Exhibit No. (BAC-6T) Docket No. TO-011472 Witness: Brett A. Collins

BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Washington Utilities and)	Γ
Transportation Commission,)
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Complainant,)	
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V.)	
)	
Olympic Pipe Line Company, Inc.)	
)	
Respondent.)	

DOCKET NO. TO-011472

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF BRETT A. COLLINS

OLYMPIC PIPE LINE COMPANY

June 11, 2002

1		Exhibit No (BAC-6T)
2 3		OLYMPIC PIPE LINE COMPANY
4 5		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF BRETT A. COLLINS
6	I.	Summary of Testimony
7	Q.	Please summarize your testimony.
8	A.	This is an update to my Prepared Direct Testimony, Exhibit No(BAC-2),
9		that was submitted in this matter on December 13, 2001. In that prior testimony,
10		I computed cost-of-service for Olympic Pipeline Company ("Olympic" or
11		"OPL") that supported a rate increase of 62%. As a result of my update, I have
12		computed total company cost-of-service for Olympic of \$56.5 million. A 62%
13		rate increase would result in estimated total company revenues of \$57.4 million.
14		Based on my revised calculation of cost-of-service, I recommend that the
15		Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission ("Commission") approve
16		an intrastate rate increase of 59.5%.
17	II.	Introduction
18	Q.	Please state your name, occupation and business address for the record.
19	A.	My name is Brett A. Collins. I am a Principal of Regulatory Economics Group,
20		LLC. My business address is 332 Pine Street, Suite 600, San Francisco,
21		California, 94104.
22	Q.	Have you previously sponsored testimony in this matter?
23	A.	Yes. My professional background is set forth in my direct testimony in Exhibit

1 No. (BAC-1T).

2 **Q.** What is the purpose of your testimony?

A. The purpose of my present testimony is to evaluate the whether Olympic Pipe
Line Company's ("Olympic") rate increase is just and reasonable on a cost-ofservice basis.

6 Q. How is your testimony organized?

7	A.	My total company cost-of-service testimony is organized in four sections. First,
8		I update the cost-of-service calculations from Exhibit No(CAH-3) ("Case
9		2") for corrections to my calculations (Exhibit No. (BAC-7C)) and updated
10		data (Exhibit No_ (BAC-8C)). Second, I respond to certain criticisms made by
11		other witnesses in this proceeding and comment on their testimonies. Third, I
12		compute cost-of-service for a WUTC jurisdictional segment (Exhibit No
13		(BAC-9C)) and fully allocated cost for Olympic's WUTC jurisdictional tariffs
14		(Exhibit No. (BAC – 10C)). Finally, I compute cost of service using a
15		depreciated original cost ("DOC") approach (Exhibit No (BAC -11C)),
16		compute a WUTC jurisdictional segment under DOC (Exhibit No. (BAC -12))
17		and fully allocated cost under DOC (Exhibit No. (BAC -13)).
	_	
18 19	Q.	Do the results contained in Exhibit No (BAC-8C) represent Olympic's cost-of-service case in this proceeding?
20	A.	Yes. However, as I noted in my direct testimony, Exhibit No (BAC-1T), it
21		could be contended that a total-company cost-of-service presentation is
22		inappropriate or even improper in support of intrastate rates regulated by the

