

Service Performance Indicator Definitions (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 6.0

QWEST'S SERVICE PERFORMANCE INDICATOR DEFINITIONS (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 6.0

Introduction

Qwest will report performance results for the service performance indicators defined herein. Qwest will report separate performance results associated with the services it provides to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) in aggregate (except as noted herein), to CLECs individually and, as applicable, to Qwest's retail customers in aggregate. Within these categories, performance results related to service provisioning and repair will be reported for the products listed in each definition. Reports for CLECs individually will be subject to agreements of confidentiality and/or nondisclosure.

The definitions in this version of the PID apply in the 14 states of Qwest's local service region: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

Qwest's Service Performance Indicator Definitions

Table of Contents

Table of Contents (continued)

BI-2 – Invoices Delivered within 10 Days	73
BI-3 – Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors	
BI-4 – Billing Completeness	75
DATABASE ŬPDATES	76
DB-1 – Time to Update Databases	76
DB-2 – Accurate Database Updates	
DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE	
DA-1 – Speed of Answer – Directory Assistance	79
OPERATOR SERVICES	
OS-1 – Speed of Answer – Operator Services	80
NI-1 – Trunk Blocking	81
NP-1 – NXX Code Activation	
COLLOCATION	
CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval	
CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals	
CP-3 – Collocation Feasibility Study Interval	
CP-4 – Collocation Feasibility Study Commitments Met	
DEFINITION OF TERMS	
GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS	

GA-1 – Gateway Availability – IMA-GUI

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-GUI electronic gateway and one associated system, focusing on the extent they are actually available to CLECs.

Description:

GA-1A: Measures the availability of the IMA-GUI (Interconnect Mediated Access- Graphical User Interface), and reports the percentage of Scheduled Availability Time the IMA-GUI interface is available for view and/or input.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for preorder, order, and provisioning transactions are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- GA-1D: Measures the availability of the SIA system, which facilitates access for the IMA-GUI interface and the IMA-EDI interface (see GA-2), and reports the percentage of scheduled time the SIA system is available. Scheduled availability times will be no less than the same hours as listed for IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-GUI, SIA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Pe	vroopt		
Reporting Feriod. One monut	Onit of Measure: Percent			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.			
results	Results will be reported as follows:			
	GA-1A IMA Graphica	al User Interface Gateway		
	GA-1D SIA system	,		
Formula:				
(Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Ava	ailable to CLECs Duri	ng Reporting Period] + [Number of		
Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period]) x 100				
Exclusions: None				
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent		
Availability:	Notes:			
Available				

GA-2 – Gateway Availability – IMA-EDI

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-EDI electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of IMA-EDI (Interconnect Mediated Access - Electronic Data Interchange) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the IMA-EDI Interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for IMA-EDI based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html. Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-EDI), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.		
aggregate results	(See GA-1D for reporting of SIA system availability.)		
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period]) x 100			
Exclusions: None			
Product Reporting: None	Standard: 99.25 percent		
Availability: Available	Notes:		

GA-3 – Gateway Availability – EB-TA

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the EB-TA interface, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EB-TA (Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EB-TA Interface is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EB-TA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.			
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During Reporting Period]) x 100				
Exclusions: None				
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent		
Availability: Available	Notes:			

GA-4 – System Availability – EXACT

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC batch access to the EXACT electronic access service request system, focusing on the extent the system is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EXACT system and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EXACT system is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: <u>http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html</u>.
- Time System is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the system is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EXACT), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

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Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.			
Formula:				
([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During Reporting Period]) x 100				
Exclusions: None				
Product Reporting: None	Standard: 99.25 percent			
Availability: Available	Notes:			

GA-6 – Gateway Availability – GUI -- Repair

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the GUI Repair electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of the GUI (Graphical User Interface) repair electronic interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time" hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., GUI-Repair), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.		
aggregate results			
Formula:			
[Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Ava			
Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability	Fime During Reporting Peric	od] x 100	
Exclusions: None			
		00.05	
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent	
	Nataa		
Availability:	Notes:		
Available			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

GA-7 – Timely Outage Resolution following Software Releases

Purpose:

Measures the timeliness of resolution of gateway or system outages attributable to software releases for specified OSS interfaces, focusing on CLEC-affecting software releases involving the specified gateways or systems.

Description:

- Measures the percentage of gateway or system outages, which are attributable to OSS system software releases and which occur within two weeks after the implementation of the OSS system software releases, that are resolved ^{NOTE 1} within 48 hours of detection by the Qwest monitoring group or reporting by a CLEC/co-provider.
- Includes software releases associated with the following OSS interfaces in Qwest: IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI, and CEMR, Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT)^{NOTE 2}, Electronic Bonding– Trouble Administration (EB -TA)
- An outage for this measurement is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component, affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers or data loss ^{NOTE 4} on the Qwest side of the interface. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.
- The outage resolution time interval considered in this measurement starts at the time Qwest's monitoring group detects a failure, or at the date/time of the first transaction sent to Qwest that cannot be processed (i.e. lost data), and ends with the time functionality is restored or the lost data is recovered.

Reporting Period: Monthly	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

Formula:

[(Total outages detected within two weeks of a Software Release that are resolved within 48 hours of the time Qwest detects the outage) \div (Total number of outages detected within two weeks of Software Releases resolved in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Outages in releases prior to any CLEC migrating to the release.
- Duplicate reports attributable to the same software defect.

Product Reporting: None	Product Reporting: None Standards:		
		Volume = 1-20: 1 miss	
		Volume > 20: 95%	
Availability:	Notes:		
	1. "Resolved" means that service is restored to the reporting CLEC, as		
Available	experienced by the CLEC.		
	2. EXACT is a Telecordia system. Only releases for changes initiated by		
	Qwest for hardware or connectivity will be included in this measurement.		
	3. Outages reported under EB-TA are the same as outages in MEDIACC.		
	4. For data loss to be considered for GA-7, a functional acknowledgement		
	must have been provided for the data in question (e.g., EDI 997, LSR ID		
	or trouble ticket number).		

Pre-Order/Order

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of responses to specific preordering/ordering queries for CLECs through the use of Qwest's Operational Support Systems (OSS). Qwest's OSS are accessed through the specified gateway interface.

Description:

PO-1A & PO-1B:

Measures the time interval between query and response for specified pre-order/order transactions through the electronic interface.

- Measurements are made using a system that simulates the transactions of requesting preordering/ordering information from the underlying existing OSS. These simulated transactions are made through the operational production interfaces and existing systems in a manner that reflects, in a statistically-valid manner, the transaction response times experienced by CLEC service representatives in the reporting period.
- The time interval between query and response consists of the period from the time the transaction request was "sent" to the time it is "received" via the gateway interface.
- A query is an individual request for the specified type of information.

PO-1C:

• Measures the percentage of all IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B transmitted in the reporting period that timeout before receiving a response.

PO-1D:

• Measures the average response time for a sampling of rejected queries across preorder transaction types. The response time measured is the time between the issuance of a pre-ordering transaction and the receipt of an error message associated with a "rejected query." A rejected query is a transaction that cannot be successfully processed due to the provision of incomplete or invalid information by the sender, which results in an error message back to the sender.

ge terrer and the second se	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
	PO-1A, PO-1B, & PO-1D: Seconds
	PO-1C: Percent

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. Results are reported as follows:
Comparisons:	PO-1A Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-GUI
CLEC aggregate.	PO-1B Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-EDI
ollo aggiogator	Results are reported separately for each of the following transaction types: NOTE 2
	1. Appointment Scheduling (Due Date Reservation, where appointment is required)
	2. Service Availability Information
	3. Facility Availability
	4. Street Address Validation
	5. Customer Service Records
	6. Telephone Number
	7. Loop Qualification Tools NOTE 3
	8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification
	9. Connecting Facility Assignment NOTE 4
	10. Meet Point Inquiry NOTE 5
	For PO-1A (transactions via IMA-GUI), in addition to reporting total response time,
	response times for each of the above transactions will be reported in two parts: (a) time
	to access the request screen, and (b) time to receive the response for the specified
	transaction. For PO-1A 6, Telephone Number, a third part (c) accept screen, will be
	reported.
	For PO-1B (transactions via IMA-EDI), request/response will be reported as a combined number.
	PO-1C Results for PO-1C will be reported according to the gateway interface used:
	1. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-GUI
	2. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-EDI
	PO-1D Results for PO-1D will be reported according to the gateway interface used:
	1. Rejected Response Times for IMA-GUI
	2. Rejected Response Times for IMA-EDI
Formula:	
	Σ [(Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of Queries Submitted in Reporting Period)
PO-1C =	[(Number of IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B that Timeout before receiving
-0-10 =	response) ÷ (Number of IRTM Queries Transmitted in Reporting Period)] x 100
PO-1D =	Σ [(Rejected Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] \div (Number of Rejected Query Transactions Simulated by IRTM)
Exclusions:	
PO-1A & PO-1B:	
 Rejected reques PO-1C: 	ts/errors, and timed out transactions
Rejected reques	ts and errors
PO-1D:Timed out transa	actions

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards:	IMA-GUI	IMA-EDI
	Total Response Time:		
	 Appointment Scheduling Service Availability Information 	<10 seconds <25 seconds	<10 seconds <25 seconds
	 Facility Availability Street Address Validation Customer Service Records Telephone Number Loop Qualification Tools NOTE 3 	<25 seconds ⁶ <10 seconds <12.5 seconds ⁶ <10 seconds \leq 20 seconds ⁷	<25 seconds ⁶ <10 seconds <12.5 seconds ⁶ <10 seconds \leq 20 seconds
	8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification	\leq 20 seconds ⁷	≤ 20 seconds
	 Connecting Facility Assignment 	AZ: ≤ 25 seconds All Other States: TBD	AZ: ≤ 25 seconds All Other States: TBD
	10. Meet Point Inquiry	AZ: ≤ 30 seconds All Other States: TBD	AZ: ≤ 30 seconds All Other States: TBD
	PO-1C-1	0.5	
	PO-1C-2 PO-1D-1 & 2	0.5%	
Availabilitu		Diagnostic	
Availability: Available	 Notes: Rejected query types used in PO-1D are those developed for internal Qwest diagnostic purposes. As additional transactions, currently done manually, are mechanized, they will be measured and added to or included in the above list of transactions, as applicable. Results based on a weighted combination of ADSL Loop Qualification and Raw Loop Data Tool. Results based on Connecting Facility Assignment by Unit Query. Results based on meet Point Query, POTS Splitter option for Shared loops. Times reflect non-complex services, including residential, simple business, or POTS account. Does not include ADSL or accounts>25 lines. Benchmark applies to response time only. Request time and Total time will also be reported. 		

PO-2 – Electronic Flow-through

Purpose:

Monitors the extent Qwest's processing of CLEC Local Service Requests (LSRs) is completely electronic, focusing on the degree that electronically-transmitted LSRs flow directly to the service order processor without human intervention or without manual retyping.

Description:

PO-2A - Measures the percentage of all electronic LSRs that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the Service Order Processor (SOP) without any human intervention.

• Includes all LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

PO-2B – Measures the percentage of all flow-through-eligible LSRs ^{NOTE 1} that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the SOP without any human intervention.

• Includes all flow-through-eligible LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multi- state system serving the state). Results for PO-2A and PO-2B will be reported according to the gateway interface* used to submit the LSR: LSRs received via IMA-GUI LSRs received via IMA-EDI *CO also reports an aggregate of IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI results.

Formula:

- PO-2A = [(Number of Electronic LSRs that pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Total Number of Electronic LSRs that pass through the Gateway Interface)] x 100
- PO-2B = [(Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs that actually pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs received through the Gateway Interface)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Rejected LSRs and LSRs containing CLEC-caused non-fatal errors.
- Non-electronic LSRs (e.g., via fax or courier).
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

PO-2 – Electronic Flow-through (continued)

 Product Reporting: Resale Unbundled Loops (with or without Local Number Portability) Local Number Portability UNE-P (POTS) 		Standards: <u>PO-2A</u> : CO: CO PO-2B benchmarks minus 10 percent NOTE 2 All Other States: Diagnostic <u>PO-2B</u> : NOTE 2	
		Resale:	95%
		Unb Loops:	85%
		LNP:	95%
		UNE-P:	95%
Availability: Available	 Notes: The list of LSR types classified as eligible for flow through is contained in the "LSRs Eligible for Flow Through" matrix. This matrix also includes availability for enhancements to flow through. Matrix will be distributed through the CMP process. In Colorado the standard for PO-2 is considered met if the standard for either PO-2A or PO-2B is met. For both PO-2A and PO-2B, the benchmark percentages shown apply to the aggregations of PO-2A-1 and PO-2A-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2A result) and of PO-2B-1 and PO-2B-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2B result). 		

PO-3 – LSR Rejection Notice Interval

Purpose:

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest notifies CLECs that electronic and manual LSRs were rejected.

