Service Date: January 20, 2022

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

NOTICE OF PENALTIES INCURRED AND DUE FOR VIOLATIONS OF LAWS AND RULES

PENALTY ASSESSMENT: TE-220009 PENALTY AMOUNT: \$100

Aladin Coachlines, Inc. 406 N 30th Ave. Yakima, WA 98902

The Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (Commission) believes Aladin Coachlines, Inc., (Aladin or Company) violated Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 480-30-221, Vehicle and Driver Safety Requirements, which adopts Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (49 C.F.R.) Part 396 – Inspection, Repair, and Maintenance.

Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 81.04.405 allows penalties of \$100 for each violation. In the case of an ongoing violation, every day's continuance is considered a separate and distinct violation.

On December 27, 2021, Commission Motor Carrier Investigator Francine Gagne completed a routine safety investigation of Aladin and documented the following violations:

• Three violations of 49 C.F.R. § 396.17(a) – Using a commercial motor vehicle (CMV) not periodically inspected. The Company failed to have an annual inspection performed on three CMVs.

The Commission considered the following factors in determining the appropriate penalties for these violations:

- 1. How serious or harmful the violations are to the public. The violations noted are serious and potentially harmful to the public. Passenger transportation companies that use CMVs that have not been inspected put their customers and the traveling public at risk. These violations present safety concerns.
- 2. Whether the violations were intentional. Considerations include:
 - Whether the Company ignored Commission staff's (Staff) previous technical assistance; and
 - Whether there is clear evidence through documentation or other means that shows the Company knew of and failed to correct the violation.

On March 1, 2004, the Commission received an application for charter and excursion service authority from Steven M. Zien d/b/a Aladin Limousine. In the application, Steven Zien acknowledged the Company's responsibility to understand and comply with 49 C.F.R. Part 396.

On October 28, 2005, the Commission received an application to transfer authority from Steven M. Zien d/b/a Aladin Limousine to Aladin Limousine, Inc., d/b/a Aladin Limousine. In the application, Steven Zien acknowledged the Company's responsibility to understand and comply with 49 C.F.R. Part 396.

On February 12, 2010, the Commission received an application to change the corporate name of Aladin Limousine, Inc., d/b/a Aladin Limousine to Aladin Coachlines, Inc. In the application, Steven Zien, owner of Aladin, acknowledged the Company's responsibility to understand and comply with applicable motor carrier safety regulations.

The Company knew or should have known about these requirements.

- 3. Whether the Company self-reported the violations. Aladin did not self-report these violations.
- 4. Whether the Company was cooperative and responsive. The Company was cooperative throughout the safety investigation and expressed a desire to come into compliance with motor carrier safety regulations.
- 5. Whether the Company promptly corrected the violations and remedied the impacts. The Company had an annual inspection performed on one CMV during the safety investigation. Aladin has not provided Staff with evidence that it corrected the other violations.
- 6. **The number of violations.** Staff identified four violation types with a total of eight individual occurrences during the routine safety investigation of Aladin. Of those violations, Staff identified one violation type with a total of three individual occurrences that warrant penalties in accordance with the Commission's Enforcement Policy.
- 7. **The number of customers affected.** Aladin reported traveling 5,309 miles in 2020. These safety violations presented a public safety risk.
- 8. **The likelihood of recurrence.** Staff provided technical assistance with specific remedies to help the Company assess how well its safety management controls support safe operations and how to begin improving its safety performance. Aladin was cooperative during the safety investigation and expressed a desire to come into compliance with applicable safety regulations. In light of these factors, Staff believes the likelihood of recurrence is low.
- 9. The Company's past performance regarding compliance, violations, and penalties. This is the Company's third routine safety investigation. Aladin has no history of penalties for safety violations with the Commission.
- 10. **The Company's existing compliance program.** Steven Zien is responsible for the Company's safety compliance program.
- 11. **The size of the Company.** Aladin operates three CMVs and employs four part-time drivers. The Company reported \$40,471 in gross revenue for 2020.

The Commission's Enforcement Policy provides that some Commission requirements are so fundamental to safe operations that the Commission will issue mandatory penalties for each occurrence of a first-time violation. The Commission generally will assess penalties by violation category, rather than per occurrence, for first-time violations of those critical regulations that do not meet the requirements for mandatory penalties. The Commission will assess penalties for any equipment violation meeting the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration's "out-of-service" criteria and also for repeat violations of critical regulations, including each occurrence of a repeat violation.

