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8	BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES & TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION				
10	DOCKET NO. UG-021584				
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12	DIRECT TESTIMONY OF KELLY O. NORWOOD (KON-1T)				
13	REPRESENTING AVISTA CORPORATION				
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#### I. INTRODUCTION

- Q. Please state your name, employer and business address.
- A. My name is Kelly O. Norwood. I am employed as Vice-President of Rates and Regulation by Avista Corporation at 1411 East Mission Avenue, Spokane, Washington.
- Q. Please briefly describe your educational background and professional experience.
- A. I am a graduate of Eastern Washington University with a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Business Administration, majoring in Accounting. I joined the Company in June 1981. Over the past 22 years I have spent approximately eleven years in the Rates Department with involvement in cost of service, rate design and revenue requirements. I have spent approximately eleven years in the Energy Resources Department (power supply and natural gas supply) in a variety of roles with involvement in resource planning, system operations, resource analysis, negotiation of power contracts, and risk management. I was appointed Vice-President of Rates and Regulation in November 2000.
  - Q. What is the scope of your testimony in this proceeding?
- A. I will provide an overview of the proposed Benchmark Mechanism and the modifications that we are proposing to address concerns raised by Commission Staff. I will briefly explain the benefits of the Benchmark Mechanism to Avista Utilities' customers, the incentives that are built in to encourage Avista Energy to drive additional benefits for customers, as well as the auditability of the Benchmark Mechanism. Finally, I will also introduce each of the other witnesses sponsoring testimony on the Company's behalf.

### Q. Are you sponsoring any Exhibits with your testimony?

A. Yes, I am sponsoring Exhibit No. \_\_\_\_ (KON-2) which was prepared under my direction.

# Q. Would you please summarize the Company's request in this filing?

A. Yes. Through this filing, the Company is requesting an order approving the extension of the Natural Gas Benchmark Mechanism (Mechanism). The present Mechanism, as ordered in Docket No. UG-021584, expires January 29, 2004. The Company requests approval of the proposed accounting and ratemaking treatment, and such other approvals as may be necessary related to the extension of the Mechanism. The Company is proposing to continue the Mechanism with some refinements as explained below, through the existing natural gas Tariff Schedule 163. The Company also requests that the proposed Tariff Schedule 163 remain in effect for a three year and two month period, until March 31, 2007.

# Q. Please explain which tariff schedules are before the Commission for consideration at this time.

A. On December 2, 2002, the Company filed proposed tariff revisions to modify and extend the Mechanism. The operation of these proposed tariff revisions was suspended by order of the Commission pending hearings. To accommodate the Company and the hearing process in this docket, the Commission permitted Avista to change the expiration date on the existing Mechanism tariff from March 31, 2003 to January 29, 2004. Accordingly, Avista's <u>current</u> Mechanism remains in effect during the pendency of these hearings.

In response to issues raised by Commission Staff at the time this matter was set for hearing, Avista has submitted, as a preferred alternative, further tariff revisions to address the specific concerns raised by Staff. These further revisions are discussed in the Company's pre-filed testimony and are reflected in proposed revisions to Tariff Schedule 163, as further explained and sponsored by Avista witness Brian Hirschkorn. While approval by the Commission of either the tariffs suspended on January 29, 2003, or the tariff revisions submitted with this April 21, 2003 filing is acceptable to the Company, Avista has submitted the April 21, 2003 tariff revisions as the preferred alternative, in that the revisions directly address the recent concerns raised by Staff.

## II SUMMARY OF PROPOSED MECHANISM

## Q. Would you please describe the Proposed Mechanism?

A. Yes. As further discussed in Witness Gruber's testimony, there are three major components of the Mechanism. First, is the Commodity Component in which gas volumes are purchased under a diversified portfolio approach that we believe provides an appropriate balance of lowest cost supply and price stability over time. Second, is the Jackson Prairie (JP) Storage Component, which provides benefits to customers from the operation of the JP Storage Project. Third, is the Capacity Release and Off-System Sales component, which provides benefits to customers from the optimization of all pipeline capacity reserved for the utility's customers.

