BEFORE THE WASHINGTON

UTILITIES & TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Complainant,

v.

CASCADIA WATER, LLC,

Respondent.

DOCKET UW-240151

RESPONSE TESTIMONY OF STEFAN DE VILLIERS ADDRESSING THE SETTLEMENT STIPULATION ON BEHALF OF THE WASHINGTON STATE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL PUBLIC COUNSEL UNIT

EXHIBIT SDV-11Tr

January 22, 2025

Revised January 24, 2025

RESPONSE TESTIMONY OF STEFAN DE VILLIERS

DOCKET UW-240151

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. INTRODUCTION & SUMMARY	1
II. REVENUE REQUIREMENT	<u>5</u> 4
III. CONSOLIDATION AND PHASE-IN	<u>9</u> 8
IV. CALCULATED RATES	

LIST OF TABLES & FIGURES

Figure 1: Peninsula Average Monthly Bills	15
Table 1: Revenue Requirement Increases	.7
Table 2: Average Monthly Bills, By System (Settlement)	12
Table 3: Western Systems Calculated Final Step Rates	13
Table 4: Pelican Point Calculated Final Step Rates	13
Table 5: Average Monthly Bills, By System (PC and Cascadia)	15

RESPONSE TESTIMONY OF STEFAN DE VILLIERS

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EXHIBIT SDV-11Tr

EXHIBITS LIST

Exhibit SDV-12 <u>r</u>	Revenue Requirement
Exhibit SDV-13 <u>r</u>	Rate Impacts, with Attachment
Exhibit SDV-14	Cascadia's Response to Public Counsel Data Request No. 30

1		I. INTRODUCTION & SUMMARY
2	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
3	А.	My name is Stefan de Villiers, and my business address is 800 Fifth Avenue, Suite
4		2000, Seattle, Washington 98104.
5	Q.	Are you the same Stefan de Villiers who previously filed testimony in this
6		proceeding?
7	А.	Yes. On November 20, 2024, I filed responsive testimony before the Washington
8		Utilities and Transportation Commission (Commission) on behalf of the Public
9		Counsel Unit of the Washington State Office of the Attorney General (Public
10		Counsel), which was designated as Exhibit SDV-1T.
11	Q.	On whose behalf are you testifying?
12	А.	I am testifying on behalf of Public Counsel.
13	Q.	What additional exhibits are you sponsoring in this proceeding?
14	А.	I am sponsoring the following additional exhibits:
15		• Exhibit SDV-12 <u>r</u> : Revenue Requirement
16 17		 Exhibit SDV-13<u>r</u>: Rate Impacts, with Attachment Exhibit SDV-14: Cascadia's Response to Public Counsel Data Request No. 30
18	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
19	А.	My testimony responds to the Settlement Stipulation (Settlement) between Cascadia
20		Water LLC (Cascadia or the Company) and Commission Staff (Staff), filed on January
21		1022, 2025. My testimony presents Public Counsel's alternative calculations regarding
22		revenue requirement and a rate phase-in.

1	Q.	Are you responding to the most recent Settlement in this proceeding?
2	А.	I am now, yes. My testimony initially responded to the Settlement filed on January 10,
3		2025. After my testimony was filed on January 22, 2025, Staff filed a revised
4		Settlement with an amended revenue requirement and rates, prompted by Staff
5		realizing an error which overstated its calculated revenue requirement for Cascadia by
6		about \$140 thousand. My revised testimony here responds to the revised Settlement
7		filed by Staff. Throughout my testimony, I exclusively reference the Settlement filed
8		on January 10, 2025. As of this testimony's filing, I understand via an email from Staff
9		that a new Settlement will be filed on the same day as my testimony responding to the
10		initial Settlement. I am aware that the new Settlement will include a lower revenue
11		requirement, though it will remain well above Public Counsel's calculated range. I
12		have not yet received or reviewed any other terms of the new Settlement. I reserve the
13		right to amend my testimony as necessary to respond to the new Settlement. As of
14		now, I anticipate that I will need to supplement final numbers from the new Settlement
15		without other substantive changes to my testimony.
16	Q.	Please describe the terms of the initial Settlement.
17	А.	The Settlement intends to fully resolve Cascadia's general rate case, originally filed
18		February 29, 2024. Its terms include the following:
19		1. Cascadia's total revenue requirement increases by $\frac{1.671.51}{1.51}$ million, or
20		70.163.4 percent, across its whole system. ¹ The revenue requirement is a black

