EXHIBIT NO. ___(RG-6HC)
DOCKET NO. UE-12___
WITNESS: ROGER GARRATT

BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Petition of PUGET SOUND ENERGY, INC.	
for Approval of a Power Purchase Agreement for Acquisition of Coal Transition Power, as Defined in RCW 80.80.010, and the Recovery of Related Acquisition Costs	Docket No. UE-12

FIFTH EXHIBIT (HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL) TO THE PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ROGER GARRATT ON BEHALF OF PUGET SOUND ENERGY, INC.

REDACTED VERSION

AUGUST 20, 2012





2011 RFP for All Generation Sources

Aliza Seelig Consulting Resource Acquisition Analyst



- Schedule
- Resource need
- 2011 RFP solicitation updates
- Improved evaluation process





RFP schedule calls for proposals by Nov. 1*

August 1, 2011	Draft RFP filed with WUTC
August 16, 2011	PSE hosts proposal conference
September 30, 2011**	Public comments due
October 13, 2011**	WUTC approval expected
October 18, 2011**	PSE releases final RFP solicitation
October 24, 2011**	Mutual Confidentiality Agreements due to PSE
November 1, 2011	Offers due to PSE
Q1 2012	Final short list selected, respondents notified
To follow	Post-proposal negotiations

*This schedule is subject to adjustment based on WUTC review and the actual pace of PSE's evaluation process. Any updates will be posted online at http://www.pse.com/RFP.

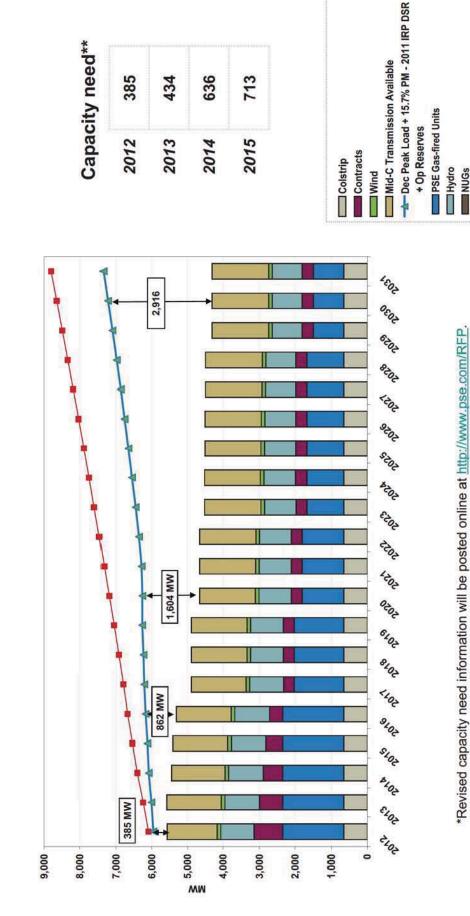
**Milestones in teal have been revised since the draft RFP was filed on Aug. 1, 2011 to reflect changes requested by the WUTC.

EMC Update // August 18, 2011

-- Dec Peak Load + 15.7% PM + Op Reserves



PSE seeks 385 MW of capacity by end of 2012*

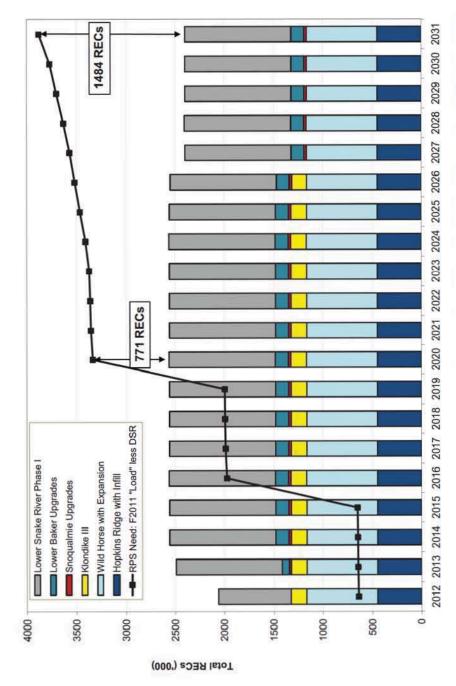


*Revised capacity need information will be posted online at http://www.pse.com/RFP.
**Capacity need quantities assume that PSE will need additional operating reserves.

EMC Update // August 18, 2011



Near-term RPS targets achieved



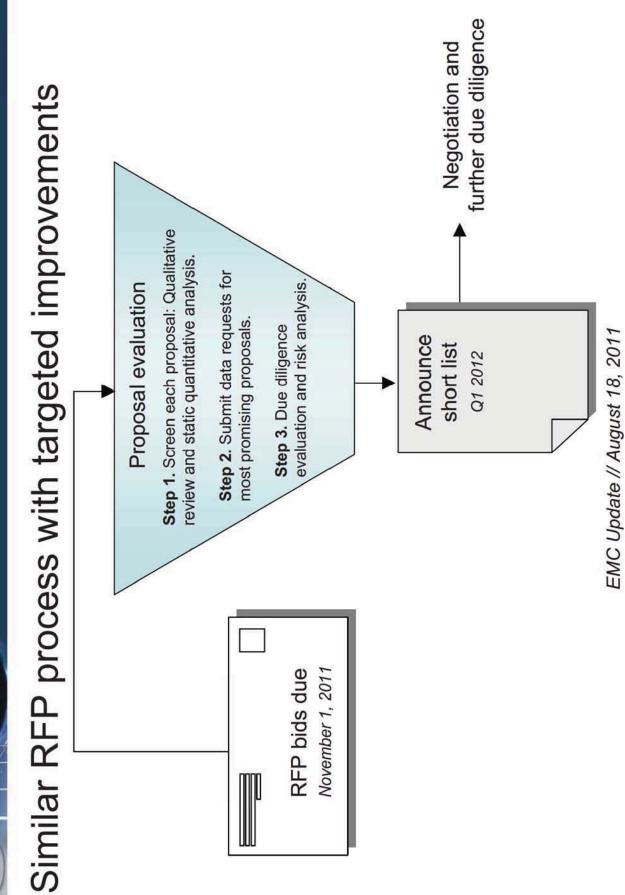
* If proposing a qualifying renewable resource that is located outside the Pacific Northwest as defined for the Bonneville Power Administration in Section 3 of the Pacific Northwest Electric Power Planning and Conservation Act (94 Stat. 2698; 16 U.S.C. Sec. 839a), describe how the electricity from the facility will be delivered into Washington state on a real-time basis without shaping, storage, or integration services.



So...what's different about this RFP?

- PSE has no near-term need for renewable energy credits renewables must be competitive with capacity resources or market
- This RFP is not seeking non-unit-contingent PPAs delivered to Mid-C
- This RFP will consider non-unit-contingent PPAs delivered to BPAT.PSEI
- Demand side resources offers are being referred to the energy efficiency RFP
- An energy efficiency RFP will be issued at a later date
- PSE is requesting commercial term sheets for all proposals
- Streamlined proposal requirements and summary data form
- Fluid and flexible evaluation process and team







More efficient resource deployment

Evaluation team

Scope of review

Acquisition	morcial & Davidor
Resource	-

Commercial & Development

Quantitative

Screening

Transmission & Integration

- Merchant
- PSE (as needed)

Technical / Plant Operations

Permitting (as needed) Fuel Supply

Fatal flaw screening of key qualitative attributes, such as:

- Commercial viability as proposed?
 - Acceptable offer terms?
- Timing / Likely to meet COD?
- Fransmission solution? Development status?
- Static quantitative analysis screening by resource type

Formal data requests submitted for most favorable resources

Phase 1 team, plus:

Environmental Real Estate

Power Supply Operations (Trade Floor)

Other (as needed)

Credit

Diligence Due

- Regulatory / Legal
- Community / Government Relations Accounting / Finance / Tax
 - Insurance

based on evaluation criteria set forth in RFP Thorough evaluation of qualitative attributes

Quantitative portfolio optimization and risk analysis

Scenario analysis

EMC Update // August 18, 2011



RFP for All Generation Sources Update

Presented to PSE's Energy Management Committee ("EMC")

Chris Bevil

Manager, Resource Acquisitions

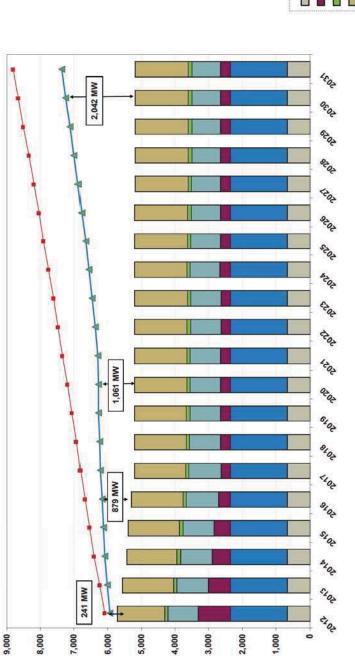
December 15, 2011



PUGET SOUND ENERGY

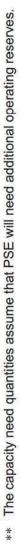
PSE

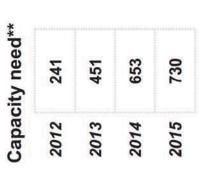
PSE needs 241 MW of capacity by the end of 2012*

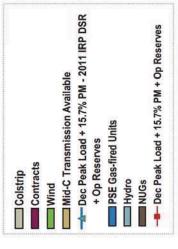


MW











Summary of RFP proposals

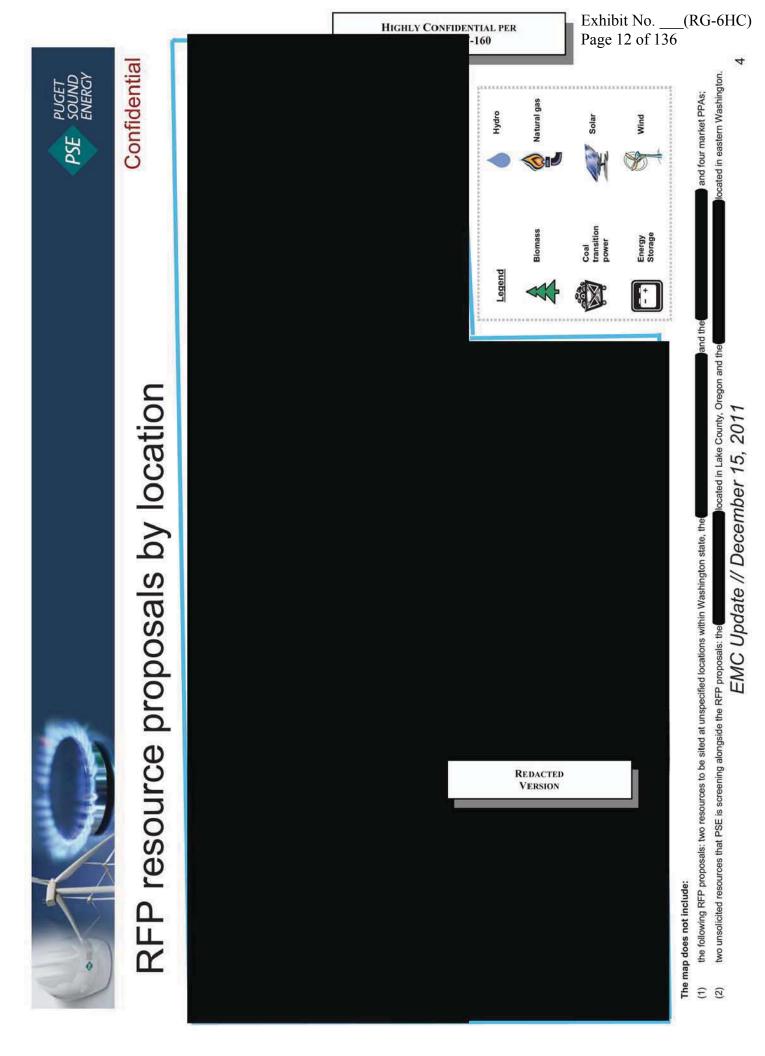
Resource Type	Bids	MW ²	Operating	Development	PPA	Ownership	Notes
Renewable							
Wind	4	369	-	က	က	2	(3)
Biomass	က	61	0	က	က	~	(4)
Solar - PV	2	24	0	2	2	-	
Renewable Sub-total	6	454	1	8	8	4	
Thermal							
Coal	_	200	~	0	ς-	•	(2)
CCGT	9	2,006	4	2	9	2	
SCGT	_	179	0	-	0	-	
CHP	<u> </u>	29	0	5	<u> </u>	0	
GT	_	300	0	•	0		(9)
Recip	_	110	0	Υ		0	
Thermal Sub-total	11	3,124	5	9	6	5	
100							
Other	•		,		,	,	
PPA-Market	4	400	4	0	4	0	
Hydro	ς-	77	0	•	0	-	
Waste-to-Energy	-	23	-	0	-	0	
Energy Storage	2	251	0	2	_	•	
Cold Fusion	_	1,880	0	•	0	1	
Other Sub-total	6	2,631	5	4	9	3	
TOTAL	29	6,209	11	18	23	12	

(1) Project/Counterparty specific bid (some bids may contain multiple options)
(2) Capacity offered
(3) One wind bid offered options for REC-only, energy only, energy + RECs, and capacity via battery storage
(4) One biomass bid offerd options for REC-only and asset sale
(5) An option included with the Coal PPA is asset sale of existing Centralia CCGT
(6) Equipment only sale for

EMC Update // December 15, 2011

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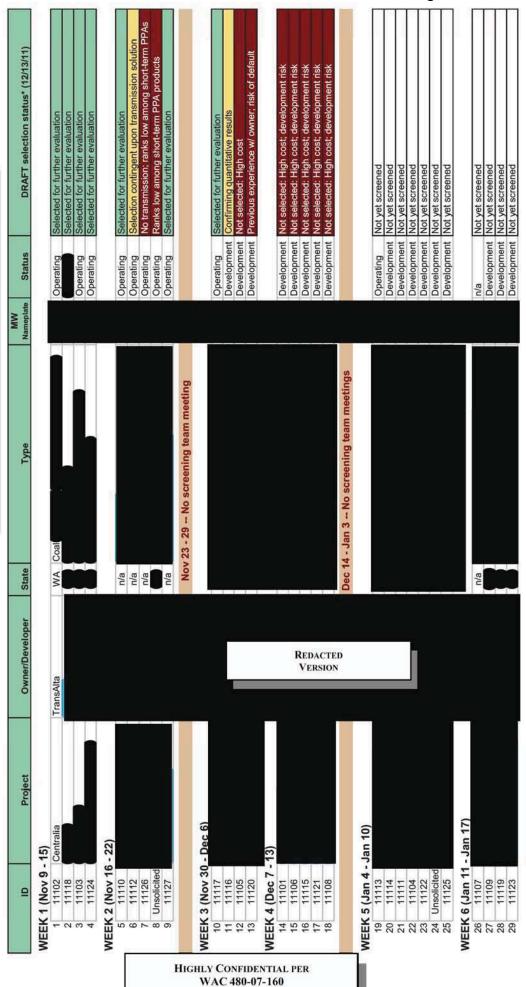
REDACTED VERSION



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PUGET SOUND ENERGY **PSE** DRAFT - PRELIMINARY

Screening schedule and

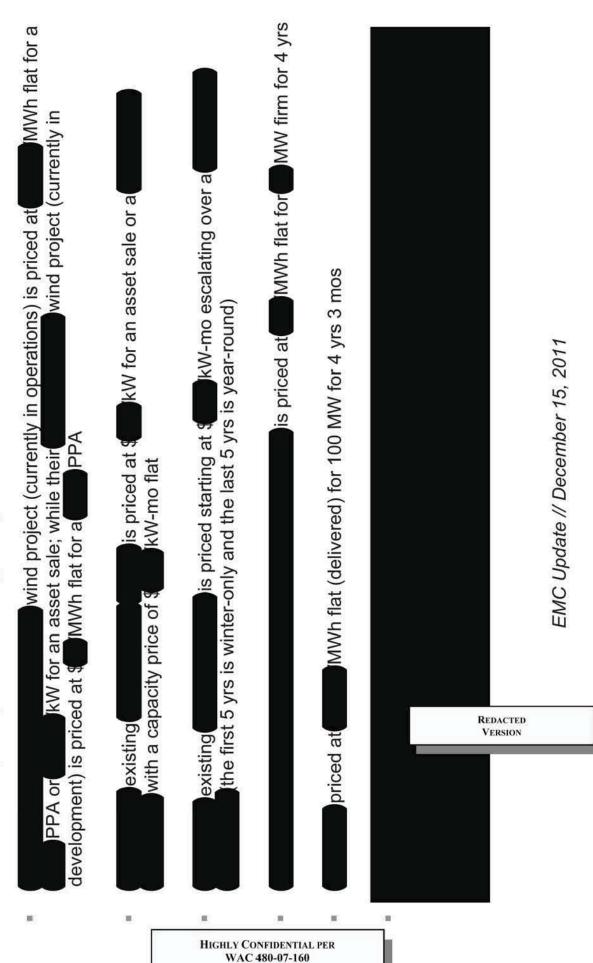


* PSE has not finished screening all proposals. The DRAFT selection status shown above is subject to change based upon the final screening results.

EMC Update // December 15, 2011



Selected proposal highlights





Preliminary findings

- Existing thermal resources appear to be priced much more competitively and have lower risk profile than new greenfield development; furthermore, resources that avoid a BPA transmission wheel should have an economic advantage
- Short-term PPAs (5 yrs or less) appear to be priced competitively and in-line with short-term market forecasts; however, all may not have firm transmission to PSE system
- proposals are not expected to be competitive with the non-renewable proposals PSE does not have a renewable need until 2020 or later and the renewable from a "capacity need" basis



RFP for All Generation Sources Update

Presented to PSE's Energy Management Committee ("EMC")

Chris Bevil

Manager, Resource Acquisitions





RFP schedule

August 1, 2011	Draft RFP filed with WUTC
October 13, 2011	WUTC approval
October 17, 2011	Final RFP issued
November 1, 2011	Offers due to PSE
March 15, 2012	"Candidate" short list selected
Late April 2012*	Final short list selected
To follow	Commercial negotiations

*Expected date.

-- Dec Peak Load + 15.7% PM + Op Reserves

PSE Gas-fired Units + Op Reserves

Hydro

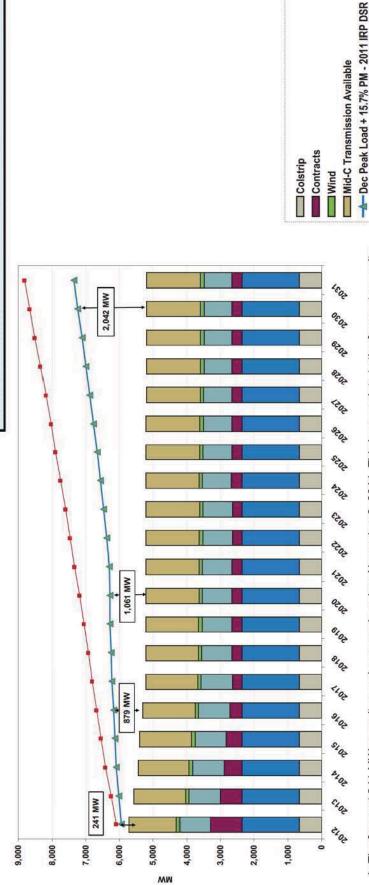
Contracts

Wind



Capacity need forecast*

Unfilled Peak 1-hour Need (December MW) - Net of DSR	our Need (De	cember M\	N) - Net of	DSR	
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Base F2011	241	451	653	730	879
Low F2011	212	403	586	642	770



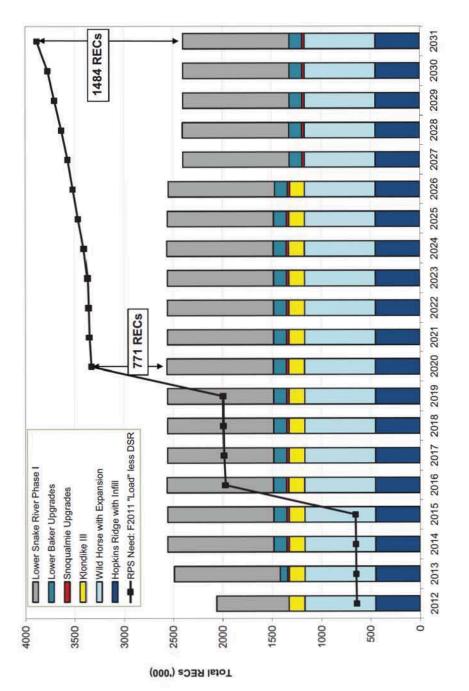
need in the All Source RFP solicitation released on October 17, 2011, which forecast a 385 MW capacity need by the * The forecast 241 MW capacity need was produced on November 9, 2011. This is an update to the forecast capacity end of 2012 and a 2,916 MW capacity need by 2030.

