BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

McLEODUSA TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES, INC.,

Petitioner,

v.

QWEST CORPORATION,

Respondent

Docket No. UT-063013

QWEST'S ANSWER TO McLEODUSA'S MOTION TO COMPEL QWEST TO RESPOND TO DATA REQUESTS

I. INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to WAC 480-07-425, Qwest Corporation ("Qwest") hereby answers the Motion to Compel filed by McLeodUSA Telecommunications Services, Inc. ("McLeod") on April 18, 2006. McLeod moves the Commission to compel Qwest to respond to two data requests, one seeking cost studies underlying the collocation rates at issue in this docket, and the other seeking Qwest to provide information with regard to the power capacity in Qwest central offices in Washington.

Qwest

1600 7th Ave., Suite 3206 Seattle, WA 98191 Telephone: (206) 398-2500 Facsimile: (206) 343-4040 2 Owest should not be required to respond to either of those data requests as the information

sought in those requests is not relevant to this proceeding and is not reasonably calculated to

lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Indeed, it is significantly outside the scope of

this proceeding, so that even with a broad and liberal interpretation of the rights of discovery,

the requests should be denied.

II. **ARGUMENT**

This case is first and foremost about the proper interpretation of the DC Power Measuring 3

Amendment that the parties entered into in August of 2004. There is no reasonable dispute in

this case that, prior to the execution of that amendment, the parties' interconnection agreement

provided that Qwest would assess all DC power plant charges on an "as ordered" basis. The

only issue raised in this petition for enforcement is whether the power measuring amendment

is limited to the power usage charge, as is Qwest's position, or if it extends more broadly to

encompass rates such as power plant (even though those rates are not mentioned in the

amendment), as is McLeod's position.

A. Data Request No. 3

QWEST'S ANSWER TO McLEODUSA'S MOTION TO

COMPEL OWEST TO RESPOND TO DATA REQUESTS

Data Request No. 3 asks Qwest to produce copies of its collocation cost study. Qwest objected 4

to that data request on the basis that the information sought was not relevant to the issues

raised in this proceeding. Owest continues to believe that the cost studies are not relevant and

does not believe that Qwest itself injected the cost issue into this case. As discussed above,

this case is about the proper interpretation of the DC Power Measuring Amendment. Qwest

believes that in order to address the issue of the scope and interpretation of the amendment, the

Commission should look first at the language of the amendment, and may take into account

objective manifestations of the parties' intent that were made contemporaneously or prior to

Qwest

1600 7th Ave., Suite 3206

the signing of the amendment.

5 As such, when testimony is filed, Qwest will present evidence with regard to its intent in

entering into the amendment and will present evidence showing that information was available

to the CLEC community, including McLeod, at the time McLeod signed the amendment, that

made it clear that the power measuring amendment applied, in accordance with its terms, only

to the power *usage* rate element and not the power plant rate element.

6 Plainly, a case of this nature presenting a limited issue such as the one described above, does

not lend itself to a full blown exploration of Qwest's costs or an examination of Qwest's cost

studies, as McLeod seems to intend with Data Request No. 3. As McLeod is well aware, the

Commission in Washington has engaged in extensive cost dockets and has ordered rates for

many rate elements, including the collocation rates at issue in this case. These particular rates

were the subject of Part A of Docket No. UT-003013.

7 McLeod's attempt to get at cost evidence in this proceeding and make such cost evidence an

issue is plainly an attempt to launch a collateral attack on the Power Plant rate element, a rate

element that was established by Commission order and which is not modified by the Power

Measuring Amendment. Indeed, regardless of how the Power Plant rate element was

developed, the only relevant information for this proceeding is that the Power Plant rate

element was ordered by the Washington Commission to be charged on an "as ordered" basis as

opposed to an "as consumed" basis.