Description:

Measures the interval between the receipt of a Local Service Request (LSR) and the rejection of the LSR for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information, duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number), no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected, no valid contract, no valid end user verification, account not working in Qwest territory, service-affecting order pending, request is outside established parameters for service, and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.
- Included in the interval is time required for efforts by Qwest to work with the CLEC to avoid the necessity of rejecting the LSR.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are (1) business hours for manual rejects (involving human intervention) and (2) published Gateway Availability hours for auto-rejects (involving no human intervention). Business hours are defined as time during normal business hours of the Wholesale Delivery Service Centers, except for PO-3C in which hours counted are workweek clock hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure:	
		PO-3A-1, PO-3B-1 & PO-3C - Hrs: Mins.	
		PO-3A-2 & PO-3B-2 – Mins: Secs.	
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Rep		
CLEC aggregate and	Results for this indic	ator are reported according	to the gateway interface
individual CLEC results	used to submit the L	SR:	
		received via IMA-GUI and re	ejected manually:
	Statewide		
		received via IMA-GUI and	auto-rejected: Region
	wide		
		received via IMA-EDI and re	ejected manually:
	Statewide		
		received via IMA-EDI and	auto-rejected: Region
	wide		1.1.
Farmela	• PO-30, LSRs red	ceived via facsimile: Statew	lide
	Formula:		
	Σ [(Date and time of Rejection Notice transmittal) – (Date and time of LSR receipt)] ÷ (Total number of		elpt)] + (I otal number of
LSR Rejection Notifications)			
Exclusions:			
 Records with invalid product codes. 			
 Records missing data essential to the calculation 		on of the measurement per	the PID
-			
disallow duplicate LSR #		nated upon implementation	of IMA capability to
 Invalid start/stop dates/til 			
		Standards:	
ordering interface).		• PO-3A-1 and -3B-1:	< 12 business hours
<u> </u>		• PO-3A -2 and -3B -2:	
		 PO-3C: 	\leq 24 work week clock
			hours
Availability:		Notes:	
Available			
	· · · ·		

PO-4 – LSRs Rejected

PO-4 – LSRS Rejected	
 Purpose: Monitors the extent LSRs are rejected as a per- address potential issues that might be raised by the Description: Measures the percentage of LSRs rejected (re- errors/reasons. Includes all LSRs submitted through the speci- reporting period. Standard reasons for rejections are: missin duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase on telephone number affected; no valid contract; m Qwest territory; service-affecting order pendi 	turned to the CLEC) for standard categories of fied interface that are rejected or FOC'd during the ng/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information; rder number); no separate LSR for each account to valid end user verification; account not working in ng; request is outside established parameters for
service; and lack of CLEC response to Qwest que Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of LSRs
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results Formula: [(Total number of LSRs rejected via the specified me that are received via the specified interface that were	
that are received via the specified interface that were rejected or FOC'd in the reporting period)] x 100 Exclusions: • Records with invalid product codes. • Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. • Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.) • Invalid start/stop dates/times. Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by ordering interface). Availability: Available	

PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time

Purpose:

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest returns Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) to CLECs in response to LSRs/ASRs received from CLECs, focusing on the degree to which FOCs are provided within specified intervals.

Description:

Measures the percentage of Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) that are provided to CLECs within the intervals specified under "Standards" below for FOC notifications.

- Includes all LSRs/ASRs that are submitted through the specified interface or in the specified manner (i.e., facsimile) that receive an FOC during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. (Acknowledgments sent separately from an FOC (e.g., EDI 997 transactions are not included.)
- For PO-5A, the interval measured is the period between the LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time) and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- For PO-5B, 5C, and 5D, the interval measured is the period between the application date and time, as defined herein, and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- "Fully electronic" LSRs are those (1) that are received via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI, (2) that involve no manual intervention, and (3) for which FOCs are provided mechanically to the CLEC.
- "Electronic/manual" LSRs are received electronically via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI and involve manual processing.
- "Manual" LSRs are received manually (via facsimile) and processed manually.
- ASRs are measured only in business days.
- LSRs will be evaluated according to the FOC interval categories shown in the "Standards" section below, based on the number of lines/services requested on the LSR or, where multiple LSRs from the same CLEC are related, based on the combined number of lines/services requested on the related LSRs.

Reporting Period: One m	nonth Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	 Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multi-state system serving the state). Results for this indicator are reported as follows: PO-5A:* FOCs provided for <u>fully electronic</u> LSRs received via: PO-5A-1 IMA-GUI PO-5A-2 IMA-EDI PO-5B:* FOCs provided for <u>electronic/manual</u> LSRs received via: PO-5B-1 IMA-GUI PO-5B-2 IMA-EDI PO-5C:* FOCs provided for <u>manual</u> LSRs received via Facsimile. PO-5D: FOCs provided for ASRs requesting LIS Trunks. * Each of the PO-5A, PO-5B and PO-5C measurements listed above will be further disaggregated as follows: (a) FOCs provided for Resale services and UNE-P (b) FOCs provided for Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled Network Elements (c) FOCs provided for LNP
date/time (based FOC Notifications PO-5B, 5C, & 5D = {[Cour - (Application Dat	for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (LSR received on scheduled up time))" is within 20 minutes] ÷ (Total Number of original a transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100 t of LSRs/ASRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) e & Time)" is within the intervals specified for the service category involved] of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the x 100

PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

Exclusions:

- LSRs/ASRs involving individual case basis (ICB) handling based on quantities of lines, as specified in the "Standards" section below, or service/request types, deemed to be projects.
- Hours on Weekends and holidays. (Except for PO-5A which only excludes hours outside the scheduled up time).
- LSRs with CLEC-requested FOC arrangements different from standard FOC arrangements.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Additional PO-5D exclusion:

• Records with invalid application or confirmation dates.

Product Reporting: Standards: NOTE 2 • For PO-5A (all): 95% within 20 minutes For PO-5A, -5B and • For PO-5B (all): 90% within standard FOC intervals ٠ -5C: (specified below) (a) Resale services 90% within standard FOC intervals • For PO-5C (manual): specified below PLUS 24 hours NOTE 3 UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P Centrex • For PO-5D (LIS Trunks): 85% within eight business days (b) Unbundled Loops and specified Standard FOC Intervals for PO-5B and PO-5C Unbundled Network Product Group NOTE 1 Elements. **FOC Interval** (c) LNP Resale **Residence and Business POTS** 1-39 lines For PO-5D: LIS • **ISDN-Basic** 1-10 lines Trunks. Conversion As Is 24 hours Adding/Changing features Add primary directory listing to established loop Add call appearance Centrex Non-Design 1-19 lines with no Common Block Configuration Centrex line feature changes/adds/removals (all) LNP 1-24 lines Unbundled Loops 1-24 loops 2/4 Wire analog DS3 Capable Sub-loop 1-24 sub-loops [included in Product Reporting group (b)] Line Sharing/Line Splitting 1-24 shared [included in Product Reporting group (b)] loops Unbundled Network Element–Platform (UNE-P POTS) 1 – 39 lines

PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

		Resale			
			≠ SDN-Basic	1-10 lines	
		-	Conversion As Specified	1 10 11103	
			New Installs		48 hours
		_			
		-	8		
		-	Change to add Loop	1-3	
			DN-PRI (Facility)	1-3 1-24 trunks	
			BX S0 or Vision Crada Equivalent	1-24 trunks 1-24	
			S0 or Voice Grade Equivalent	1-24	
			S1 Facility	1-24	
			S3 Facility	25-49 lines	
		LNP	and Extended Leave (EELe) We		
			ced Extended Loops (EELs) – Was	snington only	
			ed in Product Reporting group (b)]	1.01 aircuita	
		DS1		1-24 circuits	
		Dessi			
		Resale		olan	
			entrex (including Centrex 21, Non-de		
			Centrex 21 Basic ISDN, Centr		
			Centron, Centrex Primes)	1-10 lines	
			- With Common Block Configuratio		
			 Initial establishment of Centrex C 	MS services	
		 Tie lines or NARs activity 			
		 Subsequent to initial Common Block 			
			 Station lines 		72 hours
		 Automatic Route Selection 			12 110015
		 Uniform Call Distribution 			
		 Additional numbers 			
		UNE-P Centrex 1-10 lines			
		UNE-P Centrex 21 1-10 lines			
			dled Loops with Facility Check ^{(NC}	^{DTE 2, 3)} 1 – 24 loops	
			4 wire Non-loaded		
			DSL compatible		
			SDN capable		
			DSL-I capable		
			S1 capable		
		Resale		4.40 /	
			DN-PRI (Trunks)	1-12 trunks	96 hours
		For PC		1.040 truple straute	8 business
		Ĺ		1-240 trunk circuits	days
Availability:	Avoilable		Notes:	highoat pumbor	wified for
	Available		1. LSRs with quantities above the	e .	
			each product type are consider 2. Unbundled Loop with Facility C		eod
			electronically; however, becaus		
			72-hour FOC interval the FOC		
			appear in PO-5B if received ele	•	
			manually.		
			3. Unbundled Loop with Facility C	heck will not add an	additional
			24 hours to the 72-hour interva		
			manually.		

PO-6 – Work Completion Notification Timeliness

PO-6 – Work Comple	tion Notification Tir	neliness	
Purpose:			
To evaluate the timeliness			
provisioning work on all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR have been completed in the			
Service Order Processor a	nd the service is available	to the customer.	
Description:			
PO-6A & 6B:	and a to all in the a Original Original		
			or that generate completion
	orting period, subject to e		that comprise the CLEC LSR is
	n the Service Order Proce		that comprise the CLEC LSR is
			de available (IMA-GUI) ^{NOTE 1} or
transmitted (IMA-EDI)	to the CLEC via the order	ing interface used	to place the local service
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	ervice orders that comprise the
CLEC LSR are comple			
•		e during the publis	hed Gateway Availability hours.
			urs of availability found on the
	//www.qwest.com/wholes		
Reporting Period:	•	Unit of Measure	
One month		PO-6A - 6B:	Hrs:Mins
Reporting	Disaggregation Repor	ting: Statewide lev	vel.
Comparisons: CLEC			
aggregate and individual	 PO-6A Notices tran 		
CLEC results.	 PO-6B Notices tran 	nsmitted via IMA-E	DI
Formula:			1.
For completion notifications	-		
	•		CLEC) - (Date and Time the
			the Service Order Processor)) ÷
(Number of completion not	incations made available i	n reporting period)	
For completion notifications	annerated from LSRs re	coived via IMA-EDI	
			 EC) - (Date and Time the last of
the service orders that con	•		, ,
(Number of completion not			
		ponting penda)	
Exclusions:			
PO – 6A & 6B:			
 Records with invalid co 	ompletion dates		
	ally (e.g., via facsimile).		
 ASRs submitted via EX 			
Product Reporting:			Standard:
PO – 6A & 6B Aggregate	reporting for all products of	ordered through	6 hours
IMA-GUI and, separately,			
Availability: Notes:			
			A-GUI is the time Qwest stores
			e in the IMA Status Updates
			immediately viewed by the
	e .	tes window or by ι	ising the LSR Notice Inquiry
fund	ction.		

PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness

Purpose:

To evaluate the timeliness with which electronic billing completion notifications are made available or transmitted to CLECs, focusing on the percentage of notifications that are made available or transmitted (for CLECs) or posted in the billing system (for Qwest retail) within five business days.

Description:

<u>PO-7A & 7B</u>:

- This measurement includes all orders posted in the CRIS billing system for which billing completion notices are made available or transmitted in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time a service order is completed in the SOP to the time billing completion for the order is made available or transmitted to the CLEC.
 - The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI consists of the time Qwest stores the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window.
 - The time a notice is "transmitted" via IMA-EDI consists of the time Qwest actually transmits the completion notice via IMA-EDI. Applicable only to those CLECs who are certified and setup to receive the notices via IMA-EDI.
- The start time is when the completion of the service order is posted in the Qwest SOP. The end time is when, confirming that the order has been posted in the CRIS billing system, the electronic billing completion notice is made available to the CLEC via the same ordering interface (IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) as used to submit the LSR.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of these measurements are those that are five business days or less.

<u>PO-7C</u>:

- This measurement includes all retail orders posted in the CRIS Billing system in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time an order is completed in the SOP to the time it is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- The start time is when the completion of the order is posted in the SOP. The end time is when the order is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of this measurement are those that are five business days or less.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: PO-7A and -7B: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results. PO-7C: Qwest retail results.	 Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. PO-7A Notices made available via IMA-GUI PO-7B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI PO-7C Billing system posting completions for Qwest Retail 	
PO-7A =(Number of electro within five business billing completion rPO-7B =(Number of electro within five business	 rmula: wholesale service orders Qwest generates for LSRs received via IMA: -7A = (Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period made available within five business days of posting complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices made available during the reporting period) 	
For service orders Qwest generates for retail customers (i.e., the retail analogue for PO-7A & -7B): PO-7C = (Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period that were posted within 5 business days) ÷ (Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period)		

PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness (continued)

 Exclusions: PO-7A, 7B & 7C Services that are not billed through CRIS, e.g. Resale Frame Relay. Records with invalid completion dates. PO-7A & 7B LSRs submitted manually. ASRs submitted via EXACT. 		
Product Reporting: Aggregate reporting for all products ordered through IMA-GUI and, separately, IMA-EDI (see disaggregation reporting).		Standard: PO-7A and -7B: Parity with PO-7C
Availability: Available	Notes:	

PO-8 – Jeopardy Notice Interval

PO-8 – Jeopardy Notice Interval		
jeopardy notifications are provided to CLEC missed).	ations, focusing on how far in advance of original due dates s (regardless of whether the due date was actually	
event and the original due date of the order.	the date the customer is first notified of an order jeopardy porting period that received jeopardy notifications.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Average Business days	
	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. (This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.) ompleted in the reporting period that received jeopardy cation) ÷ Total orders completed in the reporting period	
 Exclusions: Jeopardies done after the original due date is past. Records involving official company services. Records with invalid due dates or application dates. Records with invalid completion dates. Records with invalid product codes. Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. 		
Product Reporting: A Non-Designed Services B Unbundled Loops (with or without Number Portability) C LIS Trunks D UNE-P (POTS)	Standards:A Parity with Retail POTSB Parity with Retail POTSC Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) servicesD Parity with Retail POTS	
Availability: Available	Notes: 1. For PO-8A and -D, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS) and for all other products reported under PO-8B and -8C, Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due on Saturday.	

