# WUTC v. Pacific Power & Light Company

June 14, 2017



1325 Fourth Avenue • Suite 1840 • Seattle, Washington 98101

### 206.287.9066

www.buellrealtime.com

Olympia | 360.534.9066 Spokane | 509.624.3261 National | 800.846.6989

email: info@buellrealtime.com



000	cket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/2017
	Page 169		Page 171
	169		171
1			17.1
1	BEFORE THE WASHINGTON	1	A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued)
			APPEARANCES (Continued)
2	UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION	2	FOR PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY:
3		3	TROY GREENFIELD
4	WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND ) TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION. )	4	TROY GREENFIELD Schwabe, Williamson & Wyatt 1420 5th Avenue, Suite 3400 Seattle, Washington 98101 206.407.1581 tgreenfield@schwabe.com
5	Complainant, ) Docket No. UE-161204	5	Seattle, Washington 98101
6	· ), /	6	tgreenfield@schwabe.com
7	V. )	7	DUSTIN T. TILL
8	PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY, )	8	DUSTIN T. TILL Pacific Power / PacifiCorp Energy 825 NE Multnoman Street, Suite 1800 Portland, Oregon 97232 503.813.6589 dustin.till@pacificorp.com
9	Respondent.)	9	Portland, Oregon 97232
	)	_	dustin.till@pacificorp.com
10		10	
11	EVIDENTIARY HEARING, VOLUME III	11	FOR BOISE WHITE PAPER:
12	Pages 169 - 388	12	JESSE E. COWELL Davison Van Cleve, PC 333 SW Taylor Portland, Oregon 97204 503 241.7242 jec@dvclaw.com
13	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RAYNE PEARSON	13	333 SW Taylor
14		14	503,241,7242
15		15	Jec@avciaw.com
16	9:01 a.m.	16	FOR PUBLIC COUNSEL:
17	June 14, 2017	17	
18	Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 South Evergreen Park Drive Southwest Olympia, Washington 98504-7250		LISA W. GAFKEN Assistant Attorney General 800 Fifth Avenue, Suite 2000, TB-14 Seattle, Washington 98104 206.464.6595 lisa.gafken@atg.wa.gov
	Olympia, Washington 98504-7250	18	Seattle, Washington 98104
19		19	200.404.0090 lisa.gafken@atg.wa.gov
20	REPORTED BY: ANITA W. SELF, RPR, CCR #3032	20	
21	Buell Realtime Reporting, LLC 1325 Fourth Avenue	21	FOR THE ENERGY PROJECT:
22	Suite 1840	22	SIMON J. FFITCH Attorney at Law 321 High School Road NE, Suite D3, No. 383 Bainbridge Island, Washington 98110 206.669 8197 simon@flitchlaw.com
23	Seattle, Washington 98101 206.287.9066   Seattle 360.534.9066   Olympia	23	321 High School Road NE, Suite D3, No. 383
24	800.846.6989   National	24	206.669.8197
25	www.buellrealtime.com	25	simon@ffitchlaw.com
	Page 170	-	D (20
	C C		Page 172
	170 Fage 170		Page 172 172
	C C		-
1	C C	1	-
1	170	1 2	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued)
	170		172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA:
2	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON	2	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA:
2 3 4	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and	2 3 4	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA:
2 3 4 5	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW	2 3 4 5	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA:
2 3 4 5 6	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504	2 3 4 5 6	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Opegon 97204 tcp@dvclaw.com
2 3 4 5 6 7	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250	2 3 4 5 6 7	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C. PEPPLE Dayson Van Cleve, PC Postland, Credon 97204 tcp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47/250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C. PEPPLE Dayson Van Cleve, PC Postland, Credon 97204 tcp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ
2 3 4 5 6 7	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 380.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov	2 3 4 5 6 7	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C. PEPPLE Dayson Van Cleve, PC Postland, Credon 97204 tcp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Opegon 97204 tcp@dvclaw.com
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 380.664.1138 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C. PEPPLE Dayson Van Cleve, PC Postland, Credon 97204 tcp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSIONE CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Dayison Yan Cleve, PC Portland, Credon 97204 tcp@dvciaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Visherspoon Kelley STOKANE, Washington 99201-0300 Shokane, Washington 99201-0300 Shokane, Washington 99201-0300 Shokane, Washington 99201-0300
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664,1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Dayison Yan Cleve, PC Portland, Credon 97204 tcp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Witherspoon Kelley Spokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER:
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1160	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Dayison Yan Cleve, PC Portland, Credon 97204 tcp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Witherspoon Kelley Spokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER:
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1160	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Dayison Yan Cleve, PC Portland, Credon 97204 tcp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vitherspoon Kelley STOKANE, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER:
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1160	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon kelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER:
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1160	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Dokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER: Dokane, Voses, LP Portland, Oregon 97211 jd@ndn-law.com
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 380.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSIONE CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1160	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Dokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER: Dokane, Voses, LP Portland, Oregon 97211 jd@ndn-law.com
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSIONE CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER AND PALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1180 FOR COMMISSION STAFF: CHRISTOPHER CASEY JEFF ROBERSON Assistant Attorney General 1400 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1189	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Dokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER: Dokane, Voses, LP Portland, Oregon 97211 jd@ndn-law.com
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1180 Assistant Attorney General 1400 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1189 360.664.1189 360.664.1189	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Dokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER: Dokane, Voses, LP Portland, Oregon 97211 jd@ndn-law.com
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSIONE CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER AND PALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1180 FOR COMMISSION STAFF: CHRISTOPHER CASEY JEFF ROBERSON Assistant Attorney General 1400 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1189	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Dokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER: Dokane, Voses, LP Portland, Oregon 97211 jd@ndn-law.com
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1180 Assistant Attorney General 1400 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1189 360.664.1189 360.664.1189	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Dokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER: Dokane, Voses, LP Portland, Oregon 97211 jd@ndn-law.com
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1180 Assistant Attorney General 1400 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1189 360.664.1189 360.664.1189	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Dokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER: Dokane, Voses, LP Portland, Oregon 97211 jd@ndn-law.com
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1180 Assistant Attorney General 1400 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1189 360.664.1189 360.664.1189	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Dokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER: Dokane, Voses, LP Portland, Oregon 97211 jd@ndn-law.com
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1180 Assistant Attorney General 1400 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1189 360.664.1189 360.664.1189	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Dokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER: Dokane, Voses, LP Portland, Oregon 97211 jd@ndn-law.com
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1180 Assistant Attorney General 1400 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1189 360.664.1189 360.664.1189	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Dokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER: Dokane, Voses, LP Portland, Oregon 97211 jd@ndn-law.com
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	170 A P P E A R A N C E S ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: RAYNE PEARSON Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1136 rpearson@utc.wa.gov WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION: CHAIRMAN DAVID W. DANNER COMMISSIONER ANN E. RENDAHL COMMISSIONER JAY BALASBAS 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1180 Assistant Attorney General 1400 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW Olympia, Washington 98504 360.664.1189 360.664.1189 360.664.1189	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	172 A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued) FOR COLUMBIA REA: TYLER C, PEPPLE Davison Van Cleve, PC Portland, Ofegon 97204 icp@dvclaw.com STANLEY M. SCHWARTZ Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Vonerspoon Kelley Dokane, Washington 99201-0300 Sms@witherspoonkelley.com FOR YAKAMA POWER: Dokane, Voses, LP Portland, Oregon 97211 jd@ndn-law.com

Doc	cket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III			6/14	/2017
		Page 173		Page	175
	173			CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON	175
1	EVIDENTIARY HEARING		1	OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON; JUNE 14, 2017	
2	VOLUME III: INDEX		2	9:01 A.M.	
3	INDEX OF WITNESSES		3	-000-	
4	WITNESSES: PAG	E	4		
5	SCOTT BOLTON		5	JUDGE PEARSON: All right. Good morning.	
6	Cross-Examination by Mr. Pepple	175 190	6	We will be back on the record on Wednesday, June 14th,	
7	Cross-Examination by Mr. Pepple Cross-Examination by Mr. Schwartz Cross-Examination by Mr. Williams Redirect Examination by Mr. Greenfield	190 225	7	at approximately 9:00 a.m., and we will continue the	
8	Redirect Examination by Mr. Greenfield Examination by Commissioner Rendahl	228 234	8	evidentiary hearing in this docket. Mr. Bolton is	
9	Examination by Commissioner Rendahl Examination by Commissioner Balasbas Examination by Commissioner Balasbas Examination by Commissioner Rendahl Examination by Chairman Danner	237 238	9	already on the stand, so I will just remind you,	
10	Examination by Commissioner Rendahl Examination by Chairman Danner	239 240	10	Mr. Bolton, that you're still under oath, and turn it	
11	ROBERT MEREDITH		11	over to Columbia REA for cross-examination.	
12		242	12		
13	Direct Examination by Mr. Greenfield Cross-Examination by Mr. Casey Cross-Examination by Ms. Gafken Cross-Examination by Mr. Cowell Cross-Examination by Mr. Pepple	243 265	13	CROSS-EXAMINATION	
14	Cross-Examination by Mr. Cowell Cross-Examination by Mr. Pepple	270	14	BY MR. PEPPLE:	
14	KATHLEEN KELLY	200	14 15	Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton.	
		205		A. Good morning.	
16 17	Cross-Examination by Mr. Casey	296	16	Q. I want to start with a couple questions about	
17	Cross-Examination by Mr. Pepple	335	17	the stranded cost recovery fee in the tariff revisions.	
18	Direct Examination by Ms. Gafken Cross-Examination by Mr. Casey Cross-Examination by Mr. Cowell Cross-Examination by Mr. Pepple Cross-Examination by Mr. Greenfield Redirect Examination by Ms. Gafken	362 362	18	Can you turn to page 14 of your direct testimony,	
19	DAVID PANCO		19		
20	Direct Examination by Mr. Casey	367	20	RBD-1T?	
21	Cross-Examination by Ms. Gatken Cross-Examination by Mr. Greenfield	368 3Z5	21	A. Yes.	
22	Direct Examination by Mr. Casey Cross-Examination by Ms. Gafken Cross-Examination by Ms. Greenfield Examination by Chairman Danner Redirect Examination by Mr. Casey Examination by Commissioner Balasbas	376 378	22	Q. Starting there on line 13, you state,	
23	Examination by Commissioner Balasbas	379	23	"Significant investments are made to ensure the Company	
24			24	is able to provide the service our customers depend on."	
25			25	Then going down to line 17, you continue, "When	
		Page 174		Page	176
	174			CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON	176
1	INDEX OF WITNESSES (CONTINU	IED)	1	higher ^ - margin customers within a community leave the	
2		-	2	system, the remaining customers are at risk of being	
3	WITNESSES: PAG	iE	3	required to pick up a larger portion of the costs as a	
4	BRADLEY MULLINS		4	result."	
5	Direct Examination by Mr. Cowell Examination by Commissioner Rendahl	<sup>380</sup> 382	5	Do you see that?	
6	RAYMOND WISEMAN		6	A. Yes.	
7	Direct Examination by Mr. Williams	384	7	Q. Now, does that accurately explain why you think	
, 8	Examination by Chairman Danner	- 384	8	the Company incurs stranded costs from a customer	
9	* * * *		9	departure?	
10			10	A. The Company incurs stranded costs whenever any	
11			11	customer departs, but certainly those the magnitude	
11			12	or the impact of cost shifting is much more severe when	
12			13	it's a higher-margin customer leaving the system and,	
				frankly, lower-margin or low-income customers continue	
14			14		
1 -			1 -		
15 16			15	to remain.	
16			16	Q. And I believe you testified in response to	
16 17			16 17	Q. And I believe you testified in response to Ms. Gafken that the tariff revisions and the stranded	
16 17 18			16 17 18	Q. And I believe you testified in response to Ms. Gafken that the tariff revisions and the stranded cost recovery fee you propose would not apply to a	
16 17			16 17 18 19	Q. And I believe you testified in response to Ms. Gafken that the tariff revisions and the stranded cost recovery fee you propose would not apply to a customer who simply shut down operations or moved to,	
16 17 18			16 17 18	Q. And I believe you testified in response to Ms. Gafken that the tariff revisions and the stranded cost recovery fee you propose would not apply to a customer who simply shut down operations or moved to, say, another state?	
16 17 18 19			16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>Q. And I believe you testified in response to</li> <li>Ms. Gafken that the tariff revisions and the stranded</li> <li>cost recovery fee you propose would not apply to a</li> <li>customer who simply shut down operations or moved to,</li> <li>say, another state?</li> <li>A. That's correct. This is for permanent</li> </ul>	
16 17 18 19 20			16 17 18 19 20	Q. And I believe you testified in response to Ms. Gafken that the tariff revisions and the stranded cost recovery fee you propose would not apply to a customer who simply shut down operations or moved to, say, another state?	
16 17 18 19 20 21			16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>Q. And I believe you testified in response to</li> <li>Ms. Gafken that the tariff revisions and the stranded</li> <li>cost recovery fee you propose would not apply to a</li> <li>customer who simply shut down operations or moved to,</li> <li>say, another state?</li> <li>A. That's correct. This is for permanent</li> </ul>	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22			16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>Q. And I believe you testified in response to</li> <li>Ms. Gafken that the tariff revisions and the stranded</li> <li>cost recovery fee you propose would not apply to a</li> <li>customer who simply shut down operations or moved to,</li> <li>say, another state?</li> <li>A. That's correct. This is for permanent</li> <li>disconnection from the system.</li> </ul>	

Page 179 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON 179 We modified even that down to ten years for consistency purposes with our Oregon program, where we have you know, would have similar planning challenges round customers who permanently leave the system. Q. Mr. Bolton, I'd like to ask you a couple
onsistency purposes with our Oregon program, where we have you know, would have similar planning challenges round customers who permanently leave the system. Q. Mr. Bolton, I'd like to ask you a couple
ave you know, would have similar planning challenges round customers who permanently leave the system. Q. Mr. Bolton, I'd like to ask you a couple
round customers who permanently leave the system. Q. Mr. Bolton, I'd like to ask you a couple
Q. Mr. Bolton, I'd like to ask you a couple
uestions about that Oregon program, if you don't mind.
Are you familiar with that program?
A. Yes, I am.
Q. Were you when PacifiCorp proposed that
rogram, did you do it voluntarily or pursuant to an
Dregon Commission order?
A. We did it pursuant to an order. It is worth
oting that the underlying statute that gives rise to
Dregon's Direct Access program, Senate Bill 1149, does
not require a permanent opt-out option for direct
ccess. So over time of the implementation of that law,
he idea of permanent departure from a system has come
nto play.
Q. And you were required to implement that program
t least in part because Portland General Electric had a
ong-term Direct Access program; is that correct?
A. I'm not sure I agree with the rationale that,
imply because another utility had that program, Pacific Power was required to have that program.
Q. Okay. That's fine.
Page 180 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON 180
And when you proposed the customer opt-out
harge in the Oregon program, how many years did you
ropose to calculate it over initially?
A. Initially 20 years.
Q. Twenty years.
And they and the Oregon Commission allowed
ou to impose a customer opt-out charge over ten years;
s that correct?
A. That is correct.
Q. And are you aware of whether Portland General
Electric has a ten-year customer opt-out charge?
A. I'm not as familiar with Portland General
Electric's program.
Q. And how many customers have signed up for your
ong-term Direct Access program?
A. Currently we have one customer on the permanent
p <b>t-out program.</b> Q. Okay.
Q. Okay. So a couple questions for you about the fair
narket value revisions in your tariff. So as I
and talue revisions in your tallit. Ou as I
•
nderstand it, on the Company's tariff revisions, if a
nderstand it, on the Company's tariff revisions, if a leparting customer chose to purchase facilities rather
nderstand it, on the Company's tariff revisions, if a

DOCKEL NO. UE-101204 - VOI. III	0/14/20
Page 181 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON 181	Page 183 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON 183
1 A. Yes.	1 A. That's correct.
2 Q. Okay.	2 Q. All right.
3 So can you turn to page 17 of your rebuttal	3 Can you turn to page 8 of your rebuttal
4 testimony? On line 2, there's a heading, it reads,	4 testimony? Now, at the bottom of this page, going onto
5 "Fair Market Value is the Most Appropriate Measure." Do	5 the top of page 9, you identify a process where a
6 you see that?	6 departing customer could get a second fair market
7 A. Yes.	7 valuation from a list of Commission-approved appraisers.
8 Q. Is the most appropriate measure of what?	8 Do you see that?
9 A. It's the most appropriate measure of the value	9 <b>A. Yes.</b>
$_{0}~$ of the asset being assigned to the gaining utility for	10 Q. So how would you envision the process for the
$_{ m l}$ serving that customer who is departing.	11 Commission to select a list of appraisers?
2 Q. So let's assume that the fair market value of	12 A. The Commission the Company would do a survey
3 assets you sell allows the Company to recover more than	13 of certified appraisers in the area, southeast
4 its net book value and any transaction costs. Is it	14 Washington where we serve, and would submit those to the
5 your position that this excess amount does not represent	15 Commission to be adopted as approved independent
6 a gain on the sale of those assets?	16 third-party appraisers.
7 A. The excess amount would be a benefit to offset	17 Q. And would other parties have the ability to
8 the cost shifting that occurs from the departure of that	18 propose their own?
9 customer.	19 A. Yes, subject to being a Commission-approved
0 Q. But would it represent a gain?	20 appraiser.
1 A. A gain over what otherwise would have been	21 Q. I mean, the initial list that the Commission
2 achieved through net book value?	22 would select, would parties be able to add to the list
3 Q. Correct.	23 that you are proposing?
4 A. So yes, it's very likely that fair market value	A. I would imagine they would.
5 would be a higher price than net book value.	25 Q. And if there's disagreement, would there be a
Page 182 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON 182	Page 184 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON 184
1 Q. Okay.	1 contested case over that issue or
2 Then staying on this page, lines 9 through 11,	2 A. I'm not familiar on how we would
3 you say that, "Similar to other utility asset or	3 administratively work through that.
4 property sales, selling at fair market value does not	4 Q. And how often would the list be updated?
5 subsidize the Company's remaining customers any more	5 A. Again, that might be something that we could
6 than a prospective home buyer is subsidizing the seller	6 address through compliance filing with the tariff.
7 of that property. Do you see that?	7 Q. And would the Commission be responsible for
8 A. Yes.	8 making sure the list is accurate and up to date?
9 Q. Mr. Bolton, do you own a house?	9 A. Presumably.
0 A. Yes, I do.	10 Q. And if an appraiser from the Commission-approved
1 Q. Would you consider your house to be a	11 list engaged in fraud or other criminal conduct, do you
2 depreciable asset?	12 think the Commission could potentially be liable for
3 A. No.	13 that?
4 Q. Do you have a mortgage?	14 A. I don't.
5 A. Yes, I do have a mortgage.	15 Q. Do you have a reason?
6 Q. Me, too.	16 A. I think that would be certainly something that
7 A. I do that so I can pay for it.	17 would be part of the criteria to be Commission approved
8 Q. Me, too.	18 in the first instance, that that appraiser be properly
9 Mr. Bolton, if you sell your house, is the	19 credentialed and have the wherewithal to be able to
0 mortgage company entitled to more than the principal that you goe the mortgage 2	20 perform in an accurate way and
1 that you owe on the mortgage?	21 Q. Well
2 A. They would get the principal and interest on the	22 A have a good track record of business before
3 borrowing.	23 becoming Commission approved.
<ul> <li>Q. But once you sold the house, you would simply</li> <li>need to repay the principal; isn't that right?</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Q. Fair enough.</li><li>But the question isn't whether the appraiser was</li></ul>

		-	
	Page 185 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON 185		Page 187 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON 187
1	doing a good job before. The question is whether the	1	Q. Now, since you have been with the Company, when
2	appraiser went rogue, for lack of a better term, and	2	Pacific Power has filed a general rate case, are you
3	potentially committed criminal conduct. If they are on	3	aware of any instance in which the Commission has set
4	a list of Commission-approved appraisers, do you	4	the Company's rates at or above the level requested in
5	consider that to potentially be problematic for the	5	the Company's filing?
б	Commission?	6	A. No.
7	A. I'm not sure I have an opinion on that.	7	Q. So it would be fair to say, then, wouldn't it,
8	Q. Okay.	8	that if your rates reflected what you asked for rather
9	A. I don't know how that would work.	9	than what the Commission authorized, the Company would
10	Q. So in your rebuttal testimony, you've proposed	10	be far less competitive with non-regulated utilities
11	to increase the stranded cost recovery fee to include	11	than it is today?
12	costs associated with the company's energy efficiency	12	A. That is a possibility.
13	and low-income programs; is that correct?	13	Q. Okay.
14	A. That is correct.	14	A. Our costs would be higher.
L5	Q. So on page 9 of your rebuttal testimony, lines	15	Q. And as far as you're aware, has the Company ever
L6	16 through 19, you say, "the magnitude of the	16	cited loss of customers to non-regulated utilities as a
L7	riders" meaning low-income and energy-efficiency	17	driving factor for a rate increase in a general rate
18	riders "will increase as the burden to pay for the	18	case?
19	programs fall on Pacific Power's remaining customers."	19	A. No.
20	Do you see that?	20	Q. Now, Mr. Bolton, I got the impression from
21	A. Yes.	21	reading your testimony that you felt that Columbia REA
22	Q. Now, with regard to conservation in particular,	22	could charge essentially whatever it wanted to its
23	is the Company currently acquiring all cost-effective	23	customers; is that accurate?
24	energy efficiency in its Washington service territory?	24	A. Yes.
25	A. Yes, it is.	25	Q. In your experience, do utilities, whether
	Page 186 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON 186		Page 188 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON 188
1	Q. And do you agree that, if a customer disconnects	1	regulated or non-regulated, typically have a significant
2			
	from Pacific Power's service in Washington, that the	2	amount of debt?
3	customer also loses this customer the Company also	3	A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that
4	customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?	3 4	A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both
4 5	customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential? A. Yes.	3 4 5	A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in
4 5 6	customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential? A. Yes. Q. Okay.	3 4 5 6	A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.
4 5 6 7	customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And if a customer leaves the system, do	3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8	customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make	3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8 9 L0 L1 L2	customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs? A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not allow it to repay its debt, do you think that would</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do</li> <li>remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>I just have a few remaining questions,</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not allow it to repay its debt, do you think that would potentially be problematic for Columbia REA?</li> </ul>
4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>I just have a few remaining questions,</li> <li>Mr. Bolton. Can you turn to your direct testimony on</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not allow it to repay its debt, do you think that would potentially be problematic for Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. I do. And I do think that's one of the drivers</li> </ul>
4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>I just have a few remaining questions,</li> <li>Mr. Bolton. Can you turn to your direct testimony on page 8?</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not allow it to repay its debt, do you think that would potentially be problematic for Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. I do. And I do think that's one of the drivers for aggressive customer acquisition and growth.</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>I just have a few remaining questions,</li> <li>Mr. Bolton. Can you turn to your direct testimony on page 8?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not allow it to repay its debt, do you think that would potentially be problematic for Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. I do. And I do think that's one of the drivers for aggressive customer acquisition and growth.</li> <li>Q. Do you have any evidence to support that</li> </ul>
4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>I just have a few remaining questions,</li> <li>Mr. Bolton. Can you turn to your direct testimony on page 8?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. At the top of the page, the question says, "Is</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not allow it to repay its debt, do you think that would potentially be problematic for Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. I do. And I do think that's one of the drivers for aggressive customer acquisition and growth.</li> <li>Q. Do you have any evidence to support that statement?</li> </ul>
4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do</li> <li>remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>I just have a few remaining questions,</li> <li>Mr. Bolton. Can you turn to your direct testimony on page 8?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. At the top of the page, the question says, "Is Pacific Power able to compete with neighboring</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not allow it to repay its debt, do you think that would potentially be problematic for Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. I do. And I do think that's one of the drivers for aggressive customer acquisition and growth.</li> <li>Q. Do you have any evidence to support that statement?</li> <li>A. I think it's the evidence of the aggressive</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do</li> <li>remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>I just have a few remaining questions,</li> <li>Mr. Bolton. Can you turn to your direct testimony on page 8?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. At the top of the page, the question says, "Is Pacific Power able to compete with neighboring non-regulated utilities?"</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not allow it to repay its debt, do you think that would potentially be problematic for Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. I do. And I do think that's one of the drivers for aggressive customer acquisition and growth.</li> <li>Q. Do you have any evidence to support that statement?</li> <li>A. I think it's the evidence of the aggressive customer solicitation and acquisition that we do see</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>I just have a few remaining questions,</li> <li>Mr. Bolton. Can you turn to your direct testimony on page 8?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. At the top of the page, the question says, "Is Pacific Power able to compete with neighboring non-regulated utilities?"</li> <li>And the first sentence of that response says,</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not allow it to repay its debt, do you think that would potentially be problematic for Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. I do. And I do think that's one of the drivers for aggressive customer acquisition and growth.</li> <li>Q. Do you have any evidence to support that statement?</li> <li>A. I think it's the evidence of the aggressive customer solicitation and acquisition that we do see happening, as well as the highly leveraged nature of</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>I just have a few remaining questions,</li> <li>Mr. Bolton. Can you turn to your direct testimony on page 8?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. At the top of the page, the question says, "Is Pacific Power able to compete with neighboring non-regulated utilities?"</li> <li>And the first sentence of that response says,</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not allow it to repay its debt, do you think that would potentially be problematic for Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. I do. And I do think that's one of the drivers for aggressive customer acquisition and growth.</li> <li>Q. Do you have any evidence to support that statement?</li> <li>A. I think it's the evidence of the aggressive customer solicitation and acquisition that we do see happening, as well as the highly leveraged nature of Columbia REA's balance sheet.</li> </ul>
4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>customer also loses this customer the Company also loses this customer's energy efficiency potential?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And if a customer leaves the system, do remaining customer rates automatically increase to make up for any lost contributions to the Company's energy-efficiency or low-income programs?</li> <li>A. No, I imagine there would be a lag before that effect would be felt.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>I just have a few remaining questions,</li> <li>Mr. Bolton. Can you turn to your direct testimony on page 8?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. At the top of the page, the question says, "Is Pacific Power able to compete with neighboring non-regulated utilities?"</li> <li>And the first sentence of that response says,</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>A. In my experience, it's usually about 50/50, that the preferred capital structure of a utility, both regulated or unregulated, is usually somewhere in balance with each other to equity.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. My understanding with Columbia REA is that they have significantly more debt and are much more leveraged than most other utilities we see in the utility space.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Now, if Columbia REA charged rates that did not allow it to repay its debt, do you think that would potentially be problematic for Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. I do. And I do think that's one of the drivers for aggressive customer acquisition and growth.</li> <li>Q. Do you have any evidence to support that statement?</li> <li>A. I think it's the evidence of the aggressive customer solicitation and acquisition that we do see happening, as well as the highly leveraged nature of</li> </ul>

DOCKELINO. UE-161204 - VOI. III	0/14/201
Page 189 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / BOLTON 189	C C
1 more information on their base plan? What I would say	1 So I think what I'd like to do, just to frame
2 is this is, you know, looking just from a general	2 this, is I really only want to talk about two two
3 business practice standpoint, a pretty good explanation	3 subject matters with you. One is the proposed
4 for why we're seeing the activity that we see.	4 disconnection practices that you've outlined in your
5 Q. I think my question is a yes or no.	5 modified Rule 6, and then, second, is the purchase and
6 <b>A. No.</b>	6 sale of practices that you're proposing.
7 Q. Okay. Thank you.	7 So I think the first thing I'd like to do is ask
8 Mr. Bolton, do you have any evidence that	8 you if you'd be kind enough to correct your testimony,
9 Columbia REA has ever charged any of its customers rates	9 and I ask you to take a look at page 9, line 1, of your
$_{10}$ other than those that are in its tariffs?	10 opening testimony.
11 <b>A. No.</b>	11 Page 9, line number 3, you're that's the
12 Q. Okay.	12 middle of a quote, and to be fair, the quote is from
A. It's difficult to know what the rates are that	13 existing Rule 6, and it's starting on line number 1 [as
$_{ m 14}$ are in their tariff.	14 read], "When a customer requests permanent disconnection
Q. Do you agree that those rates were provided in	15 of a Company facilities [sic], customers shall pay to
16 discovery in this case?	16 Company the actual cost for removal less salvage of"
17 <b>A. Yes.</b>	17 the word "only" is missing. Do you know that? You'll
L8 Q. Okay.	18 take my word for it, it is missing?
MR. PEPPLE: No more questions.	19 A. I do not see the word "only."
JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.	20 Q. You do not see the word "only." But it does
Okay. Yakama Power?	21 appear in the existing Rule 6, doesn't it? If you don't
22 MR. PEPPLE: Oh, I'm sorry.	22 know, let's
JUDGE PEARSON: Sorry?	23 MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, we'd be happy
24 MR. SCHWARTZ: If I may	24 to stipulate, there was a typo that was acknowledged
25 MR. PEPPLE: We're kind of second I have	25 through DR responses and clarified quite some time ago.
Page 19( CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 190	C C
$_{\mbox{l}}$ no more questions. Mr. Schwartz has a few questions for	1 JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.
2 Mr. Bolton.	2 MR. SCHWARTZ: Great.
3 MR. SCHWARTZ: We just tried to divide up	3 BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
4 some of the subject matter here.	4 Q. So I'd like to take a moment, then, and start
5 JUDGE PEARSON: Sure.	5 reviewing Rule 6 with you. I'm trying to locate it.
6 CROSS-EXAMINATION	6 I'm sorry.
7 BY MR. SCHWARTZ:	7 MR. GREENFIELD: I believe we actually have
8 Q. Just by way of introduction, Mr. Bolton, my name	8 handouts of the entirety that also included the
9 is Stanley Schwartz.	9 revisions to 1 and 4 that we discussed yesterday. I'd
JUDGE PEARSON: Can you use the microphone,	10 be happy to provide a copy to counsel.
I Mr. Schwartz?	11 JUDGE PEARSON: That sounds good.
MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. I've got it.	12 Mr. Schwartz, are you looking for the
13 BY MR. SCHWARTZ:	13 existing Rule 6 or the proposed Rule 6?
Q. So by way of introduction, my name is Stanley	14 MR. SCHWARTZ: The proposed Rule 6.
15 Schwartz. I'm general counsel for Columbia REA.	15 JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.
And you're aware that Columbia REA is a	16 MR. GREENFIELD: This is, again, RMM-3 with
17 nonprofit corporation in Washington, correct?	17 the additions of the revisions to 1 and 4 that were
18 <b>A. Yes.</b>	18 filed with Mr. Dalley's initial testimony.
19 Q. Operating a cooperative form of government?	19 JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.
20 A. Yes.	20 MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor, can I just take a
21 Q. And that Columbia REA does not have	21 minute? I want to look through my briefcase, because I
22 shareholders, correct?	22 have notes on the actual document. If I can just stand
23 A. It has members, yes.	23 up and look for it. I apologize.
Q. Right, which is different than shareholders in	24 JUDGE PEARSON: Sure. It's okay.
25 terms of the profit incentive of a shareholder.	25 (Brief pause in the proceedings.)

00	CKET NO. UE-161204 - VOI. III		6/14/	/201
	Page 193 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 193		Page cross-examination by mr. schwartz / bolton	
1	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Let's be back on the	1	behalf, those facilities at fair market value.	
1	record.	1	Abandonment really would be in only those	
2	BY MR. SCHWARTZ:	2	extreme circumstances where that was the best option due	
3	Q. Mr. Bolton, I'd like you to take a look at	-	to some extenuating circumstance.	
4	RMM-3, page 7 of 16. And specifically, I want to draw	4	Q. But let me ask you a specific question. Thank	
5	your attention to subsection I.1.a., which is at the	5	you for that.	
6	bottom of the page. And I'm looking at the red line	-	So factually, if you have a situation where	
7 8	version.	7	there's a private party, a customer who chooses to	
8 9	Do you have that in front of you?	8	disconnect and has underground facilities, but doesn't	
	A. Yes.	-	want to agree to your definition of fair market value,	
L0	Q. In subsection "a," you've stricken the word	10	now you've got underground conduit, is that a	
11	"only," which has appeared in Rule 6, I believe, for a	11	circumstance where you will destroy or decommission the	
.2		12		
.3	number of years. And what's is the reason for	13	underground conduit on private property?	
.4	striking that because the Company no longer wants	14	A. Most likely, in that circumstance, if the	
.5	facilities to be removed only because there's a safety	15	customer does not wish to purchase those facilities, the	
.6	or operational reason?	16	next best option would be to remove those facilities.	
.7	A. That's correct. It's for all permanent	17	Q. I said decommission. Will you decommission?	
.8	disconnection requests.	18	Removal is different than decommission.	
.9	Q. Okay.	19	A. Again, it would be on a case-by-case basis. It	
20	Now, you do agree, though, that even with your	20	would be only in really those extenuating circumstances	
1	rule modification, that there will be circumstances	21	where we would decommission the facilities in place.	
2	where the Company chooses to discommit to	22	Again, we imagine that in almost every case, the	
3	decommission underground facilities such as conduit in	23	customer will either purchase the facility or will have	
24	place without destroying them, correct?	24	those facilities removed.	
25	A. No. If we decommission, we would also if we	25	Q. But in those cases where the customer and the	
	Page 194 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 194		Page CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON	196 196
1	abandon plant, we would decommission that plant as well.	1	Company do not agree upon fair market value, you do	
2	Q. So from this day forward, or from the day that	2	agree, on private property, if it is not feasible or	
3	this rule would become effective, anytime there's an	3	cost prohibitive to dig up the conduit, that you will	
4	underground facility that will not be sold, you will	4	destroy it by putting, for example, a concrete slurry in	
5	decommission it by destroying it; is that correct?	5	it, correct?	
6	A. If it's the result of a permanent if a	6	A. Again, possibly that could happen in certain	
7	customer permanent disconnection request [sic].	7	circumstances. But I would also clarify that, while the	
8	Q. And decommission for underground conduit means,	8	facilities may be located on a customer's property,	
9	for example, filling it with a concrete slurry?	9	those facilities themselves are the Company's property.	
.0	A. (Nods head.)	10	Q. I understand that.	
1	Q. And that would be your practice going forward?	11	But all I'm trying to get you to agree to is	
2	A. Yes.	12	that there can be a circumstance where you will	
.3	Q. Whether it's in public right of way or on	13	decommission by destroying underground conduit on	
.4		14	private property, correct?	
.5	A. What I would highlight, though, is that	15	A. That could happen, and	
.6	decommissioning facilities would be really an option of	16	Q. Okay.	
.0	last resort, that really the purpose of the multiple	17	A that's the flexibility the Company seeks, is	
- /	options that we are providing in our revised tariff	18	to have that ability as far as the and what we're	
. o . 9	would be to either sell or remove the facility.	10 19	trying to do here is contemplate the universe of	
	So as we look at this, that would be the		possibilities of property disposition in the case of a	
20	majority or the vast preponderance of transactions that	20	customer disconnection request.	
21		21		
22	would occur when a customer asks to permanently	22	Q. So under that circumstance, when you destroy,	
23	disconnect, either removing the facility so that the new	23	you obviously will destroy any economic value associated	
24	provider can install theirs, or sell to the customer,	24	with that underground conduit, correct? It will become	
25	who is really having the new provider purchase on their	25	useless.	

	Page 197		Page 199
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 197		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 199
1	A. It will that's correct. It will not be able	1	how the current net removal tariff is constructed, and
	to be used further.	2	that it did not contemplate options such as sale of the
3	Q. And that's the customer's or that's, I guess,	3	facilities to the customer. So we've updated it for
4 t	he result if the customer and Pacific Power cannot	4	that circumstance as well.
5 8	agree upon fair market value, correct?	5	We've also updated it in order to really try to
6	A. Or the facilities may be removed.	6	imagine every contingency that the Company would face in
7	Q. And for example, you're familiar with the	7	facing a permanent disconnection request, while trying
8 1	Walla Walla Country Club case, right?	8	to ensure that, in every single option, that cost
9	A. I'm familiar with the Commission's order in the	9	shifting that results from permanent disconnection isn't
0	Walla Walla Country Club case.	10	visited upon our remaining customers, and, in turn, that
1	Q. Now, you were asked a number of questions	11	our remaining customers aren't in some way subsidizing
	earlier, though, I think by your counsel concerning that	12	the departure of that customer.
-	case in terms of the appraisal, right?	13	So in the circumstance where we would not be
4	A. I was not asked by my counsel about the	14	able to agree to a sale price of facilities, that the
	appraisal.	15	Company should be expected to then just abandon conduit
.6	Q. You know the value weren't you asked about	16	in the ground that the next utility could come in, at no
	the value of the underground facilities?	17	cost, and be able to serve that new customer, we believe
8	A. I was not asked about the value by my counsel.	18	is a subsidy for that departing customer. And, frankly,
	will say, in general terms, I am generally familiar	19	gives second mover advantage to whoever comes in after
-	with the circumstances of that case. I was not	20	the initial service provider has installed systems to
	within the Company, I was not a party to working on that	20	serve that customer in the first instance.
-	case. So I just want a caveat that I have a general	21	Q. Excuse me.
	familiarity with the case. I may not know every detail	22	Was that an answer to my question?
-	of that particular one. But I am familiar with the	23 24	A. Yes.
	Commission's ultimate order in that case.	24	Q. Very comprehensive.
20 .		25	
	Page 198 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 198		Page 200 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 200
1	Q. Okay. And that's fair.		So what I really want to do, though, is take a
1		1	
1 2	So I guess, in summary, your testimony in the	1 2	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please,
2	So I guess, in summary, your testimony in the revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company		
2 3 1		2	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please,
2 3 1 4 4	revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company	2 3	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla
2 3 1 4 8 5 \	revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market	2 3 4	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club.
2 3 r 4 a 5 v 6 t	revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove	2 3 4 5	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is
2 3 r 4 a 5 v 6 t	revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned	2 3 4 5 6	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins
2 3 4 5 6 t 7	revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?	2 3 4 5 6 7	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. Yes.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it
2 3 4 5 7 6 7 8 9 .0	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to
2 3 4 5 6 4 6 7 7 8 9 .0 6	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the
2 3 4 5 6 6 7 6 8 9 0 6	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> <li>The Company does agree that abandoning</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground
2 3 4 5 6 6 7 6 8 9 0 6 1 2 1 .3	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned for destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> <li>The Company does agree that abandoning underground conduit that no longer contains a wire does</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground facilities. Consequently, the parties reached a
2 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 6 7 8 9 0 6 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 4	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> <li>The Company does agree that abandoning underground conduit that no longer contains a wire does not violate the NESC, doesn't it?</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground facilities. Consequently, the parties reached a negotiated settlement."
2 3 4 5 6 7 6 7 7 8 9 0 4 1 2 1 3 1 5 1	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> <li>The Company does agree that abandoning underground conduit that no longer contains a wire does not violate the NESC, doesn't it?</li> <li>A. That's what the Commission found in its order in</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground facilities. Consequently, the parties reached a negotiated settlement." That's, of course, a true fact, right?
2 3 1 4 4 5 1 6 t 7 0 8 9 0 0 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 4 1 5 1 6 .	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> <li>The Company does agree that abandoning underground conduit that no longer contains a wire does not violate the NESC, doesn't it?</li> <li>A. That's what the Commission found in its order in the Walla Walla Country Club case.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground facilities. Consequently, the parties reached a negotiated settlement." That's, of course, a true fact, right? <b>A. Yes.</b>
2 3 4 5 6 7 6 7 8 9 0 6 1 .2 1 .2 1 .2 1 .2 1 .7 1 .7 1 .7 1	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> <li>The Company does agree that abandoning underground conduit that no longer contains a wire does not violate the NESC, doesn't it?</li> <li>A. That's what the Commission found in its order in the Walla Walla Country Club case.</li> <li>Q. And through your Rule No. 6, is the Company</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground facilities. Consequently, the parties reached a negotiated settlement." That's, of course, a true fact, right? <b>A. Yes.</b> Q. Do you believe that Columbia REA was the
2 3 4 5 5 6 1 7 6 8 9 .0 6 1 .2 1 .2 1 .2 1 .2 1 .2 1 .2 1 .2 1	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> <li>The Company does agree that abandoning underground conduit that no longer contains a wire does not violate the NESC, doesn't it?</li> <li>A. That's what the Commission found in its order in the Walla Walla Country Club case.</li> <li>Q. And through your Rule No. 6, is the Company trying to nullify that finding by removing the word</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground facilities. Consequently, the parties reached a negotiated settlement." That's, of course, a true fact, right? <b>A. Yes.</b> Q. Do you believe that Columbia REA was the purchaser of that underground conduit on private
2 3 4 5 6 7 6 7 8 9 .0 6 1 .2 .2 .1 .2 .1 .3 1 .2 .1 .3 1 .2 .1 .5 1 .2 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> <li>The Company does agree that abandoning underground conduit that no longer contains a wire does not violate the NESC, doesn't it?</li> <li>A. That's what the Commission found in its order in the Walla Walla Country Club case.</li> <li>Q. And through your Rule No. 6, is the Company trying to nullify that finding by removing the word 'only" as well as the remaining statement and I'm</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club. So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground facilities. Consequently, the parties reached a negotiated settlement." That's, of course, a true fact, right? <b>A. Yes.</b> Q. Do you believe that Columbia REA was the purchaser of that underground conduit on private property?
2 3 4 5 6 1 7 6 1 7 6 1 7 6 1 2 1 -2 1 -2 1 -2 1 -2 1 -2 1 -2 1 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please. The Company does agree that abandoning underground conduit that no longer contains a wire does not violate the NESC, doesn't it?</li> <li>A. That's what the Commission found in its order in the Walla Walla Country Club case.</li> <li>Q. And through your Rule No. 6, is the Company trying to nullify that finding by removing the word 'only" as well as the remaining statement and I'm quoting "that need to be removed for safety or</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club.</li> <li>So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins</li> <li>"at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground facilities. Consequently, the parties reached a negotiated settlement."</li> <li>That's, of course, a true fact, right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Do you believe that Columbia REA was the purchaser of that underground conduit on private property?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 1 7 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> <li>The Company does agree that abandoning underground conduit that no longer contains a wire does not violate the NESC, doesn't it?</li> <li>A. That's what the Commission found in its order in the Walla Walla Country Club case.</li> <li>Q. And through your Rule No. 6, is the Company trying to nullify that finding by removing the word 'only" as well as the remaining statement and I'm quoting "that need to be removed for safety or operational reasons" is that the point of that</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club.</li> <li>So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins</li> <li>"at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground facilities. Consequently, the parties reached a negotiated settlement."</li> <li>That's, of course, a true fact, right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Do you believe that Columbia REA was the purchaser of that underground conduit on private property?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. You certain about that?</li> </ul>
2 3 7 4 4 5 1 7 6 1 7 6 8 9 0 6 1 0 2 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> <li>The Company does agree that abandoning underground conduit that no longer contains a wire does not violate the NESC, doesn't it?</li> <li>A. That's what the Commission found in its order in the Walla Walla Country Club case.</li> <li>Q. And through your Rule No. 6, is the Company trying to nullify that finding by removing the word 'only" as well as the remaining statement and I'm quoting "that need to be removed for safety or operational reasons" is that the point of that removal, to nullify the finding and the conclusion in</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club.</li> <li>So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins</li> <li>"at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground facilities. Consequently, the parties reached a negotiated settlement."</li> <li>That's, of course, a true fact, right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Do you believe that Columbia REA was the purchaser of that underground conduit on private property?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. You certain about that?</li> <li>A. I believe that was the agreement found during</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 5 6 1 7 6 1 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<ul> <li>revision to Rule 6 is recognizing that, if the Company and the customer cannot reach agreement on fair market value, if it's infeasible or cost prohibitive to remove the underground conduit, then it will be decommissioned or destroyed, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at an exhibit, please.</li> <li>The Company does agree that abandoning underground conduit that no longer contains a wire does not violate the NESC, doesn't it?</li> <li>A. That's what the Commission found in its order in the Walla Walla Country Club case.</li> <li>Q. And through your Rule No. 6, is the Company trying to nullify that finding by removing the word 'only" as well as the remaining statement and I'm quoting "that need to be removed for safety or operational reasons" is that the point of that removal, to nullify the finding and the conclusion in the Walla Walla Country Club case?</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>look at page 6 of your beginning testimony, please, because I was asking specifically about the Walla Walla Country Club.</li> <li>So I'm on page 6, and this is on this is footnote No. 3. The language I'm interested in begins with the third line down, the line actually begins "at its own expense." This is footnote No. 3, it said, "The Country Club and Columbia REA preferred to avoid the business disruption associated with the excavation and removal of extensive underground facilities. Consequently, the parties reached a negotiated settlement." That's, of course, a true fact, right? <ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Do you believe that Columbia REA was the purchaser of that underground conduit on private property?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. You certain about that?</li> <li>A. I believe that was the agreement found during discovery, that Columbia REA would cover the costs of</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	ket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/201
	Page 201		Page 203
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 201		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 203
_	an neiveta nennati (2	_	the Easilities when in the Company's cale discretion
-	on private property?	1	the Facilities when, in the Company's sole discretion,
2	A. I don't know the relationship of ownership	2	service may be negatively impacted or safety issues may
-	between Columbia REA and Walla Walla Country Club. I do	3	arise as a result of removal or purchase by the
	believe that Columbia REA helped pay for the costs of	4	departing customer."
	those facilities. Whether Columbia REA deeded those	5	Now, I want to break this down because there's
-	back to the country club or as the fee owner, I don't	6	really a number of concepts going on here. Is it fair
'	know.	7	that the summary is that, if the customer and I'm
8	Q. Well, your Company, in fact, also assists in	8	sorry if this is asked and answered, but I want to
-	paying for costs of underground facilities, doesn't it?	9	confirm it that based upon this language, is it fair
0	A. No.	10	to say that, if a departing customer and Pacific Power
.1	Q. Isn't that what line extension credit's all	11	cannot reach agreement on the purchase price, or the
.2	about?	12	customer does not want to purchase that, in certain
.3	A. For underground facilities, the customer pays	13	circumstances, Pacific Power will decommission or
.4 1	for installation of those underground facilities.	14	destroy the facilities? Isn't that what this amendment
5	Q. Don't you offer a line extension credit?	15	says?
6	A. For overhead facilities.	16	A. Not quite. What the amendment says is, if for
.7	Q. Nothing for underground?	17	safety or reliability purposes a sale or removal doesn't
.8	A. I'll need to review Rule 14.	18	make sense, then the Company wishes to retain the
.9	Q. Okay.	19	flexibility to abandon in place those facilities. I
20	So with regard to the appraisal for the Walla	20	don't agree with the characterization that it would just
21	Walla Country Club, which was discussed, I believe, if	21	be upon failure of agreement over fair market value that
2 <sup>i</sup>	it wasn't with you, it was another witness by counsel,	22	that would be the outcome.
23	and I think the value was put in at \$108,000.	23	BY MR. PEPPLE:
24	Do you remember that testimony?	24	Q. So then let's talk about what you just said.
25	A. I recall that, yes.	25	This this rule is written in the disjunctive. You've
	Page 202 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 202		Page 204 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 204
1			act two circumstances, which in your sole discretion
-	Q. Would it surprise you if that appraisal placed	1	got two circumstances, which, in your sole discretion,
	<ul> <li>would it surprise you it that appraisal placed</li> <li>no value on the underground conduit and subject to</li> </ul>	1 2	can occur that would warrant decommission or
2			
2	no value on the underground conduit and subject to	2	can occur that would warrant decommission or
2	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you?	2 3	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction.
2   3   4 5	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal?	2 3 4	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety
2   3   4 5	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal? Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the	2 3 4 5	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by
2   3   4 5   7	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal? Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and	2 3 4 5 6	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not
2   3   4 5   7   8	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal? Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess,	2 3 4 5 6 7	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the
2   3   4 5   7   8   9	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal? Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact
2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   1	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal? Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree
2   3   5   7   8   9   .0   .1	no value on the underground conduit and – subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal? Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the
2 4 5 6 7 9 1 .0 9	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal? Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself? A. It would.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would
2   3   4 5 6   7   8   9   .0   .1 .2 .3	<ul> <li>no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal?</li> <li>Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself?</li> <li>A. It would.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would leave it in the ground as is. Is that correct,
2   3   4 5 6   7   8   1 .2 .3 .4	<ul> <li>no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal?</li> <li>Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself?</li> <li>A. It would.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>I want to go back to Rule 6. I'd like to draw</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would leave it in the ground as is. Is that correct, according to this rule revision?
2 4 5 6 7 9 7 9 1 .2 .3 .4 .2 .5	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal? Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself? A. It would. Q. Okay. I want to go back to Rule 6. I'd like to draw your attention now to	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would leave it in the ground as is. Is that correct, according to this rule revision? MR. GREENFIELD: I do have to object on
2 4 5 6 7 9 1 .0 9 1 .1 .2 .3 .4 .2 .5 .6 1	<ul> <li>no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal?</li> <li>Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself?</li> <li>A. It would.</li> <li>Q. Okay. <ul> <li>I want to go back to Rule 6. I'd like to draw your attention now to</li> <li>MR. TILL: Which version of Rule 6,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would leave it in the ground as is. Is that correct, according to this rule revision? MR. GREENFIELD: I do have to object on asked and answered, your Honor. We've covered this a
2   3   5   6   7   8   9   1 2 .3 .4 . 5   .0   .1 .2 .3 .4 . .5 .6   .1 .5 .6   .1 .5 .6   .7 	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal? Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself? A. It would. Q. Okay. I want to go back to Rule 6. I'd like to draw your attention now to MR. TILL: Which version of Rule 6, Mr. Schwartz?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would leave it in the ground as is. Is that correct, according to this rule revision? MR. GREENFIELD: I do have to object on asked and answered, your Honor. We've covered this a few times.
2   4 5 6   7 9 1 .0 9 1 .1 .2 .3 .4 .2 .5 .6   .7 .8	<ul> <li>no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal?</li> <li>Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself?</li> <li>A. It would.</li> <li>Q. Okay. <ul> <li>I want to go back to Rule 6. I'd like to draw your attention now to</li> <li>MR. TILL: Which version of Rule 6,</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mr. Schwartz? <ul> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: This is from RMM-3, and I'm</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would leave it in the ground as is. Is that correct, according to this rule revision? MR. GREENFIELD: I do have to object on asked and answered, your Honor. We've covered this a few times. JUDGE PEARSON: Yeah, I sustain the
2   4 5 6   7 9 1 .0 9 1 .1 .2 .3 .4 .2 .5 .6   .7 .8   .7 .8   .7 .9   .9   .9	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal? Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself? A. It would. Q. Okay. I want to go back to Rule 6. I'd like to draw your attention now to MR. TILL: Which version of Rule 6, Mr. Schwartz? MR. SCHWARTZ: This is from RMIM-3, and I'm looking at the red line version, and I'm now going to	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would leave it in the ground as is. Is that correct, according to this rule revision? MR. GREENFIELD: I do have to object on asked and answered, your Honor. We've covered this a few times. JUDGE PEARSON: Yeah, I sustain the objection.
$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ -2 \\ -3 \\ -4 \\ 2 \\ -7 \\ -8 \\ -7 \\ -7$	<ul> <li>no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal?</li> <li>Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself?</li> <li>A. It would.</li> <li>Q. Okay. <ul> <li>I want to go back to Rule 6. I'd like to draw your attention now to</li> <li>MR. TILL: Which version of Rule 6,</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mr. Schwartz? <ul> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: This is from RMM-3, and I'm looking at the red line version, and I'm now going to page 9.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would leave it in the ground as is. Is that correct, according to this rule revision? MR. GREENFIELD: I do have to object on asked and answered, your Honor. We've covered this a few times. JUDGE PEARSON: Yeah, I sustain the objection. MR. SCHWARTZ: Sustained it?
2   3   5   6   7   8   1   2   3   6   7   8   1   2   3   9   1   2   3   9   1   2   3   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	<ul> <li>no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal?</li> <li>Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself?</li> <li>A. It would.</li> <li>Q. Okay. <ul> <li>I want to go back to Rule 6. I'd like to draw your attention now to</li> <li>MR. TILL: Which version of Rule 6,</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mr. Schwartz? <ul> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: This is from RMM-3, and I'm looking at the red line version, and I'm now going to page 9.</li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would leave it in the ground as is. Is that correct, according to this rule revision? MR. GREENFIELD: I do have to object on asked and answered, your Honor. We've covered this a few times. JUDGE PEARSON: Yeah, I sustain the objection. MR. SCHWARTZ: Sustained it? JUDGE PEARSON: Yes.
$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2$	<ul> <li>no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal?</li> <li>Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself?</li> <li>A. It would.</li> <li>Q. Okay. <ul> <li>I want to go back to Rule 6. I'd like to draw your attention now to</li> <li>MR. TILL: Which version of Rule 6,</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mr. Schwartz? <ul> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: This is from RMM-3, and I'm looking at the red line version, and I'm now going to page 9.</li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would leave it in the ground as is. Is that correct, according to this rule revision? MR. GREENFIELD: I do have to object on asked and answered, your Honor. We've covered this a few times. JUDGE PEARSON: Yeah, I sustain the objection. MR. SCHWARTZ: Sustained it? JUDGE PEARSON: Yes. MR. SCHWARTZ: Okay, your Honor.
2   4 5 6   7   10   11 12 13 14 15 16   11 12 13 14 15 16   12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 12 13 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	no value on the underground conduit and subject to check, would that surprise you? A. I'm sorry. Which appraisal? Q. The Walla Walla Country Club appraisal for the underground facilities, which included wire, meter, and other associated facilities and appendages, I guess, that relate to the underground; would it surprise you if that appraisal placed no value on the underground conduit itself? A. It would. Q. Okay. I want to go back to Rule 6. I'd like to draw your attention now to MR. TILL: Which version of Rule 6, Mr. Schwartz? MR. SCHWARTZ: This is from RMM-3, and I'm looking at the red line version, and I'm now going to page 9. BY MR. SCHWARTZ: Q. And I want to look at the new proposed language in subsection 2, and I'll just read it into the record.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	can occur that would warrant decommission or destruction. The second one you just talked about, "or safety issues may arise as a result of removal or purchase by the departing customer," you've told me that this is not intended to nullify the result and the findings in the Walla Walla Country Club case; thus, if you have a fact pattern where the Company and the customer cannot agree upon a purchase, according to that precedent, where the NESC said there is no danger to empty conduit, you would leave it in the ground as is. Is that correct, according to this rule revision? MR. GREENFIELD: I do have to object on asked and answered, your Honor. We've covered this a few times. JUDGE PEARSON: Yeah, I sustain the objection. MR. SCHWARTZ: Sustained it? JUDGE PEARSON: Yes. MR. SCHWARTZ: Okay, your Honor. BY MR. SCHWARTZ:

	cket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/201
4	Page 205		Page 207
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 205		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 207
1	decision, it will make the determination with regard to	1	Q. I just want to establish that there are
1	the disjunctive here, negative impact on service or	1	circumstances where, without the payment of
2	safety issues; is that correct?	2	consideration in terms of fair market value, your
3	A. Yes.	3	
4		4	company has conveyed empty underground conduit to
5	Q. Is there how would a customer ever challenge	5	customers through a bill of sale; are you aware of those
6	that determination of sole discretion if it disagreed	6	situations?
7	with your determination about there being a negative	7	A. I'm not aware of specific situations. Could you
8	service impact or a safety issue?	8	be could you give me an example?
9	MR. GREENFIELD: I'd object to the form.	9	Q. Not off the top of my head, but I certainly know
10	That calls for a legal conclusion.	10	that they exist in the Walla Walla Country Club matter.
11	JUDGE PEARSON: Do you want to rephrase the	11	Let me talk about the other qualifier in this
12	question?	12	subsection 2. Now, it says that "the Company may
13	BY MR. SCHWARTZ:	13	abandon" and I'm reading from the rule "some or
14	Q. Do you envision a process about which a customer	14	all of the facilities when, in the Company's sole
15	could challenge that determination of sole discretion?	15	discretion, service may be negatively impacted."
16	A. There's not a process outlined in the net	16	Negative impact on service, is this an
17	removal tariff; however, this is the Company's property	17	engineering determination that the Company is going to
18	and it's the Company who is responsible and liable for	18	make?
19	the disposition of the property. And it would be within	19	A. It would be a determination from our field
20	the Company's rights and discretion on how to best deal	20	operations personnel.
21	with the property in that circumstance.	21	Q. And give me an example of, if you abandon, you
22	Q. There have been many circumstances, though,	22	remove all the wires, and you've just got empty conduit
23	where, even though the Company and this is really	23	in the ground on private property, that there's a
24	accept this representation, but I know you know this is	24	negative impact on service.
25	true there are many, many examples where the Company	25	A. I'm not expert in what those conditions would
	Page 206		Page 208
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 206		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 208
1	obtains property simply by operation of the tariff and	1	be. I would trust that, in the best judgment of our
	rules, correct?	_	field operations folks, that they would know whether it
2	Let me be specific. There are many	2	would be a situation where we would abandon the asset.
3	circumstances where the Company, Pacific Power, obtains	3	Q. Have you discussed this phrase internally with
4	circumstances where the Company, Facilic Fower, obtains		
5	underground conduit that has been installed by a	4	
_	underground conduit that has been installed by a	5	any of your experts who would make that determination or
6	customer simply by operation of your rules when you	5 6	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment?
7	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct?	5 6 7	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing
7 8	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct? A. That's correct. That's a provision of service.	5 6 7 8	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know,
7 8 9	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct? A. That's correct. That's a provision of service. Q. Right.	5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment?</li> <li>A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those</li> </ul>
7 8 9	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct? A. That's correct. That's a provision of service. Q. Right. So in the situation where you have not installed	5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment?</li> <li>A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so</li> </ul>
7 8 9 10	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct? A. That's correct. That's a provision of service. Q. Right. So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be	5 6 7 8 9 10 11	<ul> <li>any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment?</li> <li>A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for</li> </ul>
7 8 9 10 11	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct? A. That's correct. That's a provision of service. Q. Right. So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action.
7 8 9 10 11 12	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct? A. That's correct. That's a provision of service. Q. Right. So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of	5 6 7 8 9 10 11	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action. Q. That's not what I asked you.
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct? A. That's correct. That's a provision of service. Q. Right. So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of liability, correct?	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action. Q. That's not what I asked you. I asked you, have you discussed this phrase with
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct? A. That's correct. That's a provision of service. Q. Right. So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of liability, correct? A. And that's what we contemplate in providing for	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action. Q. That's not what I asked you. I asked you, have you discussed this phrase with any of the professionals or
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct? A. That's correct. That's a provision of service. Q. Right. So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of liability, correct?	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action. Q. That's not what I asked you. I asked you, have you discussed this phrase with
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct? A. That's correct. That's a provision of service. Q. Right. So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of liability, correct? A. And that's what we contemplate in providing for	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action. Q. That's not what I asked you. I asked you, have you discussed this phrase with any of the professionals or
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct? A. That's correct. That's a provision of service. Q. Right. So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of liability, correct? A. And that's what we contemplate in providing for a purchase option under a permanent disconnection	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action. Q. That's not what I asked you. I asked you, have you discussed this phrase with any of the professionals or A. I've not personally discussed this phrase.
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct?</li> <li>A. That's correct. That's a provision of service.</li> <li>Q. Right.</li> <li>So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of liability, correct?</li> <li>A. And that's what we contemplate in providing for a purchase option under a permanent disconnection scenario.</li> </ul>	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action. Q. That's not what I asked you. I asked you, have you discussed this phrase with any of the professionals or A. I've not personally discussed this phrase. Q. So the answer is no?
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct?</li> <li>A. That's correct. That's a provision of service.</li> <li>Q. Right.</li> <li>So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of liability, correct?</li> <li>A. And that's what we contemplate in providing for a purchase option under a permanent disconnection scenario.</li> <li>Q. But if the Company if the customer doesn't</li> </ul>	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment?</li> <li>A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action.</li> <li>Q. That's not what I asked you.</li> <li>I asked you, have you discussed this phrase with any of the professionals or</li> <li>A. I've not personally discussed this phrase.</li> <li>Q. So the answer is no?</li> <li>A. No.</li> </ul>
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct?</li> <li>A. That's correct. That's a provision of service.</li> <li>Q. Right.</li> <li>So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of liability, correct?</li> <li>A. And that's what we contemplate in providing for a purchase option under a permanent disconnection scenario.</li> <li>Q. But if the Company if the customer doesn't want to purchase and you want to absolve yourself of</li> </ul>	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action. Q. That's not what I asked you. I asked you, have you discussed this phrase with any of the professionals or A. I've not personally discussed this phrase. Q. So the answer is no? A. No. Q. Which means that, as you just testified, this
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct?</li> <li>A. That's correct. That's a provision of service.</li> <li>Q. Right.</li> <li>So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of liability, correct?</li> <li>A. And that's what we contemplate in providing for a purchase option under a permanent disconnection scenario.</li> <li>Q. But if the Company if the customer doesn't want to purchase and you want to absolve yourself of liability or responsibility, you could simply deliver a</li> </ul>	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment? A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action. Q. That's not what I asked you. I asked you, have you discussed this phrase with any of the professionals or A. I've not personally discussed this phrase. Q. So the answer is no? A. No. Q. Which means that, as you just testified, this entire phrase is really subject to interpretation from
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct?</li> <li>A. That's correct. That's a provision of service.</li> <li>Q. Right.</li> <li>So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of liability, correct?</li> <li>A. And that's what we contemplate in providing for a purchase option under a permanent disconnection scenario.</li> <li>Q. But if the Company if the customer doesn't want to purchase and you want to absolve yourself of liability or responsibility, you could simply deliver a bill of sale, which you have done in the past, haven't</li> </ul>	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment?</li> <li>A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action.</li> <li>Q. That's not what I asked you.</li> <li>I asked you, have you discussed this phrase with any of the professionals or</li> <li>A. I've not personally discussed this phrase.</li> <li>Q. So the answer is no?</li> <li>A. No.</li> <li>Q. Which means that, as you just testified, this entire phrase is really subject to interpretation from this point forward, correct? It's not defined, and you</li> </ul>
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>customer simply by operation of your rules when you energize that customer, correct?</li> <li>A. That's correct. That's a provision of service.</li> <li>Q. Right.</li> <li>So in the situation where you have not installed it, the removal or the decommission could be accomplished by simply giving the customer a bill of sale to that empty conduit and absolving yourself of liability, correct?</li> <li>A. And that's what we contemplate in providing for a purchase option under a permanent disconnection scenario.</li> <li>Q. But if the Company if the customer doesn't want to purchase and you want to absolve yourself of liability or responsibility, you could simply deliver a bill of sale, which you have done in the past, haven't you, with regard to empty conduit?</li> </ul>	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>any of your experts who would make that determination or judgment?</li> <li>A. Well, again, I think as far as establishing conditions in a tariff, it's to try to create, you know, a universe of possible inflexibility for when those situations would occur, so that there is clarity, so that there is a you know, a regulatory rationale for the Company's action.</li> <li>Q. That's not what I asked you.</li> <li>I asked you, have you discussed this phrase with any of the professionals or</li> <li>A. I've not personally discussed this phrase.</li> <li>Q. So the answer is no?</li> <li>A. No.</li> <li>Q. Which means that, as you just testified, this entire phrase is really subject to interpretation from this point forward, correct? It's not defined, and you can't define it here today.</li> </ul>

DOCKEL NO. UE-161204 - VOI. III	6/14/20
Page 209 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 209	Page 211 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 211
1 request, so yes.	1 customer now wants to change service providers but does
2 Q. In the Company's sole discretion, correct;	2 not want to repurchase what it's already paid for.
3 that's the qualifier?	3 Your revision to Rule 6 doesn't account for the
4 A. When it comes to Company the Company's	4 customer's costs that have been incurred above your line
5 property, yes.	5 extension credit on a purchase of those facilities,
$_{6}$ Q. So at this point, with regard to service being	6 correct?
7 negatively impacted, you're not aware of such a	7 A. Not beyond what we would credit back through the
8 determination being based upon any national standard	8 line extension.
9 like the NESC, are you?	9 Q. So if the customer spent more than the line
10 A. I'm aware of the NESC.	10 extension credit, you simply would not give them any
Q. But that's not is that a standard do you	11 credit for that amount, you would only credit your line
1.2 know, is that a standard that would be applied to this	12 extension allowance, if you will, correct?
13 phrase "may be negatively impacted"?	13 <b>A. Yes.</b>
A. Yes, it could very well be a standard that may	14 Q. I'd like to ask you to take a look at RBD-34X,
15 apply based on that specific customer circumstance.	15 and this is a Yakama exhibit you know what?
L6 Q. With regard to service, is your position that if	16 Actually, I'm going to move on so that I don't repeat
17 you have abandoned empty conduit on empty property where	17 that line of questioning.
L8 that property is no longer connected to your system,	18 Mr. Bolton, I want to talk about fair market
19 that that could create a negative impact on service for a summary surface?	19 value. Fair market value is the new concept that you've
20 your system?	20 introduced in Rule No. 1. And I'm going to ask you I
MR. GREENFIELD: Asked and answered,	21 think you're familiar with that definition.
22 your Honor.	22 A. Yes.
JUDGE PEARSON: Yeah, I'm going to sustain	2.3 Q. It was attached to your opening testimony and,
24 the objection. 25 MR. SCHWARTZ: Excuse me?	24 unfortunately, it was not it was not numbered. Is it
	25 your understanding that fair market value if you want
Page 210 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 210	Page 212 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 212
1 JUDGE PEARSON: He already answered that	$_{1}$ to look at the definition, it's Rule No. 1. I'll just
2 question.	2 read it into the record.
3 BY MR. SCHWARTZ:	3 A. I have.
4 Q. Let me ask you about the next sentence with	4 Q. Okay.
5 regard to and I'm still in subsection 2. It reads	5 Your understanding thus far is that, for fair
6 and this is a presumption that there's no agreement	6 market value, there will be a replacement cost analysis?
7 between the customer and Pacific Power "The Company	7 A. Yes.
8 will decommission and leave in place such Facilities in	8 Q. And do you understand what a replacement cost
9 a safe manner consistent with best industry practices."	9 analysis is in terms of appraisal work?
10 Do you ever decommission wire or abandon wire	10 <b>A. Yes.</b>
1 underground that is no longer energized?	11 Q. It's different, of course, than income
A. Yes, that has happened.       Dependence	12 approach
2 Q. Does that create a safety concern for the	13 A. Yes.
L4 Company?	14 Q or sales comparison approach.
A. Not if it's been decommissioned in a safe and	15 Do you agree that the premise of a replacement
16 appropriate way.	16 cost analysis is for the owner to recover its cost or
Q. And that means it's no longer energized, correct?	17 investment? 18 <b>A. Yes.</b>
8 correct? 9 A. Correct. And there may be other mitigation	
2.1 Q. I want to ask you a hypothetical question, and	21 virtue of the tariff and the rules, that it has
22 I'm really done with Rule No. 6 at this point.	22 purchased the asset and thus should be entitled to its
<ul> <li>So I want you to assume that a customer paid to</li> <li>install facilities in an amount, on its own property,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>23 entire value; isn't that the assumption that you're</li> <li>24 proceeding with here with regard to fair market value?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>24 install facilities in an amount, on its own property,</li> <li>25 that exceeds the line extension credit, and so the</li> </ul>	
A THAT SAUCCUS THE THE CALCHSION OF CULL AND SU LITE	25 A. The Company owns the assets, maintains services,

	Page 213	Page 2
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 213	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON
<u>1</u> ta	akes on the liability associated with the assets, and	1 standpoint, when that customer notifies the Company that
2 b	asically socializes that cost in its cost basis.	2 they wish to permanently disconnect, the first real
3	Q. Returning to the hypothetical, a customer	3 action that happens after creating a work order is we
4 in	stalls underground conduit, line extension credit that	4 will send an estimator to the property. That estimator
5 yo	our company offers does not reimburse the Company for	5 will look at both what conditions are present and the
6 its	s entire cost; yet, when you do the fair market	6 state of equipment as far as removal should the customer
7 a	nalysis and you request the customer to make the	7 choose to remove the facilities, but also be available
8 p	urchase, the assumption is that you've paid the entire	8 to provide a fair market valuation should the customer
9 p	urchase price of that installation, but, in fact, you	9 choose to purchase those facilities.
10 h	aven't, correct?	10 Q. So hypothetically, again, with the departing
L1	A. The Company views that, by taking ownership, by	11 customer, he or she or they or it gives you notice, you
L2 ir	ndemnifying the customer for those facilities, by	12 will provide an estimate of the cost to remove
L3 <b>P</b>	roviding 24/7 maintenance service and the obligation to	13 facilities, and then if the customer says, you know, I'd
14 S	erve that customer forevermore, that that does offset	14 really like to keep that conduit, then your estimator
15 th	ne customer's one-time cost of installation to connect	15 will value that conduit, correct?
L6 ir	nto the system.	16 A. That's correct.
17	Q. And you told us in a response to a discovery	17 Q. Okay.
	equest that the customer or the Company does not	18 And then the process would be, if there's not an
	ack individual maintenance obligations for individual	19 agreement, each party can get an appraisal, and I think
	ustomers, correct?	20 you said the lowest appraisal will control the purchase
	A. That's correct, because the operations,	21 price?
	naintenance, safety, every every component of service	22 A. That's not quite the process. The process would
	b that customer then becomes socialized among the	23 be, if the customer disputes the Company's estimate,
	ustomers, among the Company's customer base. And so to	24 then the customer would get an independent appraisal
	ind of back that out on a customer-by-customer basis is	25 from a Commission-approved list of appraisers, and then
	Page 214	Page 21
	Page 214 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214	Page 2 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON
1 10	-	_
1 Ve 2	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON
2	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do.	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2
2	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do. Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2 1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the 2 transaction.
2 3 yo 4	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do. Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2 1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the 2 transaction. 3 Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the
2 3 yo 4	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do. Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs? A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the transaction. Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,
2 3 ya 4 5 <b>s</b> a	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do. Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs? A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2 1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the 2 transaction. 3 Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the 4 estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit, 5 then your estimate really will be the cost of today,
2 3 y 4 5 <b>s</b> 6 7	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214</li> <li>ery difficult to do.</li> <li>Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?</li> <li>A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Thank you.</li> </ul>	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON       2         1       the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the         2       transaction.         3       Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the         4       estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,         5       then your estimate really will be the cost of today,         6       if you will, if this were to happen today of
2 3 y 4 5 <b>s</b> 6 7 8 <b>l</b> 't	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214</li> <li>ery difficult to do.</li> <li>Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?</li> <li>A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2</li> <li>the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the</li> <li>transaction.</li> <li>Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the</li> <li>estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,</li> <li>then your estimate really will be the cost of today,</li> <li>if you will, if this were to happen today of</li> <li>installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the</li> </ul>
2 3 y 4 5 <b>s</b> 6 7 8 l'i 9 s	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214</li> <li>ery difficult to do.</li> <li>Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?</li> <li>A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and</li> </ul>	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the transaction. Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit, then your estimate really will be the cost of today, if you will, if this were to happen today of installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that would be the replacement cost value, correct?
2 3 y <sup>4</sup> 5 <b>s</b> 6 7 8 l'i 9 si 9 si	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214</li> <li>ery difficult to do.</li> <li>Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?</li> <li>A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed the No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood</li> </ul>	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2 1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the 2 transaction. 3 Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the 4 estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit, 5 then your estimate really will be the cost of today, 6 if you will, if this were to happen today of 7 installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the 8 equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that 9 would be the replacement cost value, correct? 10 A. Our method would be replacement cost less
2 3 y 4 5 <b>s</b> 6 7 8 l'i 9 si 9 si 0 R 1 th	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214</li> <li>ery difficult to do.</li> <li>Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?</li> <li>A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the</li> </ul>	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2 1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the 2 transaction. 3 Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the 4 estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit, 5 then your estimate really will be the cost of today, 6 if you will, if this were to happen today of 7 installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the 8 equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that 9 would be the replacement cost value, correct? 10 A. Our method would be replacement cost less 11 depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the
2 3 y 4 5 s 7 8 l'i 9 s 10 R 11 th 12 m	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214</li> <li>ery difficult to do.</li> <li>Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?</li> <li>A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood nat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the methodology used.</li> </ul>	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2 1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the 2 transaction. 3 Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the 4 estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit, 5 then your estimate really will be the cost of today, 6 if you will, if this were to happen today of 7 installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the 8 equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that 9 would be the replacement cost value, correct? 10 A. Our method would be replacement cost less 11 depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the 12 fact that that asset already exists, that it may have
2 3 4 5 5 8 1'1 9 9 10 11 11 12 13	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214</li> <li>ery difficult to do.</li> <li>Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?</li> <li>A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the nethodology used.</li> <li>And then I'm interested in talking about the</li> </ul>	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2 1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the 2 transaction. 3 Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the 4 estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit, 5 then your estimate really will be the cost of today, 6 if you will, if this were to happen today of 7 installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the 8 equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that 9 would be the replacement cost value, correct? 10 A. Our method would be replacement cost less 11 depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the 12 fact that that asset already exists, that it may have 13 aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition.
2 3 yv 4 5 <b>s</b> 6 7 8 l'i 9 s 10 R 11 th 12 m 13 14 fc	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214</li> <li>ery difficult to do.</li> <li>Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?</li> <li>A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the methodology used.</li> <li>And then I'm interested in talking about the ourth paragraph the third paragraph beginning with</li> </ul>	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2 1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the 2 transaction. 3 Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the 4 estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit, 5 then your estimate really will be the cost of today, 6 if you will, if this were to happen today of 7 installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the 8 equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that 9 would be the replacement cost value, correct? 10 A. Our method would be replacement cost less 11 depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the 12 fact that that asset already exists, that it may have 13 aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition. 14 It's not unlike purchasing a used car versus buying a
2 3 yv 4 5 <b>s</b> 6 7 8 l'i 10 R 9 sl 10 R 11 t't 12 m 13 14 fc	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214</li> <li>ery difficult to do.</li> <li>Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?</li> <li>A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the methodology used.</li> <li>And then I'm interested in talking about the ourth paragraph beginning with here words "Replacement cost," and I'll read that,</li> </ul>	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON       2         1       the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the         2       transaction.         3       Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the         4       estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,         5       then your estimate really will be the cost of today,         6       if you will, if this were to happen today of         7       installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the         8       equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that         9       would be the replacement cost value, correct?         10       A. Our method would be replacement cost less         11       depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the         12       fact that that asset already exists, that it may have         13       aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition.         14       It's not unlike purchasing a used car versus buying a         15       new car.
2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 1'1 9 9 8 1'1 9 9 8 0 7 8 1'1 9 9 8 0 7 8 1'1 9 9 8 1'1 9 9 8 1'1 9 9 8 1'1 9 9 8 1'1 9 9 8 1'1 9 9 8 1'1 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do. Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs? A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes. Q. Okay. Thank you. Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the methodology used. And then I'm interested in talking about the ourth paragraph the third paragraph beginning with he words "Replacement cost," and I'll read that, Replacement cost represents the costs to rebuild	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON         1         the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the         2       transaction.         3       Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the         4       estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,         5       then your estimate really will be the cost of today,         6       if you will, if this were to happen today of         7       installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the         8       equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that         9       would be the replacement cost value, correct?         10       A. Our method would be replacement cost less         11       depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the         12       fact that that asset already exists, that it may have         13       aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition.         14       It's not unlike purchasing a used car versus buying a         15       new car.         16       Q. So your estimate would be discounted; is that
2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 11 2 9 8 11 11 11 12 12 14 16 17 7 6	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214</li> <li>ery difficult to do.</li> <li>Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?</li> <li>A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the nethodology used.</li> <li>And then I'm interested in talking about the ourth paragraph the third paragraph beginning with he words "Replacement cost," and I'll read that, Replacement cost represents the costs to rebuild actilities today, and is estimated using the Company's</li> </ul>	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON       2         1       the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the         2       transaction.         3       Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the         4       estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,         5       then your estimate really will be the cost of today,         6       if you will, if this were to happen today of         7       installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the         8       equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that         9       would be the replacement cost value, correct?         10       A. Our method would be replacement cost less         11       depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the         12       fact that that asset already exists, that it may have         13       aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition.         14       It's not unlike purchasing a used car versus buying a         15       new car.         16       Q. So your estimate would be discounted; is that         17       what you're saying?
2 yr 4 5 <b>s</b> 6 7 1 9 s 1 1 2 m .3 fc .5 tr .6 "F .7 fa 8 s	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214</li> <li>ery difficult to do.</li> <li>Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs?</li> <li>A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the nethodology used.</li> <li>And then I'm interested in talking about the ourth paragraph the third paragraph beginning with he words "Replacement cost," and I'll read that, Replacement cost represents the costs to rebuild aclities today, and is estimated using the Company's tandard construction estimating tool."</li> </ul>	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON       2         1       the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the         2       transaction.         3       Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the         4       estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,         5       then your estimate really will be the cost of today,         6       if you will, if this were to happen today of         7       installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the         8       equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that         9       would be the replacement cost value, correct?         10       A. Our method would be replacement cost less         11       depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the         12       fact that that asset already exists, that it may have         13       aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition.         14       It's not unlike purchasing a used car versus buying a         15       new car.         16       Q. So your estimate would be discounted; is that         17       what you're saying?         18       A. It would be replacement cost less depreciation.
2 3 yr 4 5 <b>s</b> 6 7 8 l'i 9 s 10 R 11 t <sup>t</sup> 12 m 13 fc 14 fc 15 t <sup>t</sup> 17 fa 18 s 19 yr	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do. Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs? A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes. Q. Okay. Thank you. Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the nethodology used. And then I'm interested in talking about the ourth paragraph the third paragraph beginning with he words "Replacement cost," and I'll read that, Replacement cost represents the costs to rebuild acilities today, and is estimated using the Company's tandard construction estimating tool."	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2</li> <li>1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the</li> <li>2 transaction.</li> <li>3 Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the</li> <li>4 estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,</li> <li>5 then your estimate really will be the cost of today,</li> <li>6 if you will, if this were to happen today of</li> <li>7 installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the</li> <li>8 equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that</li> <li>9 would be the replacement cost value, correct?</li> <li>10 A. Our method would be replacement cost less</li> <li>11 depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the</li> <li>12 fact that that asset already exists, that it may have</li> <li>13 aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition.</li> <li>14 It's not unlike purchasing a used car versus buying a</li> <li>15 new car.</li> <li>16 Q. So your estimate would be discounted; is that</li> <li>17 what you're saying?</li> <li>18 A. It would be replacement cost less depreciation.</li> <li>19 Q. Okay. Got it. Finally, let me ask you to</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 5 7 8 13 10 8 11 15 11 12 13 14 15 17 16 17 17 18 19 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do. Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs? A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes. Q. Okay. Thank you. Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the methodology used. And then I'm interested in talking about the purth paragraph the third paragraph beginning with here words "Replacement cost," and I'll read that, Replacement cost represents the costs to rebuild acilities today, and is estimated using the Company's tandard construction estimating tool." Do I understand correctly that your testimony is nat if a customer elects to depart from Pacific Power's	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2</li> <li>1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the</li> <li>2 transaction.</li> <li>3 Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the</li> <li>4 estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,</li> <li>5 then your estimate really will be the cost of today,</li> <li>6 if you will, if this were to happen today of</li> <li>7 installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the</li> <li>8 equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that</li> <li>9 would be the replacement cost value, correct?</li> <li>10 A. Our method would be replacement cost less</li> <li>11 depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the</li> <li>12 fact that that asset already exists, that it may have</li> <li>13 aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition.</li> <li>14 It's not unlike purchasing a used car versus buying a</li> <li>15 new car.</li> <li>16 Q. So your estimate would be discounted; is that</li> <li>17 what you're saying?</li> <li>18 A. It would be replacement cost less depreciation.</li> <li>19 Q. Okay. Got it. Finally, let me ask you to</li> <li>20 take just on this subject a look at RBD-15,</li> </ul>
2 3 90 4 5 <b>s</b> 6 7 8 11 2 7 8 10 R 11 th 12 m 13 fc 15 th 14 fc 15 th 12 fc 13 st 14 fc 15 th 12 fc 13 st 14 st 12 st 12 st 13 st 14 st 12 st 12 st 13 st 14 st 12	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do. Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs? A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes. Q. Okay. Thank you. Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And in focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the nethodology used. And then I'm interested in talking about the ourth paragraph the third paragraph beginning with he words "Replacement cost," and I'll read that, Replacement cost represents the costs to rebuild acilities today, and is estimated using the Company's tandard construction estimating tool." Do I understand correctly that your testimony is hat if a customer elects to depart from Pacific Power's ervices, but wants to retain some of the facilities,	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2</li> <li>1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the</li> <li>2 transaction.</li> <li>3 Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the</li> <li>4 estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,</li> <li>5 then your estimate really will be the cost of today,</li> <li>6 if you will, if this were to happen today of</li> <li>7 installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the</li> <li>8 equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that</li> <li>9 would be the replacement cost value, correct?</li> <li>10 A. Our method would be replacement cost less</li> <li>11 depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the</li> <li>12 fact that that asset already exists, that it may have</li> <li>13 aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition.</li> <li>14 It's not unlike purchasing a used car versus buying a</li> <li>15 new car.</li> <li>16 Q. So your estimate would be discounted; is that</li> <li>17 what you're saying?</li> <li>18 A. It would be replacement cost less depreciation.</li> <li>19 Q. Okay. Got it. Finally, let me ask you to</li> <li>20 take just on this subject a look at RBD-15,</li> <li>21 please. And specifically, I want to focus on your</li> </ul>
2 3 94 4 5 5 6 7 14 9 5 8 10 7 14 11 14 12 m 13 fc 14 fc 15 ff 13 fc 14 fc 15 ff 10 ff 12 fc 12 fc 13 st 14 fc 12 fc 12 st 12 st	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do. Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs? A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes. Q. Okay. Thank you. Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the nethodology used. And then I'm interested in talking about the purth paragraph the third paragraph beginning with the words "Replacement cost," and I'll read that, Replacement cost represents the costs to rebuild actilities today, and is estimated using the Company's tandard construction estimating tool." Do I understand correctly that your testimony is nat if a customer elects to depart from Pacific Power's ervices, but wants to retain some of the facilities, nat an in-house company estimator will make that fair	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON         1       the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the         2       transaction.         3       Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the         4       estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,         5       then your estimate really will be the cost of today,         6       if you will, if this were to happen today of         7       installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the         8       equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that         9       would be the replacement cost value, correct?         10       A. Our method would be replacement cost less         11       depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the         12       fact that that asset already exists, that it may have         13       aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition.         14       It's not unlike purchasing a used car versus buying a         15       new car.         16       Q. So your estimate would be discounted; is that         17       what you're saying?         18       A. It would be replacement cost less depreciation.         19       Q. Okay. Got it. Finally, let me ask you to         20       take just on this subject a look at RBD-15,
2 3 4 5 5 7 8 11 9 8 10 7 9 8 10 7 8 10 8 11 12 12 17 7 6 8 11 7 7 8 11 12 7 7 8 11 12 7 8 11 11 12 7 8 11 11 12 7 8 11 12 7 8 11 11 12 8 11 11 12 7 8 11 11 12 8 11 11 12 8 11 11 12 8 11 11 12 8 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do. Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs? A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes. Q. Okay. Thank you. Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the nethodology used. And then I'm interested in talking about the ourth paragraph the third paragraph beginning with ne words "Replacement cost," and I'll read that, Replacement cost represents the costs to rebuild acilities today, and is estimated using the Company's tandard construction estimating tool." Do I understand correctly that your testimony is nat if a customer elects to depart from Pacific Power's ervices, but wants to retain some of the facilities, nat an in-house company estimator will make that fair narket value determination; is that how the process is	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON         1       the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the         2       transaction.         3       Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the         4       estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit,         5       then your estimate really will be the cost of today,         6       if you will, if this were to happen today of         7       installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the         8       equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that         9       would be the replacement cost value, correct?         10       A. Our method would be replacement cost less         11       depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the         12       fact that that asset already exists, that it may have         13       aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition.         14       It's not unlike purchasing a used car versus buying a         15       new car.         16       Q. So your estimate would be discounted; is that         17       what you're saying?         18       A. It would be replacement cost less depreciation.         19       Q. Okay. Got it. Finally, let me ask you to         20       take just on this subject a look at RBD-15,
2 3 94 3 94 5 5 6 7 10 8 11 9 51 10 R 11 th 12 m 11 th 12 m 13 fc 14 fc 15 th 17 fc 18 51 19 th 19 51 10 x 11 x 12 x 11 x 12 x 12 x 13 x 14 x 15 x 10 x 10 x 11 x 12 x 11 x 12 x 12 x 12 x 14 x 15 x 10 x	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 214 ery difficult to do. Q. And isn't that precisely why it's embedded in our rates, those costs? A. That's what I mean when I say those rates are ocialized across our customer base, yes. Q. Okay. Thank you. Would you take a look at RBD-14, please? And m focused on the Company's response here, and pecifically in this data request, we you discussed tule No. 1 that we just talked about. It is understood hat replacement costs depreciated is going to be the nethodology used. And then I'm interested in talking about the purth paragraph the third paragraph beginning with the words "Replacement cost," and I'll read that, Replacement cost represents the costs to rebuild actilities today, and is estimated using the Company's tandard construction estimating tool." Do I understand correctly that your testimony is nat if a customer elects to depart from Pacific Power's ervices, but wants to retain some of the facilities, nat an in-house company estimator will make that fair	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 2 1 the lowest of those two appraisals would govern the 2 transaction. 3 Q. And for purposes of my hypothetical, if the 4 estimate concerns the existence of underground conduit, 5 then your estimate really will be the cost of today, 6 if you will, if this were to happen today of 7 installing brand-new underground conduit in terms of the 8 equipment costs, labor costs and material costs; that 9 would be the replacement cost value, correct? 10 A. Our method would be replacement cost less 11 depreciation, so there would be an accounting for the 12 fact that that asset already exists, that it may have 13 aged, that it's not in pristine, brand-new condition. 14 It's not unlike purchasing a used car versus buying a 15 new car. 16 Q. So your estimate would be discounted; is that 17 what you're saying? 18 A. It would be replacement cost less depreciation. 19 Q. Okay. Got it. Finally, let me ask you to 20 take just on this subject a look at RBD-15, 21 please. And specifically, I want to focus on your 22 answer in section A, the second paragraph, you talk

	cket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		
	Page 217		Page 219
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 217		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 219
-	remaining quatemers for any facilities that are cald "		that baging with the guate "line outension part"
1	remaining customers for any facilities that are sold."	1	that begins with the quote, "line extension cost." But the full line reads, The minimum monthly
2	In all the scenarios we've just talked about,	2	
3	the only expense that an existing Pacific Power customer	3	charges, reimbursements and refunds under the line
4	would have would be the line extension credit that the	4	extension policy are calculated from line extension
5	Company would give to the customer toward their	5	cost, line extension allowance, and the advance for
6	installation of facilities, correct?	6	Company-built line, the advance, right?
7	A. No, the total expense visited upon an existing	7	So that's basically telling us how much money
8	Pacific Power customer would be the cost shifting due to	8	the Company or credit will give the customer for
9	the impact of the departing customer.	9	its facility installation, correct?
LO	Q. But	10	A. Yes.
11	A. It would not be limited to just the line	11	Q. Please turn to page 4 of 27. Paragraph 7-B,
12	extension credit.	12	second line, says, Applicant will, within three business
13	Q. Well, what I'm focusing on is your statement	13	days, provide company with a bill of sale, et cetera,
4	here that your proposal is, quote, "designed to properly	14	et cetera, so then after the project or the facilities
L5	compensate remaining customers for any facilities that	15	are complete, the customer is required to turn this over
Lб	are sold."	16	to you, correct?
17	The facilities that are being sold in this	17	A. Yes.
18	hypothetical is underground conduit	18	Q. Please turn to page number 5. Paragraph 10
19	A. Um-hmm.	19	identifies the line extension allowance, and I'll
20	Q but yet, your remaining customers have not	20	summarize: Once the Company gets the bill of sale, the
21	paid for that underground conduit, save for the line	21	Company pays the line extension allowance, less the cost
22	extension credit, correct?	22	of any unreimbursed equipment or services provided by
23	A. Not necessarily. Because our remaining	23	the Company, as the purchase price. If these costs
24	customers have paid for all of the maintenance and	24	if these other costs exceed line extension allowance,
25	safety and billing and everything that goes into	25	Applicant pays the Company the difference.
	Page 218 cross-examination by mr. schwartz / bolton 218		Page 220 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 220
1	providing service through that conduit.	1	So with an underground construction, for
2	Q. But you just told us that those costs are	2	example, of conduit, all the Company is going to do is
3	embedded in your rates		and the effective and if the encourse of the encourse to
4		3	pay its allowance, and if the owner of the property
	A. Right. Correct.	3 4	exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility,
5	<ul><li>A. Right. Correct.</li><li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take</li></ul>	_	
5 6	•	4	exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility,
	Q which the customer is paying in order to take	4 5	exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct?
6	Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.	4 5 6	exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct? A. Yes.
6 7	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7	exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct? A. Yes. Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27.
6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8	exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct? A. Yes. Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at
6 7 8 9 L0	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> <li>I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9	exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct? A. Yes. Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27.
6 7 8 9 LO	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> <li>I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10	exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct? A. Yes. Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27. BY MR. SCHWARTZ:
6 7 8 9 10 11	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct? A. Yes. Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27. BY MR. SCHWARTZ: Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> <li>I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> <li>As I understand it, this is where the applicant</li> </ul>	4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12	exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct? A. Yes. Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27. BY MR. SCHWARTZ: Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's obligations. So now the customer, in consideration for
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> <li>I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> <li>As I understand it, this is where the applicant is going to build a line extension, and I'm focusing on</li> </ul>	4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct? A. Yes. Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27. BY MR. SCHWARTZ: Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's obligations. So now the customer, in consideration for building the underground and accepting your line
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> <li>I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> <li>As I understand it, this is where the applicant is going to build a line extension, and I'm focusing on the second paragraph. "Applicant desires to build a</li> </ul>	4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27.</li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> <li>Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's obligations. So now the customer, in consideration for building the underground and accepting your line extension credit, they, under sub A, have to sign up for</li> </ul>
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> <li>I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> <li>As I understand it, this is where the applicant is going to build a line extension, and I'm focusing on the second paragraph. "Applicant desires to build a contract with someone other than Company to build a</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27. BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> <li>Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's obligations. So now the customer, in consideration for building the underground and accepting your line extension credit, they, under sub A, have to sign up for a five-year contract, right?</li> </ul>
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> <li>As I understand it, this is where the applicant is going to build a line extension, and I'm focusing on the second paragraph. "Applicant desires to build a primary or secondary voltage line extension."</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27.</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27.</li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> <li>Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's obligations. So now the customer, in consideration for building the underground and accepting your line extension credit, they, under sub A, have to sign up for a five-year contract, right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> </ul>
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> <li>I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> <li>As I understand it, this is where the applicant is going to build a line extension, and I'm focusing on the second paragraph. "Applicant desires to build a contract with someone other than Company to build a primary or secondary voltage line extension."</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27.</li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> <li>Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's obligations. So now the customer, in consideration for building the underground and accepting your line extension credit, they, under sub A, have to sign up for a five-year contract, right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Is it reasonable to assume that that five-year</li> </ul>
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> <li>I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> <li>As I understand it, this is where the applicant is going to build a line extension, and I'm focusing on the second paragraph. "Applicant desires to build a contract with someone other than Company to build a primary or secondary voltage line extension."</li> <li>And then the next line, "When the Applicant will</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27.</li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> <li>Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's obligations. So now the customer, in consideration for building the underground and accepting your line extension credit, they, under sub A, have to sign up for a five-year contract, right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Is it reasonable to assume that that five-year contract will amortize the cost of the line extension?</li> </ul>
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> <li>I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> <li>As I understand it, this is where the applicant is going to build a line extension, and I'm focusing on the second paragraph. "Applicant desires to build a contract with someone other than Company to build a primary or secondary voltage line extension."</li> <li>And then the next line, "When the Applicant has completed, to the company's satisfaction, Applicant will transfer ownership of the line and Company will connect</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27.</li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> <li>Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's obligations. So now the customer, in consideration for building the underground and accepting your line extension credit, they, under sub A, have to sign up for a five-year contract, right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Is it reasonable to assume that that five-year contract will amortize the cost of the line extension?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> </ul>
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> <li>I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> <li>As I understand it, this is where the applicant is going to build a line extension, and I'm focusing on the second paragraph. "Applicant desires to build a contract with someone other than Company to build a primary or secondary voltage line extension."</li> <li>And then the next line, "When the Applicant has completed, to the company's satisfaction, Applicant will transfer ownership of the line and Company will connect to its Company facilities, assume ownership."</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27. BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> <li>Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's obligations. So now the customer, in consideration for building the underground and accepting your line extension credit, they, under sub A, have to sign up for a five-year contract, right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Is it reasonable to assume that that five-year contract will amortize the cost of the line extension?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. There are a number of other contracts in here,</li> </ul>
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And</li> <li>I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> <li>As I understand it, this is where the applicant is going to build a line extension, and I'm focusing on the second paragraph. "Applicant desires to build a contract with someone other than Company to build a primary or secondary voltage line extension."</li> <li>And then the next line, "When the Applicant has completed, to the company's satisfaction, Applicant will transfer ownership of the line and Company will connect to its Company facilities, assume ownership."</li> <li>That's your standard practice under this contract, correct?</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27.</li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> <li>Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's obligations. So now the customer, in consideration for building the underground and accepting your line extension credit, they, under sub A, have to sign up for a five-year contract, right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Is it reasonable to assume that that five-year contract will amortize the cost of the line extension?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. There are a number of other contracts in here, but let me just ask you to please take a look at page 23 of 27. The second paragraph, to summarize, says that</li> </ul>
6 7 8	<ul> <li>Q which the customer is paying in order to take service from you.</li> <li>A. Right, but which all customers cover.</li> <li>Q. I'm going to move on to RBD-19, please. And I'll represent to you that this is a collection of a number of your line extension agreements. And I'd like to start with page 2 of 7 of this exhibit, please.</li> <li>As I understand it, this is where the applicant is going to build a line extension, and I'm focusing on the second paragraph. "Applicant desires to build a primary or secondary voltage line extension."</li> <li>And then the next line, "When the Applicant has completed, to the company's satisfaction, Applicant will transfer ownership of the line and Company will connect to its Company facilities, assume ownership."</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>exceeds that, by contract, it's their responsibility, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Turn to page 5 of 92 I'm sorry, 6 of 27. MR. SCHWARTZ: I know, Judge, you looked at me, and I'm sorry about that. I meant page 6 of 27. BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> <li>Q. Paragraph No. 2 talks about the applicant's obligations. So now the customer, in consideration for building the underground and accepting your line extension credit, they, under sub A, have to sign up for a five-year contract, right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Is it reasonable to assume that that five-year contract will amortize the cost of the line extension?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. There are a number of other contracts in here, but let me just ask you to please take a look at page 23</li> </ul>