¹ Joint Testimony of Matthew J. Rowell and Culley J. Lehman, Exh. MJR-CJL-1T, at 3:17–18 (filed Jan. 13, 2025). Revised Settlement Stipulation, ¶ 11 (filed Jan. 22, 2025).

			Exhibit SDV-11T <u>r</u>
	1		box, meaning no agreed capital costs are presented, but all Cascadia's plant
	2		investment is deemed prudent. ²
	3	2.	Cascadia's 29 small water systems in Clallam, Jefferson, Kitsap, Island,
	4		Snohomish, and Skagit Counties (previously split between the Island/Mainland
	5		and Peninsula Systems) are consolidated into one major system, called the
	6		Western Systems. The Western Systems' revenue requirement increases by
	7		\$1.41 million, or 67.5 percent. ³
l	8	3.	Cascadia's Pelican Point System, in Grant County, remains separate from the
	9		Western Systems. Its revenue requirement increases by \$262 thousand, or 89.0
	10		percent. ⁴
	11	4.	Resulting rate increases are phased in, with the first increase implemented on
	12		the rate effective date, the second increase implemented one year later, and a
	13		slight decrease (once deferred costs are fully recovered) implemented three
	14		years after the rate effective date. ⁵ The phase-in includes an unspecified
	15		amount in carrying costs resulting from deferred implementation. ⁶
	16	5.	Cascadia may not file a new general rate case until three years after the rate
	17		effective date in this case, which is proposed as April 1, 2025. ⁷

² Joint Testimony of Matthew J. Rowell and Culley J. Lehman, Exh. MJR-CJL-1T, *Id.* at 4:12–15 (filed Jan. 13, 2025). ³ *Id.* at 6:19–21.

4-*Id*.

- ⁵ *Id.* at 9:10–19.
- ⁶ *Id.* at 4:12–15.
- ⁷ *Id.* at 4:16–22.

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1		6. The \$10.10 monthly surcharge for Aquarius customers is removed and the
2		outstanding value of the associated loan is recovered from all customers in the
3		Western Systems as a rate base asset. ⁸
4		7. Cascadia agrees to develop and communicate to customers a capital plan
5		discussing future major capital improvements (projects with total costs of
6		\$150,000 or more) by one year after the rate effective date. ⁹ Cascadia also
7		agrees to prioritize future major capital improvements.
8	Q.	Please <u>d</u> escribe Public Counsel's position on the Settlement.
9	А.	Public Counsel continues to believe that this rate increase is driven by a capital
10		investment strategy from Cascadia which did not sufficiently account for the impact
11		on its ratepayers. Staff and Cascadia deem the Company's plant investment prudent,
12		but my colleague Scott Duren identifies at least three instances where Cascadia could
13		have better planned and prioritized its investments to mitigate the impact on
14		ratepayers. In addition, my colleague David Garrett responds to the black box
15		settlement with a capital cost range that adopts Staff's cost of debt proposal and
16		calculates two returns on equity (ROEs) and capital structures.
17		As a result, Public Counsel calculates a revenue requirement increase range of
18		\$1.12–1.19 million, with a midpoint at \$1.15 million, well below the Settlement's
19		proposed \$1.671.51 million. Additionally, Public Counsel continues to support the
20		two-year phase-in proposal I described in my initial testimony, which forgoes deferred

⁸ *Id*. at 5:1–3. ⁹ *Id*. at 5:4–18.

