows the parity level of each class vis-a-vis all other classes. This report serves as the basis for the cost-based rate spread decisions described later by Mr. Hoff in his testimony.

Schedules A through D detail the functionalization, classification and allocation of revenue, expense, and rate base items, by cost account ID, to the customer classes. Also shown are the allocation techniques used in our cost of service study.

SPECIFIC COST OF SERVICE RESULTS USED FOR RATE DESIGN

- Q. Please describe what is contained in Exhibit ___ (CEL-4).
- A. Exhibit ____(CEL-4) shows the specific cost of service results Mr. Hoff uses as the starting point for the Company's rate spread and rate design recommendations.

Again, these methods are the same as the methods and concepts proposed by the Company in the rate design case and as discussed in detail in the testimony of that docket. Pages 1-2 show the cost based basic charge by class. Pages 3-5 show the summary of demand, energy, and customer cost of service.

BIFURCATION OF COST OF SERVICE BY CLASS

- Q. Have you prepared an exhibit showing the identification of base and resource costs by class?
- A. Yes. It is included on page 1 of Exhibit 5 in the rate design case. This calculation was performed in response to the Commission's direction in the Decoupling Proceeding (Docket Nos. UE-901183-T and UE-901184-P, Third Supplemental Order, p. 25).
- Q. Does this complete your testimony, Ms. Lynch?
- A. Yes.