# Docket No. UE-220701 - Vol. II 

# Argunov, et al. v. Puget Sound Energy 

March 14, 2023

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BEFORE THE
WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
ALEXANDER AND ELENA ARGUNOV, ) THOMAS AND HEIDI JOHNSON, CHAD ) AND VICTORIA GROESBECK,

Complainants, ) Docket No. UE-220701
v.

PUGET SOUND ENERGY,
Respondent.

VIDEOCONFERENCE EVIDENTIARY HEARING-VOLUME II
Pages 18-158
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE THOMAS JOHNSON

March 14, 2023
9:30 a.m.

DATE TAKEN: MARCH 14, 2023
REPORTED BY: CARISA KITSELMAN, RPR, CCR 2018

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MARCH 14, 2023
9:30 A.M.
JUDGE HOWARD: Let's be on the record.
Good morning. It is Tuesday, March 14 th, and the time is 9:30 a.m. My name is Michael Howard. I'm an administrative law judge with the Commission. We're here today for an evidentiary hearing in Docket UE-220701. This case is captioned Alexander and Elena Argunov, Thomas and Heidi Johnson, and Chad and Victoria Groesbeck versus Puget Sound Energy.

Let's start by taking appearances beginning with the three homeowners who brought this complaint. Could I turn first to Ms. Argunov?

MS. ARGUNOV: Good morning. My name is Elena Argunov, and I'm the main complainant against Puget Sound Energy. We live in Cle Elum address 1550 Old Cedars Road.

JUDGE HOWARD: Thank you.
Could we have a similar appearance from the

## Johnsons?

MR. JOHNSON: Yes. This is Thomas Johnson.
Address 1340 Old Cedars Road in Cle Elum, Washington. JUDGE HOWARD: Great. Thank you.
Could we have an appearance from the Groesbecks?
MS. GROESBECK: Victoria Groesbeck and Chad

1 Groesbeck. Address 971 Old Cedars Road, Cle Elum, Washington.

JUDGE HOWARD: Thank you.
Could we have an appearance from PSE?
MR. STARKEY: Thank you. Byron Starkey on behalf of Puget Sound Energy and with me here is also Sheri Carson.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.
Could we have an appearance from Staff?
MR. CALLAGHAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
Nash Callaghan, assistant attorney general, here on behalf of Staff.

As you know, we're not appearing as a party but are providing Sheri Hoyt as a witness. Thank you. JUDGE HOWARD: Yes. Thank you.

Could we have an appearance from Public Counsel?
MS. GAFKEN: Good morning. My name is
Lisa Gafken, assistant attorney general, appearing on behalf of Public Counsel.

JUDGE HOWARD: Great. Thank you.
So I want to start out by giving an overview for our plans today.

We'll begin in a minute here with admitting evidence and addressing objections. I might reserve rulings on some objections but $I$ want to hear the

1 parties' objections up front.

And also to only use video for those portions of the hearing when you have a speaking role. It shouldn't be too crucial of an issue today, the use of video and toggling on and off, but do keep that in mind.

If you are having any technical issues, or you observe that someone has dropped off the call, please mention that in the chat, the Zoom chat. And the chat should be reserved for technical issues and requests for breaks only because it won't be made part of the official record.

Are there any questions about our plans for today or any housekeeping matters before we go on the record -- I'm sorry, before we continue to the admission of evidence?

All right. Hearing none. Let's turn to the admission of prefiled testimony and exhibits.

In my e-mail to the parties last week, I circulated my exhibit list that included prefiled testimony exhibits up to and including cross-examination exhibits. And there were also -- I believe there were three exhibits -- I'm sorry, four exhibits filed by Ms. Argunov on March 10th. And I circulated a revised exhibit list as well.

So I wanted to clarify one brief issue with Ms. Argunov before we hear from each of the parties.

So, Ms. Argunov, right now, as I understand, your direct testimony, which would be labeled EACCH-1T, is not in the record in the Cases application that we have. There is an issue where records center would like you to clarify whether you intend to mark this exhibit confidential because it does have a shaded sentence.

Would you be able to refile that with a confidential and redacted version and a cover letter? Or would you like to -- or would you -- would you say that that exhibit should not be confidential? It's up to you.

MS. ARGUNOV: It probably -- it's not
confidential because $I$ read through it again. There is no really -- there is no home addresses or social security numbers or any other, like, very confidential information. And I will double-check but I think I e-mailed about -- about it to the records center.

But, yeah, to answer your question, there is no need to make it confidential.

JUDGE HOWARD: Okay. Great. Thank you. I just wanted to clarify that, and I will ensure that records center adds that to the docket in Cases.

So with that issue addressed, I'm going to turn to each of the parties and ask if they would -- would stipulate or -- that's a -- we can simply say agree to the admission of all the prefiled exhibits and testimony,

1 where if they have any objections to the admission of the prefiled exhibits and testimony.

So I'm going to turn to each of the homeowners first.

Ms. Argunov, do you have any objections to any of the exhibits from any of the parties, or would you agree that they can be admitted?

MS. ARGUNOV: Yeah. They all can be admitted. No objections, Your Honor.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.
Could I hear from the Johnsons?
MR. JOHNSON: No objections, Your Honor. JUDGE HOWARD: Thank you.

Could I hear from the Groesbecks?
MS. GROESBECK: No objections, Your Honor, from the Groesbecks.

JUDGE HOWARD: Thank you.
Could I turn next to PSE?
MR. STARKEY: No objections, Your Honor.
Other than the objections that I noted with 42 through 45 and whether or not those are considered cross or prefiled direct.

JUDGE HOWARD: Thank you.
So, Ms. Argunov, PSE has raised this question of what you intend to use -- how you intend to submit these,

1 what you intend to use your Exhibits 42 through 45 for?

1 So if you see PDF copies, it's about 374 pages.

So I just wanted to use particular specific -specific areas from Oracle to additionally clarify, right, what -- what I'm claiming.

JUDGE HOWARD: Okay.
MS. ARGUNOV: But I'm -- if you decide that we cannot use it, that's going to be fine with me.

JUDGE HOWARD: Okay. Mr. Starkey, do you have any response?

MR. STARKEY: Yes, Your Honor.
Our position is -- PSE's position is that these Exhibits 42 through 45 should not be admitted unless they are used specifically for cross-examination. They were submitted well after the deadline for their submission of testimony.

We would also contend that Exhibit 42, we have other objections if it is used for cross-examination testimony, which we can get to that point if needed.

But our objection still stands that these were submitted well after the deadline.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. I am going to grant PSE's objection to EACCH-42 through 45.

The reason for that is the -- the deadline for -- excuse me. Just a moment here.

The deadline for rebuttal testimony would have

1 been February 24th. And I'm -- I'm not hearing
2 circumstances that convince me there was exceptional
3 circumstances that require extending that in some sense
4 to March 10th when these were filed. proposed by PSE for Aaron Tam, which is Cross Exhibit

1 AT6X. The document in Cross Exhibit AT-6X.

The document in Cross Exhibit AT-6X is an excerpt from Public Counsel's post-hearing brief and Public Counsel's 2019 general rate case, which was in Docket UE-190529 and UG-190530.

Public Counsel's objection is based on relevance and that the evidence is outside of the scope of this proceeding. The Commission issued its final order in the 2019 rate case on July 8, 2020, resolving the issues raised by the parties in that litigation. The issues in the rate case involved cost recovery, whereas the issue here involve customer complaints relating to their specific meters and service.

So, as a result, Public Counsel asks that Cross Exhibit AT-6X be excluded.

With respect to the remaining exhibits and testimony, Public Counsel has no objections and would agree to the admission of those documents into the record.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Great.
Would PSE like to respond briefly to that? MR. STARKEY: Yes, Your Honor.

The testimony or the brief that is excerpted from that concerns the AMR meter reliability. And it concerns whether one or not, one, Public Counsel was

1 aware of some of the issues that might be related to $A M R$ meter reliability, which is an issue that has been raised in this case. And it is the basis for which Public Counsel is arguing that fines or penalties should be imposed. We think that position is relevant when considering the broader context of whether or not penalties should be imposed for potential violations. JUDGE HOWARD: I think for AT-6X -- sorry, I hope that is intelligible to court reporter -- I'm going to reserve my ruling on AT-6X. I would like -- I would like PSE to -- I have some concern that -- about crossing any witness on exhibits that they may not have a lot of firsthand knowledge with.

So I would like PSE to be mindful of that as it seeks to offer this into evidence. And PSE can move that into evidence later. And we'll see how it goes depending on the specific questions.

And similar concerns apply to the issue of relevance. It will depend on the specific questions.

All right. After hearing from the parties and hearing the parties' objections, it appears that the parties largely agree to the admission of the exhibits except for what we specifically discussed.

So with that, $I$ will admit all the prefiled exhibits and testimony except for those I have already

1 mentioned, which would be EACCH-42 through 45, which are
2 rejected. And I'm reserving a ruling on AT-6X.

1 consider evidence that contradicts your beliefs and admit
2 that you may be wrong. Intelligent isn't knowing everything, is the ability to challenge everything you know.

So when I start looking at the things and issues that I thought at first I discovered, I start really learning from the scratch. So considering that $I$ don't know anything about it -- but I took time. It's been almost a year where almost every day after work I was learning the subject. I was trying to go from the point of, okay, I'm wrong. And then I learned that, okay, what facts do I have to support either of the sides? Because I was trying to see my opinion, $I$ was trying to see PSE perception. So it's this case, it's not really about what $I$ think or what $P S E$ thinks or about what anyone else thinks. It's about real facts, documentation, technical documentation, that describes the process that everyone should follow who is involved, who is using platforms, who is using the software, right?

So I have ten minutes so I will be -- I will try to be as short as possible.

So the first thing probably -- I will follow kind of the order that $I$ had in my direct testimony. And I probably -- the best way would be to read it, actually. So the first was the overview of advance meter

1 infrastructure rates.

So let me share my screen for a sec.
So this is Exhibit EACCH-7. This is an overview of advanced metering infrastructure.

So I want us to go back to original answer of PSE to my formal complaint where they said that answering paragraph 1 of the complaint, PSE denies all allegation in part one of the complaint. PSE provided information to the Commission and its customers about meters -meters consistent with the purpose and usage of a members of the AMI meters. While AMI meters have the capability to transmit readings in 15 -minute intervals, this functionality is not used for calculation of total monthly usage when billing customers.

To determine the usage of the particular customer meter read is obtained at the end of each month -- monthly billing period, excuse me, by subtracting the beginning rate at the beginning of the month from the end rate at the end of the month.

So what $I$ was describing after that is I provided a phrase from here. So it's page No. 12.

So the core element of AMI smart meter which provide number of functions including measuring customer electricity consumption in 5-, 15-, 30- or 60-minute intervals measuring voltage levels and monitoring the

1 on/off status of electric service. Smart meters
2 communicate these readings to utility for processing
3 analysis and recommunication back to the customers for 4 billing.

1 think they -- they said it the best way. So the billing
2 for smart meters, it's like reviewing measurements. And
3 then analyzing interval data and see what the actual
4 consumption was.

1 But it's definitely not something that can be used for
2 the billing because those are particular steps,
3 particular calculations, that need to take into
4 considerations like profile data. Profile data meaning
5 that they group each interval by the group because the
6 scale is one hour, not 15 minutes. So these all the
7 values, the cumulative values, they have to be calculated
8 before they go into the billing, before they go in --
9 before PSE bills us for kilowatt hours.

Unfortunately, what's happening is that PSE billing us for raw, uncalculated data, which causing, as I said, the charges being four times more than it's

1 supposed to be because each hour it's four intervals.
2 And this is the -- if they would use those -- one of the 3 modules that they were supposed to do. So that would not 4 be happening.