	CRELING. DE-101204 - VOI. III		0/14/20
	Page 221 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 221		Page 223 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 223
1	contract and the electric service schedules, or the	1	So under your proposed tariff, I'd like you to
2	rates, such schedule and rules shall control, which, of	2	make an assumption for me. I want you to assume that a
3	course, makes the tariff and the rules have precedent	3	customer, under one of these contracts, installed
4	[sic] over any alternative language in this or	4	underground conduit at a cost of \$50,000. And per your
5	inconsistent language in this contract.	5	allowance, Pacific Power has given them a \$10,000 line
6	So I want to focus on paragraph 3. Now, this is	6	extension allowance.
7	the same understanding that we just looked at with	7	Ten years later, the customer wants to
8	regard to the other agreement. Company agrees to	8	disconnect, comes to the Company, the Company provides
9	invest, whatever the number is, the extension allowance	9	an estimate, which is equivalent, if you will, or an
LO	to fund a portion of the improvements as per the tariff.	10	estimate of fair market value, and the Company
11	Customer then agrees to pay Company estimated costs in	11	determines that the fair market value or the
L2	excess of the extension allowance. Exact same principal	12	reconstruction estimate is \$60,000.
L3	we just saw in the other contract, right? Yes?	13	Because we are more than ten years out, there is
L4	A. Yes.	14	no credit given back for the line extension, which means
15	Q. Okay.	15	that, if the customer wants to buy these underground
L6	And this is consistent through your general	16	facilities that it installed, it has to pay
17	service or electric service agreements, this principal,	17	Pacific Power \$60,000, correct?
18	correct?	18	A. If that's the agreed-to fair market price.
19	A. I believe so.	19	Q. That's the scenario.
20	Q. Paragraph number 4, once again, there's a	20	A. Yeah.
21	contract minimum of five years, same answer with regard	21	Q. In addition to that, the customer also has its
22	to that being to amortize the cost of the line extension	22	own \$40,000 investment for the original construction
23	credit.	23	that it never recovered from Pacific Power because,
24	A. I'm not sure I understand your question.	24	under my hypothetical, the line extension credit was
25	Q. If you look at paragraph number 4, it talks	25	only 10,000, which nets to the customer a \$100,000
	Page 222		Page 224
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 222		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. SCHWARTZ / BOLTON 224
1	about contract minimum billing outcomer agrees to nov		
1	about contract minimum billing customer agrees to pay	1	expense to repurchase a line that it originally
1 2	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if	1 2	expense to repurchase a line that it originally installed, correct?
		_	
2	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if	2	installed, correct?
2 3	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where	2 3	installed, correct? A. Presuming that that customer is the same
2 3 4	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've	2 3 4	installed, correct? A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.
2 3 4 5	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that	2 3 4 5	<ul><li>installed, correct?</li><li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li><li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption.</li></ul>
2 3 4 5 6	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct?	2 3 4 5 6	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption.</li> <li>The final the final matter is and I just</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct? <b>A. I'm not sure.</b>	2 3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. The final the final matter is and I just want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if</li> <li>you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where</li> <li>it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've</li> <li>told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that</li> <li>amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure.</li> <li>Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. The final the final matter is and I just</li> <li>want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if</li> <li>you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where</li> <li>it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've</li> <li>told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that</li> <li>amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure.</li> <li>Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on</li> <li>the first contract?</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. The final the final matter is and I just want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal?</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if</li> <li>you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where</li> <li>it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've</li> <li>told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that</li> <li>amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure.</li> <li>Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on</li> <li>the first contract?</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. <ul> <li>The final the final matter is and I just</li> </ul> </li> <li>want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if</li> <li>you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where</li> <li>it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've</li> <li>told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that</li> <li>amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure.</li> <li>Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on</li> <li>the first contract?</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the</li> <li>question. Argumentative.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. <ul> <li>The final the final matter is and I just</li> </ul> </li> <li>want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct? <b>A. I'm not sure.</b> Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on the first contract? MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the question. Argumentative. JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Schwartz, if you could	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. The final the final matter is and I just want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal? MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct. JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5? MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, your Honor. Excuse me.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct? <b>A. I'm not sure.</b> Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on the first contract? MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the question. Argumentative. JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Schwartz, if you could ask your question a little more clearly, I think that	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. <ul> <li>The final the final matter is and I just</li> </ul> </li> <li>want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, your Honor. Excuse me.</li> </ul> </li> <li>I'm sorry. It's a little bit new to me. I meant the rebuttal.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct? <b>A. I'm not sure.</b> Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on the first contract? MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the question. Argumentative. JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Schwartz, if you could ask your question a little more clearly, I think that would help.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. The final the final matter is and I just</li> <li>want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal? MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct. JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5? MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, your Honor. Excuse me.</li> <li>I'm sorry. It's a little bit new to me. I meant the</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct? <b>A. I'm not sure.</b> Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on the first contract? MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the question. Argumentative. JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Schwartz, if you could ask your question a little more clearly, I think that would help. MR. SCHWARTZ: I'll try. BY MR. SCHWARTZ:	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. <ul> <li>The final the final matter is and I just</li> </ul> </li> <li>want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, your Honor. Excuse me.</li> </ul> </li> <li>I'm sorry. It's a little bit new to me. I meant the rebuttal. <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I apologize for the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct? <b>A. I'm not sure.</b> Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on the first contract? MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the question. Argumentative. JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Schwartz, if you could ask your question a little more clearly, I think that would help. MR. SCHWARTZ: I'll try. BY MR. SCHWARTZ:	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>Installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. The final the final matter is and I just want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal? MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct. JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5? MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, your Honor. Excuse me.</li> <li>I'm sorry. It's a little bit new to me. I meant the rebuttal. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. MR. SCHWARTZ: I apologize for the inconvenience. This is my last question.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct? <b>A. I'm not sure.</b> Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on the first contract? MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the question. Argumentative. JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Schwartz, if you could ask your question a little more clearly, I think that would help. MR. SCHWARTZ: I'll try. BY MR. SCHWARTZ: Q. With regard to the contract minimum billing, section 4, and section 6, contract minimum billing term,	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. The final the final matter is and I just want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal? MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct. JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5? MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, your Honor. Excuse me.</li> <li>I'm sorry. It's a little bit new to me. I meant the rebuttal. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. MR. SCHWARTZ: I apologize for the inconvenience. This is my last question. BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct? <b>A. I'm not sure.</b> Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on the first contract? MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the question. Argumentative. JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Schwartz, if you could ask your question a little more clearly, I think that would help. MR. SCHWARTZ: I'll try. BY MR. SCHWARTZ: Q. With regard to the contract minimum billing, section 4, and section 6, contract minimum billing term, is the amount that is repaid to the Company under this	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. <ul> <li>The final the final matter is and I just</li> </ul> </li> <li>want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, your Honor. Excuse me.</li> </ul> </li> <li>I'm sorry. It's a little bit new to me. I meant the rebuttal. <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I apologize for the inconvenience. This is my last question.</li> </ul> </li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ: <ul> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> <li>And I presume that this</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct? <b>A. I'm not sure.</b> Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on the first contract? MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the question. Argumentative. JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Schwartz, if you could ask your question a little more clearly, I think that would help. MR. SCHWARTZ: I'll try. BY MR. SCHWARTZ: Q. With regard to the contract minimum billing, section 4, and section 6, contract minimum billing term, is the amount that is repaid to the Company under this contract designed to reimburse the Company for the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>Installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. <ul> <li>The final the final matter is and I just</li> </ul> </li> <li>want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, your Honor. Excuse me.</li> </ul> </li> <li>I'm sorry. It's a little bit new to me. I meant the rebuttal. <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I apologize for the</li> </ul> </li> <li>inconvenience. This is my last question.</li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ: <ul> <li>Q. I'm looking at line 22, and I presume that this is reflective of the contracts and the practices. It is</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct? <b>A. I'm not sure.</b> Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on the first contract? MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the question. Argumentative. JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Schwartz, if you could ask your question a little more clearly, I think that would help. MR. SCHWARTZ: I'll try. BY MR. SCHWARTZ: Q. With regard to the contract minimum billing, section 4, and section 6, contract minimum billing term, is the amount that is repaid to the Company under this contract designed to reimburse the Company for the extension allowance set forth in section 3 of this	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>Installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. <ul> <li>The final the final matter is and I just</li> </ul> </li> <li>want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, your Honor. Excuse me.</li> </ul> </li> <li>I'm sorry. It's a little bit new to me. I meant the rebuttal. <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I apologize for the inconvenience. This is my last question.</li> </ul> </li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ: <ul> <li>Q. I'm looking at line 22, and I presume that this is reflective of the contracts and the practices. It is still true today, your statement that the vast majority</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 9 20 21 22	<ul> <li>a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if</li> <li>you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where</li> <li>it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've</li> <li>told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that</li> <li>amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure.</li> <li>Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on</li> <li>the first contract?</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the</li> <li>question. Argumentative.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Schwartz, if you could</li> <li>ask your question a little more clearly, I think that</li> <li>would help.</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I'll try.</li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ:</li> <li>Q. With regard to the contract minimum billing,</li> <li>section 4, and section 6, contract minimum billing term,</li> <li>is the amount that is repaid to the Company under this</li> <li>contract designed to reimburse the Company for the</li> <li>extension allowance set forth in section 3 of this</li> <li>agreement that we're looking at, which is the general</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>Installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. <ul> <li>The final the final matter is and I just</li> </ul> </li> <li>want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, your Honor. Excuse me.</li> </ul> </li> <li>I'm sorry. It's a little bit new to me. I meant the rebuttal. <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I apologize for the</li> </ul> </li> <li>inconvenience. This is my last question.</li> </ul> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ: <ul> <li>Q. I'm looking at line 22, and I presume that this is reflective of the contracts and the practices. It is still true today, your statement that the vast majority of customers who elect underground service have the</li> </ul></li>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	a contract minimum during the first 60 months, and if you marry that up to paragraph 6 on the next page where it says this is a five-year contract term, as you've told us in the previous agreement, the design is so that amortizes or pays back the Company allowance, correct? <b>A. I'm not sure.</b> Q. Are you changing your answer that you gave us on the first contract? MR. GREENFIELD: Object to the form of the question. Argumentative. JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Schwartz, if you could ask your question a little more clearly, I think that would help. MR. SCHWARTZ: I'll try. BY MR. SCHWARTZ: Q. With regard to the contract minimum billing, section 4, and section 6, contract minimum billing term, is the amount that is repaid to the Company under this contract designed to reimburse the Company for the extension allowance set forth in section 3 of this	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>Installed, correct?</li> <li>A. Presuming that that customer is the same customer that paid for the original installation, yes.</li> <li>Q. Yes. And that's the presumption. <ul> <li>The final the final matter is and I just</li> </ul> </li> <li>want to confirm this, on page 5 of line 22 of your testimony <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Is this direct or rebuttal?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I'm sorry. Direct.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: You said page 5?</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: Yes, your Honor. Excuse me.</li> </ul> </li> <li>I'm sorry. It's a little bit new to me. I meant the rebuttal. <ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.</li> <li>MR. SCHWARTZ: I apologize for the inconvenience. This is my last question.</li> </ul> </li> <li>BY MR. SCHWARTZ: <ul> <li>Q. I'm looking at line 22, and I presume that this is reflective of the contracts and the practices. It is still true today, your statement that the vast majority</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

DOCKET NO. UE-161204 - VOI. III	6/14/2017
Page 225 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. WILLIAMS / BOLTON 225	Page 227 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. WILLIAMS / BOLTON 227
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. WILLIAMS / BOLTON 225	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. WILLIAMS / BOLTON 227
1 A. Yes.	$_{1}$ on that list of current franchise agreements; is that
2 Q. Okay.	2 correct?
3 MR. SCHWARTZ: I have no further questions.	3 A. Again, it may be temporary, but the Company's
4 Thank you.	4 belief is that's still in effect.
5 JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. So I need	5 Q. Okay. Thank you.
6 to take a break at this point. My question to you is,	6 Mr. Bolton, are you aware of any treaty between
7 how long, Dan? Five minutes? Is that sufficient?	7 the United States and Yakama Nation, or in any of the
8 CHAIRMAN DANNER: Why don't we take our	8 Yakama Nation statutes or laws, that would create an
9 midmorning break.	9 obligation to serve customers on Indian lands?
10 JUDGE PEARSON: So we will take a ten-minute	10 MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, I'd have to
11 break and come back at 10:25.	11 object. This is beyond the scope of this document.
12 (A break was taken from 10:14 a.m.	12 This is the issue we addressed yesterday when we were
13 to 10:30 a.m.)	13 discussing exhibits.
14 JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Then we will be back	14 JUDGE PEARSON: I'll sustain the objection.
15 on the record. And Mr. Williams, if you'd like to	15 lagree.
16 proceed with cross-examination.	16 MR. WILLIAMS: I'm sorry, your Honor. I
17 MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Good morning,	17 don't understand how it's outside the scope when it
18 everybody.	18 addresses the obligation to serve.
19 CROSS-EXAMINATION	19 JUDGE PEARSON: I'm going to sustain the
20 BY MR. WILLIAMS:	20 objection.
21 Q. Mr. Bolton, I'm the attorney for Yakama Power.	21 BY MR. WILLIAMS:
22 I only have a few questions, so it's almost over.	22 Q. Turning to Exhibit RBD-26X
23 A. Okay.	23 MR. WILLIAMS: Actually, your Honor, given
24 Q. I have a question about Exhibit RBD-25X. This	24 that you sustained that objection, I think that's the
25 is the Company's response to data request 8, Yakama	25 end of my line of questioning.
Page 226 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. WILLIAMS / BOLTON 226	Page 228 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD / BOLTON 228
1 Power.	1 JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.
2 A. Yes.	2 Mr. Greenfield, do you have redirect
3 Q. You see on there where it says that the Company	3 MR. GREENFIELD: I have just a few
4 had, in 2002, I believe, a temporary franchise agreement	4 questions, your Honor.
5 with the Yakama Nation; do you see that?	5 JUDGE PEARSON: of your witness?
6 A. Yes.	6 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
7 Q. You know, I'm just I'm wondering	7 BY MR. GREENFIELD:
8 MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, I believe there	8 Q. I think there was perhaps a little bit of
9 was an objection to this exhibit and it was sustained.	9 confusion around Option 1 and Option 2 under the
10 JUDGE PEARSON: Let me look.	10 proposed revisions to the Company's tariffs.
11 MR. WILLIAMS: I believe we stipulated to	11 Mr. Bolton, what's your understanding under the
12 this exhibit.	12 proposed revisions as to when the Company can actually
13 JUDGE PEARSON: Hold on one second. 25X is	13 choose to decommission facilities?
14 not on my list of the exhibits to which there was an	14 A. Under the Company's proposed net removal tariff,
15 objection.	15 the Company would choose to decommission facilities only
16 MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you, your Honor. I	16 when there's safety or operational conditions involved
17 apologize.	17 where the sale or removal of those facilities would be
18 JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead, Mr. Williams.	18 infeasible.
19 BY MR. WILLIAMS:	19 Q. I think there was an implication that the
20 Q. I just wanted to know what your understanding of	20 Company could choose to abandon/decommission if there
21 temporary was, whether you understood the franchise	21 was a lack of agreement between the departing customer
22 agreement would still be in effect or not?	22 and the Company as to fair market value.
A. I believe that the Company still pays the three	2.3 Is that actually the case under the proposed
24 percent franchise fee to the Yakama Nation.	24 revisions?
25 Q. But it's not the franchise agreement is not	25 A. No, no. As I tried to indicate in my testimony,

Docket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III			6/14/207
	Page 229		Page 231
REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. C	REENFIELD / BOLTON 229		REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD / BOLTON 231
$_1$ the customer has the option to purchase t	hose	1	discussing, correct?
2 facilities; otherwise, those facilities would		1 2	A. That's the agreement between Columbia REA and
3 removed. Only in the extenuating circums			their customer that they're seeking to switch service,
4 safety or operational purposes, abandonn		4	that they would cover those costs associated
• · · · · · ·		-	MR. PEPPLE: I'm going to object,
		5	your Honor. I don't think that there's any testimony in
		-	the record on that.
7 permanently disconnect within five years of installation is there any form of credit provide		'	
8 installation, is there any form of credit prov		8	JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Greenfield?
9 the customer under the proposed revision		9	MR. GREENFIELD: We actually do have the
A. Yes, there would be a credit that	-	LO	testimony of Mr. Gorman yesterday, and there's bench
generally align with the Company's line	e extension		requests to the point of what Columbia REA's contracts
2 credit.	12	12	are with regard to disconnecting customers of
3 Q. And that appears where in the	13	L3	Pacific Power.
4 proposed revisions?	14	14	JUDGE PEARSON: Can you restate the
5 JUDGE PEARSON: Mr. Greenfiel	ld, is your 15	15	question, or repeat the question for me?
6 microphone turned on?	10	L6	BY MR. GREENFIELD:
7 MR. GREENFIELD: It appears to	be, 1	L7	Q. Is it the Company's understanding that, in
8 your Honor.	18	L8	effect, the entity purchasing the facilities that we've
9 JUDGE PEARSON: Can you just	speak a little	19	been discussing is, in fact, Columbia REA as opposed to
20 closer?	20	20	the departing customer?
MR. GREENFIELD: I will. Thank	you. 2	21	A. Yes.
JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.	2:	22	MR. SCHWARTZ: Your Honor, I'm going to
A. That's in proposed revisions to R		23	object to the question, and allow me to explain why.
24 would be in I-B.	24		Similar to Pacific Power, Columbia REA
25 <i>111</i>			offers a line extension credit to the customer, but the
REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. (	SREENFIELD / BOLTON 230		REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD / BOLTON 232
1 BY MR. GREENFIELD:		_	customer takes title to onsite facilities, not Columbia
2 Q. Mr. Schwartz asked a number of qu		2	REA.
3 regarding the circumstance if a customer		3	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. I'm going to overrule
4 with the initial determination of fair market	value.	4	the objection because this is within the scope of the
5 To your knowledge, what is available	to the	5	cross-examination questions that he asked.
6 customer at that point if there is a disagree	ement?	6	So go ahead.
7 A. The customer does have the oppo	ortunity to seek	7	MR. GREENFIELD: Yeah.
$_{\mbox{\scriptsize 8}}~~$ an independent third-party estimate, ar	nd certainly if no	8	BY MR. GREENFIELD:
9 negotiation could be accomplished, the	en the customer can	9	Q. Mr. Bolton, have you seen a copy of the
0 avail themselves of the customer comp	plaint process at	LO	agreement between Walla Walla Country Club and Columbia
1 the Commission.	1:	1	REA?
2 Q. So we've got a second fair market v	value 12	12	A. I have seen it.
3 determination by an independent appraise	er, and then, 13	L3	Q. Okay.
4 again, if there's lack of agreement, the cus	stomer could 14	L4	And does it provide that Columbia REA will pay
 L5 start a proceeding before the Commission			all costs of the Walla Walla Country Club disconnecting,
6 A. That's correct.	10		including the attorney fees related to the proceeding
	1		that was advanced a year or so ago?
Q. I want to talk a little bit about that ar	nalogy 1 '		
	. –		MR. SCHWARTZ: I object, your Honor. I seem
8 of purchasing a home with a mortgage. If	someone were	18	
<ul> <li>of purchasing a home with a mortgage. If</li> <li>to come and buy your home, would you explored to the provident of your home.</li> </ul>	someone were 18 xpect them to pay 19	L8 L9	to recall in that case that the joint representation
<ul> <li>of purchasing a home with a mortgage. If</li> <li>to come and buy your home, would you ex</li> <li>a fair market value of your home?</li> </ul>	someone were 14 xpect them to pay 19 20	L8 L9 20	to recall in that case that the joint representation agreement was excluded from that proceeding by your
<ul> <li>a of purchasing a home with a mortgage. If</li> <li>to come and buy your home, would you ex</li> <li>a fair market value of your home?</li> <li>A. Absolutely.</li> </ul>	someone were 14 xpect them to pay 19 20 21	L8 L9 20 21	to recall in that case that the joint representation agreement was excluded from that proceeding by your decision.
<ul> <li>a of purchasing a home with a mortgage. If</li> <li>b to come and buy your home, would you ex</li> <li>a fair market value of your home?</li> <li>A. Absolutely.</li> <li>Q. And in this case, I think you testified</li> </ul>	someone were 18 xpect them to pay 19 20 21 21 21 21 22 21 21 22	18 19 20 21 22	to recall in that case that the joint representation agreement was excluded from that proceeding by your decision. JUDGE PEARSON: I think you're correct. So
<ul> <li>a of purchasing a home with a mortgage. If</li> <li>to come and buy your home, would you ex</li> <li>a fair market value of your home?</li> <li>A. Absolutely.</li> <li>Q. And in this case, I think you testified</li> <li>quite often because of CREA's contracts of</li> </ul>	someone were 18 xpect them to pay 19 20 21 21 21 21 22 21 21 22 21 21 22 21 21	L8 L9 20 21 22 23	to recall in that case that the joint representation agreement was excluded from that proceeding by your decision. JUDGE PEARSON: I think you're correct. So I'll sustain the objection.
<ul> <li>a of purchasing a home with a mortgage. If</li> <li>b to come and buy your home, would you ex</li> <li>a fair market value of your home?</li> <li>A. Absolutely.</li> <li>Q. And in this case, I think you testified</li> </ul>	someone were 18 xpect them to pay 19 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 22 21 22 23 24 24 25 24 25 24 25 26 25 26 27 26 27 26 27 26 27 27 26 27 27 26 27 27 26 27 26 27 27 26 27 27 26 27 27 26 27 27 26 27 27 27 26 27 27 27 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	L8 L9 20 21 22 23	to recall in that case that the joint representation agreement was excluded from that proceeding by your decision. JUDGE PEARSON: I think you're correct. So

000			
	Page 233 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD / BOLTON 233		Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 235
1	facilities?	1	A. Yes, we have.
1 2	A. Yes, it is.	1 2	Q. Ms. Kelly also recommended setting a cap for
∠ 3	Q. And that's an aesthetic choice made by the	∠ 3	residential customers, and the Company's testimony,
	customer?	4	which you've adopted, is silent on this issue.
± 5	A. Yes.	4 5	So what is the Company's position on the idea of
6	Q. Is that why the Company deems it appropriate for	6	capping the residential customer fee?
	the customer to pay for that extension in the	7	A. We agree we agree with Public Counsel's
	undergrounding?	8	recommendation.
9	A. Yes.	9	Q. Okay.
0	Q. Turning to the Oregon Direct Access, there were	10	In terms of the appraisal proposal that you
	some questions along those lines.	11	discussed in your testimony today, the idea to have a
2	Can customers return on a cost-of-service basis	12	list of appraisers that are previously approved by the
	after disconnecting?	13	Commission, you also talked about Oregon's process.
4	A. The customer doesn't disconnect, and I think	14	Does Oregon have a similar process for some sort of
5	that is the fundamental difference between the Oregon	15	appraisal by the Commission, some list condoned by the
5	Direct Access program, or frankly almost any other	16	Oregon Commission?
7	customer provision of service by an alternative provider	17	A. Not that I'm aware of because, again, it's a
3	than what we have in this circumstance.	18	different situation as far as the disposition of
Э	In the Oregon situation, it really is a customer	19	property.
0	receiving alternative generation supply service from	20	Q. And so my question to you is, why would the
1	another provider. The incumbent utility continues to be	21	Commission be the one making this decision? Why would
2	connected to that customer and is responsible for	22	the Company not have a list of available appraisers on
3	delivery of services.	23	its website?
4	And in almost every other case where there is	24	A. And we could certainly do that. I think the
5	some level of deregulation or competition in the market,	25	Company's belief was to, you know, create additional
5	some level of deregulation or competition in the market, Page 234	25	Company's belief was to, you know, create additional Page 236
5		25	
	Page 234	25	Page 23
1	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234		Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23
1	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to	1	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there
1 2 3	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is	1 2	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's
1 2 3 4	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's	1 2 3	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is
1 2 3 4 5	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system.	1 2 3 4	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount.
1 2 3 4 5 6	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I	1 2 3 4 5	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have.	1 2 3 4 5 6	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton?	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL:	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes. Q. Submitted to the Commission, and others could
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton. <b>A. Good morning.</b>	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes. Q. Submitted to the Commission, and others could propose other appraisers?
	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton. A. Good morning. Q. In reference to Mr. Dalley's testimony that	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes. Q. Submitted to the Commission, and others could propose other appraisers? A. (Nods head.)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton. A. Good morning. Q. In reference to Mr. Dalley's testimony that you've adopted, one of the Company's modifications is to	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes. Q. Submitted to the Commission, and others could propose other appraisers? A. (Nods head.) Q. And somehow would that be in your tariff, or
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton. A. Good morning. Q. In reference to Mr. Dalley's testimony that you've adopted, one of the Company's modifications is to base the residential customer stranded cost recovery fee	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes. Q. Submitted to the Commission, and others could propose other appraisers? A. (Nods head.) Q. And somehow would that be in your tariff, or would it be this list on your website, or would it be
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton. <b>A. Good morning.</b> Q. In reference to Mr. Dalley's testimony that you've adopted, one of the Company's modifications is to base the residential customer stranded cost recovery fee on the revenue multiplier rather than the flat fee that	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes. Q. Submitted to the Commission, and others could propose other appraisers? A. (Nods head.) Q. And somehow would that be in your tariff, or would it be this list on your website, or would it be on our website?
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 B 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 B 9	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton. A. Good morning. Q. In reference to Mr. Dalley's testimony that you've adopted, one of the Company's modifications is to base the residential customer stranded cost recovery fee on the revenue multiplier rather than the flat fee that the that Public Counsel or as originally	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes. Q. Submitted to the Commission, and others could propose other appraisers? A. (Nods head.) Q. And somehow would that be in your tariff, or would it be this list on your website, or would it be on our website? A. I think that could be further defined through
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton. A. Good morning, Q. In reference to Mr. Dalley's testimony that you've adopted, one of the Company's modifications is to base the residential customer stranded cost recovery fee on the revenue multiplier rather than the flat fee that the that Public Counsel or as originally recommended by Public Counsel, correct?	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Page 23 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes. Q. Submitted to the Commission, and others could propose other appraisers? A. (Nods head.) Q. And somehow would that be in your tariff, or would it be this list on your website, or would it be on our website? A. I think that could be further defined through the compliance filing for this tariff.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 12 3 4 5 8 9 0 12 8 9 0 12 8 9 0 12 8 9 0 12 8 9 0 12 8 9 0 12 8 9 0 12 8 9 0 12 8 9 0 12 8 9 10 12 8 9 10 10 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton. A. Good morning. Q. In reference to Mr. Dalley's testimony that you've adopted, one of the Company's modifications is to base the residential customer stranded cost recovery fee on the revenue multiplier rather than the flat fee that the that Public Counsel or as originally recommended by Public Counsel, correct? A. We originally recommended the flat fee.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Page 23: EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes. Q. Submitted to the Commission, and others could propose other appraisers? A. (Nods head.) Q. And somehow would that be in your tariff, or would it be this list on your website, or would it be on our website? A. I think that could be further defined through the compliance filing for this tariff. Q. Okay.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton. A. Good morning. Q. In reference to Mr. Dalley's testimony that you've adopted, one of the Company's modifications is to base the residential customer stranded cost recovery fee on the revenue multiplier rather than the flat fee that the that Public Counsel or as originally recommended by Public Counsel, correct? A. We originally recommended the flat fee. Q. Right.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Page 23: EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes. Q. Submitted to the Commission, and others could propose other appraisers? A. (Nods head.) Q. And somehow would that be in your tariff, or would it be this list on your website, or would it be on our website? A. I think that could be further defined through the compliance filing for this tariff. Q. Okay. And the appraisers that we're talking about, 1
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	Page 234 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 234 there's still an obligation of that wires company to deliver somebody else's service. In this case, this is about permanent disconnection from Pacific Power's system. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Do we have any questions from the bench for Mr. Bolton? EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: Q. Good morning, Mr. Bolton. <b>A. Good morning.</b> Q. In reference to Mr. Dalley's testimony that you've adopted, one of the Company's modifications is to base the residential customer stranded cost recovery fee on the revenue multiplier rather than the flat fee that the that Public Counsel or as originally recommended by Public Counsel, correct? <b>A. We originally recommended the flat fee.</b> Q. Right. And now you've proposed	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Page 23: EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / BOLTON 23 integrity to that second opinion process, that there would be at least some arm's length from the Company's own approved list of appraisers, since the Company is providing the first opinion on the appraisal amount. Q. I think you talked about this in your response to cross questions, but how did you imagine that this list would be created? So I think I understood you to say that you that PacifiCorp would come up with a list of appraisers in the area, and then it would be potentially subject to A. Submitted to the Commission, yes. Q. Submitted to the Commission, and others could propose other appraisers? A. (Nods head.) Q. And somehow would that be in your tariff, or would it be this list on your website, or would it be on our website? A. I think that could be further defined through the compliance filing for this tariff. Q. Okay. And the appraisers that we're talking about, I mean, I imagine that the property that we're talking

500			0/14/20
	Page 237 EXAMINATION BY CHAIRMAN DANNER / BOLTON 237		Page 239 EXAMINATION BY CHAIRMAN DANNER / BOLTON 239
1	residential sale.	1	REA serves, here's where Pacific Power serves.
2	Are you aware of appraisers that are	2	And I think, in addition to that, there would be
3	specifically focused and would have the knowledge about	3	a a standard of conduct or rules of the road between
4	energy infrastructure and understanding what value would	4	utility providers, much like we have informally with
5	be appropriate for that?	5	other REAs in the area as far as distance of facilities
6	A. Commissioner, I think that there would be	6	to new customers to serve. So not only firmly
7	there would be significant expertise in this area. I	7	delineating and demarcating service territories, but
8	think about where there's transfer of ownership of	8	also having, you know, some mutually agreeable rules of
9	telecommunications systems, water systems, that there	9	the road for how we would deal with new construction and
LO	are appraisers generally performing that work in that	10	new growth.
.1	field where there's a transfer of assets or even a	11	To me, those are really the fundamentals of what
.2	construction of new assets. So I'm not an expert, but I	12	a service territory agreement should include and we
3	do believe that there should be a requisite amount of	13	would hope to achieve.
4	appraisal capability to be available.	14	EXAMINATION
5	EXAMINATION	15	BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL:
6	BY CHAIRMAN DANNER:	16	Q. To follow up, what have been the major
.7	Q. So to follow up with that, I'm trying to figure	17	obstacles I mean, what is preventing that from
.8	out what kind of vetting would be required of these	18	happening, from PacifiCorp's perspective? I think we
9	people. It would seem to me we have to be concerned	19	asked this of Columbia REA's witness yesterday.
0	about their professional credentials, which could be	20	A. Commissioner, from our perspective, it has been,
1	easy enough, but what about things like conflicts of	21	frankly, an inability to settle on what those boundaries
2	interest or fairness? Because the way I think you've	22	would be, and where there were the consideration of
3	got it set up, it's just you look at your appraisal,	23	transfer of assets an inability to agree on the purchase
4	their appraisal and take the lower.	24	price of those assets.
25	And I'm just not sure what because I don't	25	EXAMINATION
	Page 238 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER BALASBAS / BOLTON 238		Page 240 EXAMINATION BY CHAIRMAN DANNER / BOLTON 240
1	know who these appraisers are, right off the bat, and,	1	BY CHAIRMAN DANNER:
2	you know, what their background is. I'm just curious,	2	Q. So Staff has taken the position that you should
3	you know, what kind of vetting you would expect us to do	3	get back to the table and negotiate, and I'm just
4	and what would we need to do to come up to speed?	4	wondering if you see any merit in further negotiations,
5	A. And that's something I think we can follow up	5	or do you think that that would lead to the same result
6	with you on, Mr. Chair.	6	that you have in the past?
7	EXAMINATION	7	A. You know, Chair Danner, I think there's always
8	BY COMMISSIONER BALASBAS:	8	merit in negotiation and continuing an open dialogue. I
9	Q. Mr. Bolton, one of the essential issues in this	9	think that the circumstances between now and the last
0	proceeding is the lack of a service territory agreement	10	time there was a serious discussion between the two
1	between Pacific Power and Columbia REA. Can you	11	providers have become even more dire.
2	articulate from the Company's perspective what you	12	And, again, it really is because of the amount
			and the second
	believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement	13	of infrastructure and now that now encroaches within
.4	believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement with Columbia REA?	13 14	Pacific Power's traditional service territory, I think
.4 .5	believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement with Columbia REA? A. Thank you, Commissioner. It's hard to say. I	13 14 15	Pacific Power's traditional service territory, I think will make future negotiation even more difficult as far
.4 .5 .6	<ul> <li>believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement</li> <li>with Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. Thank you, Commissioner. It's hard to say. I</li> <li>would say and again, you know, I think the Exhibit</li> </ul>	13 14 15 16	Pacific Power's traditional service territory, I think will make future negotiation even more difficult as far as even defining what boundaries would look like.
.4 .5 .6 .7	<ul> <li>believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement</li> <li>with Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. Thank you, Commissioner. It's hard to say. I</li> <li>would say and again, you know, I think the Exhibit</li> <li>RBD-2, showing the map and the growth of where Columbia</li> </ul>	13 14 15 16 17	Pacific Power's traditional service territory, I think will make future negotiation even more difficult as far as even defining what boundaries would look like. That's not to say that it's impossible, and it's
.4 .5 .6 .7	<ul> <li>believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement</li> <li>with Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. Thank you, Commissioner. It's hard to say. I</li> <li>would say and again, you know, I think the Exhibit</li> <li>RBD-2, showing the map and the growth of where Columbia</li> <li>REA initiated as a rural electric provider in the</li> </ul>	13 14 15 16 17 18	Pacific Power's traditional service territory, I think will make future negotiation even more difficult as far as even defining what boundaries would look like. That's not to say that it's impossible, and it's not to say that Pacific Power doesn't willingly engage
.4 .5 .6 .7 .8	believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement with Columbia REA? A. Thank you, Commissioner. It's hard to say. I would say and again, you know, I think the Exhibit RBD-2, showing the map and the growth of where Columbia REA initiated as a rural electric provider in the outskirts of these communities, now building into these	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Pacific Power's traditional service territory, I think will make future negotiation even more difficult as far as even defining what boundaries would look like. That's not to say that it's impossible, and it's not to say that Pacific Power doesn't willingly engage in such negotiations. Let me be very clear that we will
.4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9	<ul> <li>believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement</li> <li>with Columbia REA?</li> <li>A. Thank you, Commissioner. It's hard to say. I</li> <li>would say and again, you know, I think the Exhibit</li> <li>RBD-2, showing the map and the growth of where Columbia</li> <li>REA initiated as a rural electric provider in the</li> <li>outskirts of these communities, now building into these</li> <li>communities, even insofar as we now have new</li> </ul>	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Pacific Power's traditional service territory, I think will make future negotiation even more difficult as far as even defining what boundaries would look like. That's not to say that it's impossible, and it's not to say that Pacific Power doesn't willingly engage in such negotiations. Let me be very clear that we will continue to seek out ways to reach a mutually agreeable
.4 .5 .7 .8 .9	believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement with Columbia REA? A. Thank you, Commissioner. It's hard to say. I would say and again, you know, I think the Exhibit RBD-2, showing the map and the growth of where Columbia REA initiated as a rural electric provider in the outskirts of these communities, now building into these communities, even insofar as we now have new infrastructure that is now located near some of our	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Pacific Power's traditional service territory, I think will make future negotiation even more difficult as far as even defining what boundaries would look like. That's not to say that it's impossible, and it's not to say that Pacific Power doesn't willingly engage in such negotiations. Let me be very clear that we will continue to seek out ways to reach a mutually agreeable outcome, but it is becoming difficult. And I think that
.4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9 .1 .2	believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement with Columbia REA? A. Thank you, Commissioner. It's hard to say. I would say and again, you know, I think the Exhibit RBD-2, showing the map and the growth of where Columbia REA initiated as a rural electric provider in the outskirts of these communities, now building into these communities, even insofar as we now have new infrastructure that is now located near some of our largest industrial loads, it's difficult to say how much	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Pacific Power's traditional service territory, I think will make future negotiation even more difficult as far as even defining what boundaries would look like. That's not to say that it's impossible, and it's not to say that Pacific Power doesn't willingly engage in such negotiations. Let me be very clear that we will continue to seek out ways to reach a mutually agreeable outcome, but it is becoming difficult. And I think that the net removal tariff now has become, in some ways, the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement with Columbia REA? A. Thank you, Commissioner. It's hard to say. I would say and again, you know, I think the Exhibit RBD-2, showing the map and the growth of where Columbia REA initiated as a rural electric provider in the outskirts of these communities, now building into these communities, even insofar as we now have new infrastructure that is now located near some of our largest industrial loads, it's difficult to say how much that can be unwounded [sic], if it would take well,	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Pacific Power's traditional service territory, I think will make future negotiation even more difficult as far as even defining what boundaries would look like. That's not to say that it's impossible, and it's not to say that Pacific Power doesn't willingly engage in such negotiations. Let me be very clear that we will continue to seek out ways to reach a mutually agreeable outcome, but it is becoming difficult. And I think that the net removal tariff now has become, in some ways, the Commission's best, or perhaps even last best mechanism
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	believe are the major obstacles to reaching an agreement with Columbia REA? A. Thank you, Commissioner. It's hard to say. I would say and again, you know, I think the Exhibit RBD-2, showing the map and the growth of where Columbia REA initiated as a rural electric provider in the outskirts of these communities, now building into these communities, even insofar as we now have new infrastructure that is now located near some of our largest industrial loads, it's difficult to say how much	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Pacific Power's traditional service territory, I think will make future negotiation even more difficult as far as even defining what boundaries would look like. That's not to say that it's impossible, and it's not to say that Pacific Power doesn't willingly engage in such negotiations. Let me be very clear that we will continue to seek out ways to reach a mutually agreeable outcome, but it is becoming difficult. And I think that the net removal tariff now has become, in some ways, the

	<b>–</b> • • •	1	<b></b>
	Page 241 EXAMINATION BY CHAIRMAN DANNER / BOLTON 241		Page 243 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 243
1	even the Puget circumstance, this is about the complete	1	A. One through sixteen, that's correct.
2	cutover of one system to the other.	2	Q. Okay.
3	CHAIRMAN DANNER: All right. Thank you. I	3	And you've also submitted exhibits with your
4	have no more questions.	4	testimony, correct?
5	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Then you are excused,	5	A. Yes.
6	Mr. Bolton. Thank you very much.	6	Q. Which ones are those?
7	THE WITNESS: Thank you.	7	A. With my testimony, the testimony itself is
8	JUDGE PEARSON: I'd just like to go off the	8	RMM-1T as well as RMM-2 and RMM-3, and then I have
9	record briefly for one minute so I can discuss something	9	adopted RBD-4.
10	with the commissioners.	10	Q. Are there any necessary changes to either your
11	(Brief discussion off the record.)	11	testimony or accompanying exhibits?
12	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Let's be back on the	12	A. No.
L3	record. So we just had a brief little discussion about	13	MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. We'll pass this
14	switching the order of witnesses.	14	witness for cross, your Honor.
15	Given Ms. Kelly's availability, we want to	15	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.
16	switch her order with Mr. Panco. So what we'll do now	16	Mr. Casey?
17	is bring up Mr. Meredith, and we'll break for lunch when	17	CROSS-EXAMINATION
18	he's done, whatever time that may be. And then when we	18	BY MR. CASEY:
19	come back from lunch, Ms. Kelly will take the stand	19	Q. Good morning, Mr. Meredith.
20	followed by Mr. Panco, just to ensure that we can finish	20	A. Good morning.
21	by quarter to 5 today, and we won't need her tomorrow.	21	Q. So do you agree that the stranded cost fee issue
22	Okay?	22	is, at its core, an issue about equity and fairness of
23	MS. GAFKEN: Okay.	23	cost shifts between customers?
24	JUDGE PEARSON: Good morning, Mr. Meredith.	24	A. Yes, I would say that this is ultimately about
25	THE WITNESS: Good morning.	25	fairness between departing customers and remaining
	Page 242		Page 244
	DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD / MEREDITH 242		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 244
1	JUDGE PEARSON: If you could just raise your		
		1	customers.
2	right hand.	1 2	customers. Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony
2 3		_	
		2	Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony
3	right hand.	2 3	Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing
3 4	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been	2 3 4	Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?
3 4 5	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath,	2 3 4 5	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified	2 3 4 5 6	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified	2 3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that</li> </ul>
3 4 5 7 8 9	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows:	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name,	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Meredith,	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt hours that are lost, but it's also just having a</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Meredith, last name is spelled M-E-R-E-D-I-T-H.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt hours that are lost, but it's also just having a customer that is lost, the physical connection to that</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Meredith, last name is spelled M-E-R-E-D-I-T-H. JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead, Mr. Greenfield.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony</li> <li>earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing</li> <li>customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also</li> <li>the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that</li> <li>last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt</li> <li>hours that are lost, but it's also just having a</li> <li>customer that is lost, the physical connection to that</li> <li>site, and the rection [sic] in the number of customers.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Meredith, last name is spelled M-E-R-E-D-I-T-H. JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead, Mr. Greenfield. DIRECT EXAMINATION	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony</li> <li>earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing</li> <li>customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also</li> <li>the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that</li> <li>last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt</li> <li>hours that are lost, but it's also just having a</li> <li>customer that is lost, the physical connection to that</li> <li>site, and the rection [sic] in the number of customers.</li> <li>Q. That changes the costs that the Company has</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Meredith, last name is spelled M-E-R-E-D-I-T-H. JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead, Mr. Greenfield. DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD:	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt hours that are lost, but it's also just having a customer that is lost, the physical connection to that site, and the rection [sic] in the number of customers.</li> <li>Q. That changes the costs that the Company has already incurred?</li> </ul>
3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Meredith, last name is spelled M-E-R-E-D-I-T-H. JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead, Mr. Greenfield. DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD: Q. Mr. Meredith, you've submitted pre-filed	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt hours that are lost, but it's also just having a customer that is lost, the physical connection to that site, and the rection [sic] in the number of customers.</li> <li>Q. That changes the costs that the Company has already incurred?</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Meredith, last name is spelled M-E-R-E-D-I-T-H. JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead, Mr. Greenfield. DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD: Q. Mr. Meredith, you've submitted pre-filed rebuttal testimony in this case, correct?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt hours that are lost, but it's also just having a customer that is lost, the physical connection to that site, and the rection [sic] in the number of customers.</li> <li>Q. That changes the costs that the Company has already incurred?</li> <li>A. That creates a greater burden on the remaining customers.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Meredith, last name is spelled M-E-R-E-D-I-T-H. JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead, Mr. Greenfield. DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD: Q. Mr. Meredith, you've submitted pre-filed rebuttal testimony in this case, correct? A. That's correct.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt hours that are lost, but it's also just having a customer that is lost, the physical connection to that site, and the rection [sic] in the number of customers.</li> <li>Q. That changes the costs that the Company has already incurred?</li> <li>A. That creates a greater burden on the remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. To do what?</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Meredith, last name is spelled M-E-R-E-D-I-T-H. JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead, Mr. Greenfield. DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD: Q. Mr. Meredith, you've submitted pre-filed rebuttal testimony in this case, correct? A. That's correct. Q. I understand you've also adopted some testimony	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt hours that are lost, but it's also just having a customer that is lost, the physical connection to that site, and the rection [sic] in the number of customers.</li> <li>Q. That changes the costs that the Company has already incurred?</li> <li>A. That creates a greater burden on the remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. To do what?</li> <li>A. To recover the costs incurred to serve those</li> </ul>
3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Meredith, last name is spelled M-E-R-E-D-I-T-H. JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead, Mr. Greenfield. DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD: Q. Mr. Meredith, you've submitted pre-filed rebuttal testimony in this case, correct? A. That's correct. Q. I understand you've also adopted some testimony previously attributed to Mr. Dalley, correct?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt hours that are lost, but it's also just having a customer that is lost, the physical connection to that site, and the rection [sic] in the number of customers.</li> <li>Q. That changes the costs that the Company has already incurred?</li> <li>A. That creates a greater burden on the remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. To do what?</li> <li>A. To recover the costs incurred to serve those customers who have departed.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8	right hand. ROBERT MEREDITH, witness herein, having been first duly sworn on oath, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated, and then if you could just state your first and last name, spelling your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Meredith, last name is spelled M-E-R-E-D-I-T-H. JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead, Mr. Greenfield. DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD: Q. Mr. Meredith, you've submitted pre-filed rebuttal testimony in this case, correct? A. That's correct. Q. I understand you've also adopted some testimony previously attributed to Mr. Dalley, correct? A. That is correct.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>Q. And do you agree with Mr. Bolton's testimony earlier that it's the loss of load of the departing customer that drives the cost shift?</li> <li>A. I would say that it's the loss of load, but also the loss of the customer itself.</li> <li>Q. Do you want to just very briefly explain that last part</li> <li>A. Sure.</li> <li>Q the loss of</li> <li>A. I would say that it's not only the megawatt hours that are lost, but it's also just having a customer that is lost, the physical connection to that site, and the rection [sic] in the number of customers.</li> <li>Q. That changes the costs that the Company has already incurred?</li> <li>A. That creates a greater burden on the remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. To do what?</li> <li>A. To recover the costs incurred to serve those customers who have departed.</li> <li>Q. Permanent disconnections are not the only</li> </ul>

DOCKEL NO. UE-161204 - VOI. III	6/14/201
Page 245 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 245	Page 247 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 247
1 which there may be some cost shifting that occurs.	1 MR. CASEY: Would the Company be able to
2 Q. In fact, the very basic principle of cost of	2 provide it to you?
3 service ratemaking is cost sharing between customers,	3 MR. TILL: Just give us a moment, please.
4 correct?	4 BY MR. CASEY:
5 A. Could you break that down for me, cost sharing	5 Q. You're able to make sense of this document?
6 between customers?	6 A. Of course.
7 Q. Between customers, customers with common	7 Q. Isn't it so a minute ago you acknowledged
8 characteristics that make up a class.	8 that cost shifts can well, you testified that each
9 A. Right. We have rates that identify have	9 class's rate is not necessarily based on that class's
10 specific rate schedules for a particular type of	10 cost of service, correct?
11 service, that's correct.	11 A. Right. As part of establishing base rates,
12 Q. So the rate for each customer class is based on	12 there can be settlements that are entered into amongst
13 the average cost incurred to serve that class, correct?	13 the parties, the Commission in its discretion can, you
A. It is based upon the average cost to serve that	14 know, because of a number of different factors
15 class; however, it sometimes rates aren't exactly	15 Q. Isn't it true
16 tied to a specific cost-of-service study. There's other	16 A order something that's different than what
17 considerations that are taken into place when base rates	17 specifically a certain cost-of-service study indicates
18 are set. I would also say it's not designed to capture	18 is the change required.
19 the average cost of serving that customer.	19 Q. So isn't it true that, under Pacific Power's
20 A specific rate schedule includes different	20 current rate structure, certain classes are contributing
21 charges, demand energy, facility/customer charges that	21 more or less than their cost of service?
22 capture the unique characteristics of a particular	22 A. Per the cost of service study, there are some
23 customer.	23 classes of customers that are contributing more or less.
24 Q. Sure.	24 However, I would note and I think this is probably
25 Rate making is complicated?	25 the cost-of-service study results from the last general
Page 246 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 246	Page 248 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 248
1 A. Right.	1 rate case you know, all these classes are within
2 Q. When an individual customer within a class	2 about 11 percent of parity, plus or minus.
3 causes costs above or below the kind of average rate	3 Q. To your knowledge, is there any relationship
4 that's charged, does some form of cost shift occur	4 between the classes of customers that are choosing to
5 between the customers within that class?	5 disconnect and the classes of customers that are
6 A. I think our rates are set at a level that the	6 overpaying with respect to their cost of service?
7 Commission deems to be reasonable and just in the public	7 A. I think in general and again, Mr. Bolton is
8 interest. I think that there are situations where	8 probably the best to address the specific customers that
9 particular customers within a class may be more costly	9 are departing and what that looks like.
10 to serve.	10 I think, in general, my understanding is that it
11 There could be a customer perhaps who's served	11 may not be so much a matter of the specific rate
12 in a more remote location and a customer who's served,	12 schedule or how they are performing relative to the
13 you know, in a more central location. And I think	13 cost-of-service study as it is a matter of customers who
14 that's part of what is one of the main challenges in	14 he has defined as high-margin customers, so customers
15 this unique circumstance, is that that Company has the	15 who have a high level of revenue associated with that
16 obligation to serve all customers who ask for service	16 site, but are relatively easy to serve, or close to a
17 from it.	17 feeder where it's easy for Columbia REA to connect to
18 Q. Even if we stipulate that it might be a	18 that customer.
19 reasonable cost shift, you'll acknowledge that a cost	19 So I don't know that it's so much a matter of a
<pre>reasonable cost shift, you'll acknowledge that a cost 20 shift can occur, correct?</pre>	20 customer class, you know, that it's a Schedule 36
<ul> <li>reasonable cost shift, you'll acknowledge that a cost</li> <li>shift can occur, correct?</li> <li>A. I think you could characterize that as a cost</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>customer class, you know, that it's a Schedule 36</li> <li>customer who happens to be, you know, needing a</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>reasonable cost shift, you'll acknowledge that a cost</li> <li>shift can occur, correct?</li> <li>A. I think you could characterize that as a cost</li> <li>shift, sure.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>customer class, you know, that it's a Schedule 36</li> <li>customer who happens to be, you know, needing a</li> <li>reduction relative to what the cost-of-service study</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>reasonable cost shift, you'll acknowledge that a cost</li> <li>shift can occur, correct?</li> <li>A. I think you could characterize that as a cost</li> <li>shift, sure.</li> <li>Q. Can we do you have Exhibit DJP-3 in front of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>customer class, you know, that it's a Schedule 36</li> <li>customer who happens to be, you know, needing a</li> <li>reduction relative to what the cost-of-service study</li> <li>shows, as much as it is a high-margin customer, is my</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>reasonable cost shift, you'll acknowledge that a cost</li> <li>shift can occur, correct?</li> <li>A. I think you could characterize that as a cost</li> <li>shift, sure.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>customer class, you know, that it's a Schedule 36</li> <li>customer who happens to be, you know, needing a</li> <li>reduction relative to what the cost-of-service study</li> </ul>