QWEST'S ANSWER TO McLEODUSA'S MOTION TO

COMPEL OWEST TO RESPOND TO DATA REQUESTS

As such, Qwest's cost study is immaterial and irrelevant in a dispute regarding a petition for

enforcement of an interconnection agreement. Furthermore, this enforcement proceeding is

not the appropriate venue in which to launch a collateral attack on rates. If McLeod wishes to

investigate costs or investigate costs or change rates for particular rate elements, McLeod must

Qwest

file a complaint against those rates and petition the Commission to open a cost docket to investigate those rates.

9 Indeed, in two recent Commission decisions, Pac West v. Qwest and Level 3 v. Qwest, the

Commission expressly declined to address counterclaims raised by Qwest because the

Commission stated that those counterclaims were outside the scope of an enforcement

proceeding. The issues raised by McLeod in this case are much the same. McLeod, by

seeking cost study information, is in fact attempting to broaden the scope of this debate beyond

the mere enforcement of the interconnection agreement amendment into a rate investigation.

Such an action is not appropriate in a petition for enforcement.

McLeod goes on to claim that Qwest injected the cost issue into this proceeding by virtue of its 10

statement at paragraph 9 of its answer wherein Qwest states "the underlying purpose of the

charge was to recover the fixed cost of the equipment in order to provide the amount of DC

Power capacity requested by McLeod in its collocation application to Qwest. It would not

have been appropriate to prorate the recovery of these fixed costs based on actual usage

because they do not vary with usage." Qwest disagrees with McLeod that this information in

Qwest's answer makes the cost study relevant.

McLeod takes Qwest's quote out of context. In the quote that McLeod uses from paragraph 9

of Qwest's Answer, a full reading of that quote directs the reader back to paragraph 8, and

paragraph 8 in Owest's Answer merely describes the contested cost docket proceedings that

resulted in the DC power rates. McLeod should not be permitted to take these two sentences

by Qwest, which were offered purely for contextual purposes and greater clarity, and suggest

that an explanation of Qwest's rate structure somehow puts those rates at issue in this

PacWest v. Qwest, Docket No. UT-053036, Order No. 05, ¶¶42-43; Level 3 v. Qwest, Docket No. UT-053039, Order No. 05, ¶¶39-40, 4̃3.

QWEST'S ANSWER TO McLEODUSA'S MOTION TO

proceeding. Qwest's mention of the cost docket, and the issues that were discussed and

decided in that cost docket, in no way injects those issues into this proceeding.

Furthermore, as noted above, the cost study was evaluated in the cost docket and the

Commission ordered rates that resulted from that cost docket, including the method of

charging for those rates, is well established and not subject to dispute. If it has been McLeod's

contention since the cost docket that the power plant rate element should be charged on a

measured usage basis, McLeod could have participated in that docket and made that claim.

However, McLeod did not and may not do so at this juncture in a petition for enforcement.

For all of those reasons, Qwest respectfully suggests to the Commission that the demand for

cost information in this docket is outside the scope of this proceeding and not reasonably

calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence or evidence that is relevant to the

limited issues presented to the Commission in this case.

Without waiver of this objection, Qwest states that, as noted above, its cost studies are part of

the record in Docket No. UT-003013. Those cost studies were filed along with the testimony

of Mr. Jerry Thompson in Part A of that docket. Those cost studies were not designated as

confidential and are equally available to McLeod as they are to Qwest. McLeod should not be

permitted to require Qwest to do its research. If McLeod wishes to evaluate the cost study

information and present evidence or testimony on those issues in the hearing, Qwest believes

that it has every ability to do so at this point (subject to a motion to strike by Qwest) without

any requirement on Qwest that it produce any additional information to McLeod.

B. <u>Data Request No. 8</u>

QWEST'S ANSWER TO McLEODUSA'S MOTION TO

COMPEL OWEST TO RESPOND TO DATA REQUESTS

McLeod claims that Data Request No. 8, which seeks data on Qwest's DC Power Plant

capacity, is also relevant to the issues in this proceeding. McLeod claims that Qwest has

"taken the position that it often must invest in additional power plant capacity based upon the

Qwest

12

size of a McLeodUSA order because fulfilling the power capacity consistent with that order

would somehow exhaust Qwest's existing plant and would require additional investment."