The Commission has considered these factors and determined that it should penalize Aladin \$100, calculated as follows:

• Three violations of 49 C.F.R. § 396.17(a) – Using a CMV not periodically inspected. The Commission assesses a "per category" penalty of \$100 for these critical violations.

This information, if proven at a hearing and not rebutted or explained, is sufficient to support the penalty assessment.

Your penalty is due and payable now. If you believe any or all the violations did not occur, you may deny committing the violation(s) and contest the penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. Alternatively, if there is a reason for any or all the violations that you believe should excuse you from the penalty, you may ask for mitigation (reduction) of the penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. The Commission will grant a request for hearing only if material issues of law or fact require consideration of evidence and resolution in a hearing. Any request to contest the violation(s) or for mitigation of the penalty must include a written statement of the reasons supporting that request. Failure to provide such a statement will result in denial of the request. See RCW 81.04.405.

If you properly present your request for a hearing and the Commission grants that request, the Commission will review the evidence supporting your dispute of the violation(s) or application for mitigation in a Brief Adjudicative Proceeding before an administrative law judge. The administrative law judge will consider the evidence and will notify you of their decision.

You must act within 15 days after receiving this notice to do one of the following:

- Pay the amount due.
- Contest the occurrence of the violation(s).
- Admit the violations but request mitigation of the penalty amount.

Please indicate your selection on the enclosed form and submit it electronically through the Commission's web portal **within FIFTEEN** (15) **days** after you receive this notice. If you are unable to use the web portal, you may submit it via email to records@utc.wa.gov. If you are

¹ Docket A-120061 – Enforcement Policy of the Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission – Section V.

unable to submit the form electronically, you may send a paper copy to the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission, PO Box 47250, Olympia, Washington 98504-7250.

If you do not act within 15 days, the Commission may take additional enforcement action, including but not necessarily limited to suspending or revoking your certificate to provide regulated service, assessing additional penalties, or referring this matter to the Office of the Attorney General for collection.

DATED at Lacey, Washington, and effective January 20, 2022.

/s/Rayne Pearson RAYNE PEARSON Director, Administrative Law Division

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION PENALTY ASSESSMENT TE-220009

PLEASE NOTE: You must complete and sign this document and send it to the Commission within 15 days after you receive the penalty assessment. Use additional paper if needed. I have read and understand RCW 9A.72.020 (printed below), which states that making false statements under oath is a class B felony. I am over the age of 18, am competent to testify to the matters set forth below and I have personal knowledge of those matters. I hereby make, under oath, the following statements.

		ng statements.	i those matters. Thereby make, under
[] 1.	Payment of penalty. I admit that the violations occurred and enclose \$100 in payment of the penalty.		
[] 2.	Contest the violation(s). I believe that the alleged violation(s) did not occur for the reasons I describe below (if you do not include reasons supporting your contest here, your request will be denied):		
		I ask for a hearing to present evidence nistrative law judge for a decision.	e on the information I provide above to
OR	[] b)	I ask for a Commission decision base above.	d solely on the information I provide
[] 3.	Application for mitigation. I admit the violations, but I believe that the penalty should be reduced for the reasons set out below (if you do not include reasons supporting your application here, your request will be denied):		
	[] a)	I ask for a hearing to present evidence an administrative law judge for a dec	e on the information I provide above to ision.
OR	[] b)	I ask for a Commission decision base above.	d solely on the information I provide
	-	enalty of perjury under the laws of the attion I have presented on any attachme	State of Washington that the foregoing, nts, is true and correct.
Dated: _		[month/day/year], at	[city, state]
Name o	f Respond	dent (company) – please print	Signature of Applicant

RCW 9A.72.020:

"Perjury in the first degree. (1) A person is guilty of perjury in the first degree if in any official proceeding he makes a materially false statement which he knows to be false under an oath required or authorized by law. (2) Knowledge of the materiality of the statement is not an element of this crime, and the actor's mistaken belief that his statement was not material is not a defense to a prosecution under this section. (3) Perjury in the first degree is a class B felony."