		Exhibit SDV-11Tr
1		revenue as a reasonable adjustment in the face of Cascadia's insufficient capital
2		planning.
3		II. REVENUE REQUIREMENT
4	Q.	Does the Settlement still include an "almost unprecedented" revenue requirement
5		increase?
6	А.	Yes, it does. In my initial testimony, I described how Cascadia's requested revenue
7		requirement increase was almost unprecedented in the last decade. ¹⁰ I reviewed all
8		water utility revenue requirement increases approved by the Commission since 2014
9		and found only three examples of larger single-case increases. All those increases were
10		explained by factors not present in this case, including longer gaps since previous rate
11		cases. On a per-year basis, Cascadia's requested increase was larger than any other
12		general rate case increase in the last decade.
13		All of this is still true under the Settlement. Cascadia requested a 72.5 percent
14		revenue requirement increase and the Settlement includes a $70.163.4$ percent increase.
15		Both in absolute terms and on a per-year basis, this is still an unprecedented increase.
16	Q.	How does this increase compound previous Cascadia rate increases?
17	А.	I noted in my initial testimony that, in the last decade, two of the five largest revenue
18		requirement increases were for Cascadia or a system later acquired by Cascadia. ¹¹ As
19		such, the Settlement's revenue requirement increase would compound previous large
20		Cascadia rate increases, imposing a unique burden on the Company's customers.

¹⁰ Response Testimony of Stefan de Villiers, Exh. SDV-1T, at 8:3–6 (filed Nov. 20, 2024). ¹¹ *Id.* at 8:7–12.

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	1		Specifically, Cascadia's last general rate case, in 2021, increased its revenue
	2		requirement by 53.5 percent. ¹² If the Settlement's increase is approved, Cascadia's
	3		customers will have seen their water utility increasing its revenue requirement by
	4		about $\frac{161}{151}$ percent in fewer than four years. ¹³
ļ	5	Q.	Do you have any concerns about Staff's revenue requirement calculations
	6		supporting the Settlement?
	7	A.	Yes, I do. Staff's revenue requirement calculations do not make any adjustments to
	8		Cascadia's major capital investments. As the testimony of Public Counsel's expert
	9		water system engineer details, several of Cascadia's capital investments were not
	10		immediately necessary and the Company's capital investment strategy did not
	11		sufficiently account for impacts on ratepayers. As such, several adjustments to
	12		Cascadia's rate base are in order.
	13		Staff has not engaged a water system engineer to evaluate Cascadia's capital
	14		investments and its evaluation of prudence is based in part on a tour of the Company's
	15		system led by the Company itself. ¹⁴ I am concerned that Staff did not sufficiently
	16		investigate or account for the unreasonableness of Cascadia's capital investment
	17		strategy. As such, Staff's calculated revenue requirement is too high.
	18		Additionally, I understand via an email from Staff that the revenue requirement
	19		calculations in its November 20, 2024, testimony overstated Cascadia's revenue
	20		requirement by double counting certain depreciation expenses. Staff's November
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¹² *Id.* at 7 (Table 2).
¹³ 1.535 * 1.7011.634 = 2.6112.508, or about 161-151 percent.
¹⁴ Response Testimony of Rachel Stark, Exh. RS-1T, at 14:10-18 (filed Nov. 20, 2024).

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1		testimony calculated a revenue requirement of \$1.61 million. ¹⁵ My own calculations
2		suggest that removing the error in Staff's calculations will result in a revenue
3		requirement of \$1.47 million. ¹⁶
4	Q.	Did Staff's November testimony include any expense adjustments which you deem
5		to be reasonable?
6	А.	Yes. I reviewed Staff's November testimony describing adjustments to Cascadia's
7		operating expenses as filed. These include adjustments to Cascadia's employee
8		bonuses, costs associated with an accident not covered by insurance, recovery of late
9		fees and penalties, travel expenses, office expenses, and membership fees. ¹⁷ In my
10		view, these all constitute reasonable adjustments to Cascadia's filing, and I have
11		incorporated them in my calculation of Cascadia's revenue requirement.
12	Q.	Did Staff's November testimony include any other adjustments which you deem
13		to be reasonable?
14	A.	Yes. I reviewed Staff's November testimony describing its removal of the Aquarius
15		surcharge from rates and its addition of the outstanding value of the associated loan to
16		the Western Systems rate base. ¹⁸ This adjustment is also made in the Settlement. In my
17		view, this constitutes a reasonable adjustment, and I have also incorporated it into my
18		calculation of Cascadia's revenue requirement.
10	0	

19 Please describe Public Counsel's calculated revenue requirement increase. Q.

¹⁵ *Id.* at 3:10–12.