DUCKELINU. UE-101204 - VOI. III	0/14/201
Page 249 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 249	Page 251 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 251
1 identify which classes provide higher margins?	1 Costs are both caused by and allocated to
2 A. I think that this is one element, looking at it	2 customers based on load, correct?
3 on a rate-schedule-by-rate-schedule basis. But as far	3 A. Based upon load, which is sometimes not very
4 as looking at the cherry picking that occurs of	4 well defined, so that would be both a number of
5 individual customers, there are other factors that play	5 factors at play in a cost-of-service study. I would
6 into that. And again, Mr. Bolton's probably the	6 also say the customer counts themselves is a determinant
7 would be the most expert on what's actually happening in the field for that	7 of cost of service.
8 the field for that.	8 Q. Okay.
9 Q. Under the proposed stranded cost fee, if a	9 And if an individual customer uses energy
10 customer from a class that is paying more than its cost	10 consumes energy in a manner that different differs
11 of service chooses to disconnect, then the then the	1 from the kind of assumptions about how customers would
12 subsidy embedded in the customer's rate would also exist	12 use load, or that were used to develop the rates, could
<ul> <li>and carry forward in the stranded cost fee applicable to</li> <li>that customer, correct?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>13 that cause a cost shift between customers?</li> <li>A. So your question, if I may rephrase it, is</li> </ul>
15 A. Can you restate that question? It was a little 16 bit confusing for me.	
	16 of way than the average customer within their class, 17 that that would create cost shifts; is that a fair
<ul> <li>Q. I'll try. It was hard for me to write.</li> <li>Under the proposed stranded cost fee, if a</li> </ul>	18 Q. I can go I'm trying not to kind of go into,
<ul> <li>customer from a class that is paying more than its cost</li> <li>of service chooses to disconnect, then the subsidy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>19 you know, long lines of questioning to develop</li> <li>20 A. Okay.</li> </ul>
21 embedded in that customer's rate would also exist in the	21 Q a foundation, to keep this kind of moving
21 stranded cost fee applicable to that customer, correct?	22 forward.
<ul> <li>A. So I don't know that I would characterize it as</li> </ul>	23 But again, when we when rates are developed,
24 the subsidy inherent in that fee. Again, I think the	24 they're developed using some assumptions about how
25 Commission sets rates that it believes are just and	25 customers use energy, correct?
Page 250	Page 252
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 250	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 252
1 reasonable in the public interest, looking at factors	1 A. Right. So there's a load research study that
2 beyond just a specific cost-of-service study.	2 examines the characteristics inherent within a
3 Q. So I'm not trying to characterize the cost shift	3 particular class.
4 that's occurring is unreasonable. I'll stipulate to	4 Q. And if customers within that particular class
5 that it's reasonable.	5 use actually consume energy in a manner that is
6 I just want to acknowledge that a cost shift is	6 different from the assumption used to develop rates,
7 occurring, and that cost shift would also carry forward	7 could a cost shift occur between customers?
8 in the rate the stranded cost fee because it's a	8 A. In a hypothetical sense, I suppose that that's
9 multiplier. Would you acknowledge that?	9 possible. However, I think the rates themselves include
1.0 A. So what you're trying to argue, if I may, is	10 energy charges, demand charges, facilities charges,
$_{11}$ that, inherent within this class, since they have a	11 customer charges that capture, to an extent, some of
12 particular level of revenue, and there's a multiplier	12 those variations, I think.
13 based upon the revenue, that since their rates were	13 Q. Those are
$_{ m 14}~$ maybe set higher than they should have, that that	14 A. Rates are not perfect, right?
15 carries forward?	15 Q. Yeah.
16 Q. I wouldn't say that they should have been set	16 A. You can't identify a cost of service for every
$_{17}$ differently. I'm just saying, if there's a difference	17 single customer and have a rate for every single
18 from cost of service, that difference carries forward	18 customer on the extreme end.
19 into the stranded cost fee, is that correct, because	19 Q. You just said you cannot develop a cost of
20 it's a revenue multiplier?	20 service for each individual customer, correct?
A. So it's a revenue multiplier, so whatever those	21 A. Right. That's sort of part of cost of service
22 rates are, it's based upon those rates and that	22 <b>101</b> is that you have particular classes, they have
23 recovery, which has been deemed to be a reasonable	23 unique characteristics for that class that in which
<ul><li>24 charges for those customers.</li><li>25 Q. Okay. Thank you.</li></ul>	<ul><li>24 they're similarly situated, and so you develop rates</li><li>25 that will reflect some of those variations within that</li></ul>

	CKELINO. UE-101204 - VOI. III		6/14/2017
	Page 253 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 253		Page 255 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 255
1	rate schedule. But you can't develop I mean, that's	1	I think this is a unique situation because we no
2	just one of the principles, that you don't develop a	2	longer have a relationship with that customer, we have
3	you develop rates for particular rate schedules and	3	planned for that customer, to serve them, and then that
4	particular classes of customers.	4	relationship is no longer there. Those facilities that
5	Q. If a customer's load is greatly reduced, could	5	were in place to serve that customer are gone. It's
6	that cause a cost shift?	6	different than that situation where we're still serving
7	A. I think that not necessarily. I think that	7	those customers.
8	that customer is paying the charges that are appropriate	8	We we recognize that that happens. That's
9	for that particular customer.	9	just a natural part of our customer base. Over time,
10	Q. What happens if a reduction in load occurred due	10	some of those customers switch to natural gas heating,
11	to a drastic reduction in load occurred due to a	11	some of them will put solar panels up on their roof,
12	residential customer installing a solar panel, could	12	other things will happen like that over time that would
13	that cause a cost shift?	13	otherwise reduce load.
14	A. Yes, that could cause a cost shift.	14	But I think it's fundamentally different than
15	Q. To your knowledge, have any utilities argued	15	the unique circumstances that we are experiencing
16	that that does cause a cost shift that needs to be	16	specifically in the Greater Walla Walla area where we
17	addressed within Commission rates?	17	are having a customer completely stop taking service
18	A. Yes.	18	from the Company.
10 19	Q. Could a reduction in load due to numerous	10 19	Q. Would you acknowledge that the Company is in
20	conservation measures cause a cost shift?	20	competition with Cascade Natural Gas for the provision
20 21	A. I think it could cause a cost shift. I think	20	of energy in the Greater Walla Walla area?
	that's maybe a little bit less likely than the situation		A. I think my ability to characterize who we're in
22	with distributed generation. I think, in general, all	22	competition with or not, I think that would probably be
23	classes generally, to some extent, participate in energy	23	better addressed by somebody like Mr. Bolton.
24	efficiency.	24	Q. What happens if a business closes and another
25	-	25	
	Page 254 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 254		Page 256 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 256
1	But yes, over time as rates are compared,	1	business does not come and take its place for a
2	dynamically those classes evolve with time, and the	2	significant amount of time, would that cause a cost
3	characteristics underlying them and the revenue support	3	shift?
4	for those classes changes.	4	A. Again, as I've stated, there's a number of
5	Q. What about if a customer who only has electric	5	things within a class that can move around the
6	service decides to switch their heating and cooking	6	characteristics of that class.
7	appliances to natural gas, could that cause a cost	7	Q. I'll move on.
8	shift?	8	Does the Company's customer count change from
9	A. I think there's a lot of hypothetical examples	9	year to year?
10	under which you could say that a cost shift I think	10	A. Yes.
11	that's what you're trying to establish. There are loads	11	Q. By approximately how many?
12	that change and fluctuate over time, and that's part of	12	A. I don't have those exact figures before me. I
13	the cost-of-service process, is that over time we	13	think that, in general, there have been, over time, more
14	examine specifically the characteristics of our	14	customers over a long period of time.
15	customers and see how those have changed, and certainly	15	Q. Can you give an approximation, subject to check?
16	that could cause a class to have differences on their	16	A. I don't have those exact numbers in front of me.
17	on their performance and their cost of service.	17	I would hesitate to do that.
18	Q. In your opinion, should this fee also apply to a	18	Q. Not even an order of magnitude?
19	customer who connects to Cascade Natural Gas and	19	A. Again, I don't have those exact percentages in
20	switches most of their major appliances to natural gas?	20	front of me.
21	A. No. I think that's a totally different	21	Q. Are you aware that only 68 customers have
22	situation than what we're experiencing for our company.	22	disconnected from Pacific Power since 1999?
23	Customers do that, they switch to natural gas, and	23	A. I'm aware that that's what is in Mr. Bolton's
23 24	that's that's fine. That's part of what we	23 24	testimony is 68 customers; however, I would note that
24 25	experience.	24	those are generally high-margin customers, well above
20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20	

DOCKELINO. DE-161204 - VOI. III	0/14/201 Dama 250
Page 257 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 257	Page 259 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 259
1 average revenue for our customers.	$_1$ get it exactly accurate? I mean, I think we have
2 So, you know, I think when we have about I	2 proposed a methodology that we believe is balanced. We
3 would say about 105,000 customers in our Washington	3 took a limited term or a I would I think I
4 service area, those 67 [sic] are not the average-size	4 characterized it as an intermediate term, period of
5 customer. These are, you know, generally pretty	5 time, specifically in my rebuttal testimony, six years
6 good-sized customers revenue-wise.	6 of cost recovery; however, I would note that we have
7 Q. Focusing on number of customers, how do you	7 assets in place that have a much longer life than that.
8 think the number of annual disconnects compares to	8 So in terms of exactness, there is some, I would
9 the number of customers who disconnect annually compares	9 say, just balance involved in our proposal. We didn't
10 to the annual change in overall customer count?	10 try to have a 20-year cost recovery fee. We wanted to
A. So just I think that, in general, the annual	11 present something that was balanced.
12 number of customers that disconnect each year, it is a	12 So in terms of being exact, I mean, I think that
13 lesser amount than perhaps the number of customers who	13 our methodology is is particularly as filed in my
$_{14}$ may connect. I don't know what that is specifically for	14 rebuttal testimony, has some discrete adjustments that
$_{15}$ the Walla Walla area versus our Yakima area, but again,	15 look at some elements that I believe you could say are
16 I would mention that these are not just a residential	16 avoidable from that customer permanently disconnecting.
$_{ m 17}$ customer that's disconnecting generally. Lately we've	17 Q. You acknowledge that the modifications that the
18 seen they are bigger, higher-margin customers.	18 Company supports on rebuttal add more detail and result
Q. Can you please turn to RMM-1T on page 2? I'm	19 in significantly lower costs, correct?
20 looking at lines 10 to 12. You testify that it's	20 A. That's correct.
21 difficult to balance accuracy with the ease of	21 Q. Do you believe the lower fees are more accurate?
22 understanding and applying the stranded cost fee,	A. I believe that there are elements of it that are
23 correct?	23 more accurate. I believe that there are elements of it
A. Which lines did you say?	24 that represent a compromise, based upon my review of
25 Q. Ten through twelve.	25 Ms. Kelly's testimony, such as the reduction in the
Page 258 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 258	Page 260 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 260
1 A. Okay. Right.	1 number of years.
2 Q. In its initial proposal, how did the Company	2 I do note there are a couple other adjustments
3 strike the balance between accuracy and kind of ease of	3 that are
4 understanding?	4 Q. And I'm
5 A. So initially our proposal was to look at all	5 A intended to address accuracy of the
6 cost recovery less net power costs that were in base	6 calculation and make sure that we're considering all of
7 rates. The purpose of that was, as I mentioned in my	7 the different pieces that could possibly be avoidable by
8 testimony, having a methodology that would be easy for	8 a customer's permanent disconnection.
9 someone to understand and to verify.	9 Q. I don't want to cut you off or rush you, but I
Q. Is it possible to accurately identify the exact	10 have a couple more questions, so narrative explanations
11 costs of a single customer disconnecting from the	11 are
12 system?	12 <b>A. Sure</b> .
13 A. So is it is it rephrase that question	13 Q you know, it will take me a little bit longer
14 again, please.	14 to get through these.
Q. Is it possible to accurately identify the exact	15 <b>A. Okay.</b>
16 cost of a single customer disconnecting from the system?	16 Q. Did you agree with Mr. Bolton yesterday when he
$_{17}$ A. I think it's possible to accurately identify and	17 testified that it would be reasonable to recover
18 estimate. I mean, it's not going to be perfect.	18 stranded costs for a 20-year period, yes or no?
19 Q. Okay.	19 A. I do believe that it would be reasonable. I
$_{20}$ A. Sure.	20 believe that is a more accurate calculation of our
Q. How important is the accuracy of a stranded cost	21 costs.
22 fee?	2.2 Q. Turning to page 5 of your rebuttal testimony,
A. It's important, certainly.	23 you addressed the time period there.
24 Q. What type of range of error would be reasonable?	24 A. Yes.
A. In terms of, like, a perfect world, like, you	25 Q. You testified that the Company decided to reduce

Docket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III	6/14/201
Page 261	Page 263
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 261	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 263
$_{1}$ the time period used to calculate the stranded cost fee	1 condition of the disconnection, correct?
2 from ten years to six years, correct?	2 A. Yes. I said that there could be the possibility
3 A. That is correct.	3 of double counting.
4 Q. And this alone decreases the fee by	4 Q. Were you aware of this double recovery issue at
5 approximately 33 percent, correct?	5 the time of filing?
6 A. That is correct.	6 A. I wasn't. It was just something that I didn't
7 Q. And you also testify that you still believe the	7 consider.
8 ten years is a reasonable timeframe for the stranded	8 Q. How is a cost that makes up approximately ten
9 cost calculation, correct?	9 percent of the total fee so easy to overlook?
10 A. Yes.	10 A. I think when we were developing it, I think it
Q. Is six years also a reasonable timeframe, or is	$\underline{11}$ just we responded specifically to the testimony of
12 it unreasonable?	$\underline{12}$ other parties, and this was something that I had not
A. I think that both are reasonable. I think that	${\tt 13}$ considered. I had not spent a lot of time reviewing
$_{ m 14}~$ it's looking at balancing the interests of departing	14 particularly the Rule 6 changes in the initial filing,
5 customers and remaining customers, and this is a	$15\;$ but I think that it's a very valid concern and so that's
$_{\rm 6}$ compromise based upon the testimony that we reviewed of	16 why we made this adjustment.
17 Ms. Kelly.	17 Q. Last couple questions.
Q. Would a variation in the Company's total revenue	18 Same page yeah, page 8, line 22, you testify
19 requirement by 33 percent be reasonable?	19 that the Company agrees that in its original proposed
A. You're saying would it be reasonable if our	$_{20}$ $$ the original proposal included costs avoidable when a
if we got 33 percent less? No.	21 customer chooses to disconnect, correct?
Q. Is there a correlation between the accuracy of	A. So you're saying that in the initial filing we
23 the fee and the time period used to develop the fee?	23 included some elements that were avoidable?
A. Is there a correlation let me just make sure	24 Q. Yes.
25 I understand your question.	A. We included some elements that maybe could be
Page 262	Page 264
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / MEREDITH 262	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 264
1 Q. Yeah.	1 argued to be avoidable.
2 A. Between which developments, the	2 Q. And were you aware that these costs were
3 Q. So essentially you said that, you know, there	3 avoidable at the time of the original filing?
4 are parts of the fee rely on estimates, correct?	4 A. I think looking at the customer service
5 <b>A. Yes.</b>	5 expenses, I think we've offered up an adjustment that I
6 Q. And so if the fee is developed using a longer	6 think is pretty conservative. I mean, eliminating a lot
7 time period, is there kind of is there a correlation	7 of the customer service costs. Certainly there are
<ul> <li>8 between the accuracy of the fee and the time period used</li> </ul>	8 elements of customer service, phone calls, the postage
<ul><li>9 to develop the fee?</li></ul>	<ul> <li>of the bill that's sent out, that are truly variable</li> </ul>
A. Meaning that the longer it is, the more accurate	10 with the number of customers.
$_{11}$ it is, the less long it is, the more accurate it is	10     Initial for the second se
22 [sic], I would say not necessarily in the accuracy so	12 There's systems in place, IT systems for customer
<ul> <li>12 [even, i mean even in the recent of the re</li></ul>	
14 customers.	1.3 service that are fixed. Other elements of customer
	13 service that are fixed. Other elements of customer
	14 service that are fixed.
So the longer the period you're capturing more	14       service that are fixed.         15       So I think this is a conservative assumption,
So the longer the period you're capturing more of those fixed costs that will ultimately be passed	<ul> <li>service that are fixed.</li> <li>So I think this is a conservative assumption,</li> <li>recognizing that, yes, there are some components of this</li> </ul>
So the longer the period you're capturing more of those fixed costs that will ultimately be passed along to remaining customers, so the longer period,	<ul> <li>service that are fixed.</li> <li>So I think this is a conservative assumption,</li> <li>recognizing that, yes, there are some components of this</li> <li>that may vary with customers leaving and so, in an</li> </ul>
So the longer the period you're capturing more of those fixed costs that will ultimately be passed along to remaining customers, so the longer period, within reason I think twenty years, we believe, is	<ul> <li>service that are fixed.</li> <li>So I think this is a conservative assumption,</li> <li>recognizing that, yes, there are some components of this</li> <li>that may vary with customers leaving and so, in an</li> <li>attempt to be to really adequately address some costs</li> </ul>
So the longer the period you're capturing more of those fixed costs that will ultimately be passed along to remaining customers, so the longer period, within reason I think twenty years, we believe, is probably the most reflective of our planning cycle, so	<ul> <li>service that are fixed.</li> <li>So I think this is a conservative assumption,</li> <li>recognizing that, yes, there are some components of this</li> <li>that may vary with customers leaving and so, in an</li> <li>attempt to be to really adequately address some costs</li> <li>that may be avoidable, we agreed to remove those values.</li> </ul>
So the longer the period you're capturing more of those fixed costs that will ultimately be passed along to remaining customers, so the longer period, within reason I think twenty years, we believe, is probably the most reflective of our planning cycle, so twenty years would provide more protection for remaining	<ul> <li>service that are fixed.</li> <li>So I think this is a conservative assumption,</li> <li>recognizing that, yes, there are some components of this</li> <li>that may vary with customers leaving and so, in an</li> <li>attempt to be to really adequately address some costs</li> <li>that may be avoidable, we agreed to remove those values.</li> <li>MR. CASEY: I'll stop there. Thank you.</li> </ul>
So the longer the period you're capturing more of those fixed costs that will ultimately be passed along to remaining customers, so the longer period, within reason I think twenty years, we believe, is probably the most reflective of our planning cycle, so twenty years would provide more protection for remaining customers than six.	<ul> <li>service that are fixed.</li> <li>So I think this is a conservative assumption,</li> <li>recognizing that, yes, there are some components of this</li> <li>that may vary with customers leaving and so, in an</li> <li>attempt to be to really adequately address some costs</li> <li>that may be avoidable, we agreed to remove those values.</li> <li>MR. CASEY: I'll stop there. Thank you.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> </ul>
So the longer the period you're capturing more of those fixed costs that will ultimately be passed along to remaining customers, so the longer period, within reason I think twenty years, we believe, is probably the most reflective of our planning cycle, so twenty years would provide more protection for remaining customers than six.	14       service that are fixed.         15       So I think this is a conservative assumption,         16       recognizing that, yes, there are some components of this         17       that may vary with customers leaving and so, in an         18       attempt to be to really adequately address some costs         19       that may be avoidable, we agreed to remove those values.         20       MR. CASEY: I'll stop there. Thank you.         21       JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.         22       Ms. Gafken?
So the longer the period you're capturing more of those fixed costs that will ultimately be passed along to remaining customers, so the longer period, within reason I think twenty years, we believe, is probably the most reflective of our planning cycle, so twenty years would provide more protection for remaining customers than six. Q. Let's turn to page 8, lines 4 through 7. There you agree that the stranded cost fee proposed in the	<ul> <li>service that are fixed.</li> <li>So I think this is a conservative assumption,</li> <li>recognizing that, yes, there are some components of this</li> <li>that may vary with customers leaving and so, in an</li> <li>attempt to be to really adequately address some costs</li> <li>that may be avoidable, we agreed to remove those values.</li> <li>MR. CASEY: I'll stop there. Thank you.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>MS. Gafken?</li> <li>///</li> </ul>
So the longer the period you're capturing more of those fixed costs that will ultimately be passed along to remaining customers, so the longer period, within reason I think twenty years, we believe, is probably the most reflective of our planning cycle, so twenty years would provide more protection for remaining customers than six. Q. Let's turn to page 8, lines 4 through 7. There	14       service that are fixed.         15       So I think this is a conservative assumption,         16       recognizing that, yes, there are some components of this         17       that may vary with customers leaving and so, in an         18       attempt to be to really adequately address some costs         19       that may be avoidable, we agreed to remove those values.         20       MR. CASEY: I'll stop there. Thank you.         21       JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.         22       Ms. Gafken?

DOCKELINO. UE-161204 - VOI. III	<b>B C C C C C C C C C C</b>	— · · ·
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKE	Page 265	Page 267 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 267
1 BY MS. GAFKEN:	1	Q. Okay.
2 Q. Good morning.		
3 A. Good morning.		3 is Exhibit RMM-1T, and go to page 11?
4 Q. I want to ask a couple of follow-up ques	tions to	4 A. Okay.
5 what Mr. Casey asked you, then I do have a fe	ew prepared	5 Q. And let's see. So starting at line I have
6 questions for you as well.	e	5 line 11, and then going to page 12, line 10, there
7 A. Okay.	5	7 you're discussing Pacific Power's integrated resource
8 Q. You were asked a question with respect	t to g	plan and the preferred portfolio showing new wind
9 Ms. Kelly's recommendation to shorten the tim	ne period to	ocollection in 2021; is that correct?
0 6 years, and then you were asked to relate that	at to a 10	) A. Yes.
1 33 percent variance in the revenue requirement	nt. 11	Q. You testified that the selection of new wind is
2 Is there a correlation between the strand	ed cost 12	2 not drived [sic] by load, but rather by economics?
3 calculation and revenue requirement calculation	on? 13	A. That's correct.
4 A. A correlation yes, I would say there	e's a 14	Q. In the preferred portfolio, does the new wind
5 correlation between the stranded cost ca	alculation is 15	5 replace other generation rather than increase the
6 looking for the revenue requirement that's	within base 16	incremental generation being produced or acquired by the
7 rates, including some adjustments, so ther	reisa 17	7 portfolio overall?
8 correlation there.	18	A. You're saying, does it replace other types of
9 Q. Is there a correlation between the 33 pe	ercent 19	generation? Yes. So having more energy produced by the
20 decrease in the stranded cost calculation and	33 percent 20	) wind would would, in fact, replace other forms of
decrease in a hypothetical revenue requireme	ent 21	generation or market purchases, that's correct.
2 calculation?	22	2 Q. You also testify that the inclusion of new wind
A. When you say a correlation, I don't ki	now exactly 23	in Pacific Power's IRP should have no implication for
24 what you mean. Are the two situations and	alogous to each 24	the stranded cost calculation; is that correct?
25 other? I don't know if I understand the que	estion fully. 25	A. Yes, I believe that it should not be a factor.
	Page 266	Page 268
	1 090 200	Tage 200
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKE	-	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKE	-	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26
	EN/MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26
1 Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that	EN/MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH       26         Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in       2         load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?
1 Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that 2 distinction?	EN/MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH       26         Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in       2         load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26 Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind? A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our Washington customers would play any role in whether we
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded control of the second strands of the second stran</li></ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26 Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind? A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our Washington customers would play any role in whether we ultimately made this acquisition or not.
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of amount, there are different views in how that's</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26 Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind? A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our Washington customers would play any role in whether we ultimately made this acquisition or not. Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of</li> <li>amount, there are different views in how that's</li> <li>that correct?</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26 Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind? A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our Washington customers would play any role in whether we ultimately made this acquisition or not. Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit 7 RMM-1T?
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded or</li> <li>amount, there are different views in how that's</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26 Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind? A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our Washington customers would play any role in whether we ultimately made this acquisition or not. Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit RMM-1T? A. Okay.
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of amount, there are different views in how that's that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that is</li> <li>Counsel has advanced in several cases is that</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26 Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind? A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our Washington customers would play any role in whether we ultimately made this acquisition or not. Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit RMM-1T? A. Okay. Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of amount, there are different views in how that's that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that Counsel has advanced in several cases is that further out in time you go, the less known or the constant of the several case is that</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH       26         Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in       load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?         A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our       Washington customers would play any role in whether we         ultimately made this acquisition or not.       Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit         7       RMM-1T?         3       A. Okay.         Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed         Iow-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct?
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of</li> <li>amount, there are different views in how that's</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that</li> <li>Counsel has advanced in several cases is tha</li> <li>further out in time you go, the less known or the</li> <li>certain cost is.</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH       26         Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in       load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?         A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our         Washington customers would play any role in whether we         ultimately made this acquisition or not.         Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit         7 RMM-1T?         A. Okay.         Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed         low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct?         A. Yes.
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of</li> <li>amount, there are different views in how that's</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that is</li> <li>Counsel has advanced in several cases is that</li> <li>further out in time you go, the less known or the</li> <li>certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH       26         Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in       load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?         A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our       washington customers would play any role in whether we         Ultimately made this acquisition or not.       Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit         7       RMM-1T?         3       A. Okay.         9       Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed         1       low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct?         4       Yes.         2       Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the         3       multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of</li> <li>amount, there are different views in how that's</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that</li> <li>Counsel has advanced in several cases is tha</li> <li>further out in time you go, the less known or the</li> <li>certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> <li>A. Sure, yeah.</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH       26         Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in       load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?         A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our       washington customers would play any role in whether we         ultimately made this acquisition or not.       Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit         7       RMM-1T?         3       A. Okay.         Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed         I low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct?         A. Yes.         Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the         multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of amount, there are different views in how that's that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that if</li> <li>Counsel has advanced in several cases is that further out in time you go, the less known or the certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> <li>A. Sure, yeah.</li> <li>Q. Is it fair to say that one purpose of a strategies</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH       266         Image: Second state st	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH       26         Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in       load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?         A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our       washington customers would play any role in whether we         ultimately made this acquisition or not.       Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit         7       RMM-1T?         A. Okay.       Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed         Iow-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct?       A. Yes.         Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the       multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential         4 customers is the same under Pacific Power's proposal; is       that correct?
<ul> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of</li> <li>amount, there are different views in how that's</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that</li> <li>Counsel has advanced in several cases is that</li> <li>further out in time you go, the less known or the</li> <li>certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> <li>A. Sure, yeah.</li> <li>Q. Is it fair to say that one purpose of a strategies of the stranded costs over</li> </ul>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH       26         Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in       load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?         A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our       Washington customers would play any role in whether we         ultimately made this acquisition or not.       Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit         7       RMM-1T?         3       A. Okay.         Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed         low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct?         A. Yes.         Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the         multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential         customers is the same under Pacific Power's proposal; is         5       that correct?         A. Yes.
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of</li> <li>amount, there are different views in how that's</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that is</li> <li>further out in time you go, the less known or the</li> <li>certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> <li>A. Sure, yeah.</li> <li>Q. Is it fair to say that one purpose of a strategies of the period that those costs remain stranded?</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26</li> <li>Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in</li> <li>load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?</li> <li>A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our</li> <li>Washington customers would play any role in whether we</li> <li>ultimately made this acquisition or not.</li> <li>Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit</li> <li>RMM-1T?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed</li> <li>low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the</li> <li>multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential</li> <li>customers is the same under Pacific Power's proposal; is</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of</li> <li>amount, there are different views in how that's</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that</li> <li>Counsel has advanced in several cases is that</li> <li>further out in time you go, the less known or the</li> <li>certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> <li>A. Sure, yeah.</li> <li>Q. Is it fair to say that one purpose of a strational stranded costs over</li> <li>time period that those costs remain stranded?</li> <li>A. I think that could be one principle amount</li> </ul>	EN / MEREDITH 266	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26</li> <li>Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in</li> <li>load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?</li> <li>A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our</li> <li>Washington customers would play any role in whether we</li> <li>ultimately made this acquisition or not.</li> <li>Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit</li> <li>RMM-1T?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed</li> <li>low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the</li> <li>multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential</li> <li>customers is the same under Pacific Power's proposal; is</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Why is that?</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of amount, there are different views in how that's that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that if</li> <li>Counsel has advanced in several cases is tha further out in time you go, the less known or the certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> <li>A. Sure, yeah.</li> <li>Q. Is it fair to say that one purpose of a stration cost fee is to capture those stranded costs over time period that those costs remain stranded?</li> <li>A. I think that could be one principle among principles to consider in terms of the time</li> </ol>	EN / MEREDITH 266	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26</li> <li>Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in</li> <li>load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?</li> <li>A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our</li> <li>Washington customers would play any role in whether we</li> <li>ultimately made this acquisition or not.</li> <li>Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit</li> <li>RMM-1T?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed</li> <li>low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the</li> <li>multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential</li> <li>customers is the same under Pacific Power's proposal; is</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Why is that?</li> <li>A. The way that it was calculated is we looked</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of</li> <li>amount, there are different views in how that's</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that if</li> <li>Counsel has advanced in several cases is that</li> <li>further out in time you go, the less known or the</li> <li>certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> <li>A. Sure, yeah.</li> <li>Q. Is it fair to say that one purpose of a strategy</li> <li>time period that those costs remain stranded?</li> <li>A. I think that could be one principle am</li> <li>principles to consider in terms of the timef</li> <li>examined.</li> </ul>	EN / MEREDITH       266         Image: Second Se	<ul> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26</li> <li>Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in</li> <li>load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind?</li> <li>A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our</li> <li>Washington customers would play any role in whether we</li> <li>ultimately made this acquisition or not.</li> <li>Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit</li> <li>RMM-1T?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed</li> <li>low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the</li> <li>multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential</li> <li>customers is the same under Pacific Power's proposal; is</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Why is that?</li> <li>A. The way that it was calculated is we looked</li> <li>specifically at the costs that residential customers on</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of amount, there are different views in how that's that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that a further out in time you go, the less known or the certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> <li>A. Sure, yeah.</li> <li>Q. Is it fair to say that one purpose of a strategies is to capture those stranded costs over time period that those costs remain stranded?</li> <li>A. I think that could be one principle amount of the time function of the time func</li></ul>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26 Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind? A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our Washington customers would play any role in whether we ultimately made this acquisition or not. Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit RMM-1T? A. Okay. Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct? A. Yes. Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential customers is the same under Pacific Power's proposal; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Why is that? A. The way that it was calculated is we looked specifically at the costs that residential customers on average versus nonresidential customers on average
<ul> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of amount, there are different views in how that's that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that if Counsel has advanced in several cases is that further out in time you go, the less known or the certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> <li>A. Sure, yeah.</li> <li>Q. Is it fair to say that one purpose of a strated cost fee is to capture those stranded costs over time period that those costs remain stranded?</li> <li>A. I think that could be one principle amount of the time feet of the time for the time fo</li></ul>	EN / MEREDITH 266	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 26 Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind? A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our Washington customers would play any role in whether we ultimately made this acquisition or not. Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit RMM-1T? A. Okay. Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct? A. Yes. Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential customers is the same under Pacific Power's proposal; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Why is that? A. The way that it was calculated is we looked specifically at the costs that residential customers on average versus nonresidential customers on average contribute to the low-income assistance program, and
<ul> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of</li> <li>amount, there are different views in how that's</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that if</li> <li>Counsel has advanced in several cases is that</li> <li>further out in time you go, the less known or the</li> <li>certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> <li>A. Sure, yeah.</li> <li>Q. Is it fair to say that one purpose of a strate</li> <li>cost fee is to capture those stranded costs over</li> <li>time period that those costs remain stranded?</li> <li>A. I think that could be one principle among</li> <li>gexamined.</li> <li>Q. And one idea is that the Company can are</li> <li>so at some point in time those costs are no long</li> <li>a. I think over a long period of time, I think</li> </ul>	EN / MEREDITH       266         Image: Second State St	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 263 Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind? A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our Washington customers would play any role in whether we ultimately made this acquisition or not. Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit RMM-1T? A. Okay. Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct? A. Yes. Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential customers is the same under Pacific Power's proposal; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Why is that? A. The way that it was calculated is we looked specifically at the costs that residential customers on average versus nonresidential customers on average contribute to the low-income assistance program, and that's what the math determined per our calculation of six years of that that recovery would be.
<ul> <li>Q. Is there anything to be drawn from that</li> <li>distinction?</li> <li>A. I don't think so.</li> <li>Q. With respect to calculating a stranded of</li> <li>amount, there are different views in how that's</li> <li>that correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. For example, one view one view that</li> <li>Counsel has advanced in several cases is that</li> <li>further out in time you go, the less known or the</li> <li>certain cost is.</li> <li>Are you familiar with that viewpoint?</li> <li>A. Sure, yeah.</li> <li>Q. Is it fair to say that one purpose of a stratic cost fee is to capture those stranded costs over</li> <li>time period that those costs remain stranded?</li> <li>A. I think that could be one principle amount principles to consider in terms of the time for examined.</li> <li>Q. And one idea is that the Company can are so at some point in time those costs are no low stranded?</li> </ul>	EN / MEREDITH       266         Image: Second Se	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 263 Q. Would there come a point where the reduction in load affects Pacific Power's acquisition of new wind? A. I don't believe the reduction of load for our Washington customers would play any role in whether we ultimately made this acquisition or not. Q. Would you please turn to page 15 of Exhibit RMM-1T? A. Okay. Q. There you testify about Pacific Power's proposed low-income and conservation stranded cost fees, correct? A. Yes. Q. With respect to the low-income fee, the multiplier applied to residential and nonresidential customers is the same under Pacific Power's proposal; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Why is that? A. The way that it was calculated is we looked specifically at the costs that residential customers on average versus nonresidential customers on average contribute to the low-income assistance program, and that's what the math determined per our calculation of six years of that that recovery would be.

	Page 269		Page 271
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / MEREDITH 269	1	A. That's my understanding from looking at this.
1	A. Yeah. I mean, if you probably rounded it down,	2	Q. Right.
1	I'm sure it wouldn't be the exact number. It would	3	And so to confirm that, this cost-of-service
∠ 3	probably be .0 something that's slightly different. I	4	study is based on the 12 months ending 2013, right?
4	think it just was coincident that it happened to be the	5	A. That's what it says, yes.
- 5	same, rounded to that same value.	6	Q. Okay.
6	Q. Would your answer be the same with respect to	7	And you had testified, I believe, that to an
7	the conservation fee, that it was just a function of the	8	understanding that currently all classes are within
8	math?	9	11 percent of parity; was that what you testified
9	A. Well, they're a little bit different. The	10	earlier?
10	conservation fee is 0.17 versus 0.18.	11	A. That's what I see per column M of this, is that
11	Q. Right.	12	I can see that all classes are at least plus or minus
12	There's a slight difference in the	13	within meeting an 11 percent increase or decrease.
13	A. It's a slight difference.	14	Q. Okay.
14	Q. There's a slight difference between residential	15	And if you were to conduct a cost-of-service
15	and nonresidential customers with the conservation fee;	16	study today, would you expect column E to look
16	is that just a function of the math and the numbers as	17	different?
17	well?	18	A. Sure. I think that anytime that you perform a
18	A. Right. That's that's the present recovery of	19	new cost-of-service study, there are going to be changes
19	the system benefits charge, which recovers demand side	20	with the different test period.
20	and management expenses, looking at that over a six-year	-	Q. And in based on your professional expertise,
21	period.	21	• • •
22	Q. Okay.	22	if the Company were to make plans today to file a new
23	Cost-of-service issues and parity issues are not	23	general rate case, would you recommend using this study
24	the problems to be solved in this particular case, are	24	based on calendar year 2013?
25	they?	25	A. If we were to file a new general rate case and
	Page 270		Page 272
1	A. I would agree.		ask
2	<ul><li>A. I would agree.</li><li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li></ul>	2	ask Q. If you were to start work on that today, would
	<ul><li>A. I would agree.</li><li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li><li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and</li></ul>	2	ask Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?
2	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the</li> </ul>	2	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> </ul>
2 3	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and</li> <li>quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the</li> <li>cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> </ul>	2 3	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> </ul>
2 3 4	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are [sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and</li> <li>quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the</li> <li>cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are [sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are [sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization. MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are [sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization. MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my questions.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are [sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization. MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my questions. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are [sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization. MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my questions. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Mr. Cowell?</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and</li> <li>quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the</li> <li>cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> <li>MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my</li> <li>questions.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Mr. Cowell?</li> <li>MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and</li> <li>quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the</li> <li>cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> <li>MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my</li> <li>questions.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Mr. Cowell?</li> <li>MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.</li> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are [sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization. MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my questions. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Mr. Cowell? MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor. CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. Big difference there.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and</li> <li>quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the</li> <li>cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> <li>MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my</li> <li>questions.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Mr. Cowell?</li> <li>MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.</li> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. Good morning, Mr. Meredith.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. Big difference there.</li> <li>Q. Fair enough.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and</li> <li>quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the</li> <li>cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> <li>MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my</li> <li>questions.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Mr. Cowell?</li> <li>MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.</li> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. Good morning, Mr. Meredith.</li> <li>A. Good morning.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Meredith, do you still have DGP-3 in front</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. Big difference there.</li> <li>Q. Fair enough. So you'd agree that in the Company's standard</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are [sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization. MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my questions. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Mr. Cowell? MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor. CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. Good morning, Mr. Meredith.</li> <li>A. Good morning.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Meredith, do you still have DGP-3 in front</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. Big difference there.</li> <li>Q. Fair enough. So you'd agree that in the Company's standard cost-of-service studies as we see here, that there's a special row for dedicated facilities, customer's class,</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> <li>MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my questions.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Mr. Cowell?</li> <li>MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.</li> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. Good morning, Mr. Meredith.</li> <li>A. Good morning.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Meredith, do you still have DGP-3 in front of you?</li> <li>A. I do.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. Big difference there.</li> <li>Q. Fair enough.</li> <li>So you'd agree that in the Company's standard cost-of-service studies as we see here, that there's a special row for dedicated facilities, customer's class, right?</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> <li>MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my questions.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.</li> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. Good morning, Mr. Meredith.</li> <li>A. Good morning.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Meredith, do you still have DGP-3 in front of you?</li> <li>A. I do.</li> <li>Q. I'd like to start there and follow up with some</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. Big difference there.</li> <li>Q. Fair enough. So you'd agree that in the Company's standard cost-of-service studies as we see here, that there's a special row for dedicated facilities, customer's class, right?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and</li> <li>quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the</li> <li>cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> <li>MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my</li> <li>questions.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Mr. Cowell?</li> <li>MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.</li> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. Good morning, Mr. Meredith.</li> <li>A. Good morning.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Meredith, do you still have DGP-3 in front</li> <li>of you?</li> <li>A. I do.</li> <li>Q. I'd like to start there and follow up with some</li> <li>questions asked by Mr. Casey.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. Big difference there.</li> <li>Q. Fair enough. So you'd agree that in the Company's standard cost-of-service studies as we see here, that there's a special row for dedicated facilities, customer's class, right?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Okay.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> <li>MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my questions.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>Mr. Cowell?</li> <li>MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.</li> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. Good morning, Mr. Meredith.</li> <li>A. Good morning.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Meredith, do you still have DGP-3 in front of you?</li> <li>A. I do.</li> <li>Q. I'd like to start there and follow up with some questions asked by Mr. Casey.</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. Big difference there.</li> <li>Q. Fair enough.</li> <li>So you'd agree that in the Company's standard cost-of-service studies as we see here, that there's a special row for dedicated facilities, customer's class, right?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>And one other follow-up question on the previous</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> <li>MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my questions.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.</li> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. Good morning, Mr. Meredith.</li> <li>A. Good morning.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Meredith, do you still have DGP-3 in front of you?</li> <li>A. I do.</li> <li>Q. I'd like to start there and follow up with some questions asked by Mr. Casey.</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. Now, to begin, I think you had testified that</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. Big difference there.</li> <li>Q. Fair enough. So you'd agree that in the Company's standard cost-of-service studies as we see here, that there's a special row for dedicated facilities, customer's class, right?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Okay. And one other follow-up question on the previous cross. In answering Ms. Gafken, I believe you had</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are [sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization. <ul> <li>MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my questions.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mr. Cowell? <ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.</li> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> </ul> </li> <li>BY MR. COWELL: <ul> <li>Q. Good morning, Mr. Meredith.</li> </ul> </li> <li>A. Good morning.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Meredith, do you still have DGP-3 in front of you? <ul> <li>A. I do.</li> <li>Q. I'd like to start there and follow up with some questions asked by Mr. Casey.</li> </ul> </li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. Now, to begin, I think you had testified that this cost-of-service study was prepared for the</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. Big difference there.</li> <li>Q. Fair enough.</li> <li>So you'd agree that in the Company's standard cost-of-service studies as we see here, that there's a special row for dedicated facilities, customer's class, right?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would.</li> <li>Q. Okay. And one other follow-up question on the previous cross. In answering Ms. Gafken, I believe you had stated that you did not believe that the reduction of</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<ul> <li>A. I would agree.</li> <li>Q. The issue that's being resolved in this case are</li> <li>[sic] identifying whether there's any cost shift and quantifying that cost shift, and then allocating the cost to the cost causers; is that a fair representation?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would agree with that characterization.</li> <li>MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That concludes my questions.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.</li> <li>MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.</li> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. Good morning, Mr. Meredith.</li> <li>A. Good morning.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Meredith, do you still have DGP-3 in front of you?</li> <li>A. I do.</li> <li>Q. I'd like to start there and follow up with some questions asked by Mr. Casey.</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. Now, to begin, I think you had testified that</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>ask</li> <li>Q. If you were to start work on that today, would you recommend using this cost-of-service study?</li> <li>A. We would prepare a new cost-of-service study.</li> <li>Q. Thank you.</li> <li>One other question I wanted to ask here. I</li> <li>believe you testified that the Company can't develop a cost-of-service study for an individual customer; is that what you</li> <li>A. I said for all individual customers. I didn't say for an individual customer.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. Big difference there.</li> <li>Q. Fair enough. So you'd agree that in the Company's standard cost-of-service studies as we see here, that there's a special row for dedicated facilities, customer's class, right?</li> <li>A. Yes, I would.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Okay. And one other follow-up question on the previous cross. In answering Ms. Gafken, I believe you had</li> </ul>

