# **Energy & Emissions Intensity Report**

UTC Recessed Open Meeting April 18, 2017 UE-160785



#### Overview

#### **Known Sources**

- Average megawatt hours (aMWh) per residential customer
- Average megawatt hours (aMWh) per commercial customer
- Megawatt hours (MWh) per capita (i.e. total load / population served)
- Annual carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions measured in short tons
- Ratio of Annual CO<sub>2</sub> emissions to CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in 1990

#### **Unknown Sources**

- Annual CO<sub>2</sub> emissions (short tons) from unknown generation sources
- Annual megawatt hours (MWh) delivered to retail customers from unknown generation sources
- Percentage of load served by unknown generation sources

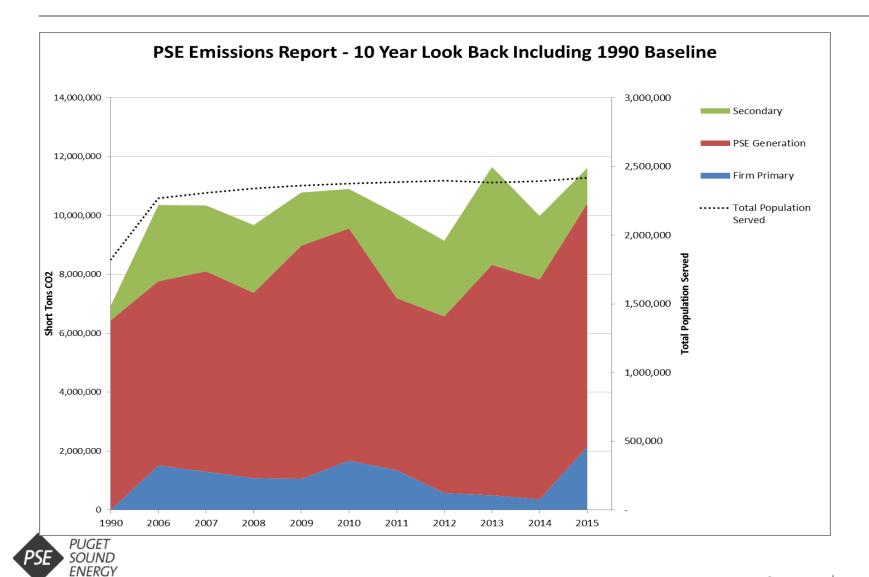
#### **Trend Analysis**

#### **Action Items**

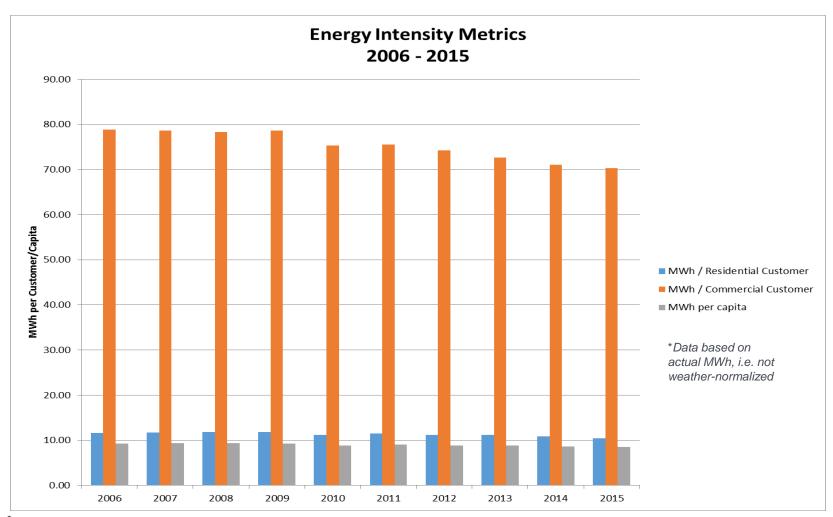
#### **Pathways**



# **Emissions from Energy Supply**

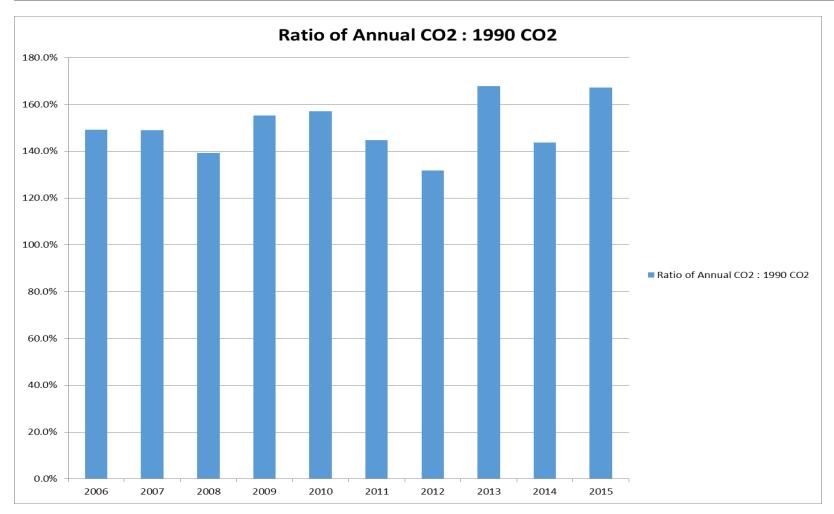