^{**} The forecast capacity need assumes that PSE will need additional operating reserves.





Near-term renewable targets on track to be achieved*



* Renewable energy credit ("REC") banking and sales are not reflected in the chart.



PSE

Screening results observations

(Detailed results in appendix)

Capacity Resources

- Over 2,200 MW of operating capacity resources provide positive portfolio benefits.
- Generally <5-year and 10-year fixed price PPAs and non-unit contingent market based PPAs/exchanges have lower net costs and higher portfolio benefits as defined by the quantitative metrics used in the economic evaluation.

Renewable Resources

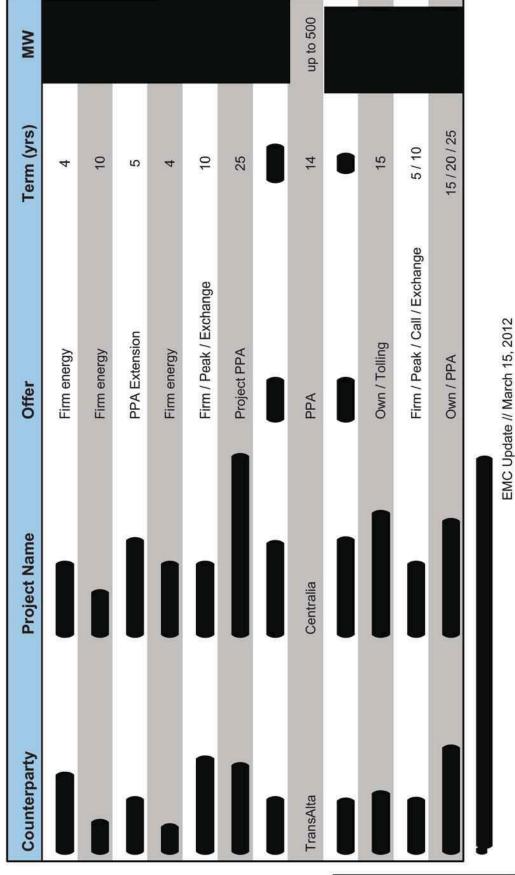
An operating wind project and a biomass development project appear competitive from a quantitative basis, but qualitative risks exist.



Proposal offers identified for further evaluation

(Detailed summary in appendix)

12 of 29 proposals received evaluate favorably from qualitative and quantitative perspective.



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PSE

Next steps

- Perform due diligence and scenario optimization & risk analysis
- Submit additional data requests as needed
- Continue qualitative due diligence
- Continue discussions of preferred commercial terms with counterparties

Key issues to be considered

- Short-term vs. long-term resources
- Transmission solutions
- RCW 80.80 emissions performance standard





RFP evaluation schedule

Data requests due from working groups March 16

Evaluation team meeting

Recommended short list selection meeting

EMC meeting

April 20

April 30

April 17

April 3

Final due diligence memos due for all proposals



Appendix

Screening Results and Proposal Summary







Quantitative screening metrics definitions

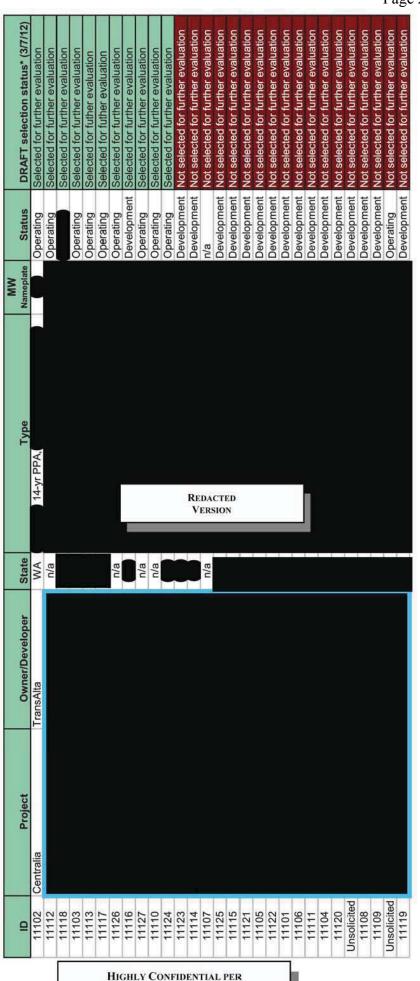
- Portfolio Benefit (\$): difference between the net present value portfolio revenue requirement of a proposed project, and the net present value portfolio revenue requirement of the generic portfolio strategy. (Higher is better.)
- annual generation equivalent to the net present value of generation for the 20 year period. (Lower is revenue requirement based on a 20-year analytic period including end effects divided by the level Levelized Cost (\$/MWh): level annual revenue requirement equivalent to the net present value
- Portfolio Benefit Ratio: portfolio benefit divided by the present value of the proposed project revenue requirement. (Higher is better.)
- contribution. If a renewable project is being considered, then the numerator is divided by its annual Net cost per unit of contribution to need (\$/kW-yr): difference between the project revenue requirement and the market revenue of the project's net generation divided by the capacity contribution to PSE's renewable energy target. (Lower is better.)
- being considered, then the numerator is divided by its annual contribution to PSE's renewable energy benefit divided by the present value of the project's capacity contribution. If a renewable project is Levelized portfolio benefit per unit of contribution to need (\$PB/kW-yr): a project's portfolio target. (Higher is better.)

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Proposal status from screening*

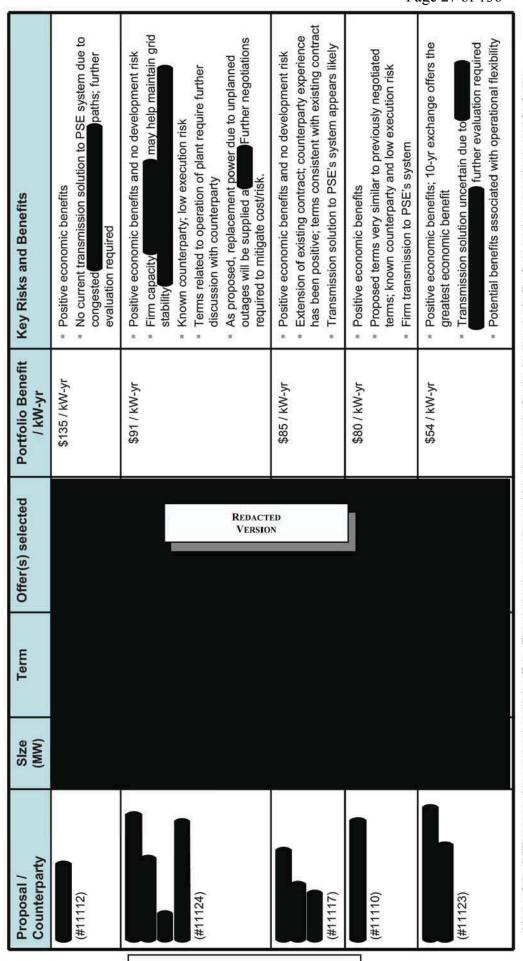


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* PSE has not completed the RFP evaluation process. The selection status above represents screening results only, and does not represent a final short list. Such short list will be selected after PSE completes its qualitative review and optimization analyses of the selected resources.



Proposal offers identified for further evaluation

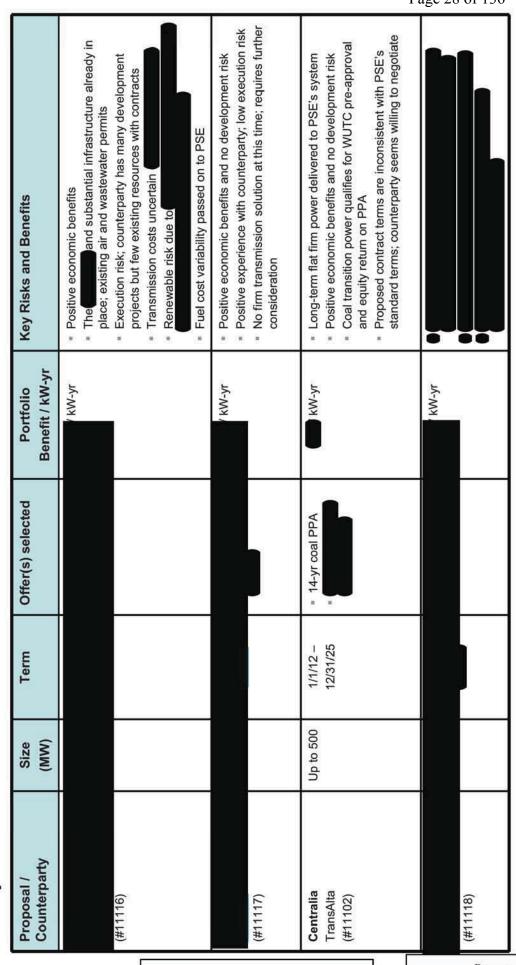


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Many of the RFP proposals contained multiple offers. The evaluation summary tables show results for the best-ranked offer from each proposal selected for further evaluation.



Proposal offers identified for further evaluation

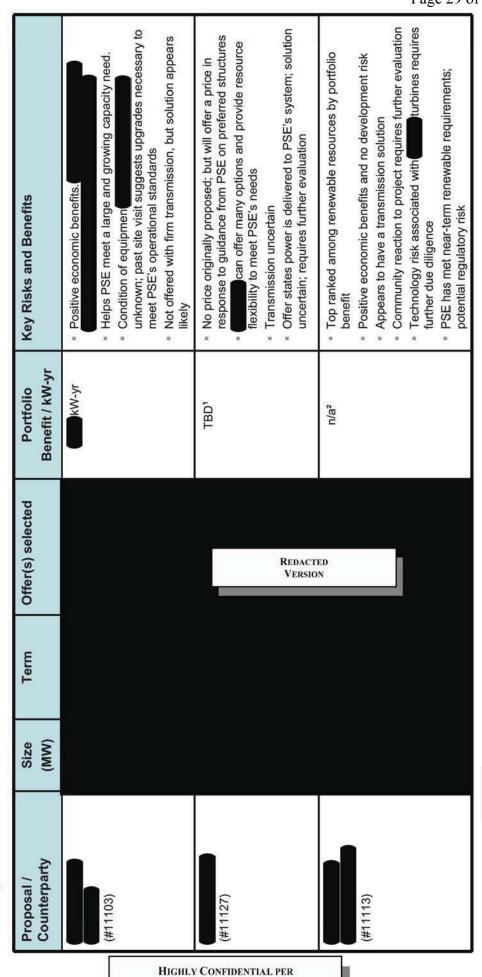


Many of the RFP proposals contained multiple offers. The evaluation summary tables show results for the best-ranked offer from each proposal selected for further evaluation.

14



Proposal offers identified for further evaluation



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will propose a price once PSE identifies its preferred offer structure(s). No price proposed.

previous slide) is for a capacity-only option. The evaluation summary tables do not include a Portfolio Benefit/kW-yr the The Portfolio Benefit/kW-yr is a less informative metric for PPA offers with both a REC contribution and a capacity contribution. The Portfolio Benefit/kW-yr value proposals are included in the quantitative results tables provided in the appendix. or the value for either the



Capacity resources quantitative results

																									F	a
Net Cost / kW-yr Ranking	1	4	2	∞	9	15	3	5	9	10	12	7	14	16	13	18	11	17	19	20	21	22	25	23	24	26
Net Cost / kW-yr (\$/kW-yr)								_																		
PB / kW-yr Ranking	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	00	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
PB / kW-yr (\$/kW-yr)													_					_		_					_	
Portfolio Benefit (\$000's)	42,979	49,986	25,707	25,329	31,678	10,510	14,377	24,595	18,957	10,007	65,310	44,462	129,569	(55,414)	(202)	(110,872)	(4,062)	(238,117)	(131,802)	(340,910)	(146,685)	(51,213)	(45,232)	(142,039)	(120,596)	(92,885)
Levelized Cost (\$/MWh)																										
Bool Life / Contract Term	4	10	1	4	11	25	5	10	10	5	14	11	29	35	13	35	5	21	35	30	21	21	20	21	18	35
Project Start	2013	2012	2016	2013	2015	2014	2013	2013	2013	2013	2012		2014	2015	2012	2016	2012	2015	2016	2016	2015	2014	2014	2014	2014	2020
PPA or Ownership	Fixed Price	Fixed Price	Tolling	Fixed Price	Fixed Price	Fixed Price	Tolling	Fixed Price	Tolling	Fixed Price	Fixed Price		Ownership	Ownership	Fixed Price	Ownership	Fixed Price	Tolling	Ownership	Tolling	Tolling	Tolling	Fixed Price	Tolling	Ownership	Ownership
																									_	
															Ri V	EDA ER	CT SIO	ED N								
Project Name																										

Metrics Key:

- A lower number is better for "Net Cost/kW-yr" or "Net Cost/REC-yr", and "Levelized Cost".
- A higher number is better for "Portfolio Benefit", "PB/kW-yr" or "PB/REC-yr", and "Portfolio Benefit Ratio".
 - It is difficult to compare different technologies by "Portfolio Benefit Ratio" and "Levelized Cost"



Capacity resources ranked by portfolio benefit ratio

Portfolio benefit ratio is best comparing similar technology/offer structures

Benefit Ratio Ranking 11 0.18 0.58 0.05 (0.05)(0.23)0.08 (0.12)0.36 0.87 0.31 Benefit Ratio Ranking - Fixed Price PPA/Must Take Benefit Ratio REDACTED VERSION Project Name

Benefit Katio Kanking - Baseload Lolling / Uwnersnip	IIng / Owne	rsnip
Project	Portfolio	Benefit Ratio
Name	Benefit Ratio	Ranking
	0:30	1
	0.17	2
	0.05	3
	(0.06)	4
	(0.27)	5
	(0.53)	7
	(0.33)	9

Benefit Ratio Ranking - Peaking Toll / Ownership	aking Toll / Ownership	•
Project	Portfolio	Benefit Ratio
Name	Benefit Ratio	Ranking
	2.17	1
	(0.11)	3
	(0.06)	2
	(0.36)	5
	(0.32)	4
	(0.72)	9
	(77.0)	7

Metrics Key:

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- A lower number is better for "Net Cost/kW-yr" or "Net Cost/REC-yr", and "Levelized Cost".
- A higher number is better for "Portfolio Benefit", "PB/kW-yr" or "PB/REC-yr", and "Portfolio Benefit Ratio".
 - It is difficult to compare different technologies by "Portfolio Benefit Ratio" and "Levelized Cost"



Renewable resources quantitative results

	Owne	Ownership	Project Start	Bool Life / Contract Term	Cost (\$/MWh)	Benefit (\$000's)	PB / REC-yr (\$/REC-yr)	PB / REC-yr Ranking	REC-yr (\$/REC-vr)	REC-yr Ranking
	Renewa	Renewable PPA	2013	25		37,755		1		2
	Renewa	Renewable PPA	2013	20		28,871		2		4
	Owne	Ownership	2013	23		28,487		3		9
	Owne	Ownership	2015	25		26,601		4		7
	Renewa	Renewable PPA	2013	15		16,042		5		m
	Fixed	Fixed Price	2016	25		39,326		9		2
	Renewa	Renewable PPA	2014	20		25,705		7		1
	Renewa	Renewable PPA	2015	20		(12,408)		00		6
	Renewa	Renewable PPA	2014	20		(13,487)		6		00
	Renewa	Renewable PPA	2013	21		(17,555)		10		10
	Owne	Ownership	2013	20		(14,983)		11		12
	Renewa	Renewable PPA	2013	20		(19,369)		12		11
TED ON	ame		Portfolio	Benefit Ratio	atio					
			Benefit Ratio	io Ranking	50					
				0.16 3						
				0.14 4						
				0.12 5						
				0.07						
				0.10 6						
			1	0.96						
			STE							
			٣	(0.05) 8						
			J							
			-							
				(0.41)						

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- A lower number is better for "Net Cost/kW-yr" or "Net Cost/REC-yr", and "Levelized Cost".
- A higher number is better for "Portfolio Benefit", "PB/kW-yr" or "PB/REC-yr", and "Portfolio Benefit Ratio".
 - It is difficult to compare different technologies by "Portfolio Benefit Ratio" and "Levelized Cost"

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RPS compliant capacity resources

Project Name	PPA or Ownership	Project Start	Bool Life / Contract Term	Levelized Cost (\$/MWh)	Portfolio Benefit (\$000's)	Portfolio Benefit Ratio	Benefit Ratio Ranking
	Fixed Price	2014	25		988'89	0.45	1
	Fixed Price	2014	25		39,007	0.27	2
	Fixed Price	2012	13		4	0.00	3
	Fixed Price	2014	25		(23,534)	(80.0)	4
	Fixed Price	2014	20		(27,371)	(0.11)	2
	Ownership	2014	25		(47,274)	(0.15)	9

Note: The Net Cost per KW-yr (or per REC-yr) and the Portfolio Benefit per KW-yr (or per REC-yr) are less informative metrics when a project or PPA has both a REC contribution and capacity contribution.