The Mechanism includes symmetrical sharing incentives in which risks and rewards are shared between Avista Utilities' customers and Avista Energy by incorporating

a risk of loss from poor performance as well as opportunities for rewards from good performance.

The Mechanism provides an objective determination of the gas costs to be charged to customers, additional gas cost savings to customers compared to what the Utility could achieve, and a shift of risk and costs to Avista Energy associated with gas procurement and management. Through the existing Mechanism, these risks and costs, such as market liquidity, counter party risk, management of intra-month load and price volatility, and credit risk are borne by Avista Energy. In addition, the Mechanism is broad in focus, working to optimize all of the assets of the Company with the goal of providing the maximum benefit to customers while ensuring reliability, reducing the effects of potential price volatility and minimizing risk.

The Mechanism works in conjunction with the existing Purchased Gas Adjustment (PGA), Tariff Schedules 150 and 156. Deferrals for the PGA are calculated each month based on the costs and revenues from the Mechanism components, as well as other costs normally included in the PGA.

As shown on page 1 of Exhibit\_\_(KON-2), and discussed further by Witness Gruber, total gas costs for the period 4/1/02-3/31/03 totaled \$76.3 million and can be broken down as follows:

- (1) Commodity Costs (approx. 76.2%),
- (2) Storage Costs (approx. 6%) and
- (3) Transportation Costs (approx. 17.8%).
- Q. In light of Staff's recent comments as this Mechanism was set for hearing, please describe what you've done to address their concerns.

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A. As discussed in detail in Mr. Gruber's testimony, changes are being proposed in this filing to address specific concerns raised by Staff. An overview of the more significant changes proposed are as follows:

- 1.) Basin Optimization: The Mechanism has been modified so that Utility customers will receive additional benefits from the price differential between supply basins that are not already captured through the supply basin percentage weightings that are selected by Avista Utilities.
- 2.) Greater Use of Storage to Cover Daily Load Variations: We are proposing modifications that will provide greater use of JP Storage to cover daily load variations. To the extent that it does not jeopardize reliability of supply, customers will receive the benefits and risks associated with additional injections and withdrawals of storage to cover daily load variations.
- 3.) Symmetrical Sharing Incentives: All components of the Mechanism provide for a sharing of risks and rewards on the basis of 80% to customers and 20% to Avista Energy.
- 4.) <u>Auditability:</u> Modifications have been made so that all components of the Mechanism are fully auditable by Avista Utilities and Staff.

We believe that these proposed modifications fully address the major concerns raised by Commission Staff in the recent Benchmark approval process.

Q. Would you please provide a brief history of the Mechanism, and the refinements that have been made over time?

A. Yes. In Washington, the Benchmark was originally implemented in September 1999, in Docket No. UG-990614, for a two-year and seven month period ending March 31, 2002. On November 7, 2001, the Company filed a petition requesting extension of the Mechanism until March 31, 2005. The Commission approved a one-year extension of the Mechanism in Docket No. UG-011500, through March 31, 2002. This extension included modifications to the Mechanism that incorporated among other things, a gas procurement hedging strategy (Tiered Commodity Program) that the Company believed would reduce the level of gas cost volatility and risk under the original Mechanism while continuing to provide customers with a reliable supply of natural gas.

On November 29, 2002, the Company filed a request for extension of the Mechanism which included some additional minor changes to the Mechanism that provided additional flexibility on behalf of Avista Utilities and its customers in the way the Mechanism is managed by Avista Energy, such as use of Storage in Tier 3 to help reduce daily gas prices and more flexibility in the Company's hedging and Storage synthetic cycle schedules. In addition changes were recommended to increase the auditability of the Mechanism. However, this latest petition on November 29, 2002 was suspended, and the existing Tariff Schedule 163 was extended for an additional year until January 29, 2004 through the Commission order in this Docket dated January 29, 2003.