PO-9 – Timely Jeopardy Notices

PO-9 – Timely Jeopardy Notic		
Purpose:		
When original due dates are missed, measures the extent to which Qwest notifies customers in		
advance of jeopardized due dates.		
Description:		
· · ·	for which advance jeopardy notification is provided.	
	New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by	
	osed in the reporting period that missed the original due date.	
	s measurement consist of all C orders representing inward	
activity (with "I" and "T" action-code	,	
	dy notifications provided on or after the original due date is	
	nator of the formula but will not be counted in the numerator.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
aggregate, individual CLEC and	(This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as	
Qwest Retail results	used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)	
Formula:		
	ed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification in	
	umber of missed due date orders completed in the reporting	
period)] x 100		
Exclusions:		
 Orders missed for customer reason 		
Records with invalid product codes		
Records involving official company		
Records with invalid due dates or a		
Records with invalid completion da		
 Records with invalid product codes 		
Records missing data essential to	the calculation of the measurement per the PID.	
Product Reporting:	Standards:	
A Non-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS	
B Unbundled Loops (with or with	out Number B Parity with Retail POTS	
Portability)		
C LIS Trunks	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) Services	
D UNE-P (POTS)	D Parity with Retail POTS	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

PO-10 – LSR Accountability

Purpose:

Evaluates the degree to which Qwest can account for all LSRs received electronically.

Description:

Measures the number of LSRs received via IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI interfaces that Qwest has issued (confirmed) or accounted for in specific status categories, as a percentage of all LSRs received in the reporting period.

- Includes all LSRs that are received via the IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI interfaces, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Status categories accounted for include:
 - Pending (i.e., assigned to a center representative for handling);
 - Supplemented (i.e., subsequent version of request that has not been confirmed or rejected at time of reporting);
 - Cancelled (by the CLEC prior to Qwest returning confirmation to the CLEC);
 - Rejected (i.e., rejection notice has been sent to the CLEC);
 - Issued (i.e., the order has been processed and confirmation has been returned to the CLEC);
 - Error (i.e., auto-logging error indicating a field value mismatch between the electronic interface and the Customer Request Management (CRM) system, at time of reporting, in parallel with the ordering processing in a manner that does not impede timeliness);
 - Project (i.e., routed to project management for handling);

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

Formula:

[(Count of all LSRs issued or in status categories specified above) \div (Total number of LSRs received in reporting period)] x 100 ^{NOTE 1}

Exclusions:

• Front-end rejects (e.g., 997notifications) that would not be eligible for confirmation or rejection

Product Reporting:	None Standard: CO: 99 percent All Other States: Diagnostic NOTE 2
Availability: Available	 Notes: 1. Results that nominally exceed 100 percent may be due to timing differences in obtaining the quantities for the status categories (numerator) and for the total LSRs received (denominator). It is also possible for results to nominally fall short of 100 percent for the same reason. 2. Because Qwest has a mechanized auto-logging process for tracking LSRs, Qwest believes the ROC TAG will determine this measurement to be unnecessary after being audited in the ROC Test. Accordingly, Qwest may approach the TAG to withdraw this measurement after the Test, after reporting multiple consecutive months demonstrating that Qwest adequately tracks and accounts for LSRs.

PO-15 – Number of Due Date Changes per Order

Purpose:		
To evaluate the extent to w	hich Qwest changes	due dates on orders.
Description:		
Measures the average num		
		nd Transfer order types) that have been assigned a
	· ·	he exclusions below. Change order types for
	of all "C" orders repi	esenting inward activity (with "I" and "T" action coded
line USOCs		
	anges made for Qwe	st reasons following assignment of the original due
date.		
Reporting Period: One m	onth Unit o	f Measure: Average Number of Due Date Changes
Benerting Organization		Discovery potion Demostings Otatawida lawal
Reporting Comparisons:	CLEC and Owent	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, and Qwest retail results.		
Formula:		
	o changes on all orde	ers) ÷ (Total orders in reporting period)
	e changes on an orde	$(1000) \div (1000) \odot (1000)$
Exclusions:		
Customer requested du	ue date changes.	
 Records involving offici 	•	
 Records with invalid du 		
 Records with invalid pr 		
•		lation of the measurement per the PID.
Product Reporting:		Standard:
N	one	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

PO-16 – Timely Release Notifications

Purpose:

Measures the percent of release notifications for changes to specified OSS interfaces sent by Qwest to CLECs within the intervals and scope specified within the change management plan found on Qwest's Change Management Process, (CMP) website at http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/whatiscmp.html.

Description:

- Measures the percent of release notices that are sent by Qwest within the intervals/timeframes
 prescribed by the release notification procedure on Qwest's CMP website.
 - Release notices measured are:
 - Draft Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Final Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Draft Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only);
 - Final Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only); and
 - OSS Interface Retirement Notices. NOTE 2
 - For the following OSS interfaces:
 - IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI;
 - CEMR;
 - Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT); NOTE 3
 - Electronic Bonding Trouble Administration (EB -TA);
 - IABS and CRIS Summary Bill Outputs; NOTE
 - Loss and Completion Records: NOTE 5
 - New OSS interfaces (for introduction notices only.)^{NOTE 6}
 - Also included are notifications for connectivity or system function changes to Resale Product Database.
 - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest relating to the following products and service categories: LIS/Interconnection, Collocation, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE), Ancillary, and Resale Products and Services.
 - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest to CLECs for the following OSS functions: Pre-Ordering, Ordering, Provisioning, Repair and Maintenance, and Billing.
 - Includes Types of Changes as specified in the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document" (Section 4 – Types of Changes).
 - Includes all OSS interface release notifications pertaining to the above OSS systems, subject to the exclusions specified below.
- Release Notifications sent on or before the date required by the CMP are considered timely. A
 release notification "sent date" is determined by the date of the e-mail sent by Qwest that provides the
 Release Notification.
- Release Notifications sent after the date required by the (CMP) are considered untimely. Release Notifications required but not sent are considered untimely.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.
Formula: [(Number of required release notifications for spective period that are sent on or before the date required	ified OSS interface changes made within the reporting by the change management plan (CMP) ÷ Total

number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes within reporting period)]x100

Exclusions:

- Changes to be implemented on an expedited basis (exception to OSS notification intervals) as mutually agreed upon by CLECs and Qwest through the CMP.
- Changes where Qwest and CLECs agree, through the CMP, that notification is unnecessary.

PO-16 Timely Release Notifications (continued)

Product Reporting:	None	Standards:
		Vol. 1-10: No more than one
		untimely notification
		Vol. > 10: 92.5% timely notifications
Availability: Available	Notes:	
		ge Management Process Document specifies the ons by type of notification. These intervals are banagement plan.
	2. The documents described in Interfaces" of the "Qwest Wh	section "9.0 – Retirement of Existing OSS olesale Change Management Process Document" and "Final Retirement Notice."
		 Mathematical Content of the second stress of the second str
	4. EB-TA is the same system a	
	5. CRIS, IABS, and Loss and C	ompletions will adhere to the notification intervals Changes to Existing Application to Application
	the "Qwest Wholesale Chang Release Announcement and only), "Initial Interface Techni Interface Technical Specifica (new GUI only). CMP notice in this measurement even th "Description" section of this F not be added to the measure and retirement notifications u change to the PID.	section "7.0 – Introduction of New OSS Interface" of ge Management Process Document" as "Initial Preliminary Implementation Plan" (new App to App ical Specification" (new App to App only), "Final tions (new App to App only), "Release Notification" s for "Introduction of a New OSS" are to be included ough the new system is not explicitly listed in the PID. However, once implemented, the system will ment for purposes of measuring release, change inless specifically incorporated as an authorized
	7. The intervals used to determ	ine timeliness are based on CMP guidelines.

PO-19 – Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy

PO-19 – Stand-Alone Test Environment		
Purpose:		
Evaluates Qwest's ability to provide accurate production-like tests to CLECs for testing both new releases		
and between releases in the SATE environment.		
Description:		
Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are		
Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).	published in the IMA EDI Data Document – for the	
versions of the IMA EDI Data Document - for the	· ,	
 The expected results of the test scenario as Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) and 	ss rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI	
 For this measurement, Qwest will execute the term Release related test transactions will be execute in SATE. These transactions will be execute being originally installed in SATE. This five-Window." Mid-release monthly performance test transacting Window for a release is completed. the nearest working day to the 15th of the m transactions are executed. Test transaction results will be included in the Record mid-release test transactions are completed. 	est transactions in the Stand-Alone Test Environment. ecuted when a full or point release of IMA is installed ed within five business days of the numbered release business day period will be referred to as the "Testing actions will be executed in the months when no These transactions will be executed on the 15 th , or nonth, in the months when no release related test reporting Period during which the release transactions	
Reporting Period: One month	Jnit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: None	Disaggregation Reporting: None	
Formula: [(Total number of successfully completed SATE test Mid-release performance test completed in the Repo transactions executed for a Software Release or Mid Reporting Period)] x 100 Exclusions: None	orting Period) + (Total number of SATE test	
Product Reporting: None	Standard: 95%	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Ordering and Provisioning

OP-2 – Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Provisioning Center

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of CLEC access to Qwest's interconnection provisioning center(s) and retail customer access to the Business Office, focusing on the extent calls are answered within 20 seconds.

Description:

Measures the percentage of (Interconnection Provisioning Center or Retail Business Office) calls that are answered by an agent within 20 seconds of the first ring.

- Includes all calls to the Interconnect Provisioning Center/Retail Business Office during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.
- First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic Call Distributor).
- Answer is defined as when the call is first picked up by the Qwest agent.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.
Formula: [(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds)	÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU Voice Response	e Unit is not counted.
Product Reporting: Not applicable	Standard: Parity
Availability: Available	Notes:

OP-3 – Installation Commitments Met

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest installs services for Customers by the scheduled due date. **Description:**

Description:

Measures the percentage of orders for which the scheduled due date is met.

- All inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward activity (with "I" and "T" action coded line USOCs). Also included are orders with customer-requested due dates longer than the standard interval.
- Completion date on or before the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest is counted as a met due
 date. The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer,
 the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest
 reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to
 the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.

The original due date and (b) phor to a Qwest-Initiated, changed due date, if any.		
Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
Comparisons:	Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type	
CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:	
individual CLEC	OP-3A Dispatches within MSAs;	
and Qwest Retail	OP-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and	
results	OP-3C No dispatches.	
	Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type	
	Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:	
	OP-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and	
	OP-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.	

Formula:

[(Total Orders completed in the reporting period on or before the Applicable Due Date) ÷ (Total Orders Completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Due dates missed for standard categories of customer and non-Qwest reasons. Standard categories of customer reasons are: previous service at the location did not have a customer-requested disconnect order issued, no access to customer premises, and customer hold for payment. Standard categories of non-Qwest reasons are: Weather, Disaster, and Work Stoppage.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP – 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
ISA-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex	
Line Splitting – Washington only	Diagnostic	
Line Sharing	95%	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO : 90%	
• Sub-Loop Oribuilding	All Other States: Diagnostic	
Cone-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS1	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service	
(aggregate)		
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)		
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level	
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:	2.65.0000	
Analog Loop	90%	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	90%	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	90%	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private	
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)	
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic	
Loops with Conditioning	90%	
E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks	
	-	
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – All States excluding Washington 	90%	

OP – 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) – Washington only	90%
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) – Washington only 	90%
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) – Washington only 	90%
Availability: Notes: Available	

OP-4 – Installation Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of services for customers, focusing on the average time to install service.

Description:

Measures the average interval (in business days)^{NOTE 1} between the application date and the completion date for service orders accepted and implemented.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all C orders representing inward activity (with "I" and "T" action coded line USOCs).
- Intervals for each measured event are counted in whole days: the application date is day zero (0); the day following the application date is day one (1).
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Average Business Days	
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.		
Comparisons:	Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type		
CLEC	Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:		
aggregate,	OP-4A Dispatches within MSAs;		
individual CLEC	OP-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and		
and Qwest	OP-4C No dispatches.		
Retail results	Disaggregation" will be disa OP-4D In Interval Zone	Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations: OP-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and OP-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas.	

Formula:

 Σ [(Order Completion Date) – (Order Application Date) – (Time interval between the Original Due Date and the Applicable Date) – (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ Total Number of Orders Completed in the reporting period

Explanation: The average installation interval is derived by dividing the sum of installation intervals for all orders (in business days)^{NOTE 1} by total number of service orders completed in the reporting period. **Exclusions:**

- Orders with customer requested due dates greater than the current standard interval.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)

roduct Reporting:	Standards:	
SA-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex	
Line Splitting – Washington only	Diagnostic	
Line Sharing	3.3 days	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 6 days	
Sub Loop Shounding	All Other States: Diagnostic	
one-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN(designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS1	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service	
(aggregate)		
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI		
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service	
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Lines above DS1 level	
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:		
Analog Loop	6 days	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	6 days	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	6 days	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic	
Loops with Conditioning	15 days	
E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks	
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – All States excluding Washington	Diagnostic	
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) – Washington only	Diagnostic	

Qwest Washington SGAT Eighth Revision, Second Amended Exhibit B

OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)

Enhanced Extended Loop level) – Washington only	os (EELs) – (DS1	6 days
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) – Washington only 		Diagnostic
level) – Washington only Availability: Available	 Resale Residence as for the retail a other products u -4D, and -4E. Si service order is of the point when that point, the Ap further changes) Qwest-initiated due date changes or delay subtracted as ind are calculated as cases where mustated method for of Qwest-initiated due date from each pairing summed and the result of this app are counted in the this point. 	arday is counted as a business day for all orders for ce, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well analogues specified above as standards. For all nder OP-4C and for all products under OP-4A, -4B, aturday is counted as a business day when the due or completed on Saturday. Is definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up in a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At oplicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no as the date on which it was set prior to the first due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest- e change, any further customer-initiated due date ys are measured as time intervals that are dicated in the formula. These delay time intervals a stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in httple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the or calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair d due date change and subsequent customer- e change or delay. The intervals thus calculated g of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are en subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The proach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals not counted in the reported interval.

OP-5 – New Service Quality

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of ordering and installing new services (inward line service orders), focusing on the percentage of newly-installed service orders that are free of CLEC/customer-initiated trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days following installation completion, and focusing on the quality of Qwest's resolution of such conditions with respect to multiple reports.