1 and calculate the -- the amount you -- of kilowatt hours
2 at any time to the customer. The demand bill -- the
3 demand charges is different calculations. It's just
4 additional, I would say, feature. But in -- even if you
5 look at the general specifications, there is a reason why
6 I was always -- all along I was saying that the smart meters, they read kilowatt hours. Because it's clearly stating active energy, in parenthesis, kilowatt hours, kilowatts. The active energy measure -- the active power measures in watts, or kilowatts, in this particular scenario.

So there are several areas where I -- I thought I was very clear that showed how those meters are -- not even kept. Because calculations are not happening in the meters. So this just measures how -- the amount of measure. And then it goes after that to specific module that is supposed to calculate everything, meaning the quantity in service, quantity bill to customers. I hope that makes sense.

JUDGE HOWARD: Yes. Thank you. Thank you, Ms. Argunov. I was just going to remind you of your ten minutes.

## But are you concluded?

MS. ARGUNOV: Yes.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.

And, yes, when you cite exhibits, I tried to pull them up at the same time so you know.

So all right. Would the Johnsons like to give an opening statement?

MR. JOHNSON: Yes, we would. Thank you, Your Honor.

## CLOSING ARGUMENTS

MR. JOHNSON: I would reference Exhibit 4 in our case. We're leaning heavily on Elena on her expertise in calculating data points that $I$ don't have that kind of expertise. So we're going to rely on her testimony as far as the -- what the logic behind the inaccurate billing that we received.

But, specifically, Exhibit 4 notes, that there was a March and April charge of 480-plus kilowatt hours per month, it appears. And then in May, it looks like between 240 and 360 .

The house, it's illogical that this kind of energy would be used in a house that had no finished electrical in it, was still under construction. We had a power pole, temp power pole, which we have a separate exhibit showing that invoice which has been paid. And to be honest with, you moving forward with occupation starting in August, running air-conditioning full-time and heat during the winter, our bill hasn't exceeded
$1 \$ 400$.

So for the fact that March and April and May, for that matter, reflecting the $\$ 4,403.92$ charged to us, electrically -- logically, it doesn't make any sense to us.

So my statement will be much shorter and brief, briefer to the point that our allegations against PSE is that this obviously is a miscalculation in some fashion. We can't even fathom who would be in the house that would be using that much electricity, if any electricity at all was being used, due to the fact that the furnace was installed but not active. We had heaters and blowers in the -- that were running up to the temp power poles on extension cords to assist with the drywall situation. And were asked actually not to run the heat by the drywallers in order to keep the ambient temperature in the house at a certain level.

We did run fans and we actually opened windows to help the drying process. Fortunately we don't live in the west side of the state, so the humidity is much less where we live, so it does assist in the drying situation.

Again, back to the logical point of this.
In an unoccupied home that doesn't have any finished electrical and has no appliances running in it, the fact that $P S E$ is stating that we spent 4,000 and

1 change in electrical costs seems illogical and not substantiated. And, honestly, we haven't found anything that PSE has produced to show how they can substantiate these costs to us.

So that's my statement. Thank you.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.
Would the Groesbecks like to giving opening

## statement?

Opening Statement
MS. GROESBECK: Yeah. We are similar to the Johnsons as we're relying heavily on Elena's calculations and expertise throughout -- in her testimony.

But we're in the same boat as Tom and Heidi where it's almost become a second job for me trying to make it all make sense with our bills, especially since our extremely high bills were coming at a point where we were living in the home. And when our bills were 6-, $\$ 700$ a month when we were primarily heating with a wood stove during the winter. And now this year during the same months, our bills were around $\$ 200$. It doesn't add up. And it doesn't make sense for us, to put it shortly.

And although we're not experts in any of these areas, it just -- with our house being brand-new and us knowing the results of our blower door tests, knowing how efficient our home is and having all of the energy guides

1 from all of our appliances and all of our systems. And
2 when we add up the cost per year of every appliance,
3 it -- our bills are more than that in a month than what
4 these -- all these appliances should be costing us in an
5 entire year.

So that's -- that's all we have. Like I said, we're relying heavily on Elena. But we've tried to communicate with PSE about how it doesn't make sense. And when we call customer service, we've been told -- the first questions we've been asked is, well, how many Teslas are you charging? And the answer is none. We have zero Teslas. We have a single-story home.

And there's been a lot of excuses on their part about justifying the high bills. And there's just no justifying it in our eyes.

And that concludes my statement.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.
I turn next to the Company.
MR. STARKEY: Thank you, Your Honor. OPENING STATEMENT

MR. STARKEY: The case in front of you today, it's about accuracy and whether or not Puget Sound Energy ultimately and accurately billed customers for the energy that they used. And the testimony shows that it did.

Involved here are three different customers who

1 all built new homes in a remote neighborhood near cle
2 Elum. Each customer had their own informal complaint and 3 their own unique set of facts. But they've combined it 4 under now one broad, but inaccurate theory, that PSE is incorrectly billing customers.

What the evidence and the testimony in this case shows, and will show, are three things:

One, that the complainants have not met their burden of proof that there is an underlying issue.

Two, PSE can affirmatively show that the underlying theory is incorrect.

And, three, PSE has taken the necessary steps to remediate any problems that existed, and those issues are unlikely to repeat because the AMI network is up and running that area.

And, accordingly, the imposition of fines is not necessary.

So there are three complainants; there's the Groesbecks, the Johnsons and Argunovs. And I'll take those in turn, and I'll address the larger allegation at the end with the Argunov complaint.

But the key across all three cases is that they were ultimately billed based off of actual energy used.

So I'll start with the Groesbecks.
The Groesbecks initially had an AMR meter. And

1 the issues that they experienced were primarily from the
2 AMR meter network. The network that receives the reads
3 from the AMR meter and transfers that information along 4 for billing.

1 use, it continued to struggle with getting the reads
2 through the AMR network.

So while that should be enough, discovery in the case has shown that there's a plausible explanation for why the high usage occurred contrary to the Johnsons' claims.

And for that, I direct you to SBH-4, which has discussions between the Johnsons and their contractor. What these discussions show is that they had permanent power running to the house by December of 2021. They had their HVAC and electrical heating system up and running in early January. They did not have a garage door. They did not have a door sealing off the garage into the house. And, instead, they were relying on plywood and plastic to seal that. They also didn't have Sheetrock installed until later in March of 2022.

All the while, according to their contractor, the heating system in the house was set to run at 65 degrees. And the energy usage here shows a heating system that is fighting a losing battle. A losing battle with the cold in one of the coldest areas of PSE service territory. And a large house that is over 4,000 square feet that has not been properly sealed to the elements. It had cracked windows and a bevy of unreliable subcontractors.

The key fact, though, is that the Johnsons' meter was accurate, and they were billed for energy used.

Now the Argunovs also claim that their bills are not based off of energy use, but on a much different and also incorrect theory that has now been adopted and is the foundation for the formal complaint.

The Argunovs claim that PSE's system is essentially quadrupling the amount of energy a customer uses when it goes to billing. And that theory assumes that PSE's meters measure and record energy in kilowatts or as Ms. Argunov called, a unit of measure. And this theory assume -- and then extends it to MDMS and SAP, which improperly takes that data or does not convert the data for billing purposes in kilowatt hours.

But the PSE witnesses explained why that theory is incorrect. And it demonstrate how PSE will properly measure energy usage in kilowatt hours from the meter all the way until the customer has a bill in hand.

Ian Hagan, an electrical engineer, explains how the meters measure and record energy in kilowatt hours. Allison Sains and Kristina McClenahan show how that read goes through the meter data management system, SAP, to then bill customers on a monthly or bimonthly basis in kilowatt hours that are actually used.

And they also show how the system will estimate a bill, when needed, if a read is not received.

And then, finally, Stacey Halsen goes into the

1 specific particularities of each customer's account in
2 the general -- in the informal complaints. be tied to a larger issue, they don't have a basis for

1 that allegation or they at least ignore the proven
2 reliability of the new AMI meters. Which ultimately that 3 was the solution was to replace the AMR meters with the 4 new AMI meters so that they could communicate with the 5 upgrade and more reliable network. Can we hear from Public Counsel?

MS. GAFKEN: Yes. Good morning. OPENING STATEMENT

MS. GAFKEN: Public Counsel is the statutory party in Commission proceedings. And we are a party in this case because three customers in the Cle Elum area complained against PSE for meter and service issues. PSE has been rolling out its advanced meter infrastructure, also called AMI, or smart meters, over the last several years. Meters are a critical component of a utility's infrastructure because it reads the customer's usage for billing and other purposes.

With respect to the particular claims made by the complainant, Public Counsel has not taken a position. We honestly had hoped to solve the mystery here. But in the end, the issues are for the complainants and PSE to present their arguments to the Commission.

We do view the issues as warranting Commission review and input. And the customers deserve the opportunity to present their case as does the Company.

Public Counsel engaged in discovery to understand what transpired. The Argunovs, Johnson, and Groesbeck families were building new homes during the relevant time period. Without going into the specifics of each customer's experience, as a group, they

1 experienced various issues with both their AMR and AMI meters. They contacted the Commission and availed themselves of the informal complaint process.

Because they were unsatisfied with the result through that process, they filed this formal complaint.

Commission staff identified ten violations during the informal Commission complaint process. Those violations involved failure to conduct timely meter tests, delayed billing, incorrectly charging to schedule 24 instead of the residential tariff, estimating bills for longer than allowed under the rule, and billing for corrections that went beyond the allowed time period.

Commission staff correctly identified the ten violations they note in the informal complaint records, which I understand are part of the record in this case. Public Counsel has identified 12 additional violations during this formal complaint case as detailed in Aaron Tam's testimony and exhibits. Those violations follow a similar pattern to the violations identified by Commission staff. Mr. Tam details violations related to estimating bills for longer than allowed, billing for corrections that went beyond the allowed time period, failure to meet service requirements, and failure to maintain meters in good working order.

Public Counsel believes there were sufficient

1 irregularities in how PSE addressed the metering issues 2 experienced by the Argunovs, Johnson, and Groesbeck 3 family as demonstrated by the 22 violations identified by 4 Public Counsel and submission Commission staff.

Elena Argunov, having been first duly sworn, was
follows:
THE WITNESS: Yes, I do, Your Honor.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Great. Thank you.
And PSE indicated I believe it was five minutes of cross for this witness. And you may proceed.

MR. STARKEY: Your Honor, sorry I didn't bring
this up beforehand. But PSE doesn't have any questions for Ms. Argunov.

JUDGE HOWARD: Okay. That's -- that is fine.
In that case, Ms. Argunov, then, you won't be subject to cross today. But I imagine you will still attend because you're representing yourself.

MS. ARGUNOV: Yes.
JUDGE HOWARD: Our next witness is PSE's Ian
Hagan.
MR. STARKEY: Your Honor, Mr. Hagan is walking into the room, and he'll be here soon.

JUDGE HOWARD: Okay. Great.
MR. STARKEY: So give us about ten seconds.
JUDGE HOWARD: Sounds good.
MS. ARGUNOV: Good morning.
THE WITNESS: Hi.
MS. ARGUNOV: So I have a number of questions.
So --
JUDGE HOWARD: Oh, just a moment.

MS. ARGUNOV: Oh, sorry.
JUDGE HOWARD: Mr. Hagan -- I will swear in
Mr. Hagan and then you may proceed.
MS. ARGUNOV: Okay. Sorry.

*     *         *             *                 *                     * 

Ian Hagan, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

THE WITNESS: I do, Your Honor.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Great. Thank you. Ms. Argunov, you may proceed.

CROSS-EXAMINATION
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. So, Mr. Hagan, would you please explain the difference between AMR and AMI meters?
A. Yes. So AMR meters are a one-way -- so AMR meters, they communicate over what's called a one-way communication network. So the meter transmits an energy read in kilowatt hours. It's received by the network. It goes into MDMS.

The AMI network, the key difference with that, it's a two-way communication network where not only do we receive kilowatt hour reads from the AMI meters, but we can also send commands to the meters. So this helps us in terms of the commands that, you know, for example, are, say, we can ping a meter. We can open and close a

1 remote disconnect switch. We can download load profile
2 reads. Things of that nature.