¹⁶ De Villiers, Exh. SDV-12 (Revenue Requirement).

 ¹⁷ Stark, Exh. RS-1T, at 8:3–6.
 ¹⁸ *Id.* at 16:10–21.

1A.Public Counsel calculates a revenue requirement increase range of \$1.12-\$1.192million, with a midpoint of \$1.15 million. This range incorporates \$2.54 million in3plant investment disallowances testified to by Mr. Duren. Its upper and lower bounds4are determined by the costs of capital calculated by Mr. Garrett, the higher of which is5very similar to the cost of capital originally proposed by Staff.

Without any plant investment adjustments, the upper bound of Public
Counsel's range would be \$1.46 million, very similar to Staff's calculated \$1.47
million revenue requirement increase. The revenue requirement increases calculated

by each party are described in full below.

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 Table 1: Revenue Requirement Increases¹⁹

Party		Publi	c Counsel		Staff	Settlement	Compony
Scenario	Low	Mid	High	No Plant Adj.	Staff	Agreement	Company
Increase (\$m)	1.12	1.15	1.19	1.46	1.47	1.67<u>1.51</u>	1.73
Increase (%)	47.0%	48.5%	50.0%	61.3%	61.8%	70.1<u>63.4</u>%	72.5%
WACC	5.72%	N/A	6.32%	6.32%	6.46%	N/A	8.97%

Q. Please describe the plant investment disallowances recommended by Mr. Duren.

A. Mr. Duren recommends plant investment disallowances for three of Cascadia's major
 capital projects. For each of the projects he discusses, he testifies that full
 implementation of the projects was not needed immediately, and the projects could
 have been phased in over several years instead. I have adopted the following plant
 investment disallowances in response to Mr. Duren's testimony:
 Project #3 (CAL Waterworks): \$1.02 million in rate base adjustments due to

Mr. Duren's finding that only \$75,000 in costs were immediately necessary.

¹⁹ De Villiers, Exh. SDV-12<u>r</u> (Revenue Requirement).

		Exhibit SDV-111 <u>r</u>
1		2. Project #7 (Estates): \$1.45 million in rate base adjustments due to Mr.
2		Duren's finding that only \$75,000-\$125,000 (midpoint of \$100,000) were
3		immediately necessary.
4		3. Project #12 (Generators): \$75,658 in rate base adjustments due to Mr.
5		Duren's finding that two generator projects were not immediately necessary. ²⁰
6		III. CONSOLIDATION AND PHASE-IN
7	Q.	How does the Settlement's rate consolidation affect ratepayers?
8	А.	As previously described, the Settlement proposes a uniform set of rates for all
9		ratepayers in Cascadia's Western Systems. This consolidation, while appealing in
10		principle, has significant near-term effects for systems which currently have monthly
11		bills that are lower than the Western Systems' average. In other words, those systems
12		which have the most "ground to make up" in rates will be most negatively impacted in
13		the short term by rate consolidation.
14		Customers with small meters on the Pedersen and Peninsula systems currently
15		have the lowest average monthly bills, about \$9-\$10 less per month than the next
16		lowest system. ²¹ In addition, small meter customers on the Peninsula system have the
17		highest average monthly water use in the Western Systems. ²² These factors mean that
18		imposing any uniform set of rates for the Western Systems would lead to significant
19		billing increases for the Pedersen and Peninsula systems as they catch up to-and in
20		Peninsula's case, pass (because of high water use)-the other systems. As a result, the
21		Commission should be especially aware of the Settlement's impacts on these systems.

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²⁰ *Id.*²¹ Direct Testimony of Matthew J. Rowell, Exh. MJR-9 (filed Sep. 26, 2024) (Proposed Bills).
²² De Villiers, Exh. SDV-14 (Cascadia's Response to Public Counsel Data Request No. 30).