Description:

Measures two components of new service provisioning quality (OP-5A and -5B) and also reports a combined result (OP-5T), as described below, each as a percentage of all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period that are free of CLEC/customer-reported provisioning and repair trouble reports, as described below. Also measures the percentage of all provisioning and repair trouble reports that constitute multiple trouble reports for the affected service orders. (OP-5R)

- Orders for new services considered in calculating all components of this performance indicator are all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period, including Change (C-type) orders for additional lines/circuits, subject to exclusions shown below. Change order types considered in these measurements consist of all C orders representing inward activity (with "I" and "T" action coded line/circuit USOCs).^{NOTE 1}
- Orders for new service installations include conversions (Retail to CLEC, CLEC to CLEC, and same CLEC converting between products).
- Provisioning or repair trouble reports include both out of service and other service affecting conditions, such as features on a line that are missing or do not function properly upon conversion, subject to exclusions shown below.

OP-5A: New Service Installation Quality Reported to Repair

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair trouble reports NOTE 2 within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions below.
- Repair trouble reports are defined as CLEC/customer notifications to Qwest of out-of-service and
 other service affecting conditions for which Qwest opens repair tickets in its maintenance and repair
 management and tracking systems ^{NOTE 3} that are closed in the reporting period or the following
 month, ^{NOTE 4} subject to exclusions shown below.
- Qwest is able to open repair tickets for repair trouble reports received from CLECs/customers once the service order is completed in Qwest's systems.

OP-5B: New Service Provisioning Quality

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Provisioning trouble reports are defined as CLEC notifications to Qwest of out of service or other service affecting conditions that are attributable to provisioning activities, including but not limited to LSR/service order mismatches and conversion outages. For provisioning trouble reports, Qwest creates call center tickets in its call center database. Subject to exclusions shown below, call center tickets closed in the reporting period or the following month^{NOTE 4} are captured in this measurement. Call center tickets closed to Network reasons will not be counted in OP-5B when a repair trouble report for that order is captured in OP-5A.

OP-5T: New Service Installation Quality Total

• Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair or provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusion shown below.

OP-5R: New Service Quality Multiple Report Rate

- Evaluates the quality of Qwest's responses to repair and provisioning trouble reports for inward line service orders completed in the reporting period. This measurement reports, for those service orders that were *not* free of repair or provisioning trouble reports in OP-5A or OP-5B, the percentage of trouble reports affecting the same service orders that were followed by additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, as specified below.
- Measures the percentage of all repair and provisioning trouble reports considered in OP-5A and OP-5B that are additional repair or provisioning trouble reports received by Qwest for the same

service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation completion.

 Additional repair or provisioning trouble reports are defined as all such reports that are received following the first report (whether the first report is represented by a call center ticket or a repair ticket) relating to the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation completion. In all cases, the trouble reports counted are those that are defined for OP-5A and OP-5B above.

Reporting Period: <u>One month</u> , reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear	Unit of Measure:
in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not	Percent
reported in arrears), in order to cover the 30-day period following installation.	
Reporting Comparisons:CLEC aggregate,Disaggregation Reportindividual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	ing: Statewide level
Formulas:	
OP-5A = (Number inward line service orders completed in the reporting period	d – Number of inward line
service orders with any <u>repair trouble reports</u> as specified above) ÷ (
orders completed in the reporting period) x 100	
OP-5B = (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting per	riod – Number of inward line
service orders with any provisioning trouble reports as specified above	
service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100	
OP-5T = ([Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting pe	riod] – Number of inward line
service orders with repair or provisioning trouble reports as defined a	
as applicable) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in	the reporting period) x 100
OP-5R = (Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports, relating to inwa	rd line service orders closed in
the reporting period as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, that c	
provisioning trouble reports, within 30 calendar days following the inst	stallation date + Number of all
repair and provisioning trouble reports relating to inward line service	orders closed In the reporting
period, as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B) x 100	
Exclusions:	
Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5T and OP-5R:	
Repair trouble reports attributable to CLEC or coded to non-Qwest reasons	
 For products measured from MTAS data, repair trouble reports coded 	
 Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network I 	
Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, C	
Reports from other than the CLEC/customer that result in a charg	•
 For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data, re 	
 Carrier Action (IEC); Customer Provided Equipment (CPE); Comm requested service order activity; and Other non-Qwest. 	nercial power failure; Customer
 Repair reports coded to disposition codes for referral to another depar 	tment (i.e., for non-repair ticket
resolutions of non-installation-related problems, except cable cuts, wh	
Applicable to OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R only:	,
Provisioning trouble reports attributable to CLEC or non-Qwest causes.	
• Call center tickets relating to activities that occur as part of the normal pro	ocess of conversion (i.e., while
Qwest is actively and properly engaged in process of converting or installir	ng the service). Provisioning
trouble reports involving service orders that, at the time of the calls, have fa	
and been disassociated from the related service order, as applicable, will be	be considered as not in the
normal process of conversion and will not be excluded.	
Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R:	
 Repair or provisioning trouble reports related to service orders captured as OP-13 (Coordinated Cuts Timeliness) or OP-17 (LNP Timeliness). 	s misses under measurements
 Repair or provisioning trouble reports related to service orders captured as OP-13 (Coordinated Cuts Timeliness) or OP-17 (LNP Timeliness). Subsequent repair or provisioning trouble reports of any trouble on the inst 	

- Service orders closed in the reporting period with App Dates earlier than eight months prior to the beginning of the reporting period.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types. When out of service or service affecting problems are reported to the call center on conversion and move requests, the resulting call center ticket will be included in the calculation of the numerator in association with the related inward order type even when the call center ticket reflects the problem was caused by the Disconnect or From order.
- Records involving official Qwest company services.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement as defined herein.

Product Reporting Categories:	Standards:	
 As specified below – one 	OP-5A:	Parity with retail service
percentage result reported for each bulleted category under	OP-5B:	Diagnostic for six months following first reporting. After six months Benchmark (TBD)
the sub-measurements shown.	OP-5T:	Diagnostic
	OP-5R:	Diagnostic for six months following first reporting. Possible standard (TBD)
	(Where parity comparisons involve multiple service varieties in a product category, weighting based on the retail analogue volumes may be used if necessary to create a comparison that is not affected by different proportions of wholesale and retail analogue volumes in the same reporting category.)	

Product Reporting:	Standards:		
Reported under OP-5A, OP-5B		partias in Long Tarm DID Administrat	ion)
(Product categories may be com		e parties in Long-Term PID Administrat	OP-5T &
	<u>OP-5A</u>	<u>OP-5B</u>	<u>OP-51 &</u> <u>OP-5R</u>
Resale			
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Centrex	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS0	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS1	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
rate services			Ū
(aggregate)			
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network	Parity with like retail	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Element – Platform	service	3 <i>i</i>	Ũ
(UNE-P) (POTS)			
Unbundled Network	Parity with retail Centrex	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Element – Platform	21	- ····· - ···g······, - ·········	
(UNE-P) (Centrex 21)			
Unbundled Network	Parity with retail Centrex	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Element – Platform	,		
(UNE-P) (Centrex)			
Line Splitting	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Parity with retail RES &	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
-	BUS POTS	_	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:			
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res &	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
	Bus POTS with dispatch		
Non-loaded Loop (2-	Parity with retail ISDN	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
wire)	BRI		
Non-loaded Loop (4-	Parity with retail DS1	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
wire)			
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
· · ·	DSL with dispatch		-
Loop types of DS3 and	Parity with retail DS3	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
higher hit rates	and higher hit rate		1

Diagnostic

Diagnostic

and higher bit-rate

Diagnostic

services (aggregate)

higher bit-rates

Dark Fiber - Loop

(aggregate)

	ided Loops evel)	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic
• Enhanced Exter (EELs) – (DS1 le	•		6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Exter (EELs) – (above level) 		Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic
Reported under OF	-5A and ur	der OP-5R (per OP-5A spe	ecifications):	
		<u>OP-5A</u>	<u>OP-5R</u>	
 LIS Trunks 		Parity with Feature	Diagnostic	
		Group D (aggregate)		
Unbundled Dedicated			Diamagni	
UDIT (DS1 Le	,	Parity with Retail Private Lines (DS1)	Diagnostic	
UDIT (Above [,	Parity with Retail Private Lines (Above DS1 level)	Diagnostic	
Dark Fiber - IC		Diagnostic	Diagnostic	
• E911/911 Trunk	s 	Parity with Retail E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic	
Availability:	Notes: 1. The st			
Development: (Subject to final refinements during implementation) OP-5A, OP-5B,	numbe 2. Includi	pecified Change order types (i.e., with "I" & "T" action codes) exclude Change is that do not involve installation of lines (in both wholesale and retail results). fically this measurement does not include changes to existing lines, such as er changes and PIC changes. ling consideration of repeat repair trouble reports (i.e., additional reports of e related to the same newly-installed line/circuit that are received after the ding repair report is closed and within 30 days following installation letion) to complete the determination of whether the newly-installed line/circuit ouble free within 30 days of installation. t's repair management and tracking systems consist of WFA (Work Force histration), MTAS (Maintenance Tracking and Administration System), and ssor repair systems, if any, as applicable to obtain the repair report data for neasurement. Not included are Call Center Database systems supporting call rs in logging calls from customers regarding problems or other inquiries (see B and OP-5T). following month" includes also the period of a few business days (typically four existing results for this measurement. tes repair and provisioning trouble reports generated by new processes that sede or supplement existing processes for submitting repair and provisioning e reports as specified in Qwest's documented or agreed upon procedures. urposes of calculating OP-5B, a call center ticket for multiple orders with ioning trouble reports will result in all orders reporting trouble counting as a in OP-5B. If a repair trouble report(s) is received for the same orders, the er of orders counted as a miss in OP-5B for Network reasons will be reduced		

OP-6 – Delayed Days

days that late orders	Qwest is late in installing services for customers, focusing on the average number of are completed beyond the committed due date.
Applicable Include comple	he average number of business days ^{NOTE 1} that service is delayed beyond the Due Date for non-facility reasons attributed to Qwest. Is all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are ated/closed during the reporting period, later, due to non-facility reasons, than the able Due Date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.
Applicable Include comple	he average number of business days ^{NOTE 1} that service is delayed beyond the Due Date for facility reasons attributed to Qwest. Is all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are sted/closed during the reporting period later due to facility reasons than the original te recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.
 The Applicable E recently revised the Applicable D original due date Time intervals as Applicable Due E initiated due date due date, if any. 	pes for additional lines consist of "C" orders with "I" and "T" action coded line USOCs. Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, bue Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. Sociated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest- e, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated NOTE 2
Reporting Period: (One month Unit of Measure: Average Business Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	 Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for products/services listed under Product Reporting under "MSA-type Disaggregation" will be reported for OP-6A and OP-6B according to orders involving: Dispatches within MSAs; Dispatches outside MSAs; and No dispatches. Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations: In Interval Zone 1 areas; and In Interval Zone 2 areas.
order) – (T occurring	Completion Date of late order for non-facility reasons) – (Applicable Due Date of late Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for non-facility completed in the reporting period)
order)] – (occurring	Completion Date of late order for facility reasons) – (Applicable Due Date of late Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays after the Applicable Due Date) ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for facility reasons I in the reporting period)

OP-6 – Delayed Days (continued)

OP- 6 – Delayed Days (continued)			
Exclusions:			
 Orders affected only by delays that are solely for customer and/or CLEC reasons. 			
Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.			
 Records involving official company services. 			
 Records with invalid due dates or application dates. 			
Records with invalid completion dates.			
Records with invalid product codes.			
 Records missing data essential to the calculation 	of the measurement per the PID		
Product Reporting:	Standards:		
MSA-Type Disaggregation -			
Resale			
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service		
Business single line service	Parity with retail service		
Centrex	Parity with retail service		
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service		
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with like retail service		
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	-		
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21		
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex		
Line Splitting – Washington only	Diagnostic		
Line Sharing	Diagnostic		
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic		
Zone-type Disaggregation -			
Resale			
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
DS1	Parity with retail service		
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service		
(aggregate)			
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service		
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)		
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)			
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line- Service		
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Line- Service		
	level		
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic		
Unbundled Loops: Analog Loop	Parity with rotail Rec and Rue DOTS with dispetch		
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch		
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI		
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line		
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line		
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI		
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch		
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line services (aggregate)		

Qwest Washington SGAT Eighth Revision, Second Amended Exhibit B February 17, 2004 Page 40

OP-6 – Delayed Days (continued)

	(continueu)	
Dark Fiber – Loop		Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks		Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – All States excluding Washington 		Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 		Diagnostic
level) – Washington only		
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) – Washington only 		OP-6A: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line OP-6B: Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loo		Diagnostic
level) – Washington only		
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	 For OP-6A-3 and O all orders for Resale (POTS), as well as standards. For all of for all products unde 6B-4, and -6B-5, Sa service order is due According to this de successive custome point when a Qwest the Applicable Due as the date on whice date change, if any change, any further measured as time in formula. These del description. (Thoug initiated due date of delay intervals is ap change and subseq The intervals thus of customer-initiated of indicated in the form initiated impacts on 	PP-6B-3, Saturday is counted as a business day for e Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P for the retail analogues specified above as other products under OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, and er OP-6A-1, -6A-2, -6A-4, -6A-5, -6B-1, -6B-2, - aturday is counted as a business day when the e or completed on Saturday. efinition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per er-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the t-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) th it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due customer-initiated due date changes or delays are intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the ay time intervals are calculated as stated in the gh infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest- hanges occur, the stated method for calculating oplied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date puent customer-initiated due date change or delay. alculated from each pairing of Qwest and bue dates are summed and then subtracted as nula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest- intervals are counted in the reported interval, and mpacts on intervals are not counted in the reported