3 that are going through.
Q. Well, just a quick note, as $I$ said, this is what I've learned so there is no really -- I couldn't find any documentation about such thing like an AMR network. Just because considering that it's a one-way communication, the AMR data needs to be actually manually downloaded either with manually or with the specific tools that they can communicate with the meter if the technician is close to AMR meters.

So, again, I'm not -- I don't really understand this conversation about AMR when they are not even designed to transfer the data into PSE. Versus AMI when we switched, yes, then we have those interval --interval readings that we can download from PSE account, et cetera.

So the -- another question, let's --
MR. STARKEY: Your Honor, I'm going to have to object to that line. That was -- Ms. Argunov was testifying there. There was no question.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay.
JUDGE HOWARD: Yes. Ms. Argunov, I -- I will grant that objection. We want to be careful to -- you will want to be careful to limit yourself to posing questions to Mr. Hagan.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay.
JUDGE HOWARD: And I'm going to give -- this

1 is a technical subject, of course. So I understand if
2 you need to refer to something and preface your question
3 describing what you're talking about. But it does need
4 to end in a question.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay.
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. So my second question.

Going back to conversation about AMI system overview and L+G system that PSE is using.

So would you please explain why PSE have not used the module called "MDUS"? That, according to Exhibit 37, is a platform and served as a breach between meters and billing processes?
A. Unfortunately, I am not the proper witness to ask with regards to this module. I would refer you to Allison Sains.
Q. Okay. I'll notate it.

Quick question about the VEE process. Would that be you who can answer?
A. Unfortunately, no. When it comes to VEE, that would either be Allison Sains or Kristina McClenahan.
Q. Okay. So from your testimony, it looks like you stated that you're responsible for the integrity, meaning you're in charge of accuracy in meter reads, interval, et cetera, correct?
A. More on the meter side of it, not on the back end. MDMS or SAP end of it.

MS. ARGUNOV: So I'm not sure, Your Honor, if you would allow it, because I wanted to present the discrepancies between interval data and meter reads. And ask Mr. Hagan how he would explain where the differences are coming from. But I'm not sure if it's possible. So let me know.

JUDGE HOWARD: Well, if you'd like to ask Mr. Hagan about a specific exhibit --

MS. ARGUNOV: Yeah.
JUDGE HOWARD: -- you can certainly attempt to do that. I'm not -- I'm not going to -- I'm not sure if Mr. Hagan is personally familiar with all of the exhibits in the record. So sometimes this can get a little -- we have to see what the witness is actually familiar with.

MS. ARGUNOV: Well, this is just multiple -me, as a customer, asking for data integrity in general. So let me share my screen.

BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. So all this data, it's combined together from Exhibit EACCH-41. It's combined data for all four accounts including meter reads, MDMS and interval, plus billing summary.

So my big concern -- and I wanted to ask

1 Mr. Hagan how he would explain that is that we have such 2 big differences between meter, or MDMS what they call it, 3 billing totals and intervals. So when I -- when it says 4 to me that AMI system is transparency between company and 5 between customers and they can, you know, know what they 6 -- what their daily consumption or monthly consumption.

1 can make the exhibits available to PSE witnesses, I
2 wanted to note that.

So how can -- again, my question to Mr. Hagan, seeing those differences, how we can be sure and rely on PSE calculations if there is such huge discrepancies?
A. So I am not the proper person to be asking this line of questioning to. I would refer that to either Allison Sains or Kristina McClenahan.
Q. Okay. Let me see. Okay.

So going back to your testimony on page 6, Exhibit 1H-1T?

JUDGE HOWARD: Ms. Argunov, you may -- if you're done with this for now, you may want to stop sharing your screen.

MS. ARGUNOV: Stop sharing. Just give me a second.

BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. Okay. I would like to go back again to AMR and NCR meters also. So you stated in this exhibit that there is an option to load the profile data. Does it mean that PSE technician still has the ability to load daily usage from NCR meter as well, noncommunicating meter?
A. I apologize. Which page is this?
Q. Number 6 where -- where you're talking about AMR and NCR -- NCR meters. Just give me a second. I'll find the rows.

Excuse me, page No. 8.
So row 6 through 14, when you're explaining the noncommunicating meters not equipped with a remote disconnect switch and must be disconnected manually. And then you're talking about collection of the data from noncommunicating meters.
A. Yes. So when it comes to collection of the data from the noncommunicating meters, the meter readers primarily go to the site and they take the read off of the display.

However, there is an option to download the meter -- download the low-profile data from the meter, if necessary.
Q. So meaning, profile data meaning the daily usage, right?
A. Load profile is what you would refer to -- what I believe you referred to as the interval data.
Q. Yes. Okay. Thank you.

THE REPORTER: Excuse me. This is the reporter.

Are you saying "load" or "low"?
THE WITNESS: Oh, load.
MS. ARGUNOV: Load.
THE REPORTER: With a D?
THE WITNESS: With a D, yes.

THE REPORTER: Thank you.
MS. ARGUNOV: Okay. Well, I guess the rest of the question will have to go to Ms. Sains and Ms. McClenahan.

JUDGE HOWARD: Okay. Mr. Starkey, was there any redirect?

MR. STARKEY: Yes, Your Honor. Two really short questions.

## REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. STARKEY:
Q. Mr. Hagan, Ms. Argunov was asking about the difference between the $A M R$ and the $A M I$ meters.

And is the AMI network -- or is one next work more reliable than another when it comes to those meters?
A. Yes. The AMI network is more reliable than the AMR network.
Q. And when those meters are measuring energy, what unit of energy are both meters measuring for purposes of billing?
A. Kilowatt hours.

MR. STARKEY: Thank you. Nothing further, Your Honor.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.
I think that it might be a good time before we begin with our next witness, would be Allison Sains, that
we take, let's say, a 10 - or 15 -minute break. Let's say a ten-minute midmorning break. And let's resume here at 10:48 a.m.

And, Mr. Hagan, thank you for your testimony today. You would be excused from the rest of the hearing.

THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor. JUDGE HOWARD: All right. We are off the record.
(A break was taken from 10:38 a.m. to 10:50 a.m.)

JUDGE HOWARD: Let's be on the record. We're returning after our midmorning break.

Our next witness is PSE's Allison Sains. Am I saying your last name correctly?

THE WITNESS: Yes, you are.
JUDGE HOWARD: Okay. Great.
If you would please raise your right hand and I'll swear you in.

Allison Sains, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

THE WITNESS: I do, Your Honor.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.
Ms. Argunov, you indicated cross for this

1 witness.

So this is a specification for FOCUS AX meters. And it describes the display options along with type of billings that this meter supports.

So it looks like it's -- it was mentioned here. So there are two options, time of use and demand billing.

Which -- which one is PSE the one is using, time of use or demand?
A. So I am not an expert in the meter configuration. But we are not using either time of use nor demand billing at PSE.
Q. So I'm very confused.

So you said that your expertise is MDMS module. And this is part of the billing. So should I ask, then, later Ms. McClenahan?
A. Well, the FOCUS AX is the actual meter model itself. And that would -- questions about the meter itself would be for Mr. Ian Hagan.
Q. Well, it's not about meter configuration. What I'm asking is what PSE is using for billing. There are two options according to the description. It's time of use or demand billing.

So which one you're -- when you're talking MDMS, which one you're talking about, time of use or demand?
A. Well, when I read -- when I look at this document, those are display options on the meter itself and not talking about how PSE carries out its billing in the SAP or MDMS.
Q. Okay.
A. It's specific to the meter display.
Q. Okay. Then that would be my next question. So in the several testimonies from -- in your testimony as well as Ms. McClenahan, you were -- you were referencing to L+G platform. And the -- I was -- in one of the testimonies, there was a link.

So I followed the link -- and on the first page, so what I notice is that the billing order. And I notice the -- this thing which called MDUS.

So from my understanding, PSE is not using this module at all, MDUS. Is that a correct statement?

MR. STARKEY: Your Honor, I'm going to object to this. I'm not sure what Ms. Argunov is sharing, or if this is an exhibit submitted in -- a cross exhibit. I would object to that.

MS. ARGUNOV: This was a link in Ms. -- let me see. It was a link provided in Exhibit KM-1CT, page 6. So I followed this link.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. One moment. Let me catch up.

Mr. Starkey, are you able to -- my browser is a little slow at the moment. Are you able to confirm that this is the link from your witness's testimony? Because I'm wondering if it would be appropriate to take official notice of this technical standard.

MR. STARKEY: Yeah, Your Honor. I think it's from -- I don't know if this is from Ms. Sains or if it's from Ms. McClenahan.

JUDGE HOWARD: Yes. I believe it's -- it is from McClenahan, KM-1CT, page 6.

MR. STARKEY: Then, yes, that does appear to be correct.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Great. You may proceed, Ms. Argunov.

MR. JOHNSON: I'm sorry, Your Honor. Is Mr. Starkey withdrawing his objection to Ms. Argunov's

1 statement? Or is he -- is he confirming this is an
2 accurate document? I'm making sure because he did object
3 to the submission.
4

So my question is why PSE is always referencing

1 MDMS which is not even designed for interval processing 2 but doesn't use the MDUS instead?

So all -- both systems, largest ERP system, I would say, they have separate modules for processing interval data and handing it off to billing. And as you can see, this document was printed in January 6th. But I -- it's been there for a while now.

So my question is if SAP states that the billing of interval-related data profiles is called real-time pricing billing -- so this is something that is required as well, as I mentioned, in a -- my overview. So all interval data-related profiles are subject to separate billing process and calculations.

So, again, I'm going back to my question is that why PSE chose to recreate something by themselves disregarding the actual requirements of their own system, basically, their PC system that they're working with?
A. Is the question about why we're not using MDUS?
Q. The question if you're -- if you said that it wasn't available at that time, why you didn't use the one that are available in SAP?
A. So, again --
Q. Because it's a requirement.
A. So MDUS is not a requirement of exchanging data between an MDMS system and SAP. It is just a -- an application you can purchase so you don't have to build it in in-house.

Again, we had already built our interfaces in-house. So there was no need to purchase another application to exchange that data.

We are not using interval data for billing in any way. So this document, that RTP billing does not apply to us. We are not using interval billing.
Q. But this is the link that $I$ was provided, right? This is what $I$ was -- this is what you guys were referring to, right?

And if you go into the chapter of quantity determination, right, so it clearly states where they talk about a quantity determination during period that these -- this processes, they are relevant for discrete measurement data.

So as I stated, I don't know, were you present -- I can reshare. Just give me a sec.

Let me see if I can -- so it might be another requirement to use particular platform which is MDUS. But, again, according to U.S. Department of Energy, the consumption on 5-, 15-, 30-, 60-minute intervals, they are subject to communicating back to customers for billing, energy feedback, and time-based rates.

Also SAP documentation also references -- and I have it in my -- in my exhibits where the real time -all interval related -- and it clearly states here that

1 all interval-related data profiles are subject to
2 specific module. grant those objections.

Ms. Argunov, again, $I$ do recognize this is a technical matter. I would encourage you to try to pose specific, discrete questions to Ms. Sains.

And if you're going to share a different exhibit on your screen, like a moment ago you were sharing EACCH-7, just kind of verbally say what you're sharing so the court reporter can note it and then ask your specific question.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay. So I'll rephrase.
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. Again, my question is if PSE, major ERP system required a specific module for all interval-related data, why PSE doesn't use it -- doesn't use it?
A. Interval billing is not a requirement of a -- an AMI meter. This describes real-time pricing. We are not using that functionality in SAP.
Q. When you say the real time pricing, can you define what real pricing is?
A. So I'm not here to testify to SAP functionality. I would have to defer to Kristina McClenahan on SAP functionality.
Q. Okay. Thank you.