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1		Notably, neither the Settlement nor the testimony filed in support of it contain
2		any discussion of the rate impacts that it would produce. In its initial filing on
3		September 26, 2025, Cascadia included calculations of their proposed rates' impacts
4		on average monthly bills. ²³ Neither Cascadia nor Staff do so here. My own
5		calculations of average monthly bills under the Settlement's rates are provided later.
6	Q.	Does Public Counsel oppose the rate consolidation proposed in the Settlement?
7	А.	Not in principle, no. However, Public Counsel highlights the need to implement such a
8		consolidation cautiously, with awareness of its near-term impacts on the systems being
9		consolidated.
10		The Commission should know that, absent any checks, Cascadia plans to
11		continue its rapid pace of capital investment in years to come. In my initial testimony,
12		I noted that Cascadia's current pace of investment would lead to the Company's rate
13		base doubling in approximately three years. ²⁴ This is cause for concern, and the
14		Commission can encourage more reasonable investment practices by establishing a
15		precedent of disallowing imprudent investments in this case. In addition to that
16		intervention, however, further action should be taken to reduce the impact of that
17		capital investment on rates. Rate consolidation constitutes one possible approach,
18		spreading the impacts of capital investment across as large a ratepayer base as
19		possible.
20		If the near-term impacts on highly affected systems like Pedersen and
21		Peninsula are sufficiently mitigated in this case (via plant investment disallowances

²³ Rowell, Exh. MJR-9 (Proposed Bills).
²⁴ De Villiers, Exh. SDV-1T, at 15:3–9.

and a robust phase-in, for example), the future benefits of a consolidated system are
 appealing. As such, Public Counsel does not oppose rate consolidation here in
 principle.

4

Q. Please describe the Settlement's phase-in.

5 As previously stated, the Settlement provides for rates to be phased in over three years, A. 6 with deferred and carrying costs fully recovered. In practice, this means that most 7 Cascadia customers will see a significant increase in their rates on the rate effective 8 date and another significant increase one year after the rate effective date. The phase-9 in provides for some decrease in rates to come three years after the rate effective date, 10 when deferred revenue has been fully recovered, but this coincides with the end of 11 Cascadia's "stay out" period, when new, higher rates will likely go into effect and 12 counteract any decrease.

13 Q. Please elaborate on how the Settlement's phase-in treats deferred revenue.

14A.As I explained in my initial testimony, some phase-ins require companies to forgo15revenue that is not recovered in the initial steps of the phase-in, while other phase-ins16allow the utility to defer that revenue, to be recovered later with carrying costs.²⁵17Public Counsel's position continues to be that Cascadia's capital investment strategy18did not sufficiently account for impacts on ratepayers, and deferred revenue should be19foregone in any phase-in to simulate a more reasonable rate of investment.²⁶ This20approach approximates how rates would have increased had Cascadia adopted a

²⁵ *Id.* at 9:1–3.

²⁶ *Id.* at 13:1–4.

1 prudent investment strategy that staggered improvements over time to balance service 2 improvements with rate shock. 3 The Settlement does not take this approach and allows Cascadia to recover all 4 deferred revenue with carrying costs, beginning one year after the rate effective date. 5 As I will show, this produces exactly the kind of rate shock that the Commission 6 should seek to avoid. 7 Q. How do the Settlement's revenue requirement, phase-in, and rate consolidation 8 combine to affect rates? 9 A. Table two shows the impact of the Settlement's proposed rates on average monthly 10 bills in each Cascadia system across the phase-in period. Of particular note is the impact on the Pedersen and existing Peninsula systems. Driven by the Settlement's 11 12 unprecedented revenue requirement increase, the consolidation of rates without 13 specific regard for system-level impacts, and the recovery of deferred revenue, these 14 systems see massive rate increases right away. 15 Peninsula would see a <u>110-105</u> percent increase in average monthly bills on the 16 rate effective date, while Pedersen would see a 56-52 percent increase. One year after 17 the rate effective date, Peninsula's average monthly bills would be 171-160 percent 18 higher than they are currently, while Pedersen's would be <u>118-108</u> percent higher. 19 These two systems would only see marginal relief three years after the rate increase, at 20 which point Cascadia would be free to increase rates again. Increases of this 21 magnitude over such a short time period clearly constitute rate shock.