1	Page 273		Page 275
1	A. Yes.	1	Q. Okay. Thank you.
2	Q. And is that because you don't believe that there	2	Now, do you also recall the conversation
3	would be enough of an impact based on the size of the	3	yesterday between Mr. Bolton and me regarding the likely
4	relative size of Washington load compared to the	4	stranded cost recovery fee for dedicated facility class?
5	Company's overall system?	5	A. Yes, I recall that conversation.
6	A. I think that the and again, I am not the IRP	6	Q. Okay.
7	expert of the company, but my understanding of the wind	7	And just to clarify, because I'm not sure that
8	that's in the IRP that we're looking to acquire, both	8	Mr. Bolton was comfortable answering these questions,
9	the repowering as well as the new wind, is that it's	9	would you agree that the Company's calculation of annual
10	driven primarily by the economics related to the	10	revenue for the dedicated facilities class was 27
11	production tax credits.	11	million?
12	And so I think that it is I wouldn't say that	12	A. I would agree that that was part of the
13	it's completely unrelated to load. I think that, you	13	calculation, it was 27 million for the dedicated
14	know, looking at an IRP, there's the loads will	14	facilities, yeah.
15	always play a factor, but I think it's primarily related	15	Q. Okay.
16	to those production tax credits. And I think even a	16	Now, the Company's modified proposal for
17	very large reduction of load wouldn't change that.	17	nonresidential customers would be a requirement to pay
18	But again, I'm not the IRP expert on this. I	18	2.98 times the annual revenue; is that correct?
19	think it's but my understanding is it's primarily	19	A. Yes.
20	related to these favorable economics. And so that	20	Q. Okay.
21	wouldn't change because we have different load in	21	So just doing the math there, are we looking at
22	Washington, or even a bigger decline somewhere else.	22	around 80 million that would be required for a dedicated
23	Q. Okay.	23	facilities customer?
24	Now, I wanted to touch upon a couple matters	24	A. That's correct.
25	from the cross of Mr. Bolton yesterday. And you were	25	Q. Okay.
	Page 274		Page 276
1	here for that, right?	1	Could you please turn to page 18 of your
		~	testimony? So I'm locking at Table 2 here, and so I
2	A. Yes.	2	testimony? So I'm looking at Table 2 here, and as I
3	Q. Okay.	3	look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable
3 4	Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton	3 4	look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable to the low income and demand side management fees, those
3 4 5	Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its	3 4 5	look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable to the low income and demand side management fees, those are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?
3 4 5 6	<ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its</li> <li>stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6	<ul><li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li><li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li><li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li><li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li></ul>
3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its</li> <li>stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li> <li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li> <li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were some adjustments that were based upon that</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li> <li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were some adjustments that were based upon that cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li> <li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were some adjustments that were based upon that cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative proportions for those customer classes that were related</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li> <li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were some adjustments that were based upon that cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative proportions for those customer classes that were related to specific cost elements, such as those that are</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft service streams?</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were some adjustments that were based upon that cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative proportions for those customer classes that were related to specific cost elements, such as those that are related to meters, services, transformers, and then</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li> <li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were some adjustments that were based upon that cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative proportions for those customer classes that were related to specific cost elements, such as those that are related to meters, services, transformers, and then another adjustment which is related to</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li> <li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft service streams?</li> <li>A. I am, at a very high level, familiar that it</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were some adjustments that were based upon that cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative proportions for those customer classes that were related to specific cost elements, such as those that are related to meters, services, transformers, and then</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay. <ul> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> </ul> </li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and Microsoft service streams?</li> <li>A. I am, at a very high level, familiar that it exists.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were some adjustments that were based upon that cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative proportions for those customer classes that were related to specific cost elements, such as those that are related to meters, services, transformers, and then another adjustment which is related to customer-service-related O&amp;M.</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft service streams?</li> <li>A. I am, at a very high level, familiar that it</li> <li>exists.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its</li> <li>stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were</li> <li>some adjustments that were based upon that</li> <li>cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative</li> <li>proportions for those customer classes that were related</li> <li>to specific cost elements, such as those that are</li> <li>related to meters, services, transformers, and then</li> <li>another adjustment which is related to</li> <li>customer-service-related O&amp;M.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So this was an advent with the modified</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li> <li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft service streams?</li> <li>A. I am, at a very high level, familiar that it</li> <li>exists.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Are you familiar with the \$23.7 million</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were some adjustments that were based upon that cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative proportions for those customer classes that were related to specific cost elements, such as those that are related to meters, services, transformers, and then another adjustment which is related to customer-service-related O&amp;M.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li> <li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft service streams?</li> <li>A. I am, at a very high level, familiar that it</li> <li>exists.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Are you familiar with the \$23.7 million</li> <li>transaction fee that was agreed upon between PSE and</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were</li> <li>some adjustments that were based upon that</li> <li>cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative</li> <li>proportions for those customer classes that were related</li> <li>to specific cost elements, such as those that are</li> <li>related to meters, services, transformers, and then</li> <li>another adjustment which is related to</li> <li>customer-service-related O&amp;M.</li> <li>Q. Okay. So this was an advent with the modified</li> <li>proposal, right, not you didn't conduct</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft service streams?</li> <li>A. I am, at a very high level, familiar that it</li> <li>exists.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Are you familiar with the \$23.7 million</li> <li>transaction fee that was agreed upon between PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft in the filed settlement stipulation?</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were</li> <li>some adjustments that were based upon that</li> <li>cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative</li> <li>proportions for those customer classes that were related</li> <li>to specific cost elements, such as those that are</li> <li>related to meters, services, transformers, and then</li> <li>another adjustment which is related to</li> <li>customer-service-related O&amp;M.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So this was an advent with the modified</li> <li>proposal, right, not you didn't conduct</li> <li>A. This was not part of the initial yeah.</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft service streams?</li> <li>A. I am, at a very high level, familiar that it</li> <li>exists.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Are you familiar with the \$23.7 million</li> <li>transaction fee that was agreed upon between PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft in the filed settlement stipulation?</li> <li>A. I don't know that I can speak to that.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its</li> <li>stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were</li> <li>some adjustments that were based upon that</li> <li>cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative</li> <li>proportions for those customer classes that were related</li> <li>to specific cost elements, such as those that are</li> <li>related to meters, services, transformers, and then</li> <li>another adjustment which is related to</li> <li>customer-service-related O&amp;M.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So this was an advent with the modified</li> <li>proposal, right, not you didn't conduct</li> <li>A. This was not part of the initial yeah.</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft service streams?</li> <li>A. I am, at a very high level, familiar that it</li> <li>exists.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Are you familiar with the \$23.7 million</li> <li>transaction fee that was agreed upon between PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft in the filed settlement stipulation?</li> <li>A. I don't know that I can speak to that.</li> <li>Q. That's this is the first you've heard of it?</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were</li> <li>some adjustments that were based upon that</li> <li>cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative</li> <li>proportions for those customer classes that were related</li> <li>to specific cost elements, such as those that are</li> <li>related to meters, services, transformers, and then</li> <li>another adjustment which is related to</li> <li>customer-service-related O&amp;M.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So this was an advent with the modified</li> <li>proposal, right, not you didn't conduct</li> <li>A. This was not part of the initial yeah.</li> <li>Sorry. It was not</li> <li>(Court reporter clarification.)</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft service streams?</li> <li>A. I am, at a very high level, familiar that it</li> <li>exists.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Are you familiar with the \$23.7 million</li> <li>transaction fee that was agreed upon between PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft in the filed settlement stipulation?</li> <li>A. I don't know that I can speak to that.</li> <li>Q. That's this is the first you've heard of it?</li> <li>A. I don't know that it's the first that I've heard</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were</li> <li>some adjustments that were based upon that</li> <li>cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative</li> <li>proportions for those customer classes that were related</li> <li>to specific cost elements, such as those that are</li> <li>related to meters, services, transformers, and then</li> <li>another adjustment which is related to</li> <li>customer-service-related O&amp;M.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So this was an advent with the modified</li> <li>proposal, right, not you didn't conduct</li> <li>A. This was not part of the initial yeah.</li> <li>Sorry. It was not</li> <li>(Court reporter clarification.)</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li> <li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft service streams?</li> <li>A. I am, at a very high level, familiar that it</li> <li>exists.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Are you familiar with the \$23.7 million</li> <li>transaction fee that was agreed upon between PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft in the filed settlement stipulation?</li> <li>A. I don't know that I can speak to that.</li> <li>Q. That's this is the first you've heard of it?</li> <li>A. I don't know that it's the first that I've heard</li> <li>of it, but that's not a figure that I could have quoted</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<ul> <li>Q. Okay. So first I'll pose a question that Mr. Bolton</li> <li>referred to you yesterday. Did the Company base its stranded cost recovery fee proposal upon any analysis</li> <li>related to cost of service by class?</li> <li>A. Yes. Within my revised calculation, there were some adjustments that were based upon that cost-of-service study, and looking at the relative proportions for those customer classes that were related to specific cost elements, such as those that are related to meters, services, transformers, and then another adjustment which is related to customer-service-related O&amp;M.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So this was an advent with the modified proposal, right, not you didn't conduct</li> <li>A. This was not part of the initial yeah.</li> <li>Sorry. It was not (Court reporter clarification.)</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. I had asked, this was not an advent this was</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<ul> <li>look at that table, the .03 and .18 figures attributable</li> <li>to the low income and demand side management fees, those</li> <li>are inclusive within the 2.98, correct?</li> <li>A. No, those are additional fees.</li> <li>Q. So it's 2.98 plus those other fees?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>How familiar are you, Mr. Meredith, with Docket</li> <li>UE-161123 that was discussed yesterday regarding PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft service streams?</li> <li>A. I am, at a very high level, familiar that it</li> <li>exists.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Are you familiar with the \$23.7 million</li> <li>transaction fee that was agreed upon between PSE and</li> <li>Microsoft in the filed settlement stipulation?</li> <li>A. I don't know that I can speak to that.</li> <li>Q. That's this is the first you've heard of it?</li> <li>A. I don't know that it's the first that I've heard</li> <li>of it, but that's not a figure that I could have quoted</li> <li>off the top of my head. I think I may have seen that</li> </ul>

-	CKELINO. UE-161204 - VOI. III		
	Page 277		Page 279
1	Subject to check, would that \$23.7 million	1	You recall yesterday that Mr. Bolton testified
2	figure, the figure we just agreed upon, ballpark around	2	to the Company's practice of individually negotiating
3	80 million for a dedicated facilities customer	3	with large sophisticated customers on green energy
4	A. Um-hmm.	4	issues, right?
5	Q that's about that's more than three and a	5	A. Yes.
6	half times the amount that the 23.7 million agreed	6	Q. Okay.
7	upon in the PSE Microsoft case, right?	7	So I want to I do want to relate this back to
8	A. Well, you're comparing two completely different	8	your testimony here that do you think the balance
9	customers, so I don't know how I can compare Microsoft,	9	between fee calculation accuracy and the ease of
10	of whom I have no knowledge of their load or their	10	understanding should be the same for all customers?
11	revenue, and which is also a customer who's not	11	A. So the balance of
12	permanently disconnecting from PSE's service territory,	12	Q. Because you testified
13	so I don't know how I could draw any kind of useful	13	A. Considering these two balances, right, so we
14	comparison between the 80 million	14	have, you know, a calculation of a specific fee that
15	Q. Okay.	15	we're looking to have approved by the Commission,
L6	A and the 23.6 million or	16	relative to it being something that's verifiable by
17	Q. So let me ask this question.	17	other parties.
18	Do you have any reason to believe that	18	And so your question is whether that should be
L9	Microsoft's load in the PSE system is more than three	19	the same balance for every sorry for every single
20	and a half times greater than Boise's Pacific Power	20	situation where what was your question again?
21	load?	21	Q. For instance, should the balance be the same
22	A. I don't have any knowledge of Microsoft's load	22	between a residential customer and the Company's largest
- 2			
	or their recovery of their revenue. Again, my	23	customer, the balance between accuracy and ease of
23	or their recovery of their revenue. Again, my understanding is that they will continue to take	23 24	customer, the balance between accuracy and ease of understanding?
23 24	understanding is that they will continue to take		•
23 24	understanding is that they will continue to take	24	understanding?
23 24	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a	24	understanding? A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers
23 24 25	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278	24 25	understanding? A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280
23 24 25 1	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation.	24 25 1	understanding? A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280 differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all
23 24 25 1 2	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on.	24 25 1 2	understanding? A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280 differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all
23 24 25 1 2 3 4	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please.	24 25 1 2 3	understanding? A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280 differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key	24 25 1 2 3 4	understanding? A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280 differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential.
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you	24 25 1 2 3 4 5	understanding? A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280 differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. Q. Okay. So beyond that segmentation, it should be a
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6	understanding? A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280 differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. Q. Okay. So beyond that segmentation, it should be a
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	understanding? A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280 differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. Q. Okay. So beyond that segmentation, it should be a one-size-fits-all?
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't         we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all         different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by         residential and nonresidential.         Q. Okay.         So beyond that segmentation, it should be a         one-size-fits-all?         A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret."	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't         we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all         different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by         residential and nonresidential.         Q. Okay.         So beyond that segmentation, it should be a         one-size-fits-all?         A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a         one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that?	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't         we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all         different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by         residential and nonresidential.         Q. Okay.         So beyond that segmentation, it should be a         one-size-fits-all?         A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a         one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue         multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 L0 L1 L2	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes.	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't         we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all         different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by         residential and nonresidential.         Q. Okay.         So beyond that segmentation, it should be a         one-size-fits-all?         A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a         one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue         multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost         recovery that's inherent within particular customers.
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay.	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't         we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all         different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by         residential and nonresidential.         Q. Okay.         So beyond that segmentation, it should be a         one-size-fits-all?         A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a         one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue         multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost         recovery that's inherent within particular customers.         Q. Okay.
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 22 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. So in your view, Mr. Meredith, do all of the	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. <ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So beyond that segmentation, it should be a one-size-fits-all?</li> <li>A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost recovery that's inherent within particular customers.       <ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>If you'd look at line 12, please.</li> <li>A. Line 12?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 23 14 12 12 14	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. So in your view, Mr. Meredith, do all of the Company's customers have the same level of sophistication?	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280 differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. Q. Okay. So beyond that segmentation, it should be a one-size-fits-all? A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost recovery that's inherent within particular customers. Q. Okay. If you'd look at line 12, please. A. Line 12? Q. Still here on page 2, you testified that the
23 24 25 1 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 13 14 15 16	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. So in your view, Mr. Meredith, do all of the Company's customers have the same level of sophistication? A. No, not all of our customers have the same level	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. <ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So beyond that segmentation, it should be a one-size-fits-all?</li> <li>A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost recovery that's inherent within particular customers.</li> <li>Q. Okay.         <ul> <li>If you'd look at line 12, please.</li> <li>A. Line 12?</li> <li>Q. Still here on page 2, you testified that the Company could have designed a more detailed study,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
23 24 25 1 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 13 14 15 14 15 16 17	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. So in your view, Mr. Meredith, do all of the Company's customers have the same level of sophistication? A. No, not all of our customers have the same level of sophistication. But I think that when I was making	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. <ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So beyond that segmentation, it should be a one-size-fits-all?</li> <li>A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost recovery that's inherent within particular customers.       <ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>If you'd look at line 12, please.</li> <li>A. Line 12?</li> <li>Q. Still here on page 2, you testified that the Company could have designed a more detailed study, right?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
23 24 25 1 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. So in your view, Mr. Meredith, do all of the Company's customers have the same level of sophistication? A. No, not all of our customers have the same level of sophistication. But I think that when I was making this statement, I don't know that it was so much around	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. <ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So beyond that segmentation, it should be a one-size-fits-all?</li> <li>A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost recovery that's inherent within particular customers.</li> <li>Q. Okay.         <ul> <li>If you'd look at line 12, please.</li> <li>A. Line 12?</li> <li>Q. Still here on page 2, you testified that the Company could have designed a more detailed study, right?</li> <li>A. That's what I said, yes.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 10 12 14 15 16 12 10 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. So in your view, Mr. Meredith, do all of the Company's customers have the same level of sophistication? A. No, not all of our customers have the same level of sophistication. But I think that when I was making this statement, I don't know that it was so much around customers necessarily understanding and interpreting the	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't         we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all         different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by         residential and nonresidential.         Q. Okay.         So beyond that segmentation, it should be a         one-size-fits-all?         A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a         one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue         multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost         recovery that's inherent within particular customers.         Q. Okay.         If you'd look at line 12, please.         A. Line 12?         Q. Still here on page 2, you testified that the         Company could have designed a more detailed study,         right?         A. That's what I said, yes.         Q. Okay.
23 24 1 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 0 11 12 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 7 18 9 10 11 12 2 3 4 5 16 7 18 19 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. So in your view, Mr. Meredith, do all of the Company's customers have the same level of sophistication? A. No, not all of our customers have the same level of sophistication. But I think that when I was making this statement, I don't know that it was so much around customers necessarily understanding and interpreting the calculations, but as far as parties who would evaluate	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. <ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So beyond that segmentation, it should be a one-size-fits-all?</li> <li>A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost recovery that's inherent within particular customers.       <ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>If you'd look at line 12, please.</li> <li>A. Line 12?</li> <li>Q. Still here on page 2, you testified that the Company could have designed a more detailed study, right?</li> <li>A. That's what I said, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. That's what I said, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A. That's what I said, yes.</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>And then line 15, you also testified that the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
23 24 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. So in your view, Mr. Meredith, do all of the Company's customers have the same level of sophistication? A. No, not all of our customers have the same level of sophistication. But I think that when I was making this statement, I don't know that it was so much around customers necessarily understanding and interpreting the calculations, but as far as parties who would evaluate our proposal understanding and being able to interpret	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	understanding?         A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers         Page 280         differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. <ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So beyond that segmentation, it should be a one-size-fits-all?</li> <li>A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost recovery that's inherent within particular customers.</li> <li>Q. Okay.         <ul> <li>If you'd look at line 12, please.</li> <li>A. Line 12?</li> <li>Q. Still here on page 2, you testified that the Company could have designed a more detailed study, right?</li> <li>A. That's what I said, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And then line 15, you also testified that the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
23 24 225 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 12 22	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. So in your view, Mr. Meredith, do all of the Company's customers have the same level of sophistication? A. No, not all of our customers have the same level of sophistication. But I think that when I was making this statement, I don't know that it was so much around customers necessarily understanding and interpret those calculations. I don't know that individual	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280 differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. Q. Okay. So beyond that segmentation, it should be a one-size-fits-all? A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost recovery that's inherent within particular customers. Q. Okay. If you'd look at line 12, please. A. Line 12? Q. Still here on page 2, you testified that the Company could have designed a more detailed study, right? A. That's what I said, yes. Q. Okay. And then line 15, you also testified that the Company has the ability to perform separate detailed calculations for an individual customer requesting
23 24 25 1 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 2 13 14 15 16 17 7 18 19 20 21 22 23	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. So in your view, Mr. Meredith, do all of the Company's customers have the same level of sophistication? A. No, not all of our customers have the same level of sophistication. But I think that when I was making this statement, I don't know that it was so much around customers necessarily understanding and interpreting the calculations, but as far as parties who would evaluate our proposal understanding and being able to interpret those calculations. I don't know that individual residential customers would probably get into this type	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280 differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. Q. Okay. So beyond that segmentation, it should be a one-size-fits-all? A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost recovery that's inherent within particular customers. Q. Okay. If you'd look at line 12, please. A. Line 12? Q. Still here on page 2, you testified that the Company could have designed a more detailed study, right? A. That's what I said, yes. Q. Okay. And then line 15, you also testified that the Company has the ability to perform separate detailed calculations for an individual customer requesting disconnection, right?
23 24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	understanding is that they will continue to take delivery service from PSE, so it is fundamentally a Page 278 different situation. Q. Okay. We can move on. Let's turn to page 2 of your testimony, please. And I'm looking at, beginning on line 8, among the key considerations for the stranded cost recovery fee, you testified that it was "necessary to balance the accuracy of the fee's calculation and application to customers with having a methodology that would be easy for others to understand and interpret." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. So in your view, Mr. Meredith, do all of the Company's customers have the same level of sophistication? A. No, not all of our customers have the same level of sophistication. But I think that when I was making this statement, I don't know that it was so much around customers necessarily understanding and interpret those calculations. I don't know that individual	24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	A. I think that, yes, we shouldn't treat customers Page 280 differently, particularly with this fee. We haven't we've made a calculation that I think is fair for all different customers. We didn't look at segmenting it by residential and nonresidential. Q. Okay. So beyond that segmentation, it should be a one-size-fits-all? A. That's our proposal. It's not necessarily a one-size-fits-all, because we've asked for a revenue multiplier, so that would vary depending upon the cost recovery that's inherent within particular customers. Q. Okay. If you'd look at line 12, please. A. Line 12? Q. Still here on page 2, you testified that the Company could have designed a more detailed study, right? A. That's what I said, yes. Q. Okay. And then line 15, you also testified that the Company has the ability to perform separate detailed calculations for an individual customer requesting

Do	cket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/201
	Page 281		Page 283
1	the public interest, you could have a situation where	1	. •
2	every single customer comes before us, we have a	2	8 of RMM-2, I show that if you were to do a specific
3	proceeding with a Commission and determine the exact	3	calculation for this customer, per all the adjustments
4	stranded cost recovery fee for that customer.	4	and all the math that we've done into this, the fee for
5	But I think that gets to the balance that I was	5	Schedule 48 dedicated facilities would be 2.8 times
6	looking at, is having a calculation that has been proved	6	annual revenue. So it's it's not exactly the 2.98,
7	by the Commission, with a fee that varies depending upon	7	but I think that it is within a fairly close range to
8	the level of revenue for that customer, and inherently	8	that.
9	tracks with the cost recovery associated with that	9	Q. Now but you've to confirm, you have
10	customer.	10	testified that you chose a simpler approach and that you
11	Q. So again, it's a hypothetical that could be	11	could have done a more detailed study than what's
12	actualized, for instance, for the Company's largest	12	reflected here, correct?
13	customer; would you agree?	13	A. We could have done that. We could have also
14	A. In theory, that could be a specific	14	proposed having a stranded cost recovery fee for every
15	examination	15	rate schedule. I mean, that is another possibility.
16	Q. Okay.	16	Again, we wanted to balance that and have a fee that was
17	A sure.	17	easy for customers to understand that didn't introduce a
18	Q. And is it your understanding that that's what	18	lot of complexity.
19	occurred in Docket UE-161123, the	19	Q. Okay.
20	A. With Microsoft, that there was a specific	20	Let's move on to page 4 of your testimony, line
21	Q. (Nods head.)	21	7, please. Now, you testify here that the purpose of
22	A. I don't and again, my knowledge of that is	22	the stranded cost recovery fee is to protect the
23	very thin. I think that that was a my understanding	23	Company's remaining customers from the adverse
24	was a settlement. So elements of that, you know, aren't	24	consequences of customers leaving the Company's system,
25	available to the public, so I don't know that I could	25	right?
	Page 282		Page 284
1	speak specifically to that proceeding.	1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Okay.	2	Q. And can you describe how you factored the
3	Line 17, please, Mr. Meredith, you testify that	3	beneficial consequences of customers leaving
4	the Company, in considering its options, instead elected	4	Pacific Power's system?
5	to propose a simpler approach by estimating stranded	5	A. Sure. That's considered in the value of
6	costs, right?	6	freed-up energy, which the Company has calculated. That
7	A. That's correct.	7	shows that, when those customers and their consequent
8	Q. Okay.	8	load leaves our system, there is a benefit in terms of
9	So and you've worked with the Company	9	less fuel expense, less market purchases, more market
10	12 years, right?	10	sales, and that has been calculated throughout the
11	A. That's correct.	11	six-year period.
12	Q. Okay.	12	Q. And I'm just asking you to testify the extent of
13	So in your professional opinion, do you think	13	your knowledge. Are you familiar with testimony filed
14	that a simpler approach to stranded cost issue recovery	14	in the PSE/Microsoft case from both PSE and Microsoft
15	[sic] that includes estimating costs is sound and	15	calculating overall net benefits to Puget's remaining
16	appropriate for a very large customer like Boise,	16	customers resulting from the loss of large
17	considering the magnitude of costs involved?	17	nonresidential load?
18	A. I think it can be reasonable to have this be in	18	A. Again, I couldn't speak specifically. My
19	place, and for that fee to apply to a customer such as	19	knowledge of that is pretty thin.
20	Boise or another large industrial customer, because	20	Q. Okay.
21	it's based upon the facts and based upon the recovery	21	So Mr. Meredith, when you think of the Company's
22	and scales to the level, particularly of the revenue	22	demand side management program, does this include energy
23	that that customer's providing, the recovery associated	23	efficiency?
			A. Yes.
24	with that customer, I think it is reasonable.	24	A. Tes.
24 25	l think, just for example, if you may, let's	24 25	Q. Okay.

Page 285	Page 287
1 And do you consider energy efficiency as a	1 cost recovery fee calculation.
2 resource?	2 A. So your understanding is that, if a customer
3 <b>A. Yes, I do.</b>	3 departed, that we would we should acquire less demand
4 Q. Okay.	4 side management?
5 Would you please turn to page 12 of your	5 Q. No. I'm just asking you to state, yes or no,
6 testimony, line 3?	6 whether that resources being inappropriately
7 JUDGE PEARSON: Sorry. Which line?	7 included, that are not already in rates, includes energy
8 MR. COWELL: So starting at line 3 on page	8 efficiency. That's all I'm looking for.
9 12, your Honor.	9 A. So let me I just want to make sure I
10 JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.	10 understand the question.
11 BY MR. COWELL:	11 So because this is saying, I think, the opposite
12 Q. Are you there, Mr. Meredith?	$12\;$ of that, that if there's something that isn't in rates
13 <b>A. Yes.</b>	13 and is not I think I have two there's a
14 Q. Okay.	14 conjunction there, that both if it's not in rates and
15 So you testified that inclusion of resource	15 it's not related to serving the loads or the capacity
16 costs not already in rates would be inappropriate within	16 needs, it shouldn't be included in that situation.
17 the context of Pacific Power's stranded cost	17 That's the statement that I'm making here. I don't know
18 calculations, right?	18 that it necessarily relates to demand side management.
19 A. I think that there's a couple of parts to this	19 Q. Well, let me ask it this way.
20 sentence. So "It would be inappropriate to include	20 The stranded cost recovery fee in the modified
21 costs and resultant benefits from resources that are not	21 proposal and actually, I think now we've established
22 already in rates and are not being driven by a need to	22 that there's an add-on for demand side management
23 serve loads in the Company's stranded cost calculation."	23 recovery
24 So I think there's a couple of elements here.	24 A. That's correct.
25 Certainly and if I recall right, in the PSE case,	25 Q right?
Page 286	Page 288
1 there was a resource need in the intermediate term. I	1 And that is is the intention there to collect
2 believe they were looking to have a build, I think,	2 what a departing customer would otherwise contribute if
3 within their IRP, and so I think that that was a	3 they stayed on the system?
4 different situation than us where we're looking at a	4 A. That is the intention, is that the costs
5 to meet our capacity need, having a build in 2028, which	5 associated with the energy-efficiency programs would not
6 is quite a ways out from where we are right now.	6 be shifted onto other customers.
7 So I think that it's you could argue, I	7 Q. Okay.
8 think, that if there was a resource need that was	8 But it's meant to collect what essentially is a
9 imminent, that there could be some kind of benefit, if	9 prospective cost, because they're leaving the system,
10 that's where you're getting at.	10 they're not going to pay rates because they're leaving,
11 Q. Well, just to state it this way, this portion of	11 and so you're seeking to collect what they otherwise
12 your testimony, because it applies to resources, the	12 would pay if they stayed on, right?
13 same logic could be applied to energy efficiency,	13 <b>A. Right.</b>
14 correct?	14 Q. Okay.
15 A. So that's where you're going with this, is that	15 So in the interest of time here, let's move on.
16 that same logic could be applied to a reduction in need	16 Page 13, line 20, please. You state that the Company's
17 for energy efficiency; is that	17 stranded cost calculations provide an estimate of fixed
18 Q. In the terms of, that you said it would be	18 costs?
19 inappropriate to include costs from resources that are	19 <b>A. Um-hmm.</b>
20 not already in rates.	20 Q. Okay.
A. Right, and demand side management is in rates.	21 And we may have answered this earlier, but if
22 Q. Okay.	22 you could just clarify for me, it's not clear to me, at
an A le that what you ware trying to	
23 <b>A.</b> Is that what you were trying to	23 least, as I look in this paragraph above, whether the
<ul> <li>A. Is that what you were trying to</li> <li>Q. Well, I'm also looking at future demand side</li> <li>management costs that might be included in the stranded</li> </ul>	

et No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/201
Page 289		Page 291
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 289		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 291
e modified proposal.	1	33 percent, correct?
A. It is using the	2	A. Yes.
Q. Okay.	3	Q. So the difference between 20 years and 6 years
A cost-of-service study.	4	would presumably be higher than that?
Q. That 2013 calendar year cost-of-service study?	5	A. Yes.
A. It is, I think, appropriately looking at the	6	Q. Okay.
oportion of that cost of service at that time, and	7	And I believe you also testified that you felt
oplying it to the base rates that are presently our	8	that 20 years was more protective of remaining customers
istomers are paying.	9	than 6 years?
Q. Okay.	10	A. Yes.
MR. COWELL: No further questions. Thank	11	Q. Would 21 years be more protective?
ou, your Honor.	12	A. I think that I mean, it would give more
JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. I need to	13	consideration to remaining customers. I think that
ke just a short break, five minutes. So let's take a	14	20 years I don't know that we would advocate for
e-minute break and be back at 12:00.	15	something beyond 20 years. That's our resource planning
(A break was taken from	16	period.
11:55 a.m. to 12:02 p.m.)	17	Q. So would it be fair to say, then, that in your
JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the	18	opinion, using a six-year period for stranded costs,
cord following a brief recess. And Mr. Pepple, I will	19	remaining customers will still be subject to some cost
rn Mr. Meredith over to you.	20	shifting as a consequence of departing customers?
MR. PEPPLE: Thank you, your Honor.	21	A. I think that remaining customers there, there
CROSS-EXAMINATION	22	may be still some costs that they would bear, yes. I
Y MR. PEPPLE:	23	think that, ultimately, we lose those customers forever,
Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Meredith.	24	but it does consider that, over time, you know,
A. Good afternoon.	25	eventually those assets are, you know, no longer on our
Page 290		Page 292
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 290		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 292
Q. I just have a couple of questions for you.	1	books.
So I heard in your exchange with Mr. Casey that	2	Q. Okay.
ou believed that any period for calculating the	3	Can you turn to page 5 of your testimony,
randed cost recovery fee between 6 and 20 years would		
	4	please? I'm looking at the Q and A starting on line 8.
e reasonable; is that accurate?	4 5	please? I'm looking at the Q and A starting on line 8. And in this response, you explain why you decided to
e reasonable; is that accurate? A. Yes.	4 5 6	
	_	And in this response, you explain why you decided to
A. Yes.	6	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year
<ul><li>A. Yes.</li><li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li></ul>	6 7	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period.
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less</li> </ul>	6 7 8	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that?
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that? A. Yes.
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less</li> <li>rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a</li> <li>nge of reasonableness and of protection that's</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period.</li> <li>Do you see that?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a nge of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11	<ul> <li>And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period.</li> <li>Do you see that?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a nge of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. Do you know what the difference in terms of a</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11 12	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's recommendation and is also reasonable since it
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a nge of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. Do you know what the difference in terms of a ercent would be in the stranded cost recovery fee if</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period.</li> <li>Do you see that?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's recommendation and is also reasonable since it represents three IRP cycles."</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a nge of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. Do you know what the difference in terms of a ercent would be in the stranded cost recovery fee if bu calculated it over a 6-year period versus a 20-year</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's recommendation and is also reasonable since it represents three IRP cycles." Do you see that?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a nge of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. Do you know what the difference in terms of a ercent would be in the stranded cost recovery fee if pu calculated it over a 6-year period versus a 20-year eriod?</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's recommendation and is also reasonable since it represents three IRP cycles." Do you see that? A. Yes.
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a nge of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. Do you know what the difference in terms of a ercent would be in the stranded cost recovery fee if ou calculated it over a 6-year period versus a 20-year eriod?</li> <li>A. I don't have that number exactly before me. I</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's recommendation and is also reasonable since it represents three IRP cycles." Do you see that?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Can you explain to me what, in your mind, is the</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a nge of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. Do you know what the difference in terms of a ercent would be in the stranded cost recovery fee if bu calculated it over a 6-year period versus a 20-year eriod?</li> <li>A. I don't have that number exactly before me. I elleve that it was provided in discovery. That was one</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's recommendation and is also reasonable since it represents three IRP cycles." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Can you explain to me what, in your mind, is the relationship between an IRP and stranded costs?
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a nge of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. Do you know what the difference in terms of a ercent would be in the stranded cost recovery fee if but calculated it over a 6-year period versus a 20-year eriod?</li> <li>A. I don't have that number exactly before me. I believe that it was provided in discovery. That was one final the terms of a provided in discovery that</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's recommendation and is also reasonable since it represents three IRP cycles." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Can you explain to me what, in your mind, is the relationship between an IRP and stranded costs? A. So I think that that's one of the considerations
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a nge of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. Do you know what the difference in terms of a ercent would be in the stranded cost recovery fee if bu calculated it over a 6-year period versus a 20-year eriod?</li> <li>A. I don't have that number exactly before me. I elleve that it was provided in discovery. That was one for a protection that there was a piece of discovery that the company</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's recommendation and is also reasonable since it represents three IRP cycles." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Can you explain to me what, in your mind, is the relationship between an IRP and stranded costs? A. So I think that that's one of the considerations to take into place. I think that there's I think,
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a nge of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. Do you know what the difference in terms of a ercent would be in the stranded cost recovery fee if ou calculated it over a 6-year period versus a 20-year eriod?</li> <li>A. I don't have that number exactly before me. I elieve that it was provided in discovery. That was one final think that there was a piece of discovery that sked what were the different options that the Company opsidered, and I think that calculation was part of</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's recommendation and is also reasonable since it represents three IRP cycles." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Can you explain to me what, in your mind, is the relationship between an IRP and stranded costs? A. So I think that that's one of the considerations to take into place. I think that there's I think, primarily, the costs are costs that are already in place
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a nge of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. Do you know what the difference in terms of a ercent would be in the stranded cost recovery fee if bu calculated it over a 6-year period versus a 20-year eriod?</li> <li>A. I don't have that number exactly before me. I ellieve that it was provided in discovery. That was one 5 I think that there was a piece of discovery that sked what were the different options that the Company ponsidered, and I think that calculation was part of at discovery request. But I don't have that in front</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's recommendation and is also reasonable since it represents three IRP cycles." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Can you explain to me what, in your mind, is the relationship between an IRP and stranded costs? A. So I think that that's one of the considerations to take into place. I think that there's I think, primarily, the costs are costs that are already in place to serve our customers that are being recovered.
<ul> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Would a five-year period be reasonable?</li> <li>A. I think that a five-year period would be less rotection for remaining customers. Again, there's a ange of reasonableness and of protection that's forded to remaining customers.</li> <li>Q. Do you know what the difference in terms of a ercent would be in the stranded cost recovery fee if bu calculated it over a 6-year period versus a 20-year eriod?</li> <li>A. I don't have that number exactly before me. I ellieve that it was provided in discovery. That was one final times that there was a piece of discovery that sked what were the different options that the Company considered, and I think that calculation was part of at discovery request. But I don't have that in front firme. I don't know that answer.</li> </ul>	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	And in this response, you explain why you decided to reduce the stranded cost recovery fee from a ten-year period to a six-year period. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And the last sentence starting on line 13 says, "This modification is in line with Public Counsel's recommendation and is also reasonable since it represents three IRP cycles." Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Can you explain to me what, in your mind, is the relationship between an IRP and stranded costs? A. So I think that that's one of the considerations to take into place. I think that there's I think, primarily, the costs are costs that are already in place to serve our customers that are being recovered. But looking at an IRP planning cycle, that is
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 289 a modified proposal. A. It is using the 2. Okay. A cost-of-service study. 2. That 2013 calendar year cost-of-service study? A. It is, I think, appropriately looking at the oportion of that cost of service at that time, and plying it to the base rates that are presently our istomers are paying. 2. Okay. MR. COWELL: No further questions. Thank u, your Honor. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. I need to ke just a short break, five minutes. So let's take a e-minute break and be back at 12:00. (A break was taken from 11:55 a.m. to 12:02 p.m.) JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the cord following a brief recess. And Mr. Pepple, I will m Mr. Meredith over to you. MR. PEPPLE: Thank you, your Honor. CROSS-EXAMINATION Y MR. PEPPLE: 2. Good afternoon, Mr. Meredith. A. Joint have a couple of questions for you. So I heard in your exchange with Mr. Casey that u believed that any period for calculating the	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 289         a modified proposal.       1         A. It is using the       2         D. Okay.       3         A cost-of-service study.       4         D. That 2013 calendar year cost-of-service study?       5         A. It is, I think, appropriately looking at the       6         oportion of that cost of service at that time, and       7         uplying it to the base rates that are presently our       8         stomers are paying.       9         D. Okay.       10         MR. COWELL: No further questions. Thank       11         u, your Honor.       12         JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. I need to       13         ste just a short break, five minutes. So let's take a       14         e-minute break and be back at 12:00.       15         (A break was taken from       16         11:55 a.m. to 12:02 p.m.)       17         JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the       18         cord following a brief recess. And Mr. Pepple, I will       19         m Mr. Meredith over to you.       20         MR. PEPPLE: Thank you, your Honor.       21         CROSS-EXAMINATION       22         MR. PEPPLE:       23         Qood aft

Do	cket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/2017
	Page 293		Page 295
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 293		DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / KELLY 295
1	considering planning for those customers and developing	1	right hand, I'll swear you in.
2	resources to serve their load. And so three IRP cycles	2	
3	represents some period of time for adjustment.	3	KATHLEEN KELLY, witness herein, having been
4	Q. So well, it sounds to me like what you're	4	first duly sworn on oath,
5	saying is the IRP can help you identify costs that you	5	was examined and testified
6	can avoid as a consequence of a customer departure; is	6	as follows:
7	that true?	7	
8	A. That is, yeah, one thing that you could look to	8	JUDGE PEARSON: Go ahead and be seated. If
9	the IRP for.	9	you could just state your first and last name and spell
10	Q. Wouldn't that represent a cost savings to the	10	your last name for the record.
11	Company?	11	THE WITNESS: Sure. My first name is
12	A. It would represent a cost savings if we had	12	Kathleen, my last name is Kelly, K-E-L-L-Y.
13	intermediate term resource need for meeting our	13	JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.
14	capacity.	14	And Ms. Gafken?
15	Q. Does your IRP help you in any way avoid a cost	15	DIRECT EXAMINATION
16	you have already incurred?	16	BY MS. GAFKEN:
17	A. Our IRP does not help us necessarily avoid a sum	17	Q. Good afternoon. Your testimony your
18	cost I guess that's already been incurred, but it does	18	pre-filed testimony in exhibits were admitted earlier
19	help us as we look forward to making good decisions	19	per stipulation, and those were found in KAK-1T through
20	about which costs to or which resources to acquire to	20	KAK-18.
21	meet our loads, and then after that point, that resource	21	Do you have any changes to your testimony or
22	has been acquired.	22	exhibits?
23	Q. So do you have any basis for choosing three IRP	23	A. I do. On KAK-1T, I have two changes. The first
	cycles other than what Public Counsel recommended?	24	is on page 9, line 20, the word "permanently" should be
23 24 25	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to	24 25	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection.
24	-		
24	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the		"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should
24 25 1 2	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number	25 1 2	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it.
24 25 1 2 3	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP	25 1 2 3	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions
24 25 1 2 3 4	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also	25 1 2 3 4	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the
24 25 1 2 3 4 5	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our	25 1 2 3 4 5	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit?
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration.	25 1 2 3 4 5 6	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would.
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination.
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years?	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall.	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield.
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have.	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect?	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect? MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. Thank you.	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a latitude to perhaps ask a few questions at the end if
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect? MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Do we have any	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a latitude to perhaps ask a few questions at the end if there's anything that needs to be touched upon based on
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect? MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Do we have any questions from the bench? No?	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a latitude to perhaps ask a few questions at the end if there's anything that needs to be touched upon based on the examination of the other parties.
24 25 1 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 23 14 15 16 17	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect? MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Do we have any questions from the bench? No? All right. Then we will you're excused,	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a latitude to perhaps ask a few questions at the end if there's anything that needs to be touched upon based on the examination of the other parties. JUDGE PEARSON: I'm fine with that.
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect? MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Do we have any questions from the bench? No? All right. Then we will you're excused, Mr. Meredith. We will break for lunch. Let's come back	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a latitude to perhaps ask a few questions at the end if there's anything that needs to be touched upon based on the examination of the other parties. JUDGE PEARSON: I'm fine with that. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you.
24 25 1 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect? MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Do we have any questions from the bench? No? All right. Then we will you're excused, Mr. Meredith. We will break for lunch. Let's come back at 1:15, so we'll take just over an hour. And we will	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a latitude to perhaps ask a few questions at the end if there's anything that needs to be touched upon based on the examination of the other parties. JUDGE PEARSON: I'm fine with that. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. Okay. Then
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect? MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Do we have any questions from the bench? No? All right. Then we will you're excused, Mr. Meredith. We will break for lunch. Let's come back at 1:15, so we'll take just over an hour. And we will start with Ms. Kelly when we return. Thank you.	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a latitude to perhaps ask a few questions at the end if there's anything that needs to be touched upon based on the examination of the other parties. JUDGE PEARSON: I'm fine with that. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. Okay. Then Mr. Casey?
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 1	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect? MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Do we have any questions from the bench? No? All right. Then we will you're excused, Mr. Meredith. We will break for lunch. Let's come back at 1:15, so we'll take just over an hour. And we will start with Ms. Kelly when we return. Thank you. _ (Lunch recess was taken from	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a latitude to perhaps ask a few questions at the end if there's anything that needs to be touched upon based on the examination of the other parties. JUDGE PEARSON: I'm fine with that. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. Okay. Then Mr. Casey? CROSS-EXAMINATION
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 9 20 21 22	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect? MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Do we have any questions from the bench? No? All right. Then we will you're excused, Mr. Meredith. We will break for lunch. Let's come back at 1:15, so we'll take just over an hour. And we will start with Ms. Kelly when we return. Thank you. (Lunch recess was taken from 12:09 p.m. to 1:21 p.m.)	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a latitude to perhaps ask a few questions at the end if there's anything that needs to be touched upon based on the examination of the other parties. JUDGE PEARSON: I'm fine with that. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. Okay. Then Mr. Casey? CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY:
24 25 1 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 23 14 15 16 17 18 20 21 22 23	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect? MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Do we have any questions from the bench? No? All right. Then we will you're excused, Mr. Meredith. We will break for lunch. Let's come back at 1:15, so we'll take just over an hour. And we will start with Ms. Kelly when we return. Thank you. (Lunch recess was taken from 12:09 p.m. to 1:21 p.m.) JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Let's be back on the	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a latitude to perhaps ask a few questions at the end if there's anything that needs to be touched upon based on the examination of the other parties. JUDGE PEARSON: I'm fine with that. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. Okay. Then Mr. Casey? CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY: Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Kelly.
24 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. Again, I think probably the fair way to Page 294 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / MEREDITH 294 characterize this is, is it a compromise considering the testimony of Public Counsel? I think there are a number of considerations, not only just the number of IRP cycles and the period of time to readjust, I think also just the long lives of the assets in place to serve our customers is also a consideration. Q. Did you ask Public Counsel any data requests [sic] regarding Ms. Kelly's proposal to reduce the stranded costs fee from ten to six years? A. I don't recall. MR. PEPPLE: That's all I have. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. Any redirect? MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Do we have any questions from the bench? No? All right. Then we will you're excused, Mr. Meredith. We will break for lunch. Let's come back at 1:15, so we'll take just over an hour. And we will start with Ms. Kelly when we return. Thank you. (Lunch recess was taken from 12:09 p.m. to 1:21 p.m.)	25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	"permanent," as in permanent disconnection. Page 296 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 296 And the second one is on page 41, line 4, should delete the word "of." That's it. Q. Ms. Kelly, if you were asked the questions contained in Exhibit KAK-1T, would your answers be the same today as they appear in the exhibit? A. Yes, they would. MS. GAFKEN: Ms. Kelly is available for cross-examination. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Mr. Greenfield. MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in the interest of saving time, the Company's prepared to essentially waive examination of Ms. Kelly if we could just have a latitude to perhaps ask a few questions at the end if there's anything that needs to be touched upon based on the examination of the other parties. JUDGE PEARSON: I'm fine with that. MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. Okay. Then Mr. Casey? CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY:

		0/12	
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY	Page 297 MR. CASEY / KELLY 297	-	299 299
	u and fairman of		
1 is, at its core, an issue about equity	-	1 Q. But	
2 cost shifts between customers, cor		2 A. Assuming assuming it's very high, then it may	
3 A. I agree it is a device that's		3 be perceived as the departing customer paying for too	)
4 that customers who remain are i	-	4 many costs.	
<ul><li>5 of the customers who have depa</li><li>6 fairness and equity.</li></ul>	arteu, so it is an issue of	5 Q. And this would harm the departing customer who 6 would have to pay some portion of the remaining	
	eoretically.		
<ul> <li>8 And at a high level, kind of the</li> <li>9 want to talk a little bit about the cost</li> </ul>	-	<ul> <li>8 A. Can you restate that?</li> <li>9 Q. If the fee is set too high, this would harm the</li> </ul>	
10 agree that the stranded cost fee is		10 departing customer, because the departing customer wou	Ы
11 the departing customer's fair share	•	11 be required to pay some portion of the remaining	
12 Company incurred to serve the dep		12 customer's fair share of costs, correct?	
13 correct?		13 A. I think the premise of this question is that, in	
14 A. Can you restate that again		14 the setting-too-high premise, that's probably something	าต
15 Q. The stranded cost fee is inte		15 that we're assuming we can check to make sure that i	-
16 departing customer's fair share of (		16 accurate, and that it's been set too high for some	
<sup>17</sup> Company incurred to serve the dep		17 reason. So then if it were higher than the costs that	
18 A. I think that the stranded co		18 could have been accrued to that customer, then, yes,	
19 recover the costs that are unavo		19 they would be providing some assistance to the rema	inina
20 intended to cover more fixed-typ	-	20 customers.	
those costs that can be avoided		21 Q. And this harm to the departing customer, so that	
modifications to the way it does		22 is the overpayment, would fall on a single customer in a	
23 customer's departure.		23 single payment, correct?	
Q. Do you agree it's the departi		A. The way it's proposed here, it's a single	
25 of fair share of costs?	-	25 payment.	
	Page 298	8 Page	300
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY	U U	C C	300
1 A. Yes, it is the fair share of c	costs.	1 Q. Does the stranded cost fee set too high have a	
2 Q. Now, if the fee is set too low		2 disproportionately harmful impact?	
3 still occur from the departing custo		3 A. On whom?	
4 customers, correct?	0	4 Q. On customers.	
5 A. Correct.			
		5 A. If the stranded cost fee is set too high,	
6 Q. And the harm that would occ	cur, that is, the kind	<ul> <li>5 A. If the stranded cost fee is set too high,</li> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about the costs over and abou</li></ul>	ove
6 Q. And the harm that would occ 7 of deficient payment, would be disp			ove
	persed across many	6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and ab	
7 of deficient payment, would be disp	persed across many , correct?	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about 7 what they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>7 of deficient payment, would be disp</li> <li>8 customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>9 A. Yes, assuming that the Co</li> </ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about the second s</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disposed of deficient payment, would be disposed of the second seco</li></ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>8 not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad</li> <li>9 support to the customers that are remaining.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disponent of deficient payment, would be disponent payment, would be disponent</li></ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1 ential customer, 1	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>8 not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disp</li> <li>customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Control recovery of that cost across all of Q. In the case of a single resider</li> <li>the impact may not be identifiable in the case of a single resider</li> </ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1 ential customer, 1 in rates, correct? 1	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>8 not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure</li> <li>11 that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disponent of deficient payment, would be disponent of deficient payment, would be disponent of the customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Control of the customers of the customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Control of the customers of the customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Depending on the level of the customers of the customers and many monthly bills,</li> </ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1 ential customer, 1 in rates, correct? 1 the stranded costs 1	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>8 not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure</li> <li>11 that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient</li> <li>12 stranded cost fee or to ensure that the departing</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disponent of the second s</li></ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1 ential customer, 1 in rates, correct? 1 the stranded costs 1 uay be the case. But if 1	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>7 what they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>8 not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure</li> <li>11 that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient</li> <li>12 stranded cost fee or to ensure that the departing</li> <li>13 customer is not required to overpay?</li> </ul>	1
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be dispanded by a customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Contract of the cost across all of the cost across all of the cost across all of the impact may not be identifiable.</li> <li>A. Depending on the level of the that are being recovered, that match the cost across all of the the cost across all of the the cost across all of the cost across across all of the cost across all of the cost across across and the cost across all of the cost across acr</li></ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1 ential customer, 1 in rates, correct? 1 the stranded costs 1 hay be the case. But if 1 f customers, or a very 1	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>7 what they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>8 not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure</li> <li>11 that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient</li> <li>12 stranded cost fee or to ensure that the departing</li> <li>13 customer is not required to overpay?</li> <li>14 A. I think it's important to make sure that the</li> </ul>	l e,
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disponent of deficient payment, would be disponent of the customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Contract of the cost across all of the customers of that cost across all of the impact may not be identifiable if the impact may not be identifiable if that are being recovered, that matches it were a much larger number of the system,</li> </ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1 ential customer, 1 in rates, correct? 1 the stranded costs 1 may be the case. But if 1 f customers, or a very 1 then, yes, it could 1	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>7 what they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>8 not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure</li> <li>11 that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient</li> <li>12 stranded cost fee or to ensure that the departing</li> <li>13 customer is not required to overpay?</li> <li>14 A. I think it's important to make sure that the</li> <li>15 remaining customers are held as much full as possible</li> </ul>	l e,
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disp</li> <li>customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Contractor recovery of that cost across all of the impact may not be identifiable.</li> <li>A. Depending on the level of the that are being recovered, that mathematical the impact number of the system,</li> <li>become a big enough fee.</li> </ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1 ential customer, 1 in rates, correct? 1 the stranded costs 1 iay be the case. But if 1 f customers, or a very 1 then, yes, it could 1	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient stranded cost fee or to ensure that the departing</li> <li>13 customer is not required to overpay?</li> <li>14 A. I think it's important to make sure that the remaining customers are held as much full as possibilities and are not subsidizing the person or the company the sure that the the termina in the termina in</li></ul>	e, at
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disp</li> <li>customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Concentration</li> <li>recovery of that cost across all of</li> <li>Q. In the case of a single reside</li> <li>the impact may not be identifiable</li> <li>A. Depending on the level of the</li> <li>that are being recovered, that mail</li> <li>it were a much larger number of</li> <li>large component of the system,</li> <li>become a big enough fee.</li> <li>Q. Now, if the fee is set too high</li> </ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1 ential customer, 1 in rates, correct? 1 the stranded costs 1 hay be the case. But if 1 f customers, or a very 1 then, yes, it could 1 h, a cost shift 1	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient stranded cost fee or to ensure that the departing customer is not required to overpay?</li> <li>14 A. I think it's important to make sure that the remaining customers are held as much full as possibilities and are not subsidizing the person or the company the has the opportunity to leave, because there are substitute the substitute that the substitute the su</li></ul>	e, at
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disponent of the customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Contract of the cost across all of the cost across all of Q. In the case of a single residered the impact may not be identifiable.</li> <li>A. Depending on the level of the the the cost across all of the the the cost of the cost across all of the the the cost of t</li></ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1 ential customer, 1 in rates, correct? 1 the stranded costs 1 may be the case. But if 1 f customers, or a very 1 then, yes, it could 1 h, a cost shift 1 esulting in a subsidy 1	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>7 what they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>8 not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure</li> <li>11 that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient</li> <li>12 stranded cost fee or to ensure that the departing</li> <li>13 customer is not required to overpay?</li> <li>14 A. I think it's important to make sure that the</li> <li>15 remaining customers are held as much full as possibil</li> <li>16 and are not subsidizing the person or the company the</li> <li>17 has the opportunity to leave, because there are</li> <li>18 participating customers and non-participating customer</li> </ul>	e, at
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disponent of the customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Contractor recovery of that cost across all of the impact may not be identifiable in the impact may not be identifiable in A. Depending on the level of the that are being recovered, that matches it were a much larger number of large component of the system,</li> <li>become a big enough fee.</li> <li>Q. Now, if the fee is set too high would flow in the other direction recovered to the departing customer to the</li> </ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1 ential customer, 1 in rates, correct? 1 the stranded costs 1 the stranded costs 1 f customers, or a very 1 then, yes, it could 1 h, a cost shift 1 esulting in a subsidy 1 e remaining customers, 2	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>7 what they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>8 not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure</li> <li>11 that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient</li> <li>12 stranded cost fee or to ensure that the departing</li> <li>13 customer is not required to overpay?</li> <li>14 A. I think it's important to make sure that the</li> <li>15 remaining customers are held as much full as possible</li> <li>16 and are not subsidizing the person or the company the</li> <li>17 has the opportunity to leave, because there are</li> <li>18 participating customers and non-participating customer</li> <li>19 and that's a broad issue that's being addressed</li> </ul>	e, at
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disp</li> <li>customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Contrecovery of that cost across all of</li> <li>Q. In the case of a single resider</li> <li>the impact may not be identifiable</li> <li>A. Depending on the level of the</li> <li>that are being recovered, that main it were a much larger number of</li> <li>large component of the system,</li> <li>become a big enough fee.</li> <li>Q. Now, if the fee is set too high</li> <li>would flow in the other direction resider</li> <li>from the departing customer to the</li> <li>correct?</li> </ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. 1 ential customer, 1 in rates, correct? 1 the stranded costs 1 tay be the case. But if 1 f customers, or a very 1 then, yes, it could 1 h, a cost shift 1 esulting in a subsidy 1 e remaining customers, 2	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>8 not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure</li> <li>11 that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient</li> <li>12 stranded cost fee or to ensure that the departing</li> <li>13 customer is not required to overpay?</li> <li>14 A. I think it's important to make sure that the</li> <li>15 remaining customers are held as much full as possible</li> <li>16 and are not subsidizing the person or the company the</li> <li>17 has the opportunity to leave, because there are</li> <li>18 participating customers and non-participating customer</li> <li>19 and that's a broad issue that's being addressed</li> <li>20 throughout the US today by utilities.</li> </ul>	e, at
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disponent of the control of the cost across and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Control of the cost across and a single resider the impact may not be identifiable.</li> <li>A. Depending on the level of the the are being recovered, that mathematicate the analysis of the system,</li> <li>become a big enough fee.</li> <li>Q. Now, if the fee is set too high would flow in the other direction resident of the departing customer to the correct?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure it's a subsidy,</li> </ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. ential customer, in rates, correct? the stranded costs may be the case. But if f customers, or a very then, yes, it could h, a cost shift esulting in a subsidy e remaining customers, but if the fee is	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure</li> <li>11 that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient</li> <li>12 stranded cost fee or to ensure that the departing</li> <li>13 customer is not required to overpay?</li> <li>14 A. I think it's important to make sure that the</li> <li>15 remaining customers are held as much full as possible</li> <li>16 and are not subsidizing the person or the company the</li> <li>17 has the opportunity to leave, because there are</li> <li>18 participating customers and non-participating customer</li> <li>19 and that's a broad issue that's being addressed</li> <li>20 throughout the US today by utilities.</li> <li>21 Q. So you would error [sic] on the side of</li> </ul>	e, at
<ul> <li>of deficient payment, would be disponent of the customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Contract of the contract of the contract of the customers and many monthly bills,</li> <li>A. Yes, assuming that the Contract of the customers of the customers and customers and the customers of the impact may not be identifiable.</li> <li>A. Depending on the level of the the the customers of the system,</li> <li>the customers and customers of the system,</li> <li>become a big enough fee.</li> <li>Q. Now, if the fee is set too high would flow in the other direction response to the correct?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure it's a subsidy,</li> </ul>	persed across many , correct? mmission authorized customers, yes. ential customer, in rates, correct? the stranded costs may be the case. But if f customers, or a very then, yes, it could h, a cost shift esulting in a subsidy e remaining customers, but if the fee is at's dependent on	<ul> <li>6 inasmuch as they're paying for the costs over and about they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>7 what they would have incurred, then it's then it is</li> <li>8 not fair to the departing customer. It provides a broad support to the customers that are remaining.</li> <li>10 Q. In your opinion, is it more important to ensure</li> <li>11 that remaining customers are protected by a sufficient</li> <li>12 stranded cost fee or to ensure that the departing</li> <li>13 customer is not required to overpay?</li> <li>14 A. I think it's important to make sure that the</li> <li>15 remaining customers are held as much full as possibil</li> <li>16 and are not subsidizing the person or the company the</li> <li>17 has the opportunity to leave, because there are</li> <li>18 participating customers and non-participating customer</li> <li>19 and that's a broad issue that's being addressed</li> <li>20 throughout the US today by utilities.</li> <li>21 Q. So you would error [sic] on the side of</li> <li>22 remaining customers, correct?</li> </ul>	l e, at