So question, Ms. Sains, about the discrepancies between interval usage values and meter reads.

Should I ask this question to Ms. McClenahan or

1 you -- you will be able to answer it?

So, Ms. Sains, there was a couple billings charged to -- large amounts were charged to my account. So I took the billing range for meter reads to make sure I compare like apples to apples, right? And this is what I'm seeing.

So according to meter read, daily meter read, the total for this particular billing period, which is from December 16th, 2029 to February 10, 2022, the total usage -- daily usage was 19 -- 1,900, right? I'm looking

1 at the interval and daily and it's 29.

However, looking at the billing, the same period of time, everything is the same, it is 8,300 .

So my question is how would you explain those huge discrepancies between meter reads, intervals, and billing?
A. So Landis+Gyr had a network issue in this area during that time frame. And MDMS was not receiving all of the reads on the meters during that period of time.

So when you're looking at the daily cumulative usage, you can see there are days where information is missed. We were also receiving partial interval reads for those days. That's why you have some values for intervals.

When you sum those up, there's data missing. So they will not reconcile.

The billing summary was based on the point-in-time cumulative billing reads. So that is just the billing read minus the prior billing read to determine your billing usage.
Q. So I wanted to go back to AMI system benefits, right, where it says that we, customer, can keep track of their daily usage and everything.

So in this particular scenario -- and I'm really trying to understand.

So how would I know which -- which values are correct? Because I don't have -- I don't have any reports. And I tried to figure out if PSE has any. So I don't have any reports showing the validation estimation process that was applied to both sides of -- because meter read and interval data are coming from the same source, which is smart meter. They are not different.

The problem is that there is no consolidated system that would reconcile those values, right? So, to me, looking at this, my actual usage was 2,900 , and I was billed for 8,300.

So how would I reconcile that? How the PSE customer will be able to obtain the data?
A. So your billing statement would have the cumulative reads and dates that it used to determine your billing usage. From this data, when there's data not received from the meter, you won't be able to sum up what those cumulative daily values are. You would have to refer to just those -- the point-in-time read for your bill.
Q. Thank you.

My next question would be about estimations.
Is this something that it's okay to address with you?

Or you would like me to ask this question of

1 Ms. McClenahan?
A. I can speak to the estimations that are completed in MDMS via the VEE process.
Q. Okay. Let me -- let me just bring this up. In a moment $I$ will be presenting Exhibit EACCH-4.

So this -- that happened already after VEE because these are summaries of the billing statements for Groesbecks' account. So the data was requested from PSE, right? And $I$ was looking into their accounts.

So it says that estimation formula based -formula based on previous month's consumption.

So the previous month's consumption. So I -first of all, there is no previous month consumption.

And then I tried to see where those estimations could possibly come from. So the averages, daily averages, would not come even close to 108.71.

So my question, going back to estimation rules, how the estimation rules work. And -- because in this particular case, it says "previous month." There was no previous months, right?

So -- and then, actually, those charges were charged in August of 2022 , right? So we're talking about, like, seven, eight months apart.

So how is it that this note stating that it was based on previous months -- and I cannot find previous

1 months, number one. And even if I look the previous
2 months in 2022, so I cannot find the average of 108
3 kilowatt hours anyways -- anywhere.

So where those numbers could possibly come from?
A. So this appears to be from the SAP billing statements. And I can't speak to that information. Kristina or Stacey -- Stacey Halsen would be able to talk to these numbers.
Q. Okay. Ms. Sains, VEE, validation estimation and editing process, is mandatory to all profile data at least?
A. We run VEE processes against our daily and our interval reads in MDMS.
Q. Mm-hmm. So going back to 41C and MDMS reads, right? So if I look -- let me unfilter the filters.

So when I look at my account, right -- wrong page.

So when I'm looking at my account and I see that a value -- and this is actually in meter read, neither in MDMS or meter read in the daily does not request. I just add that because I -- I wanted to see what's going to be the total of kilowatt hours.

So when I look at MDMS readings, all I see is a cumulative of 32,000 kilowatt hours. There is no daily -- there is no records of it.

So would that be correct statement if I say that none of the old -- all of those daily -- daily reads that are including -- included into this 32,000 , went through a validation check? Would that be correct statement?
A. MDMS did not receive that information. So it couldn't run VEE on something it didn't have.
Q. So if you say that -- in general the VEE process is mandatory. So why -- how PSE can validate with the amount that was billed to me without validation process for those records?
A. So when reads are received by the meters, the VEE process isn't -- you know, reads are assumed to be good unless they aren't in line with other information.

Primarily what we're doing is we're filling in gaps when reads are not received. You know, it's validation estimating and editing so that editing is putting in those estimation values.
Q. So --
A. If the meter recorded the information, then it's good.
Q. It's good.

Well, I -- about being it's good, we don't know, right, because it didn't go through the validation process. So we don't really know if it's good or not, correct?
A. I have no reason to doubt the meter. I believe it was tested. At some point the meters went through testing.
Q. Well, do you -- do you have, like, any statistical energy consumption around Washington state?

Like what would be the average per household per month, the kilowatt hours?
A. That's not -- yeah. That's not information that I have.
Q. So I wanted to present Exhibit 9C. EACCH-9C. Sorry. My laptop is syncing.

MR. JOHNSON: Your Honor, while Ms. Argunov is looking for that information, can $I$ chime in with a quick question.

JUDGE HOWARD: Mr. Johnson, the parties did have an opportunity to indicate their plan for cross time.

MR. JOHNSON: Okay. JUDGE HOWARD: So I would be hesitant to allow that.

MR. JOHNSON: Thank you.
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. I'm trying to find the part with the -- when UTC was allowing the rate increase where they were talking about average Washington usage kilowatt hours per month.

1 And I'm sorry, I couldn't find -- but $I$ will find it.
2 But it -- it's on UTC website as well.
So the average consumption per household, it's about 843 kilowatt hours.

So my question is seeing this amount of 32,000 kilowatt hours -- and it's less than the year which makes it almost 2,700 per month -- so knowing that we lived in trailer, used propane as a main source of heating, do you think from your perspective, 2,700 kilowatt hours per month, this is something that could actually happen while we were not even living in the house?
A. So I'm not an expert in the average usage for homes and trailers in the Cle Elum area. I would expect, due to weather conditions, it would be higher than average.
Q. So agree about the weather conditions.

But you -- I also wanted to point it out that 90 percent of Cle Elum residents, they do not use electronic heaters or anything. They use wooden stoves or propane. So we lived in our trailer using propane as a main source of heating.

And to me, 2,700 is not even close to what it might be -- what it should be -- what it should have been.

So this is why I was asking you about 32,000

1 kilowatt hours that were billed to my account without 2 even proper VEE validation process.

So is there any other investigation that was conducted when I addressed those billing issues with PSE?

MR. STARKEY: Your Honor, I am going to object to this line of questioning as testifying. JUDGE HOWARD: Yes.

Ms. Argunov, there was a fair amount of testimony preceding that question.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay.
JUDGE HOWARD: And I've -- I've noticed that in a few of your preceding questions as well, and I haven't commented on it. But $I$ cannot consider that testimony preceding your question.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay.
JUDGE HOWARD: I'm also a little concerned at this point that the witness might not be -- that there might be a -- what we call a foundation issue. The witness might not be familiar with these issues you're talking about.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay. Well, this is what I'm trying to understand because $I$ already asked questions about Mr. Hagan. He asked me to ask those questions to Ms. Sains.

Now I'm asking those questions to Ms. Sains and

1 now I -- so I'm trying -- I'm a little bit confused on
2 who I can ask those questions right now at this point,
3 you know. Because so far it's -- it's very challenging.
In general, for example, Mr. Hagan, right, he has -- from his testimony -- this is why I asked those questions because he said that he was responsible for data integrity, MDMS, et cetera, and interval readings. And my questions were two words, those systems. But then I was -- then I was told to ask Ms. Sains those questions.

So my concern is that is there any witness, so I won't waste anyone's time, that $I$ can ask all of these questions and who is comfortable to answer them?

JUDGE HOWARD: Well, I certainly see that -- I
15 mean, this is a -- you know, this is a multifaceted
16 issue. As I understood Mr. Hagan's testimony was
17 primarily focused on the meters themselves. And
18 Ms. Sains and the other witnesses were more focused on
19 the later processes for how that data is processed.
But your last question of Ms. Sains was about your actual energy usage and comparing that to statewide averages.

So I do feel we are going from topic to topic a little bit.

BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. Okay. Well, the -- my initial question was if $I$ see this lump sum cumulative in MDMS and don't see daily, my ultimate question was does it -- if it's correct statement, does it mean that none of the daily usage went through the validation process?

So if we could confirm that, that would be great.
A. So MDMS did not receive daily reads from the AMR meter. So we could not run VEE against data we did not receive.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay. Perfect. Thank you very much.

Thank you. That was my last question.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.
Mr. Starkey, any redirect?
MR. STARKEY: Yes, Your Honor. Three very brief questions.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Ms. Argunov, could you stop sharing your screen?

MS. ARGUNOV: Yes. Sorry.
JUDGE HOWARD: Thank you. It's all right.
MS. ARGUNOV: I have three screens I'm trying to navigate as soon as $I$ can.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION
BY MR. STARKEY:
Q. Ms. Sains, you mentioned earlier about not using demand.

Could you clarify, is that for these customers or just for customers in general?
A. So for residential customers, we do not use demand reads for billing.
Q. Great. And does PSE use real-time pricing, or interval pricing, for these customers or residential customers like them?
A. No. We only use the cumulative daily reads.
Q. And could you explain what a point-in-time read is and how that relates to a billing customer?
A. So each billing cycle has a billing day and a month. There's 21 different cycles. And we will go -we will get a read -- a daily read most closely aligned with the date that that cycle should be billed.

And so that day is what we use the read for. And -- and then the prior read would be from the prior cycle that was billed. And those two -- the difference between those two is that customer's usage for billing.
Q. I apologize. I'm going to go over because I want to clarify something there.

When -- does that read, does it just spit out 2,100 kilowatt hours? Or how are you -- how do you get to that difference?
A. So an MDMS, it's the -- the cumulative read that we're using. It's like a car odometer. It's tracking that total off from the meter. And so that total number minus the number that was used in the prior month, the difference between those two is your usage.
Q. And that total number, what unit of measurement is that in?
A. It's in kilowatt hours.

MR. STARKEY: Thank you. That's all I have.
Nothing further, Your Honor.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you,
Ms. Sains, for your testimony today. And you would be excused from the rest of the hearing.

Our next witness -- and sorry, again, for my horse voice here -- our next witness would be Kristina McClenahan.

MS. ARGUNOV: Your Honor, can I ask for five-minute break, please?

JUDGE HOWARD: Yes. Certainly.
MS. ARGUNOV: Thank you.
JUDGE HOWARD: Let's go off the record. And so we are off the record, and we'll go back on in five minutes.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { (A break was taken from } \\
& 11: 29 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m} . \text { to } 11: 36 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m} . \text { ) }
\end{aligned}
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JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Let's be back on the record.

We're returning after a five-minute break.
Our next witness is Kristina McClenahan.
I see you are -- I see your camera feed. Could you please raise your right hand and I'll swear you in?

Kristina McClenahan, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

THE WITNESS: I do, Your Honor.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.
And, Ms. Argunov, you may proceed.
CROSS-EXAMINATION
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. Hello, Ms. McClenahan. Good morning -- we're still morning, right? Good morning.

So I wanted to go back through your testimony, Exhibit $K M-1 C T$ and that link that you provided in that testimony.

So let me reshare my screen really quick.
So this is the link that $I$ followed, right, and so I'm looking at this screen. And as Ms. Sains already mentioned, right, so it looks like PSE doesn't use the module MDUS that potentially feeds data for billing processes. Is that correct statement?
A. If you're sharing your screen, I'm not seeing anything yet.
Q. Oh, I'm sorry.
A. Thank you.
Q. So this is, in general, describing the billing process, right? Where the output and there is a module that it's mentioned in a couple steps here, MDUS.