The additional changes proposed in this filing are a continuation of the Company's efforts to improve the Mechanism, and to have an incentive Mechanism in place that provides meaningful benefits to our customers.

Q. What is the status of the Mechanism in the other jurisdictions in which Avista Utilities provides natural gas service?

A. Idaho and Oregon approved a mechanism similar to the current Washington Mechanism in the first quarter of 2002, extending each jurisdiction's Mechanism until March 31, 2005. It is administratively efficient and cost effective to continue this Mechanism in all three jurisdictions, including Washington. To bring all of the gas procurement functions back inside the Utility to serve the needs of one of three jurisdictions could prove cumbersome and inefficient.

#### III. BENEFITS OF BENCHMARK MECHANISM UNDER AVISTA ENERGY

Q. Could you please describe how Avista Energy's management of the Mechanism benefits the Utilities' customers?

A. Through consolidation of the Company's gas procurement functions under Avista Energy, Avista Energy has been able to pool Avista Utilities' supply, storage, and transportation arrangements with their portfolio. This has provided Utility customers additional benefits from Avista Energy's operations, while avoiding many of the risks. Avista Energy has been able to provide expertise, sophisticated tools, involvement in a broader geographic market and a broader customer base than Avista Utilities could provide. This has resulted in lower costs to customers than was possible under Avista Utilities' smaller-scale natural gas procurement operations, given a similar gas purchase/optimization strategy.

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As an example, Avista Energy engages in more active management of Off-System sales, which has provided greater monetary benefits to customers than could be realized under a smaller-scale utility operation. Activities under this portion of the Mechanism have

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proven to be very beneficial to customers. Volatile market conditions with wide price disparities between receipt and delivery points of transport have enabled Avista Energy to optimize Off-System sales. Through the management of unutilized capacity within the Mechanism, Avista Utilities receives the market value of the capacity (the market price difference between basins), while generally, the maximum that could be received through Capacity Release for the Utility is capped at the maximum pipeline tariff rate. Through analysis by the Utility of the Capacity Release and Off-System sales, it is estimated that customers received approximately \$2 million of additional benefits annually than the Utility would have achieved because of a lower Utility risk tolerance.

Under the current Utility risk policy, the Utility is focused only on transactions to balance load and optimize resources. If the Utility were to engage in these riskier transactions, the Utility's current credit cost would increase substantially, all other things being equal. This additional cost is borne by Avista Energy under the Mechanism.

Page 2 of Exhibit\_\_(KON-2) provides an overview of the corporate relationship of Avista Utilities and Avista Energy, and lists the major functions of each entity as it relates to providing gas resource management and supply to the Utilities' customers and the benefits Avista Energy provides Utility customers through their gas procurement services. Under the Mechanism, the Utility continues to provide gas services such as oversight of the Mechanism for the benefit of customers, resource accounting, metering and the provision of metered data and load forecasts for core customers to Avista Energy. The Utility is also responsible for long term planning and maintaining pipeline assets in the form of transportation contracts on the various pipelines that serve the Utility. The execution and management of natural gas procurement is provided by Avista Energy.

# Q. Are there additional risks which are currently absorbed by Avista Energy due to their management of the Mechanism?

A. Yes. Consolidation of gas procurement operations under Avista Energy has shifted many of the costs and risks associated with gas procurement operations from the Utility and its customers to Avista Energy. Because of changes in the market, costs and risks to Avista Energy associated with management of gas procurement for the Utility have increased significantly since the original Mechanism implemented in 1999. Some of these risks and costs include market liquidity, management of intra-month-price volatility, currency and credit risks, and risk of non-payment by counter parties. As discussed further by Mr. Gruber, under the proposed Mechanism the Utility conservatively estimates the costs associated with these factors to total approximately \$1.5 million if the Mechanism were within the Utility. In addition, as I explained earlier, we believe Avista Energy provides additional value through management of available pipeline transportation of approximately \$2 million per year. Therefore, the value to Avista Utilities' customers from Avista Energy managing the procurement operations is estimated at approximately \$3.5 million annually.