These are the most extreme rate impacts of the Settlement, but almost every
 other system (minus Aquarius) would also be forced to adjust to average bill increases

of <u>65-58</u> percent or greater over just one year. These exorbitant increases are another example of why any phase-in approved by the Commission should forgo revenue not collected in the initial steps.

	Current	Rate effective date	% change from current	1 and 2 years after	% change from current	3 years after	% change from current
Island	\$49.81	\$ 68.04 <u>6</u> <u>:</u> <u>3</u> 7	37<u>33</u>%	\$ 91.91<u>8</u> 7 <u>9</u> 7	85<u>77</u>%	\$ 83.95<u>80</u> .7 <u>7</u>	69<u>62</u>%
Peninsula	\$39.55	\$ 83.21 <u>8</u> <u>1</u> <u>2</u>	110<u>105</u>%	\$ 107.08 <u>1</u> <u>0</u> <u>2</u>	171<u>160</u>%	\$ 99.12<u>95</u> .5 2	151<u>142</u>%
NWWS	\$56.72	\$ 69.56 <u>6</u> <u>7</u> <u>8</u> <u>5</u>	23 20%	\$ 93.43<u>8</u> 9 <u>-</u> <u>4</u> 5	65<u>58</u>%	\$ 85.47<u>82</u> .2 5	<u>5145</u> %
Aquarius	\$59.43	\$ 54.04 <u>5</u> 2 7 <u>6</u>	-9 <u>11</u> %	\$ 77.91<u>7</u> <u>4</u> <u>3</u> <u>6</u>	31<u>25</u>%	\$ 69.95<u>67</u> .1 <u>6</u>	18<u>13</u>%
Pedersen	\$38.67	\$ 60.42 <u>5</u> <u>8</u> <u>9</u> <u>6</u>	56<u>52</u>%	\$ <u>84.298</u> <u>0</u> <u>5</u> <u>6</u>	118<u>108</u>%	\$ 76.33<u>73</u> .3 <u>6</u>	97<u>90</u>%

Table 2: Average Monthly Bills, By System (Settlement)²⁷

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²⁷ De Villiers, Exh. SDV-13<u>r</u> (Rate Impacts).

Discovery Bay	\$48.58		$\frac{\$86.918}{\underline{3}}$	79<u>71</u>%	\$ 78.95<u>75</u> .9 <u>1</u>	63<u>56</u>%
Pelican Point	\$43.95	$\frac{6}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\frac{4440}{8}}}}$	% \$ 92.798 8 <u>.</u> 0 8	111<u>100</u>%	\$ 82.97<u>79</u> .2 <u>1</u>	89<u>80</u>%

Q. Please describe Public Counsel's proposed phase-in.

A. Public Counsel continues to advocate for the phase-in proposal I recommended in my initial testimony, which incorporates the revenue requirement increase in three equal steps over a period of two years and forgoes any revenue not collected in the initial steps of the phase-in.²⁸ An example of this phase-in is provided in Figure one below.

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IV. CALCULATED RATES

7 Q. How does Public Counsel's revenue requirement calculation translate to rates?

8 A. The midpoint of Public Counsel's calculated revenue requirement increase range is

\$1.15 million, which results in a total revenue requirement of \$3.54 million for

10 Cascadia. I have calculated rates to correspond with this revenue requirement, for

11 which the final step (two years after the rate effective date) is presented below.

12

	5/8 or 3/4-i	nch meters	1-inch meters		2-inch meters	
Base Rate	\$41.47		\$82.94		\$331.76	
	Block (cubic ft.)	Rate (per 100 cubic ft.)	Block (cubic ft.)	Rate (per 100 cubic ft.)	Block (cubic ft.)	Rate (per 100 cubic ft.)
Block 1	0–500	\$3.22	0-1250	\$3.22	0-4000	\$3.22

²⁸ De Villiers, Exh. SDV-1T, at 11:19–12:7.