# Energy Intensity—Supply to Customers



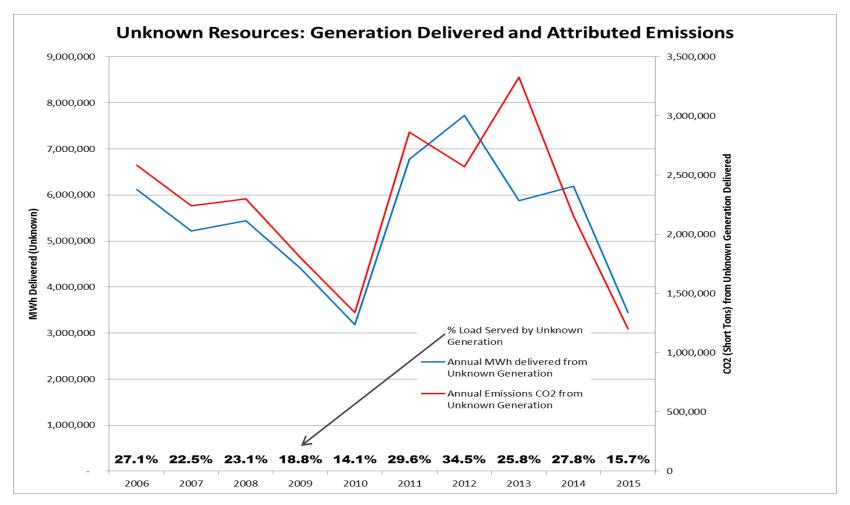


### PSE Emissions Relative to 1990





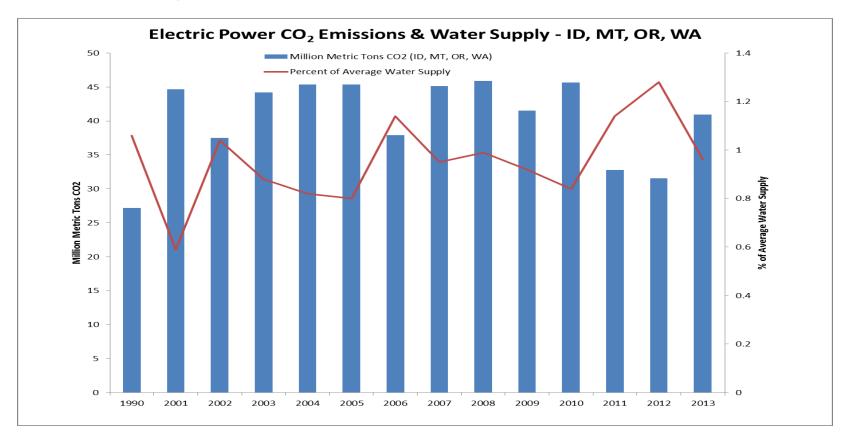
# Unknown Sources Analysis





# Trend Analysis - Northwest

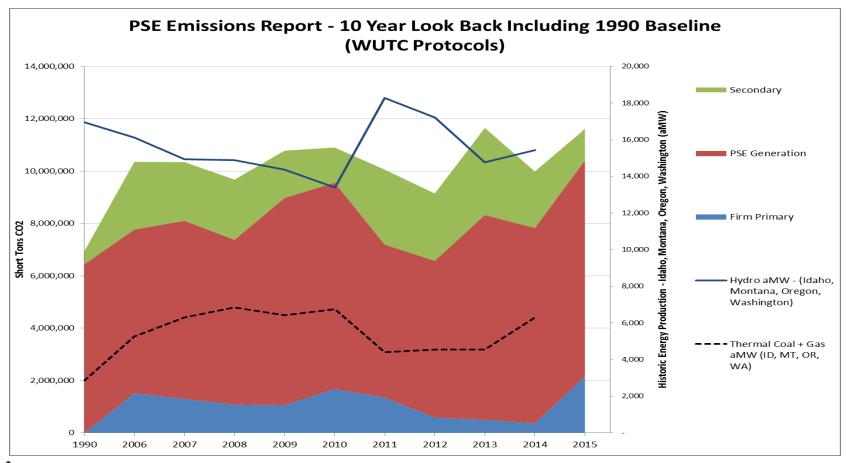
**The takeaway**: In PNW, electric power emissions are inversely correlated to water supply





# Trend Analysis - PSE

The takeaway: PSE's emission track with regional trends





### Action Item Update

- For owned resources, PSE relies on EPA's Subpart C & D methods to report total emissions
- For Firm Power Purchases, PSE developed unique emission rates using annual heat input and net generation reports (EIA-923), and applied these factors to each net firm purchase
  - Example: Transalta purchases in 2015

PSE Firm Emission from Transalta<sub>2015</sub> =

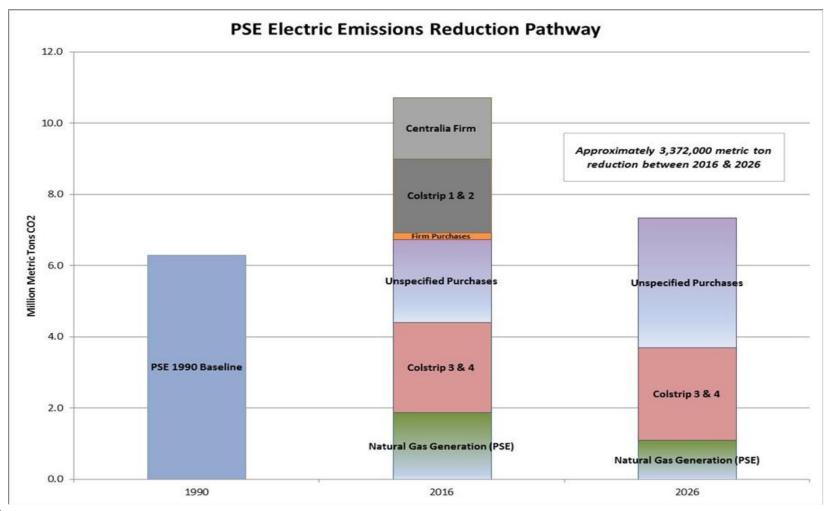
(51,512,949 MMBtu heat input) x (214 lb CO2/MMBtu) = 4,576,835 MWh<sub>netgen</sub>

 $2,411 \text{ lb CO2} / \text{MWh x } (1,568,805 \text{ MWh}_{PSE \text{ purchased}}) =$ 

1,891,255 short ton CO2



### PSE's current pathway is reducing emissions





### Pathways

- Climate change is a matter that needs to be addressed and PSE stands with the State of Washington and others to take meaningful actions to reduce carbon emissions.
- Carbon policy should address the largest geographical footprint politically possible and include all economic sectors.
- Carbon policy should be designed to achieve real carbon reductions, which means the inclusion of complimentary measures and that a material portion of any revenues raised should be reinvested toward targeted carbon reduction programs.
- PSE actions currently underway will reduce the carbon emissions from our electric system by over 30% in the next 10 years.
- PSE is actively engaged in a company-wide strategy to address carbon reduction because there are economical ways to further reduce our own footprint and utilize the electric system to reduce carbon from other sectors.