OP-7 – Coordinated "Hot Cut" Interval – Unbundled Loop

Durness		•		
Purpose:				
Evaluates the duration of completing coordinated "hot cuts" of unbundled loops, focusing on the time				
actually involved in disconnecting the loop from the Qwest network and connecting/testing the loop.				
	Description: Measures the average time to complete coordinated "hot cuts" for unbundled loops, based on intervals			
a .		pletion time of Qwest's applicable tests for the		
loop.	ng with the com			
•	of unbundled lo	ops that are completed/closed during the		
reporting period, subject to exclusion				
		customers from Qwest's switch/frames to the		
CLEC's equipment, via unbundle				
 "Lift" time is defined as when Qw 				
		and existing loop?		
loop to the CLEC.		pieces the applicable tests after connecting the		
Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC	Disaggregatio	n Reporting: Statewide level.		
aggregate and individual CLEC				
results				
Formula:				
Σ [Completion time – Lift time] ÷ (Tota	al Number of unb	oundled loops with coordinated cutovers		
completed in the reporting period)				
Exclusions:				
 Time intervals associated with CLEC-caused delays. 				
		of the measurement per the PID.		
Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled date/times.				
		Standard:		
Loops – Reported separately for:		CO: 1 hour		
Analog Loops		All Other States: Diagnostic in light of OP-13		
All other Loop Types		(Coordinated Cuts On Time)		
Availability:		Notes:		
Available				

OP-8 – Number Portability Timeliness

Purpose:			
Evaluates the timeliness of cutovers of local number portability (LNP).			
 Description: OP-8B - LNP Timeliness with Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of coordinated LNP triggers set prior to the scheduled start time for the loop. All orders for LNP coordinated with unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below. OP-8C - LNP Timeliness without Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of LNP triggers set prior to the Frame Due Time or scheduled start time for the LNP cutover as applicable. All orders for LNP for which coordination with a loop was not requested that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured (including standalone LNP coordinated with other than Qwest-provided Unbundled Loops and non-coordinated, standalone LNP), subject to exclusions specified below. For purposes of these measurements (OP-8B and -8C), "trigger" refers to the "10-digit 			
unconditional trigger" or Line Side Attribute (LSA)			
 "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed newly negotiated time. In the case of LNP cutove used in this measurement will be no later than the 	rs coordinated with loops, the scheduled time		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of triggers set on time		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results Formula:	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.		
 OP-8B = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the scheduled time for the coordinated loop cutover) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations coordinated with unbundled loops completed)] x 100 OP-8C = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the Frame Due Time or Scheduled Start Time) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations without loop cutovers completed)] x 100 			
 Exclusions: CLEC-caused delays in trigger setting. LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique telephone numbers and Centrex 21). LNP requests for which the records used as sources of data for these measurements have the following types of errors: Records with no PON (purchase order number) or STATE. Records where triggers cannot be set due to switch capabilities. Records with invalid due dates, application dates, or start dates. Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid frame due or scheduled date/times. 			
Product Reporting: None Standard: 95%			
Availability: Available	Notes:		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop

Purpose:

Evaluates the percentage of coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed on time, focusing on cuts completed within one hour of the committed order due time and the percent that were started without CLEC approval.

Description:

- Includes all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-13A Measures the percentage of LSRs (CLEC orders) for all coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are started and completed on time. For coordinated loop cuts to be counted as "on time" in this measurement, the CLEC must agree to the start time, and Qwest must (1) receive verbal CLEC approval before starting the cut or lifting the loop, (2) complete the physical work and appropriate tests, (3) complete the Qwest portion of any associated LNP orders and (4) call the CLEC with completion information, all within one hour of the time interval defined by the committed order due time.
- OP-13B Measures the percentage of all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are actually started without CLEC approval.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated appointment time.
- The "committed order due time" is based on the number and type of loops involved in the cut and is calculated by adding the applicable time interval from the following list to the scheduled start time:
 - Analog unbundled loops:

1 to 16 lines:	1 Hour
17 to 24 lines:	2 Hours
25+ lines:	Project*
All other unbundled I	oops:
1 to 5 lines:	1 Hour

1 to 5 lines:	1 Hour
6 to 8 lines:	2 Hours
9 to 11 lines:	3 Hours
12 to 24 lines:	4 Hours
25+ lines:	Project*

*For Projects scheduled due dates and scheduled start times will be negotiated between CLEC and Qwest, but no committed order due time is established. Therefore, projects are not included in OP-13A (see exclusion below).

- "Stop" time is defined as when Qwest notifies the CLEC that the Qwest physical work and the appropriate tests have been successfully accomplished, including the Qwest portion of any coordinated LNP orders.
- Time intervals following the scheduled start time or during the cutover process associated with customer-caused delays are subtracted from the actual cutover duration.
- Where Qwest's records of completed coordinated cut transactions are missing evidence of CLEC approval of the cutover, the cut will be counted as a miss under both OP-13A and OP-13B.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for this measurement will be reported according to:
results	OP-13A Cuts Completed On Time OP-13B Cuts Started Without CLEC Approval

OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop (continued)

1	 a) Algorithm and the second state of the second state		
V	OP-13B = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts whose actual start time occurs without CLEC approval) ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100		
 Exclusions: Applicable to OP-13A: Loop cuts that involve CLEC-requested non-standard methodologies, processes, or timelines. 			
 OP-13A & OP-13B: Records with invalid completion dates. Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID which are not otherwise designated to be "counted as a miss". Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled date/times. Projects involving 25 or more lines. 			
	Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled Standards:		
	ported separately for:	OP-13A:	
Analog I	· ·	AZ: 90 Percent or more All Other States: 95 Percent or more	
All Othe	i Loops	An other states. 30 reident of more	
		OP-13B: Diagnostic	
Availability: Notes: Available		Notes:	

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest's pending orders are late, focusing on the average number of days the pending orders are delayed past the Applicable Due Date, as of the end of the reporting period.

Description:

OP-15A – Measures the average number of business days that pending orders are delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for reasons attributed to Qwest.

- Includes all pending inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) for which the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest has been missed, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity (with "I" and "T" action coded line USOCs).
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwestinitiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.

OP-15B – Reports the number of pending orders measured in the numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: OP-15A – Average Business Days NOTE 2 OP-15B – Number of orders pending facilities
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, Qwest retail	Statewide
Formula:	
OP-15A = ∑[(Last Day of Reporting Period) – (Applicable Due Date of Late Pending Order) - (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the	

- Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Pending Orders Delayed for Qwest reasons as of the last day of Reporting Period)
- OP-15B = Count of pending orders measured in numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons

Exclusions:

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards: OP-15B = diagnostic only <u>For OP-15A</u> :
Resale	·
Residential single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Business single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centrex	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centex 21	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
PBX Trunk	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS0	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS1	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
(aggregate)	
Frame Relay	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform 	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
(UNE-P) (POTS)	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex 21
(UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	
	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex)
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	
	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	-
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Feature Group D
	(aggregate)) (separately reported)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD	
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with DS1 Private
	Line- Service)
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Private Line-
	Services above DS1 level)
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Res and
	Bus POTS with dispatch)
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail ISDN BRI)
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with ISDN-BRI)
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSI with dispatch)
Loop types of DS3 or higher bit rate	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS3 and
(aggregate)	higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks)
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) 	Diagnostic

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

Availability:	Notes:	
Availability: Available	According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the po when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Appl Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on w was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Follow the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtrace indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as st in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest- initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are not cou-	licable vhich it ving due ted as tated ay thus are f this
	in the reported interval. For OP-15A, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatch orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as as for non-dispatched orders in the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other non-dispatched products and for all dispatched products under OP-15A, Saturday is not counted as a business day.	well

OP-17 – Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders

Purpose:		
Evaluates the quality of Qwest completing LNP telephone number porting, focusing on the degree to		
which porting occurs without implementing associated disconnects before the scheduled time/date.		
Description:		
OP-17A		
 loops, that are ported without the incidence of scheduled time/date, as identified by associa Focuses on disconnects associated with requests for delays. The scheduled time/date is defined as 11 	timely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects or no :59 p.m. on (1) the due date of the LNP order recorded	
	ate requested by the CLEC, where the CLEC submits a	
timely request for delay of disconnection.		
 A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest. 		
OP-17B		
 Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports. 		
 Includes only disconnects associated with untimely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects. 		
 A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered "untimely" if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest and before 		
12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the current due date.		
 Disconnects are defined as the removal of switch translations, including the 10-digit trigger. Disconnects that are implemented early, and thus counted as a "miss" under this measurement, are those that the CLEC identifies as such to Qwest via trouble reports, within four calendar days of the actual disconnect date, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time. 		
 Includes all CLEC orders for LNP TNs completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. 		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide	
Formula:		
	ers completed in the reporting period – Number of TNs	

with qualifying trouble reports notifying Qwest that disconnection before the scheduled time has occurred)

 \div Total Number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period] x 100

OP-17 – Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders (continued)

Exclusions:			
OP-17A only			
 Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconned 	Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC		
has failed to submit timely requests to have disco	nnects held for later implementation.		
OP-17A & B			
Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs	s) for LNP and associated disconnects.		
LNP requests that do not involve automatic trigger	s (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique TNs,		
and Centrex 21).			
 Records with invalid trouble receipt dates. 			
 Records with invalid cleared, closed or due dates. 			
 Records with invalid product codes. 	 Records with invalid product codes. 		
Records missing data essential to the calculation			
OP-17B only			
Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC			
did not submit its untimely requests by 12:00 p.m.	MT (noon) on the day after the LNP due date to		
have disconnects held for later implementation.			
Product Reporting: LNP	Standards:		
	OP-17A – 98.25%		
	OP-17B – Diagnostic only, in light of its measuring		
	only requests for delay of disconnect		
	that are defined as untimely.		
Availability:	Notes:		
Available			

Maintenance and Repair

MR-2 – Calls Answered within 20 Seconds – Interconnect Repair Center

Purpose:		
Evaluates Customer access to Qwest's Interconnection and/or Retail Repair Center(s), focusing on		
the number of calls answered within 20 seconds.		
Description:		
Measures the percentage of Interconnection and/ seconds of the first ring.	or Retail Repair Center calls answered within 20	
 Includes all calls to the Interconnect Repair exclusions specified below. 	Center during the reporting period, subject to	
 First ring is defined as when the customer's c Call Distributor). 	all is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic	
Answer is defined as when the call is first picked	d up by the Qwest agent.	
• Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as	calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Qwest Retail levels.	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Formula:		
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100		
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Response Unit) is not counted.		
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

MR-3 – Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours

D		
Purpose: Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports where the out-of- service trouble reports were cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 24 hours for out-of-service conditions).		
Description:		
 Measures the percentage of out of service trouble reports, involving specified services, that are cleared within 24 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers. Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service that is out-of-service (i.e., unable to place or receive calls), subject to exclusions specified below. Time measured is from date and time of receipt to date and time trouble is indicated as cleared. 		
Reporting Period: (Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	 Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving:	
 Exclusions: Trouble reports of For products trouble report Beyond the l Customer Inst - For products type disaggrup Customer Pression Subsequent trout Information ticke Time delays due Product Reportin For products means 	roded as follows: measured from MTAS data (pr ts coded to disposition codes for Network Interface; and Miscellar struction, Carrier, Alternate Prov measured from WFA (Workford egation) trouble reports coded to ovided Equipment (CPE). ble reports of any trouble before ts generated for internal Qwest to "no access" are excluded fro g under "Zone-type Disaggregat	ce Administration) data (products listed for Zone- b trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and the original trouble report is closed. system/network monitoring purposes. om repair time for products/services listed in
 Trouble reports involving a no access delay. Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete. Records involving official company services. Records with invalid trouble receipt dates. Records with invalid cleared or closed dates. Records with invalid product codes. Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. 		

MR-3 – Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	—
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with appropriate retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting – Washington only	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
J	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Loops	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability: Available	Notes:

MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours

Purpose: Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports of all types (both out of service and service affecting) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 48 hours for service-affecting conditions). Description: Measures the percentage of trouble reports, for specified services, that are cleared within 48 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers. Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below. • Time measured is from date and time of receipt to date and time trouble is indicated as cleared. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Reporting Comparisons: Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type CLEC aggregate, Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble individual CLEC reports involvina: and Qwest Retail MR-4A Dispatches within MSAs; results MR-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and MR-4C No dispatches. Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type • Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving: MR-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas Formula: [(Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100 Exclusions: Trouble reports coded as follows: For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous - Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider). For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE). Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed. Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes. Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation". • For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay. • Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete. • Records involving official company services. · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates. Records with invalid cleared or closed dates. · Records with invalid product codes. • Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with appropriate retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
 Line Splitting – Washington only 	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability: Available	Notes:

MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours

MR-5 – All Troubles Clear	ed within 4 hours
(including out of service and se	for specified services, focusing on all trouble reports of all types ervice affecting troubles) and on the number of such trouble reports
	ate for specified services (i.e., 4 hours).
 receipt of trouble reports from CLI Includes all trouble reports, subject to exclusions specifie 	dosed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, d below.
Time measured is from date a Reporting Period: One month	and time of receipt to date and time trouble is cleared. Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.Results for listed products will be disaggregated according to troublereports:MR-5AIn Interval Zone 1 areas; andMR-5BIn Interval Zone 2 areas.
Formula: [(Number of Trouble Reports close Trouble Reports closed in the repo	ed in the reporting period that are cleared within 4 hours) \div (Total orting period)] x 100
type disaggregation) tro Customer Provided Equip • Subsequent trouble reports of • Information tickets generated • Time delays due to "no acces	using WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone- puble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and oment (CPE). ⁴ any trouble before the original trouble report is closed. for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes. as" are excluded from repair time. ay of installation before the installation work is reported by the ete. pany services. eccipt dates.

- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	-
Resale	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
(aggregate)	
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Line Services above DS1 level
Unbundled Loops:	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
(aggregate)	(aggregate)
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – All States excluding Washington 	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) – Washington only 	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) – Washington only 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) – Washington only 	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair, focusing how long it takes to restore services to proper operation. **Description:**

Measures the time actually taken to clear trouble reports.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes customer direct reports, customer-relayed reports, and test assist reports that result in a trouble report.
- Time measured is from date and time of receipt to date and time trouble is cleared.

	• Time measured is norm date and time of receipt to date and time trouble is cleared.	
Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
Comparisons:	 Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving: MR-6A Dispatches within MSAs; MR-6B Dispatches outside MSAs; and MR-6C No dispatches. 	
CLEC aggregate,		
individual CLEC		
and Qwest Retail		
results		
	Results for products/service	ces listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type
	Disaggregation" will be dis	aggregated according to trouble reports involving:
	MR-6D In Interval Zor	ne 1 areas; and
	MR-6E In Interval Zor	ne 2 areas.
Formula:		

 \sum [(Date & Time Trouble Report Cleared) – (Date & Time Trouble Report Opened)] ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting – Washington only	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
(aggregate)	
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – All States excluding Washington 	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) – Washington only 	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) – Washington only 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) – Washington only 	Diagnostic

MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	

MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate

Purpose:

Evaluates the accuracy of repair actions, focusing on the number of repeated trouble reports received for the same trouble within a specified period (30 calendar days).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports that are repeated within 30 days on end user lines and circuits.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period that are received within thirty (30) days of the previous trouble report for the same service (regardless of whether the report is about the same type of trouble for that service), subject to exclusions specified below.
- In determining same service Qwest will compare the end user telephone number or circuit number of the trouble reports with reports received in the prior 30 days.
- Includes reports due to Qwest network or system causes, customer-direct and customer-relayed reports.
- The 30-day period applied in the numerator of the formula below is from the date and time that the immediately-preceding trouble report is closed to the date and time that the next, or "repeat" trouble report is received (i.e., opened).

Reporting Period: One month	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	

Formula:

[(Total repeated trouble reports closed within the reporting period that were received within 30 calendar days of when the preceding initial trouble report closed) \div (Total number of Trouble Reports Closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	1
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE- P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting – Washington only	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	AZ & CO: Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
	All Other States: Diagnostic Comparison with Qwest Retail DSL
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with Retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – All States excluding Washington 	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) – Washington only 	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) – Washington only 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line

 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) – Washington only 	Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:

MR-8 – Trouble Rate

Purpose:

Evaluates the overall rate of trouble reports as a percentage of the total installed base of the service or element.

Description:

Measures trouble reports by product and compares them to the number of lines in service.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes all applicable trouble reports, including those that are out of service and those that are only service-affecting.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

[(Total number of trouble reports closed in the reporting period involving the specified service grouping) ÷ (Total number of the specified services that are in service in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous
 Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-8 – Trouble Rate (continued)

Pro	duct Reporting:	Standards:
•	Resale	
	Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
	Business single line service	Parity with retail service
	Centrex	Parity with retail service
	Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
	PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
	Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
	Qwest DSL	Parity with Qwest DSL service
	Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
	DS0	Parity with retail service
	DS1	Parity with retail service
	DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
	(aggregate)	
	Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with like retail service
	(UNE-P) (POTS)	
	Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with retail Centrex 21
	(UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	
	Unbundled Network Element –	Parity with retail Centrex
	Platform(UNE-P) (Centrex)	
	Line Splitting – Washington only	Diagnostic
	Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
		All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS
		POTS
• (Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
		All Other States: Diagnostic
•	LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
	UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line Service
	UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
	Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
•	Unbundled Loops:	
	Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
	Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
	Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
	ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
	Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
	(aggregate)	(aggregate)
	Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
	E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – All States	Diagnostic
	excluding Washington	
		Diagnostic
	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0	
	level) – Washington only	Parity with ratail DS1 Drivata Lina
	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	level) – Washington only	Diagnastia
•	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) – Washington only	Diagnostic

MR-8 – Trouble Rate (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	

MR-9 – Repair Appointments Met

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest repairs services for Customers by the appointment date and time. **Description:**

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for which the appointment date and time is met.

• Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

• Time measured is from date and time of receipt to date and time trouble is indicated as cleared.

Reporting Period: One mo	onth	Unit of Measure: Percent	
		onit of measure. I elcent	
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting	ng: Statewide level.	
Comparisons: CLEC	Results for listed services will be disaggregated and reported		
aggregate, individual	according to trouble reports involving:		
CLEC and Qwest Retail	MR-9A Dispatches within MSAs;		
results	MR-9B Dispatch	es outside MSAs; and	
	MR-9C No dispa		
Formula:	·		
[(Total Trouble Reports Cleared by appointment date and time) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports Closed in the			
Reporting Period)] x 100			
Exclusions:			
Trouble reports coded as follows:			
 For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: 			
Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous			
– Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).			
 Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed. 			
 Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes. 			
Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time by using the rescheduled annexistence to determine if the repair excluded from repair time by using the rescheduled			
appointment time to determine if the repair appointment is met.			
 Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician (notellar as complete) 			
technician/installer as complete.			
Records involving official company services.			
 Records with invalid trouble receipt dates. 			
 Records with invalid cleared or closed dates. 			
 Records with invalid product codes. 			
Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.			
Product Reporting:		Standard: Parity	
Resale:			
Residential single line service			
Business single line service			
Centrex			
Centrex 21			
PBX Trunks			
Basic ISDN			
Unbundled Elements – Platform (UNE-P)			
(POTS)			
Availability:		Notes:	
Availa	able		

MR-10 – Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent that trouble reports were customer related, and provides diagnostic information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the core maintenance and repair performance indicators.

Description:

Measures the percentage of all trouble reports that are attributed to the customer as a percentage of all trouble reports resolved during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Includes trouble reports closed during the reporting period coded as follows:

- For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant, Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider) and trouble reports involving a "no access" delay for MSA type disaggregated products.
- For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports coded to disposition codes specified above) \div (Total Number of Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.

MR-10 Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Diagnostic
Business single line service	Diagnostic
Centrex	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Diagnostic
Resale	
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic
DS0	Diagnostic
DS1	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic
Frame Relay	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT	
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	· · · ·
Analog Loop	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:

MR-11 – LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours

Purpose: Evaluates timeliness of clearing LNP trouble reports		
business, disconnect-related, out-of-service trouble LNP-related trouble reports are cleared within 48 hor	, focusing on the degree to which residence and reports are cleared within four business hours and all urs.	
Description:		
MR-11A: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only (i.e., not unbundled-loop), residence and business, out-of-service trouble reports that are cleared within four business hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.		
 Includes only trouble reports that are received on or before the currently-scheduled due date of the actual LNP-related disconnect time/date, or the next business day, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time, and that are closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. 		
	NP-only trouble reports that are cleared within 48 hours	
 Includes all LNP-only trouble reports, received within four calendar days of the actual LNP- related disconnect date and closed during the reporting period. 		
 to Qwest a timely or untimely request for dela later date/time. A request for delay of disconnection is consid on the due date that Qwest has on record at the A request for delay of disconnection is considered on the due date and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noor on the due date and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noor other due dat	ered untimely if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting renou. One monun		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC Formula:	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (all are "non-dispatched").	

MR-11 – LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports attributed to customer or non-Qwest reasons
- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- Subsequent trouble reports of LNP trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- For MR-11B only: Trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.

• Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

 Records missing data es 	sential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.	
Product Reporting: LNP	Standards: MR-11A: If OP-17 result meets its standard, the MR-11A standard is Diagnostic. If OP-17 result does not meet its standard, the MR-11A standard is as follows: - For 0-20 trouble reports*: No more than 1 ticket cleared in > four business hours - For > 20 trouble reports*: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-3C results for Retail Residence and Business	
	 MR-11B: For 0-20 trouble reports**: No more than 1 ticket cleared > 48 hours For > 20 trouble reports**: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-4C results for Retail Residence and Business * Based on MR-11A denominator. 	
	** Based on MR-11B denominator.	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Billing

BI-1 – Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest provides recorded daily usage records to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the average time interval from date of recorded daily usage to date usage records are transmitted or made available to CLECs as applicable.

- BI-1A Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access,^{NOTE 1} local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.
- BI-1B Measures the percent of recorded daily usage for Jointly provided switched access provided within four days. This includes usage created by the CLEC and Qwest or IXC providing access, usually via 2way Feature Group X trunk groups for Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, Phone to Phone IP Telephony, 8XX access, and 900 access and their successors or similar Switched Access services.

BI-1C – Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows:

- BI-1C-1 Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access, ^{NOTE 1} subject to exclusions specified below.
- BI-1C-2 Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:		
Reporting renou. One month		Average Business Days	
	BI-1B:	Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, Disaggregation Reporting: State level.			
individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results		Disaggregation Reporting: State level.	
Formula:			
BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2 (for specified products &	records) = Σ (Date Record Tra	nsmitted or made	
available – Date Usage Recorded) ÷ (Tot	, ,		
BI-1B = [(# of daily usage records for Jointly prov daily usage records for Jointly provided s			
daily usage records for Jointly provided s Exclusions:	switched access in the report p	period)] x 100	
daily usage records for Jointly provided s Exclusions: Instances where the CLEC requests other than d	switched access in the report p	period)] x 100	
daily usage records for Jointly provided s Exclusions: Instances where the CLEC requests other than d Product Reporting:	switched access in the report p daily usage transmission or ava Standards:	ailability.	
daily usage records for Jointly provided s Exclusions: Instances where the CLEC requests other than d	switched access in the report p daily usage transmission or ava	period)] x 100 ailability.	

	BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Diagnostic Comparison with the Qwest Retail results used in standard for BI-1A
Availability:	Notes:
Available	 "Feature group switched access" includes all type 110XXX detail records for Feature

Groups A, B, C, and D.

BI-2 – Invoices Delivered within 10 Days

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest delivers industry standard electronically transmitted bills to CLECs, focusing on the percent delivered within ten calendar days.

Description:

Measures the percentage of invoices that are delivered within ten days, based on the number of days between the bill date and bill delivery.

• Includes all industry standard electronically transmitted invoices for local exchange services and toll, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: Combined Qwest Retail/CLEC results (Parity by design)	Disaggregation Reporting: State level

Formula:

[(Count of Invoices for which Bill Transmission Date to Bill Date is ten calendar days or less) \div (Total Number of Invoices)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Bills transmitted via paper, magnetic tape, CD-ROM, diskette.
- Records with missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:UNEs and Resale	Standard: Parity by design.
Availability: Available	Notes:

BI-3 – Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors

Purpose:

Evaluates the accuracy with which Qwest bills CLECs, focusing on the percentage of billed revenue adjusted due to errors.

Description:

Measures the billed revenue minus amounts adjusted off bills due to errors, as a percentage of total billed revenue.

- Both the billed revenue and amounts adjusted off bills due to error are calculated from bills rendered in the reporting period.
- "Amounts adjusted off bills due to errors" is the sum of all bill adjustments made in the reporting period that involve, either in part or in total, adjustment codes related to billing errors. (Each adjustment thus gualifying is added to the sum in its entirety.)

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: State level.	
Formula: $[\Sigma(\text{Revenue Billed without Error}) \div (Total Billed Reve$	nue billed in Reporting Period)] x 100	
 Exclusions: BI-3A - UNEs and Resale – None BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use – Billing adjustments as a result of CLEC-caused errors in return of minutes of use 		
 Product Reporting: BI-3A - UNEs and Resale BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) 	 Standards: BI-3A – UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest retail bills. BI-3B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) – 95% 	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

BI-4 – Billing Completeness

Purpose:

- UNEs and Resale Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills.
- Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects the revenue for Local Minutes of Use associated with CLEC local traffic over Qwest's network on the bills.

Description:

BI-4A – UNEs and Resale: Measures the percentage of non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders appear on the correct bill.*

BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): Measures the percentage of revenue associated with local minutes of use appearing on the correct (current) bill.*

* Correct bill = next available bill		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
Formula:		
BI-4A – UNEs and Resale = [∑(Count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills that are billed on the correct bill ÷ total count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders billed on the bill)] x 100		
BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation MOU = [∑(Revenue for Local Minutes of Use billed on the correct* bill ÷ Total revenue for Local Minutes of Use collected during the month)] x 100		
Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting:	Standards:	
UNEs and Resale	BI-4A - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest	
 Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) 	Retail bills.	
	BI-4B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): 95%	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Database Updates

DB-1 – Time to Update Databases

Purpose: Evaluates the time required for updates to the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder. **Description:** Measures the average time required to update the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory • Builder. Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during • the reporting period. For DB-1A the time to update the E911 database is provided by the third party vendor that performs the update. The elapsed time is captured automatically by the database system. There are no "individual E911 database update records" provided with which to measure the database update process. The numerator of DB-1A is calculated by multiplying the vendor-calculated results (Average Minutes in Process Time) by the denominator (Count of records Processed). This method produces a result from the vendor data that is the same as that which would be produced by totalling the update times from individual E911 database update records. Unit of Measure: Reporting Period: One month E911 - Hrs: Mins. LIDB & Directory Listings – Seconds **Reporting Comparisons: Disaggregation Reporting:** DB-1A - E911: Combined results for Qwest Retail DB-1A: E911 for Qwest Retail and Reseller and Reseller CLEC Aggregate; CLEC-State level DB-1B - LIDB: Combined results for all Qwest DB-1B: LIDB for Qwest Retail. Reseller CLEC Retail. Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC - Multi updates: state region-wide level DB-1C-1 - Listings: Combined results for all DB-1C-1: Listings for all Provider types including Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and Unknown Provider, Electronically Submitted, Unknown Provider, Electronically Electronically Processed updates. NOTE 1 Submitted, Electronically Processed-Sub-region applicable to state Formula: Σ [(Date and Time of database update for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) – (Date and Time of submissions of data for entry into the database for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period)] + Total

database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period

Exclusion:

• Invalid start/stop dates/times.