So Ms. Sains says that PSE does not use this current module, right?
A. That is correct. These are different options that SAP has available because they do have a very flexible system.
Q. Okay. So go -- I wanted to share this again. So going back to real-time pricing.

So in SAP documentation, it says that the billing of interval-related data, which our AMI meters are, is subject to separate module and they have a separate process before it goes to -- let me -- before it goes to -- let me -- before it goes to IS-USAP module.

So my question is why PSE does not use the real-time pricing billing?
A. PSE does not bill on interval data or use real-time pricing for billing purposes.
Q. Well, that's where $I$ think a little bit of disconnect. Because as I stated in my prefiled

1 testimonies, and as stated in U.S. Department of Energy.
2 So when you have an AMI meter -- and I can read this -- I
3 already read it, but $I$ can read it again.

And I also would object that it's a compound question.

JUDGE HOWARD: I -- I will grant the objection.

I think -- you know, Ms. Argunov, it's -- we have a lot of formalities that we have to follow but there are reasons behind them. And perhaps we can -- we can just make clear as initial starting point that you're referring to Exhibit EACCH-7.

MS. ARGUNOV: Yes.
JUDGE HOWARD: And if you can try to have a relatively minimal introduction to your question and just pose one question at a time to the witness.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay.
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. So let me try to put a shorter question. Okay. So I'll try to rephrase that.

Our AMI meters have two components, meter reads and interval data. According to SAP, ERP information as I shared in the exhibit before as well as AMI system or overview, the interval data related is a subject for a billing.

My question is why PSE is not using interval billing -- interval data for billing?
A. PSE provides interval data as a courtesy to our

1 customers so they can see how they're utilizing data.

MR. STARKEY: Objection. Your Honor, I'm going to object to that as argumentative.

JUDGE HOWARD: I will -- I will grant the objection as -- as essentially assuming facts not in evidence.

Ms. Argunov, perhaps -- perhaps we can pose this question of why without -- without asserting -- if we haven't already established it through another question, without asserting that PSE has failed to comply with some

1 sort of specific standard. Maybe ask why they're not
2 doing what you think they should be doing.
3 BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. Okay. So why PSE doesn't use the real-time price billing where it says that the interval-related data is subject to specific module in SAP?
A. So SAP is a very flexible system. It enables lots of different options for utility companies. PSE does not use real-time billing or real-time pricing at this time.
Q. Okay. So the AMI meters do read and transfer the data into meter reads and interval profile data in intervals, right, 15-minute intervals, correct?
A. I'm not an expert on how our meters read or process that data.

However, my understanding is the interval data is used as a courtesy for our customers and is not transmitted to SAP. It is not transmitted to SAP for any billing purposes as we do not bill interval data.
Q. Thank you. I guess I can proceed to the next question.

Ms. Halsen -- I'm sorry. McClenahan. Okay. So quick question.

On your testimony, exhibit -- let me just grab really quick.

Pages 16 and 17, when you were discussing our accounts, you were talking about the reasoning behind very -- catch up bills, right, that's what we call it. And you mentioned the COVID protocols.

So what was the time frame when those processed calls were in effect? Could you specify the time period?
A. I would need to defer to Stacey Halsen as I don't have the exact dates that those COVID protocols were in place.
Q. Okay. Thank you.

My next question -- give me a second, please.
So I wanted to refer to your -- to your testimony in Exhibit KM -- $\mathrm{KM}-1 \mathrm{CT}$, page 15. Rows 10-15 through -- sorry. Hold on.

Yeah, page 15 rows, 12-21. Where you state that if there is a validation failure, the employer will use tools like meter data linked to attempt to call the meter to see if they are able to receive an actual read.

So question about account -- Johnsons' account, the one that was charged for 15,000 kilowatt hours per month.

So there were 19 consecutive times the error on the account showing -- let me see what is it called?

USN estimation rule error which states that it is assigned when a CP has identified a meter to not have

1 a customer or disconnected.

So my question is how is it after 19 consecutive times there were no employee from PSE that would come and check this meter test -- or test it was the meter because it clearly shows the error that I didn't -- I didn't even see on any of our accounts.

MR. STARKEY: Your Honor, I'm going to object to foundation on that one.

BY MR. STARKEY:
Q. I will rephrase.

So considering the number of consecutive errors on the account where you stating in your testimony the errors would result in employee review and there was no such review. So why it didn't happen with Johnsons' account?
A. These errors are specific to MDMS and are not errors within SAP. And I'm not an expert in MDMS. I would refer to Allison Sains' testimony around what those errors mean.

The SAP validation, the tools and the way that -- what you expressed in Exhibit KM-1CT, page 15, with my response 12 through 21, is what happens within SAP once we receive, or don't receive, a meter read from MDMS in kilowatt hours.
Q. So there are different types of errors, correct,

1 that you reviewed or not reviewed by PSE Staff, correct?
A. I'm unclear what the question is.

For SAP specifically, I can speak to the validations that we check. Once we receive or do not receive meter reads from $M D M S$. There are validation checks within SAP.

MS. ARGUNOV: Thank you. Let me just go over the question really quick.

Yeah. I think my next question would be addressed to Ms. Halsen. This is -- this was my last question. Thank you.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Do we have any redirect? MR. STARKEY: Yes, Your Honor. One, maybe two questions. I'll wait for -- - yep. Perfect. Thank you, Ms. Argunov.

## REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. STARKEY:
Q. So, Ms. McClenahan, is there a requirement that PSE use interval data for billing?
A. There is not.
Q. And does PSE use real-time pricing for billing?
A. Not for these residential customers, no.

MR. STARKEY: Great. Thank you. That's all I have.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. That -- I would like to thank you for your testimony.

We would next turn to -- the next witness would
be Stacey Halsen. We're a few minutes away from noon right now. It would probably make sense to take a lunch break. For a Zoom hearing, I normally take a 45-minute lunch break. You know, let's -- let's go off the record.
(A break was taken from
11:53 a.m. to 12:45 p.m.)

JUDGE HOWARD: Let's be back on the record.
It's 12:46. We're returning after lunch.
Our next witness is Stacey Halsen. And I see that her video feed is on.

Ms. Halsen, could you please raise your right hand and I'll swear you in.

Stacey Halsen, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

THE WITNESS: Yes, I do, Your Honor. JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.
Ms. Argunov, you may proceed.
CROSS-EXAMINATION
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. Hello, Ms. Halsen. So my first --
A. Good afternoon.
Q. Good afternoon.

My first question would be about the COVID protocols time period.

So when was the start -- the beginning and the end of the COVID protocols?
A. The governor's proclamation was effective March 23, 2020. At that time, we went into -- actually the company created a team called the COVID crisis management team. And we -- based off of the governor's proclamation, made decisions on how we were going to follow and be in compliance with his proclamation. That was effective March 24, 2020. And that proclamation ended May 31, 2020.
Q. So May 31, 2020. Okay.

So in a couple testimonies, I think Ms. McClenahan, and you also, were explaining the delays for the catch-up bills, right, due to COVID protocols.

Our account didn't start until July of 2020. This is where AMR meters were installed.

So I'm -- I still wanted to follow up with you and understand that -- if I understand correctly, the protocols COVID were not in effect already when the -- my AMR meter was installed.

So what actually cost the -- the catch-up bill -- to catch up for that long, almost 12 months?
A. Well, what actually caused the catch-up bill is kind of a combination of many factors. COVID is one of those meaning that during the COVID -- even during the COVID protocol where we were limited to central duties, we still were sending meter readers out to get actual reads on the actual meter.

As far as the delay and certain types of work due to the proclamation, even though it only lasted for two months, during those two months, even one day getting behind on work for a company as large of ours with a service territory over a million electric customers, that one day multiplied over two months, that's a lot of backlog to catch up on. You have to remember back during COVID, people that were getting sick, when they were tested positive for COVID, they automatically had to be quarantined for ten days. So you're taking people out of the workforce for ten days. That puts the company even further behind.

We did, like I said, put meter reads, actual reads off of the meters themselves to get those billing corrections processed. And like it was referred to earlier like the true-up bills, to correct the estimates that were underestimated, or overestimated, and bill for the actual usage.
Q. Thank you.

My second question would be is validation, estimation, and editing process.

Is this a mandatory step for billing -- well, I would say before it goes to the billing.

MR. STARKEY: I'm going to -- objection to foundation there, Your Honor.

JUDGE HOWARD: Ms. Argunov, I think the objection is going to foundation which would be is the witness familiar with this -- with this topic.

So perhaps we could ask Ms. Halsen if she's familiar with this subject area first about the validation $I$ believe your question was about.

MS. ARGUNOV: Yes.
THE WITNESS: No. I do not understand your question.

Can you rephrase that and $I$ will see if it's something that I feel I am knowledgeable in? BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. I thought when I asked Ms. McClenahan, she said that $I$ can address this with Ms. Halsen, if I'm not mistaken. But it's okay.

Ms. Halsen, on the page 2 of the Exhibit SBH-1CT, you were stating that if $I$ was right and PSE quadruples our energy bills, then the customer average consumption would be 200, 250 kilowatts month.

My question is do you have a data source showing your calculations?
A. I'm not sure what you mean by "data source."
Q. Any kind of reports where -- because you stated that if I would -- I was correct, the monthly usage for our houses would be 200, 250 kilowatt hours.

So do you have something to -- or any exhibit to present your calculations that you mentioned?

MR. STARKEY: Your Honor, I'm going to object to misstating testimony. That is not what her testimony states. And it applies to customers and PSE service territory in general and not the specific customers here. JUDGE HOWARD: Ms. Argunov, I will grant the objection. I think I'm grasping the distinction that the testimony was about customers in general.

But please feel free to pose that question about customers in general because that is what she's testifying.

MS. ARGUNOV: I'm not sure how I can rephrase that. It wasn't really -- I was not talking about our accounts. I was just talking about the general statement where -- where Ms. Halsen stated that if I -- if I would -- what $I$ was stated would be right and they quadrupling their energy bills, right, so then the average consumption would be 200,250 kilowatt hours.

So I was just wondering if there is any -- any document that can be shared or presented so we can see those calculations.

Because according to my calculations pertaining to our four accounts, it would be different amounts which is around 600 kilowatt hours.

This is why $I$ was asking about this specific statement.

JUDGE HOWARD: Certainly. I certainly -- I
believe -- if I'm recalling correctly, I think maybe you just had used the phrase "our accounts" or something like that in your original phrasing of the question.

But do feel free to pose a question about that testimony to the witness. I think that there's maybe just a word in there that made it sound like -MS. ARGUNOV: Okay. I'll remove "our." JUDGE HOWARD: Yeah. BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. Again, on page 2 of the exhibit of the $\mathrm{SBH}-1$, you stated, if $I$ was right, and PSE quadruples their energy bills, then the customer average consumption would be 200, 250 average kilowatt hours per month.

Do you have any data source showing these calculations -- document, Excel format, whatever that is?
A. No, not that I'm aware of.

What -- I'm reading the testimony. And what it says is the allegations that the PSE AMI meters are quadrupling the kilowatt hour measurement would mean that the kilowatt hour per customer would be approximately 200, 250 kilowatt hours. Which would be impractical -practically below the average for all the utilities in the state of Washington.
Q. And what is the average usage per customer in Washington State?
A. Well, that varies. It depends on several different factors. It depends on what the customer has inside their home, where they live, what the average temperatures are outside. What their individual habits are, usage habits. What they keep their heat on. Their hot water, how many showers they take. How much laundry is being done. Whether they're washing in hot or cold. It's not really possible to answer your question with a definite number. There's just too much different factors.
Q. Okay. So meaning that the statement from your testimony, so how is it the numbers that you provided -because you did mention the average for the customer, right? So we don't really know.
A. If you take the 250 kilowatt hours and multiply that by four, that's an average of 1,000 kilowatt hours.

