the blue rooms, I could claim that the whole interior of the house was green, but I would not be correct. Nor is Dr. Selwyn correct to ignore 40 years of history of a 120-year history.

## Dr. Selwyn's assertion that risks were "captured" in 1923 is nonsensical.


#### Abstract

Q. DR. SELWYN ARGUES: "WHATEVER RISKS WERE ATTENDANT TO THE DIRECTORY PUBLISHING BUSINESS (OR, FOR THAT MATTER, THE LOCAL TELEPHONE BUSINESS OVERALL) BEFORE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE ILEC'S REGULATORY RATE BASE WERE CAPTURED WHEN IT CAME UNDER REGULATION. ${ }^{54}$ DO YOU AGREE? A. No. Forty years of history were not erased when the Company went under effect cost-of-service regulation in 1923. The establishment of a cost-of-service ratebase in 1923 did not capture the prior forty years of risk and burden. Nothing in the record from the 1923 rate case or the rate case that preceded it or the rate case that followed it suggests that the Commission obligated ratepayers to compensate the Company's owners for any of the risks of capital losses or burdens of inadequate earnings they had already borne.


## Q. DOES DR. SELWYN EVER EXPLAIN HOW COST-OF-SERVICE REGULATION COMMENCING IN 1923 ELIMINATES THE PRIOR 40 YEARS OF RISK AND BURDEN?

A. No, he does not. Instead he offers only that: "From that point on, the entirety of the utility's investment base - including its directory publishing operations - constituted the rate base upon which the utility's return on investment was determined."5s He does not attenpt to expl ai $n$ how incl usi on of tangi ble assets

[^0]( but not intangible assets) in ratebase did
anything to


[^0]:    ${ }^{54}$ Sel wyn, page 61 , li nes 19 to 21 .
    ${ }^{55}$ Sel byn, $\quad$ page 61 , lines 21 to 23.

