Meters ordinarily will be read and bills rendered at intervals of approximately one month. Except for initial and final bills, no bill will be prorated when service is used for less than a full month.

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1. BILLING DEMAND:

 All demands used for billing purposes will be determined to the nearest whole kW, kV or kvar. Demands will be determined by permanently installed instruments, by test or motor nameplate. When determined by test or nameplate, the resulting demand will remain in effect until a new determination is made. The following table shall be used when billing demands are determined from motor nameplate data:

 Motor Motor Motor

 Nameplate Billing Nameplate Billing Nameplate Billing

 Horsepower   kW    Horsepower   kW    Horsepower    kW

 2 or less 2 25 21 125 102

 3 3 30 25 150 122

 5 5 40 33 200 162

 7.5 7 50 41 Over 200 0.81/H.P

 10 9 60 49

 15 13 75 62

 20 17 100 82

1. ESTIMATED BILLINGS:

 If any meter shall fail to register correctly or if Company cannot read a meter at the scheduled time, Company may estimate the consumption from the best available information. The Company will not estimate for more than four consecutive months, unless the cause of the estimation is inclement weather, terrain, or a previous arrangement with the customer. Such estimated consumption may be used for estimated billing.

1. PAYMENT OF BILLS:

 All bills are payable at any office pay station or collection center authorized by Company, not later than 15 days after date of issuance. Payment of any delinquent amounts to an authorized pay station shall constitute payment to Company if the customer informs Company of such payment and Company verifies such payment.

1. CORRECTED BILLS:

Corrected bills will be issued when an overbilling or underbilling occurs due to a Meter Failure or Malfunction, Unassigned Energy Usage Meter, or any other situation where energy was not billed or was inaccurately billed. The Company will issue corrected bills within sixty days from the date the Company discovered the overbilling or underbilling, and use the rates and rate schedules in effect when the overbilling or underbilling occurred to calculate the overbilled or underbilled amounts. The provisions of this rule do not apply when a bill is calculated from a meter reading after one or more bills from estimated meter reads.