23 Commission. Accordingly, although I would not agree with such a contention, I

1		have addressed it by performing a separations analysis in which I have separated
2		interstate from intrastate revenues, investments and costs on the basis of
3		distance-related and nondistance-related allocation factors. For the same reason,
4		and with the same caveat, I have also used such allocation factors to show fully-
5		allocated costs of service for all of Olympic's intrastate rates.
6 7	Q.	Do you believe that the FERC's 154-B cost of service methodology is appropriate for evaluating Olympic's rate increase?
8	A.	Yes. Since 1985, when the current FERC tariff framework went into effect,
9		Olympic has filed three tariff increases supported by a FERC cost of service
10		presentation. Each of these increases were for all of Olympic's rates, both
11		FERC jurisdictional and WUTC jurisdictional. All three of the increases were
12		accepted by the Commission.
13 14 15	Q.	In the event that the WUTC were to decide that a Depreciated Original Cost ("DOC") methodology should be used to evaluate Olympic's rate filing, have you computed results under a DOC approach?
14	Q. A.	("DOC") methodology should be used to evaluate Olympic's rate filing, have
14 15	-	("DOC") methodology should be used to evaluate Olympic's rate filing, have you computed results under a DOC approach?
14 15 16	-	("DOC") methodology should be used to evaluate Olympic's rate filing, have you computed results under a DOC approach?Yes. Although I would not agree that this is the appropriate basis for setting
14 15 16 17	-	("DOC") methodology should be used to evaluate Olympic's rate filing, have you computed results under a DOC approach?Yes. Although I would not agree that this is the appropriate basis for setting Olympics rates, I have computed cost of service for Olympic based on a DOC
14 15 16 17 18	-	("DOC") methodology should be used to evaluate Olympic's rate filing, have you computed results under a DOC approach?Yes. Although I would not agree that this is the appropriate basis for settingOlympics rates, I have computed cost of service for Olympic based on a DOC approach. Additionally, and with the same caveat that I do not think that it is
14 15 16 17 18 19	-	 ("DOC") methodology should be used to evaluate Olympic's rate filing, have you computed results under a DOC approach? Yes. Although I would not agree that this is the appropriate basis for setting Olympics rates, I have computed cost of service for Olympic based on a DOC approach. Additionally, and with the same caveat that I do not think that it is appropriate, I have also performed a separations analysis and fully-allocated cost
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A.	 ("DOC") methodology should be used to evaluate Olympic's rate filing, have you computed results under a DOC approach? Yes. Although I would not agree that this is the appropriate basis for setting Olympics rates, I have computed cost of service for Olympic based on a DOC approach. Additionally, and with the same caveat that I do not think that it is appropriate, I have also performed a separations analysis and fully-allocated cost calculations using a DOC methodology.

2000 through September 2001 for the base period. I then developed a forward looking test period by making adjustments to the base period for items that are
 known and measurable, and that will be effective within nine months of the end of
 the base period.

5 **O.** Why have you updated for the base and test period?

A. Approximately six months have elapsed since my Prepared Direct Testimony was
filed. Accordingly, it is now possible to replace estimates with actual data
through April 2002 and revised estimates going forward. Also, Ms. Hammer has
conducted a careful review of input data and corrected for anomalies in her data. I
believe the use of this test period is appropriate for evaluating the results in my
Prepared Direct Testimony. This is the period that the interveners have relied on
in their testimony in this proceeding.

13 Q What test period was relied on by Staff?

14 A. The Staff has relied on a calendar year 2001 test period.

- 15 **Q.** Is this appropriate?
- 16 A. No, these data were not available at the time of the December 2001 filing and do

17 not provide a meaningful basis for comparison with my cost of service

- 18 calculations. Mr. Ganz, who is filing rebuttal testimony on behalf of Olympic,
- 19 discusses in his testimony why it is inappropriate to move the test period, as the
- 20 Staff proposes. Exhibit No. ___ (GRG-1T)
- 21 Q. What corrections did you make to your calculations?
- A. I made five corrections to my calculations in the following areas: (1) interest

1		expense; (2) amortization of starting rate base; (3) amortization of deferred
2		return; (4) treatment of FAS 96/109 income tax over/under funding ("FAS
3		Adjustment"); and (5) working capital.
4	Q.	Please describe the change you made to the calculation of interest expense.
5	A.	The calculation of interest expense in my Prepared Direct Testimony referred to
6		original cost rate base when it should have referred to net trended original cost
7		rate base. This error was pointed out by Dr. Means in his testimony, and I agree
8		with him. Exhibit No (RCM-1T) at 26-27. Accordingly, I have updated my
9		calculation.
10	Q.	Please describe the change made to the amortization of starting rate base.
11	A.	The amortization of starting rate base relied on the 1983 depreciation expense
12		when it should have referred to the 1984 depreciation expense. This error was
13		pointed out by Dr. Means in his testimony, and I agree with him. Exhibit No
14		(RCM-1T) at 25. Accordingly, I have updated my calculation.
15	Q.	Please describe the change made to the amortization of deferred return.
16	A.	This adjustment relates to the amortization of the deferred return computed for
17		the nine month period ("Nine Month Deferred Return") preceding the base
18		period. The amortization rate used for the base period and test period
19		inadvertently reflected a nine month rate, so I have corrected it to reflect an
20		amortization rate for a 12-month period.
21	Q.	Please describe the change made to the FAS adjustment.
22	A.	I made this adjustment to the income tax allowance calculation. It is for an over