REDACTED VERSION

Metrics Key:

- A lower number is better for "Net Cost/kW-yr" or "Net Cost/REC-yr", and "Levelized Cost".
- A higher number is better for "Portfolio Benefit", "PB/kW-yr" or "PB/REC-yr", and "Portfolio Benefit Ratio".
 - It is difficult to compare different technologies by "Portfolio Benefit Ratio" and "Levelized Cost"

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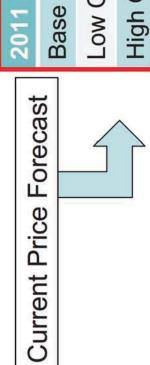


PSE

Comparison of price scenarios

2011 IRP Price Scenarios	20-yr Levelized
Base	\$57.46
Low Growth	\$41.30
High Growth	\$71.42

	2011 RFP Phase I Price Scenarios 20-yr Levelized
01:109	



2011 RFP Phase II Price Scenarios	20-yr Levelized
Base	\$48.41
Low Growth	\$36.43
High Growth	\$61.80

Exhibit No. ___(RG-6HC) Page 35 of 136



RFP for All Generation Sources Update

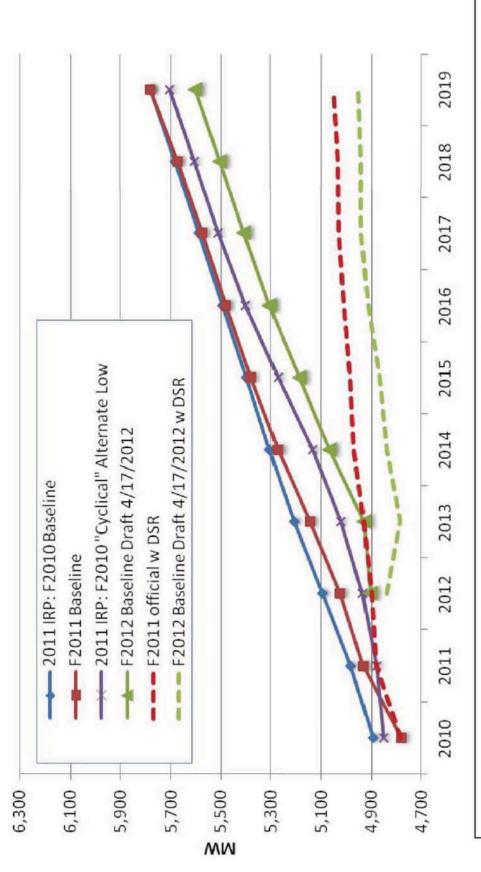
Presented to PSE's Energy Management Committee ("EMC")

Chris Bevil

Manager, Resource Acquisitions



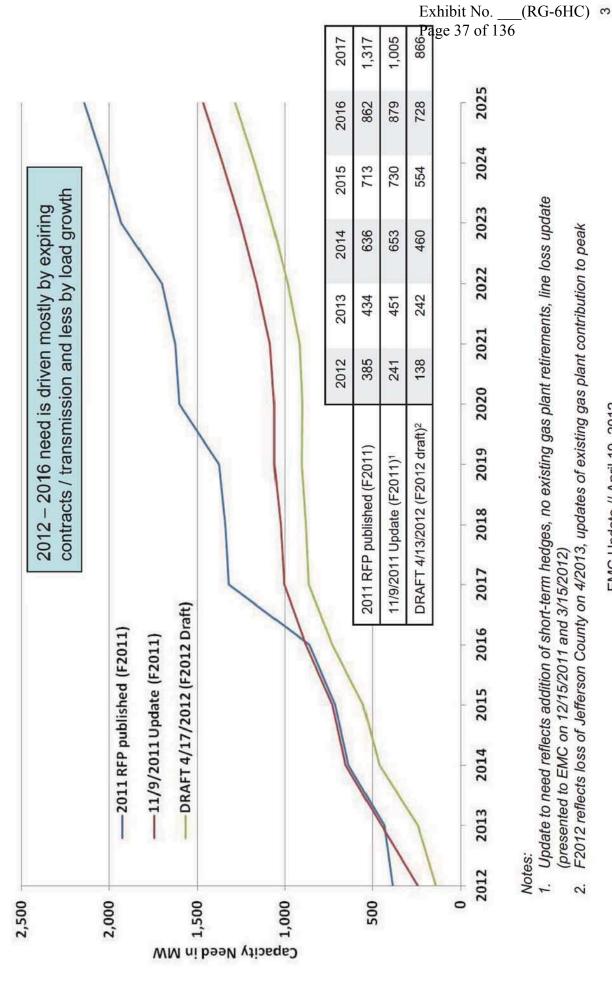
Comparison of December Peak Load Forecasts



WUTC staff comments 2011 IRP acceptance letter: "Due to the prolonged recession, we find the 2010-2016 portion of the Low Cyclical forecast as plausible, and urge the Company to give adequate weight to this forecast as it acquires additional resources during this time period."

Note: F2012 baseline reflects loss of Jefferson County April 2013

2011 RFP Updates to Capacity Need



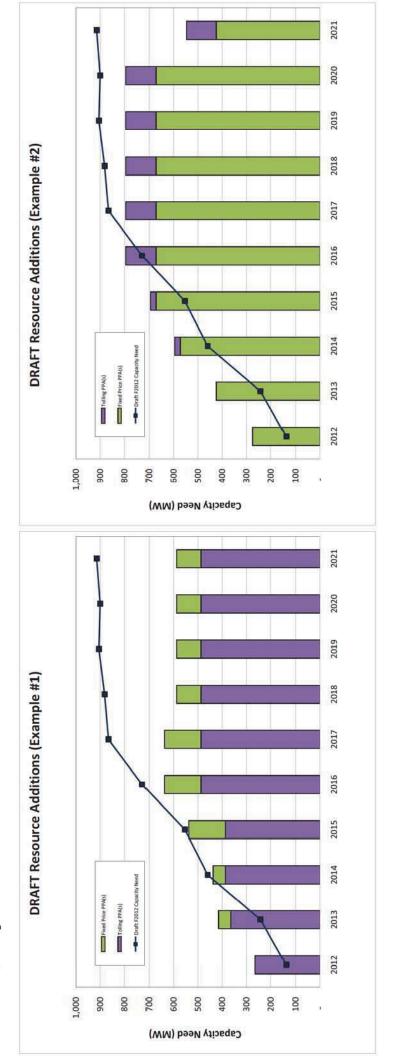
1. Update to need reflects addition of short-term hedges, no existing gas plant retirements, line loss update

(presented to EMC on 12/15/2011 and 3/15/2012) F2012 reflects loss of Jefferson County on 4/2013, updates of existing gas plant contribution to peak

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Example of Resource Additions



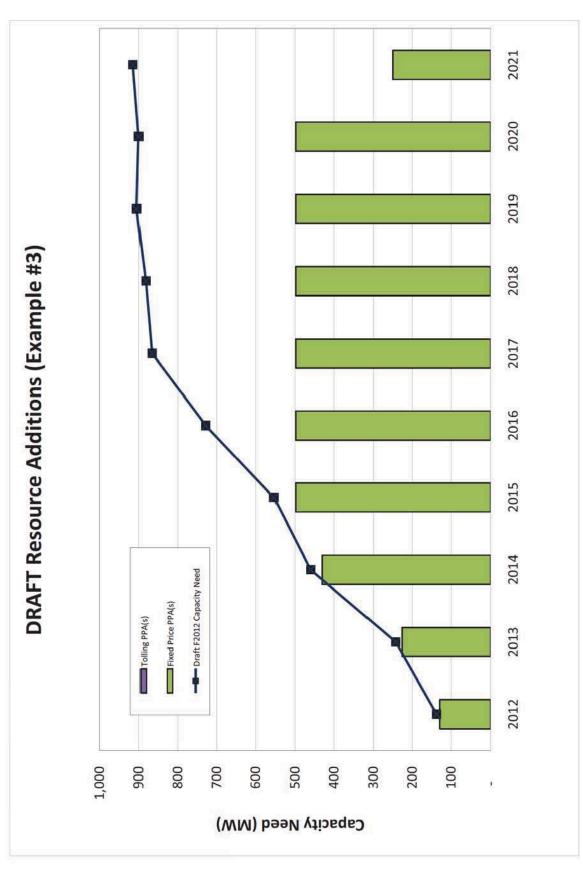
Small changes to price, size, or capacity need will impact the combination of resources being selected size and selected being selected have qualitative risks, which may lead to their dismissal from consideration of resources are being selected in surplus of our capacity need in the early years Testing shows the resources being considered are relatively close to each other in terms of economics

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(RG-6HC) 4

EMC Update // April 19, 2012

Example of Resource Additions (continued)









DRAFT Qualitative Assessment

DRAFT for discussions purposes; subject to change upon final findings

Candidate Shor	Candidate Short List Proposals	Cost	Compatibility with Resource Need	Risk Management	Public Benefits	Strategic & Financial	Key Advantage (+) or Disadvantage (-)
Centralia, PPA (#11102) TransAlta	(1102)	+	+	0	+	+	+ Ability to fit need exactly; Long-term supply; Supports State policy; Enhances company value
	(#11112)	+	1	1	0	0	- No firm transmission; short-term supply
(#11	(#1118)	##	+	0	0	0	
	(#11103)	5	4	0	0	+	- High cost; capacity need (2016)
	(#11113)	0	i a	0	3	0	- Renewable need (2020); Community issues
	(#11117)	+	0	1	0	0	- Change in control risk, Y2016 resource
	(#11117)	0	1-	1	0	0	- Change in control risk; Transmission does not match operational flexibility
	(#11126)	4	+	خ	0	0	+/- Flexible products; however, uncertain of value for long-term; Ties up transmission at
	(#11116)	,	0	-1	0	0	- High cost for capacity, Development, counterparty & fuel risk
h	(#11127)	خ	t	خ	0	0	- Price unknown
	(#11110)	#	0	-1	0	0	
	(#11124)	+	+	0	+	0	+ Asset-backed fixed price; Long-term Supply; System benefits; QF
		KEY:	A key advantage relative t	A key advantage relative to other candidate short list proposals	t proposals		
Highly Co WAC	Red. Ver		A key disadvantage relativ	A key disadvantage relative to other candidate short list proposals	l list proposals		
ONFIDENTIAL PEI 480-07-160	ACTED RSION	0	Neither a key advantage o	Neither a key advantage or disadvantage relative to other candidate short list proposals	other candidate short list	proposals	G-6HC)
			EMO	EMC Update // April 19, 2012	19. 2012		9

EMC Update // April 19, 2012



2011 RFP Evaluation Schedule

April 25*

PSM III scenario optimizations completed

shows the resource selections in multiple future price and load scenarios

May 4*

Quantitative and qualitative risk analysis completed

measures price and volume risks of resources in alternative portfolios

discusses potential risks and mitigations of resources

Updated PSM I rankings for candidate short list

ranks resources in updated Phase II base scenario

Qualitative criteria matrix completed

shows qualitative comparison of resources relative to the RFP criteria

May 14*

Short list selection meeting

identifies and documents final resource selections for recommendation to EMC

May 17

EMC meeting

approves resource short list selection for commercial negotiations

*Estimated dates; EMC approval may be sought earlier via email.

EMC Update // April 19, 2012



Appendix

- RFP scenarios
- Gas price forecasts
- Power price forecasts



EMC Update // April 19, 2012

2011 RFP price scenarios

Generic	Dogolison	I LESONI CE	Costs
	Con Dring	Gas Lilea	
ПОО	- OL	Domond	חבוומוומ
COHM		Domond	חבוומות

Emissions Price

None	EPA APA Analysis	None	None	None
Base	Base	Base	Base	Base
Base	Base Base	Base	High	Low
	Base	Base	Base	Low Structural
Base	Base	Base	High Structural	Low Structural

Base + CO2

Base + No Centralia*

Base Case

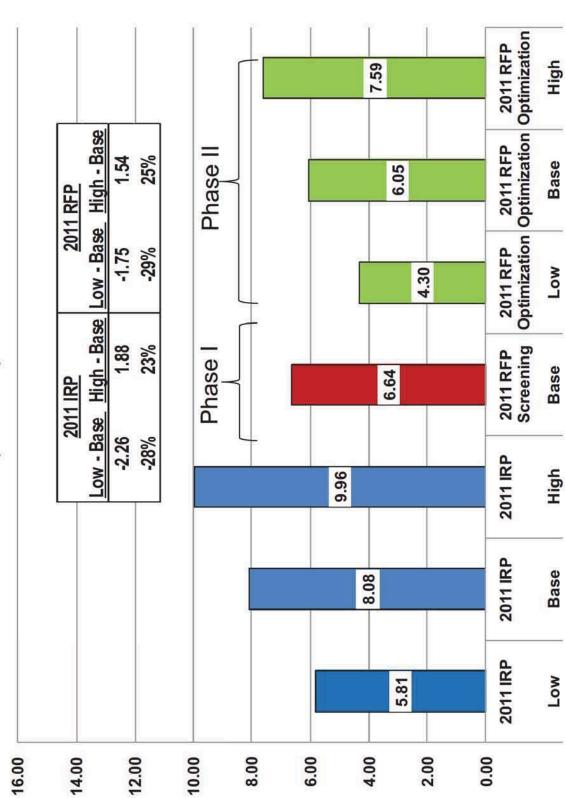
*Base + No Centralia: Centralia is forced to retire in 2013.

Low Growth

High Prices

Compare Levelized Sumas Gas Prices

(nominal \$)







Comparison of price scenarios

2011 IRP Price Scenarios	20-yr Levelized
Base	\$57.46
Low Growth	\$41.30
High Growth	\$71.42

irios 20-yr Levelized	\$52.29
Phase I Price Scena	
2011 RFP	Base

2011 RFP Phase II Price Scenarios	20-yr Levelize
Base	\$48.41
Low Growth	\$36.43
High Growth	\$61.80

Exhibit No. ___(RG-6HC) = Page 45 of 136



RFP for All Generation Sources Update

Presented to PSE's Energy Management Committee ("EMC")

Aliza Seelig

Consulting Resource Acquisition Analyst

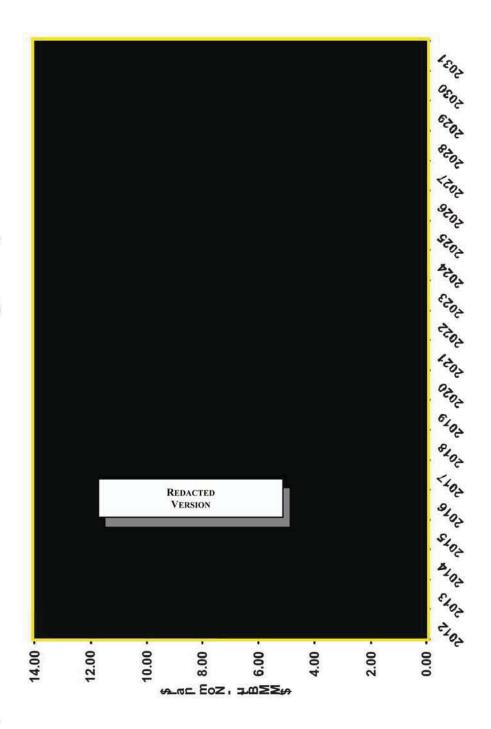


Key factors considered for RFP short list selection **PSE**

- PSE's draft F2012 load forecast
- Continued drop in near-term natural gas prices
- Ability of RFP offers to obtain transmission solutions
- PSE's current renewable surplus limiting renewable need until 2020 or later
- Requirements to meet Washington Emissions Performance Standard (RCW 80.80)



Comparison of Sumas Hub gas price forecasts



CONFIDENTIAL PER WAC 480-07-160 Over the shorter term, the relatively warm 2011-12 winter in North America reduced gas demand and diverted gas to storage reducing prices for the summer and upcoming winter.



Phase II proposals eliminated prior to completing quantitative analysis1

Proposal	Rationale
	Uncertain transmission solution; change in control risk; limits flexibility
	No transmission solution
	No near-term renewable need; community issues
	No near-term renewable need; development risk; counterparty risk

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL PER WAC 480-07-160 withdrew its offer of a Market PPA during Phase II. It was not included in the quantitative analysis.

REDACTED VERSION ²Counterparty recently expressed interest in discussing terms and potentially having additional transmission capacity.

Individual project ranking in Base with new gas price scenario (Draft)

IoT	Tolling 2016 Fixed Price 2012	100	Benefit PB/	PB / kW	PB / kW Ranking	kW	Ranking
		\$	776,62		-		-
Centralia PPA Fixed		\$	209,309		2		5
Fixed Price		\$	14,303		3		3
Fixed	Fixed Price 2014	\$	13,114		4		2
Fixed	Fixed Price 2012	\$	11,288		5		9
		\$ 3	30,582		9		4
Self Build Peaker	Ownership 2015	\$	13,828		7		6
Owne	Ownership 2014	\$	10,035		8		10
Fixed	Fixed Price 2014	\$	(1,465)		6		8
Fixed	Fixed Price 2013	\$	(6,125)		10		7

Metrics Key:

- A lower number is better for "Net Cost/kW-yr".
- A higher number is better for "Portfolio Benefit" and "PB/kW-yr".

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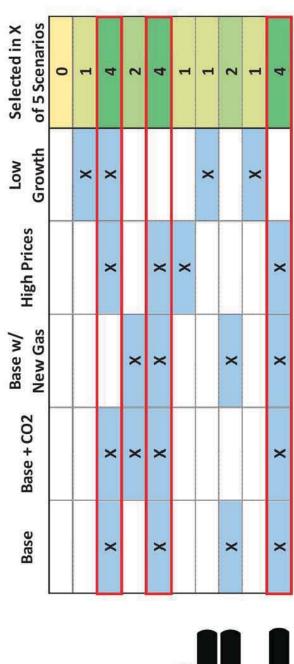
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Draft optimization results

Selection in more scenarios is considered more favorable

Optimization Results Summary



Centralia

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WAC 480-07-160

Scenario

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PSE Self Build Peaker



Preliminary short list outlook

RFP evaluation indicates that Centralia should be pursued first because

Centralia fills immediate and longer term need while not exceeding it Opportunity to pursue TransAlta may be lost if delayed

Capacity (Deficit) / Surplus in MW: (129) (226) (430) (517) (681) (809) (824) (846) (681)		2012	2013	2012 2013 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	Capacity (Deficit) / Surplus in MW:	(129)	(226)	(430)	(517)	(681)	(808)	(824)	(846)	(841)
	Remaining Capacity (Deficit) / Surplus									

Note: Capacity need does not reflect need for additional operating reserves when new resources are on PSE's system. March Point capacity as shown is reduced by PSE's operating reserve requirement for this resource addition.

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Coal Transition Power Purchase & Sale Agreement

Seller:

TransAlta Centralia Generation, LLC

Firm, flat (7x24) electrical energy delivered to the Point of Delivery

Term:

Dec 1, 2012 - Dec 31, 2025

REDACTED VERSION

Source:

Centralia Transition Coal Facility (CTCF)

300 MWh/hr; 498 MWh/hr; 400 MWh/hr;

Dec 1, 2014 - Nov 30, 2015 Dec 1, 2013 - Nov 30, 2014 Dec 1, 2015 - Dec 31, 2022 Jan 1, 2023 - Dec 31, 2024 Jan 1, 2025 - Dec 31, 2025

Dec 1, 2012 - Nov 30, 2013

125 MWh/hr;

Quantity:

225 MWh/hr;

425 MWh/hr;

Price:



Dec 1, 2014 - Nov 30, 2020 Dec 1, 2020 - Dec 31, 2025 Dec 1, 2012 - Nov 30, 2014

Termination:



Point of Delivery: Centralia

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*escalates @



PSE

Next steps:

- Issue final short list to EMC and notify bidders
- Negotiate and finalize agreement with TransAlta
- Re-evaluate updates as needed
- Seek EMC approval of Coal Transition PPA
- Seek Board approval of Coal Transition PPA

Regulatory process:

- File petition with WUTC in June 2012 in order for PPA to be effective by December
- Petition will seek approval of Coal Transition PPA and the recovery of related acquisition costs (cost of power and equity rate of return)

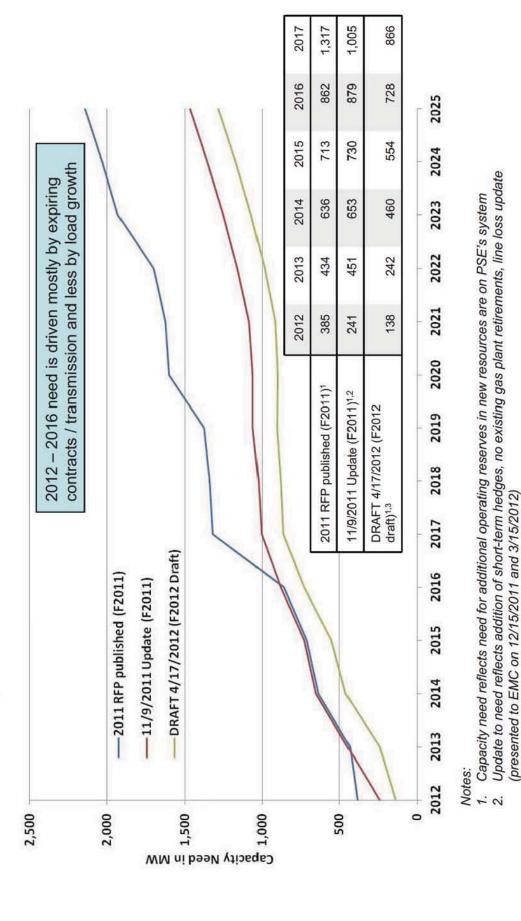


Appendix





2011 RFP updates to capacity need

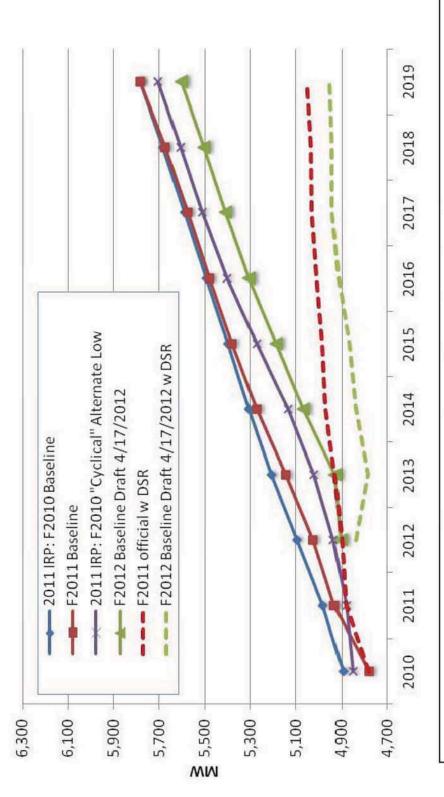


F2012 reflects loss of Jefferson County on 4/2013, updates of existing gas plant contribution to peak

3



Comparison of December peak load forecasts

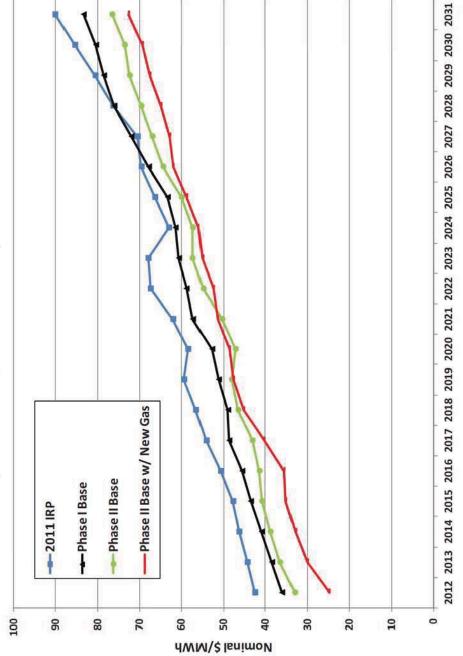


2010-2016 portion of the Low Cyclical forecast as plausible, and urge the Company to give adequate WUTC staff comments 2011 IRP acceptance letter: "Due to the prolonged recession, we find the weight to this forecast as it acquires additional resources during this time period."