DB-1 – Time to Update Databases (continued)

Product Reporting: Not applicable (Reporte	d by database type)	Standards: DB-1A-E911: Parity by design DB-1B-LIDB: Parity by design DB-1C-1 - Listings: Parity by design	
Availability: Available		1. Because they cannot be separated, results for Qwest Retail, Reseller	
		CLEC, Facilities-based CLECs, ILEC and Unknown Provider updates are reported combined within these disaggregations.	

DB-2 – Accurate Database Updates

DB-2 – Accurate Data	base opuales	
Purpose:		
	atabase updates comple	eted without errors in the reporting period.
		completed without errors in the reporting period. r Disaggregation Reporting completed during the
Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: DB-2C-1 Listings – Combined results for all Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities- Based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed updates		Disaggregation Reporting: DB-2C-1, Listings for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and Facilities-Based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed updates: Statewide
Formula: [Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed without errors in the reporting period ÷ Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period] x 100		
Exclusions: Invalid start/stop dates/times	5.	
Product Reporting: Not applicable (Reported by database type)		Standards: DB-2C-1 – Listings: Parity by design NOTE 1
Availability: Available	Facilities-based Processed cann	Reseller CLECs are parity by design. Because CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically ot be separated out from Reseller CLECs they are ed within this disaggregation.

Directory Assistance

DA-1 – Speed of Answer – Directory Assistance

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's Directory Assistance operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

Description:

Measures the average time following first ring until a call is first picked up by the Qwest agent/system to answer Directory Assistance calls.

- Includes all calls to Qwest directory assistance during the reporting period.
- Because a system (electronic voice) prompts for city, state, and listing requested before the actual operator comes on the line, the first ring is defined as when the voice response unit places the call into queue.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds	
Reporting Comparisons: Results for Qwest and all CLECs are combined.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state	
Formula: Σ [(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)		
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.		
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Operator Services

OS-1 – Speed of Answer – Operator Services

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

Description:

Measures the time following first ring until a call is answered by the Qwest agent.

- Includes all calls to Qwest's operator services during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds
Reporting Comparisons: Qwest and all CLECs are aggregated in a single measure.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state
Formula:	

Σ[(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)

Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	Parity by design
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Network Performance

NI-1 – Trunk Blocking

Purpose: Evaluates factors affecting completion of calls from Qwest end offices to CLEC end offices, compared with the completion of calls from Qwest end offices to other Qwest end offices, focusing on average busy-hour blocking percentages in interconnection or interoffice final trunks. **Description:** Measures the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection and interoffice final trunks. Includes blocking percentages on all direct final and alternate final interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that are in service during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent Blockage **Reporting Comparisons:** Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. CLEC aggregate, Reports the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection final trunks, individual CLEC, and reported by: Qwest Interoffice trunk NI-1A Interconnection (LIS) trunks to Qwest tandem offices, with TGSRblocking results. related exclusions applied as specified below; NI-1B LIS trunks to Qwest end offices, with TGSR-related exclusions applied as specified below; LIS trunks to Qwest tandem offices, without TGSR-related NI-1C exclusions: LIS trunks to other Qwest end offices, without TGSR-related NI-1D exclusions. Formula: $\{\sum (Blockage in Final Trunk Group of Specified Type)x(Number of Circuits in Trunk Group)\} + (Total Number)$ of Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Trunk Groups) x 100 Explanation: Actual average percentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of trunk circuits blocking by the total number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. **Exclusions:** For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: – A Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR)^{NOTES 1 & 2} has been issued in the reporting period; or • CLECs do not submit, within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR: a) Responsive ASRs (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); b) Trouble Reports; or c) Notification of traffic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and NI-1D:

• Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in time to incorporate in the regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to:

- Trunk group out-of-service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure circumstances;
- The CLEC placing trunks in a "busy" condition;
- Lack of interconnection facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely forecast to Qwest. (This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month following facility availability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, whichever is sooner NOTE 4); or
- Isolated incidences of blocking, about which Qwest provides notification to the CLEC, that (a) are not recurring or persistent (affecting the same trunk groups), (b) do not warrant corrective action by CLEC or Qwest, and (c) thus, do not require an actionable TGSR.

NI-1 – Trunk Blocking (Continued)

period.
 Toll trunks, non-final trunks, and trunks that are not connected to the public switched network. One-way trunks originating at CLEC end offices.
 Qwest official services trunks, local interoffice operator and directory assistance trunks, and local
interoffice 911/E911 trunks.
Records with invalid product codes.
 Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
Product Reporting: Standards:
LIS Trunks Where NI-1A \leq 1%: 1 %
Where NI-1A > 1%: Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to tandems
Where NI-1B ≤ 1%: 1 %
Where NI-1B > 1%:Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to end officesNI-1C and NI-1D:Diagnostic
Availability: Notes:
Available 1. Qwest uses TGSRs to notify CLECs when trunk blocking exceeds standard thresholds or is
determined to be persistent. To respond properly to TGSRs, a CLEC must (a) submit
within 20 days ASRs to provide necessary trunk augmentations to avoid further blocking,
(b) notify Qwest within 20 days that it is initiating a Trouble Report where Qwest traffic
routing problems are causing the blocking referenced by the TGSR, or (c) notify Qwest that
the CLEC will undertake its own re-routing of traffic within 20 days to alleviate the blocking.
2. The TGSR-related exclusion is applied in the month in which the TGSR is issued and in
the month in which the above-specified 20-day response period ends. Thus, any trunk group excluded in one month will not be excluded in the next month, unless there is (a) a
20-day period following a TGSR ends in that month, (b) there is another TGSR applicable
to the next month for the same trunk group or (c) an exception documented, in lieu of
issuing a subsequent TGSR, where the CLEC's response to the previous TGSR indicated
that, for its own reasons, it plans to take no action at any time to augment the trunk group.
3. CLEC delays are reflected by CLEC-initiated order supplements that move the due date
later.
a) Qwest-initiated due date delays, including supplements made pursuant to Qwest
requests to delay due dates, shall not be counted as CLEC delays in this
measurement. b) Qwest-initiated due date changes to earlier dates that the CLEC does not meet shall
not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement unless the earlier dates were
mutually agreed-upon.
c) CLEC delays (e.g., "customer not ready" in advance of a due date) that do not
contribute to a Qwest-established due date being missed shall not be counted as a
CLEC delay in this measurement.
4. The limitation on part (3) of this exclusion is intended to bound its applicability to a period
of time that treats the unforecasted ASR as if it were, in effect, the first forecast for the
facilities needed.
 a) Given that forecast advance intervals are currently six months, this provision allows the exclusion to apply for no longer than that period of time.
b) Nevertheless, this limitation to the exclusion also recognizes that facilities may become
available sooner and, if so, reduces the limitation accordingly. In that context, this
limitation recognizes that, absent a CLEC forecast, Qwest still retains a responsibility to
provide facilities for the ASR, although in a longer timeframe than for ASRs covered by
forecasts. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no
standard to be applied.
c) This limitation may change depending on the outcome of separate workshops dealing
with issues of interconnection forecasting. 5. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be
applied.

NP-1 – NXX Code Activation

Purpose:	
Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's NXX code activa	tion prior to the LERG effective date or by the
"revised" effective date, as set forth herein.	
Description:	
NP-1A: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activ loaded and tested prior to the LERG effectiv	vated in the reporting period that are actually e date or the "revised" date, subject to exclusions
shown below.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NP-1B: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activ	vated in the reporting period that are delayed
beyond the LERG date or "revised" date due	e to Qwest-caused Interconnection facility delays, d among activations counted as a Qwest delay in 2-6 codes" ^{NOTE 1} associated with the Qwest
 Qwest must receive complete and accurate rout includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all i 	ing information required for code activation, which nterconnection trunk groups associated with the
activation no less than 25 days prior to the LERC	
routing information required for code activation,	lays after Qwest receives complete and accurate which includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for
all interconnection trunk groups associated with	
 The NXX code activation notice is provided by th Qwest. 	e LERG (Local Exchange Routing Guide) to
	n all translations associated with the new NXX are
	ate identified in the LERG or the "revised" date (if
• The NXX code activation completion process inc	cludes testing, including calls to the test number
when provided.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results.	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.
Formula:	
NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested i date or the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of NX period)] x 100	
(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested i	ted by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ n the reporting period, including NXX codes at were delayed past the LERG effective date or
Exclusions: NP-1A:	
 NXX code activations completed after the LE installation of Qwest provided interconnection 	ERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the on facilities associated with the activations.
NP-1A and NP-1B:	
	a" dates resulting in loading intervals shorter than vs).

NP-1 – NXX Code Activation (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards:
	NP-1A: Parity
	NP-1B: Diagnostic
Availability: Available	 Notes: 1. "2-6 codes" are industry-standard designators for local interconnection trunk groups, consisting of 2 alpha letters and six numeric digits. 2. Only Qwest-provided interconnection facilities are noted in this exclusion, because delays
	related to facilities provided by CLECs or others are accounted for by revising the due date.

Collocation

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of collocation arrangements for CLECs, focusing on the average time to complete such arrangements.

Description:

Measures the interval between the Collocation Application Date and Qwest's completion of the collocation installation.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a Ready For Service (RFS) date by Qwest and completed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physicalline sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications include conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- Completion of the collocation installation is the date on which the requested collocation arrangement is "Ready for Service" as defined in the Definition of Terms section herein.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established according to intervals specified in interconnection agreements. Where an interconnection agreement does not specify intervals, or where the CLEC requests, RFS dates are established as follows:
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready – for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - **<u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>:** 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)

collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.

- Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major</u> <u>Infrastructure Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-1A, -1B, or -1C according to the interval criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled
- RFS dates may be extended beyond the above intervals for CLEC reasons, or for reasons beyond Qwest's control, but not for Qwest reasons.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.

CP-1A	Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation
	Application Date to RFS date is 90 calendar days or less.

- **CP-1B** Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 91 to 120 calendar days.
- **CP-1C** Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 121 to 150 calendar days.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Calendar Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.
Formula: (for CP-1A, CP-1B and CP-1C) Σ [(Collocation Completion Date) – (Complete Applic Completed in Reporting Period)	ation Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Collocations

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)

Exclusions:

- CP-1A: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals longer than 90 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1B: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 91 calendar days or longer than 120 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1C: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 121 calendar days or longer than 150 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.

Cancelled or expire	d applications.
Product Reporting: No	one Standards:
	CP-1A: 90 calendar days
	CP-1B: 120 calendar days
	CP-1C: 150 calendar days
Availability:	Notes:
Available	 Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest completes collocation arrangements for CLECs within the standard intervals or intervals established in interconnection agreements.

Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation applications that are completed within standard intervals, including intervals set forth in interconnection agreements.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a Ready for Service RFS date by Qwest and that are completed within the reporting period, including those with CLEC-requested RFS dates longer than the standard interval and those with extended RFS dates negotiated with the CLEC (including supplemented collocation orders that extend the RFS date) subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications are defined as conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- A collocation arrangement is counted as met under this measurement if its RFS date is met.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established as follows, except where interconnection
 agreements require different intervals, in which case the intervals specified in the interconnection
 agreements apply:
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for

CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:

- Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure</u> <u>Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 calendar days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-2A, -2B, or -2C according to the criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty calendar days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-2A Forecasted Collocations**: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC provides a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- **CP-2B** Non-Forecasted and Late Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- **CP-2C** All Collocations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and Collocations with intervals longer than 120 days: Measures all collocation installations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and collocations for which the RFS date is more than 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula: (for CP-2A, CP-2B and CP-2C) [(Count of Collocations for which the RFS is met) ÷ (Period)] x 100	Total Number of Collocations Completed in the Reporting
Exclusions:RFS dates missed for reasons beyond Qwest'sCancelled or expired requests.	control.
Product Reporting: None	Standards: CP-2A & -2B: 90%

CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	 Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

CP-3 – Collocation Feasibility Study Interval

Purpose: Evaluates the timeliness of the Qwest sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC. **Description:** Measures average interval to respond to collocation studies for feasibility of installation. Includes feasibility studies, for collocations of types specified herein that are completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. • Interval begins with the Collocation Application Date and ends with the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC. The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Calendar Days Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. individual CLEC results Formula: Σ [(Date Feasibility Study provided to CLEC) – (Date Qwest receives CLEC request for Feasibility Study)] ÷ (Total Feasibility Studies Completed in the Reporting Period) **Exclusions:** CLEC-caused delays of, or CLEC requests for feasibility study completions resulting in greater than ten calendar days from Collocation Application Date to scheduled feasibility study completion date. Product Reporting: None Standard: 10 calendar days or less Availability: Notes: Available 1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e.,

consistently more than two per month in any state).

