Exhibit No. ___T (DJR-1T)

Docket UE-130043

Witness: Deborah J. Reynolds

BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION,

DOCKET UE-130043

Complainant,

v.

PACIFICORP D/B/A PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY,

Respondent.

TESTIMONY OF

Deborah J. Reynolds

STAFF OF WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Policy and General Overview

June 21, 2013

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	Exhibit No. (DIR-3) Enhanced Commission Basis Report

1		I. INTRODUCTION
2		
3	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
4	A.	My name is Deborah J. Reynolds. My business address is the Richard Hemstad
5		Building, 1300 S. Evergreen Park Dr. SW, Olympia, Washington 98504.
6		
7	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
8	A.	I am employed by the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission
9		("Commission") as the Assistant Director of Conservation and Energy Planning in
10		the Regulatory Services Division. My employment at the Commission began in
11		1999.
12		
13	Q.	Please describe your education and your professional qualifications.
14	A.	I graduated from the Washington State University, receiving a Bachelor of Science
15		degree in General Studies and a Master of Regional Planning degree. I have
16		attended several regulatory courses, including the 46th Annual National Association
17		of Regulatory Utility Commissioners Regulatory Studies Program, "The Basics:
18		Regulatory Principles Training" seminar presented by the Center for Public Utilities
19		and the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners; the Electric
20		Utility Consultants, Inc.'s cost of service and rate design workshops; and the
21		International Energy Program Evaluation Conference, as well as a number of other
22		utility-related seminars, conferences, and training opportunities.

I am responsible primarily for the oversight of Commission Staff members
who review and evaluate conservation programs, participate in conservation and
resource planning, and analyze issues such as decoupling, reliability, service quality
low-income, and other issues in general rate case ("GRC") and other tariff filings of
the electric and natural gas utilities regulated by the Commission.

I provide technical assistance to companies on energy regulatory matters, participate in the development of Commission rules, and examine utility reports for compliance with Commission regulations. I have also presented Staff recommendations at numerous open public meetings.

A.

Q. Have you testified before the Commission?

Yes. I testified on decoupling and other policy-related issues in GRCs of Avista Corporation ("Avista") in Dockets UE-090134/UG-090135/UG-060518 and Dockets UE-110876/UG-110877/UE-120436/UG-120437; Puget Sound Energy, Inc. ("PSE") in Dockets UE-111048/UG-111049; and PacifiCorp d/b/a Pacific Power & Light Company ("PacifiCorp" or "Company") in Docket UE-111190.

I also prepared and presented the formal Staff comments on the initial conservation target filings in Dockets UE-100170 (PacifiCorp), UE-100176 (Avista), and UE-100177 (PSE). I prepared the Staff response to the Commission's bench requests on decoupling in Avista Dockets UE-110876/UG-110877/UE-120436/UG-120437 and in PSE Dockets UE-111048/UG-111049. I filed testimony on decoupling in PSE Dockets UE-121697/UG-121705 and appeared recently on the settlement panel in those dockets and Dockets UE-130137/UG-130138.

1		III. DISCUSSION
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3	Q.	Please briefly describe the Company's scope of operations.
4	A.	PacifiCorp is a regulated electric company that provides service in Washington,
5		Oregon, and California under the trade name Pacific Power & Light Company.
6		PacifiCorp provides service in Utah, Wyoming and Idaho under the trade name
7		Rocky Mountain Power & Light Company. Washington comprises only 7 percent
8		of the Company's customers, annual revenue, and energy sales. ²
9		
10	Q.	Please describe the Company's request for an increase in rates in this docket.
11	A.	On January 11, 2013, PacifiCorp filed a GRC with the Commission seeking an
12		increase in annual revenues of approximately \$42.8 million, or 14.1 percent. The
13		Company names three primary factors for its revenue request: (1) increases in the
14		allocation of net power costs to Washington; (2) increases in investment in the
15		system; and (3) declining demand. ³
16		
17	Q.	Please summarize the revenue requirement increase recommended by Staff for
18		the Company's Washington operations.
19	A.	Staff recommends that the Commission allow the Company to increase its annual
20		revenues for electricity service by \$14.6 million, or 4.8 percent. This
21		recommendation is based on an historical test year ending June 30, 2012, with
	² Con	en, Exhibit No (RPR-1T) at 2. npany's Annual Report, Washington Supplement, at 13 (June 4, 2013).
	Reit	en, Exhibit No (RPR-1T) at 3-4.