Note: F2012 baseline reflects loss of Jefferson County April 2013

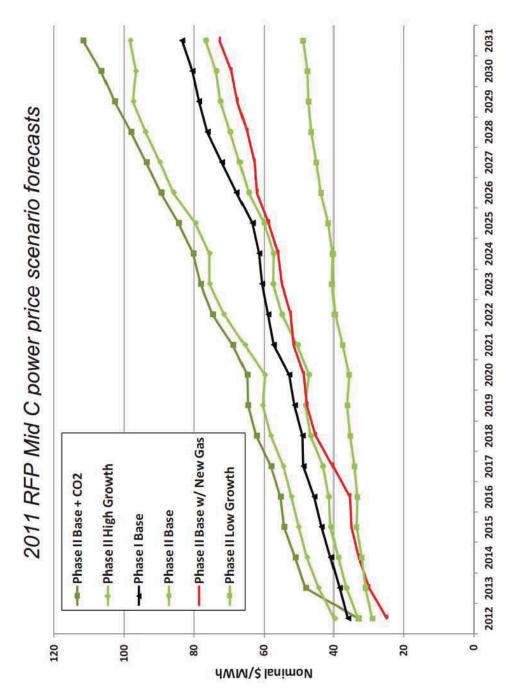
Change in Mid C power prices

Comparison of Mid-C Power price forecasts





2011 RFP Electric prices





Draft qualitative assessment

DRAFT for discussions purposes; subject to change based on final findings

	Key Advantage (+) or Disadvantage (-)	+ Ability to fit need exactly; Long-term supply; Supports State policy; Enhances company value	- No firm transmission; short-term supply	+ Operational flexibility, Long-term supply	- High cost, capacity need (2016)	- Renewable need (2020); Community issues	- Change in control risk; Y2016 resource	- Change in control risk; Transmission does not match operational flexibility	+/- Flexible products; however, uncertain of value for long-term; Ties up transmission at	- High cost for capacity, Development, counterparty & fuel risk	- Price unknown	-Short-term supply	+ Asset-backed fixed price; Long-term Supply, System benefits, QF	
12	Strategic & Financial	+	0	0	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
IIIIai IIIIaiii	Public Benefits	+	0	0	0	,	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	
e nasen ou	Risk Management	0	ij	0	0	0	1	E.	٢	1.	۲	1	0	
בנו נט כוומווץ	Compatibility with Resource Need	+	1	+	ř	i i	0	1	+	0	+	0	+	
Joses, saule	Cost	*	+	+	ř.	0	+	0	+		۲	+	+	KEX.
DNAL I IOI discussions pulposes, subject to change based on illian illidings	Candidate Short List Proposals	Centralia, PPA (#11102) TransAlta	(#11112)	(#1118)	(#11103)	(#1113)	(#1117)	(#11117)	(#11126)	(#11116)	(#11127)	(#11110)	(#11124)	

A key advantage relative to other candidate short list proposals
 A key disadvantage relative to other candidate short list proposals
 Neither a key advantage or disadvantage relative to other candidate short list proposals

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Quantitative screening metrics definitions

- Portfolio Benefit (\$): difference between the net present value portfolio revenue requirement of a proposed project, and the net present value portfolio revenue requirement of the generic portfolio strategy. (Higher is better.)
- annual generation equivalent to the net present value of generation for the 20 year period. (Lower is revenue requirement based on a 20-year analytic period including end effects divided by the level Levelized Cost (\$/MWh): level annual revenue requirement equivalent to the net present value
- Portfolio Benefit Ratio: portfolio benefit divided by the present value of the proposed project revenue requirement. (Higher is better.)
- contribution. If a renewable project is being considered, then the numerator is divided by its annual Net cost per unit of contribution to need (\$/kW-yr): difference between the project revenue requirement and the market revenue of the project's net generation divided by the capacity contribution to PSE's renewable energy target. (Lower is better.)
- being considered, then the numerator is divided by its annual contribution to PSE's renewable energy benefit divided by the present value of the project's capacity contribution. If a renewable project is Levelized portfolio benefit per unit of contribution to need (\$PB/kW-yr): a project's portfolio target. (Higher is better.)

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Additional screening metrics for individual project evaluations (draft)

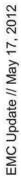
Base with New Gas Price Scenario

Project	Portfolio	Benefit	Levelized
Name	Benefit Ratio	Ratio Ranking	Cost
	2.49		
	0.18	2	
Self Build Peaker	0.05	3	
	00.00	4	

	O TATALOG STORY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT		
Project Name	Portfolio Benefit	Benefit Ratio	Levelized Cost
201	RALIO	Kaliking	
	0.27	-	
	0.24	2	
Trans Alta PPA	0.13	3	
	0.05	4	
	(0.03)	5	
	(80.08)	9	
	(0.48)	7	

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Proposed short list (Draft)

Short List 11102 Short List 11117					
11102					
-	Centralia TransAlta	PPA	Coal	up to 500	1/1/12-12/31/25
		winter PPA	NatG-SCCT		11/1/16-2/28/21
Short List 11124		PPA	NatG-CCCT		12/1/12-11/30/22
Continue to Investigate 11126		winter on-peak PPA / exchange	System		[3]
Not Selected 11112		PPA	System		11/1/12-12/31/16
Not Selected 11118	REDACT VERSIO	•			
Not Selected 11103		ownership	NatG-CCCT		n/a online
Not Selected 11113		PPA	Wind		1/1/13-1/1/38
Not Selected 11117		winter PPA	NatG-CCCT		2/1/13-3/31/22
Not Selected 11116		PPA with RECs	Biomass		12/1/13-12/1/38
Not Selected 11110		PPA	System		1/1/13-3/31/17
NOTES:					
 withdrew their offer of a Market PPA during Phase 2 of the evaluation. No price was ultimately proposed. Proposal offered up to 300 MW of capacity; however, transmission constraints limit delivered capacity to 134 MW. 	PPA during Phase 2 of the evaluation. No price was ultimately proposed. ity; however, transmission constraints limit delivered capacity to 134 MW	in. No price was ultimately prots limit delivered capacity to 13	posed. 34 MW.		
3 - During Phase 2, PSE analyzed two 10-year temporal exchange product offers from this counterparty with the following term options: 7/1/13-2/28/23 or 7/1/15-2/28/25.	ear temporal exchange product offers	s from this counterparty with t	he following term optic	ons: 7/1/13-2/	28/23 or

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2011 RFP Short List Selection

Presented to PSE's Energy Management Committee ("EMC")

Chris Bevil

Manager, Resource Acquisitions

2



Short List Selection

Coal Transition PPA: TransAlta Centralia Generation, LLC

Facility:

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WAC 480-07-160

Product/Size:

Firm, flat (7x24) power delivered to PSE; 125 MW increasing to 498 MW over term

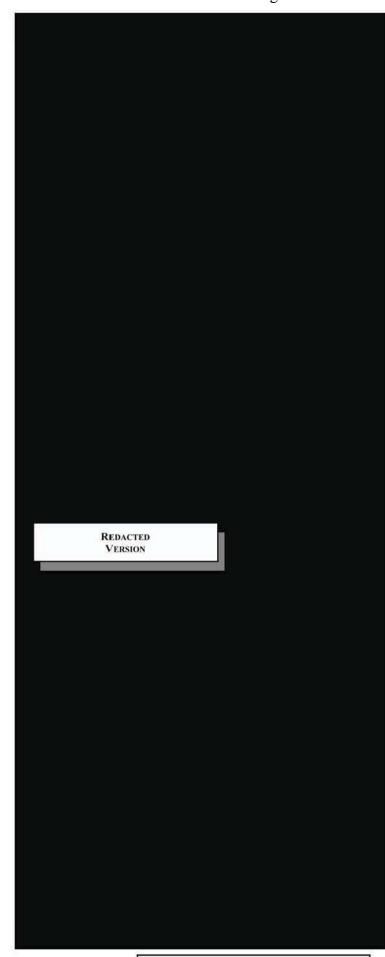
Operating 1340 MW coal facility located in Centralia, WA

1st Yr PPA Price:

Key Benefits:

MWh1 (does not include equity component)

(i) long-term fixed price; (ii) ramps to match PSE's capacity need; (iii) recognized as public policy resource preference by the State of Washington; (iv) strong public support



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(1) Price escalates over term

EMC Update // June 12, 2012



Key Considerations

PUGET SOUND ENERGY

Analysis period extended to consider latest market assumptions

- Used new F2012 load forecast (April 17, 2012) for a more current economic outlook
- Updated natural gas price forecasts; 3-month average forward marks as of April 19, long-term as of April 24, 2012

Transmission solutions important

Prefer resources that demonstrated an ability to secure long-term firm transmission to PSE's system

Renewable need filled until 2020+

relative value of capacity, energy, though benefit of deferring additional renewable resource additions beyond 2020 Practical result is renewable resources assessed based on their competitiveness with other resources, based on was reflected in analysis.

Legal constraints of RCW 80.80 (Emissions Performance Standard) limits non-resource specific PPAs to less than 5 years

Evaluating competitiveness of shorter-term resources may be more appropriately addressed by PSE's portfolio hedging group which may be able to obtain more competitive offers with lower transaction costs and risks

Valuation of resource alternatives shows things are close

Quantitative analysis demonstrates that resources are relatively close to each other in terms of economics (small changes to price, size, timing, or PSE's capacity need impact the combination of resources being selected); the qualitative analysis combined with the quantitative results determine the resource strategy



Evaluation Summary PSE

Notes:

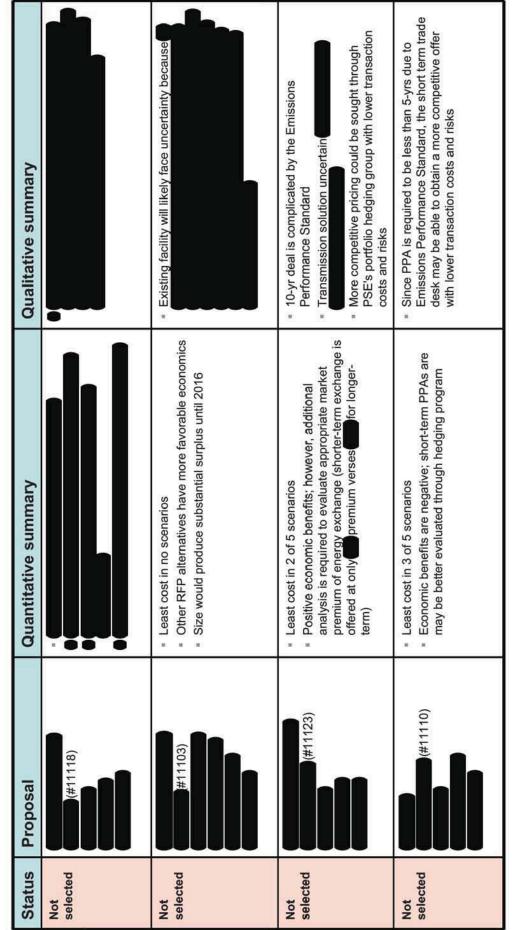
(1) Coal Transition PPA analysis includes equity component based on PSE's self build peaker

(2) For additional description of benefits and risks, see RFP Executive Summary

2

Evaluation Summary (cont.)





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VERSION

Notes:
(1) One proposal withdrew from the 2011 RFP during Phase 2. Four other proposals selected at the end of Phase 1 for further evaluation were eliminated in Phase 2 prior to the optimization and risk analysis for qualitative reasons. A list of these proposals and the primary reasons they were not selected is included in the

For additional description of benefits and risks, see RFP Executive Summary (2) EMC Update // June 12, 2012

Resource Strategy



Coal Transition PPA fills immediate and longer term need while not exceeding it and provides protection from higher price market environments

Transition PPA should be pursued first and immediately Coal

The Coal Transition PPA requires pre-approval from WUTC in order to be effective (180-day process)

Opportunity to pursue Coal Transition PPA may be lost if delayed

Other short list resources should not be executed until outcome of Coal Transition PPA is known

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The resource selection mix would change if the Coal Transition PPA is not approved by WUTC

Other resource alternatives not selected in RFP may be favored in order to fill PSE's capacity need

Comparison of Need with RFP Short List1	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Capacity (Deficit) / Surplus in MW ²	(129)	(226)	(430)	(212)	(189)	(808)	(824)	(846)	(841)
Coal Transition PPA									
(#11124)									
(#11117)									
Remaining Capacity (Deficit) / Surplus in MW									

This chart demonstrates how the RFP short list fits into PSE's need and does not suggest that PSE will contract for all proposed resources.

Capacity need does not reflect need for additional operating reserves when new resources are on PSE's system (see chart in appendix for capacity need that includes operating reserves). 50

Under the F2012 "low load" forecast, the need for 500 MW of capacity shifts from 2015 to 2016.

EMC Update // June 12, 2012

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Next Steps



- Notify bidders of selection status
- Finalize negotiations with TransAlta for Coal Transition PPA
- Reevaluation of potential new or revised offers
- Seek EMC approval of Coal Transition PPA on June 22, 2012
- Seek Board of Directors approval of Coal Transition PPA on June 28, 2012
- File petition with WUTC seeking pre-approval of Coal Transition PPA by July 3, 2012
- After PSE receives a final, non-appealable order approving or disapproving the Coal Transition PPA, PSE will refresh resource alternatives evaluation and conduct negotiations with other short listed resources

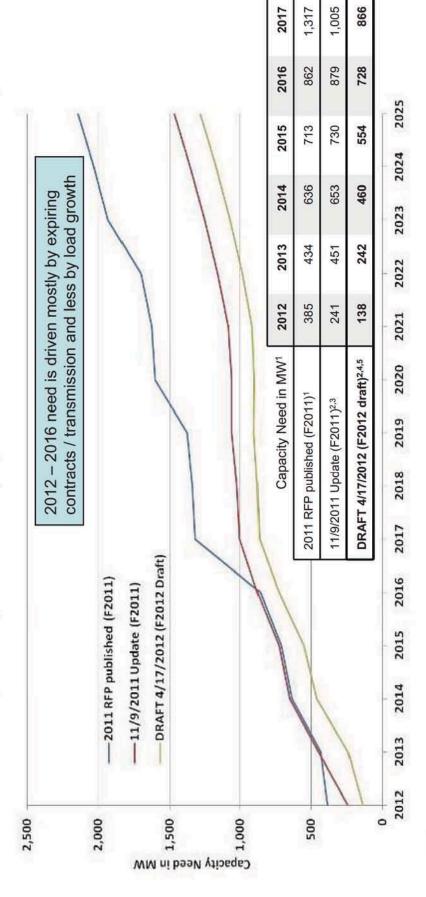


Appendix





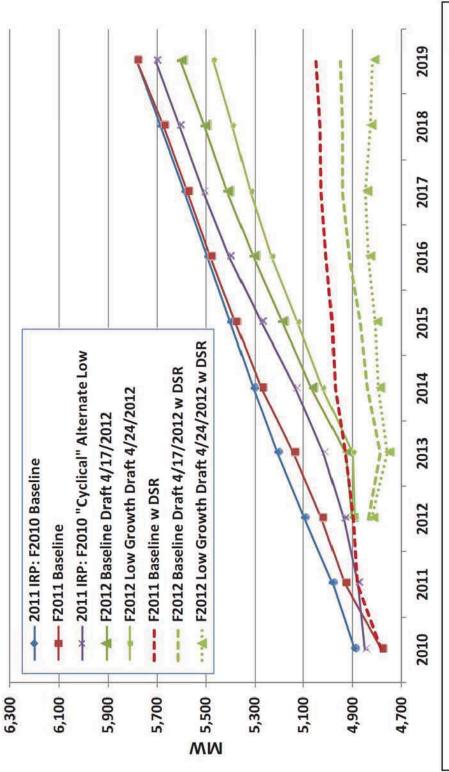
2011 RFP capacity need (updated from 2011 IRP)



- Based on 2011 Integrated Resource Plan; includes a planning reserve margin of 15.7%
- Capacity need reflects need for additional operating reserves if new resources are on PSE's system
- Update to need reflects addition of short-term hedges, no existing gas plant retirements, line loss update (presented to EMC on 12/15/2011 and 3/15/2012) 50040
 - F2012 reflects loss of Jefferson County as of 4/2013, updates of existing gas plant contribution to peak
 - Final F2012 load forecast shows negligible change to capacity need



Comparison of December peak load forecasts



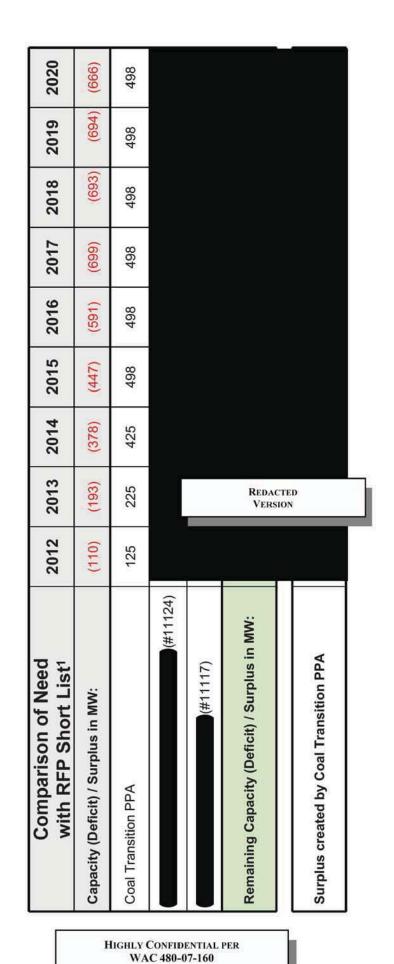
find the 2010-2016 period of the scenario [Low Cyclical forecast] plausible, and urge the Company to give adequate weight to this forecast as it acquires additional resources during this period of time." WUTC comments 2011 IRP acknowledgement letter: "Due to the prolonged recession in the current economic cycle, we

Note: F2012 baseline reflects loss of Jefferson County April 2013



Short-list under Draft F2012 Low load forecast

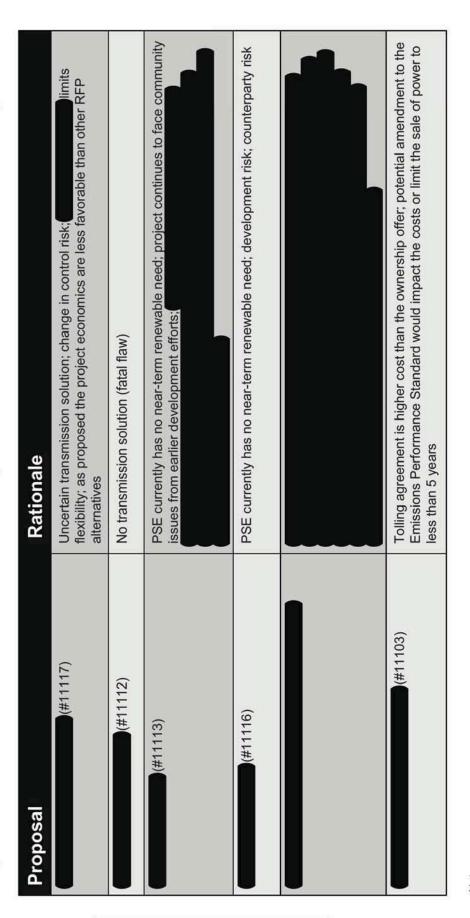
Under the "Low Load" scenario the need for 498 MW of Coal Transition PPA shifts out from 2015 to 2016 Surpluses created by Coal Transition PPA range between 15 and 51 MW through 2015 ш Ħ



Note: This chart demonstrates how the RFP short list fits into PSE's need and does not suggest that PSE will contract for all proposed resources.