1 And that's what that's based on is an average of 1,000
2 kilowatt hours per month per customer. theory. It's just a fact that $I$ put out there with the

1 supporting presentation.

JUDGE HOWARD: Well, I see -MS. ARGUNOV: I apologize. JUDGE HOWARD: -- Ms. Argunov, I do see what you're getting at. I won't tell the witnesses necessarily to use a different word. I don't think that's necessarily an argument -- an improper argumentative term.

But I can tell you I will give all the weight -the evidence the weight it deserves when $I$ review everything in light of the record.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay.
JUDGE HOWARD: And one person saying something is a theory will not -- will not control the entire case.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay. Thank you very much. BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. Ms. Halsen, I have a question about the complaint -- informal complaint and also complaint first was original with customer service that Johnsons addressed with their extremely high energy bills.

My question is were you involved into investigation of this particular account?
A. Yes, I was.
Q. And what steps were taken and when to investigate the situations that the Johnsons were

1 complaining about?
A. When the Johnsons first contacted our customer service department, our agents reviewed their usage. They saw that there were no estimated reads. They were all actual reads. They did offer to have the customers' meter tested, and it was tested. They also offered to have the customer speak to an energy advisor who can better go through their home and what it is using and help them find ways to reduce their electric consumption.

At no time during the review with the customer service department, or during the informal complaint, did we find anything wrong with PSE's billing of the usage or our system's calculation of the usage.
Q. Do you remember specific details that the Johnsons provided to customer service and then informal complaint supporting their issues with the meter?
A. What do you mean by -- rephrase your question.
Q. The background situation. Why they thought it can't be that much of a kilowatt hours charged to their account.
A. Yes. What $I$ recall is that saying there was no electrical outlets wired inside the home. And in the discovery, we were presented with communication in -with the Johnsons and their contractor that talks specifically about what electricity was being used in the

1 home when the permanent meter was set and when they
2 started using the electrical heat inside the home. That
3 is in the Exhibit 4. Are you familiar with that?
4
5
6
7

MS. ARGUNOV: Yes.

JUDGE HOWARD: So -- and, of course, I can't consider that because $I$ have to rely on your testimony at other points when you're -- when it's essentially your turn to testify.

So I'll grant the objection.
MS. ARGUNOV: Yeah. Okay.
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. So, Ms. Halsen, how long was the test performed for Johnsons' meter?
A. How long did the meter test take when the meter tester was out there?
Q. Yeah, yeah. How much time did it take to measure and test?
A. That's not my testimony. I think that might have been part of Ian Hagan's testimony as far as how long the test. I can just provide that with the data provided in the informal complaint, it's just that the meter was tested and found to test accurate within the requirements from the WAC. And it was verified in the informal complaint that the Johnsons were billed for actual usage on their permanent meter.
Q. Were you aware of multiple -- well, 20 -- 30, to be exact, consecutive different type of errors on their account looking -- and if you had a chance to look at their MDMS readings when you investigated their claims.

1 Sorry.

THE WITNESS: Did you say MDS or MDUS, Ms.
Argunov?
MS. ARGUNOV: MDMS.
THE WITNESS: MDMS. Okay.
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. Yes.
A. Okay. MDMS reads were not part of the informal complaint. The informal complaint is based on the billing reads. So you have an actual read at the beginning of the billing period and an actual read at the end of the billing period.

So the informal complaint -- the compliance check on my end is that they were billed accurately. There was no estimated usage. The usage was accurate. There were no errors in the billing.
Q. So just to confirm, so you -- during this investigation, you have not reviewed their MDMS readings, correct?
A. It was not necessary to review the MDMS readings because that is not part of the kilowatt hours billed for the usage during the billing period.
Q. Okay. Thank you.

Oh, yeah. So I wanted to share with you the Exhibit EACCH -- and it's okay if you don't know the answer, but $I$ thought it doesn't hurt to ask.
A. Sure.
Q. Let me share my screen with you.

JUDGE HOWARD: Do you have the exhibit number so we can note that for the record?

MS. ARGUNOV: Yes. It's EACCH-4.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. So this is the Groesbecks' account. And the estimations and charges on the account back in August of 2021, where they were billed for previous eight months, I believe.

And when we requested the data from $P S E$, so we were given this explanation of how the estimation formula works. So in this particular scenario, the 108 kilowatt hours per day, this was the estimation.

So, Ms. Halsen, can you specify maybe the specific rules or maybe you can -- looking at this data, where do you think this average -- estimated average is

1 coming from? asking? redirect? Thank you.

BY MS. GAFKEN:
A. This was actually part of Kristina McClenahan's testimony. Not mine.

Did you have a question more about the estimation process in general? Is that what you're
Q. Yes. Because $I$ was trying to do the math, and it didn't match up. So I was going to ask -- so it would be a question to Ms. McClenahan?
A. Yes. That would -- that's part of Ms. McClenahan's testimony.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay. Then I think -- I think that was my last question to you. Thank you very much. THE WITNESS: Thank you. JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Do we have any MR. STARKEY: No, we do not, Your Honor.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Public Counsel also indicated cross for this witness. You may proceed. MS. GAFKEN: Thank you.

CROSS-EXAMINATION
Q. Good afternoon. My name is Lisa Gafken. I'm an assistant attorney general representing Public Counsel.

How would you like me to address you today?
A. Oh, Ms. Halsen is fine.
Q. Great. Ms. Halsen, would you turn to your cross answering testimony, which is Exhibit $\mathrm{SBH}-7 \mathrm{~T}$ and go to page 6, lines 9 through 11.
A. One moment, please. I need to find that in my exhibits here.
Q. Sure. Take your time and let us know when you get there.
A. Okay. I have it here.
Q. At lines 9 through 11, you state both the Argunovs and Groesbecks received an AMI meter around the same time in 2021, in July and August respectively. This was before the AMI rollout was scheduled for the area.

Is that correct?
A. That is correct.
Q. Would you please turn to Cross Exhibit SBH-8X?
A. Did you say page 8?
Q. It's Exhibit 8 -- 8X.
A. Just a moment, please.

All right. I have that now. Thank you.
Q. Thank you. And I just want to make sure that I understand what was happening. I'm not raising an objection.

But was Mr. Starkey handing you the exhibit?
A. Yes. The exhibits. Yes. That's not something I have printed or have memorized.

So, yes, I have those now.
Q. All right. Thank you.

So Cross Exhibit $\mathrm{SBH}-8 \mathrm{X}$ is a copy of Puget Sound Energy's response to Public Counsel's data request No. 7; is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And the response date set installations for Cle Elum in June of 2021 , correct?
A. Yes. Deployment for that sector, that ZIP code, began in Q2 of 2021.
Q. Okay. Would you please turn back to your cross answering testimony, Exhibit SBH-7T? And return to page 6. And this time we'll look at lines 7 to 9.
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. There you state that PSE stopped all noncritical fieldwork, including work related to malfunctioning or nonfunctioning meters, correct?
A. Correct.
Q. Okay. I'm going to refer you to another cross exhibit. So if you can please turn to Cross Exhibit SBH-9X.
A. Okay.
Q. Okay. Cross Exhibit SBH-9X is a copy of Puget

1 Sound Energy's response to Public Counsel's data request
2 No. 36, correct?
A. Correct.
Q. And in that data request, Puget Sound Energy was asked about how COVID 19 protocols prevented timely replacement of the Argunovs' and Groesbecks' meters, correct?
A. Correct.
Q. Okay. I would like you to look at the response that's in subsection (a). And there Puget Sound Energy refers to Governor Inslee's Stay Home, Stay Healthy Proclamation, correct?
A. Correct.
Q. On page 2 of that exhibit, utility workers were identified as essential workforce, correct?
A. For the electric industry, correct.
Q. And you testified earlier in response to Ms. Argunov's questioning that PSE was still sending people out for meter reads during the Stay Home, Stay Healthy proclamation; is that correct?

## A. Correct.

Q. Okay. Looking back at page 2 of Cross Exhibit SBH-9X, please refer to subsection (b). And there Puget responds that it seized working on investigations of noncommunicating AMR meters; is that correct?
A. Correct.
Q. Could you explain what that means, what investigation of noncommunication -- I'm sorry, noncommunicating AMR meter means?
A. Yes. That would actually mean sending out someone who is educated to look at the meter and determine why it is not communicating with the network.
Q. Okay. So I just want to make sure that I'm understanding this correctly. So I'm going to ask you whether you can confirm or correct my understanding.

Did Puget then continue to send people out to do basic meter reads but not people to figure out if there was anything wrong with the meter reads because it wasn't communicating?
A. That is correct. In order to be in compliance with the estimated rule $W A C$, we did send meter readers out on meters that were not communicating with the network to be able to obtain actual reads from the meters registered so that we could bill them for actual usage.
Q. Okay. Thank you.

Please turn to Cross Exhibit SBH-10X.
A. I'm sorry. Repeat that. SBH --
Q. Sure. SBH-10X.
A. 10 X ?
Q. Correct.
A. One moment, please.
Q. Sure.
A. Okay. Thank you.
Q. Perfect. Cross Exhibit SBH-10X is Puget Sound Energy's response to Public Counsel's data request No. 23. Is that correct?
A. Correct.
Q. In response to subsection (a), PSE responded that the first enhanced message management case was created on March 15, 2021, for the Groesbecks' account, correct?
A. Correct.
Q. Can you explain what the enhanced message management case also calls EMMA, E-M-M-A case is?
A. Yes. EMMA case is a system-generated work order that goes to, depending on what type of case it is, goes to a certain department to be worked manually. In this case, these EMMA cases were worked by our billing performance team. And they were to determine -- or to review the number of estimates on the accounts and determine what steps needed to be taken to obtain actual usage from the meters.
Q. On page 2 of Exhibit $\mathrm{SBH}-10 \mathrm{X}$, the response to subsection (a) describes a second EMMA -- I'm sorry. Let me start that over again. I'm stumbling over my words.

On page 2 of Exhibit $\mathrm{SBH}-10 \mathrm{X}$, the response to subsection (a) describes a second EMMA case that was generated on May 13, 2021; is that correct?
A. Correct.
Q. And that second case was completed on August 18, 2021; is that correct?
A. Correct.
Q. And it was during the second EMMA case that it became clear that the Groesbecks' meter required replacement, correct?
A. Those service orders that were created were to go out and obtain actual reads from the meters to bill the customers for actual usage. They weren't cases to determine the functionality of the meter or the communication issues with the meter.
Q. Okay. But the -- the response on page 2, still looking at section (a), did state that at this time it became clear the meter needed to be replaced and the service notification was created. Correct?
A. Yes. What that is is that they had previously obtained reads from the meter, and the meter reads were still estimating. Meaning that the communication with the network was still not communicating reads to our system for billing.

And that, yes, there would need to be a meter

1 replacement. We were not replacing AMR with AMR meters 2 because it was the AMR communication that was obsolete. 3 And, therefore, those needed to be AMI meters.

MS. GAFKEN: Okay. I don't have any questions to ask about Cross Exhibits SBH-11X, 12X, or 13X. But I understand that those are in the record.

So I can conclude my cross-examination here. Thank you, Ms. Halsen.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Is there any
redirect following that cross?
MR. STARKEY: Yes. Just one or two questions,
Your Honor. Thank you.
REDIRECT EXAMINATION
BY MR. STARKEY:
Q. Ms. Halsen, are you aware of whether or not it was PSE or a contractor that was installing AMI meters or replacing AMR meters with AMI meters?
A. For two of these customers, they were replaced by PSE ahead of schedule for the AMI deployment in that area. One of them was in September. That was actually replaced by our contractor. That was deploying the AMI meters with our mass deployment process.
Q. Okay. And for those two meters that PSE installed, is that typical? Or is someone else usually

1 installing that meter?