Motion to Compel at p. 3. Qwest would like to clarify two things with regard to this

allegation.

15 First, Qwest is unaware that it has taken the position that McLeod describes in this proceeding.

McLeod does not cite to any portion of Qwest's Answer or otherwise support this allegation.

Second, whether or not Qwest must invest in additional power plant capacity based on the size

of the McLeod order is largely irrelevant to the issues in this proceeding. This case is about

the interpretation of the Power Measuring Amendment. Whether Owest must actually invest

in the real world in power plant equipment to fulfill McLeod's orders is not germane to the

lawful charges that Qwest is permitted to assess under the parties' interconnection agreement

and that were established by the Commission in a cost docket.

As the Commission is aware from the many prior cost dockets in this state, costs and prices for

collocation and network elements are established under a total element long run incremental

cost ("TELRIC") methodology. That methodology is not based on Qwest's embedded costs in

the network or its actual experience in regard to a particular McLeod collocation order. In

other words, it is not an "actual cost" standard. Thus, whether Qwest invests or augments

relative to a particular McLeod order does not have any bearing on the rate elements that are

affected by the Power Measuring Amendment.

An example may show why McLeod's contentions of relevance should be rejected. For

example, Qwest does not necessarily build a new loop or new transport capacity when an order

for loops or transport is placed by McLeod or any other CLEC. Yet, it is appropriate that

McLeod pay Qwest the TELRIC rates for loops and transport because, once McLeod orders

those loops and transport, they are available for McLeod's use. This is true whether McLeod

Qwest

16

uses the loop immediately or not.

The same could be said with regard to DC power. Once McLeod places an order for DC 18

power, the DC power is available for McLeod's use and McLeod should be required to pay for

it. In this case, McLeod should be required to pay for it at the Commission-ordered rates for

power plant capacity which is not a variable rate based on usage, but rather is a rate based on

the "as ordered" amount.

19

Thus, it can be seen that as interesting as it might be to explore the issues around Qwest's real

world experience in augmenting its power plant, that information is no more relevant to the

resolution of this particular dispute than the question of whether in fact Qwest has to build a

loop to fulfill a particular order or is merely able to provision it out of its existing loop

inventory. Either way, the CLEC should pay for the facilities ordered. Thus, the information

requested in Data Request No. 8 is not relevant and will not lead to admissible evidence.²

III. **CONCLUSION**

In arguing against McLeod's Motion to Compel, Qwest is mindful that the discovery rules and 20

the discovery processes at the Commission are broad. Owest is also aware that the

Commission, in general, encourages disclosure of information through the discovery process

and defers a determination as to relevancy at the hearing after material has been disclosed.

However, there are some requests, such as the ones made by McLeod in this case, that simply

are too far afield or would serve to expand the proceeding so significantly, that Qwest simply

must stand on its objections at this juncture.

21 While encouraging broad discovery, the Commission should not allow discovery so far

Owest also notes that in footnote 1 of the Motion, McLeod states that Owest has interposed a confidentiality objection as well, but that is incorrect – Qwest's objections to these data requests are not based on any claim of

confidentiality.

Qwest

QWEST'S ANSWER TO McLEODUSA'S MOTION TO

ranging as to go beyond the scope of legitimate issues raised in this proceeding. In this case, the issues raised focus on the interpretation of the Power Measuring Amendment. The focus should therefore be on the language of that amendment and the parties' objective manifestations with regard to the intent of that amendment. In no way does the data requested by McLeod illuminate either of those questions. For those reasons, the Commission should deny the Motion to Compel.

DATED this 25th day of April, 2006.

QWEST

Lisa A. Anderl, WSBA #13236 Adam L. Sherr, WSBA #25291 1600 7th Avenue, Room 3206 Seattle, WA 98191

Phone: (206) 398-2500