Proposals not included in optimization & risk analysis¹



53

Since completing the evaluation, counterparty has updated terms and has verbal indicated that the have additional transmission capacity. (#11127) withdrew its offer of a Market PPA during Phase II. It was not included in the quantitative analysis.

RFP team will re-evaluate with any revised offers received after notifying bidders.

For additional description of risks and rational, see RFP Executive Summary

EMC Update // June 12, 2012

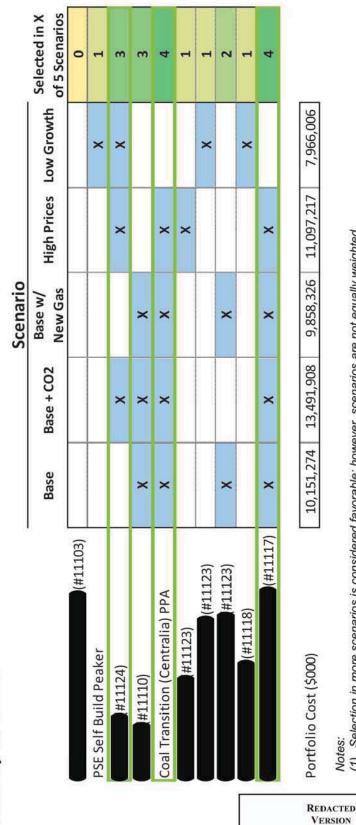
REDACTED VERSION



Optimization scenario results

are selected in 4 out of 5 scenarios and both fit well within PSE's capacity need Coal Transition PPA and

Sensitivities show that changes in price offers on other projects could change selections, but the portfolio cost may be similar



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- "Base w/ New Gas" scenario reflects most current gas price forecast; proposed "Base" scenario for 2013 IRP Selection in more scenarios is considered favorable; however, scenarios are not equally weighted
 "Base w/ New Gas" scenario reflects most current gas price forecast; proposed "Base" scenario fo
 In "Base + CO2" scenario, Coal Transition PPA is tested with a higher PPA price to reflect the incr
 - In "Base + CO2" scenario, Coal Transition PPA is tested with a higher PPA price to reflect the increase in market prices between "Base" and "Base + CO2" (see slide 14 for details)
 - Coal Transition PPA analysis includes equity component based on PSE's self build peaker

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Screening model results: "Base w/ New Gas" scenario

Coal Transition PPA, resources and other RFP alternatives in screening analysis

are favorable relative to generic

Capacity Proposals	PPA or Project Life / Ownership Start Contract Term	Project Start	Book Life / Contract Term	Levelized Cost \$/MWh	Levelized Portfolio Cost Benefit \$/MWh \$000	Levelized PB / kW	Levelized P PB / kW Ranking	ortfolio Benefit Ratio	Levelized Net Cost / kW	Levelized Net Cost / kW Ranking
(#11117)	Tolling	2016	9		\$ 29,977		37	2.49		3
Coal Transition (Centralia) PPA*	Fixed Price	2012	14		\$ 193,260		2	0.13		7
(#11123)	Index Price	2016	11		\$ 14,303		3	0.27		4
(#11123)	Index Price	2014	11		\$ 13,114		4	0.24		3
(#11124)	Fixed Price	2013	10		\$ 11,288		5	0.05		00
(#11117)	Tolling	2013	9		\$ 14,223		9	0.12		2
(#11118)					\$ 30,582		7	0.18		2
(#11117)	Tolling	2013	11		\$ 17,381		8	0.07		9
PSE Self Build Peaker (Frame Tech.)	Ownership	2015	35		\$ 13,828		6	0.05		Ħ
(#11103)	Ownership	2014	29		\$ 12,037		10	00.00		13
(#11103)	Tolling	2014	15		\$ (25,766)		11	(0.02)		12
(#11123)	Fixed Price	2014	5		\$ (1,465)		12	(0.03)		10
(#11110)	Fixed Price	2013	5		\$ (6,125)		13	(0.08)		6
(#11116)	Fixed Price	2014	25		\$ (12,211)		14	(0.08)		14
(#11112)			The work		Fata	Fatal Flaw				

Renewable Proposals	PPA or Project Life / Cost Ownership Start Contract Term Term	Project Start	Book Life / Contract Term	Levelized Cost \$/MWh	Portfolio Benefit	Levelized PB / REC	Levelized PB / REC Ranking	Portfolio Benefit Ratio	Levelized Net Cost / REC	Levelized Net Cost / REC Ranking
(#11116)	Fixed Price 2014	2014	25		\$ 27,408		1	0.1960		2
(#11113)	Fixed Price 2013	2013	25		\$ 7,833		2	0.0330		1

*Coal Transition PPA analysis includes equity component based on PSE's self build peaker

PSM I Metrics Key:

- Results are based on "Base w/ New Gas" price scenario only; Phase II did not evaluate alternative PSM I screening model scenarios.
- A lower number is better for "Levelized Net Cost/kW" and "Levelized Net Cost/kW or "Levelized Net Cost/REC"
- A higher number is better for "Portfolio Benefit", "Portfolio Benefit Ratio", and "Levelized PB/kW" or "Levelized PB/REC".



Quantitative screening metrics definitions

- the portfolio replacing an equivalent amount of generic resource, and the net present value portfolio revenue requirement of Portfolio Benefit (\$): difference between the net present value portfolio revenue requirement with the proposed project in the all generic portfolio. (Higher is better. Useful for comparing projects with the same winter capacity value or the same contribution to meeting PSE's renewable energy target.)
- Levelized Cost (\$/MWh): the net present value of the proposed project's revenue requirement divided by the net present value of the proposed project's generation. (Lower is better. Useful for comparing projects that have the same or similar operating characteristics.
- Portfolio Benefit Ratio: portfolio benefit divided by the net present value of the proposed project's revenue requirement. (Higher is better. Useful for comparing projects that have the same or similar operating characteristics.)
- evenue requirement and the net present value market revenue of the project's generation divided by the net present value of present value of the project's contribution to PSE's renewable energy target. (Lower is better. Useful for comparing across Levelized net cost per unit of contribution to need (\$/kW or \$/REC): difference between the net present value project the project's capacity contribution. If a renewable project is being considered, then the numerator is divided by the net
- Levelized portfolio benefit per unit of contribution to need (\$PB/kW or \$PB/REC): a project's portfolio benefit divided by the present value of the project's capacity contribution. If a renewable project is being considered, If a renewable project is being considered, then the numerator is divided by the net present value of the project's contribution to PSE's renewable energy target. (Higher is better. Useful for comparing across technologies and size.)



AURORA 2011 RFP Phase II Base scenario summary

- Reflects falling natural gas prices, electricity prices, and the abandoned federal legislative efforts for an economy-wide cap-and-trade program.
- The following are the key assumptions sources:
- Regional Load: NPCC 6th Power Plan Base less Conservation
- PSE Peaks and Load: F2012 Base load forecast
- PSE demand-side resources: Consistent with 2011 IRP
- Natural Gas Price
- 2012-2015: 3-month average forward marks for period ending Nov. 7, 2011
 - 2016-2031: October 2011 Wood Mackenzie long-run fundamental forecast
- Resource Costs: Consistent with 2011 IRP
- CO₂ costs: No price included, includes known regional retirements of coal plants

17

PSE

2011 RFP scenarios and sensitivities

different than the Base assumptions. Red text indicates assumptions are

Base

- PSE F2012 Base load forecast
- Mid Natural Gas Price

PSE F2012 Base load forecast

High Prices

High Natural Gas Price

High Regional Loads

· No CO₂ Price

- Mid Regional Loads
- No CO₂ Price

Base + CO2

- PSE F2012 Base load forecast
- · High Natural Gas Price
- Mid Regional Loads
- CO₂ Starts 2013 at \$18/Ton

Low Growth

- PSE F2012 Low load forecast (structural)
- Low Natural Gas Price
- Low Regional Loads
- No CO₂ Price

Base w/ New Gas

- PSE F2012 Base load forecast
- Natural Gas Price = Wood Mackenzie April 2012 + 3 month average forward marks ending Apr 19, 2012 (lower than base)
- Mid Regional Loads
- No CO₂ Price

Sensitivity (PSM III Only): Low Price w/ Base load

- PSE F2012 Base load forecast
 - Low Natural Gas Price
- · Low Growth scenario power price

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PSM III optimization scenarios and sensitivities

INPUT ASSUMPTIONS

SCENARIOS	PSE Demand	Gas Price	AURORA Electric Price	Generic Resource Costs	Emissions Price	
Base	Base	Base	Base	Base	None	
Base + CO2	Base	Base	Base	Base	EPA APA Analysis	
Base w/ New Gas ¹	Base	Base + New Gas	Base + New Gas	Base	None	
High Prices	Base	High	High	Base	None	
Low Growth	Low Structural ²	Low	Low	Base	None	
SENSITIVITY Low Price w/ Base Load	Base	Low	Low	Base	None	

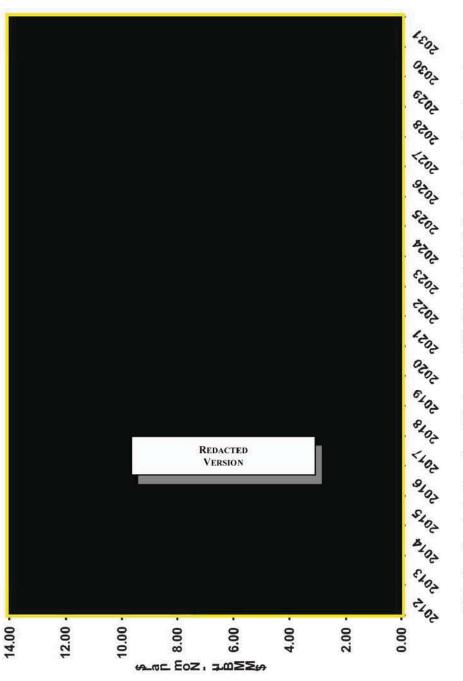
Notes:
(1) "Base w/ New Gas": New Wood Mackenzie gas prices as of late April 2012
(2) Lower regional population growth

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Comparison of Sumas Hub gas price forecasts

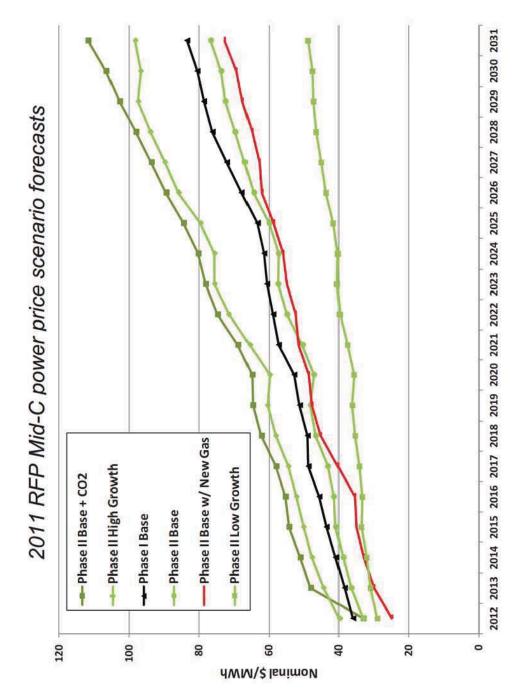


Note: Over the shorter term, the relatively warm 2011-12 winter in North America reduced gas demand, diverted gas to storage, and reduced prices for the 2012 summer and 2012-13 winter.

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2011 RFP electric price forecasts







Creating the "Base + CO2" scenario

3					Adder in Base + CO2
	Nominal \$/tCO ₂ e	\$/tCO2e	Mid C Power Price \$/MWh	Price \$/MWh	scenario
	Base	Base + CO2 ²	Base	Base + CO2	\$/MWh
2012	0	0	33.04	33.04	0.00
2013	0	18	36.50	47.98	11.48
2014	0	20	38.78	20.96	12.18
2015	0	21	40.81	54.22	13.41
2016	0	23	41.40	55.24	13.84
2017	0	25	43.09	57.93	14.84
2018	0	27	46.52	62.12	15.60
2019	0	29	48.04	64.62	16.58
2020	0	31	47.12	64.78	17.66
2021	0	33	50.33	68.73	18.40
2022	0	36	54.82	74.57	19.75
2023	0	38	57.36	78.01	20.65
2024	0	41	57.25	80.14	22.89
2025	0	44	59.94	84.36	24.42
2026	0	48	64.33	89.36	25.03
2027	0	51	16.91	93.58	26.67
2028	0	55	85.69	98.01	28.43
2029	0	59	72.38	102.69	30.31
2030	0	64	73.56	106.46	32.90
2031	0	69	76.56	111.61	35.05

table shows:

CO₂ price used by PSE in "Base"1 and "Base + CO2"2 scenarios

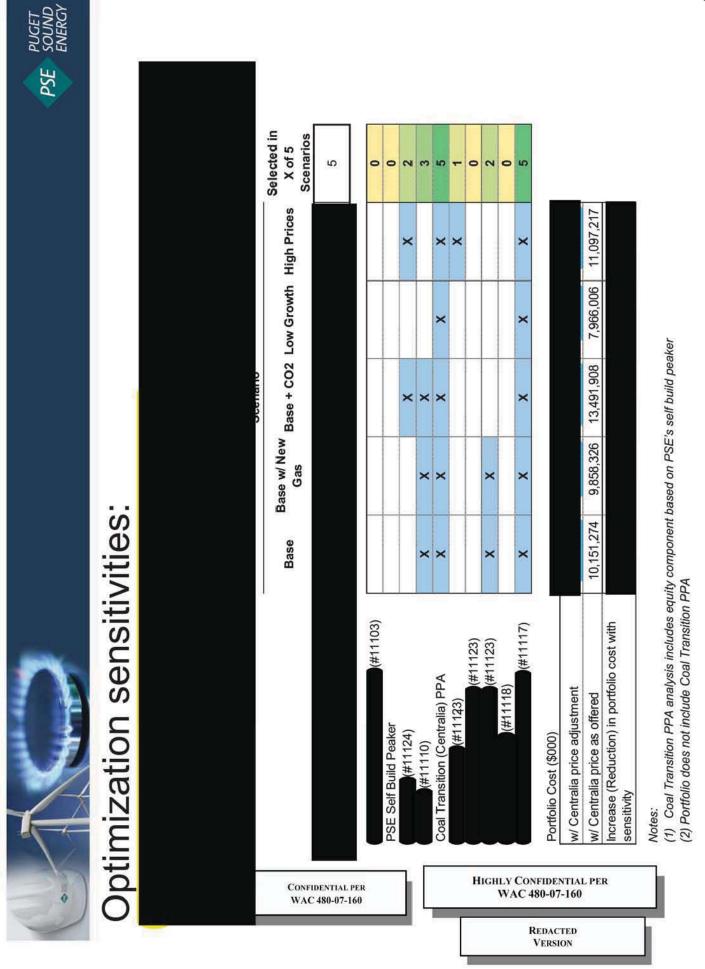
Mid-C power prices

of the Coal Transition PPA, which power prices between scenarios Adder included in the evaluation is the difference in the Mid-C

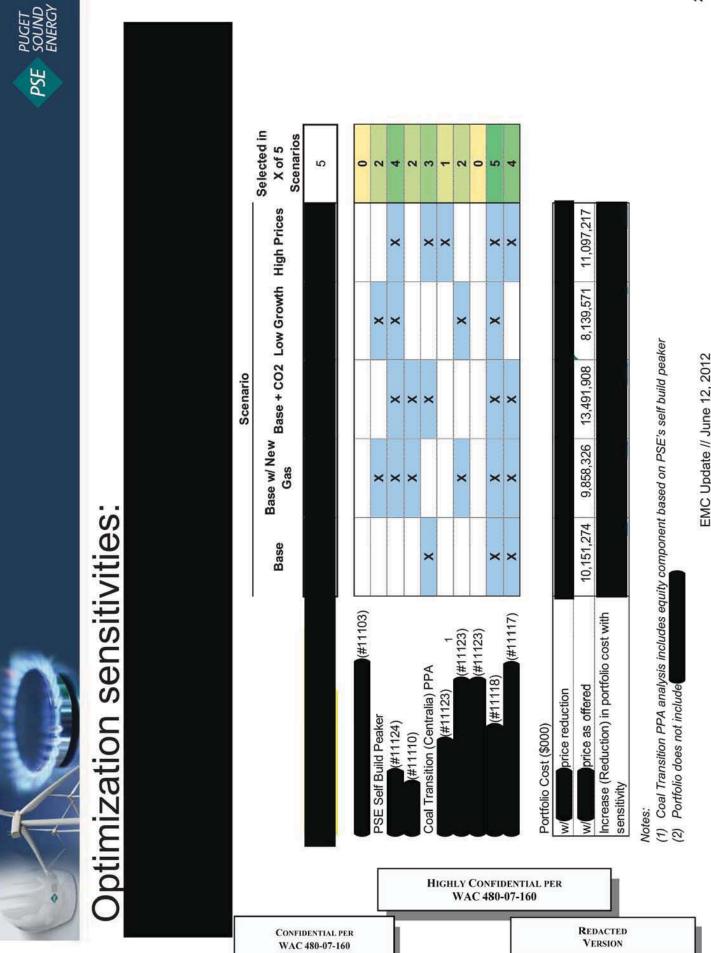
Notes:

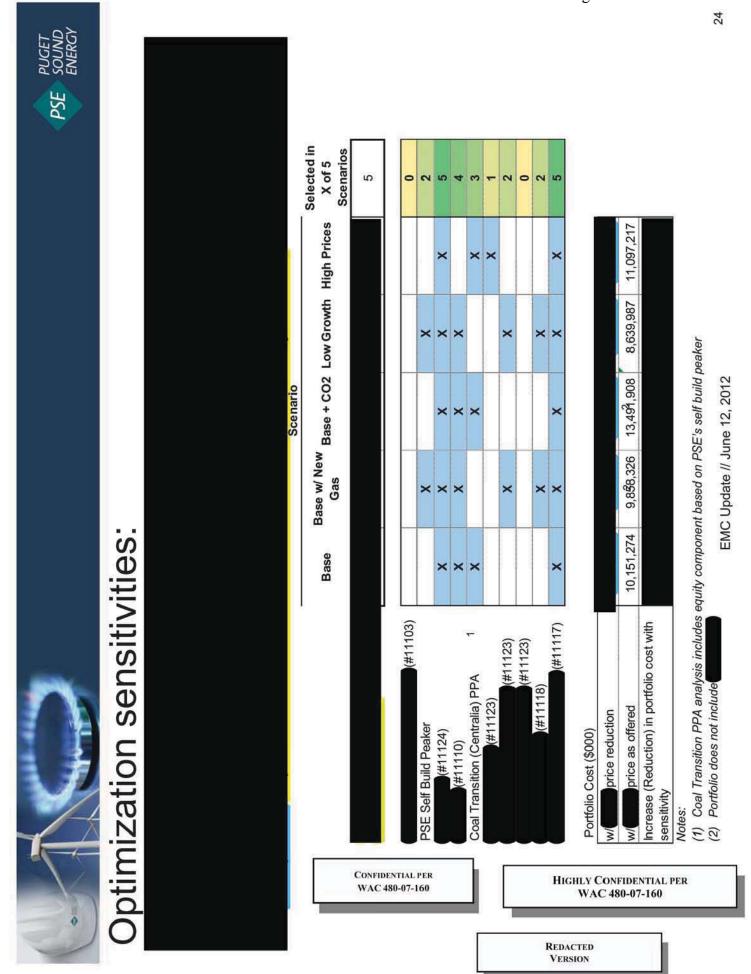
(1) "Base" and all other scenarios except "Base + CO2"(2) Source is EPA's analysis of the American Power Act of 2010









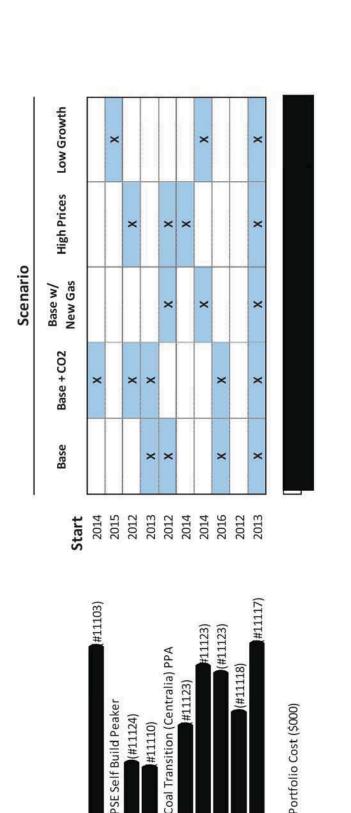




Optimization sensitivities:

Are resources being selected just filling the near term need or do they provide benefits in the long-term?