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you for your
testimony today.
Our next witness would be Aaron Tam with Public
Counsel. Sorry for my voice there.
Mr. Tam, can you hear me all right?
THE WITNESS: Yes.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Great. If you would please raise your right hand, I will swear you in.

Aaron Tam,
having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.
JUDGE HOWARD: Thank you.
And let me review my notes here. I believe PSE indicated a brief cross for this witness.

MR. STARKEY: Thank you, Your Honor.
CROSS-EXAMINATION
BY MR. STARKEY:
Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Tam. How are you doing?
A. I'm a little sick as well. But luckily this will be pretty short. Thank you.
Q. I'm sorry to hear that. I'll keep this pretty short.

So, Mr. Tam, isn't it true that in 2019, Public Counsel opposed PSE's transition to AMI meters?

MS. GAFKEN: I'm going to raise my objection again. This is going to be about the cross exhibit and the advocacy in the 2019 rate case. Which is -- the issues in that case are completely different from the issues in this case. Rate cases that the utilities rates and one of the issues was cost recovery of the AMI system.

But as I stated earlier in my objection, Commission has already ruled those issues are settled. And I would argue that they are irrelevant to the complaint here.

JUDGE HOWARD: I --
MR. STARKEY: Your Honor --
JUDGE HOWARD: I will -- please respond, Mr. Starkey.

MR. STARKEY: Your Honor, I have two points to that.

One I think that goes to weight and not

1 necessary relevance.

And point number two is that the relevance here is pretty clear because Public Counsel is advocating for potentially leveraging penalties based off of whether or not the AMI meters were replaced quick enough and the AMR meter functionality as well.

JUDGE HOWARD: I --
MS. GAFKEN: May --
JUDGE HOWARD: Go ahead.
MS. GAFKEN: I'm sorry, Judge. I was just going to quickly respond to that, if I may.

JUDGE HOWARD: Go ahead.
MS. GAFKEN: We're not asking Commission to penalize the company in this docket because those would be subject to a separate complaint.

What we are asking is that the Commission issue a complaint against Puget to look into the violations that both us and Commission staff have identified.

JUDGE HOWARD: Thank you.
I have considered Public Counsel's objection. For the time being, I will allow Mr. Starkey to explore this issue, and I will give it to the weight it deserves. I do believe that there is some -- some -- some relevance here or likely relevance.

So please proceed, Mr. Starkey.

MR. STARKEY: Thank you, Your Honor.
BY MR. STARKEY:
Q. Mr. Tam, I'm going to repeat that again just so that it's clear for the record.

Isn't it true in 2019 Public Counsel opposed PSE's transition to AMI meters.
A. So that -- that 2019 general rate case, just as -- for some context, that predated my employment at the Public Counsel unit. I began employment in

November 2021. But from my reading of the post-hearing brief, it's my understanding that Public Counsel opposed the wild -- the large-scale deployment of AMI meters and did not oppose AMI meters as a whole.
Q. Okay. And isn't it true that in 2019 Public Counsel was not concerned with the AMR network failure rates?
A. That is correct. Public Counsel stated that the AMR failure rates, based on PSE's own research, was less than 5 percent.
Q. And my question was a little different. Was Public Counsel concerned with those failure rates?
A. No, they were not. They believed that there were other measures that could be taken to address those failure rates.

MR. STARKEY: Thank you. That's all I have. JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Mr. Tam, thank you for your testimony today.

Oh, I'm sorry. I'm sorry. I was --
MS. GAFKEN: Yeah.
JUDGE HOWARD: -- I went off script.
Ms. Gafken, please go ahead with your redirect.
MS. GAFKEN: A very brief redirect. And
actually I wasn't sure if my audio had glitched because my headphones just told me they are low. So hopefully they hold out for just a moment.

## REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MS. GAFNEY:
Q. I just have one redirect question, I think, Mr. Tam.

Are systemwide AMI failure rates the same as individual customer experiences with failure rates?
A. No, I do not believe so.
Q. How are they different?
A. In this case, the general rate case was speaking to the recovery of wide scale -- large-scale deployment of AMI meters.

In this case, we're talking about a -- a few customers that were experiencing issues with their AMI meters. And there were ways to address those issues such

1 as obtaining manual meter reads and -- a timely fashion. As well as potentially replacing them with functioning AMR or AMI meters.
Q. If a customer is experiencing meter failure, does it matter whether the company as a whole is experiencing either a high or a low failure rate from that customer's perspective?
A. From the customer's perspective, I don't believe so.

MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. That's all I have, Your Honor.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you. And thank you, Mr. Tam, for your testimony.

We will next move to Staff's witness, Sheri Hoyt. And I believe Ms. Argunov indicated approximately 15 minutes of cross-examination for Ms. Hoyt.

Do we have Ms. Hoyt joining us? I see her camera feed. Can you hear me all right?

THE WITNESS: Yes.
JUDGE HOWARD: If you would please raise your right hand I'll swear you in.

Sheri Hoyt, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

THE WITNESS: I do.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Thank you.
Ms. Argunov, you may proceed.
CROSS-EXAMINATION
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Hoyt.

My first question to you is a little bit to know more about the informal complaint structure.

So when a customer -- there is a customer complaint about billing or other type of the billings, is there any particular divisions that investigate each particular type? Or all -- all division, like, can answer or file -- help with the complaint investigation for any type of complaint?
A. So we have a team of five complaint investigator plus myself. And we investigate all of the complaints that the consumer protection office receives that are regulated issues. We don't specialize or divide up the complaints.
Q. So the -- when $I$ filed my informal complaint, the staff or person who is reviewing and investigating it based on what I provided, do they have any knowledge of AMI system and -- well, in this particular case, billing process? Not at high level, I'm talking more detailed level.
A. I'm sorry. Could you repeat?

Did you say when you filed your formal or informal?
Q. Informal. Whoever was investigating it.
A. So we have a basic knowledge -- Commission staff has a basic knowledge of what an AMI meter can do for customers. It's two-way communication, to our understanding. There's also features that a company may offer to its customers such as looking at daily usage through its website account. It's -- AMI is slightly different than AMR. Our understanding is that AMR is one way, meaning that the company can't communicate to the meter such as a remote reconnect or disconnect. And the meter doesn't -- an AMR meter doesn't provide -- doesn't tell the company whether the power is out.
Q. Okay. And so during investigation of my formal -- informal complaint, excuse me, informal complaint, there was a file similar to what $I$ have in EACCH-41 where I provided some facts and some sources to look at, right? Because $I$ knew that it's a little bit more -- getting more technical, right, data management.

So have -- during any step in your investigation, was this file reviewed with PSE?
A. So I'm not familiar with the exhibits as Commission staff isn't a party. So I'm afraid I don't know how to answer that question if $I$ don't know what

1 exhibit -- what the information is in the exhibit.
Q. So the tool, my informal complaint, I attached the Excel file with all the information from my account including some resources. So my question was if this was reviewed during the investigation with PSE?
A. Cory Cook [phonetic] was the complaint investigator. And I also spoke with you about the complaint. We both reviewed that data and had no feedback for it.
Q. Okay. Yeah. I remember Cory too.

So does Cory have any background in accounting, or billing, or data management?
A. I'm sorry. I couldn't answer what Cory's background is. I would not want to misspeak about what his background is.
Q. Okay.

So what -- thank you for your answers.
Another question would be what is the time frame for the informal complaint to kind of -- the whole -- to finish the whole circle?

For example, today I filed an informal complaint. How -- how is it working? How much time do you think is appropriate to spend investigating some more complicated cases or informal complaints?
A. There's a lot of factors that go into an

1 informal complaint investigation. Not in any order of
2 importance; staffing, number of complaints, the type of
3 complaint. We have about six or seven industries we 4 regulate. We take complaints about all of them. And 5 it's hard to say. It's what the complaint needs. We 6 keep at it. I don't really know how to -- we don't have 7 a time limit. Companies have a set limit for when 8 they're supposed to respond. But there are no set 9 timeline to follow for the -- for Staff to investigate.

1 whether or not those violations occurred more or less 2 relevant.

JUDGE HOWARD: Ms. Argunov, would you like to respond?

I think the issue is that we've -- we've kind of -- that we have escalated this to a formal complaint level. And now we're taking a fresh look at whether these violations have occurred.

So your going into exactly how the informal complaint was handled may -- may not be informative if we're trying to --

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay.
JUDGE HOWARD: -- decide if these violations occurred.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay. Agreed.
BY MS. ARGUNOV:
Q. My last question would be, Ms. Hoyt, so could you please explain the status of informal complaint showing as Company upheld?
A. I'm not sure what you mean by "status."

Could you rephrase that?
Q. So when you look at the public records, there is a type of informal complaint which is service, et cetera. And another one is -- let's say result. Either customer held or Company upheld.

When it says "Company upheld," what does it mean?
A. Just what it implies. That Commission staff found in favor of the company.

MS. ARGUNOV: Okay. Gotcha. Thank you very much. I don't have any more questions.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.
JUDGE HOWARD: Any redirect?
MR. CALLAGHAN: No, Your Honor. And if those are all the -- oh, I remember you had some questions for Ms. Hoyt. Thank you.

JUDGE HOWARD: I believe I have a couple of questions. They might -- there might just be one.

Ms. Hoyt, have you reviewed Public Counsel's testimony in this docket from Aaron Tam?

THE WITNESS: I reviewed Public Counsel's testimony. I'm sorry, I don't recall whose name was on it.

JUDGE HOWARD: Oh, that's fine.
Do you -- and we can -- we can open this document if you -- if that would be helpful to you.

Do you have that handy, Aaron Tam's testimony AT-1T.

THE WITNESS: I don't. But if you'll give me one moment, I will find it.

Can you tell me the date it was filed? I received copies of these, but I have not been following it religiously.

JUDGE HOWARD: It was -- I believe it was filed on February 9th.

THE WITNESS: Okay. That helps.
JUDGE HOWARD: And I don't -- I'm not sure what's going on with our Cases app. My browser is sometimes slow to load things from Cases the last few days.

Ms. Gafken, would you happen to have a page site handy in Aaron Tam's testimony for where Public Counsel is asserting the violations it's asserting?

MS. GAFKEN: Yes. Let me see if I can get something that's helpful. There's a summary, both at the beginning and the end of the testimony. And I'm trying to get my hands on a site for you.

MR. CALLAGHAN: So, Your Honor, I'm looking through that testimony now. It looks to me like the beginning of page 8 might be where it is -- it starts to talk about the additional violations.

JUDGE HOWARD: Thank you. That's right. Yes. It's page 8. I just opened it myself.

Ms. Hoyt, do you have that?
THE WITNESS: Not yet. Mine is -- mine is

1 not -- if somebody could drop me a link to it out of
2 Cases, that would probably be quicker than me trying to
3 scroll through for it.
MR. CALLAGHAN: I will do that, Ms. Hoyt. I will send it to you.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.
JUDGE HOWARD: We'll give you just a moment.
MS. CALLAGHAN: I sent it in an e-mail.
THE WITNESS: Thank you.
MS. GAFKEN: Judge Howard, I'm not actually sure I'm still connected.

JUDGE HOWARD: It looks like your video is frozen, but I can hear you. I may be having issues hearing you right now.

THE WITNESS: All right. I have the document open. What page would you like me to go to?

JUDGE HOWARD: I believe page 8. Let's start with page 8. So --

THE WITNESS: Okay.
JUDGE HOWARD: And are you familiar with -- I believe you indicated you have reviewed this in the past, does this look familiar to you?

THE WITNESS: I have read this. Yes.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Do you have any opinion as to the additional violations that Public

1 Counsel asserts took place?

THE WITNESS: Well, I don't for the service responsibility under 480-100-148. I have not seen that applied before to a not -- to a meter that was having problems communicating with the network.

There were also recommendations about penalties,
I believe -- scrolling quickly. My apologies -- for the 7th month that the Company billed but then credited in that corrected bill.