²⁹ De Villiers, Exh. SDV-13<u>r</u> (Rate Impacts).

Block 2	500-1000	\$5.09	1250– 2500	\$5.09	4000– 8000	\$5.09
Block 3	1000+	\$6.44	2500+	\$6.44	8000+	\$6.44

Table 4: Pelican Point Calculated Final Step Rates³⁰

Base Rate	\$41.24		
	Block (cubic ft.)	Rate (per 100 cubic ft.)	
Block 1	0–900	\$1.01	
Block 2	900–5500	\$1.60	
Block 3	5500+	\$2.02	

Q. Do these rates mitigate the most extreme impacts of Cascadia's rate increase?

A. To an extent, yes. Given Cascadia's massive capital investment in recent years, which I described in more detail in my initial testimony, it is difficult to entirely mitigate the unreasonable impacts on ratepayers.³¹ Lowering Cascadia's revenue requirement provides some relief, but still results in rate shock absent a robust phase-in, especially for systems which are negatively impacted in the short term by rate consolidation. As such, both a lower revenue requirement and my recommended phase-in are necessary to sufficiently mitigate the impacts of Cascadia's rate increase on ratepayers.

10The Peninsula system provides a good example of the impact of Public11Counsel's calculated rates. Here, even under Public Counsel's calculated revenue12requirement, the addition of rate consolidation leads to an increase in average monthly13bills that exceeds Cascadia's initial rate increase request. Absent a robust phase-in, this14increase would still constitute rate shock. However, my phase-in proposal means that15Peninsula customers will not feel the full effect of this rate increase until two years

³⁰ Id.

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³¹ De Villiers, Exh. SDV-1T, at 5:5–10.

after the rate effective date. To illustrate this, below is a graph of Peninsula's average monthly bills under the Settlement, Cascadia's initial filing, and Public Counsel's calculated final step rates.

For other systems less negatively affected in the short term by rate 4 5 consolidation, or positively affected by it, Public Counsel's calculated rates lead to a much more palatable increase over the two-year phase-in. Graphs illustrating the 6 7 impacts of Public Counsel's rates in comparison to the Settlement's rates and 8 Cascadia's initial filing for each of the Company's systems can be found in Exhibit 9 SDV-13, Attachment 1. Finally, a list of the average monthly bills for each system 10 under Public Counsel's calculated final step rates is provided below and contrasted 11 with Cascadia's initial filing.

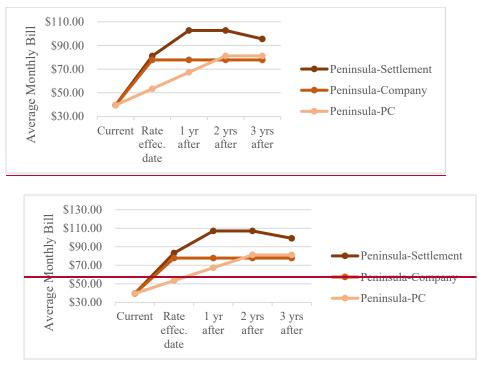


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Figure 1: Peninsula Average Monthly Bills³²



³² De Villiers, Exh. SDV-13<u>r</u> (Rate Impacts, Attachment 1).

	Current	PC final step rates	% change from current	Cascadia initial proposal	% change from current
Island	\$ 49.81	\$70.84	42%	\$100.24	101%
Peninsula	\$ 39.55	\$81.21	105%	\$77.81	97%
NWWS	\$ 56.72	\$71.88	27%	\$101.87	80%
Aquarius	\$ 59.43	\$61.27	3%	\$70.94	19%
Pedersen	\$ 38.67	\$65.63	70%	\$64.55	67%
Discovery Bay	\$ 48.58	\$67.42	39%	\$66.08	36%
Pelican Point	\$43.95	\$82.00	87%	\$84.27	92%

Table 5: Average Monthly Bills, By System (PC and Cascadia)³³

Q. Does this conclude your testimony? <u>–</u>

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A. Yes, it does.

³³ De Villiers, Exh. SDV-13<u>r</u> (Rate Impacts).