1		funding of income taxes. The over funding is due to reductions in income tax
2		rates. The amortization of these over funded amounts should be deducted in the
3		calculation of the income tax allowance. These amounts were not deducted in
4		my prior calculations. As such, I have updated my calculations to deduct these
5		over funded amounts.
6	Q.	Please describe the changes related to working capital.
7	A.	The working capital data for the year 1983 were inadvertently excluded from the
8		rate base. I have corrected these references so that 1983 working capital data are
9		reflected in rate base.
10	Q.	Does that complete the updates that you have made to your calculations?
11	A.	Yes.
12 13	Q.	Please describe the cost of service results reflecting the updates to your calculations.
14	A.	As a result of the updates to the calculation of cost of service, the rate increase
15		supported by cost-of-service changes from 65.4% to 63.0%. These calculations
16		are contained in Exhibit No. (BAC-7C).
17	Q.	For which data have you updated your calculations?
18	A.	Several of the data that were provided by Ms. Hammer have changed. Exhibit
19		No. (CAH-5T). Additionally, data provided by Dr. Schink also have changed.
20		Exhibit No (GRS-4T)

21 Q. Which data from Ms. Hammer have been updated?

1 A. The data for carrier property in service, construction-work-in-progress 2 ("CWIP"), working capital, operating expenses, volumes, and revenues have been 3 updated as described by Ms. Hammer in her rebuttal testimony, submitted as 4

Exhibit No. (CAH-5T). A summary of these data is shown in Table 1 below.

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Description (\$000)	Case 2	Update	Difference
Carrier Property In Service - Base Period	\$121,401	\$111,265	(\$10,136)
Carrier Property In Service - Test Period	\$134,082	\$116,751	(\$17,331)
CWIP Balance - Test Period	\$17,754	\$31,790	\$14,037
Working Capital 13 Month Avg. Balance - Test Period	\$1,807	\$1,996	\$189
Operating Expenses Excluding Depreciation - Test Period	\$36,256	\$33,446	(\$2,809)
Volumes (Million Bbls) - Test Period	105.9	103.2	(2.7)
Revenues - Test Period	\$36,876	\$35,457	(\$1,420)

6 **O**. Did you ask Ms. Hammer to make any adjustments to her data?

7 A. Yes. I asked her to take a multi-year average of Oil Losses and Shortages for the 8 Olympic.

Why did you ask Ms. Hammer to make this adjustment to Oil Losses and 9 **O**. 10 Shortages?

- 11 A. Recently, Olympic's losses have varied substantially--from amounts as high as 12 \$2.5 million to as low as a credit of \$0.6 million. Accordingly, I have suggested 13 that she use a multi-year average for this category of cost. This is consistent 14 with a recommendation made by Staff witness Colbo. Exhibit No. ____ (RGC-5T)
- Did these updated data from Ms. Hammer cause any other data to change? 15 **Q**.

A. Yes. The test period depreciation expense is estimated based on the balance of
 test period depreciable property in service. Since the test period balance of
 depreciable property has been revised, the test period depreciation expense has
 been revised from \$2.9 million to \$2.8 million.

5

Q. Have you made any other adjustments to the data provided by Ms. Hammer?

- A. Yes, I have taken the tariff litigation costs contained in the operating expenses
 and made two adjustments to them--litigation costs have been updated from \$0.4
 million to \$2.6 million, which was then normalized over a five year period. As a
 result, an estimated \$0.5 million was included in the test period to reflect
 litigation costs.
- 11 Q. Which data from Dr. Schink have been updated?