Is that the other one you're asking about? JUDGE HOWARD: Well, there's a few. Let me see.

So one of them -- well, let's take -- we'll just take them basically one category at a time.

THE WITNESS: In order. Okay.
JUDGE HOWARD: One is Public Counsel asserts
that PSE did not have a single billing period which was based on actual beginning and ending reads for a year, which would be a violation of WAC 480-100-178(1)(i)(ii).

Do you have an opinion as to that claim? THE WITNESS: For which customer? All three customers had slightly different circumstances. JUDGE HOWARD: I believe it was -- it was pertaining to the Argunovs.

THE WITNESS: Okay. One moment.

JUDGE HOWARD: And that's referred to on page 8.

THE WITNESS: Yes. I don't have a recommendation. The rules do allow them to estimate. Violations were recorded because they had estimated too many billing periods in a row.

JUDGE HOWARD: Okay. I might ask you about one more here in particular.

If you look to line 11 on page 8 of Mr. Tam's testimony, it is starting at line 11 going to line 14 , it says, "Additionally on July 29, 2021, PSE issued billing corrections to the Argunovs' electricity bill for the past year in violation of WAC 480-100-178(5)(a). Underbilled amounts may only be billed for up to six months from the date the error occurred."

Did I read that correctly?
THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I'm not seeing that on page 8.

JUDGE HOWARD: Page 8 of Mr. Tam's testimony, lines 11 through 14.

THE WITNESS: Page 8 of 13?
JUDGE HOWARD: Lines 11 through 14 on page 8.
THE WITNESS: Yes.
MR. CALLAGHAN: So, Ms. Hoyt, based on the page numbers at the bottom of the document, not the PDF
numbers.
JUDGE HOWARD: Ah.
THE WITNESS: Thank you.
MR. CALLAGHAN: Sorry.
THE WITNESS: No, that's okay. I'm sorry. I was looking at the PDF document.

Okay. Yes. I'm there now.
JUDGE HOWARD: All right. So there's the assertion that there's a violation for issuing billing corrections after the deadline establishing rule.

Do you have any opinion as to that claim?
THE WITNESS: Give me one moment to look at that, the complaint.

I don't. I'm sorry, Judge Howard. I don't really understand the question in that do $I$ have a recommendation. No violations were recorded for that by the investigator.

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Do you have any basis to agree or disagree with the Public Counsel's opinion that there was a violation of that particular Commission rule?

THE WITNESS: For the Argunovs?
JUDGE HOWARD: For the Argunovs.
THE WITNESS: To be honest, the reason I'm stumbling on this is because there was three separate

1 complaints. I was not the investigator for either of
2 them -- for any of them. But I did review them.

1 so then they released the bills for the three months that 2 had not billed.

JUDGE HOWARD: I appreciate it.
So that would conclude the examination of witnesses. And we will now allow the parties a chance for brief oral closing statement, hopefully limited to approximately 15 minutes. And $I$ will follow the same order of parties that $I$ have been following today. If we -- if anyone would like to request a break, we can take a short break. Otherwise, I am happy to -- to continue on through.

Is there any request from a party for a break at this time?

MS. ARGUNOV: Your Honor, if five minutes could be granted, that would be great.

JUDGE HOWARD: That's perfectly fair. So let's be off the record.

> (A break was taken from 1:51 p.m. to 1:56 p.m.)

JUDGE HOWARD: All right. Let's be back on the record.

We're going to resume our hearing with the oral closing statements from the parties. And I would turn first to Ms. Argunov.

MS. ARGUNOV: Thank you, Your Honor. CLOSING ARGUMENTS

MS. ARGUNOV: So I just wanted to read my

1 statement because it's just easier to put it all
2 together.

1 That's all. That's all I have. So meaning that those 2 values are also not going through any validation process.

1 didn't use this as an option either. So which is, again,
2 both modules, either of them is a required step to
3 calculate the interval data. But PSE keeps saying that
4 there's no such requirements. I might be not an
5

1 there is basically no one to help us with support. So if
2 I wasn't clear enough today, I apologize. But I hope
3 that all the exhibits and testimonies will help us to
4 bring -- to bring closure and justice.

MS. GROESBECK: Yes. I have a short one.

JUDGE HOWARD: Please proceed.
CLOSING ARGUMENTS
MS. GROESBECK: My final thoughts on this matter are when building a new home, specifically in Kittitas County, many energy credits are needed to be met in order to get your plans approved in the beginning and, again, in order to get a certificate of occupancy to move into your home. Those include, but they are not limited, to energy efficient appliances, faucets with a low gallons per minute usage, specific windows designed for maximum insulation, and efficient hot water tanks that utilize a heat pump, for example.

Additionally, a blower door test is required to show that the room does not leak air which would cause the heating system to work overtime.

After meeting all required energy credits and speaking with energy advisors and adjusting our lifestyle in order to use the least amount of energy possible, we still wonder why we are receiving such high bills, bills that are much higher than similar homes in our area. Homes that we have confirmed are extremely similar in size and type of heat source used. I simply ask that the following is considered.

Some part of the system is clearly wrong and that might not be so easy for Puget Sound Energy to

1 understand because they're not the ones who have hours. And that's a key point. And that in and of

1 itself counters many of the points that Ms. Argunov is
2 raising.

The meter itself measures energy usage in kilowatt hours. There does not need to be any sort of conversion when that data and that information goes from the meter to MDMS. Or from MDMS to SAP.

Ms. Sains, for example, explained why there might be a gap in the information that Ms. Argunov was pointing to. That when if you have MDMS and there might have been estimated reads or estimated bills, that data doesn't show up in the interval information that it provides to customers.

But a key point there is that PSE does not use interval data for billing. It does not use interval billing. And it is not required to do so. PSE bills customers based off of the beginning read for the month, and the ending read for the month. And how it does that is that the energy used, it works like an odometer. Where if you look at the evidence, you'll see that a customer's read might say 1,000 -- 1,552. And then the next month it will say 2,552 . And that would show you that 1,000 kilowatt hours were used between those months. So there's no calculation that needs to be done other than subtracting the end read from the beginning read. So there really are two questions here.

One, which is what violations might have occurred?

And, two, should penalties, or at least should a recommended -- recommendation be made to consider penalties in another proceeding?

So let's start with the very first question.
And PSE does admit that there were too many estimated bills in certain instances. And it also corrected the errors for the Groesbecks, and the Groesbecks received a couple of bills that were corrected bills. And Commission staff found violations for the Groesbecks. PSE acknowledges that and is not contesting that. Those were mistakes that were made and it owns them.

Now for the Johnsons, I do want to note that it is unclear whether or not Public Counsel is claiming there was a violation there. But a key finding with the Johnsons' case in the informal complaint is that there was good cause for the weight between issuing a bill. Because PSE went out and tested the meter because there were high initial bills. So PSE waited before sending that bill and releasing it to the customer to make sure that that meter was reading correctly. Ultimately that meter was reading correctly, which is why then that bill was released. And in the informal complaint and here,

1 you should find that there was good cause for that delay.

1 a condition that will enable it to quote, furnish safe, 2 adequate, and efficient service, end quote. The key 3 point here, again, is that the customers were receiving 4 safe, adequate, and efficient service. There was no 5 interruption of service here. And that's what that WAC 6 applies to.

Now Public Counsel does identify additional violations that it claims to have with the Argunovs' AMR meter, which had multiple estimated reads. And, again, PSE does acknowledge that estimated reads occurred with the Argunovs. That was not part of the informal complaint. And nor did the customers pursue that in

Nevertheless, a key point to consider here and what gets to whether or not there was an impact on the customer is that for the Argunovs and their AMR meter, they were not negatively impacted because they were given a credit of $\$ 1,600$ to make sure -- because PSE was not going to bill them for any sort of estimated read beyond what they're allowed to do.

So the Argunovs for that AMR meter and where there was multiple estimated reads, they were not charged in the end for the full amount of electricity that they used with that AMR meter.

So then let's get to that second question which

1 is whether or not fines should be imposed or whether or
2 not there should be a recommendation to consider
3 penalties.

1 billed based off of actual energy used. informal complaint and it continued to do so.

Another factor is whether or not the Company promptly corrected the violations and remedied the impacts. And their solution here to avoid future issues was to install an AMI meter. And that is what PSE did. And PSE did that ahead of schedule. And a key point is that typically the AMI meters are installed by a contractor. And they have a schedule that they'll go through for that area and eventually they'll do it neighborhood by neighborhood.

What happened here is that PSE realized that that was not going to be happening quick enough so they sent out their own technicians to then install an AMI meter. And if you look at when the AMI meters were installed, the estimated bills did not happen as frequently. And there was no other violation of the WAC after the AMI meters were installed.

One of the final two considerations here is the number of violations. Commission staff found nine violations and we -- and PSE wants to highlight that those violations occurred over the course of a few months.

During COVID and while PSE was transitioning customers to AMI meters. So those violations are unlikely to happen again.

And then, finally, the other consideration is to

1 the number of customers affected. And here again, the
2 factors weigh against the imposition of fines or the
3 opening of a new proceeding. The violations here are
4 specific to two customers; the Argunovs and the
5 Groesbecks. And they are tied to the AMR network that
6 has now been replaced. There's no evidence that there's
7 a widespread issue with estimated bills. There's no
8 evidence that there's an issue with the meters in
9 general. And the issues specific to these three
10 customers have been resolved.

Puget Sound Energy takes this obligation to serve customers with reliable electric service seriously, and makes sure that customers not only receive electric service, but also will make sure that they're only paying for the energy that they use. And the Commission should consider that totality of circumstances here when considering whether or not to either issue penalties or open a new proceeding.

The circumstances here show that PSE remedied the situation, that the AMI meters are working as designed for these customers, and that this is not a part of a larger issue.

And on that basis, PSE requests that you will find violations only where appropriate and decline to impose penalties and decline to open a new proceeding.

1 Thank you.

JUDGE HOWARD: Thank you. I would now turn to Public Counsel.

MS. GAFKEN: Thank you. CLOSING ARGUMENTS

MS. GAFKEN: Aaron Tam testified in Exhibit AT-1T, page 10, compounding effects of the estimated bills, the numerous bill corrections, and unknown high energy bill ratings, resulted in the Groesbeck household being nearly disconnected and the Argunov household applying for energy assistance.

While PSE has paid very little consequence, these customers were surprised with sudden and large arrearage payments and put them at risk for disconnection.

The impact of this case has been tremendous on customers. Yes, we are only talking about three households among Puget's millions -- over a million customers. But this case is very important to those individual customers. So I caution against saying this is a small case or an inconsequential case.

Public Counsel continues to request that the Commission consider bringing a separate complaint for rule violations. Ms. Hoyt for Staff provided a good explanation today about the valuation -- I'm sorry, the

1 violations Public Counsel noted with respect to the
2 Argunov account relating to WAC 480-100-178(5)(a).

MS. ARGUNOV: I think, Your Honor -- I think

1 he -- he was off the meeting around 12:30 because he said 2 his wife was in the hospital with her brother and he had 3 to go to the meeting.

4

13 frozen. over here. here.

MR. STARKEY: We're having the same issues

JUDGE HOWARD: Sorry. Was someone trying to raise something?

MR. STARKEY: Your Honor, you just froze for a while there.

MS. ARGUNOV: We couldn't hear you.
MR. STARKEY: For a few seconds.
JUDGE HOWARD: Okay. I'll start from the top

So I was thanking all the parties for their participation in this proceeding. And I was letting

1 parties know that under Commission rule, I need to issue

So unless the parties have anything further, we are adjourned. Thank you.
(The hearing concluded at 2:24 p.m.)

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C E R T I F I C A T E
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STATE OF WASHINGTON
COUNTY OF KITSAP

I, Carisa Kitselman, a Certified Court Reporter in and for the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript of the videoconference hearing is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 28th day of March, 2023.


CARISA KITSELMAN, RPR, CCR \#2018