Docket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III Page 301	6/14/20 Page 30
6	C C
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 301	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 30
1 customer disconnecting from the system is very	1 characterize your difference of opinion about a 20-year
2 difficult, correct?	2 time period with the Company as subjective or objective?
3 A. It has a lot of built-in assumptions that need	3 A. I would say it's subjective.
4 to be made, so it requires somebody with a lot of	4 Q. And just to clarify, you recommend a six-year
5 knowledge of what a cost-of-service study and the	5 time period based on three IRP planning cycles, correct?
6 planning functions of a utility.	6 A. That's correct.
7 Q. Is that a yes?	7 Q. And why not why six years based on three
8 A. That's a yes.	8 planning cycles instead of four years based on two
9 Q. Thank you.	9 planning cycles?
0 And you agree that it is not possible to	10 A. When I made the recommendation to use the three
accurately identify the exact costs of a single customer	$_{\mbox{ll}}$ planning cycles, I was looking at the operations of the
2 disconnecting from the system because it is, in part, an	12 utility, and considering that with the three planning
3 estimation, correct?	13 cycles for new rated planning, they would be able to get
A. It depends on your definition of exact. I think	14 to some intermediate contracts or changes in their
5 the utilities that have done these calculations can get	15 intermediate purchases that they have in their plan, but
$_6$ within a range of reason. As one of the witnesses,	$_{16}\;$ also thinking that the six years provides the utility
7 Mr. Meredith, testified this morning, you can do a	17 time to make operating changes, and that might be in
8 cost-of-service study right down to an individual	18 their distribution planning, how they how they build
9 customer. It's just time and it takes a lot of	19 their infrastructure. It would be changes in their
0 assumptions and it's difficult to do.	20 staffing, how they do some of the work to support
Q. How important is the accuracy of the stranded	21 customers. So it's providing them more time to be able
2 cost fee?	22 to make modifications.
3 A. How important in what context?	23 Q. You made a recommendation with respect to taking
4 Q. It's a difficult number to pinpoint, and so, you	24 account [sic] the conservation writer for the stranded
5 know, how important is it that we get a number that we	25 cost fee, correct?
Page 302	Page 30
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 302	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 30
1 feel very confident is accurate?	1 A. That's correct.
2 A. In this case, with the context of the stranded	2 Q. And do you know how many conservation planning
3 costs in that they are being driven by customers who	3 cycles would occur within the time period of your
4 have choice, I think it is important in this case to	4 recommendation?
5 make sure that we are within the realm of reason to make	5 A. Probably several.
6 sure that the economics of their decision is known, and	6 Q. And won't the conservation target be reset after
7 that they understand, by making their decision, that	7 one cycle?
8 there are costs associated with that.	8 A. I am not aware of what the cycle is here in
9 Q. And is there a kind of plus-or-minus percentage	9 Washington, but typically when you institute a
0 on that that trying to pinpoint that stranded cost	10 conservation or energy-efficiency program, it's a
1 fee that is kind of reasonable?	11 multi-year program. And the reason I went with the six
A. I would say plus or minus 20 percent would be a	12 years there as well is to ensure that the remaining
3 reasonable range.	13 customers are not paying the costs that were planned in
4 Q. Yes or no, did you agree with the Company's	14 that multi-year program for the departing customers.
5 testimony that it would be reasonable to recover	15 Q. Do you believe the Commission should justify the
6 stranded costs for a 20-year time period?	16 stranded cost fee, or set the amount of the stranded
7 A. No, I didn't agree. I understand that that is a	17 cost fee based on whether Pacific Power is better at
8 FERC belief and a position that 20 years is standard and	18 obtaining conservation than CREA?
9 that is adequate. I believe in this case in particular,	19 A. I don't believe that they should be setting it
0 where it is the fact that there is choice in the region,	20 based on that rationale. They should be setting it
1 and that customers are allowed to have choice and	21 based on the fact that the remaining customers should
	22 not need to pay the portion that would have been paid by
2 competition is allowed, that it's important to make sure	<ul><li>not need to pay the portion that would have been paid by</li><li>that customer.</li></ul>
2 competition is allowed, that it's important to make sure	

25 Q. With respect to this time period, would you

25 testimony? According to the table on page 29, using a

Docket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III	6/14/201
Page 305	Page 307
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 305	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 307
1 20-year time period instead of a 6-year time period	1 used, it would have accounted for two years of benefits
	<ol> <li>used, it would have accounted for two years of benefits</li> <li>and the total fee would have been reduced by several</li> </ol>
2 would cause the cost to more than double for residential 3 customers, correct?	3 million dollars, correct?
4 A. That's correct.	4 A. Subject to check, yes.
5 Q. Also for nonresidential customers, correct?	5 Q. And the five-year period in that case
6 A. Yes.	6 corresponded to the closure date of a major generation
7 Q. As one of the exhibits, you submitted testimony	7 resource, correct?
8 from PSE Docket UE-161123, correct?	8 A. I don't recall all the particulars, but I
9 <b>A. Correct.</b>	<ul> <li>9 believe that was the case.</li> </ul>
10 Q. And you submitted Mr. Piliaris's testimony	10 Q. And based on the method that was used in that
11 regarding calculation of Microsoft's stranded cost fee	11 case, if Microsoft's departure was to occur in 2022,
12 as an exhibit, correct?	12 remaining customers would have owed Microsoft tens of
13 <b>A. Yes, I did.</b>	13 millions of dollars, correct?
L4 Q. Are you aware that PSE's proposed retail	14 A. Can you restate that?
15 wheeling tariff, which would have been a generally	15 Q. Essentially, if Microsoft's departure, instead
6 applicable service, would not have established a	16 of taking place when it was proposed to take place, it
<sup>2</sup> particular method for identifying stranded costs?	17 took place when the benefits started accruing, remaining
A. Can you restate that?	18 customers would have owed Microsoft tens of millions of
Q. Well, are you aware that PSE's proposed retail	19 dollars, correct?
20 wheeling tariff in that docket, which would have been a	20 A. Or there would have been no fee.
generally applicable service, would not have established	21 Q. Would you agree that six years may not be the
22 any particular method for identifying stranded costs?	22 most appropriate time frame in all situations?
23 A. No, I'm not.	A. I believe that commissions in each of the states
Q. Are you aware that are you aware that the	24 have the authority to define stranded cost recovery
stranded costs fee in that docket only accounted for a	25 terms as they believe they need to be set. So there can
Page 306	Page 308
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 306	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 30
1 five-year time period?	1 be different uses in different places depending on what
<ol> <li>tive-year time period?</li> <li>A. I am aware that there was a smaller time period,</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>be different uses in different places depending on what</li> </ol>
Z A. Tum uware that there was a smaller time period,	o the facts are
	2 the facts are.
3 but it let me correct that. My understanding and	3 Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a
<ul> <li>3 but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>4 I'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3 but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>4 I'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>5 that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3 but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>4 I'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>5 that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>6 avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3 but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>4 I'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>5 that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>6 avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that started after some point in time in that case, so</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that started after some point in time in that case, so</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that started after some point in time in that case, so</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that started after some point in time in that case, so</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> <li>So they were looking at a longer period, and they looked</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> <li>pay departing customers a stranded cost fee if the</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that started after some point in time in that case, so</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> <li>So they were looking at a longer period, and they looked</li> <li>at a number of periods, I thought, in that case. I'm</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> <li>pay departing customers a stranded cost fee if the</li> <li>departing customer would cause cost savings by leaving?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3 but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>4 I'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>5 that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>7 which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>a costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>9 And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that started after some point in time in that case, so</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> <li>3 So they were looking at a longer period, and they looked</li> <li>at a number of periods, I thought, in that case. I'm</li> <li>not aware of how it settled.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> <li>pay departing customers a stranded cost fee if the</li> <li>departing customer would cause cost savings by leaving?</li> <li>A. No.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that started after some point in time in that case, so</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> <li>So they were looking at a longer period, and they looked</li> <li>at a number of periods, I thought, in that case. I'm</li> <li>not aware of how it settled.</li> <li>Q. So the case it settled. It hasn't been</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> <li>pay departing customers a stranded cost fee if the</li> <li>departing customer would cause cost savings by leaving?</li> <li>A. No.</li> <li>Q. If a participant in Pacific Power's low-income</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> <li>So they were looking at a longer period, and they looked</li> <li>at a number of periods, I thought, in that case. I'm</li> <li>not aware of how it settled.</li> <li>Q. So the case it settled. It hasn't been</li> <li>decided. There's no Commission order there yet. But</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> <li>pay departing customers a stranded cost fee if the</li> <li>departing customer would cause cost savings by leaving?</li> <li>A. No.</li> <li>Q. If a participant in Pacific Power's low-income</li> <li>program were to permanently disconnect, would that</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> <li>So they were looking at a longer period, and they looked</li> <li>at a number of periods, I thought, in that case. I'm</li> <li>not aware of how it settled.</li> <li>Q. So the case it settled. It hasn't been</li> <li>decided. There's no Commission order there yet. But</li> <li>the fee that was proposed was based on a five-year</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> <li>pay departing customers a stranded cost fee if the</li> <li>departing customer would cause cost savings by leaving?</li> <li>A. No.</li> <li>Q. If a participant in Pacific Power's low-income</li> <li>program were to permanently disconnect, would that</li> <li>to reate a beneficial cost shift to remaining customers?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> <li>So they were looking at a longer period, and they looked</li> <li>at a number of periods, I thought, in that case. I'm</li> <li>not aware of how it settled.</li> <li>Q. So the case it settled. It hasn't been</li> <li>decided. There's no Commission order there yet. But</li> <li>the fee that was proposed was based on a five-year</li> <li>period, correct?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> <li>pay departing customers a stranded cost fee if the</li> <li>departing customer would cause cost savings by leaving?</li> <li>A. No.</li> <li>Q. If a participant in Pacific Power's low-income</li> <li>program were to permanently disconnect, would that</li> <li>create a beneficial cost shift to remaining customers?</li> <li>A. If a low-income customer was getting a discount</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that started after some point in time in that case, so</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> <li>So they were looking at a longer period, and they looked</li> <li>at a number of periods, I thought, in that case. I'm</li> <li>not aware of how it settled.</li> <li>Q. So the case it settled. It hasn't been</li> <li>decided. There's no Commission order there yet. But</li> <li>the fee that was proposed was based on a five-year</li> <li>period, correct?</li> <li>A. That's correct.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> <li>pay departing customers a stranded cost fee if the</li> <li>departing customer would cause cost savings by leaving?</li> <li>A. No.</li> <li>Q. If a participant in Pacific Power's low-income</li> <li>program were to permanently disconnect, would that</li> <li>create a beneficial cost shift to remaining customers?</li> <li>A. If a low-income customer was getting a discount</li> <li>on its rates permanently, and decides to leave, there</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> <li>So they were looking at a longer period, and they looked</li> <li>at a number of periods, I thought, in that case. I'm</li> <li>not aware of how it settled.</li> <li>Q. So the case it settled. It hasn't been</li> <li>decided. There's no Commission order there yet. But</li> <li>the fee that was proposed was based on a five-year</li> <li>period, correct?</li> <li>A. That's correct.</li> <li>Q. And that five-year period accounted for four</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> <li>pay departing customers a stranded cost fee if the</li> <li>departing customer would cause cost savings by leaving?</li> <li>A. No.</li> <li>Q. If a participant in Pacific Power's low-income</li> <li>program were to permanently disconnect, would that</li> <li>create a beneficial cost shift to remaining customers?</li> <li>A. If a low-income customer was getting a discount</li> <li>on its rates permanently, and decides to leave, there</li> <li>would be costs associated with that customer's leaving</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> <li>So they were looking at a longer period, and they looked</li> <li>at a number of periods, I thought, in that case. I'm</li> <li>not aware of how it settled.</li> <li>Q. So the case it settled. It hasn't been</li> <li>decided. There's no Commission order there yet. But</li> <li>the fee that was proposed was based on a five-year</li> <li>period, correct?</li> <li>A. That's correct.</li> <li>Q. And that five-year period accounted for four</li> <li>years of costs and one year of benefits to customers,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> <li>pay departing customers a stranded cost fee if the</li> <li>departing customer would cause cost savings by leaving?</li> <li>A. No.</li> <li>Q. If a participant in Pacific Power's low-income</li> <li>program were to permanently disconnect, would that</li> <li>create a beneficial cost shift to remaining customers?</li> <li>A. If a low-income customer was getting a discount</li> <li>on its rates permanently, and decides to leave, there</li> <li>would be costs associated with that customer's leaving</li> <li>that should be offset by their discount.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>but it let me correct that. My understanding and</li> <li>l'm not an expert in that case my understanding is</li> <li>that they were looking at a long time frame of costs,</li> <li>avoided costs, and it was mostly power supply costs,</li> <li>which is not applicable, is not completely the stranded</li> <li>costs that are occurring in this case.</li> <li>And that in their analysis, there was a benefit</li> <li>that started after some point in time in that case, so</li> <li>that the stranded costs were positive for a number of</li> <li>years, and then the benefits began to come into play.</li> <li>So they were looking at a longer period, and they looked</li> <li>at a number of periods, I thought, in that case. I'm</li> <li>not aware of how it settled.</li> <li>Q. So the case it settled. It hasn't been</li> <li>decided. There's no Commission order there yet. But</li> <li>the fee that was proposed was based on a five-year</li> <li>period, correct?</li> <li>A. That's correct.</li> <li>Q. And that five-year period accounted for four</li> <li>years of costs and one year of benefits to customers,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Q. And would you agree that, under certain facts, a</li> <li>six-year time frame may not be the most appropriate time</li> <li>frame to consider?</li> <li>A. I'm not sure I agree with that in this case. So</li> <li>I can't say that it's right for this state or right for</li> <li>that state, but based on what I've seen in the</li> <li>literature, five years to ten years is the more common</li> <li>approach to stranded costs.</li> <li>Q. Yes or no, should remaining customers have to</li> <li>pay departing customers a stranded cost fee if the</li> <li>departing customer would cause cost savings by leaving?</li> <li>A. No.</li> <li>Q. If a participant in Pacific Power's low-income</li> <li>program were to permanently disconnect, would that</li> <li>create a beneficial cost shift to remaining customers?</li> <li>A. If a low-income customer was getting a discount</li> <li>on its rates permanently, and decides to leave, there</li> <li>would be costs associated with that customer's leaving</li> <li>that should be offset by their discount.</li> <li>Q. But as currently proposed, this fee would apply</li> </ul>

00	cket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III Page 309		6/14/201 Page 311
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 309		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 311
1	about when I made my recommendations.	1	charging an individual customer a very significant fee
2	Q. So you acknowledge that it might not be fair to	2	when that when accurately identifying that fee is so
3	charge a low-income customer a several-thousand-dollar	3	difficult and estimates can vary so greatly?
4	fee for a shift that they would not cause, correct?	4	A. I don't understand the question. You might want
5	A. That's not what I said. I said that the	5	to restate it.
6	low-income customer would be a cost to the utility when	6	Q. Is it potentially problematic to charge an
7	they leave. They might be reduced, because now there is	7	individual customer a fee for causing a cost shift when
8	no longer that discount in their rates.	8	pinpointing that cost shift is so difficult and opinions
9	Q. Can we turn to page 52 of your testimony,	9	on what exactly that cost shift is can vary so greatly?
LO	please? Here you talk about state policy and you cite	10	A. First, I think it's not that difficult, really,
11	some laws. Do you understand Washington law to	11	to look at the costs and estimate the costs. I think
12	contemplate competition between electric utilities?	12	what the Company has offered is a simplification so that
13	A. I understand that, in the state of Washington,	13	customers understand what they will be facing should
4	that there is a preference to allow competition, but	14	they be trying to make an economic decision.
15	there is also a preference to have agreements around	15	So it's I believe it's fair to charge them,
16	service territories so that you avoid duplication of	16	but I also believe that the approach the company took is
L7	facilities. But there is the regulatory commission and	17	simplification to ease the efforts the customers have to
18	the regulatory approach to making sure that public	18	make.
19	utilities play by the rules.	19	Q. Okay. Thank you.
20	Q. Do you support the establishment of a stranded	20	And finally, I want to turn to the summary of
21	cost fee as a means to eliminate competition or	21	your recommendation on page 59. And just for the
22	otherwise impede the choice of the customers of the	22	record, my understanding is you testify that the
23	Company's customers to receive service from another	23	Commission should not adopt Pacific Power's proposed
24	provider?	24	revisions as they were originally filed, and you say, if
25	A. I missed the very beginning of that question.	25	the Commission approves revisions, you offered a number
	Page 310		Page 312
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / KELLY 310		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 312
1	Q. Do you support the establishment of a stranded	1	of adjustments.
2	cost fee as a means to eliminate competition or	2	I would like to know, is your recommendation
3	otherwise impede the choice of the customers of the	3	is your primary recommendation to just reject and stop
4	Company's customers?	4	there, or is it to establish the kind of proposed
5	A. I don't believe that a stranded cost fee is	5	modifications?
6	intended to impede competition. It is intended to	6	A. My primary recommendation, before the Company
7	ensure that remaining customers are treated fairly.	7	modified its proposal, was to reject it. But with the
8	Q. But would you acknowledge that a stranded cost	8	modifications, my recommendation is to move forward with
9	fee could serve as an economic barrier to making such a	9	that approach.
LO	choice?	10	MR. CASEY: Thank you.
11	A. I believe the stranded cost fee changes the	11	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Mr. Cowell?
12	economics and changes the decision for a customer who	12	MR. COWELL: Thank you, your Honor.
13	might depart.	13	CROSS-EXAMINATION
14	Q. Do you think establishing a stranded cost fee in	14	BY MR. COWELL:
15	this case will have the practical effect of deterring	15	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Kelly.
16	permanent disconnection by customers?	16	A. Good afternoon.
L7	MS. GAFKEN: Objection. Speculation.	17	Q. Let's start, please, with your testimony at page
18	JUDGE PEARSON: Sorry. My microphone wasn't	18	4. And I'm looking at your first answer in this
19	close.	19	background section. And if you need a moment to look it
20	Do you want to respond to that, Mr. Casey?	20	over, you can, but I'll just pose this question.
21	MR. CASEY: I can rephrase.	21	Would it be fair to say that you're simply
22	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.	22	restating the background provided by the Company in this
23	BY MR. CASEY:	23	paragraph?
~ •			A Eccontially I am rostating with the additional

Do you think there are fairness issues with

Q. I'll move on.

24

25

A. Essentially, I am restating with the additional

JUCKET NO. UE	-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/20
	Page 313		Page 315
CROSS-	EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 313		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 31
1 client. But yes,	I relied on the Company's description	1	earn a fair return. So it's a kind of a business
2 of the situation.		2	arrangement within the state that says, in return for
3 Q. Okay.		3	this, we'll offer you that.
4 If you coul	d please turn to page 10, and	4	Q. Okay.
5 starting at line	6 here, you testify that "In the	5	Your last statement there, it's a business
6 absence of a Fi	anchise Agreement, Pacific Power should	6	arrangement, is it so it's just kind of like a is
7 have a means l	by which their existing customers are	7	it an unstated quid pro quo, or is it founded upon any
8 protected from	the rate impacts of competitive customer	8	other authority, and, if so, what's that authority?
9 departures to a	new provider."	9	A. There are a number of statutes, I'm sure, that
) Do you se	e that?	10	have a lot of the information in them that speak to the
A. Yes, I do		11	requirements of the Commission, the responsibilities of
2 Q. Could yo	u please explain the basis for this	12	the Commission in regulating the entities that are here
3 conclusion?		13	in this state, so there are some statutory basis [sic]
A. Essentia	lly, the regulatory compact here in	14	for it.
	set up such that public power utility, or	15	There are a number of decisions ordered that
-	d utilities are subject to regulation by	16	have been ordered by the Commission that set forth the
7 the Commission	on. But there's also the desire for	17	rules and regulations by which these entities are going
	the state, and a desire to have entities	18	to operate. So there's a very intermingled set of
9 that are operat	ing within the state attempt to arrive at	19	rules, requirements, laws, and that sort of thing that
0 these agreeme	nts to eliminate duplication of facilities.	20	have set up the regulatory compact. It's discussed a
1 So in this	case, the Company has as most	21	lot in other states as well, but there's much more
2 companies wo	uld, believes it has an obligation to serve	22	fine-tuned detail about what that compact means. There
3 and has provid	led service to customers over time, and	23	is actually a regulatory requirement.
4 invested in the	long-term investments required to keep	24	Q. The last question on this.
5 the system rel	able and useful for its customers.	25	Is your your personal understanding of the
	Page 314		Page 316
CROSS-	EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 314		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 316
1 Because of	f all of those reasons, I recommend	1	regulatory compact as you're testifying in this
2 that there need	s to be some means by which those	2	proceeding, is that based on your personal research or
	are attracted to CREA be encouraged to	3	based on what you've read the Company to represent?
	red to pay for some stranded costs that	4	A. It's a combination. It is based on what the
	ted as a result of their decision, and	5	Company represented, what my discussions with the Public
	policies that are in place here in	6	Counsel included in my understanding, the research done
7 Washington.		7	by my staff in preparation of some of the analysis in
-	ou mentioned, the regulatory compact	8	this testimony, and my own research.
	vesterday as Mr. Bolton discussed his	9	Q. Okay.
-	he regulatory compact means, correct?	10	What's your understanding of Washington's
A. I was.		11	statute concerning the necessity of franchise or service
	gree with Mr. Bolton's characterization?	12	area agreements?
	call exactly how he said it.	13	A. They are preferred. Based on what I understand,
		14	it is something that the legislature has indicated that
4 Q. Okay.		1	franchise agreements are preferred.
	rase it this way. What's your	15	nanchise agreements are preferred.
5 Then I'll pl	rrase it this way. What's your e regulatory compact that should govern	15 16	Q. They're not required, correct?
5 Then I'll pl 6 conception of th			
5 Then I'll pl 6 conception of th 7 the Commission	e regulatory compact that should govern	16	Q. They're not required, correct?
Then I'll pl conception of th the Commission <b>A. Basically</b>	e regulatory compact that should govern 's decision in this proceeding?	16 17	<ul><li>Q. They're not required, correct?</li><li>A. They are not required.</li></ul>
Then I'll pl conception of th the Commission <b>A. Basically</b> <b>are engaged in</b>	e regulatory compact that should govern o's decision in this proceeding? it's a framework in which utilities	16 17 18	<ul><li>Q. They're not required, correct?</li><li>A. They are not required.</li><li>Q. Ms. Kelly, what's your understanding of</li></ul>
Then I'll pl conception of th the Commission <b>A. Basically</b> are engaged in Washington, in	e regulatory compact that should govern n's decision in this proceeding? it's a framework in which utilities business, in a jurisdiction such as	16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>Q. They're not required, correct?</li> <li>A. They are not required.</li> <li>Q. Ms. Kelly, what's your understanding of</li> <li>Pacific Power's corporate structure and affiliations?</li> </ul>
Then I'll pl conception of th the Commission <b>A. Basically</b> are engaged in Washington, in regulatory req	e regulatory compact that should govern n's decision in this proceeding? i it's a framework in which utilities n business, in a jurisdiction such as n return for the following the	16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>Q. They're not required, correct?</li> <li>A. They are not required.</li> <li>Q. Ms. Kelly, what's your understanding of</li> <li>Pacific Power's corporate structure and affiliations?</li> <li>A. I did not do a lot of research on their</li> </ul>
5 Then I'll pl 6 conception of th 7 the Commission 8 <b>A. Basically</b> 9 are engaged in 0 Washington, in 1 regulatory req 2 sure that they	e regulatory compact that should govern n's decision in this proceeding? it's a framework in which utilities a business, in a jurisdiction such as n return for the following the uirements of the Commission, and making	16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>Q. They're not required, correct?</li> <li>A. They are not required.</li> <li>Q. Ms. Kelly, what's your understanding of</li> <li>Pacific Power's corporate structure and affiliations?</li> <li>A. I did not do a lot of research on their</li> <li>corporate structure. I understand that they are a</li> </ul>
Then I'll pl conception of th the Commission A. Basically are engaged in Washington, in regulatory req sure that they provide a lot o	e regulatory compact that should govern n's decision in this proceeding? i it's a framework in which utilities a business, in a jurisdiction such as a return for the following the uirements of the Commission, and making work with customers who are both	16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>Q. They're not required, correct?</li> <li>A. They are not required.</li> <li>Q. Ms. Kelly, what's your understanding of</li> <li>Pacific Power's corporate structure and affiliations?</li> <li>A. I did not do a lot of research on their</li> <li>corporate structure. I understand that they are a multi-state jurisdictional utility.</li> </ul>

			6/14/2017
	Page 317		Page 319
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 317		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 319
1	A. I believe that was in the testimony, yes.	1	Q. If you look at line 14, and you testified
2	Q. Okay.	2 tł	hat the current filing is an example of stranded costs
3	If you please turn to your testimony, page 12,	3 a	rising in the absence of a franchise agreement between
4	and I'm looking at line 18, you testified that a utility	4 F	Pacific Power and the counties of Columbia and
5	asset is said to be stranded if it is no longer used and	5 V	Valla Walla, right?
6	useful prior to the end of its typical useful life,	б	A. Correct.
7	correct?	7	Q. So you point to an example of stranded costs
8	A. Correct.	8 a	rising. But is the absence of a Pacific Power service
9	Q. Now, given the Company's operations in multiple	9 a	greement with any neighboring utility, except with
10	jurisdictions, do you understand that PacifiCorp	10 tł	he exception of Benton REA, is that a circumstance that
11	generation assets would become stranded by customers	11 h	has recently arisen?
12	leaving Pacific Power's system in Washington?	12	A. No, it appears to have occurred over time.
13	A. Can you say that again?	13	Q. As you testified, for at least the last
14	Q. Sure.	14 1	7 years, if not longer, there has been no service area
15	So starting from the premise with the previous	15 a	greement with Columbia REA, right?
16	question, that Pacific Power operates in six states, so	16	A. That is correct. But I might add that, just
17	given that fact, do you understand Pacific Power	17 <b>b</b>	because it's been 17 years and there's been no
18	generation assets or excuse me, PacifiCorp, the	18 <b>r</b>	esolution of the issue of stranded costs over this time
19	system, would become stranded if customers in	19 <b>e</b>	except through the disconnection tariff that's been in
20	Pacific Power's Washington system departed?	20 <b>p</b>	play, this is an issue that could continue to grow.
21	A. Now, these are generation assets you're speaking	21 <b>l</b> t	t's an issue that should be addressed so that the
22	about, correct?	22 <b>r</b>	emaining customers are no longer hurt by some of the
23	Q. Correct.	23 <b>d</b>	lepartures. So it's a long-term issue that hasn't been
24	A. I believe that those assets will not necessarily	24 <b>a</b>	ddressed sufficiently.
25	be stranded by Washington customers. There is	25	Q. Let me expand it out a little bit and look
	Page 318 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 318		Page 320 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 320
1			
~	consideration in the way that the Company established	1 b	packwards. To your knowledge, is Washington's lack of
2	consideration in the way that the Company established its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.	2 e	exclusive service territory law a dynamic that has
2 3	its stranded costs that took out the net power costs. There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are	2 e	exclusive service territory law a dynamic that has ecently arisen?
	its stranded costs that took out the net power costs. There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation	2 e	exclusive service territory law a dynamic that has ecently arisen? A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.
3 4 5	its stranded costs that took out the net power costs. There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the	2 e 3 m 4 5	exclusive service territory law a dynamic that has ecently arisen? A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry. Q. Sure.
3 4 5 6	its stranded costs that took out the net power costs. There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the	2 e 3 r 4 5 6	<ul> <li>exclusive service territory law a dynamic that has ecently arisen?</li> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7	its stranded costs that took out the net power costs. There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer	2 e 3 n 4 5 6 7 te	<ul> <li>exclusive service territory law a dynamic that has ecently arisen?</li> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service erritory law which I think we've established,</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8	its stranded costs that took out the net power costs. There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 7 te 8 c	<ul> <li>exclusive service territory law a dynamic that has ecently arisen?</li> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service erritory law which I think we've established, correct?</li> </ul>
3 4 5 7 8 9	its stranded costs that took out the net power costs. There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered. Q. Okay.	2 e 3 r 4 5 7 te 8 c 9	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service erritory law which I think we've established, sorrect?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 7 t 8 c 9 10	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen,</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	its stranded costs that took out the net power costs. There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered. Q. Okay. Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 c 9 10 11 t	<ul> <li>exclusive service territory law a dynamic that has ecently arisen?</li> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure. <ul> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established, sorrect?</li> </ul> </li> <li>A. Yes. <ul> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen, o your knowledge?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 c 7 t 8 c 9 10 11 t 12	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established, sorrect?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen, o your knowledge?</li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers to costs that may become unrecoverable if the industry</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 7 t 8 c 9 10 11 t 12 13	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established, sorrect?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen, o your knowledge?</li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers to costs that may become unrecoverable if the industry is deregulated, correct?</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 r 8 c 9 10 11 t 12 13 14	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service erritory law which I think we've established, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen, o your knowledge?</li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's turn to page 22 of your testimony. And</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers to costs that may become unrecoverable if the industry is deregulated, correct?</li> <li>A. That's what it says, yes.</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 r 8 c 9 10 11 t 12 13 14 15 s	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established, sorrect?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen, o your knowledge?</li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's turn to page 22 of your testimony. And tarting at line 16, you testified that Pacific Power</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers to costs that may become unrecoverable if the industry is deregulated, correct?</li> <li>A. That's what it says, yes.</li> <li>Q. So is it your understanding that Washington has</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 r 8 c 9 10 11 t 12 13 14 15 s 16 h	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established, sorrect?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen, o your knowledge?</li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's turn to page 22 of your testimony. And starting at line 16, you testified that Pacific Power has been impacted by duplicative infrastructure that has</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers to costs that may become unrecoverable if the industry is deregulated, correct?</li> <li>A. That's what it says, yes.</li> <li>Q. So is it your understanding that Washington has recently become deregulated?</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 7 t 8 c 9 10 11 t 12 13 14 15 s 16 h 17 b	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure. <ul> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> </ul> </li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established, sorrect?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen, o your knowledge?</li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no.</li> <li>Q. Okay. <ul> <li>Let's turn to page 22 of your testimony. And tarting at line 16, you testified that Pacific Power</li> <li>has been impacted by duplicative infrastructure that has been and is being built to serving large commercial or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers to costs that may become unrecoverable if the industry is deregulated, correct?</li> <li>A. That's what it says, yes.</li> <li>Q. So is it your understanding that Washington has recently become deregulated?</li> <li>A. No. Washington state has not recently become</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 c 7 t 8 c 9 10 t 12 13 14 15 s 16 h 17 b 18 h	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established, sorrect?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen, o your knowledge?</li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's turn to page 22 of your testimony. And tarting at line 16, you testified that Pacific Power has been impacted by duplicative infrastructure that has been and is being built to serving large commercial or high-margin Pacific Power customers, right?</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers to costs that may become unrecoverable if the industry is deregulated, correct?</li> <li>A. That's what it says, yes.</li> <li>Q. So is it your understanding that Washington has recently become deregulated?</li> <li>A. No. Washington state has not recently become deregulated, but there is over the last 17 years,</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 7 t 8 c 9 10 t 12 13 14 15 s 16 h 17 b 18 h 19 19	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure.</li> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established, sorrect?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen, o your knowledge?</li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's turn to page 22 of your testimony. And starting at line 16, you testified that Pacific Power has been impacted by duplicative infrastructure that has been and is being built to serving large commercial or high-margin Pacific Power customers, right?</li> <li>A. That's correct. It's a reference to the</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers to costs that may become unrecoverable if the industry is deregulated, correct?</li> <li>A. That's what it says, yes.</li> <li>Q. So is it your understanding that Washington has recently become deregulated?</li> <li>A. No. Washington state has not recently become deregulated, but there is over the last 17 years, there has been no service area agreement between</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 7 t 8 c 9 10 11 t 12 13 14 15 s 16 h 17 b 18 h 19 20 C	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure. Washington's lack of an exclusive service erritory law which I think we've established, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen, o your knowledge?</li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Let's turn to page 22 of your testimony. And starting at line 16, you testified that Pacific Power has been impacted by duplicative infrastructure that has been and is being built to serving large commercial or high-margin Pacific Power customers, right?</li> <li>A. That's correct. It's a reference to the Company's testimony.</li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers to costs that may become unrecoverable if the industry is deregulated, correct?</li> <li>A. That's what it says, yes.</li> <li>Q. So is it your understanding that Washington has recently become deregulated?</li> <li>A. No. Washington state has not recently become deregulated, but there is over the last 17 years, there has been no service area agreement between Pacific Power and CREA, and there has been an increasing</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 7 t 8 c 9 10 11 t 12 13 14 15 s 16 h 17 b 18 h 19 20 C 21	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure. <ul> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established,</li> <li>correct?</li> </ul> </li> <li>A. Yes. <ul> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen,</li> <li>o your knowledge?</li> </ul> </li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no. <ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's turn to page 22 of your testimony. And that that has been impacted by duplicative infrastructure that has been impacted by duplicative infrastructure that has been and is being built to serving large commercial or high-margin Pacific Power customers, right?</li> <li>A. That's correct. It's a reference to the Company's testimony.</li> <li>Q. Right.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers to costs that may become unrecoverable if the industry is deregulated, correct?</li> <li>A. That's what it says, yes.</li> <li>Q. So is it your understanding that Washington has recently become deregulated?</li> <li>A. No. Washington state has not recently become deregulated, but there is over the last 17 years, there has been no service area agreement between Pacific Power and CREA, and there has been an increasing number of customer who are actively choosing to leave.</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 7 t 8 c 9 10 11 t 12 13 14 15 s 16 h 17 b 18 h 19 20 c 21 22	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure. <ul> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> </ul> </li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established, sorrect?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen, o your knowledge?</li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no.</li> <li>Q. Okay. <ul> <li>Let's turn to page 22 of your testimony. And tarting at line 16, you testified that Pacific Power has been impacted by duplicative infrastructure that has been and is being built to serving large commercial or high-margin Pacific Power customers, right?</li> <li>A. That's correct. It's a reference to the Company's testimony.</li> <li>Q. Right. <ul> <li>And that and that was my question. You cite</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>its stranded costs that took out the net power costs.</li> <li>There may be some remaining costs, fixed costs that are in the rest of the stranded costs that cover generation asset fixed costs that they are including in the stranded cost calculation, which we have as, for the short-term, some of the fixed costs that will no longer be covered.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's move on to page 16, please. And I'm looking here at line 7, starting line 7, you quote a UTC decision stating that the term "stranded costs" refers to costs that may become unrecoverable if the industry is deregulated, correct?</li> <li>A. That's what it says, yes.</li> <li>Q. So is it your understanding that Washington has recently become deregulated?</li> <li>A. No. Washington state has not recently become deregulated, but there is over the last 17 years, there has been no service area agreement between Pacific Power and CREA, and there has been an increasing</li> </ul>	2 e 3 r 4 5 6 7 t 8 c 9 10 11 t 12 13 14 15 s 16 h 17 b 18 h 19 20 C 21 22 t 23 t	<ul> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>A. I lost the tail end of that. I'm sorry.</li> <li>Q. Sure. <ul> <li>Washington's lack of an exclusive service</li> <li>erritory law which I think we've established,</li> <li>correct?</li> </ul> </li> <li>A. Yes. <ul> <li>Q is that a dynamic that has recently arisen,</li> <li>o your knowledge?</li> </ul> </li> <li>A. Not to my knowledge, no. <ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Let's turn to page 22 of your testimony. And that that has been impacted by duplicative infrastructure that has been impacted by duplicative infrastructure that has been and is being built to serving large commercial or high-margin Pacific Power customers, right?</li> <li>A. That's correct. It's a reference to the Company's testimony.</li> <li>Q. Right.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

JUCKEL NO. UE-101204 - VOI. III	0/14/201
Page 321 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 321	Page 323 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 323
1 Q. Okay.	1 commercial customer in the PSE case, Docket UE-161123.
2 Now, were you in the room yesterday when I	2 Do you see that?
3 crossed Mr. Bolton about current and prior instances of	3 A. Yes, I do.
4 redundant service and redundant facilities in	4 Q. Okay.
5 Pacific Power's service area?	5 Is it your understanding that the Boise load in
6 <b>A. I was.</b>	6 Pacific Power's system is much smaller compared to the
7 Q. Okay.	7 Microsoft load in 161123?
8 Do you recall Mr. Bolton testifying to no	8 A. I'm sorry, but I don't have I don't
9 current redundancy issues and to only two prior	9 understand. I don't know the Boise load's
0 instances of redundancy?	10 characteristics, so I can't answer with regard to that.
1 MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, I believe	11 Q. Okay.
2 that objection. I believe that mischaracterizes the	12 So in terms of looking at your testimony here,
3 exchange. There's a difference between redundant	13 you make a statement that Pacific Power's customers are
4 service and duplicate facilities, and I think	14 relatively smaller compared to the large commercial
5 Mr. Cowell's confusing the two.	15 customer in the PSE case. So without a knowledge of
6 JUDGE PEARSON: Could you clarify your	16 Boise's load, would it be fair to say that this may not
7 question?	17 apply to Boise?
8 MR. COWELL: Sure.	18 A. I don't know whether it would or would not. It
9 BY MR. COWELL:	19 seemed to me, based on the discussion that you had about
0 Q. What let me ask this. What's your	20 the size of Boise's revenue yesterday, that it might
1 understanding of what Mr. Bolton testified to regarding	21 be might, in fact, be a large enough customer to be
2 redundancy in the sense of facilities or service?	22 able to do that.
3 A. I believe he indicated that there were no	23 Q. Okay.
redundant services but there were, in fact, duplicative	A. But subject to not really having a good
25 services.	25 understanding of Boise's load.
Page 322 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 322	Page 324 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 324
1 Duplicative services, in my opinion, or in my	1 Q. Sure.
2 understanding, would be where you would have duplicate	2 But you did make a definitive statement here
3 sets of lines running down the streets to serve	3 regarding a comparison of Pacific Power's customers
4 customers on the same street.	4 relative to Puget's, right?
5 Redundant services would be where there was	5 A. That's correct, but I'm I'm doing that
6 service to a single customer in a building and there	6 basically from the perspective of the customers who are
7 were two separate services going in that would serve	7 choosing to leave, based on the history that's in this
8 that customer.	8 case.
9 That, to me, is what redundant and duplicative	9 Q. Let's turn to page 44 of your testimony, please.
0 would be.	10 A. I'm sorry. What page?
1 Q. And to your knowledge, how many instances of	11 Q. 44. And I'm looking at lines 19 through 21
2 this of the duplicative circumstances have occurred	12 here.
3 over the last 17 years?	13 You testify to a departing customer's obligation
4 A. I, unfortunately, can only go based on what I've	14 to support the Company's commitment to low-income rate
5 seen in the Company's testimony. I haven't been in the	15 assistance and energy-efficiency programs, right?
6 service area to look around for myself so	16 A. That's correct.
7 Q. Okay.	17 Q. So what's this obligation based upon, in your
8 So you're relying on the Company's	18 view?
9 representations?	19 A. Essentially, the Company has made commitments to
20 A. Yes, I am.	20 support low income as a result of regulation by the
Q. Okay.	21 Commission, and also to support energy-efficiency
Let's turn to page 36, and I'm looking at the	22 programs that are long term in nature, beyond a year,
paragraph that runs from lines 5 to 11. You lead off	and the funding
	23 essentially, that they're in place, and that the funding
24 this paragraph by testifying that Pacific Power's 25 customers are relatively smaller compared to the large	<ul> <li>23 essentially, that they re in place, and that the fulloing</li> <li>24 for those programs is coming from the remainder of the</li> <li>25 customers.</li> </ul>

