Exhibit No. (JMW-8) Docket UE-130617 Witness: Juliana Williams

BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION,

DOCKET UE-130617

Complainant,

v.

PUGET SOUND ENERGY, INC.,

Respondent.

EXHIBIT TO TESTIMONY OF

JULIANA WILLIAMS

STAFF OF WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Staff conversations with Portland General Electric staff regarding the Dispatchable Standby Generation program

August 14, 2013

Portland General Electric Company Dispatchable Standby Generation (DSG) Contact Log

Prepared by David Nightingale, UTC Staff, July 2013.

Date	Contact	Discussion
7/10/2013	Ed Rainey, PGE	DSG program began in 1999 with the first customer
		connected and operational in 2000.
7/12/2013	Kelly Cox, PGE	Size of program: Had 88 MW of nameplate capacity at
	Manager, Customer	the end of 2012 and anticipate having 104 MW in the
	Specialized Programs	program by the end of 2013. Currently at 89 MW. In
		2012 they added 20 MW and in 2013 they will add 16
		MW.
	·	<i>Operation and Maintenance</i> : When they start the
		standby generators they run them at 90% of their rated
		capacity. They run them all for an hour a month to
		assure their operation and reliability. They perform
		quarterly on-site inspections and annual maintenance.
		The Company has paid for all maintenance and fuel
		costs for the generators.
		Cost-effectiveness: They have found this peaking
		resource to be more cost effective than purchasing
		capacity on single cycle combustion turbines.
		Reduced non-spinning reserves: The DSG resources
		provide all of the non-spinning reserves for the PGE
		system which provides a significant savings to the
		Company.
		Grid reliability increases: The DSG also increases
		reliability when a feeder is heating up due to heavy
		loading and a DSG is available it can temporarily
		reduce the overloading on that circuit.
		New EPA Air Quality Standards: In January 2013 US
		EPA implemented revised rules for Reciprocating
		Internal Combustion Engines (RICE Rules). The Company has chosen to classify the DSG program as
		emergency generators to allow continued use as
		intended. This will limit the maximum number of
		hours of operation per year for energy to 50 hours.
		Kelly Cox believes that this will not decrease the value
		of the DSG resource very much, as 50 hours should
		provide enough operating time for critical peak
		reduction that the company would normally want to run
		these units.
		WALL CONTRACTOR