The Company is proposing to eliminate the 5 cents per dekatherm adder in the current Mechanism, and replace it with a \$900,000 per year management fee. The purpose of the management fee is to cover a portion of the risks and costs being borne by Avista Energy. On a net basis, we believe that our customers will realize benefits of approximately \$2.6 million annually through the proposed Mechanism, as explained in more detail by Mr. Gruber.

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The Company believes that Avista's proposed incentive Mechanism conforms to the spirit and intent of the Commission issued Policy Statement, as well as its guiding principles and meets the specific needs of the Company.

#### V. AUDITABILITY OF COSTS

- Q. Has the Company proposed additional modifications to the Mechanism to address Staff's concerns around the auditability of actual gas costs?
- A. Yes. Under the current and proposed Mechanism, Storage and Transportation costs are transaction specific and are easily tagged and auditable as belonging to the Utility. The proposed Mechanism includes some changes to the Commodity Component that will allow Avista Utilities and Staff to audit the actual costs.

The Commodity component is made up of:

- 1) Tier 1 Fixed Price Purchases are made during the year to lock in the price on gas supply which, together with JP storage withdrawals, equals approximately 50% of the Utility's average load. The specific transactions are tagged by Avista Energy for the Utility and are directly auditable.
- 2) Tier 2 The remaining 50% of Avista Utility's average load is purchased in advance at first of the month (FOM) index prices. These transactions will also be tagged and auditable by the Utility.
- 3) Tier 3 Natural gas is also bought and sold on a daily basis to balance supply with load. Avista Energy balances the Avista Utilities' daily load together with its entire system of client loads. The pricing to Avista Utilities for this daily balancing will be the average actual daily price of all Avista Energy gas daily (KON-1T)

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purchases on each given day, which Avista Utilities will be able to audit. In addition, a comparison of this price can be made against the Gas Daily market index price to insure it is representative of the daily market price to serve this daily load variability. If Avista Energy does not actually purchase any gas transactions on a given day, because they can cover the Utility load with additional gas they have within their own portfolio, the price of the volumes required by the Utility will be priced at the Gas Daily index for that day. These daily volumes are expected to be approximately + or – 8% of total volumes around the average. It is important to note that if natural gas procurement operations were conducted within the Utility instead of Avista Energy, for this relatively small daily balancing component, Avista Utilities would experience a cost very similar to that provided by Avista Energy, i.e., a price representative of the daily market price for natural gas.

Therefore, the changes proposed in this filing result in a significant improvement in the opportunity to audit all revenues and expenses under the Mechanism.

### Q. Please summarize your testimony.

A. Based on market conditions including price volatility, risks inherent within the Utility's load volatility, and the expertise available through Avista Energy's management of gas procurement services for the Utility, the Company believes that there are additional benefits and cost savings provided to customers by Avista Energy compared to what the Utility could achieve.

The proposed Mechanism provides symmetrical sharing incentives that will cause

Avista Energy to make decisions that will benefit Avista Utilities' customers, and drive

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Docket No. UG-021584 04/18/03 Page 13 of 15 additional value for customers. Changes to the Mechanism have also been proposed such that the Mechanism is fully auditable and in compliance with the Commission's Policy Statement.