A. The capital structure and rate of return are based on the recommendations of Dr. Schink whose rebuttal testimony is being submitted in this matter as Exhibit No.__(GRS-4T). The capital structure and rates of return for the test period are as follows:

16	Equity Portion of Capital Structure	86.85%
17	Debt Portion of Capital Structure	13.15%
18	Cost of Debt	5.26%
19	Real Equity Rate of Return	14.15%
20	Inflation Rate	1.52%
21	Nominal Equity Rate of Return	15.67%

1 2	Q.	Please describe the results of your calculations when updating for revised data.
3	A.	As a result of updating data, in addition to the updates to the calculations, the rate
4		increase supported by cost-of-service changes from 63.0% to 59.5%. These
5		calculations are contained in Exhibit No. (BAC-8C).
6	Q.	Is this the correct basis for evaluating Olympic's rate increase?
7	A.	Yes.
8	IV.	Response to protestants and commission staff
9 10	Q	Have you reviewed the comments made by the Protestants regarding your calculations?
11	A.	Yes. Mr. Brown, on behalf of Tesoro Refining and Marketing, made a number of
12		recommendations relating to test period data and application of FERC Opinion
13		154-B methodology. Exhibit No (JFB-1T)
14	Q.	What is you response to his recommendations on test period data?
15	A.	Mr. Brown disallowed substantial portions of operating expense, largely through
16		his criticism of budgets as inappropriate to support test period adjustments.
17		However, as noted by Mr. Leon Smith, who also is submitting Prepared Rebuttal
18		Testimony on behalf of Olympic, the use of management estimates conforms to
19		the test period standard. Exhibit No (LPS-1T). Ms. Hammer has revised
20		several data to reflect the results of operations through April 2002. I have also
21		normalized certain expenses relating to litigation. Further, Mr. Brown's
22		allegations concerning the unusual nature of certain are not accurate, as
23		confirmed by Mr. Talley. Accordingly, I have not made the arbitrary reductions

1 in operating expenses proposed by Mr. Brown. 2 What is your response to Mr. Brown's recommendations concerning 0 3 application of the 154-B methodology? 4 A. Mr. Smith explains that Mr. Brown is mistaken in his assertion that Olympic is 5 not entitled to the starting rate base adjustment and the deferred return 6 adjustment. Accordingly, I have not changed my FERC Opinion 154-B 7 calculations in the manner suggested by Mr. Brown. As noted elsewhere, I did 8 correct for minor mathematical and methodological errors that I discovered 9 during preparation of my revised calculations. 10 Have you reviewed the Intervenors' cost of service calculations? **O**. 11 Α Yes, I have reviewed calculations by Mr.Grasso, on behalf of Tesoro Refining 12 and Marketing, and Dr. Means, on behalf of Tosco Corporation. What was the result of your review of Mr. Grasso's calculations? 13 **O**. 14 A. Mr. Grasso made errors in his calculations of AFUDC, application of remaining life amortization, and treatment of deferred return. 15 16 **O**. What errors did Mr. Grasso make in his calculation of AFUDC? 17 A. In computing the AFUDC to be transferred into rate base, Mr. Grasso relied on 18 an in-service-ratio of 0.5, which has the effect of transferring one-half of the 19 balance of each year's AFUDC into rate base. The regulatory convention that is 20 typically applied to a pipeline such as Olympic would be to use an in-service-21 ratio of 1.0, so that the amount of AFUDC computed for a each year is 22 transferred into the subsequent year's rate base. As an explanation for his