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19		allocation factor issues affect Staff's case?
18	Q.	You mention Staff witness Gomez's net power cost adjustment. How else did
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16		the remaining \$1.1 million difference between Staff and the Company.
15		Staff's rejection of other inadequately supported accounting adjustments makes up
14		resulting in a \$3.2 million decrease presented by Staff witness Chris R. McGuire. 4,5,6
13		resulting in a \$10.2 million decrease; and (3) a cut-off date for capital investments
12		Gomez; (2) a cost of capital reduction, presented by Staff witness Kenneth L. Elgin,
11		allocation of net power costs to Washington presented by Staff witness David C.
10		to three issues: (1) a \$13.7 million decrease resulting mainly from corrections to the
9		Staff witness Joanna Huang's Exhibit No (JH-2), page 5, is attributable largely
8	A.	This difference between Company and Staff revenue requirement cases, as shown on
7		million)?
6		revenue requirement proposals of Staff (\$14.6 million) and the Company (\$42.8
5	Q.	What are the primary reasons for the \$28.2 million difference between the
4		
3		third of the Company's requested revenue increase.
2		of historical test-period ratemaking. Staff's recommended increase is roughly one-
1		appropriate restating and pro forma adjustments that satisfy the "matching principle"

⁴ Huang, Exhibit No. ____ (JH-2), page 5, column J, row 32. This page of the exhibit removes the embedded effects of the cost of capital reduction and change in conversion factor from each individual adjustment to enable a better comparison between the Staff and Company cases.

⁵ Huang, Exhibit No. ___ (JH-2), page 5, column J, row 75. ⁶ Huang, Exhibit No. ___ (JH-2), page 5, column J, row 59.

PacifiCorp is proposing selective revisions to the existing jurisdictional cost
allocation methodology that increase the revenue requirement for Washington
customers by approximately \$800,000. ⁷ While that increase is not necessarily
problematic, the Company has not presented the comprehensive review of cost
allocations necessary to assure the Commission that the Company's proposals do not
over-allocate costs to Washington. This is particularly troublesome because, as I
mentioned earlier, annual report data shows that Washington sales, revenue, and
customers are each only 7 percent of the total Company operations.

Staff rejects the Company's cost allocation proposals and retains the existing jurisdictional cost allocation methodology.⁸ Given the importance of this issue to both the Company and Washington customers, we also recommend a report on allocation factors to be filed before the Company's next full general rate case. This report will facilitate the comprehensive review that PacifiCorp's filing did not permit. Staff witness Kendra A. White addresses these issues in detail in her testimony.

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A.

Are there any other areas of controversy between Staff and the Company? Q.

Yes. Staff applied average of monthly averages balances for rate base and related A. expenses, which is the favored approach of the Commission in accordance with the matching principle of historical test-period ratemaking. The Company's request for end-of-period rate base is not properly supported. This issue is addressed by Staff witness Betty A. Erdahl.

⁷ White, Exhibit No. (KAW-1CT) at 10:7.

⁸ Huang, Exhibit No. ___ (JH-2), page 91.

1 Staff is also recommending adjustments to rate design and cost of service, 2 which are intended to improve the conservation signals in rates and to address the 3 impacts of renewable resources on the Company's cost of service. These issues are addressed by Staff witness Christopher T. Mickelson. 5 IV. STAFF WITNESSES 6 7 8 Q. Please introduce the Staff witnesses testifying in this proceeding and the subject matter of their testimony. 9 10 The following witnesses present testimony and exhibits for Staff: Α. 11 Ms. Kendra A. White recommends that rates be set in this case using the existing 12 West Control Area interstate cost allocation factors, given the Company's failure 13 to present a comprehensive alternative case on that subject matter. She also 14 recommends the Commission order PacifiCorp to submit a report on interstate 15 cost-allocation factors to be used in the Company's next general rate case. Her 16 testimony on cost allocation responds to the presentation of Company witness R. 17 Bryce Dalley. She also accepts the temperature normalization and load 18 forecasting methodologies presented by Company witness Kelcey A. Brown. 19 Mr. David C. Gomez presents recommendations on the treatment of net power 20 costs including an adjustment to disallow allocation of the cost of purchased