The following table summarizes the proposed Mechanism:

Summary of Proposed Mechanism					
Component	Incentive Built In	<u>Auditable</u>	Compliance with		
			Policy Statement		
Commodity	YES:	YES:	YES:		
	80/20 Sharing for:	Tier 1 and Tier 2	The Proposal		
<u>Tier 1</u> –	-Basin Optimization	purchases will be	includes sharing of		
Fixed/Storage	-Gains/losses on daily	tagged for the Utility.	gains and losses		
	purchases and sales to	Tier 3 daily volumes	symmetrically within all		
<u>Tier 2</u> –	balance load	will be Utility actual	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
FOM to Average		volumes, and will be	components of the Mechanism.		
m. a		priced at the average daily price of all AE's	Micchainsin.		
<u>Tier 3</u> –		purchases or sales for			
Daily Purchases		each day.			
and Sales	WEC.	YES:	YES:		
	<u>YES:</u>   100% Cycle	All transactions will	See above		
	80/20 Sharing of:	be Utility specific.			
Storage	-gains and losses from	out of the same			
Btorage	use of Storage to cover				
	daily balancing				
	-Sharing of Inj/Withdr				
	cycle.				
	YES:	YES:	YES:		
	Guaranteed \$3m	All transactions will	See above		
<b>Transportation</b>	80/20 Sharing for:	be Utility specific.			
	-Capacity Releases				
	and Off system Sales				
	over guaranteed				
	amount.				

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The Company requests that the Commission approve the proposed Mechanism for a three year and two month period ending March 31, 2007. If however, it is decided by this Commission that the Mechanism should not continue, the Company requests a 90-day

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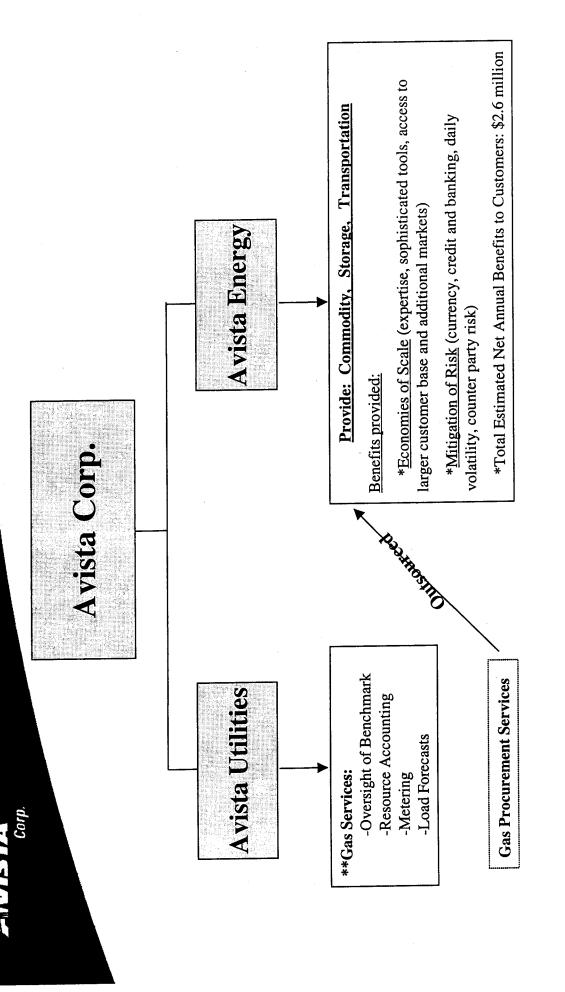
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MISIN

Avista Energy - Management of Gas Procurement Services

Proposed Benchmark Mechanism - Overview Transportation 17.8% 80/20 Sharing after \$3m Guarantee Effective: Jan 30, 2004 - Mar 31, 2007 Total Cost Of Gas = \$76.3m\* 80/20 Sharing 100% Cycle Storage 67<u>∞</u> Basin Optimization Tier 3 +/-8% Daily balancing (daily sales Tier 2 50% FOM (purchase to average AE's average daily cost/revenue) or purchases to balance loads, at \*WA only for April 2002 - March 2003 Commodity 76.2.% Tier 1 50% Fixed/Storage 80/20 sharing on Tier 3 load)

Exhibit\_\_(KON-2)
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Exhibit\_\_(KON-2)
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