1		approach, Mr. Grasso cited the materials Olympic submitted in support of its
2		proposed FERC rate increase filed on July 30, 2001. Exhibit No (GG-1T)
3		at 14-15. It is true that Olympic had used an "in service ratio" of 0.5. However,
4		this was done because the CWIP used for the July filing contained balances
5		associated with the Cross Cascade Project ("Cross Cascades"). At that time,
6		Olympic did not have historical CWIP associated with Cross Cascades, only the
7		current balance of CWIP associated with it. Since the current balance of CWIP
8		associated with Cross Cascade was roughly one half of the total CWIP, Olympic
9		used an in-service-ratio of 0.5 instead a ratio of 1.0, as a pro forma adjustment to
10		remove AFUDC associated with Cross Cascades from rate base. Subsequent to
11		the July Filing, Olympic obtained historical CWIP associated with Cross
12		Cascade. As explained in Exhibit No. (BAC-2), the CWIP associated with
13		Cross Cascade was removed from the CWIP used to compute AFUDC.
14		Consequently, I used an in-service-ratio of 1.0 in my AFUDC calculations
14		
14		described in Exhibit No (BAC-2).
	Q.	
15	Q. A.	described in Exhibit No (BAC-2).
15 16	-	described in Exhibit No (BAC-2). What other errors did Mr. Grasso make in his calculation of AFUDC?
15 16 17	-	<pre>described in Exhibit No (BAC-2). What other errors did Mr. Grasso make in his calculation of AFUDC? He made two other errors. First, he excluded test period AFUDC additions from</pre>
15 16 17 18	-	described in Exhibit No (BAC-2). What other errors did Mr. Grasso make in his calculation of AFUDC? He made two other errors. First, he excluded test period AFUDC additions from the amortization of AFUDC. Second, he excluded test period AFUDC additions
15 16 17 18 19 20	A.	 described in Exhibit No (BAC-2). What other errors did Mr. Grasso make in his calculation of AFUDC? He made two other errors. First, he excluded test period AFUDC additions from the amortization of AFUDC. Second, he excluded test period AFUDC additions from the rate base. Exhibit No (GG-1T). What errors did Mr. Grasso make in his application of remaining life
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	А. Q.	<pre>described in Exhibit No(BAC-2). What other errors did Mr. Grasso make in his calculation of AFUDC? He made two other errors. First, he excluded test period AFUDC additions from the amortization of AFUDC. Second, he excluded test period AFUDC additions from the rate base. Exhibit No (GG-1T). What errors did Mr. Grasso make in his application of remaining life amortization?</pre>
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	А. Q.	<pre>described in Exhibit No(BAC-2). What other errors did Mr. Grasso make in his calculation of AFUDC? He made two other errors. First, he excluded test period AFUDC additions from the amortization of AFUDC. Second, he excluded test period AFUDC additions from the rate base. Exhibit No(GG-1T). What errors did Mr. Grasso make in his application of remaining life amortization? Mr. Grasso amortized both deferred return and AFUDC based on remaining life.</pre>

1		which is based upon useful life, not remaining life. The amortization of AFUDC					
2		also should rely on useful life to be consistent with depreciation of carrier					
3		property because AFUDC is considered a cost of construction based on					
4		commonly accepted regulatory standards.					
5	Q.	What errors did Mr. Grasso make in his treatment of deferred return?					
6	A.	Mr. Grasso removed a portion of the deferred return from his calculation based					
7		upon the recommendation of Mr. Brown. I do not believe that this is a correct					
8		application of the FERC Opinion No. 154-B methodology, as addressed in the					
9		testimony of Mr. Smith. Exhibit No (LPS-1T).					
10	Q.	What were the results your review of Dr. Means calculations?					
11	A.	As I note above, Dr. Means recommended that I consider revisions to two					
12		elements of cost of service: (i) amortization of starting rate base and (ii) interest					
13		expense. I concur with Dr. Means on these matters and have made the					
14		adjustments suggested, which are described elsewhere in my testimony.					
15 16	Q.	What were the results of your review of the calculations presented by the WUTC Staff in this proceeding?					
17	A.	I found mistakes in the calculations of Staff witnesses, Twitchell and Colbo.					
18	Q.	What errors did you note in Mr. Twitchell's testimony?					
19	A.	He made errors in his rate base calculations and his observations regarding					
20		Olympic's AFUDC calculations. Exhibit No. (GRG-1T).					
21	Q.	What errors did you note in Mr. Twitchell's rate base calculations?					