power from Qualifying Facilities located in California and Oregon. He also

recommends that the Commission reject the Company's proposal for a Power

Cost Adjustment Mechanism because that proposal does not contain a dead-band

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and sharing bands, contrary to Commission precedent. His testimony on these
 subjects responds to Company witness Gregory N. Duvall.

- Mr. Kenneth L. Elgin recommends a lower overall cost of capital of 7.03 percent, which includes a return on equity of 9.00 percent, and a capital structure containing 46 percent equity and 4 percent short-term debt. He responds to the Company's witnesses on cost of capital: Mr. Samuel C. Hadaway who recommends a 10 percent return on equity and Mr. Bruce N. Williams who recommends a capital structure with 52.51 percent equity and no short-term debt.
- Mr. Chris R. McGuire presents the recommended ratemaking treatment for the Merwin Fish Collector, Swift Fish Collector, Soda Springs Fish Passage, and Prospect In-Stream Flow/Automation hydroelectric project improvements discussed by Company witness Mark R. Tallman, and for a turbine upgrade to the Jim Bridger Unit 2 discussed by Company witness Dana M. Ralston. Based on a proper application of the concept of a pro forma adjustment, he recommends a cut-off date of January 11, 2013, the day the Company filed this case, for allowance of these capital additions and related expenses in rates. Based on that cut-off date, the Jim Bridger upgrade and Merwin Fish Collector are disallowed because these projects were not then in service.
- Ms. Juliana M. Williams presents testimony supporting the prudence of the same hydroelectric project improvements other than the Merwin Fish Collector, in response to Company witness Tallman. She excluded the Merwin Fish Collector from her review based on Staff witness McGuire's recommendation. Ms.

Williams also responds to the Company's implementation of the five year Low

Income Bill Assistance plan presented by Company witness Joelle R. Steward.

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- Ms. Betty A. Erdahl presents testimony concerning the appropriate ratemaking treatment for property taxes. Staff rejects the Company pro forma adjustment, thereby, keeping property tax expense at the accrual level that was booked during the test year. She also addresses Staff's overall recommendation to use average of monthly average balances for allowed pro forma rate base adjustments. Her testimony responds to Company witness McDougal.
- Ms. Joanna Huang presents the Staff electric revenue requirement model in response to Company witness Steven R. McDougal. She also presents an adjustment that removes incentive pay compensation in response to Company witness Erich D. Wilson.
- Mr. David Nightingale presents testimony concluding that it was prudent for the Company to enter the Klamath Hydroelectric Settlement Agreement, based on the evidence presented by Company witness Andrea L. Kelly and other documentation. He also concurs with her proposals to adopt shorter depreciation lives for the Klamath Hydroelectric Project that coincide with decommissioning and removal and to allow a full year of amortization of the relicensing and settlement process costs associated with the Klamath Project.
- Mr. Timothy W. Zawislak accepts revisions to the Investor Supplied Working
 Capital calculation presented by Company witness Douglas K. Stuver regarding
 derivatives and post-retirement benefits.

1		• Mr. Christopher T. Mickelson presents recommendations on the cost of service
2		study, revenue allocation and rate design in response to Company witnesses C.
3		Craig Paice and Joelle R. Steward. His testimony explains three improvements
4		to the Company's cost of service study that should be included in the next
5		general rate case, and recommends improvements to the Company's rate design.
6		Mr. Mickelson also presents recommendations on certain ratemaking adjustments
7		and the net-to-gross conversion factor in response to Company witness
8		McDougal, and the proposed tariff changes to Rule 6 and Schedule 300 in
9		response to Company witness Barbara A. Coughlin.
10		
11		V. EXPEDITED RATE FILING
12		
13	Q.	Staff witness McGuire recommends excluding capital plant additions that were
14		not in service when the Company's case was filed on January 11, 2013. Does
15		this proposal disadvantage the Company?
16	A.	No. In Dockets UE-111048 and UG-111049, PSE's most recent GRC, the
17		Commission responded positively to a Staff recommendation for an Expedited Rate
18		Filing ("ERF"). The Commission noted particularly that there was no specific
19		proposal, so it could not reach a decision. ⁹
20		In response, Staff proposes an expedited rate filing for PacifiCorp that could
21		be particularly useful for the Company because it will capture the Company's capital
22		additions placed into service later in 2013 and will reduce regulatory lag by using