	Page 325		Page 327
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 325		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 327
1	Q. So to maybe clarify or hone in on your testimony	1	Q. So again, is it fair to say that your
2	there, the term of the obligation would be what in your	2	understanding on this point as well is entirely based on
3	understanding?	3	Pacific Power's representations?
4	A. The term would be?	4	A. Yes. This was the information I had at that
5	Q. What would the term of the obligation, which	5	time to make that conclusion.
6	you're referring to, what would that term be?	6	Q. If you could please turn to page 49. And I'm
7	A. In this case because I'm recommending the six	7	looking at lines 2 and 3. You refer to stranded costs
8	years, then it would be the six-year term.	8	due to the permanent departure of large-volume customers
9	Q. Is that your understanding of the Company's	9	to CREA over time.
0	usual planning for energy-efficiency and low-income	10	Do you see that?
1	assistance?	11	A. Yes, I do.
2	A. They're planning for the DSM or EE, and the low	12	Q. To your recollection, is the term "large-volume
.3	income is likely somewhat shorter. But the intent here	13	customers" one that Pacific Power ever uses in this
.4	is to ensure that there is continued support for those	14	proceeding?
.5	programs for that same time frame as there would be for	15	A. I'm not aware that I heard that.
6	the rest of the stranded costs.	16	Q. Okay.
7	Q. Okay.	17	Looking here at lines 3 through 6, you restate
8	That's your intent by your proposal for the six	18	what the Company cites as a risk of duplicative
.9	years?	19	facilities being installed at customer locations. And
20	A. Yes.	20	then you testify to first responder concerns if
21	Q. Okay.	21	facilities which were live and those abandoned could not
22	If you would turn to the next page, please. So	22	be distinguished; is that right?
23	looking at page 45, lines 16 through 18, and my I'd	23	A. Could you tell me what lines you're at again?
24	like to know what your basis is for the conclusion that	24	Q. Sure.
25	nonresidential customers are likely to depart upon being	25	So I'm looking at lines 3 through 6.
	Page 326 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 326		Page 328 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 328
1	offered incentives from a competitive supplier.	1	A. Yep. Thank you.
2	A. Based on what I read in the Company's	2	Q. Okay.
	testimony was that there were incentives being offered,		
		3	
4	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last	3 4	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first
			Now, I don't see any citation here to the
5	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last	4	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first
5 6	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to	4 5	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live
5 6	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially,	4 5 6	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of
5 6 7 8	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave.	4 5 6 7	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the
5 6 7 8 9	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just	4 5 6 7 8	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case?
5 6 7 8 9	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what	4 5 6 7 8 9	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on
5 7 8 9 0	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made	4 5 7 8 9 10	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding
5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 2	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's	4 5 7 8 9 10 11	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities.
5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's testimony, correct?	4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities. Q. Are you aware of a similar argument being made
5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's testimony, correct? A. Yes, it was.	4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities. Q. Are you aware of a similar argument being made by the Company in the Walla Walla docket?
5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's testimony, correct? A. Yes, it was. Q. If you would turn, please, to page 48, and I'm	4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities. Q. Are you aware of a similar argument being made by the Company in the Walla Walla docket? A. I am not that familiar with the Walla Walla
5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's testimony, correct? A. Yes, it was. Q. If you would turn, please, to page 48, and I'm looking at the question and answer on lines 4 through	4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities. Q. Are you aware of a similar argument being made by the Company in the Walla Walla docket? A. I am not that familiar with the Walla Walla docket.
5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7	<ul> <li>and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last</li> <li>day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to</li> <li>pay their costs of departure. So essentially,</li> <li>nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave.</li> <li>Q. So and to restate the testimony you just</li> <li>gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what</li> <li>you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made</li> <li>this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's</li> <li>testimony, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes, it was.</li> <li>Q. If you would turn, please, to page 48, and I'm</li> <li>looking at the question and answer on lines 4 through</li> <li>18. This question and answer is on your understanding</li> </ul>	4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities. Q. Are you aware of a similar argument being made by the Company in the Walla Walla docket? A. I am not that familiar with the Walla Walla docket. Q. Okay.
5 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's testimony, correct? A. Yes, it was. Q. If you would turn, please, to page 48, and I'm looking at the question and answer on lines 4 through 18. This question and answer is on your understanding of why there is no franchise agreement in place between	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities. Q. Are you aware of a similar argument being made by the Company in the Walla Walla docket? A. I am not that familiar with the Walla Walla docket. Q. Okay. So staying here on page 49, I'm looking now at
5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's testimony, correct? A. Yes, it was. Q. If you would turn, please, to page 48, and I'm looking at the question and answer on lines 4 through 18. This question and answer is on your understanding of why there is no franchise agreement in place between Pacific Power and the counties in which it operates,	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities. Q. Are you aware of a similar argument being made by the Company in the Walla Walla docket? A. I am not that familiar with the Walla Walla docket. Q. Okay. So staying here on page 49, I'm looking now at lines 11 through 19. Here you discuss your
5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9 .0 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .2 .0 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .9 .0 .2 .5 .6 .7 .5 .0 .2 .5 .0 .2 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's testimony, correct? A. Yes, it was. Q. If you would turn, please, to page 48, and I'm looking at the question and answer on lines 4 through 18. This question and answer is on your understanding of why there is no franchise agreement in place between Pacific Power and the counties in which it operates, right?	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities. Q. Are you aware of a similar argument being made by the Company in the Walla Walla docket? A. I am not that familiar with the Walla Walla docket. Q. Okay. So staying here on page 49, I'm looking now at lines 11 through 19. Here you discuss your understanding of current negotiations between
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave. Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's testimony, correct? A. Yes, it was. Q. If you would turn, please, to page 48, and I'm looking at the question and answer on lines 4 through 18. This question and answer is on your understanding of why there is no franchise agreement in place between Pacific Power and the counties in which it operates, right? A. That's correct.	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities. Q. Are you aware of a similar argument being made by the Company in the Walla Walla docket? A. I am not that familiar with the Walla Walla docket. Q. Okay. So staying here on page 49, I'm looking now at lines 11 through 19. Here you discuss your understanding of current negotiations between Pacific Power and CREA, right?
5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 9 0 2 1 2 3 4 5 9 0 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 2 3	<ul> <li>and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave.</li> <li>Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's testimony, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes, it was.</li> <li>Q. If you would turn, please, to page 48, and I'm looking at the question and answer on lines 4 through 18. This question and answer is on your understanding of why there is no franchise agreement in place between Pacific Power and the counties in which it operates, right?</li> <li>A. That's correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities. Q. Are you aware of a similar argument being made by the Company in the Walla Walla docket? A. I am not that familiar with the Walla Walla docket. Q. Okay. So staying here on page 49, I'm looking now at lines 11 through 19. Here you discuss your understanding of current negotiations between Pacific Power and CREA, right? A. Was that a question?
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<ul> <li>and as I've heard here in the testimony over the last day or so, they're paying that CREA was offering to pay their costs of departure. So essentially, nonresidential are being offered incentives to leave.</li> <li>Q. So and to restate the testimony you just gave, it was based on the Company's testimony and what you heard here in the hearing room. So when you made this testimony, it was simply based upon the Company's testimony, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes, it was.</li> <li>Q. If you would turn, please, to page 48, and I'm looking at the question and answer on lines 4 through 18. This question and answer is on your understanding of why there is no franchise agreement in place between Pacific Power and the counties in which it operates, right?</li> <li>A. That's correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And your answer contains six citations to the</li> </ul>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Now, I don't see any citation here to the hypothetical scenario that you presented about first responders being unable to differentiate between live and abandoned facilities. Did you base this portion of your testimony on a Pacific Power argument in the Walla Walla case? A. No, I based the comments beyond the citation on my experience as a utility executive and understanding what happens when there are duplicative facilities. Q. Are you aware of a similar argument being made by the Company in the Walla Walla docket? A. I am not that familiar with the Walla Walla docket. Q. Okay. So staying here on page 49, I'm looking now at lines 11 through 19. Here you discuss your understanding of current negotiations between Pacific Power and CREA, right? A. Was that a question? Q. Yeah. I said, right excuse me I'm just

Docket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III Page 329	6/14/20 Page 33
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 329	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 33
1 letters to Pacific Power's CEO seeking to impose to,	1 Q. Let's turn, please, to your testimony, page 53.
2 excuse me, improve relations, but receiving no response,	2 A. May I add a comment to that last question?
3 and then you state Pacific Power's claim to being unable	3 Q. Sure.
4 to negotiate a service area agreement even in mediation;	4 A. It is apparent it's been a long-term discussion.
5 is that correct?	5 There have been a lot of the back and forth relative to
6 A. That's correct.	6 how this has gone forward. But it's difficult for an
7 Q. Okay.	7 outsider to understand
8 What's your understanding of the actual	8 Q. Sure.
9 chronology of these events?	9 A kind of what's going on behind the scenes and
0 A. I don't know the actual chronology.	10 how much give and take and how much negotiation has
1 Q. Okay.	11 taken place, so
2 Could you please do you have your own	12 Q. Sure.
3 testimony and exhibits in front of you?	13 A trying to get your arms around this situation
4 A. Yes, I do.	14 in a very short time frame is pretty difficult.
5 Q. Okay.	15 Q. Right.
	16 But and I'm just trying to clarify here, you
9 involvement in over the period from 2001 to 2003. Is	19 <b>A. I did try.</b>
20 that your understanding as you look at that, at your	20 Q. And it wasn't an explicit chronology in your
1 exhibit?	21 testimony, right?
A. May I take a moment to read it?	22 A. Not accurate enough, apparently, but intended to
23 Q. Sure, yes.	23 get the flavor across.
A. Thank you.	24 Q. So if you could turn, please, to page 53 of your
25 Yes, that is what it represents.	25 testimony.
Page 330	Page 332
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 330	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 332
1 Q. And I'm assuming well, let me phrase it this	1 A. Um-hmm.
2 way.	2 Q. And I'm looking at lines 2 and 3.
3 Is that what you based your testimony upon?	3 What's the basis for your conclusion that
4 It's not cited here in your actual testimony, but I'm	4 neighboring non-jurisdictional providers continue to
5 assuming that you based it upon that Pacific Power data	5 have access to cheaper sources of wholesale electric
6 response; is that correct?	6 power?
7 A. I believe I based most of it on the Company	7 A. That was based on the some of the testimony I
8 testimony, but also some of the information in the form	8 was reading and some of the response to the questions
9 of this request.	9 that the the thought was that CREA was able to get
0 Q. Okay.	10 access to less-expensive power.
1 If you turn, please, to KAK-14, and please also	11 Q. Were there were any of the providers of that
2 take a moment to review, especially the attachments to	12 information you reviewed anyone besides the Company?
3 that data response. And please confirm if my	13 A. I don't recall that.
4 understanding is correct that the CREA letters that you	14 Q. Please turn to page 57, and looking at lines 18
5 referred to and that you cite here in your testimony	15 through 22.
6 were sent in 2013 and 2015.	16 And my question is what the basis is of your
20 first represented an inability to negotiate with CREA,	20 and responses to comments, and also due to a technical
and then about a decade later, CREA reached out to	21 conference call that we had with the Company.
22 Pacific Power and has received no response?	22 Q. "We," do you mean Public Counsel?
A. That's apparently what you're showing me, yes.	23 <b>A. Yes.</b>
Q. And these are in your exhibits, correct?	24 Q. Okay.
25 <b>A. Yes.</b>	25 If you could turn to page 58, please. I'm

ocket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III Page 333	Page 33
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 333	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 335
1 looking at lines 2 and 3. You testify to the primary	1 quoting here you agree with the Company that the
2 safety concern, which is the construction of redundant	2 redundant facilities are a problem. And again, I want
3 facilities. What's the basis for this statement?	3 to confirm here, do you mean to use the word
A Conversion of the transition of different way	4 "redundant"?
4 A. Can you ask that question a different way, 5 restate it?	
	-
7 Your testimony and statement in the second	7 Q. Okay.
8 sentence of this paragraph, what's the basis for that	8 And I'm now looking at lines 17 through 20 you
9 statement?	9 address safety and NESC policy issues here, right?
0 A. It has to do with the process for notification	10 <b>A. Yes.</b>
1 by customers to Pacific Power of its change, and the	11 Q. Are you familiar with the safety and NEC [sic]
2 process between the notification of disconnection and	12 discussions in the Walla Walla Country Club case?
3 the actual institution of new connection by the new	13 <b>A. No.</b>
4 provider.	14 MR. COWELL: All right. Thank you,
5 I was concerned that there needs to be a process	15 Ms. Kelly.
6 by which both parties, both utility parties are ensuring	16 No further questions, your Honor.
7 that the facilities are not redundant. So I'm looking	17 JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.
8 in this at the process of notification and the process	18 Mr. Pepple?
9 of instituting the new the new service.	19 CROSS-EXAMINATION
0 Q. And when you use the phrase here "redundant	20 BY MR. PEPPLE:
1 facilities," is this synonymous with duplicative	21 Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Kelly.
,	22 A. Good afternoon.
- ···	
	23 Q. Can you turn to page 10 of your testimony,
	24 please?
5 A. It is for redundant.	25 MR. TILL: Which page?
Page 334 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / KELLY 334	Page 33 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 336
1 Q. Okay.	1 MR. PEPPLE: Page 10.
2 And just taking this term "redundant	2 ///^
3 facilities," would you agree that Mr. Bolton testified	3 BY MR. PEPPLE:
4 to only two specific instances of redundant facilities?	4 Q. A few questions for you about fair market value.
5 MR. GREENFIELD: Same objection, your Honor.	5 And I'm looking at starting on line 19 there.
6 We're conflating the two, redundant service and	6 And just for clarity, you've defined Option 2 as the
7 duplicative facilities.	6
	7 customer's option to purchase facilities at fair market
	7 customer's option to purchase facilities at fair market
8 MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking	8 value, correct?
8 MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking 9 to the testimony right here, which plainly says	8 value, correct? 9 A. Yes.
MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking to the testimony right here, which plainly says "redundant facilities."	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking</li> <li>to the testimony right here, which plainly says</li> <li>"redundant facilities."</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking</li> <li>to the testimony right here, which plainly says</li> <li>"redundant facilities."</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly</li> <li>was using the term "redundant" when she meant</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> </ul>
MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking to the testimony right here, which plainly says "redundant facilities." JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly was using the term "redundant" when she meant "duplicative." Was that accurate?	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>13 customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking</li> <li>to the testimony right here, which plainly says</li> <li>"redundant facilities."</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly</li> <li>was using the term "redundant" when she meant</li> <li>"duplicative." Was that accurate?</li> <li>THE WITNESS: I was using redundant as</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>13 customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> <li>14 its remaining customers."</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking</li> <li>to the testimony right here, which plainly says</li> <li>"redundant facilities."</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly</li> <li>was using the term "redundant" when she meant</li> <li>"duplicative." Was that accurate?</li> <li>THE WITNESS: I was using redundant as</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>value, correct?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> <li>its remaining customers."</li> <li>Do you see that?</li> </ul>
MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking to the testimony right here, which plainly says "redundant facilities." JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly was using the term "redundant" when she meant "duplicative." Was that accurate? THE WITNESS: I was using redundant as redundant facilities, and duplicative as duplicative.	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>13 customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> <li>14 its remaining customers."</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking</li> <li>to the testimony right here, which plainly says</li> <li>"redundant facilities."</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly</li> <li>was using the term "redundant" when she meant</li> <li>"duplicative." Was that accurate?</li> <li>THE WITNESS: I was using redundant as</li> <li>redundant facilities, and duplicative as duplicative.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Oh, okay.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>13 customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> <li>14 its remaining customers."</li> <li>15 Do you see that?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking</li> <li>to the testimony right here, which plainly says</li> <li>"redundant facilities."</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly</li> <li>was using the term "redundant" when she meant</li> <li>"duplicative." Was that accurate?</li> <li>THE WITNESS: I was using redundant as</li> <li>redundant facilities, and duplicative as duplicative.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Oh, okay.</li> <li>So can you can you repeat your question?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>13 customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> <li>14 its remaining customers."</li> <li>15 Do you see that?</li> <li>16 A. Yes.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking</li> <li>to the testimony right here, which plainly says</li> <li>"redundant facilities."</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly</li> <li>was using the term "redundant" when she meant</li> <li>"duplicative." Was that accurate?</li> <li>THE WITNESS: I was using redundant as</li> <li>redundant facilities, and duplicative as duplicative.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Oh, okay.</li> <li>So can you can you repeat your question?</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>13 customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> <li>14 its remaining customers."</li> <li>15 Do you see that?</li> <li>16 A. Yes.</li> <li>17 Q. Okay.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking</li> <li>to the testimony right here, which plainly says</li> <li>"redundant facilities."</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly</li> <li>was using the term "redundant" when she meant</li> <li>"duplicative." Was that accurate?</li> <li>THE WITNESS: I was using redundant as</li> <li>redundant facilities, and duplicative as duplicative.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Oh, okay.</li> <li>So can you can you repeat your question?</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. So my question is, since you're confirming that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>13 customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> <li>14 its remaining customers."</li> <li>15 Do you see that?</li> <li>16 A. Yes.</li> <li>17 Q. Okay.</li> <li>18 So can you explain why using fair market value</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking</li> <li>to the testimony right here, which plainly says</li> <li>"redundant facilities."</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly</li> <li>was using the term "redundant" when she meant</li> <li>"duplicative." Was that accurate?</li> <li>THE WITNESS: I was using redundant as</li> <li>redundant facilities, and duplicative as duplicative.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Oh, okay.</li> <li>So can you can you repeat your question?</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. So my question is, since you're confirming that</li> <li>you did use "redundant" and you meant to use "redundant"</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>13 customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> <li>14 its remaining customers."</li> <li>15 Do you see that?</li> <li>16 A. Yes.</li> <li>17 Q. Okay.</li> <li>18 So can you explain why using fair market value</li> <li>19 is a, quote, "valid approach"?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking</li> <li>to the testimony right here, which plainly says</li> <li>"redundant facilities."</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly</li> <li>was using the term "redundant" when she meant</li> <li>"duplicative." Was that accurate?</li> <li>THE WITNESS: I was using redundant as</li> <li>redundant facilities, and duplicative as duplicative.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Oh, okay.</li> <li>So can you can you repeat your question?</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. So my question is, since you're confirming that</li> <li>you did use "redundant" and you meant to use "redundant"</li> <li>facilities, do you agree that Mr. Bolton testified</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>13 customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> <li>14 its remaining customers."</li> <li>15 Do you see that?</li> <li>16 A. Yes.</li> <li>17 Q. Okay.</li> <li>18 So can you explain why using fair market value</li> <li>19 is a, quote, "valid approach"?</li> <li>20 A. Fair market value is a standard means in</li> <li>21 establishing the stranded cost of facilities in the US.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking</li> <li>to the testimony right here, which plainly says</li> <li>"redundant facilities."</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly</li> <li>was using the term "redundant" when she meant</li> <li>"duplicative." Was that accurate?</li> <li>THE WITNESS: I was using redundant as</li> <li>redundant facilities, and duplicative as duplicative.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Oh, okay.</li> <li>So can you can you repeat your question?</li> <li>BY MR. COWELL:</li> <li>Q. So my question is, since you're confirming that</li> <li>you did use "redundant" and you meant to use "redundant"</li> <li>facilities, do you agree that Mr. Bolton testified</li> <li>yesterday that there's only been two specific instances</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>13 customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> <li>14 its remaining customers."</li> <li>15 Do you see that?</li> <li>16 A. Yes.</li> <li>17 Q. Okay.</li> <li>18 So can you explain why using fair market value</li> <li>19 is a, quote, "valid approach"?</li> <li>20 A. Fair market value is a standard means in</li> <li>21 establishing the stranded cost of facilities in the US.</li> <li>22 The fair market value is essentially, if we did a sale</li> </ul>
8       MR. COWELL: Your Honor, I'm just speaking         9       to the testimony right here, which plainly says         0       "redundant facilities."         1       JUDGE PEARSON: I do believe that Ms. Kelly         2       was using the term "redundant" when she meant         3       "duplicative." Was that accurate?         4       THE WITNESS: I was using redundant as         5       redundant facilities, and duplicative as duplicative.         6       JUDGE PEARSON: Oh, okay.         7       So can you can you repeat your question?         8       BY MR. COWELL:         9       Q. So my question is, since you're confirming that         9       you did use "redundant" and you meant to use "redundant"         1       facilities, do you agree that Mr. Bolton testified	<ul> <li>8 value, correct?</li> <li>9 A. Yes.</li> <li>10 Q. Okay.</li> <li>11 So you say that this Option 2 is, quote, "a</li> <li>12 valid approach for establishing a cost of permanent</li> <li>13 customer departure rather than recovering that cost from</li> <li>14 its remaining customers."</li> <li>15 Do you see that?</li> <li>16 A. Yes.</li> <li>17 Q. Okay.</li> <li>18 So can you explain why using fair market value</li> <li>19 is a, quote, "valid approach"?</li> <li>20 A. Fair market value is a standard means in</li> <li>21 establishing the stranded cost of facilities in the US.</li> </ul>

 $_{25}\;$  so that you can then at that point understand what they

	cket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/201
	Page 337		Page 339
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 337		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 339
-			coloulated a different way
	are.	1	calculated a different way.
2	By having an independent appraisal performed of	2	Q. Can you explain that, please?
3	those facilities, by someone who understands what the	3	A. The net book value is essentially the book cost
4	value has been and can research what the value has been	4	less the depreciation. So it ends up typically, it
5	established as in other jurisdictions, or in this same	5	could be a lower value than the fair market value, but
6	jurisdiction, you're essentially saying, okay, this is	6	not in all cases. The fair market value could also come
7	what it is now worth to someone who is going to purchase	7	in less.
8	it and put it in.	8	Q. I guess my question is, if the customer stayed
9	Q. So are you aware of any other circumstance in	9	with the Company, would it pay fair market value for the
.0	which a customer is required to pay fair market value	10	services that it is receiving, or would it pay net book
.1	for dedicated facilities when that customer leaves the	11	value for the services it is receiving?
.2	system?	12	A. In the long term, it would pay the net book.
. 3	A. In the circumstance of municipalization, that	13	Q. Okay.
4	has been one of the approaches taken.	14	Can you turn to page pages 13 [sic] of your
5	Q. Wouldn't that be a condemnation circumstance?	15	testimony. And on this page, and going on to page 15,
6	A. Not necessarily. It's typically a negotiated	16	you identify circumstances that can give rise to
7	settlement in the case of municipalization.	17	stranded costs; is that correct? Specifically, you have
8	Q. Well, would the negotiated settlement be in lieu	18	four examples.
9	of condemnation?	19	A. Yes, that's correct.
0	A. Condemnation is an approach to try and get the	20	Q. And then if you turn to page 15, starting at the
1	municipalization to occur.	21	Q and A on line 14, you identify two minimum conditions
2	Q. Let me ask it a different way.	22	that can give rise to stranded costs.
3	Are you aware of any way for a municipalization	23	And just to summarize those, those would be:
4	to occur without at least the threat of condemnation?	24	Costs will not be avoided when a customer leaves the
25	A. I can't agree to that. I think that there have	25	system, and the second factor is that additional market
	Page 338 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 338		Page 340 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 340
1	been municipalizations where the parties have come to		
2		1	revenues caused by the customer's departure will not
	the table and agreed to move forward without	1 2	revenues caused by the customer's departure will not offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that
3			
	the table and agreed to move forward without	2	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that
3	the table and agreed to move forward without condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't	2 3	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct?
3 4	the table and agreed to move forward without condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't know enough about all the possible condemn	2 3 4	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes.
3 4 5	the table and agreed to move forward without condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't know enough about all the possible condemn municipalizations to accept that.	2 3 4 5	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay.
3 4 5 6	the table and agreed to move forward without condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't know enough about all the possible condemn municipalizations to accept that. Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?	2 3 4 5 6	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded
3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without</li> <li>condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't</li> <li>know enough about all the possible condemn</li> <li>municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without</li> <li>condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't</li> <li>know enough about all the possible condemn</li> <li>municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them?
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without</li> <li>condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't</li> <li>know enough about all the possible condemn</li> <li>municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again?
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without</li> <li>condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't</li> <li>know enough about all the possible condemn</li> <li>municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the</li> <li>top of my head. I can go back to my office and go</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? <b>A. Yes.</b> Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? <b>A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again?</b> Q. Yes.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without</li> <li>condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't</li> <li>know enough about all the possible condemn</li> <li>municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the</li> <li>top of my head. I can go back to my office and go</li> <li>through some of my records and get back to you on that,</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? <b>A. Yes.</b> Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? <b>A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again?</b> Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without</li> <li>condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't</li> <li>know enough about all the possible condemn</li> <li>municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the</li> <li>top of my head. I can go back to my office and go</li> <li>through some of my records and get back to you on that,</li> <li>but I</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again? Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs exist, as you have defined "stranded costs," the
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without</li> <li>condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't</li> <li>know enough about all the possible condemn</li> <li>municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the</li> <li>top of my head. I can go back to my office and go</li> <li>through some of my records and get back to you on that,</li> <li>but I</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again? Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs exist, as you have defined "stranded costs," the utility should receive recovery of them?
3456789012345	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without</li> <li>condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't</li> <li>know enough about all the possible condemn</li> <li>municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the</li> <li>top of my head. I can go back to my office and go</li> <li>through some of my records and get back to you on that,</li> <li>but I</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A don't have one off the top of my head.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again? Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs exist, as you have defined "stranded costs," the utility should receive recovery of them? A. No, I don't think I can say that across the
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 6 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 6 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't know enough about all the possible condemn municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the top of my head. I can go back to my office and go through some of my records and get back to you on that, but I</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A don't have one off the top of my head.</li> <li>Q. Now, looking at the same sentence that we were</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? <b>A. Yes.</b> Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? <b>A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again?</b> Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs exist, as you have defined "stranded costs," the utility should receive recovery of them? <b>A. No, I don't think I can say that across the board.</b>
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without</li> <li>condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't</li> <li>know enough about all the possible condemn</li> <li>municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the</li> <li>top of my head. I can go back to my office and go</li> <li>through some of my records and get back to you on that,</li> <li>but I</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A don't have one off the top of my head.</li> <li>Q. Now, looking at the same sentence that we were</li> <li>just talking about, you say that fair market value is a</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again? Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs exist, as you have defined "stranded costs," the utility should receive recovery of them? A. No, I don't think I can say that across the board. Q. Would you agree that, under your definition of
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 8 9 0 1 2 8 9 1 8 1 8	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without</li> <li>condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't</li> <li>know enough about all the possible condemn</li> <li>municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the</li> <li>top of my head. I can go back to my office and go</li> <li>through some of my records and get back to you on that,</li> <li>but I</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A don't have one off the top of my head.</li> <li>Q. Now, looking at the same sentence that we were</li> <li>just talking about, you say that fair market value is a</li> <li>valid approach rather than recovering, quote, "that cost" from remaining customers.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again? Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs exist, as you have defined "stranded costs," the utility should receive recovery of them? A. No, I don't think I can say that across the board. Q. Would you agree that, under your definition of "stranded costs," stranded costs could be created by a customer going out of business or moving its operations
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without</li> <li>condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't</li> <li>know enough about all the possible condemn</li> <li>municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the</li> <li>top of my head. I can go back to my office and go</li> <li>through some of my records and get back to you on that,</li> <li>but I</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A don't have one off the top of my head.</li> <li>Q. Now, looking at the same sentence that we were</li> <li>just talking about, you say that fair market value is a</li> <li>valid approach rather than recovering, quote, "that</li> <li>cost" from remaining customers.</li> <li>What cost are you referring to?</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again? Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs exist, as you have defined "stranded costs," the utility should receive recovery of them? A. No, I don't think I can say that across the board. Q. Would you agree that, under your definition of "stranded costs," stranded costs could be created by a customer going out of business or moving its operations to another jurisdiction?
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9 .0 .1 2 .3 .4 .5 .7 8 9 .0 .1 2 .3 .4 .5 .7 .9 .0 .1 2 .3 .4 .5 .5 .0 .2 .5 .2 .5 .2 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't know enough about all the possible condemn municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the top of my head. I can go back to my office and go through some of my records and get back to you on that, but I</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A don't have one off the top of my head.</li> <li>Q. Now, looking at the same sentence that we were just talking about, you say that fair market value is a valid approach rather than recovering, quote, "that cost" from remaining customers. What cost are you referring to?</li> <li>A. That would be the costs of the facility that are</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again? Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs exist, as you have defined "stranded costs," the utility should receive recovery of them? A. No, I don't think I can say that across the board. Q. Would you agree that, under your definition of "stranded costs," stranded costs could be created by a customer going out of business or moving its operations to another jurisdiction? A. For a company that's going out of business or a
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 4 .5 .6 7 .8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 4 .5 .6 7 .0 .1 .2 .3 4 .5 .6 7 .8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 4 .5 .6 .7 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .0 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't know enough about all the possible condemn municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the top of my head. I can go back to my office and go through some of my records and get back to you on that, but I</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A don't have one off the top of my head.</li> <li>Q. Now, looking at the same sentence that we were just talking about, you say that fair market value is a valid approach rather than recovering, quote, "that cost" from remaining customers. What cost are you referring to?</li> <li>A. That would be the costs of the facility that are no longer going to be recovered from a departing</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again? Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs exist, as you have defined "stranded costs," the utility should receive recovery of them? A. No, I don't think I can say that across the board. Q. Would you agree that, under your definition of "stranded costs," stranded costs could be created by a customer going out of business or moving its operations to another jurisdiction? A. For a company that's going out of business or a customer who's going out of business that leaves, there
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 8 9 .0 .1 .2 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 8 .9 .0 .1 .2 	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't know enough about all the possible condemn municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the top of my head. I can go back to my office and go through some of my records and get back to you on that, but I</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A don't have one off the top of my head.</li> <li>Q. Now, looking at the same sentence that we were just talking about, you say that fair market value is a valid approach rather than recovering, quote, "that cost" from remaining customers. What cost are you referring to?</li> <li>A. That would be the costs of the facility that are no longer going to be recovered from a departing customer. That would be that cost, the stranded cost.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again? Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs exist, as you have defined "stranded costs," the utility should receive recovery of them? A. No, I don't think I can say that across the board. Q. Would you agree that, under your definition of "stranded costs," stranded costs could be created by a customer going out of business or moving its operations to another jurisdiction? A. For a company that's going out of business or a customer who's going out of business that leaves, there is an opportunity to have another customer move into
3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>the table and agreed to move forward without condemnation. There may have been a threat, but I don't know enough about all the possible condemn municipalizations to accept that.</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. Pardon me?</li> <li>Q. Do you have a specific example to give me?</li> <li>A. I'm sorry. I can't remember one right off the top of my head. I can go back to my office and go through some of my records and get back to you on that, but I</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A don't have one off the top of my head.</li> <li>Q. Now, looking at the same sentence that we were just talking about, you say that fair market value is a valid approach rather than recovering, quote, "that cost" from remaining customers. What cost are you referring to?</li> <li>A. That would be the costs of the facility that are no longer going to be recovered from a departing</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	offset the costs that cannot be avoided; is that correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs as you have defined them exist, that utilities should receive recovery of them? A. I'm sorry. Can you say that again? Q. Yes. Is it your position that, whenever stranded costs exist, as you have defined "stranded costs," the utility should receive recovery of them? A. No, I don't think I can say that across the board. Q. Would you agree that, under your definition of "stranded costs," stranded costs could be created by a customer going out of business or moving its operations to another jurisdiction? A. For a company that's going out of business or a customer who's going out of business that leaves, there

Docket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III	6/14/201
Page 341	Page 343
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 341	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 343
1 A. There could also be a long-term period.	1 footnote.
2 Q. So there could, in fact, be stranded costs in	2 Q. And the citation for this exhibit is footnote 27
3 that circumstance?	3 on page 15 of your testimony.
4 A. There could, in fact, be costs that have to be	4 A. Yes, I'll accept that, subject to check.
5 recovered from the remaining customers.	5 Q. Okay.
6 Q. And are those stranded costs under your	6 Now, can you turn to Exhibit KAK-21X? And I
7 definition?	7 will represent to you that this is the case that you
8 <b>A. Yes.</b>	8 have cited as the other example on page 15 at footnote
9 Q. Okay.	9 26 of your testimony.
10 So turning to page 16, lines 14 through 19, you	10 Do you agree to that?
11 say that the situation in this case is an example of	11 <b>A. Yes.</b>
12 stranded costs arising in the absence of a franchise	12 Q. Okay.
13 agreement, correct?	13 Can you turn to page 9 of this exhibit? Let me
14 A. Yes.	14 know when you're there. Are you there?
15 Q. And that would be the same as example No. 4 on	15 <b>A. Yes, I am.</b>
16 page 15 of your list?	16 Q. Okay.
17 A. When you say "the same as"	17 Now, toward the bottom of this exhibit, this
18 Q. I mean, so you have four examples of	18 page, there's an indented quote where the court here is
19 circumstances that can create stranded costs. The	19 quoting a Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission. Can
<ul> <li>example that this one fits, at least the best in, is in</li> <li>example No. 4.</li> </ul>	20 you read that indent in quotes, starting with "Regarding 21 Peoples' argument"?
22 Would you agree with that? 23 A. As the best fit, yes.	A. "Regarding Peoples' argument that if Phillips is permitted to provide gas service to IU and McCreary
24 Q. Okay.	24 under the competitive policy that Peoples will lose
25 And then on page 15, lines 6 through 10, you	25 other industrial loads to the ultimate rate disadvantage
Page 342	Page 344
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 342	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 344
1 cite two prior examples of this type of stranded cost,	1 of residential and industrial customers, Peoples
2 correct?	2 overlooks the fact that the Commission has authorized
3 A. What page?	3 flexible rates to meet gas-to-gas competition, as well
4 Q. Page 15, lines 6 through 10, speaking of the	4 as competition from alternate fuels, and that such rates
5 example No. 4.	5 can be found in Peoples' tariff. Peoples, as well as
6 A. Yes. Thank you.	6 other jurisdictional gas utilities, has been confronted
7 Q. So can you turn to cross-exhibit KAK-20X now?	7 with customers who have, or have threatened to switch to
8 Would you agree that this is a printout of the	8 alternate fuels, self-help gas and to transportation
9 link that you have identified on footnote 27 on page 15;	9 gas. In light of this situation, the Commission, as it
10 this is the farm taps example?	10 is authorized to do, has concluded that it is in public
11 A. Yes, it is.	11 interest to spur the efficiencies that are created by
12 Q. Okay.	12 competition by permitting customers to choose among
13 Now, I've read this a couple of times and I	13 suppliers in overlapping service territories. By making
14 haven't seen any discussion of stranded costs. Did I	14 gas utilities more efficient, losses to competing fuels
15 miss something there?	15 and unregulated sources of gas will be minimized."
16 A. I would have to review the report again with	16 Q. Okay.
17 that in mind.	And then the sentence right after that says, 18 "Our examination of the record leads us to a conclusion
<ul> <li>18 Q. Okay.</li> <li>19 Well, can you would you accept, subject to</li> </ul>	
	21       Q. Okay.         22       Now, you would agree with me, then, that in this
22 A. If you give me one second. What page were we 23 on?	23 case, no stranded costs were authorized?
2.3 Q. Well, I'm looking at Exhibit KAK-20X.	A. No stranded costs were authorized, but there
21	
A. Right. Yep. I was looking to go back to the	25 was this is essentially documenting the fact that, in

	6/14/201
Page 345	Page 347
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 345	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 347
1 a competitive situation such as this, the decision was	1 A. I don't believe that's quite accurate.
2 made that it is an alternative fuels competition.	2 Q. Well, how about if you look up at line 7? It
3 Q. Well okay.	3 says, "The model would have difficulty detecting any
4 Are you aware of any circumstance in which a	4 difference with and without a typical Walla Walla
5 utility was awarded stranded costs simply because it	5 customer included in total load to be served."
6 operated without a franchise agreement?	6 Do you see that?
7 A. No. As I said, this is a unique situation here	7 A. Yes, I do.
8 in the state of Washington.	8 Q. Okay.
9 Q. Okay.	9 And then down on line 12, you say, "running such
10 Can you turn to page 19 of your testimony? On	10 models for each departing customer would be
11 this page and going on to the next, you identify four	11 time-consuming and costly for a utility to perform, and
12 ways of identifying fixed costs, which are an	12 not easily understood by departing customers."
13 engineering analysis, direct categorization, planning	13 S0
17 Now, can you turn to page 24, please? Now, here	
18 at lines 16 to 17, you note that Pacific Power shows the	18 A. If I could state my own opinion, I think that
19 direct categorization method for identifying fixed	19 the difficulty in using these models is the reason that
20 costs, correct?	20 I rejected using them. It is because these models are
A. Correct.	21 very expensive, they require a lot of data, it is very
2.2 Q. And you agree with this decision; is that right?	22 difficult to see a change, and typically what you do
A. To use that approach?	23 with these models is you do a change case. You do a
24 Q. Yes.	24 base case with all the customers in place and a change
25 A. Yes, to the extent that I recognize how	25 case with the departed customers.
Page 346 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 346	Page 348 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 348
1 difficult it is to do some of the preferred approaches,	1 Unless that number is sufficiently large, it is
<ol> <li>difficult it is to do some of the preferred approaches,</li> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Unless that number is sufficiently large, it is</li> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> </ol>
2 which would be the full planning and financial model.	2 very difficult to see the differences in the costs
<ol> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> </ol>	<ul><li>2 very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li><li>3 associated with those customers that are no longer</li></ul>
<ul> <li>2 which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>3 Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>4 So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>7 So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> <li>you're aware of, is to use a planning and financial</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> <li>Q. I guess just to cut to the chase, in your</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> <li>you're aware of, is to use a planning and financial</li> <li>model; isn't that right?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> <li>Q. I guess just to cut to the chase, in your</li> <li>stranded cost analysis, you ignore additional market</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> <li>you're aware of, is to use a planning and financial</li> <li>model; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. It is the most accurate method, yes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> <li>Q. I guess just to cut to the chase, in your</li> <li>stranded cost analysis, you ignore additional market</li> <li>revenues?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> <li>you're aware of, is to use a planning and financial</li> <li>model; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. It is the most accurate method, yes.</li> <li>Q. Well, you say that this is the only one that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> <li>Q. I guess just to cut to the chase, in your</li> <li>stranded cost analysis, you ignore additional market</li> <li>revenues?</li> <li>A. Can you restate that?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> <li>you're aware of, is to use a planning and financial</li> <li>model; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. It is the most accurate method, yes.</li> <li>Q. Well, you say that this is the only one that</li> <li>you're aware of that can be used; isn't that right?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> <li>Q. I guess just to cut to the chase, in your</li> <li>stranded cost analysis, you ignore additional market</li> <li>revenues?</li> <li>A. Can you restate that?</li> <li>Q. In your stranded cost analysis that you did in</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> <li>you're aware of, is to use a planning and financial</li> <li>model; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. It is the most accurate method, yes.</li> <li>Q. Well, you say that this is the only one that</li> <li>you're aware of that can be used; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> <li>Q. I guess just to cut to the chase, in your</li> <li>stranded cost analysis, you ignore additional market</li> <li>revenues?</li> <li>A. Can you restate that?</li> <li>Q. In your stranded cost analysis that you did in</li> <li>this case, you ignore additional market revenues?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> <li>you're aware of, is to use a planning and financial</li> <li>model; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. It is the most accurate method, yes.</li> <li>Q. Well, you say that this is the only one that</li> <li>you're aware of that can be used; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> <li>Q. I guess just to cut to the chase, in your</li> <li>stranded cost analysis, you ignore additional market</li> <li>revenues?</li> <li>A. Can you restate that?</li> <li>Q. In your stranded cost analysis that you did in</li> <li>this case, you ignore additional market revenues?</li> <li>A. No, we don't. We basically it's suggested</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> <li>you're aware of, is to use a planning and financial</li> <li>model; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. It is the most accurate method, yes.</li> <li>Q. Well, you say that this is the only one that</li> <li>you're aware of that can be used; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> <li>Q. I guess just to cut to the chase, in your</li> <li>stranded cost analysis, you ignore additional market</li> <li>revenues?</li> <li>A. Can you restate that?</li> <li>Q. In your stranded cost analysis that you did in</li> <li>this case, you ignore additional market revenues?</li> <li>A. No, we don't. We basically it's suggested</li> <li>that the Company needs to include that consideration,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> <li>you're aware of, is to use a planning and financial</li> <li>model; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. It is the most accurate method, yes.</li> <li>Q. Well, you say that this is the only one that</li> <li>you're aware of that can be used; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> <li>Q. I guess just to cut to the chase, in your</li> <li>stranded cost analysis, you ignore additional market</li> <li>revenues?</li> <li>A. Can you restate that?</li> <li>Q. In your stranded cost analysis that you did in</li> <li>this case, you ignore additional market revenues?</li> <li>A. No, we don't. We basically it's suggested</li> <li>that the Company needs to include that consideration,</li> <li>but we did not do the stranded cost calculation work</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> <li>you're aware of, is to use a planning and financial</li> <li>model; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. It is the most accurate method, yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Well, you say that this is the only one that</li> <li>you're aware of that can be used; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>But ultimately, you reject using this approach</li> <li>because it would yield an insignificant amount of</li> <li>revenue; isn't that right?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> <li>Q. I guess just to cut to the chase, in your</li> <li>stranded cost analysis, you ignore additional market</li> <li>revenues?</li> <li>A. Can you restate that?</li> <li>Q. In your stranded cost analysis that you did in</li> <li>this case, you ignore additional market revenues?</li> <li>A. No, we don't. We basically it's suggested</li> <li>that the Company needs to include that consideration,</li> <li>But we did not do the stranded cost calculation work</li> <li>Q. But you do not include any additional market</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>which would be the full planning and financial model.</li> <li>Q. Right. Okay. Okay.</li> <li>So can you turn to page 36 of your testimony?</li> <li>And I'm looking at line 16 here. And here in this</li> <li>section, we're talking about the other side of the</li> <li>stranded costs methodology, which is determining</li> <li>additional market revenues, correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>And you with respect to determining these</li> <li>additional market revenues, you note that the only</li> <li>acceptable method of determining these revenues, that</li> <li>you're aware of, is to use a planning and financial</li> <li>model; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. It is the most accurate method, yes.</li> <li>Q. Well, you say that this is the only one that</li> <li>you're aware of that can be used; isn't that right?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>But ultimately, you reject using this approach</li> <li>because it would yield an insignificant amount of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>very difficult to see the differences in the costs</li> <li>associated with those customers that are no longer</li> <li>there. So while it is the most appropriate and the most</li> <li>correct way to get at the cost, it is very difficult to</li> <li>do.</li> <li>So one has to make assumptions of large enough</li> <li>load sizes leaving the system to ensure that you're</li> <li>going to be able to get data that, then, says, here are</li> <li>what the stranded costs are. It is a preferred</li> <li>approach, by all means</li> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>A it's the most accurate.</li> <li>Q. I guess just to cut to the chase, in your</li> <li>stranded cost analysis, you ignore additional market</li> <li>revenues?</li> <li>A. Can you restate that?</li> <li>Q. In your stranded cost analysis that you did in</li> <li>this case, you ignore additional market revenues?</li> <li>A. No, we don't. We basically it's suggested</li> <li>that the Company needs to include that consideration,</li> <li>but we did not do the stranded cost calculation work</li> </ul>

		6/14/20
Page 349		Page 351
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 349		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 351
recommend that they should be considered, yes	1	Mr. Meredith can you explain to me the relationship
	_	between an IRP and stranded costs?
	_	A. The IRP establishes how the utility will acquire
		the appropriate resources to serve their load.
	_	Q. So how does an IRP help a utility avoid costs it
		has already incurred?
		•
-		A. It's actually avoiding costs that are variable
		costs over time. So they're avoiding some of the
		variable costs, and they're also not making decisions to
C C		acquire new facilities or to enter into contracts
		Q. And I guess
		A so that will help in that case.
	13	Q if if a customer leaves and the utility
categorization or the cost-of-service approach to do	14	decides not to acquire a new resource as a consequence,
that.	15	that would seem to me to represent an avoided cost to
Q. Well, didn't you just say that additional market	16	the utility.
revenues are also not easily attributable, or that	17	A. Avoided cost can be similar to a stranded cost.
this using a planning and financial model for	18	Q. How so?
additional market revenues in this case is not easily	19	A. Primarily what you're looking at is, in an IRP,
used in either?	20	you're essentially establishing what the cost to serve
A. That's correct. But if you go back to the	21	the customer will be for the next we'll use five
direct categorization method, you can allocate you	22	years, so the IRP establishes that. If the Company goes
can just you can set up what the fixed costs are in	23	out and sits there and looks at its IRP and says, okay,
that case.	24	I'm not going to enter into that agreement now, so now
Q. So why would it be inappropriate to use a	25	the the level of standard costs is lower, because
Page 350		Page 352
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 350		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 352
planning and financial model simply because the results	1	they've just made a decision not to do something.
are small?	2	Q. But how is that cost stranded at all since they
A. It is difficult to develop what the actual value	3	never incurred that cost?
is for the small customer using a model that's trying to	4	A. It's included in the power costs going forward.
model a system that's a thousand megawatts in size. So	5	Q. It's included in the power costs when the
on a relative basis, it's very difficult to get the	6	customer leaves?
results from that model, because, as I said, you're	7	A. No, it's included in the power costs that the
typically using a change case. And in that change case,	8	customer would have paid over time. Now, I understand
there are, within the error of the model, that number	9	that the stranded cost analysis excludes the net power
could fall within that range of error that is always in	10	costs, but it does not exclude the fixed power costs
some of those planning models.	11	associated with that. So if they make some decisions
Q. Okay. All right.		over time, that that may help.
So turning to the time period, I think we've		Q. Okay.
		And to your knowledge, does an IRP address every
		fixed cost a utility has?
		A. No.
A. That's correct.	17	Q. Okay.
Q which PacifiCorp accepted on rebuttal. Okay?	18	Now, why would three IRP cycles be necessary
a. miori aunoorp accepted on rebuttal. Ordy:	ΤQ	rather than just one?
Can you turn to page 41 of your testimony	10	
Can you turn to page 41 of your testimony,	19	A It gives the Company time to make some changes
please? And if you're at line 8 through 12, you	20	A. It gives the Company time to make some changes
please? And if you're at line 8 through 12, you recommend a six-year period because it is consistent	20 21	in its acquisition. It gives the Company time to make
please? And if you're at line 8 through 12, you recommend a six-year period because it is consistent with three IRP planning cycles; is that right?	20 21 22	in its acquisition. It gives the Company time to make some changes in its operations and planning.
please? And if you're at line 8 through 12, you recommend a six-year period because it is consistent	20 21	in its acquisition. It gives the Company time to make
	<ul> <li>Q. Well, didn't you just say that additional market revenues are also not easily attributable, or that this using a planning and financial model for additional market revenues in this case is not easily used in either?</li> <li>A. That's correct. But if you go back to the direct categorization method, you can allocate you can just you can set up what the fixed costs are in that case.</li> <li>Q. So why would it be inappropriate to use a</li> <li>Page 350</li> <li>CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 350</li> <li>planning and financial model simply because the results are small?</li> <li>A. It is difficult to develop what the actual value is for the small customer using a model that's trying to model a system that's a thousand megawatts in size. So on a relative basis, it's very difficult to get the results from that model, because, as I said, you're typically using a change case. And in that change case, there are, within the error of the model, that number could fall within that range of error that is always in some of those planning models.</li> <li>Q. Okay. All right.</li> <li>So turning to the time period, I think we've established that PacifiCorp originally proposed a ten-year period over to calculate the stranded costs, and you proposed a six-year period</li> </ul>	Q. But I guess, did you do a stranded cost analysis       2         in this case?       3         A. I did not do the stranded cost calculation. I       4         spoke to the method for doing stranded cost, but I did       5         not calculate them.       6         Q. Okay.       7         Now, why, in your opinion, would it be       8         appropriate to calculate fixed costs using one method,       9         but to calculate additional market revenues using       10         another method?       11         A. The fixed costs are not easily attributed by       12         this method, and it is more appropriate to use a direct       13         categorization or the cost-of-service approach to do       14         that.       15         Q. Well, didn't you just say that additional market       16         revenues are also not easily attributable, or that       17         this - using a planning and financial model for       18         additional market revenues in this case is not easily       19         used in either?       20         A. That's correct. But if you go back to the       21         direct categorization method, you can allocate you       22         can just you can set up what the fixed costs are in       23

	CKET NO. UE-161204 - VOI. III		6/14/20
	Page 353 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 353		Page 355 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 355
1	the time period for the analysis from ten to no more	1	to try and balance that. Six years appears to include
2	than six years.	2	sufficient time for the Company to make modifications
3	Do you see that?	3	and allow other customers to understand to get some
4	A. Yes, I do.	4	support for the costs that they weren't paying before.
5	Q. Does that mean that one year would be	5	Q. Okay. Thank you, Ms. Kelly.
6	sufficient?	6	Can you turn to page 48, lines 14 through 18?
7	A. No, it does not.	7	You state here that Pacific Power has sustained revenue
8	Q. Does that mean any period less than six years	8	loss because Columbia REA has offered rates to large
9	would be sufficient?	9	customers that are locked in for five years, among other
10	A. No, that's not what it says.	10	incentives. Do you see that?
11	Q. Well, it says no more than, so does that mean	11	A. I don't what line?
12	just six? A. We recommended six.	12	Q. Lines 14 through 18. I'm sorry. I'm on the
13		13	wrong page. A. Thank you.
14	<ul> <li>Q. Okay.</li> <li>Did you do any analysis to determine that a</li> </ul>	14	Q. No, sorry. It's lines 15 through 18, "The
15	six-year period accurately captures Pacific Power's	15 16	Company has sustained gradual"
16 17	stranded costs from a customer departure other than what	17	A. Are we on page 48?
	is presented in your testimony?	18	Q. Page 48, at the end of line 15, you say the
18 19	A. I recommended the six-year period because, in my	19	Company has, quote, "sustained gradual revenue loss due
20	opinion, it was more reflective of the time when the	20	to several large customers requesting disconnection from
21	Company would be able to adjust its operations, as	20	Pacific Power in favor of being served by CREA, who has
22	opposed to ten years, balancing that with the thought	22	offered rates that are locked in for five years, among
23	that the current situation in Washington encourages	23	other incentives."
24	competition. So wanting to protect the customers who	24	Do you see that?
25	remain, and yet trying to keep the costs of the stranded	25	A. Okay. Now I see it. Thank you.
	Page 354		Page 356
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 354		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 356
1	costs for customers who are choosing to depart	1	Q. Okay.
2	relatively low on that basis.	2	Is this statement based exclusively on the
3	It was a balancing act, a balancing	3	testimony of Mr. Dalley?
4	recommendation to try and take the perspectives of both	4	A. Yes, it is.
5	parties into play, as opposed to erring on the side of	5	Q. So you have no personal knowledge of Columbia
6	giving the Company as much stranded costs as you can	6	REA locking rates in for five years?
7	get, or allowing the customer not to contribute at all	7	A. No, I don't.
8	to the remaining customers who are non-participants.	8	Q. What incentives has Columbia REA offered
9	Q. So in other words, your recommendation is not	9	Pacific Power's customers that you have personal
10	intended to determine stranded costs as accurately as	10	knowledge of?
11	they could be determined?	11	A. I don't have any personal knowledge of it.
12	A. I don't think I'd agree with that statement.	12	Q. Okay.
13	Q. Well, you said that it was a balancing between	13	Can we turn to page 53, please? At line 11, you
14	the interests of departing customers and the interests	14	state, "I have specific knowledge from responses to
15	of remaining customers.	15	discovery in this proceeding that CREA does not offer
16	A. I understand what you're saying. I recommend	16	such programs," and here I'll represent to you that
17	that we that the Commission ensure that the Company	17	we're talking about energy efficiency and low-income
18	calculates stranded costs as accurately as it can. But	18	programs, correct?
19	what the Commission is going to decide is, what is the	19	A. That's correct.
20	appropriate time frame? And that time frame is going to	20	Q. Okay.
21	have to be balanced based on what the impact is on the	21	"But customers are able to obtain similar
22	remaining customers versus the impact on the departing	22	assistance and benefits through other organizations."
~ ~	au atamara		
	customers.	23	And let's see so can you turn to your Exhibit
23 24	customers. And that's a balance point that a decision has	23 24	