1	A.	He used end of year ADIT balance while using average balances for the remaining
2		items used to compute rate base. This is an inconsistent treatment of data which
3		Mr. Ganz discusses in his testimony.
4	Q.	What comments do you have on Mr. Colbo's testimony?
5	A.	I disagree with certain statements he makes regarding Olympic's property
6		balances and his treatment of the Bayview facilities.
7 8	Q.	What issue do you have with Mr. Colbo's statements regarding Olympic's property balances?
9	A.	In Mr. Colbo's testimony, he implies that Olympic is not excluding "Non-
10		Operating Plant" from its calculations. Exhibit No (RGC-4T) at 19, lines 4-
11		9. The property data used to compute rate base in Exhibit No(CAH-4) that
12		he references does tie to FERC Form 6 balances and does not include "Non-
13		Operating Plant". See Exhibit No. (CAH-4) at 14, line 1.
14	Q.	What errors did Mr. Colbo make regarding Bayview facilities?
15	A.	In removing the Bayview facilities from rate base Mr. Colbo fails to make an
16		adjustment to ADIT balance. I believe this is an inappropriate adjustment. Mr.
17		Ganz will elaborate on this issue in his testimony. Exhibit No(GRG-1T).
18 19	V.	Calculation of WUTC Jurisdictional Cost-of-service and Fully Allocated Cost
20 21 22	Q.	What approach have you used to compute cost-of-service for a WUTC jurisdictional segment ("WUTC Segmentation") and fully allocated cost for the WUTC jurisdictional rates ("FAC")?
23	A.	As I stated in my direct testimony, I have relied on the approach that Staff has

1 used in other cases to compute the Commission Segmentation and FAC. The 2 Staff approach assumes that the general and administrative component of 3 operating expenses (excluding depreciation) are non-distance related costs and 4 that the balance of cost-of-service is distance-related. The non-distance related 5 costs are divided by total barrels to develop a per barrel cost component. 6 Distance-related costs are divided by total barrel-miles to develop a per barrel-7 mile cost component. The fully allocated costs for individual movements 8 (origin/destination pairs) are computed by multiplying the mileage 9 corresponding to that movement times the per barrel-mile cost component and 10 adding the result to the per barrel cost component. The intra-state shipments are 11 charged two separate tariffs--one from a refinery to Bayview and one from 12 Bayview to a delivery point. Consequently, the per barrel cost component for the 13 intra-state deliveries has been split into two equal parts--one part is included in 14 the FAC calculation with a refinery origin and the other added to the FAC 15 calculation with a Bayview origin.

16 Q. What are the results for the WUTC Segmentation analysis?

A. This results in \$24.1 million in cost-of-service versus \$23.5 million in revenues
under Olympic's proposed rates. This corresponds to supporting a 66.4%
increase. The calculations used to develop these results are contained in Exhibit
No._ (BAC-9C).

21 Q. What are the results for the FAC analysis?

A. A comparison of the proposed rates versus FAC is contained in the Table 2. The
calculations of FAC are contained in Exhibit No. (BAC-10).

Table 2: Summary of Proposed Rates vs. FAC based on Op. 154-B

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н
ReceiptName	DeliveryName	Mileage	\$ / Bbl-Mile	\$ / Bbl	FAC (\$/Bbl)	Proposed Tariff (\$/Bbl)	Delta (\$/Bbl)
		Company Records	(C) * Schedule 1, Ln 12	Schedule 1, Ln 14 / 2.0	(D) + (E)	Schedule 22.3	(F) - (G)
WUTC Segment							
Anacortes	Bayview	8.46	\$0.0204	\$0.0641	\$0.0845	\$0.1247	(\$0.0402)
Cherry Point	Bayview	44.50	\$0.1072	\$0.0641	\$0.1713	\$0.2057	(\$0.0344)
Ferndale	Bayview	39.42	\$0.0949	\$0.0641	\$0.1591	\$0.1912	(\$0.0321)
Bayview	Renton	73.56	\$0.1771	\$0.0641	\$0.2413	\$0.1831	\$0.0582
Bayview	Sea-Tac	79.06	\$0.1904	\$0.0641	\$0.2545	\$0.2171	\$0.0374
Bayview	Seattle	85.83	\$0.2067	\$0.0641	\$0.2708	\$0.2090	\$0.0618
Bayview	Spanaway	119.67	\$0.2882	\$0.0641	\$0.3523	\$0.2592	\$0.0931
Bayview	Tacoma	97.25	\$0.2342	\$0.0641	\$0.2983	\$0.2495	\$0.0488
Bayview	Olympia	140.66	\$0.3387	\$0.0641	\$0.4028	\$0.3580	\$0.0448
Bayview	Vancouver	218.96	\$0.5273	\$0.0641	\$0.5914	\$0.5864	\$0.0050