⁹ WUTC v. Puget Sound Energy, Inc., Dockets UE-111048 and UG-111049, Order 08 at ¶507 (May 7, 2012).

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more recent data on power costs, load and other cost changes. As such, the ERF
proposed by Staff is consistent with recommendations of the Governor for the
Commission to consider approaches that will accelerate existing rate-setting
practices and timelines, particularly through updates to test period information on
investment, revenue and expenses with rate of return held constant. ¹⁰

Α.

Q. The Governor's letter urged a rulemaking on expedited rate-setting procedures, while you are recommending a PacifiCorp-specific approach outside a rulemaking. Is your ERF proposal premature?

No. The Commission has routinely experimented with new approaches before incorporating them into administrative rules. It may be quite difficult to get all the details just right in a rule without some practical application. For decoupling, which is one example mentioned by the Governor's letter, the Commission implemented pilot projects, adjusted the pilots, allowed mechanisms to become permanent on a case-by-case basis, held workshops, and then developed a Decoupling Policy Statement. The Energy Independence Act required the Commission to develop administrative rules before the implementation of the Renewable Portfolio Standard ("RPS") four years later. Once the RPS went into effect, Staff discovered that the annual reporting requirement for a single report was not actually consistent with the RPS design, which allows companies to bank renewable energy credits across

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¹⁰ Exhibit No. ___ (DJR-2) at 3 ("Governor's letter").

¹¹ Pilot decoupling mechanisms were authorized in Docket UG-060256 for Cascade Natural Gas Corporation and in Docket UG-060518 for Avista in 2006. Avista's decoupling mechanism was allowed to become permanent in Docket UG-090135. Workshops were held in Docket U-100522 as part of the development of the Commission's Decoupling Policy Statement in 2010.

¹² RCW 19.285 was passed in 2006, and required development of rules within 6 months. The Renewable Portfolio Standard contained in the statute did not become effective until 2010.

multiple years. Given these experiences, Staff strongly believes it is advisable for
the Commission to utilize expedited rate filings before establishing a rule or even in
absence of a rule.

A.

Q. Please describe Staff's proposed ERF for PacifiCorp.

Staff proposes that the Company be allowed to submit an ERF in 2014 within two months of the filing of its standard Commission-basis report ("CBR"). The ERF will be based on an enhanced CBR ("ECBR") using the same fiscal period as the CBR and using the authorized rate of return, revenue allocations, and rate design from this general rate case.

Staff recognizes the CBR is not designed as a ratemaking tool and, therefore, the enhancements we propose are designed to make the CBR useable for developing rates. My Exhibit No. ____ (DJR-3) provides a detailed description of these enhancements. If a properly filed ERF from the Company exceeds a 3 percent increase in revenues, Staff's proposal would not require the Company to comply with the entire set of document filing requirements in WAC 480-07-510 that would otherwise apply to a general rate case.

Once the ERF, its accompanying work papers and the supporting testimony is filed, Staff will review it on an expedited basis with the goal of rates becoming effective within 4 to 6 months. The goal of a 2014 ERF is to bring 2013 capital additions and other cost changes into rates. By holding certain controversial elements constant, such as rate of return, revenue allocations and rate design, Staff should be able to conduct its review on an expedited basis.

Q.	Do you have any final comments on this general rate case?
A.	Yes. As urged by the Governor's January 4, 2013, letter to the Commission, Staff is
	supportive of progressive ideas in ratemaking. Indeed, the ERF we propose for
	PacifiCorp is offered in that light. We look forward to participating in the
	conversation about these kinds of issues.
Q.	Does this conclude your testimony?
	A.

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A. Yes.