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CP-4 – Collocation Feasit	bility Study C	ommitments N	Net
Purpose:			
Evaluates the degree that Qwest		sub-process function	on of providing a collocation
feasibility study to the CLEC as of Description:	committed.		
	ocation feasibility	studies for installa	ations that are completed within the
Scheduled Interval			
 The Scheduled Interval is ten 	calendar days fr	om the Collocation	n Application Date or, if
	call for different in	ntervals, within inte	rvals specified in the agreements,
 Includes all feasibility studies reporting period. Collocation physical caged, physical-line 	types included a	re: physical cagele	herein, that are completed in the ess, physical caged, shared d virtual. ^{NOTE 1}
 Considers the interval from the Feasibility Study and provide 	ne Collocation Ap	plication Date to the	he date Qwest completes the
• The Collocation Application D	ate is the date C	west receives from	n the CLEC a complete
			on for collocation is received by
Qwest on a weekend or holic following the weekend or holi		on Application Dat	te is the next business day
(6) or more Collocation applie	cations in a one-v	veek period in any	reement, when a CLEC submits six state, feasibility study intervals stead of ten calendar days in this
Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure	e: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC and individual CLEC results	aggregate	Disaggregation	Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula: (Total Applicable Collocation Fea applicable Collocation Feasibility Exclusions: None			
Product Reporting: None		Standard:	90 percent or more
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	related. A defined ar Non-centra collocatior either inclu	as additional types ad offered, they wil al office-based type and field connect usion in this measu	measurement are central office of central office collocation are I be included in this measurement. es of collocation (such as remote tion points) will be considered for urement, or in new, separate ms, conditions, and processes for

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Application Date (and Time) – The date (and time) on which Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and accurate local service request (LSR) or access service request (ASR) or retail order, subject to the following:

- For the following types of requests/orders, the application date (and time) is the start of the next business day:
 - (1) LSRs and ASRs received after 3:00PM MT for Designed Services and Local Number Portability (except non-designed, flow-through LNP).
 - (2) Retail orders received after 3:00 PM local time for Designed Services.
 - (3) LSRs received after 7:00PM MT for POTS Resale (Residence and Business), Non-Design Resale Centrex, non-designed UNE-P, Unbundled Loops, and non-designed, flow-through LNP.
 - (4) Retail orders for comparable non-designed services cannot be received after closing time, so the cutoff time is essentially the business office closing time.
- For all types of orders that are received from Friday at 7:00 PM MT through Sunday, or on holidays, and do not flow through, the application date (and time) is the next, non-weekend business day.

Automatic Location Information (ALI) – The feature of E911 that displays at the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) the street address of the calling telephone number. This feature requires a data storage and retrieval system for translating telephone numbers to the associated address. ALI may include Emergency Service Number (ESN), street address, room or floor, and names of the enforcement, fire and medical agencies with jurisdictional responsibility for the address. The Management System (E911) database is used to update the Automatic E911 Location Information databases.

Bill Date – The date shown at the top of the bill, representing the date on which Qwest begins to close the bill.

Blocking – Condition on a telecommunications network where, due to a maintenance problem or an traffic volumes exceeding trunking capacity in a part of the network, some or all originating or terminating calls cannot reach their final destinations. Depending on the condition and the part of the network affected, the network may make subsequent attempts to complete the call or the call may be completely blocked. If the call is completely blocked, the calling party will have to re-initiate the call attempt.

Business Day – Workdays that Qwest is normally open for business. Business Day = Monday through Friday, excluding weekends and Qwest published Holidays including New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4^{h} , Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. Individual measurement definitions may modify (typically expanding) this definition as described in the Notes section of the measurement definition.

Cleared Trouble Report – A trouble report for which the trouble has been cleared, meaning the customer is "back in service".

Closed Trouble Report – A trouble report that has been closed out from a maintenance center perspective, meaning the ticket is closed in the trouble reporting system following repair of the trouble.

Code Activation (Opening) – Process by which new NPA/NXXs (area code/prefix) is defined, through software translations to network databases and switches, in telephone networks. Code activation (openings) allow for new groups of telephone numbers (usually in blocks of 10,000) to be made available for assignment to an ILEC's or CLEC's customers, and for calls to those numbers to be passed between carriers.

Common Channel Signaling System 7 (CCSS7) – A network architecture used to for the exchange of signaling information between telecommunications nodes and networks on an out-of-band basis. Information exchanged provides for call set-up and supports services and features such as CLASS and database query and response.

Common Transport – Trunk groups between tandem and end office switches that are shared by more than one carrier, often including the traffic of both the ILEC and several CLECs.

Completion – The time in the order process when the service has been provisioned and service is available.

Completion Notice – A notification the ILEC provides to the CLEC to inform the CLEC that the requested service order activity is complete.

Coordinated Customer Conversion -- Orders that have a due date negotiated between the ILEC, the CLEC, and the customer so that work activities can be performed on a coordinated basis under the direction of the receiving carrier.

Customer Requested Due Date – A specific due date requested by the customer which is either shorter or longer than the standard interval or the interval offered by the ILEC.

Customer Trouble Reports – A report that the carrier providing the underlying service opens when notified that a customer has a problem with their service. Once resolved, the disposition of the trouble is changed to closed.

Dedicated Transport – A network facility reserved to the exclusive use of a single customer, carrier or pair of carriers used to exchange switched or special, local exchange, or exchange access traffic.

Delayed Order – An order which has been completed after the scheduled due date and/or time.

Directory Assistance Database – A database that contains subscriber records used to provide live or automated operator-assisted directory assistance. Including 411, 555-1212, NPA-555-1212.

Directory Listings – Subscriber information used for DA and/or telephone directory publishing, including name and telephone number, and optionally, the customer's address.

DS-0 – Digital Service Level 0. Service provided at a digital signal speed commonly at 64 kbps, but occasionally at 56 kbps.

DS-1 – Digital Service Level 1. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 1.544 Mbps.

DS-3 – Digital Service Level 3. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 44.736 Mbps.

Due Date – The date provided on the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) the ILEC sends the CLEC identifying the planned completion date for the order.

End Office Switch – A switch from which an end users' exchange services are directly connected and offered.

Final Trunk Groups – Interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that do not overflow traffic to other trunk groups when busy.

Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) – Notice the ILEC sends to the CLEC to notify the CLEC that it has received the CLECs service request, created a service order, and assigned it a due date.

Flow-Through –The term used to describe whether a LSR electronically is passed from the OSS interface system to the ILEC legacy system to automatically create a service order. LSRs that do not flow through require manual intervention for the service order to be created in the ILEC legacy system.

Interval Zone 1/Zone 2 – Interval Zone 1 areas are wire centers for which Qwest specifies shorter standard service intervals than for Interval Zone 2 areas.

Installation – The activity performed to activate a service.

Installation Troubles – A trouble, which is identified after service order activity and installation, has completed on a customer's line. It is likely attributable to the service activity (within a defined time period).

Interconnection Trunks – A network facility that is used to interconnect two switches generally of different local exchange carriers

Inward Activity – Refers to all orders for new or additional lines/circuits. For change order types, additional lines/circuits consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action coded line/circuit USOCs that represent new or additional lines/circuits, including conversions from retail to CLEC and CLEC to CLEC.

Jeopardy – A condition experienced in the service provisioning process which results potentially in the inability of a carrier to meet the committed due date on a service order

Jeopardy Notice – The actual notice that the ILEC sends to the CLEC when a jeopardy has been identified.

Lack of Facilities – A shortage of cable facilities identified after a due date has been committed to a customer, including the CLEC. The facilities shortage may be identified during the inventory assignment process or during the service installation process, and typically triggers a jeopardy.

Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) – A Bellcore master file that is used by the telecom industry to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information, as well as network element and equipment designations. The file also includes scheduled network changes associated with activity within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP).

Local Exchange Traffic – Traffic originated on the network of a LEC in a local calling area that terminates to another LEC in a local calling area.

DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)

Local Number Portability (formerly defined under Permanent Number Portability and also known as – Long Term Number Portability) – A network technology which allows end user customers to retain their telephone number when moving their service between local service providers. This technology does not employ remote call forwarding, but actually allows the customer's telephone number to be moved and redefined in the network of the new service provider. The activity to move the telephone number is called "porting."

Local Service Request (LSR) – Transaction sent from the CLEC to the ILEC to order services or to request a change(s) be made to existing services.

MSA/Non-MSA – Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with a population of 50,000 or greater. Non-Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with population of less than 50,000. Qwest depicts MSA Non-MSA based on NPA NXX. Where a wire center is predominantly within an MSA, all lines are counted within the MSA.

Mechanized Bill – A bill that is delivered via electronic transmission.

NXX, NXX Code or Central Office Code – The three digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.

Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS) – Refers to basic 2-wire, non-complex analog residential and business services. Can include feature capabilities (e.g., CLASS features).

Projects – Service requests that exceed the line size and/or level of complexity which would allow for the use of standard ordering and provisioning processes. Generally, due dates for projects are negotiated, coordination of service installations/changes is required and automated provisioning may not be practical.

Query Types – Pre-ordering information that is available to a CLEC that is categorized according to standards issued by OBF and/or the FCC.

Ready For Service (RFS) – The status achieved in the installation of a collocation arrangement when all "operational" work has been completed. Operational work consists of the following as applicable to the particular type of collocation:

- Cage enclosure complete;
- DC power is active (including fuses available, BDFB [Battery Distribution Fuse Board] in place, and cables between the CLEC and power terminated);
- Primary AC outlet in place;
- Cable racking and circuit terminations are complete (e.g. fiber jumpers placed between the Outside Plant Fiber Distribution Panel and the Central Office Fiber Distribution Panel serving the CLEC). and
- The following items complete, subject to the CLEC having made required payments to Qwest (e.g., final payment): (If the required CLEC payments have not been made, the following items are not required for RFS):
 - Key turnover made available to CLEC.
 - APOT/CFA complete, as defined/required in the CLEC's interconnection agreement and
 - Basic telephone service and other services and facilities complete, if ordered by CLEC in time to be provided on the scheduled RFS date (per Qwest's published standard installation intervals for such telephone service).

Ready for Service Date (RFS date) – The due date assigned to a collocation order (typically determined by regulatory rulings, contract terms, or negotiations with CLEC) to indicate when collocation installation is scheduled to be ready for service, as defined above.

Reject – A status that can occur to a CLEC submitted local service request (LSR) when it does not meet certain criteria. There are two types of rejects: (1) syntax, which occur if required fields are not included in the LSR; and (2) content, which occur if invalid data is provided in a field. A rejected service request must be corrected and re-submitted before provisioning can begin.

Repeat Report – Any trouble report that is a second (or greater) report on the same telephone number/circuit ID and at the same premises address within 30 days. The original report can be any category, including excluded reports, and can carry any disposition code.

Service Group Type – The designation used to identify a category of similar services, .e.g., UNE loops.

Service Order – The work order created and distributed in ILECs systems and to ILEC work groups in response to a complete, valid local service request.

Service Order Type – The designation used to identify the major types of provisioning activities associated with a local service request.

Standard Interval – The interval that the ILEC publishes as a guideline for establishing due dates for provisioning a service request. Typically, due dates will not be assigned with intervals shorter than the standard. These intervals are specified by service type and type of service modification requested. ILECs publish these standard intervals in documents used by their own service representatives as well as ordering instructions provided to CLECs in the Qwest Standard Interval Guidelines.

Subsequent Reports – A trouble report that is taken in relation to a previously-reported trouble prior to the date and time the initial report has a status of "closed."

Tandem Switch – Switch used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office switches.

Time to Restore – The time interval from the receipt, by the ILEC, of a trouble report on a customer's service to the time service is fully restored to the customer.

Unbundled Network Element – **Platform (UNE-P)** – Combinations of network elements, including both new and conversions, involving POTS (i.e., basic services providing dial tone).

Unbundled Loop - The Unbundled Loop is a transmission path between a Qwest Central Office Distribution Frame, or equivalent, and the Loop Demarcation Point at an end user premises. Loop Demarcation Point is defined as the point where Qwest owned or controlled facilities cease, and CLEC, end user, owner or landlord ownership of facilities begins.

Usage Data – Data generated in network nodes to identify switched call data on a detailed or summarized basis. Usage data is used to create customer invoices for the calls.

GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION	
ACD	Automatic Call Distributor	
ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line	
ALI	Automatic Line Information (for 911/E911 systems)	
ASR	Service Request (processed via Exact system)	
BRI	Basic Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)	
CABS	Carrier Access Billing System	
СКТ	Circuit	
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier	
СО	Central Office	
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment	
CRIS	Customer Record Information System	
CSR	Customer Service Record	
DA	Directory Assistance	
DB	Decibel	
DB	Database	
DS0	Digital Service 0	
DS1	Digital Service 1	
DS3	Digital Service 3	
E911 MS	E911 Management System	
EAS	Extended Area Service	
EB-TA	Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration	
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange	
EELS	Enhanced Extended Loops	
ES	Emergency Services (for 911/E911)	
FOC	Firm Order Confirmation	
GUI	Graphical User Interface	
HDSL	High-Bit-Rate Digital Subscriber Line	
HICAP	High Capacity Digital Service	
IEC	Interexchange Carrier	
ILEC	Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier	
INP	Interim Number Portability	
IOF	Interoffice Facilities (refers to trunk facilities located between	
	Qwest central offices)	
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network	
IMA	Interconnect Mediated Access	
LATA	Local Access Transport Area	
LERG	Local Exchange Routing Guide	
LIDB	Line Identification Database	
LIS	Local Interconnection Service Trunks	
LNP	Long Term Number Portability	
LSR	Local Service Request	
N, T, C	Service Order Types N (new), T (to or transfer), C	
, ., .	(change)	
NANP	North American Numbering Plan	
NDM	Network Data Mover	
NPAC	Number Portability Administration Center	
NXX	Telephone number prefix	
OBF	Ordering and Billing Forum	
OOS	Out of service (type of trouble condition)	
OSS	Operations Support Systems	

Qwest Washington SGAT Eighth Revision, Second Amended Exhibit B February 17, 2004 Page 97

GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS (continued)

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION
PBX	Private Branch Exchange
PON	Purchase Order Number
POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service
PRI	Primary Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)
RFS	Ready for Service (refers to collocation installations)
SIA	SAAFE (Strategic Application Architecture Framework and Environment) Information Access
SOP	Service Order Processor
SOT	Service Order Type
SS7	Signaling System 7
STP	Signaling Transfer Point
TN	Telephone Number
UDIT	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport
UNE	Unbundled Network Element
UNE-P	Unbundled Network Element – Platform
VRU	Voice Response Unit
WFA	Work Force Administration
XDSL	(x) Digital Subscriber Line. (The "x" prefix refers to DSL generically. An "x" replaced by an "A" refers to Asymmetric DSL, and by an "H" refers to High-bit-rate DSL.)