If PSE could rely on short-term market purchases until 2015 and current contract opportunities are lost, Coal Transition PPA is selected in 3 of 5 scenarios



Note: Coal Transition PPA analysis includes equity component based on PSE's self build peaker

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PSE

Sensitivity analysis:

Comparing portfolios with & without Coal Transition PPA (in PSM III)

Coal Transition PPA provides the biggest portfolio benefits when gas and power prices are higher and is not favorable compared to alternatives in a sustained low growth environment

	With	N _o
	Centralia Centralia	Centrali
(#11103)		
PSE Self Build Peaker		×
(#11124)		×
(#11110)	×	×
Coal Transition (Centralia) PPA	×	100000000
(#11123)		
(#11123)		×
(#11123)	×	
(#11118)		×
(#11117)	×	

			Scenarios		
Portfolio Cost (\$000's)	Base	Base + CO2	Base w/New Gas	900	High Prices Low Growth
No Centralia					
With Centralia					
(Benefit)/Cost					
Portfolio with					
Centralia					

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- Coal Transition PPA analysis includes equity component based on PSE's self build peaker
 No Coal Transition PPA portfolio is created from "Low Price w/ Base Load" sensitivity.

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Comparing portfolios with & without Coal Transition PPA (in PSM III) Risk analysis in RFP Phase II Base scenario:

Coal Transition PPA reduces exposure to high prices

(historical), and load (Base, High, Low) High, Low), wind and hydro generation Risk Analysis considers variability in natural gas and power prices (Base,

	With	N
	Centralia	Centralia Centralia
(#11103)		
SE Self Build Peaker		×
(#11124)		×
(#11110)	×	×
oal Transition (Centralia) PPA	×	
(#11123)		
(#11123)		×
(#11123)	×	
#11118)		×
(#11117)	×	

With Coal transition (Centralia) PPA (Centralia) PPA	O P25	O Max • TVAR90	• Mean • TVAR10	• Min • P75	_
With Coal transition (Centralia) PPA	0				Without Coal transition (Centralia) PPA
	0	•		•	With Coal transition (Centralia) PPA



- Coal Transition PPA analysis includes equity component based on PSE's self build peaker
 No Coal Transition PPA portfolio is created from "Low Price w/ Base Load" sensitivity.

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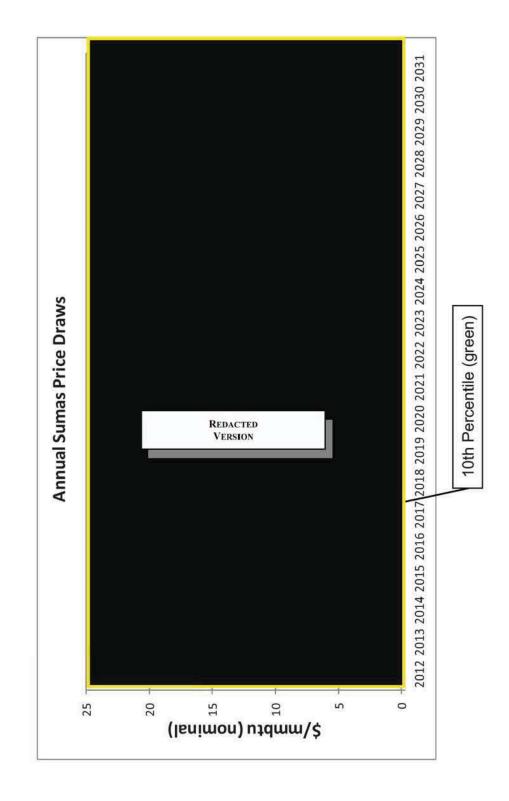
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PUGET SOUND ENERGY

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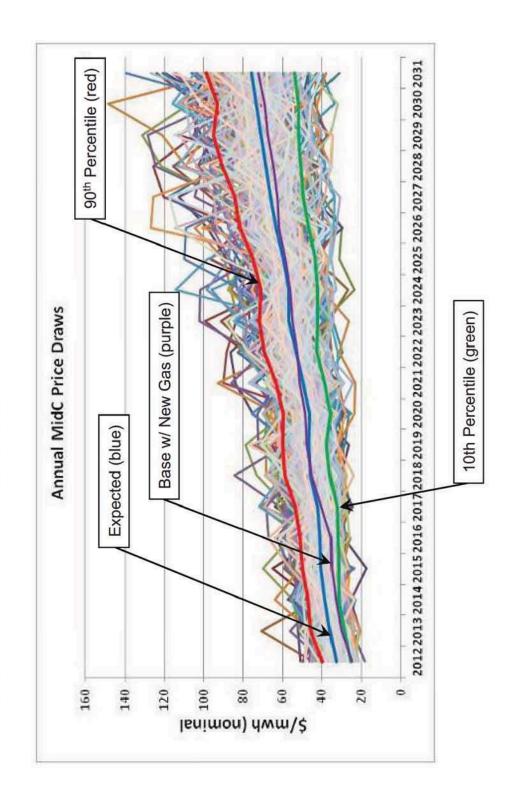
Risk analysis in RFP Phase II Base scenario: Annual Sumas Price Distribution



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Risk analysis in RFP Phase II Base scenario: Annual Mid-C Electric Price Distribution



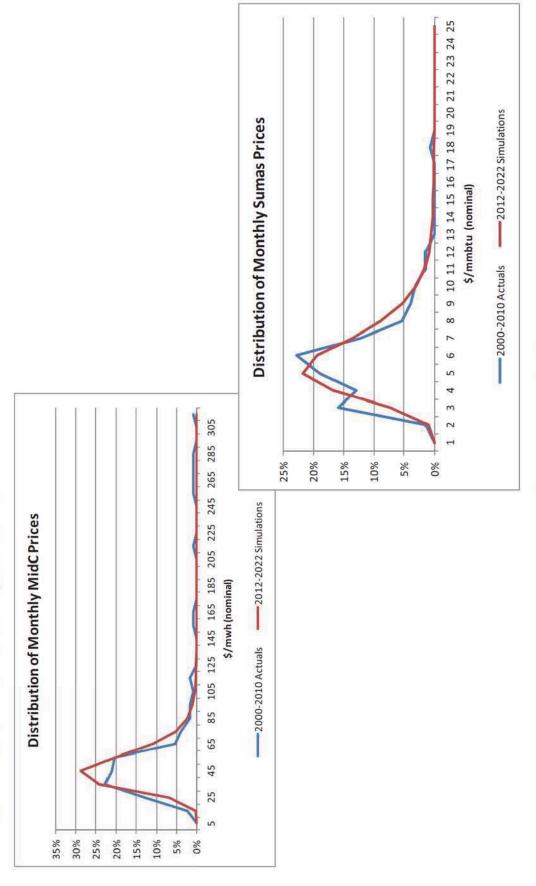
EMC Update // June 12, 2012

EMC Update // June 12, 2012



Risk analysis in RFP Phase II Base scenario:







PSE

REC banking in 2011 RFP Phase II

- Phase II evaluation includes banking RECs from existing resources -- estimated based on P50 generation
- RECs produced from apprentice labor multiplier credits are not bifurcated from underlying REC
- Non-REC eligible generation such as hydro efficiency upgrades are not banked
- RECs not used for compliance in the year they are created, or banked for future year's use are sold at voluntary market price.

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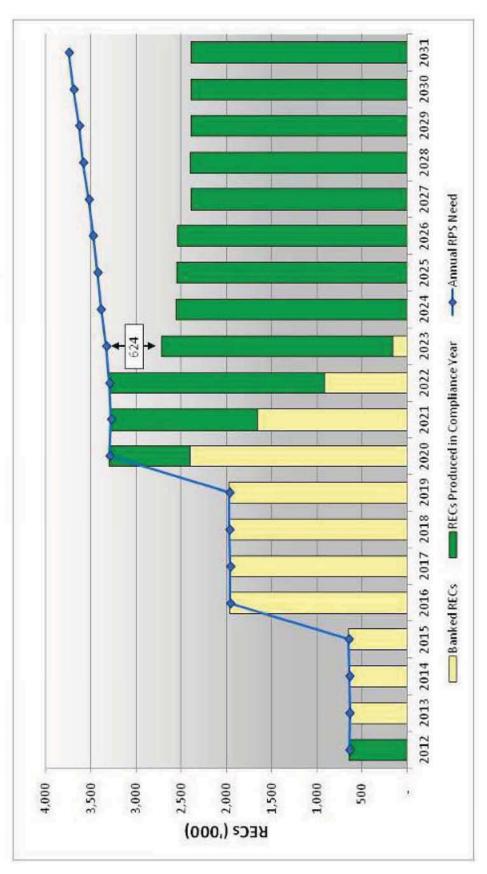


PSE

REC banking in 2011 RFP Phase II

Renewable need is shifted from 2020 to 2023 if existing RECs are banked

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Coal Transition PPA

Presented to PSE's Energy Management Committee

Roger Garratt

Director, Financial Planning & Strategic Initiatives





New information requires additional evaluation before the Coal Transition Power Purchase and Sale Agreement ("Coal Transition PPA") can be recommended to management.

Revised prices from RFP participants

Potential impact of reduced long-term firm transmission from BPA

PSE is negotiating with TransAlta

Presentation Outline

PPA terms & conditions

Need for resource

Comparative analysis

Risks & mitigations

Benefits

Appendix

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Terms & Conditions

Coal Transition Power Purchase & Sale Agreement

TransAlta Centralia Generation, LLC Seller:

Product:

Firm, flat (7x24) electrical energy delivered to the Point of Delivery

Operating reserves

Dec 1, 20121 - Dec 31, 2025 Term:

Centralia Transition Coal Facility (CTCF) Source:

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Point of Delivery (POD):



(1) Effective date is later of 12/01/2012 or upon WUTC approval(2) Price escalates @

Quantity:

Dec 1, 2012 - Nov 30, 2013 125 MWh/hr;

225 MWh/hr;

Dec 1, 2013 - Nov 30, 2014 Dec 1, 2014 - Nov 30, 2015

Dec 1, 2015 - Dec 31, 2022

425 MWh/hr;

498 MWh/hr;

400 MWh/hr;

300 MWh/hr;

Jan 1, 2023 - Dec 31, 2024 Jan 1, 2025 - Dec 31, 2025

Dec 1, 2012 - Nov 30, 2014

Dec 1, 2014 - Nov 30, 2020 Dec 1, 2020 - Dec 31, 2025

MWh²; MWh²;

MWh;

Price paid to Seller:

Termination (with liability):

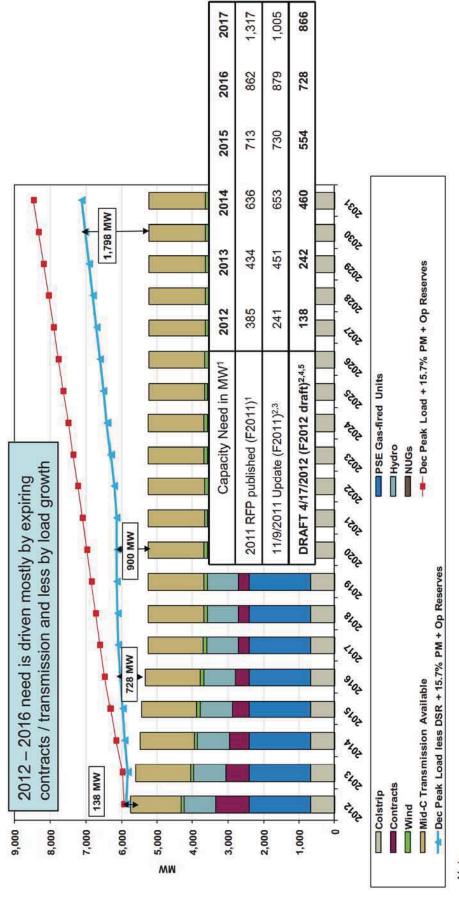


Credit:

4

Resource Need

2011 RFP capacity need (updated from 2011 IRP)



- Capacity need reflects need for additional operating reserves if new resources are on PSE's system
- Update to need reflects addition of short-term hedges, no existing gas plant retirements, line loss update (presented to EMC on 12/15/2011 and 3/15/2012) Based on 2011 Integrated Resource Plan; includes a planning reserve margin of 15.7%
 Capacity need reflects need for additional operating reserves if new resources are on PS
 Update to need reflects addition of short-term hedges, no existing gas plant retirements, I
 F2012 reflects loss of Jefferson County as of 4/2013, updates of existing gas plant contril Final F2012 load forecast shows negligible change to capacity need
 - F2012 reflects loss of Jefferson County as of 4/2013, updates of existing gas plant contribution to peak

8,418

8.673

Annual Volatility (%)

PUGET SOUND ENERGY 011 RFP Analysis of Alternatives

Coal Transition PPA reduces exposure to high prices \$13,000 \$12,000 2011 RFP sought resources to meet the capacity need RFP proposals were subjected to a thorough cross-

O P25

represent the lowest cost portfolio with the lowest risk departmental analysis of qualitative and quantitative RFP analysis shows that the Coal Transition PPA, combined with the other short listed resources, compared to other alternatives attributes

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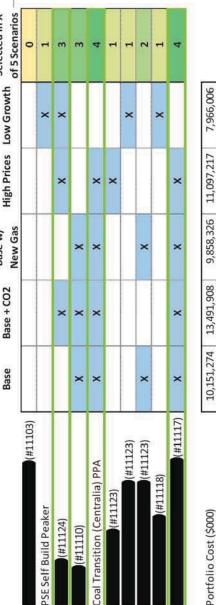
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11,895 10,209 10,574 10,170 9,785 770,6 transition (Centralia) O TVAR10 ● TVAR90 • Mean O Max • Min @ P75 With Coal transition | Without Coal Without Coal transition Portfolio Cost (Revenue Requirement) \$MM 10,478 10,122 10,114 9,778 9,347 11,227 (Centralia) PPA (Centralia) PPA With Coal transition (Centralia) PPA **IVAR90** Median **LVAR10** Mean P75 P25 of 5 Scenarios Selected in X \$9,000 \$8,000 \$10,000 \$11,000 Portfolio Cost (\$MM) Low Growth

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Base w/

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Notes:

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Selection in more scenarios is considered favorable; however, scenarios are not equally weighted (1)

Coal Transition PPA analysis includes equity component based on PSE's self build peaker

Risk Analysis shows the range of possible portfolio costs considering variability in natural gas and power prices, wind and hydro generation, peaks, and demand on June 22, 2012. (See summary of revised offers on slide 10.)

offer from Analysis performed prior to receiving a 007

2

2011 RFP Evaluation Summary

Status	Proposal	Quantitative summary	Qualitative summary
	Coal Transition PPA TransAlta (#11102) Start: 2012 Term: 13-yrs Size: ramps up to 498 MW ooissaa	 Least cost in 4 of 5 scenarios Lowers risk of higher portfolio costs Positive economic benefits; competitive levelized cost; reasonable portfolio benefit/kW Benefits of long-term physical fixed price increases with rising power costs Best match to PSE's growing capacity need 	 Provides long-term physical firm energy in addition to capacity Firm power backed by physical asset, 100 MW of long-term firm transmission secured with BPA for contract term after exercising renewal rights in 2016; PSE holds 398 MW of long-term firm transmission (to be confirmed with BPA) Counterparty accepts Strong counterparty (BBB S&P credit rating) with long history of international owner/operator performance Consistent with and supportive of state policy goals and is supported by public Opportunity may be lost if not pursued now considering the MOA between the state and TransAlta
	(#11117) Start: Term: Size:	 Least cost in 4 of 5 scenarios Top ranked proposal based on screening model results Attractively priced Fits into future capacity need 	
	Start: Term: Size:	 Least cost in 3 of 5 scenarios Competitive levelized cost Benefits of Creates capacity surplus for first four years 	

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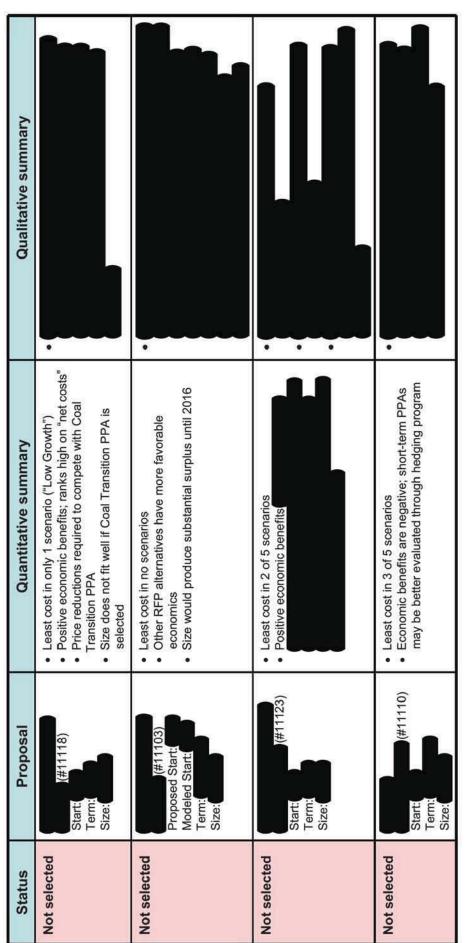
- on June 22, 2012. (See summary of revised offers on slide 10.) Notes:

 (1) Coal Transition PPA analysis includes equity component based on PSE's self build peaker

 (2) For additional description of benefits and risks, see RFP Executive Summary

 (3) Evaluation performed prior to receiving a

PUGET SOUND ENERGY Evaluation Summary (cont.)