Dockel No. UE-161204 - Vol. III	6/14/201
Page 357 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 357	Page 359 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 359
1 Q. Okay.	1 A. No, I don't.
2 And in subsection A of this response, Columbia	2 Q that okay.
3 REA notes that its low-income members receive assistance	3 So I guess by saying that these programs is
4 from Blue Mountain Action Council.	4 limited [sic] the oversight, you simply mean that it's
5 Do you see that?	5 different than the oversight the Commission provides
6 A. Correct.	6 Pacific Power's programs?
7 Q. Okay.	7 A. Yes. My conclusion is that it's different
8 Now, can you turn the page? And at the top	8 oversight. It doesn't receive the same scrutiny or
9 there, it says, "In addition to support through BMAC,	9 oversight that the Commission provides to
10 CREA provides assistance to its low-income members	10 Q. So this
11 through rate reductions for these members. During the	11 A Pacific Power's programs.
12 period requested, CREA provided \$10,873 in rate	12 Q. This oversight could be greater or it could be
13 assistance for its low-income members."	13 less, as far as you know?
1.4 Do you see that? 1.5 <b>A. I see that, yes.</b>	14 <b>A. I don't know.</b> 15 Q. Okay.
L6 Q. Okay.	16 Then moving down to line 12, you note that you 17 "do not know from CREA's response to discovery whether
<ul> <li>Now, can you turn to KAK-18, please?</li> <li>A. KAK</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>17 "do not know from CREA's response to discovery whether</li> <li>18 the savings ramp up or down over time, and we do not</li> </ul>
19 Q. 18.	19 have a comparison of budget to actual spending and
20 <b>A 18</b> .	20 savings to evaluate whether CREA's program design is
2. Q. Now, here, in the response in the second	21 effective. As an example, CREA states that over the
22 paragraph, it states that "Over the past five years,	22 past five years it has, quote, paid out an annual
23 CREA has paid out an annual average of \$288,820 for	23 average of 288,820 for energy efficiency. It is not
24 energy efficiency."	24 clear whether these expenditures were cost-effective or
25 Do you see that?	25 related to a specified conservation target."
Page 358 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 358	Page 360 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PEPPLE / KELLY 360
1 A. That's correct.	1 Do you see that?
2 Q. Okay.	2 A. Yes, I do.
3 Now, can you go back to your testimony, page 53?	3 Q. Did you ask for any of that information in
4 You would agree that the passage we were just discussing	4 discovery?
5 is not accurate, correct, based on based on those	5 A. Subject to check, I believe we did ask for
6 exhibits where you say that you have specific knowledge	6 information about that. I do know that we went to your
7 that CREA does not offer its own low-income and	7 website I went to your website and tried to find
8 energy-efficiency programs?	8 information about the programs, and there was very
9 A. Yes.	9 little information there.
L0 Q. All right. Just a couple more questions,	10 Q. Okay.
11 Ms. Kelly.	11 Did you ask for Columbia REA's budgeted energy
Page 56. I'm looking at lines 10 through 12.	12 efficiencies? 13 <b>A. I don't remember.</b>
1.3 You say, "Since publicly owned utility energy ^ -	
14 efficiency programs receive limited oversight, it is 15 difficult to be assured that CREA will continue to offer	<ul><li>1.4 Q. Did you ask for whether there was a conservation</li><li>1.5 target that CREA has to meet?</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>15 target that CREA has to meet?</li> <li>16 A. I don't recall.</li> </ul>
	17 Q. Okay.
Do you see that?	18 If you could turn back to page 45. Now, my
Do you see that? 19 A. Yes.	<ul> <li>18 If you could turn back to page 45. Now, my</li> <li>19 understanding is that, by reducing the stranded cost</li> </ul>
Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. How do you know that Columbia REA's	<ul> <li>18 If you could turn back to page 45. Now, my</li> <li>19 understanding is that, by reducing the stranded cost</li> <li>20 recovery fee period from ten years to six years, you</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Do you see that?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. How do you know that Columbia REA's</li> <li>energy-efficiency programs receive limited oversight?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If you could turn back to page 45. Now, my</li> <li>understanding is that, by reducing the stranded cost</li> <li>recovery fee period from ten years to six years, you</li> <li>reduced the revenue multiplier for residential</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Do you see that?</li> <li>A. Yes.</li> <li>Q. How do you know that Columbia REA's</li> <li>energy-efficiency programs receive limited oversight?</li> <li>A. I don't know what oversight beyond your board of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If you could turn back to page 45. Now, my</li> <li>understanding is that, by reducing the stranded cost</li> <li>recovery fee period from ten years to six years, you</li> <li>reduced the revenue multiplier for residential</li> <li>customers, but you kept the revenue multiplier for</li> </ul>
Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. How do you know that Columbia REA's energy-efficiency programs receive limited oversight?	<ul> <li>If you could turn back to page 45. Now, my</li> <li>understanding is that, by reducing the stranded cost</li> <li>recovery fee period from ten years to six years, you</li> <li>reduced the revenue multiplier for residential</li> </ul>

	Kel NO. UE-101204 - VOI. III		0/14/201
	Page 361 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD / KELLY 361		Page 363 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / KELLY 363
1	A. That's correct.	1	analysis?
2	Q. Okay.	2	A. No.
3	And I believe Mr. Cowell quoted you here at	3	Q. And in particular, what was the goal of your
4	lines 16 through 18, you say, "Nonresidential customers'	4	analysis?
5	fees should be determined by a multiplier as originally	5	A. The goal of the analysis was to ensure that the
б	proposed because these customers are likely to depart	6	remaining customers were protected from the departure of
7	upon being offered incentives from a competitive	7	customers going to another service another system.
8	supplier."	8	Q. And with respect to the departing customers,
9	Do you see that?	9	what was the goal there?
LO	A. Yes, I do.	10	A. The goal was to try and make sure that the
1	Q. So would it be fair to say, then, that you	11	decision decisions made relative to the Company's
L2	maintained a higher revenue multiplier in order to	12	proposal were such that we were not trying to deter them
L3	prevent these customers from leaving?	13	from leaving, just ensure that they're paying some part
14	A. No. In fact, we left the nonresidential	14	of the costs that will no longer be recovered. If I
.5	multiplier primarily because we were trying to ensure	15	could add to that, again, it was a balance, trying to
6	that residential customers had a cap. We just did not	16	ensure that both sets of parties get treated fairly.
L7	address the nonresidential. There was no decision to	17	Q. So there were protections on both sides of that
18	penalize those customers.	18	coin?
L9	Q. Okay.	19	A. Yes.
20	MR. PEPPLE: No more questions.	20	Q. You were asked a number of questions about
21	JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.	21	accuracy and how important accuracy were [sic], and
22	Mr. Greenfield, did you have anything?	22	those those questions came from a number of
23	MR. GREENFIELD: Just two, your Honor.	23	questioners.
24	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.	24	A. Yes, I do [sic].
25	CROSS-EXAMINATION	25	Q. Is the Company's proposal in this case perfect?
	Page 362 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / KELLY 362		Page 364 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / KELLY 364
1	BY MR. GREENFIELD:	1	A. No.
2	Q. Ms. Kelly, do you have any personal knowledge as	2	Q. And is its imperfection a reason to do nothing
3	to Pacific Power's responses to the two letters from	3	in this case?
4	Columbia REA that appear at KAK-14?	4	A. Absolutely not. The situation is has been in
5	A. I do not.	5	place for a number of years and should be addressed.
6	Q. And in its modified proposal, the Company did	6	Q. You were asked a number of questions about
7	address freed-up energy, or as Mr. Pepple used the term,	7	stranded cost calculations and various methodologies.
8	additional market revenues, correct?	8	Are stranded cost calculations cookie-cutter by
9	A. That's correct.	9	nature? Would the same methodology apply across all
0	MR. GREENFIELD: Thank you.	10	cases?
.1	JUDGE PEARSON: Ms. Gafken, did you have	11	A. No, not likely. It's all dependent on what the
2	any?	12	case is and what the considerations are. And each
.3	MS. GAFKEN: I just have a little bit of	13	jurisdiction does it its own way.
.4	redirect.	14	Q. You were asked questions, I believe, by
5	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.	15	Mr. Cowell with respect to the low-income and
6	MS. GAFKEN: I'll try to be quick.	16	energy-efficiency obligations, and including those
.7		17	amounts in the stranded cost calculation.
-	BY MS. GAFKEN:	18	Do you remember do you recall those
.9	Q. Ms. Kelly, Mr. Casey for Staff asked you	19	questions?
20	questions about erring on the side of remaining	20	A. Generally.
21	customers in fairness.	21	Q. Are there particular policy reasons that you had
22	Do you recall those questions?	22	in mind when you included your recommendation to include
23	A. Ido.	23	system benefit charges in the stranded cost calculation?
24	Q. Do you recall whether you were instructed to	24	A. To ensure that the remaining customers are not
25	favor one set of customers over another in your	25	required to pay the costs that would have been paid by

Page 365	Page 367
REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / KELLY 365	DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / PANCO 367
1 the departing customer and to ensure that the programs	1 the record, please.
2 remain in place.	2 THE WITNESS: David Panco, P-A-N-C-O.
3 Q. Do you see system benefit charges being imposed	3 JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.
4 in other jurisdictions	4 Mr. Casey?
5	
6 Q in your work?	
7 A. Yes.	7 Q. Mr. Panco, the parties have already stipulated
8 Q. Mr. Pepple for CREA asked you a question about,	8 to the entry of your testimony and exhibits, which are
9 if a customer stayed on the system, would they pay net	9 DJP-1T through DJP-14X.
0 book value; do you recall that line of questioning?	10 Mr. Panco, do you have any changes or
1 A. Ido.	11 corrections to your pre-filed testimony or exhibits?
2 Q. If the customer stayed on Pacific Power's	12 A. No, I don't.
3 system, would the costs associated with that customer	13 Q. And if I asked you the questions set forth in
4 shift to other customers?	14 your pre-filed testimony and exhibits today, would your
5 <b>A. No.</b>	15 answers be the same?
6 Q. With respect to the cross-exhibit let me get	16 A. Yes, they would be.
7 the number here KAK-20X, this is the one that deals	17 MR. CASEY: Mr. Panco is available for
8 with farm caps.	18 cross-examination and questions from the bench.
9 <b>A. Yes.</b>	19 JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Great.
Q. I'm going to try to clarify this a little bit	20 Mr. Greenfield?
for the record and see if I can refresh memory.	21 MR. GREENFIELD: Your Honor, in reviewing
2 Do you recall if this reference was to define	22 the exhibits that have been admitted already, I think
3 what a "farm cap" was?	23 we'd like to take the same approach as we did with
$_4$ A. Can you ask that again? I'm sorry.	24 Ms. Kelly, and just reserve the opportunity at the end
Q. Do you recall whether this reference was to aid	25 for questioning, but waive at this time.
Page 366	Page 368
REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / KELLY 366	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / PANCO 368
1 in defining what a "farm cap" was versus defining a	1 JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. That sounds good.
2 stranded cost calculation with respect to farm caps?	2 Then Ms. Gafken?
3 A. Yes, it was. Thank you.	3 CROSS-EXAMINATION
4 MS. GAFKEN: Frankly, that may have been my	4 BY MS. GAFKEN:
5 fault because I had no idea what a farm cap was.	-
5	5 Q. Good afternoon.
6 That's all I have Thank you	5 Q. Good afternoon.
6 That's all I have. Thank you.	6 A. Hello.
7 JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> </ul>
7     JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.       8     Are there any questions from the bench?	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>8 which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> <li>a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> <li>a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the</li> <li>record and reconvene at 3:10.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> <li>a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the</li> <li>record and reconvene at 3:10.</li> <li>(A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> <li>a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the</li> <li>record and reconvene at 3:10.</li> <li>(A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.)</li> <li>to 3:14 p.m.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> <li>a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the</li> <li>record and reconvene at 3:10.</li> <li>(A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.)</li> <li>to 3:14 p.m.)</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> <li>a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the</li> <li>record and reconvene at 3:10.</li> <li>(A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.)</li> <li>to 3:14 p.m.)</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the</li> <li>record, and Mr. Panco is on the stand.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. The goal of this proceeding is not to prevent</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> <li>a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the</li> <li>record and reconvene at 3:10.</li> <li>(A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.)</li> <li>to 3:14 p.m.)</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the</li> <li>record, and Mr. Panco is on the stand.</li> <li>So if you would please stand and raise your</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. The goal of this proceeding is not to prevent</li> <li>the migration of customers from one provider to another,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> <li>a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the</li> <li>record and reconvene at 3:10.</li> <li>(A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.)</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the</li> <li>record, and Mr. Panco is on the stand.</li> <li>So if you would please stand and raise your</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. The goal of this proceeding is not to prevent</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> <li>a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the</li> <li>record and reconvene at 3:10.</li> <li>(A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.)</li> <li>to 3:14 p.m.)</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the</li> <li>record, and Mr. Panco is on the stand.</li> <li>So if you would please stand and raise your</li> <li>right hand, I will swear you in.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. The goal of this proceeding is not to prevent</li> <li>the migration of customers from one provider to another,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> <li>a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the</li> <li>record and reconvene at 3:10.</li> <li>(A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.)</li> <li>to 3:14 p.m.)</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the</li> <li>record, and Mr. Panco is on the stand.</li> <li>So if you would please stand and raise your</li> <li>right hand, I will swear you in.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. The goal of this proceeding is not to prevent</li> <li>the migration of customers from one provider to another,</li> <li>is it?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.</li> <li>Are there any questions from the bench?</li> <li>Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take</li> <li>a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the</li> <li>record and reconvene at 3:10.</li> <li>(A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.)</li> <li>to 3:14 p.m.)</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the</li> <li>record, and Mr. Panco is on the stand.</li> <li>So if you would please stand and raise your</li> <li>right hand, I will swear you in.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. The goal of this proceeding is not to prevent</li> <li>the migration of customers from one provider to another,</li> <li>is it?</li> <li>A. The goal of the proceeding is to assess whether</li> </ul>
7       JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.         8       Are there any questions from the bench?         9       Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take         0       a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the         1       record and reconvene at 3:10.         2       (A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.)         3       to 3:14 p.m.)         4       JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the         5       record, and Mr. Panco is on the stand.         6       So if you would please stand and raise your         7       right hand, I will swear you in.         8       DAVID PANCO, witness herein, having been         0       first duly sworn on oath,	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. The goal of this proceeding is not to prevent</li> <li>the migration of customers from one provider to another,</li> <li>is it?</li> <li>A. The goal of the proceeding is to assess whether</li> <li>the tariff proposals should be adopted.</li> </ul>
7       JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.         8       Are there any questions from the bench?         9       Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take         0       a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the         1       record and reconvene at 3:10.         2       (A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.)         3       to 3:14 p.m.)         4       JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the         5       record, and Mr. Panco is on the stand.         6       So if you would please stand and raise your         7       right hand, I will swear you in.         8       DAVID PANCO, witness herein, having been         0       first duly sworn on oath,         1       was examined and testified	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. The goal of this proceeding is not to prevent</li> <li>the migration of customers from one provider to another,</li> <li>is it?</li> <li>A. The goal of the proceeding is to assess whether</li> <li>the tariff proposals should be adopted.</li> <li>Q. But the goal is not to prevent the migration of</li> </ul>
7       JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.         8       Are there any questions from the bench?         9       Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take         0       a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the         1       record and reconvene at 3:10.         2       (A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.         3       to 3:14 p.m.)         4       JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the         5       record, and Mr. Panco is on the stand.         6       So if you would please stand and raise your         7       right hand, I will swear you in.         8       DAVID PANCO, witness herein, having been         0       first duly sworn on oath,         1       was examined and testified         2       as follows:	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. The goal of this proceeding is not to prevent</li> <li>the migration of customers from one provider to another,</li> <li>is it?</li> <li>A. The goal of the proceeding is to assess whether</li> <li>the tariff proposals should be adopted.</li> <li>Q. But the goal is not to prevent the migration of</li> <li>customers, is it?</li> </ul>
7       JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.         8       Are there any questions from the bench?         9       Okay. So we are going to go ahead and take         10       a ten-minute break right now and we will be off the         11       record and reconvene at 3:10.         12       (A break was taken from 3:01 p.m.         13       to 3:14 p.m.)         14       JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. We are back on the         15       record, and Mr. Panco is on the stand.         16       So if you would please stand and raise your         17       right hand, I will swear you in.         18       DAVID PANCO, witness herein, having been         20       first duly sworn on oath,         21       was examined and testified	<ul> <li>A. Hello.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, would you turn to your testimony,</li> <li>which is Exhibit DJP-1T at page 25, lines 20 to 25?</li> <li>A. Okay.</li> <li>Q. There you state, "The existing tariff conditions</li> <li>appear to be adequate to prevent a substantial migration</li> <li>of customers from Pacific Power to alternate electric</li> <li>service providers," correct?</li> <li>A. Correct.</li> <li>Q. The goal of this proceeding is not to prevent</li> <li>the migration of customers from one provider to another,</li> <li>is it?</li> <li>A. The goal of the proceeding is to assess whether</li> <li>the tariff proposals should be adopted.</li> <li>Q. But the goal is not to prevent the migration of</li> <li>customers, is it?</li> <li>A. No, I don't believe that it is.</li> </ul>

	cket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/20
	Page 369		Page 37
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / PANCO 369		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / PANCO 37
1	MS. GAFKEN: 20 through 22.	1	calculation in this case; is that correct?
2	COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: I believe you said	2	A. That's correct. My understanding of stranded
3	line 20 to 25, and now you said 22. Is that	3	costs is that they are costs that occur unexpectedly due
4	CHAIRMAN DANNER: Oh, I see it. Okay.	4	to changes in regulatory policy or the advent of market
5	Thank you. We're okay.	5	competition. And I don't think there's been an advent
6	MS. GAFKEN: Okay. 20 to 22. That's what	6	or a change in this case.
7	happens when I type things instead of handwrite them.	7	Q. So you would apply stranded costs only in
8	BY MS. GAFKEN:	8	circumstances where something unexpected has happened;
9	Q. Are you familiar with the policy statement	9	is that am I understanding that correctly?
0	issued by the Commission in Docket UE-940932, in which	10	A. Not something unexpected, but a change in an
1	the Commission discussed certain guiding principles for	11	unanticipated change in the regulatory process or rules
2	regulation in an evolving electric industry in 1995?	12	that gave rise to those specific assets no longer being
3	A. I am not familiar with that docket.	13	useful.
4	Q. Okay.	14	Q. Could a customer cause stranded costs?
5	Is it fair to say, then, that you did not	15	A. The costs that a what kind of a customer?
6	consider the guiding principles enumerated by the	16	Q. A utility customer.
7	Commission in the policy statement that was issued in	17	A. Depending on the class of customer, it would be
8	Docket UE-940932?	18	possible that they would contribute to stranding certain
9	A. Like I said, I'm not familiar with the docket,	19	assets.
0	so, no, I did not.	20	Q. And in that circumstance, in your opinion, would
1	Q. Understanding that you testified that you're not	21	the utility be able to recover the stranded costs or
2	familiar with the docket, I want to explore if you're	22	let me ask it a different way.
3	familiar with a concept.	23	Would the utility be able to impose a stranded
4	Are you familiar with the concept that remaining	24	cost fee upon that customer? Can you think of a
25	customers should benefit, or at least not be harmed by	25	situation where that would be appropriate?
	Page 370		Page 372
	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / PANCO 370		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / PANCO 37
1	choices made by customers who have access to competitive	1	A. I'm having a difficult time trying I'm trying
2	options?	2	to follow your line of reasoning and come up with a
3	A. Yes, I am.	3	meaningful answer. Could you rephrase the question?
4	Q. Did you consider that principle in developing	4	Q. Sure. And frankly, I was following your line of
5	your testimony?	5	reasoning as well.
6	A. I didn't explicitly consider the principle.	6	So I understood your testimony to be that
7	Q. Changing topics.	7	stranded costs would occur when there's a change in the
8	You characterized the regulatory compact as a	8	regulatory process, and that utility customers could
9	metaphor in Washington, correct?	9	create a stranded cost.
0	A. I characterized it as a metaphor, or a shorthand	10	So my follow-up question was, could you identify
1	or a figure of speech, and used as a summation of the	11	a circumstance or in your opinion, would there be a
2	various concepts, and also recognized that it finds	12	circumstance where a utility could impose a stranded
3	expression in different jurisdictions in different ways.	13	cost fee upon the customer who's creating those stranded
4	Q. Do you agree that the Commission this	14	costs?
5	Commission has an obligation to as a regulator, to	15	A. It's difficult for me to imagine an individual
6	provide a reasonable opportunity for regulated companies	16	customer other than a large industrial customer creating
7	to earn a reasonable return?	17	enough of a significant cost that it would fall outside
8	A. Yes, I am.	18	of the noise of the regular cost shifting that occurs in
9	Q. And do you agree that regulated utilities in	19	the course of a utility doing business and dealing with
0	Washington have an obligation to serve customers who	20	variable loads.
1	make a reasonable demand for service within their	21	Q. Okay. I'm going to move on.
2	service territories?	22	Pacific Power, in their rebuttal testimony,
2	A. At a reasonable rate, yes.	23	presented a proposal to impose a low-income assistance
5			
23 24	Q. Changing topics again.	24	program and also a conservation program fee.

		6/14/201
Page 373		Page 375
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / PANCO 373		CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENFIELD / PANCO 375
A. Staff suggested rejecting the proposals and	1	WAC 480-80-112?
didn't offer any cross-answering testimony in response	2	A. Not that I'm aware of.
to those proposals. And that was because, in looking at	3	Q. Do you know if Staff has offered any technical
the instances of customers leaving through time, there	4	assistance to Pacific Power with respect to WAC
didn't appear to be a significant enough issue to	5	480-80-112?
warrant this large of a change in the tariff structure.	6	A. No.
Q. Well, I'm actually asking about the proposals	-	MS. GAFKEN: That's all I have. Thank you.
		JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.
	-	Mr. ffitch?
	-	MR. FFITCH: Your Honor, we're not going to
	-	have any questions for the witness.
		JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you.
		Mr. Greenfield?
•	_	CROSS-EXAMINATION
not support the low-income fee or the conservation fee?	15	BY MR. GREENFIELD:
	-	Q. Mr. Panco, you testified that essentially the
they exist today? I'm having trouble following you.	17	volume of departures is such that, in your opinion,
Q. No, the proposals made by the Company in their	18	there's no need for a revision of the tariff, correct?
rebuttal case.	-	A. That's correct.
A. I'm continuing to stand by the position that,	-	Q. What would your opinion be if a large industrial
given the reported trends in permanent disconnections	21	customer decided to permanently disconnect and move to
being relatively insignificant in comparison to the	22	Columbia REA leaving very significant stranded costs to
overall operations, that although the the proposed	23	be borne by the remaining customers of Pacific Power?
revisions might have some conceptual merit, I take issue	24	A. I would point out that, along with the banded
with their practicality and implementation	25	rates, special contracts are another option that's open
Page 374		Page 376
CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. GAFKEN / PANCO 374		EXAMINATION BY CHAIRMAN DANNER / PANCO 376
administration, and ultimately I think that the existing		
	1	to the Company to pursue.
tariffs in place are sufficient.	1 2	Q. But there are no special contracts in place at
tariffs in place are sufficient.	2	Q. But there are no special contracts in place at
tariffs in place are sufficient. Q. In your testimony, you suggest that	2 3	Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?
tariffs in place are sufficient. Q. In your testimony, you suggest that Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more	2 3 4	<ul><li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li><li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li></ul>
tariffs in place are sufficient. Q. In your testimony, you suggest that Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more effectively compete; is that correct? And for a	2 3 4 5	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the</li> </ul>
tariffs in place are sufficient. Q. In your testimony, you suggest that Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more effectively compete; is that correct? And for a citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit	2 3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> </ul>
tariffs in place are sufficient. Q. In your testimony, you suggest that Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more effectively compete; is that correct? And for a citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.	2 3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> <li>Company's contention that they had no ways to be able to</li> <li>compete. I was not suggesting that they necessarily</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: I understand. Thank you.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> <li>Company's contention that they had no ways to be able to</li> <li>compete. I was not suggesting that they necessarily</li> <li>propose banded rates.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: I understand. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: So MR. GREENFIELD: That's all.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> <li>Company's contention that they had no ways to be able to</li> <li>compete. I was not suggesting that they necessarily</li> <li>propose banded rates.</li> <li>Q. Has Staff provided any technical assistance to</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: I understand. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: So</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> <li>Company's contention that they had no ways to be able to</li> <li>compete. I was not suggesting that they necessarily</li> <li>propose banded rates.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving</li> <li>Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: I understand. Thank you.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: So</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: That's all.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Any questions from the bench</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> <li>Company's contention that they had no ways to be able to</li> <li>compete. I was not suggesting that they necessarily</li> <li>propose banded rates.</li> <li>Q. Has Staff provided any technical assistance to</li> <li>Pacific Power with respect to WAC 480-80-112? And for</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: I understand. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: So MR. GREENFIELD: That's all. JUDGE PEARSON: Any questions from the bench for Mr. Panco?</li> <li>CHAIRMAN DANNER: Yeah, I just have a</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> <li>Company's contention that they had no ways to be able to</li> <li>compete. I was not suggesting that they necessarily</li> <li>propose banded rates.</li> <li>Q. Has Staff provided any technical assistance to</li> <li>Pacific Power with respect to WAC 480-80-112? And for</li> <li>reference, that the WAC that establishes the requirement</li> <li>for banded rate tariffs.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: I understand. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: So MR. GREENFIELD: That's all. JUDGE PEARSON: Any questions from the bench for Mr. Panco?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> <li>Company's contention that they had no ways to be able to</li> <li>compete. I was not suggesting that they necessarily</li> <li>propose banded rates.</li> <li>Q. Has Staff provided any technical assistance to</li> <li>Pacific Power with respect to WAC 480-80-112? And for</li> <li>reference, that the WAC that establishes the requirement</li> <li>for banded rate tariffs.</li> <li>A. Which is what I was going to turn to, and, no,</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving</li> <li>Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: I understand. Thank you.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: So</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: That's all.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Any questions from the bench for Mr. Panco?</li> <li>CHAIRMAN DANNER: Yeah, I just have a couple.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> <li>Company's contention that they had no ways to be able to</li> <li>compete. I was not suggesting that they necessarily</li> <li>propose banded rates.</li> <li>Q. Has Staff provided any technical assistance to</li> <li>Pacific Power with respect to WAC 480-80-112? And for</li> <li>reference, that the WAC that establishes the requirement</li> <li>for banded rate tariffs.</li> <li>A. Which is what I was going to turn to, and, no,</li> <li>we have not or at least, no, I have not.</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving</li> <li>Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: I understand. Thank you.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: So</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: That's all.</li> <li>JUDGE PEARSON: Any questions from the bench for Mr. Panco?</li> <li>CHAIRMAN DANNER: Yeah, I just have a</li> <li>couple.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> <li>Company's contention that they had no ways to be able to</li> <li>compete. I was not suggesting that they necessarily</li> <li>propose banded rates.</li> <li>Q. Has Staff provided any technical assistance to</li> <li>Pacific Power with respect to WAC 480-80-112? And for</li> <li>reference, that the WAC that establishes the requirement</li> <li>for banded rate tariffs.</li> <li>A. Which is what I was going to turn to, and, no,</li> <li>we have not or at least, no, I have not.</li> <li>Q. And do you know if anybody on staff has provided</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: I understand. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: So MR. GREENFIELD: That's all. JUDGE PEARSON: Any questions from the bench for Mr. Panco?</li> <li>CHAIRMAN DANNER: Yeah, I just have a couple.</li> <li>EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY CHAIRMAN DANNER:</li> <li>Q. So at what point, do you think, do you cross a</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> <li>Company's contention that they had no ways to be able to</li> <li>compete. I was not suggesting that they necessarily</li> <li>propose banded rates.</li> <li>Q. Has Staff provided any technical assistance to</li> <li>Pacific Power with respect to WAC 480-80-112? And for</li> <li>reference, that the WAC that establishes the requirement</li> <li>for banded rate tariffs.</li> <li>A. Which is what I was going to turn to, and, no,</li> <li>we have not or at least, no, I have not.</li> <li>Q. And do you know if anybody on staff has provided</li> <li>such technical assistance?</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: I understand. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: So MR. GREENFIELD: That's all. JUDGE PEARSON: Any questions from the bench for Mr. Panco?</li> <li>CHAIRMAN DANNER: Yeah, I just have a couple.</li> <li>EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY CHAIRMAN DANNER:</li> <li>Q. So at what point, do you think, do you cross a threshold where it does become an issue? Right now</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>tariffs in place are sufficient.</li> <li>Q. In your testimony, you suggest that</li> <li>Pacific Power could develop banded rates to more</li> <li>effectively compete; is that correct? And for a</li> <li>citation, you can turn to your testimony at Exhibit</li> <li>DJP-1T, at page 25, lines 5 through 9.</li> <li>A. I was pointing that out merely to illustrate the</li> <li>fact that there are options open to the Company under</li> <li>the under their existing tariff and under the</li> <li>existing laws. And that was to primarily address the</li> <li>Company's contention that they had no ways to be able to</li> <li>compete. I was not suggesting that they necessarily</li> <li>propose banded rates.</li> <li>Q. Has Staff provided any technical assistance to</li> <li>Pacific Power with respect to WAC 480-80-112? And for</li> <li>reference, that the WAC that establishes the requirement</li> <li>for banded rate tariffs.</li> <li>A. Which is what I was going to turn to, and, no,</li> <li>we have not or at least, no, I have not.</li> <li>Q. And do you know if anybody on staff has provided</li> </ul>	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>Q. But there are no special contracts in place at this point, are there?</li> <li>A. Not that I'm aware of.</li> <li>Q. So this would be the means by which the Commission could address the potential significant impact of a large industrial customer leaving Pacific Power's system, correct?</li> <li>A. This would also provide a significant change to the tariff for all the other customers in the service area as well.</li> <li>MR. GREENFIELD: I understand. Thank you. JUDGE PEARSON: So MR. GREENFIELD: That's all. JUDGE PEARSON: Any questions from the bench for Mr. Panco?</li> <li>CHAIRMAN DANNER: Yeah, I just have a couple.</li> <li>EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY CHAIRMAN DANNER:</li> <li>Q. So at what point, do you think, do you cross a</li> </ul>
	<text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text>	A. Staff suggested rejecting the proposals and       1         didn't offer any cross-answering testimony in response       2         to those proposals. And that was because, in looking at       3         the instances of customers leaving through time, there       4         didn't appear to be a significant enough issue to       5         warrant this large of a change in the tariff structure.       6         Q. Well, I'm actually asking about the proposals       7         that the not the proposals that were presented in       8         their direct case, but the proposals       9         A. I was referring to the rebuttal proposals.       10         Q. And no party had an opportunity to respond to       11         those in testimony, and so, I guess, let me ask it this       12         way.       13         Do I understand Staff, then, to say that you did       14         not support the low-income fee or the conservation fee?       15         A. I'm sorry. The existing fees in the tariffs as       16         they exist today? I'm having trouble following you.       17         Q. No, the proposals made by the Company in their       18         rebuttal case.       19         A. I'm continuing to stand by the position that,       20         given the reported trends in permanent disconn

	ket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/20
	Page 377		Page 379
	EXAMINATION BY CHAIRMAN DANNER / PANCO 377		EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER BALASBAS / PANCO 37
1 0	double, if there were if there were 100 next year or	1	Q. Is it your understanding that those fees are
_	150 after that, or is it 5,000? When when do we know	2	part of the total stranded cost fee?
	it's time?	3	A. Yes, they are, but I was this stranded cost
4	A. I think that that's a difficult bright line for	4	fee is the economist in me is sort of put off by
	me to suggest in advance. I believe that when the rate	5	calling it a stranded cost fee. I'd prefer to refer to
	structure starts to be affected in a meaningful way	6	it as a cost shift, but and it wasn't clear to me
	within the context of a rate case would be the point at	7	that the low-income and conservation issues deserved
	which we would consider that.	8	special mention or attention given that I was suggesting
9	Q. Do you dispute the \$1.8 million loss per year	9	leaving the remaining tariffs in place.
	number that the Company put forward?	10	MR. CASEY: Thank you. No further
.1	A. I did, but the Company did 340-some-million	11	questions.
	dollars of business in 2015 so	12	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.
13	Q. Okay. So this is just	13	COMMISSIONER BALASBAS: One.
L3 L4	A that represents about a half a percent. It	14	EXAMINATION
	represents about less than three-quarters of a percent	15	BY COMMISSIONER BALASBAS:
	of load so	_	Q. Mr. Panco, why did Staff not propose any
l6 ( 17	Q. So you also said that you would encourage the	16 17	cross-response testimony to any of the other parties'
	companies to get back to the table and work out a		testimony?
		18	A. Because I really don't feel that the issue has
	service agreement.	19	-
20	Do you have any reason to believe that, given	20	risen to the magnitude that we should be actively
	the past history of these companies sitting down and	21	pursuing it at the level that it's been proposed to in
	trying to work out an agreement, that actually something	22	terms of the magnitude of the tariff changes that are
	could come of it the next time they sit down?	23	recommended.
24	A. I wouldn't be overly optimistic. I might be	24	Q. So just to clarify that, is it Staff's position
25 6	along with that, I suggested consideration of the other	25	that we actually just shouldn't be here talking about
	Page 378 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. CASEY / PANCO 378		Page 380 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / MULLINS 380
1 1	means which they have available to them to offer	1	this issue?
2 0	competition, and that would be either through banded	2	A. That would certainly be possible.
3 1	rates or through special contracts with large customers.	3	COMMISSIONER BALASBAS: Okay.
4	CHAIRMAN DANNER: Okay. All right. Thank	4	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you. You're
5 3	you.	5	excused, Mr. Panco.
6	JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.	6	And we will call Mr. Mullins.
7	Mr. Casey, did you have any redirect?	7	
8	MR. CASEY: One or two questions.	8	BRADLEY MULLINS, witness herein, having been
9	REDIRECT EXAMINATION	9	first duly sworn on oath,
LO		1.0	was examined and testified
-	BY MR. CASEY:	10	
	Q. Mr. CASEY: Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates	10 11	as follows:
11			as follows:
L1 L2 \$	Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates	11	as follows: JUDGE PEARSON: You may be seated, and if
L1 L2 \$ L3	Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates should be the outcome of this proceeding?	11 12	
L1 L2 \$ L3 L4 <b>1</b>	<ul> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates</li> <li>should be the outcome of this proceeding?</li> <li>A. No. Staff was merely suggesting, in response to</li> </ul>	11 12 13	JUDGE PEARSON: You may be seated, and if
11 12 \$ 13 14 <b>1</b> 15 (	<ul> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates should be the outcome of this proceeding?</li> <li>A. No. Staff was merely suggesting, in response to the Company's assertion that they have no way to</li> </ul>	11 12 13 14	JUDGE PEARSON: You may be seated, and if you would please state your name and spell your last
.1 .2 \$ .3 .4 <b>1</b> .5 <b>0</b> .6 <b>3</b>	<ul> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates should be the outcome of this proceeding?</li> <li>A. No. Staff was merely suggesting, in response to the Company's assertion that they have no way to compete, that banded rates or special contracts are</li> </ul>	11 12 13 14 15	JUDGE PEARSON: You may be seated, and if you would please state your name and spell your last name for the record.
.1 .2 \$ .3 .4 <b>1</b> .5 <b>0</b> .6 <b>3</b>	<ul> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates should be the outcome of this proceeding?</li> <li>A. No. Staff was merely suggesting, in response to the Company's assertion that they have no way to compete, that banded rates or special contracts are amongst the ways that are available to them to compete.</li> </ul>	11 12 13 14 15 16	JUDGE PEARSON: You may be seated, and if you would please state your name and spell your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Bradley Mullins.
L1 L2 \$ L3 L4 1 L5 4 L5 4 L5 4 L5 4 L5 4 L5 4	<ul> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates should be the outcome of this proceeding?</li> <li>A. No. Staff was merely suggesting, in response to the Company's assertion that they have no way to compete, that banded rates or special contracts are amongst the ways that are available to them to compete.</li> <li>Q. And to your knowledge, has Pacific Power taken</li> </ul>	11 12 13 14 15 16 17	JUDGE PEARSON: You may be seated, and if you would please state your name and spell your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Bradley Mullins. My last name is spelled M-U-L-L-I-N-S.
L1 L2 \$ L3 L4 1 L5 0 L6 4 L7 L8 4 L9 N	<ul> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates should be the outcome of this proceeding?</li> <li>A. No. Staff was merely suggesting, in response to the Company's assertion that they have no way to compete, that banded rates or special contracts are amongst the ways that are available to them to compete.</li> <li>Q. And to your knowledge, has Pacific Power taken advantage of, or attempted to take advantage of the</li> </ul>	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	JUDGE PEARSON: You may be seated, and if you would please state your name and spell your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Bradley Mullins. My last name is spelled M-U-L-L-I-N-S. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.
L1 L2 \$ L3 L4 <b>1</b> L5 <b>4</b> L5 <b>4</b> L5 <b>4</b> L5 <b>4</b> L5 <b>4</b> L7 L8 <b>4</b> L9 <b>1</b> L9 <b>1</b> L9 <b>1</b>	<ul> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates should be the outcome of this proceeding?</li> <li>A. No. Staff was merely suggesting, in response to the Company's assertion that they have no way to compete, that banded rates or special contracts are amongst the ways that are available to them to compete.</li> <li>Q. And to your knowledge, has Pacific Power taken advantage of, or attempted to take advantage of the various ways that regulation provides flexibility to</li> </ul>	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	JUDGE PEARSON: You may be seated, and if you would please state your name and spell your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Bradley Mullins. My last name is spelled M-U-L-L-I-N-S. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. Mr. Cowell, go ahead.
11 12 : 13 14 <b>1</b> 15 <b>(</b> 15 <b>(</b> 16 <b>3</b> 17 18 <b>3</b> 19 <b>1</b> 20 <b>3</b>	<ul> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates should be the outcome of this proceeding?</li> <li>A. No. Staff was merely suggesting, in response to the Company's assertion that they have no way to compete, that banded rates or special contracts are amongst the ways that are available to them to compete.</li> <li>Q. And to your knowledge, has Pacific Power taken advantage of, or attempted to take advantage of the various ways that regulation provides flexibility to allow it to be more competitive?</li> </ul>	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	JUDGE PEARSON: You may be seated, and if you would please state your name and spell your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Bradley Mullins. My last name is spelled M-U-L-L-I-N-S. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. Mr. Cowell, go ahead. DIRECT EXAMINATION
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates should be the outcome of this proceeding?</li> <li>A. No. Staff was merely suggesting, in response to the Company's assertion that they have no way to compete, that banded rates or special contracts are amongst the ways that are available to them to compete.</li> <li>Q. And to your knowledge, has Pacific Power taken advantage of, or attempted to take advantage of the various ways that regulation provides flexibility to allow it to be more competitive?</li> <li>A. Not that I am aware of.</li> </ul>	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	JUDGE PEARSON: You may be seated, and if you would please state your name and spell your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Bradley Mullins. My last name is spelled M-U-L-L-I-N-S. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. Mr. Cowell, go ahead. DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL:
11 12 \$ 13 14 <b>1</b> 15 <b>4</b> 16 <b>4</b> 17 18 <b>4</b> 19 <b>5</b> 20 <b>4</b> 21 22	<ul> <li>Q. Mr. Panco, was Staff proposing that banded rates should be the outcome of this proceeding?</li> <li>A. No. Staff was merely suggesting, in response to the Company's assertion that they have no way to compete, that banded rates or special contracts are amongst the ways that are available to them to compete.</li> <li>Q. And to your knowledge, has Pacific Power taken advantage of, or attempted to take advantage of the various ways that regulation provides flexibility to allow it to be more competitive?</li> <li>A. Not that I am aware of.</li> <li>Q. Ms. Gafken was asking you if you support the</li> </ul>	111 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	JUDGE PEARSON: You may be seated, and if you would please state your name and spell your last name for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Bradley Mullins. My last name is spelled M-U-L-L-I-N-S. JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you. Mr. Cowell, go ahead. DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL: Q. Mr. Mullins, do you have any corrections to your

Docket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/201
Page 381		Page 383
DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. COWELL / MULLINS 381		EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / MULLINS 383
1 MR. COWELL: Your Honor, the witness is	1	Company?
2 available for cross-examination.	2	A. I do not, and I think that would be a good bench
3 JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.	3	request.
4 Mr. Till?	4	COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: I agree. We will do
5 MR. TILL: Thank you, your Honor. We don't	5	so accordingly. Thank you. And that's all I have.
6 have any questions for Mr. Mullins at this time, but	6	So I don't know if you have your follow-up
7 would like to reserve some time for follow-up questions.	7	questions that you wanted to ask.
8 JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Then I will turn to	8	MR. TILL: No follow-up questions. Thank
9 Ms. Gafken.	9	you.
10 MS. GAFKEN: I also do not have any	10	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Thank you,
1 questions for Mr. Mullins.	11	Mr. Mullins. You can step down.
JUDGE PEARSON: Well, okay, then.	12	And I guess before I call Mr. Wiseman, I
Are there any questions from the bench for	13	will ask Pacific Power if they have questions for him.
14 Mr. Mullins?	14	MR. TILL: We do not, although we would
15 CHAIRMAN DANNER: I feel like I should ask		reserve time.
16 him something.	16	JUDGE PEARSON: You're the only party
THE WITNESS: I drove all the way up here.		scheduled for cross.
18 CHAIRMAN DANNER: No, I don't have any	18	MR. TILL: We don't reserve time.
19 questions for him.	19	JUDGE PEARSON: Does the bench have any
20 COMMISSIONER RENDAHL: I have a question for	20	questions for this witness, for Mr. Wiseman?
and the second	20	CHAIRMAN DANNER: Actually, I did. I wanted
		to ask Mr. Wiseman a question about a couple of terms
		that he used.
23 THE WITNESS: Okay. Great. 24 ///	25	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay. Then Mr. Wiseman, if
24 /// 25 ///	24	you could please come up and I will swear you in.
	25	you could please come up and I will swear you in.
Page 382 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL / MULLINS 382		DIRECT EXAM BY MR. WILLIAMS/EXAM BY CHAIR DANNER / WI384AN
1 EXAMINATION	1	
2 BY COMMISSIONER RENDAHL:	2	RAYMOND WISEMAN, witness herein, having been
3 Q. Okay.	3	first duly sworn on oath,
4 So in your response testimony, or your	4	was examined and testified
5 cross-answering testimony, you recommend a grandfather	5	as follows:
6 clause for all customers under certain rate schedules	6	
7 that have entered into service contracts with	7	JUDGE PEARSON: If you could take a seat,
8 Pacific Power, that they be exempt from the stranded	8	and then please provide your full name and spell your
9 cost recovery fee.	9	last name for the record.
10 Do you recall that testimony? I can give you a	10	THE WITNESS: My name is Raymond Wiseman.
11 cite if you'd like.	11	Last name is W-I-S-E-M-A-N.
A. Yeah, I believe it's on page 34 of BJM-1T.	12	JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.
13 Q. Yes.	13	Mr. Williams?
So you say, "Under some rate schedules, a	14	DIRECT EXAMINATION
1.5 customer must execute a term contract in order to take		BY MR. WILLIAMS:
16 services from the Company," and then in footnote 64, you	16	Q. Mr. Wiseman, do you have any corrections to make
$_{17}$ direct us to a tariff sheet.	17	to your exhibits or testimony that we pre-filed?
L 8 And does the tariff language require a	18	A. I do not.
19 contract require a contract or does it permit the	19	MR. WILLIAMS: He's ready.
20 Company to require a contract?	20	JUDGE PEARSON: Okay.
21 A. I think it's the latter. I think you are	20	EXAMINATION
22 correct.		BY CHAIRMAN DANNER:
22 Q. Okay.	22	Q. All right. Thank you.
	23 24	So I was just hoping that you could give me a
		101. There's kind of some terms that you used that I
15 under Schedule 481 have current contracts with the	25	

Docket No. UE-161204 - Vol. III		6/14/201
Page 385		Page 387
EXAMINATION BY CHAIRMAN DANNER / WISEMAN 385		387
1 wasn't sure if they were general terms or specific	1	Is there anything else that we need to
2 terms.	2	address today?
3 You've used the word "reservation," you've used	3	MR. GREENFIELD: No, your Honor. On behalf
4 the word "tribal lands," and you've used the word "trust	4	of the Company, thank you.
5 lands," and I was just wondering, what are the	5	MR. PEPPLE: I would just like to say thanks
6 differences, if any, among those, and what legal	6	for letting Mr. Gorman testify first yesterday.
7 significance do they have?	7	Appreciate that very much.
8 A. Okay. On the reservation, after the General	8	JUDGE PEARSON: Sure.
9 Allotment Act, the federal government sold off surplus	9	All right. Hearing nothing else, thank you
10 lands, and those became deeded parcels subject to county	-	all very much for coming here and participating, and we
11 jurisdiction.		will adjourn and be off the record.
12 The remaining are still held in trust by the	12	(Hearing adjourned at 3:43 p.m.)
13 United States government on behalf of the land owners.	13	
$_{14}$ So those are what are termed tribal or trust properties.	14	-000-
15 You can further delineate the trust parcels by	15	
these that were assented to individual elletters were	16	
	-	
	17	
	18	
19 Q. Okay.	19	
20 So the individual allottees may not be tribal	20	
21 members?	21	
A. No, they would have to be tribal members.	22	
23 Q. They're tribal members. Okay.	23	
And so "tribal lands" and "trust lands," you use	24	
25 that term interchangeably?	25	
Page 386		Page 388
EXAMINATION BY CHAIRMAN DANNER / WISEMAN 386		388
1 A. We do.	1	CERTIFICATE
2 Q. Okay. Okay.	2	
3 CHAIRMAN DANNER: That's just it. That's		STATE OF WASHINGTON ) ) ss.
4 when I was reading it, I just wanted to make sure I	4	COUNTY OF KING )
5 understood the terms. And I didn't have any questions	5	
6 with testimony you had. I just wanted to make sure I	б	
7 understood the terminology you were using, so thank you.	7	I, ANITA W. SELF, a Certified Shorthand Reporter
8 JUDGE PEARSON: Thank you.	8	in and for the State of Washington, do hereby certify
9 There's nothing else, then you can step	9	that the foregoing transcript is true and accurate to
10 down, Mr. Wiseman. Thank you for coming.	10	the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.
11 Okay. So that brings us to the end of the	11	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand
12 hearing today. I guess the threat of having to come	12	and seal this 29th day of June, 2017.
13 back tomorrow caused everyone to speed things up quite a	13	
14 bit. It's funny how that happens.	14	
15 So as a reminder, the first round of	15	
16 simultaneous post-hearing briefs are due by July 28th	16	
17 with a reply brief deadline of August 17th. And the	17	ANITA W. SELF, RPR, CCR #3032
18 parties have agreed to a 25-page limit for the reply	18	
19 briefs.	19	
And with respect to the bench requests, we	20	
21 will send those out to the parties in the next day or	20	
<ul> <li>22 two. Typically, there's a two-week turnaround on that,</li> </ul>	21	
	23	
24 Will put a 14-day turnaround on responses to those bench	24	
25 requests.	25	