2 VI. Depreciated Original Cost Alternative Case

3 Q. How did you compute your DOC cost of service?

10	Q.	What are the results of your cost of service computation based on a DOC rate
9		6.
8		return. For a further discussion of DOC, refer to Exhibit No (BAC-2) at 3-
7		calculations. Finally, I changed the equity return from a real return to a nominal
6		calculations. Second, I excluded the starting rate base balances from my
5		three exceptions. First, I excluded the deferred return amounts from the
4	A.	The computations are consistent with my FERC Opinion 154-B calculations with

11 **base?**

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- 12 A. Use of a DOC rate base results in \$50.0 million in cost-of-service and would
- 13 support a 41.1% rate increase. The calculations used to develop these results are
- 14 contained in Exhibit No. (BAC-11C).
- 15 Q. What are the results of WUTC Segmentation analysis based on DOC?
- 16 A. This results in \$21.6 million in cost-of-service versus \$23.5 million in revenues

1	under Olympic's proposed rates. This corresponds to supporting a 49.2%
2	increase. The calculations used to develop these results are contained in Exhibit
3	No (BAC-12C).

4 Q. What are the results for the FAC analysis based on DOC?

- A. A comparison of the proposed rates versus FAC are contained in the Table 3, the
 calculations of FAC are contained in Exhibit No. (BAC-13C).
- 7

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Table 3: Summary of Proposed Rates vs. FAC based on DOC

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
ReceiptName	DeliveryName	Mileage	\$ / Bbl-Mile	\$ / Bbl	FAC (\$/Bbl)	Proposed Tariff (\$/Bbl)	Delta (\$/Bbl)
		Company Records	(C) * Schedule 1, Ln 12	Schedule 1, Ln 14 / 2.0	(D) + (E)	Schedule 22.3	(F) - (G)
WUTC Segment							
Anacortes	Bayview	8.46	\$0.0173	\$0.0641	\$0.0814	\$0.1247	(\$0.0433)
Cherry Point	Bayview	44.50	\$0.0910	\$0.0641	\$0.1552	\$0.2057	(\$0.0505)
Ferndale	Bayview	39.42	\$0.0806	\$0.0641	\$0.1448	\$0.1912	(\$0.0464)
Bayview	Renton	73.56	\$0.1505	\$0.0641	\$0.2146	\$0.1831	\$0.0315
Bayview	Sea-Tac	79.06	\$0.1617	\$0.0641	\$0.2259	\$0.2171	\$0.0088
Bayview	Seattle	85.83	\$0.1756	\$0.0641	\$0.2397	\$0.2090	\$0.0307
Bayview	Spanaway	119.67	\$0.2448	\$0.0641	\$0.3089	\$0.2592	\$0.0497
Bayview	Tacoma	97.25	\$0.1990	\$0.0641	\$0.2631	\$0.2495	\$0.0136
Bayview	Olympia	140.66	\$0.2878	\$0.0641	\$0.3519	\$0.3580	(\$0.0061)
Bayview	Vancouver	218.96	\$0.4480	\$0.0641	\$0.5121	\$0.5864	(\$0.0743)

9 Q Does this conclude your testimony?

- 10 A. Yes
- 11
- 12 BA021500037