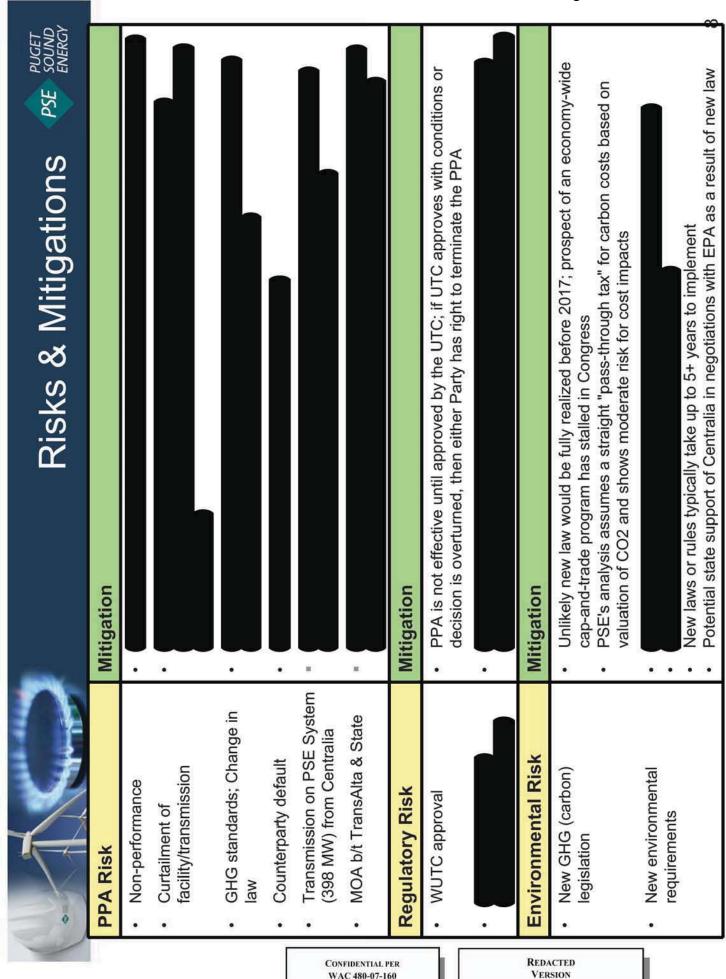


(1) One proposal withdrew from the 2011 RFP during Phase 2. Four other proposals selected at the end of Phase 1 for further evaluation were eliminated in Phase 2 prior to the optimization and risk analysis for qualitative reasons. A list of these proposals and the primary reasons they were not selected is included in the

For additional description of benefits and risks, see RFP Executive Summary Evaluation performed prior to receiving a 36

on June 22, 2012. (See summary of revised offers on slide 10.)

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PUGET SOUND ENERGY **PSE** RFP evaluation shows benefits



Project economics associated with the PPA are positive;

- Least cost in 4 of 5 scenarios Lowers risk of portfolio costs

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Analysis suggests significant portfolio benefit

Provides physical, long-term flat firm power delivered to PSE's system; Existing resource with demonstrated reliable operating history Volumes increase over the first several years to closely match PSE's capacity need

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Coal transition power has strong public, local community, environmental groups and government support

Strong counterparty (BBB S&P credit rating);

rising power costs and stability compared natural Fixed price structure provides hedge against gas tolling resources

State law recognizes coal transition power as a oublic policy resource preference

Helps the state achieve GHG reduction goals

Note: (1) Evaluation performed prior to receiving a

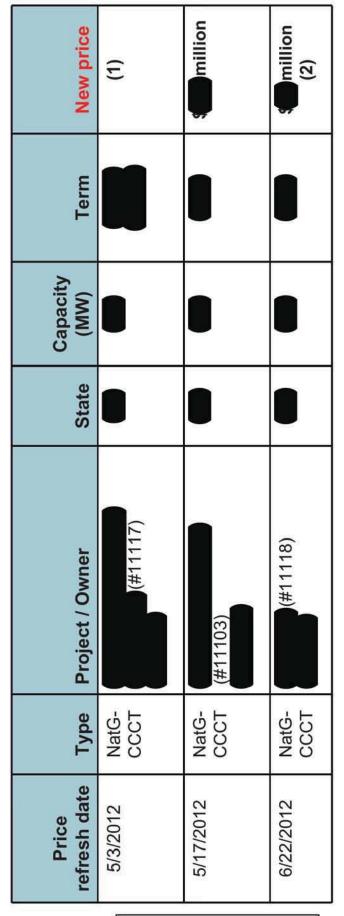
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on June 22, 2012. (See summary of revised offers on slide 10.)



Revised RFP offers



restructured their offer to a was not offered in the original proposal

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(2)



Appendix

- History of events
- Facility & counterparty
- Regulatory process
- Sample equity return calculation
- Quantiative Revisions after June 12, 2012 EMC PSM I updates

Next steps



PSE

...provide for the reduction of GHG emissions...

Apr 26, 2010 Memora Nov 2010 TransAl Apr 2011 State Le	Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") between TransAlta and the state of Washington executed TransAlta initiated discussions with PSE for a potential purchased power agreement ("PPA") State Legislature passed Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5769 ("E2SSB')
	ta initiated discussions with PSE for a potential purchased power agreement ("PPA") egislature passed Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5769 ("E2SSB')
Aug 1, 2011 PSE file	PSE filed draft Request-for-Proposals ("RFP")
Oct 17, 2011 Utilities	Utilities and Transportation Commission ("UTC") approved draft RFP; PSE filed final RFP
Nov 1, 2011 RFP bio	RFP bids were due to PSE
Dec 23, 2011 Memora	Memorandum of Agreement ("MOA") between TransAlta and the state of Washington executed
Apr 2012 PSE up	PSE updates capacity need forecast and new gas price forecast
June 12, 2012 PSE iss	PSE issues short list
Jun 22 / 28, 2012* EMC ar	EMC and BOD receive recommendation to enter into Centralia PPA
Jul 3, 2012* Seek pr	Seek pre-approval and cost recovery
Dec 31, 2012 Annual	Annual payments set forth in MOA begin, if TransAlta has secured a long-term contract

*Expected timing



Facility & Counterparty

PSE

TransAlta Centralia Generation, LLC

Located in Lewis County, Washington

Centralia Coal Plant is Washington State's largest baseload power source—generates 10% of Washington's power

Coal fuel supply delivered by train from the Powder River Basin in the U.S. Midwest

Capacity: 1340 MW

On-line date: 1971

100% owned & operated by TransAlta

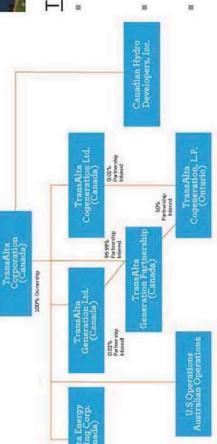


TransAlta Corporation (parent company)

Canada's largest publicly traded wholesale power generator & marketer with over 100 years of operating experience

Over 8,000 MW positioned in Canada, Western U.S. and Australia

Listed on Toronto and New York stock exchanges





Regulatory Process



PSE must file a petition for approval of the Coal Transition PPA, including supporting testimony and exhibits. The petition will seek:

approval of and prudence of the Coal Transition PPA

determination of the equity component associated with the Coal Transition PPA

deferral of the difference between the costs of Coal Transition PPA and market power included in rates

The WUTC must act on the petition within 180 days from the date of filing of the petition for approval. PSE anticipates requesting that the WUTC expedite the hearing of the petition and request that the WUTC act on the petition within 150 days from the date of filing of the petition for approval. Below is a projected schedule of an expedited proceeding

PSE's Prefiled Direct Testimony	July 3, 2012
Staff, Public Counsel, and Intervenor Response Testimony	September 21, 2012
PSE Rebuttal Testimony	October 5, 2012
Evidentiary Hearing	October 22 – 25, 2012
Simultaneous Initial Briefs	November 6, 2012
Simultaneous Reply Briefs	November 13, 2012
Requested Effective Date	November 30, 2012

WUTC disapproves the petition, the Coal Transition PPA is null and void. If the WUTC were to approve the Coal Transition PPA upon conditions other than those set forth in the petition, PSE has the right to reject If the WUTC does not issue a final order within 180 days from the date of filing of the petition, or if the the agreement.



Deferral & Equity Component



PSE will request for deferral of the amount by which the costs associated with the Coal Transition PPA exceed the power costs currently included in rates

- cost of equity component will be included in power costs as part of the PPA costs
- full cost of PPA will run through the PCA mechanism
- cost of equity component will be adjusted within the PCA mechanism similar to other adjustments i.e. disallowances except the signs would be reversed so that the equity component does not pass through the reserve calculation
 - The deferral will reduce power costs until the Coal Transition PPA is included in rates.

component of its authorized rate of return in the same manner as if it had purchased or built an equivalent If the Commission were to approve the Coal Transition PPA, PSE would be permitted "to earn the equity plant and to recover the cost of the coal transition power under the power purchase agreement." (RCW 80.04.570(6)(a))

The cost of an equivalent plant:

- is the least cost purchased or self-built electric generation plant with equivalent capacity,
- is calculated in dollars per kilowatt, and
- must be determined in the original process of Commission approval of the Coal Transition (Centralia) PPA. (RCW 80.04.570(6)(b))

The equivalent plant must be amortized over the life of the Coal Transition PPA to determine the recovery of the equity value (RCW 80.04.570(6)(c))

PSE will propose using generic self build peaker in 2011 RFP process

kW, which results in an equity component of approximately \$4.5/MWh

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\$3.9

Levelized Equity Return (Annual)



Equity Component Example



Simplified Example for Demonstration Purposes Only

To forecast an equity return on a Coal Transition PPA: Calculate the equity return PSE is allowed self-build peaker) amortized over the term to earn on an equivalent plant (e.g. RFP of the PPA Unitize the equity return by dividing the net present value (NPV) of the equity return over the term of the PPA

Multiply the unitized equity return by the projected Coal Transition PPA capacity

hour and would be multiplied to the energy evelized equity return unitized in MW per The example on the right shows the (MWh) of a Coal Transition PPA.

Assumptions Used to Find an Equity Return on an Equivalent Plant

100 Capacity of an Equivalent Plant (MW)

Capital Cost Equivalent Plant (\$/kW) Capital Cost Equivalent Plant (\$MM)

13 PPA Term

7.80% WACC and Discount Rate

9.80% Equity Cost

48.0% Equity Ratio

7.24% Weighted Pre-tax Equity Return (Revenue Required)

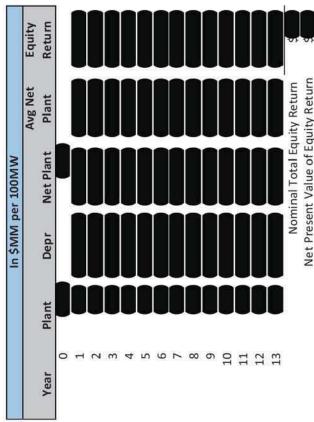


Table does not reflect revenue-sensitive taxes.

(2) The proposed methodology may or may not be the final methodology approved by the WUTC. However, this approach is similar to that shared with the WUTC at the time that the law was being finalized.

Levelized Equity Return Levelized Equity Return

Levelized Equity Return

\$3.3 per kW - monthly \$39.2 per kW - annually

\$4.5 per MWh 16

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Appendix

- Revisions after June 12, 2012 EMC
- PSM I updates

Next steps







Screening model results have updated market purchase costs

not change the selection of resources in Phase 2, since PSE relied upon The screening model results have been updated since the EMC meeting which included the doubling up of transmission costs. This change does on June 12, 2012 to correct an overstatement of market purchase costs the qualitative review and all quantitative results.

This review of the PSM I model led to the discovery that the PSM III optimization model does not include transmission costs with market purchases.



Revised screening model results: "Base w/ New Gas" scenario

Selection to short-list was based on qualitative and quantitative results, while PSRC PPA is less favorable compared to generics in the revised results; it is selected in 3 of 5 scenarios in the Optimization model.

Capacity Proposals	PPA or Project Ownership Start	Project Start	Book Project Life / Start Contract Term	Levelized Cost \$/MWh	Levelized Portfolio Cost Benefit \$/MWh \$000	Levelized PB / kW	Levelized PB / kW Ranking	Levelized Portfolio Levelized PB / kW Benefit Net Cost Ranking Ratio / kW	Levelized Net Cost / kW	Levelized Net Cost / kW Ranking
(#11117)	Tolling		•		\$ 29,878	\$ / kw		2.48	\$ / kw	
(#11123)	Index Price				\$ 16,787	\$ / kw	2	0.32	\$ / kw	4
(#11123)	Index Price		•		\$ 13,852	\$ / kw	3	0.25	\$ / kw	3
Coal Transition (Centralia) PPA*	Fixed Price	2012	14		\$ 86,666	\$ / kw	4	90.0	\$ / kw	7
(#11117)	Tolling		•		\$ 14,034	\$ / kw	5	0.12	\$ / kw	2
(#11118)	Tolling		•		\$ 26,999	\$ /kw	9	0.16	\$ / kw	5
(#11117)	Tolling				\$ 17,164	\$ / kw	7	0.07	\$ / kw	9
PSE Self Build Peaker (Frame Tech.)	Ownership	2015			\$ 13,580	\$ /kw	8	0.05	\$ / kw	11
(#11103) Original	Ownership				\$ 8,829 \$	\$ / kw	6	0.00	\$ / kw	13
(#11124)	Fixed Price		•	•	\$ (1,485) \$	\$ / kw	10	(0.01)	\$ / kw	8
(#11123)	Fixed Price		•		\$ (1,486) \$	\$ / kw	11	(0.03)	\$ / kw	10
(#11110)	Fixed Price		•		\$ (2,518) \$	\$ / kw	12	(0.03)	\$ / kw	6
(#11103)	Tolling				\$ (86,787) \$	s / kw	13	(0.06)	\$ / kw	12
(#11116)	Fixed Price				\$ (19,022)	S / kw	14	(0.13) \$	\$ / kw	14
(#11112)					Fat	Fatal Flaw				

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Renewable Proposals	PPA or Ownership	Project Start	Book Life / Contract Term	Levelized Cost \$/MWh	Portfoli Benefit	Levelized Portfolio Levelized Lost Benefit PB/REC E	Levelized PB / REC Ranking	Levelized Portfolio Levelized PB / REC Benefit Net Cost Ranking Ratio / REC	Levelized Net Cost / REC	Levelized Net Cost / REC Ranking
(#11116)	Fixed Price				\$ 15,69	15,694 \$ W/ REC	-	0.11	0.11 \$ NEC	2
(#11113)	Fixed Price				\$ 52,600	\$ 52,606 \$ / REC	2	0.22	0.22 \$ / REC	1

*Coal Transition PPA analysis includes equity component based on PSE's self build peaker

PSM I Metrics Key:

- Results are based on "Base w/ New Gas" price scenario only; Phase II did not evaluate alternative PSM I screening model scenarios.
 - A lower number is better for "Levelized Net Cost/kW" and "Levelized Net Cost/kW or "Levelized Net Cost/REC"
- A higher number is better for "Portfolio Benefit", "Portfolio Benefit Ratio", and "Levelized PB/kW" or "Levelized PB/REC".

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Market Purchase Costs in Optimization Model

SSILE

- Transmission costs for market purchases are not included
- making it difficult to include costs only on market purchases; however, a The Optimization model does not separate market purchases and sales solution is under review
- While PSE believes it is reasonable and important to reflect these transmission costs, the optimization analysis to date does not include these costs.

Expected Impact

- Adding transmission costs to market purchases would increase the overall costs for all portfolios
- Coal transition power would benefit from the change because it is replacing market purchases that are more expensive than in previous analyses.

Other revisions



and small calculation errors The following updates correct minor typographic errors

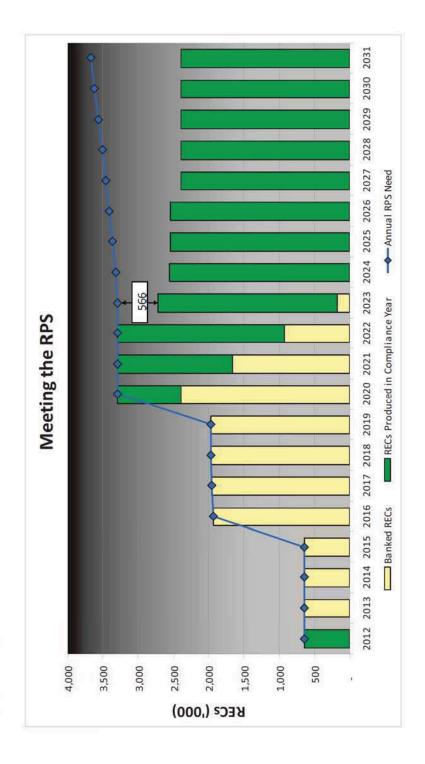


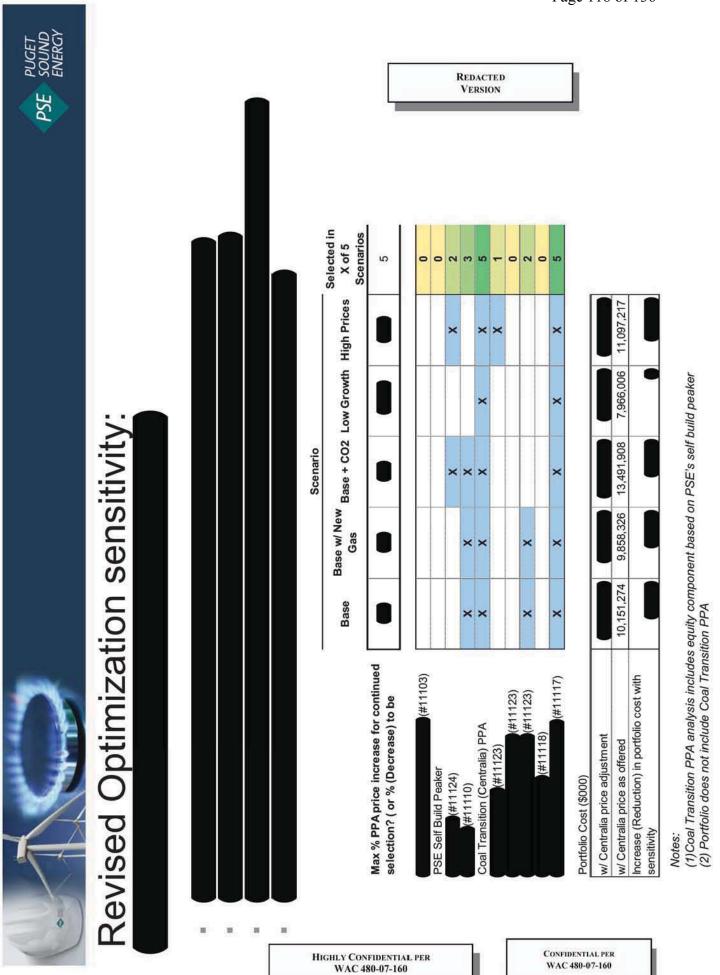


REC banking in 2011 RFP Phase II

Renewable need approximately 566,000 RECs in 2023

No impact on analysis, slide created from old data







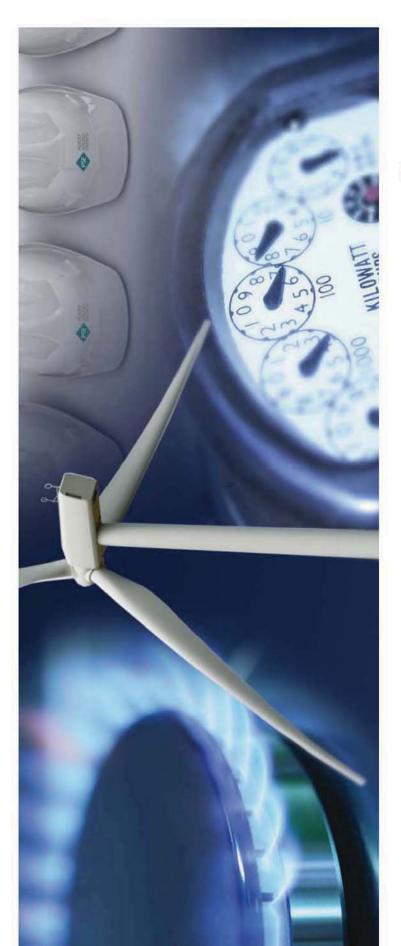
PSM III optimization scenarios and sensitivities

