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## BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

In the Matter of the

**Docket No. UT-003013** (*Part B*)

CONTINUED COSTING AND PRICING OF UNBUNDLED NETWORK ELEMENTS, TRANSPORT, TERMINATION, AND RESALE

Answer to Staff's Motion for Clarification on permissible use of Testimony Part B

In accordance with the Commission's October 10, 2000 Notice, Qwest Corporation ("Qwest") hereby submits its answer to Staff's Motion for an order clarifying the permissible use of testimony in this proceeding. Staff requests an order stating that the evidence submitted by Qwest and Verizon is not admissible for the purpose of challenging the Commission's earlier "acceptance" of the Hatfield 3.1 model, nor admissible for a redetermination of the cost of the unbundled loop.

First, Qwest would like to be clear that it agrees with Staff that loop costs are not at issue in Part B. Qwest has not introduced or relied on its new cost studies for the purpose of redetermining or relitigating the loop cost estimates and prices established in Docket Nos. UT

QWEST'S ANSWER TO MOTION FOR CLARIFICATION ON PERMISSIBLE USE OF TESTIMONY QWEST'S ANSWER TO MOTION
FOR CLARIFICATION ON PERMISSIBLE

USE OF TESTIMONY

–960369 et al. However, sub-loop costs and prices clearly are at issue. As such, costs must be estimated for the feeder portion of the loop and the distribution portion of the loop. As Staff correctly notes, loop cost investment is relevant to estimating percentages of sub-loop costs that could then be applied to the loop costs determined earlier. (Motion at page 2). That is precisely what Qwest seeks to do in this case. <sup>1</sup>

Thus, Qwest does not object to a clarification by the Commission that no party may seek to redetermine Qwest's loop costs in this proceeding.

Although Qwest does not generally oppose Staff's motion, there are two points raised in that motion that bear comment. First, Staff clearly overstates the relevance and importance of Hatfield 3.1. Hatfield 3.1 was used only to determine the loop costs for wire centers in order to group those wire centers for purposes of deaveraging. Hatfield 3.1 was not "accepted" by the Commission for purposes of costing the loop anymore than RLCAP and BCPM were accepted. Each model provided guidance for the Commission in its cost determinations. Whether the Commission used Hatfield 3.1 for deaveraging is essentially irrelevant for purposes of determining sub-loop costs.

Second, Qwest objects to suggestion in Staff's motion that Qwest has operated with improper motives, and the innuendo in Staff's motion that Qwest is somehow trying to "sneak in" its new cost studies. If Staff had asked Qwest prior to filing its motion, Qwest would have stipulated that its loop cost model was submitted only for purposes of determining sub-loop costs. Qwest has not made a "subtle assault" on the Commission's earlier use of cost models

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Indeed, if that is what Staff seeks to do as well, using Hatfield 3.1, it would appear that Staff should have filed that proposal in direct testimony on August 4, 2000. Qwest will address the issue of whether such a proposal is properly filed as responsive testimony after it has reviewed Staff's October 20 filing.

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