INPUT ASSUMPTIONS

SCENARIOS	PSE Demand	Gas Price	AURORA Electric Price	Generic Resource Costs	Emissions Price
Base	Base	Base	Base	Base	None
Base + CO2	Base	Base	Base + CO2	Base	EPA APA Analysis
Base w/ New Gas ¹	Base	Base + New Gas	Base + New Gas	Base	None
High Prices	Base	High	High	Base	None
Low Growth	Low Structural²	Low	Low	Base	None
SENSITIVITY Low Price w/ Base Load	Base	Low	Low	Base	None

Notes:

(1) "Base w/ New Gas": New Wood Mackenzie gas prices as of late April 2012(2) Lower regional population growth





Coal Transition PPA

Presented to the Energy Management Committee ("EMC")

Chris Bevil

Manager, Resource Acquisitions





and the described benefits of the proposed transaction, management requests the resolutions allowing PSE to enter into a Coal Transition Power Purchase and Sale Based on the determination of need, the identification and analysis of alternatives, Agreement ("Coal Transition PPA") by and between PSE and TransAlta Centralia Energy Management Committee recommend that the Board of Directors approve Generation LLC ("TransAlta")

Presentation Outline

- PPA terms & conditions
- Need for resource
- Comparative analysis
- Risks & mitigations
- Benefits
- Appendix

PUGET SOUND ENERGY **PSE**

Coal Transition PPA

TransAlta Centralia Generation, LLC Seller: Dec 1, 2014 - Nov 30, 2015 Dec 1, 2015 - Nov 30, 2016 Dec 1, 2016 - Dec 31, 2024

180 MWh/hr; 280 MWh/hr;

Quantity:

Product:

Firm, flat (7x24) electrical energy delivered to the Point of Delivery

Operating reserves

Dec 1, 2014 - Dec 31, 2025 Term:

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Dec 1, 2014 - Nov 30, 2020 Dec 1, 2020 - Dec 31, 2025

/ MWh1; / MWh1;

Price paid to Seller:

Jan 1, 2025 - Dec 31, 2025

380 MWh/hr;

300 MWh/hr;

Source:

Centralia Transition Coal Facility (CTCF)

Point of Delivery (POD):



Price escalates @ Notes:

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Credit:

Termination (without liability):

Termination (with liability):

Exhibit No. ___(RG-6HC) Page 122 of 136

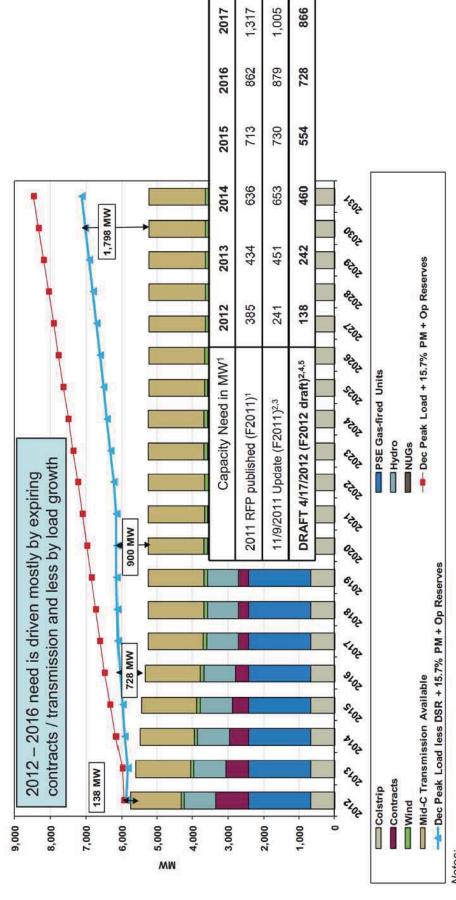
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4

Resource Need

2011 RFP capacity need (updated from 2011 IRP)



Notes:

- Based on 2011 Integrated Resource Plan; includes a planning reserve margin of 15.7%
- Capacity need reflects need for additional operating reserves if new resources are on PSE's system
- Update to need reflects addition of short-term hedges, no existing gas plant retirements, line loss update (presented to EMC on 12/15/2011 and 3/15/2012) 50040
 - F2012 reflects loss of Jefferson County as of 4/2013, updates of existing gas plant contribution to peak
 - Final F2012 load forecast shows negligible change to capacity need

Analysis of Alternatives

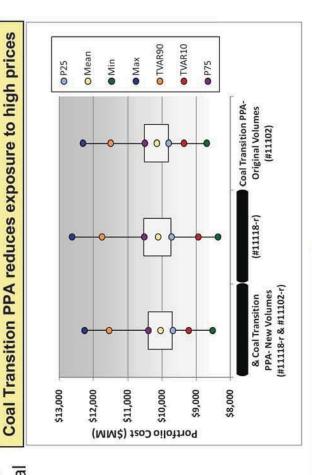


Evaluation of alternatives

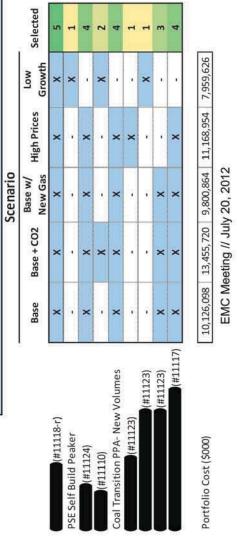
- 2011 RFP sought resources to meet the capacity need
- RFP proposals were subjected to a cross-departmental analysis of qualitative and quantitative attributes
 - RFP analysis shows that the Coal Transition PPA represent the lowest cost portfolio with the lowest risk compared to other alternatives

Reevaluation

- After conclusion of RFP, PSE received revised proposals
- PSE reevaluation of the revised offers shows that the Coal Transition PPA and the lowest cost and lowest risk compared to other alternatives



Coal Transition PPA low cost in 4 out of 5 scenarios



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Benefits

Low cost / risk resource to meet PSE's capacity need...

Project economics associated with the Coal Transition PPA are positive:

Lowest cost in 4 of 5 scenarios

Reduced risk in higher price environment

benefits in combination with selected short Analysis suggests significant portfolio isted resources

Provides physical, long-term flat firm power delivered to PSE's system

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Existing resource with demonstrated reliable operating history Volumes increase over the first several years to better match PSE's capacity growing need Coal transition power has strong public, local community, environmental groups and government support

380 MW of long-term firm transmission is held by PSE; 280 MW directly interconnected to PSE's system avoiding 3rd party transmission wheeling

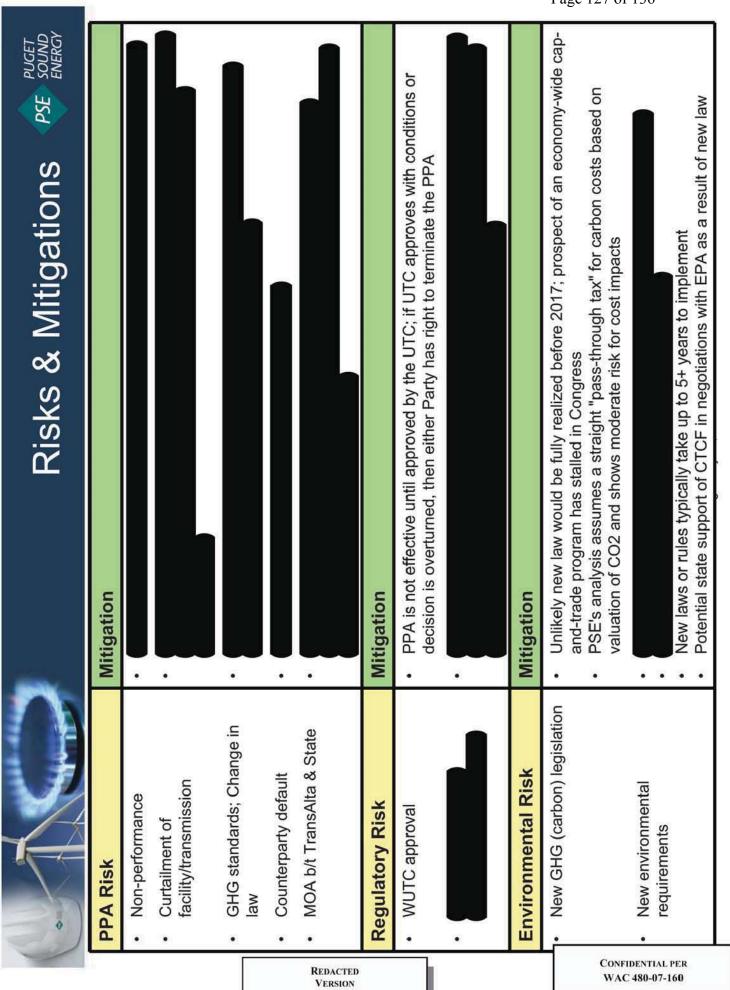
Strong counterparty (BBB S&P credit rating)

rising power costs and stability as compared as Fixed price structure provides hedge against natural gas tolling resources

State law recognizes coal transition power as a public policy resource preference

Helps the state achieve GHG reduction goals

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Appendix

- History of events
- Facility & counterparty
- Regulatory process
- Quantitative analysis

Sample equity return calculation

History of Events

PSE

...provide for the reduction of GHG emissions...

Date	Event
Apr 26, 2010	Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") between TransAlta and the State of Washington executed
Nov 2010	TransAlta initiated discussions with PSE for a potential purchased power agreement ("PPA")
Apr 2011	State Legislature passed Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5769 ("E2SSB")
Aug 1, 2011	PSE filed draft Request-for-Proposals ("RFP")
Oct 17, 2011	Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission ("WUTC") approved draft RFP; PSE filed final RFP
Nov 1, 2011	RFP bids were due to PSE
Dec 23, 2011	Memorandum of Agreement ("MOA") between TransAlta and the State of Washington executed
Apr 2012	PSE updates capacity need forecast and new gas price forecast
Jun 12, 2012	PSE issues short list
Jun 22 – Jul 13, 2012	Revised RFP bids received / Reevaluation of offers and revision to short list selection
Jul 20, 2012*	Energy Management Committee ("EMC") approval of Coal Transition PPA sought
Jul 24, 2012*	Board of Directors ("BOD") approval of Coal Transition PPA sought
Mid-Aug. 2012*	WUTC pre-approval petition filing (180 days)
Dec 31, 2012 *	Annual payments set forth in MOA begin, if TransAlta has secured a long-term contract





Facility & Counterparty

PSE

TransAlta Centralia Generation, LLC

Located in Lewis County, Washington

CTCF is Washington State's largest baseload power source—generates 10% of Washington's power

Coal fuel supply delivered by train from the Powder River Basin in SE MT/NE WY

Capacity: 1340 MW

On-line date: 1971

100% owned & operated by TransAlta

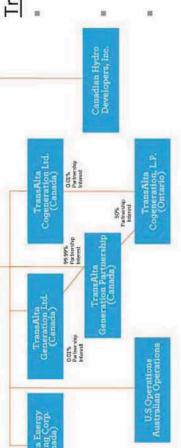


TransAlta Corporation (parent company)

Canada's largest publicly traded wholesale power generator & marketer with over 100 years of operating experience

Over 8,000 MW positioned in Canada, Western U.S. and Australia

Listed on Toronto and New York stock exchanges







Regulatory Process

PSE must file a petition for approval of the Coal Transition PPA, including supporting testimony and exhibits. The petition will seek:

approval of and prudence of the Coal Transition PPA

determination of the equity component associated with the Coal Transition PPA

market power included in rates similar to deferral treatment received for Goldendale and Mint Farm facilities which Deferral treatment of the difference between the costs (including the equity return) of Coal Transition PPA and were under RCW 80.80.060

The WUTC must act on the petition within 180 days from the date of filing of the petition for approval. Below is a projected schedule of an expedited proceeding.

PSE's Prefiled Direct Testimony	Mid-August 2012
Staff, Public Counsel, and Intervenor Response Testimony	November 30, 2012
PSE Rebuttal Testimony	December 14, 2012
Evidentiary Hearing	January 7 – 10, 2013
Simultaneous Initial Briefs	January 18, 2013
Simultaneous Reply Briefs	January 25, 2013
Requested Effective Date	February 15, 2013

WUTC disapproves the petition, the Coal Transition PPA is null and void. If the WUTC were to approve the Coal Transition PPA upon conditions other than those set forth in the petition, PSE has the right to reject If the WUTC does not issue a final order within 180 days from the date of filing of the petition, or if the the agreement.

Deferral & Equity Component



PSE will request deferral treatment of the amount by which the costs associated with the Coal Transition PPA, including the equity return, exceed the power costs included in rates which was the approved recovery methodology for Goldendale and Mint Farm facilities

component of its authorized rate of return in the same manner as if it had purchased or built an equivalent If the Commission were to approve the Coal Transition PPA, PSE would be permitted "to earn the equity plant and to recover the cost of the coal transition power under the power purchase agreement." (RCW 80.04.570(6)(a)

The cost of an equivalent plant:

is the least cost purchased or self-built electric generation plant with equivalent capacity,

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- is calculated in dollars per kilowatt, and
- must be determined in the original process of Commission approval of the Coal Transition PPA. (RCW 80.04.570(6)(b))

The equivalent plant must be amortized over the life of the Coal Transition PPA to determine the recovery of the equity value (RCW 80.04.570(6)(c))

peaker in the RFP analysis PSE used the estimated cost of the self build

kW (confirmed by 3rd party consultant), which results in an equity component of approximately \$4.4/MWh

The most appropriate equivalent cost will be determined for the WUTC pre-approval petition filing

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Optimization Results

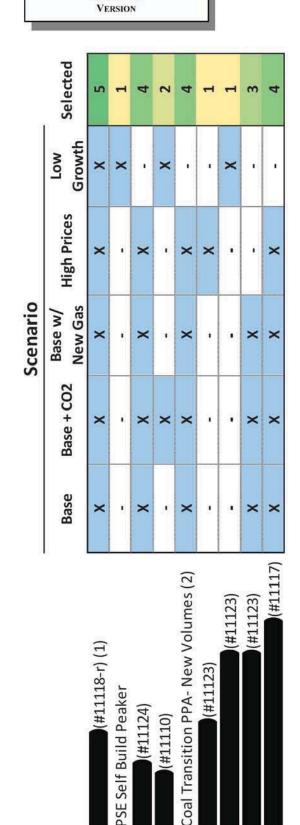
PSE

Coal Transition PPA low cost in 4 out of 5 scenarios

After the RFP, PSE received revised offers

п

Reevaluation of the revised offers shows that the Coal Transition PPA and is lowest cost and lowest risk compared to other alternatives.



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Portfolio Cost (\$000)

7,959,626 11,168,954 9,800,864 13,455,720 10,126,098

Notes:

- Selection in more scenarios is considered favorable; however, scenarios are not equally weighted
 - Coal Transition PPA analysis includes equity component based on PSE's self build peaker Optimization excludes projects identified with unresolved risk.
- 5000

revised offer, the portfolio cost in "Base w/ New Gas" is lower only by \$9.28 MM (or ≈0.09%), which is not enough to overcome the proposal's associated qualitative risks. By including the

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Risk Analysis

PSE

Coal Transition PPA reduces exposure to high prices

Risk analysis shows the range of possible portfolio costs considering variability in natural gas and power prices, wind and hydro generation and demand

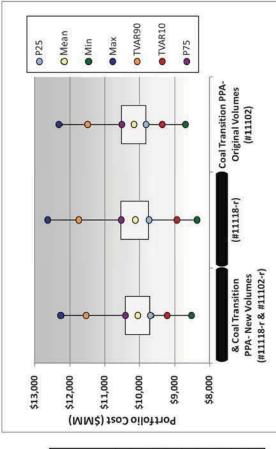
performs better than either Coal Transition PPA combined with

or Coal Transition PPA as a standalone resource with:

Lower average portfolio cost

Reduced exposure to higher prices

Risk Analysis Box Plot



						Coal
					Trar	Transition PPA
	& Coa	& Coal Transition	٦			(Original
Max	\$	12,264	S	12,631	8	12,311
TVAR90	8	11,543	69	11,753	8	11,498
P75	€	10,409	69	10,530	69	10,513
Median	8	9,885	69	10,040	69	10,140
Mean	8	10,052	S	10,124	69	10,161
P25	\$	069'6	S	9,729	8	9,816
TVAR10	49	9,225	69	8,944	8	9,367
Min	\$	8,524	S	8,366	8	8,698
Annual Volatility (%)		10.5%		11.3%		9.6%

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Manual Portfolios

Modeled Portfolios:

& Coal Transition PPA (New Volumes) Only

Coal Transition PPA (Original Volumes) Only

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Manual Portfolio builds reduce surpluses created by optimization model

Tested each portfolio in the different scenarios

portfolio in portfolio performed better than the standalone portfolios in all scenarios except for the The Coal Transition PPA &

the Low Growth scenario

Manual Portfolio

Scenario

Base	Base + CO2	Base w/ New Gas	High Prices	High Prices Low Growth
10,099,967	13,485,087	9,760,813	11, 199, 548	8,061,042
10,217,753	13,548,800	9,842,868	11,517,866	7,942,193
10,170,918	13,600,610	696,778,6	11,201,975	8,159,288

Difference to & Centralia - (Benefit)/Cost					
Portfolio Cost (\$000) w	(117,785)	(63,713)	(82,054)	(318,319)	118,850
Portfolio Cost (\$000) w Coal Transition PPA (Original Volumes)					
Only	(70,950)	(115,524)	(117,156)	(2,428)	(98,246)
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PPA (New Volumes) Portfolio Cost (\$000)

Portfolio Cost (\$000) w Coal Transition PPA Only

Portfolio Cost (\$000) w

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& Coal Transition





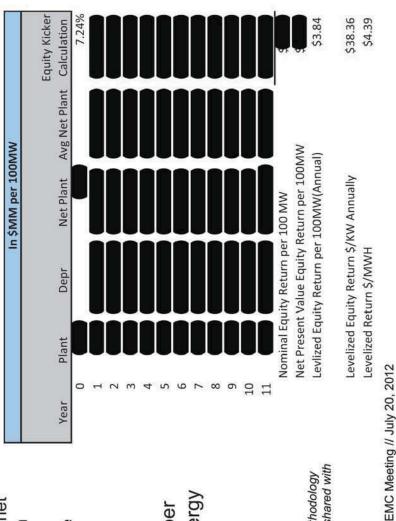
Simplified Example for Illustration Purposes Only

To forecast an equity return on a Coal Transition PPA: Calculate the equity return PSE is allowed self-build peaker) amortized over the term to earn on an equivalent plant (e.g. RFP of the PPA Unitize the equity return by dividing the net present value (NPV) of the equity return over the term of the PPA

Multiply the unitized equity return by the projected Coal Transition PPA capacity

hour and would be multiplied to the energy evelized equity return unitized in MW per The example on the right shows the (MWh) of a Coal Transition PPA Note: The proposed methodology may or may not be the final methodology approved by the WUTC. However, this approach is similar to that shared with the WUTC at the time that the law was being finalized.

Assumptions Used to Find an Equity Return on an Equivalent Plant 7.24% Weighted Pre-tax Equity Return (Revenue Requirment Rate) 2011 IRP Peaker Plant Cost \$/kw (2013 dollars) 100 Capacity of an Equivalent Plant (MW) Capital Cost Equivalent Plant \$MM 7.80% WACC and Discount Rate 48.0% Equity Ratio 9.80% Equity Cost 11 PPA Term



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