Time-Varying Rates Pilot Year One Findings

Interested Party Engagement 1

March 26, 2025



Introductions & Ground Rules

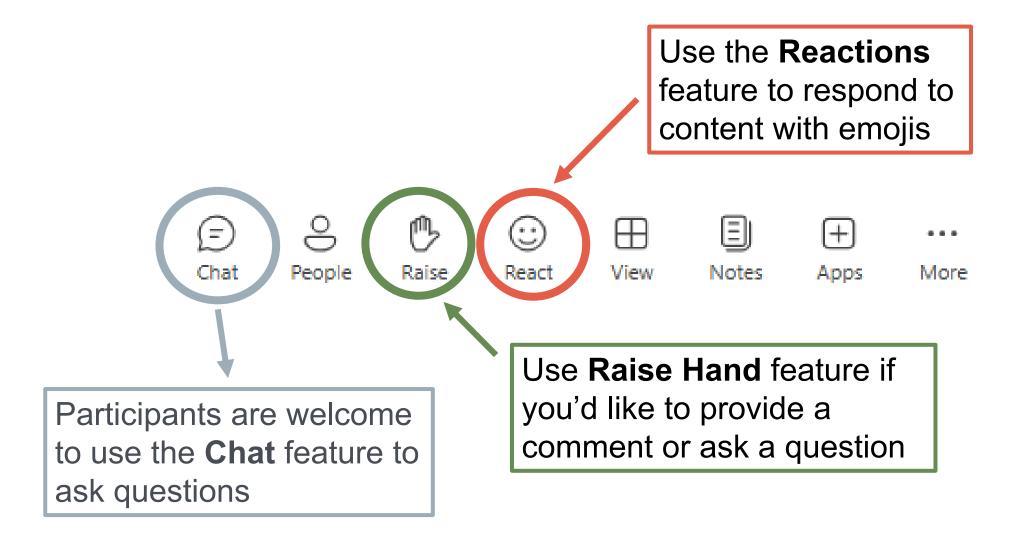
Presenters:

- Malcolm McCulloch, Manager New Products and Services, PSE (Malcolm.McCulloch@pse.com)
- **Birud Jhaveri**, Director Regulatory Affairs, PSE (<u>Birud.Jhaveri@pse.com</u>)
- Clint Stewart, Senior Product Development Manager, PSE (<u>Clint.Stewart@pse.com</u>)
- David Ladd, Associate, Energy Services, Cadmus (David.Ladd@cadmusgroup.com)
- Zachary Horvath, Senior Associate, Energy Services, Cadmus (<u>zachary.horvath@cadmusgroup.com</u>)

Ground Rules:

- Meeting is being recorded; please mute yourself
- Come with a clean slate and open mind
- Engage constructively and courteously towards all participants
- Respect the role of the presenters to guide the discussion
- Avoid use of acronyms and explain technical questions
- Leave the meeting with a clear sense of next steps

Welcome to our Virtual Meeting!



Agenda

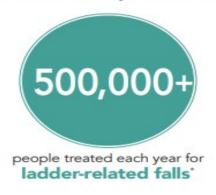
- Safety Moment
- Time-Varying Rates History
- Pilot Design & Customer Engagement
- Year One Customer Survey & Impact Findings
- Future State Strategy



Safety Moment

Ladder Safety and How It Affects Everyone

The numbers speak for themselves.







annual cost to the U.S. for work loss, medical, legal, liability, and pain and suffering **expenses from falls**

Whether you're using a ladder at home or at work, these numbers affect YOU.

2 most common ladder accidents include:



1. Missing the last step when climbing down



2. Overreaching

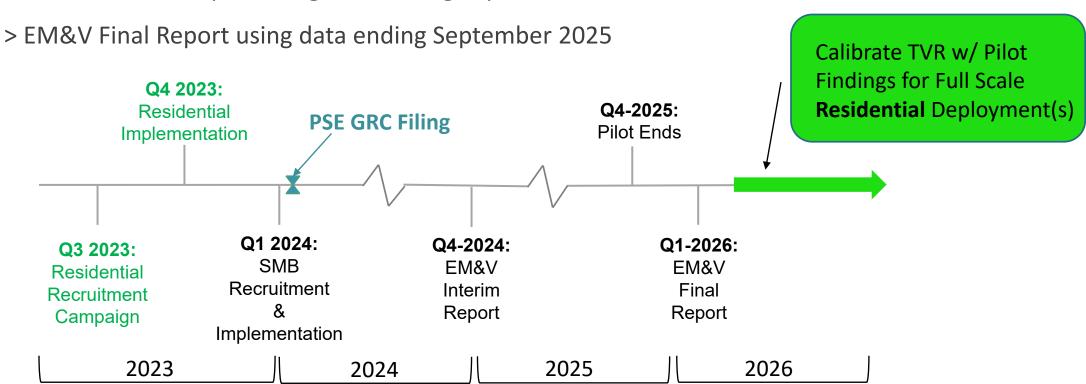
Time-Varying-Rates History



TVR Pilot Timeline

Pilot Duration October 2023 through September 2025

> EM&V Interim Report using data ending September 2024



TVR Pilot Objectives

System Cost Minimization

Lower system costs by influencing customer usage patterns

Customer Choice

Increase customer choice by offering more rate options

Equity and Accessibility

Enhance equity and accessibility by providing customers the means to control their energy costs through alternative rate designs

Renewables Integration

Expand renewable generation integration by providing demand-side pricing tools

Winter Peaking Utility Insights

Collect TVR customer response for PSE's winter-peaking service territory

TVR Pilot Overview

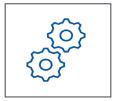


Two-year Pilot 2023 – 2025

Customer Recruitment and Enrollment: Aug – Sept 2023

Pilot Year 1: Oct 2023 – Sept 2024

• Pilot Year 2: Oct 2024 – Sept 2025



Implementers

Brattle Group, Uplight, and GridX



Target Populations

Residential, residential income eligible, and small commercial customers



Treatment

Three pricing treatment types and six pilot treatments:

- **2-Period TOU** (Residential, Residential LMI)
- 2-Period TOU + PTR (Residential, Residential LMI, SMB)
- 3-Period TOU with Super Off Peak (Residential EV)



Low Income

Residential income eligible customer pilot enhancements

- Enabling technology (50%)
- Bill protection (50%)

Interested Party Engagement & Customer Research

3 Rounds Of Interested Party Engagement

- Opportunities to share objectives and develop ideas in a collaborative environment
- Venue to hear and incorporate important interested partys' concerns and feedback in advance

5 Virtual Focus Groups

- Residential Customers (low/med/high income), SMB owners, EV drivers
- Understand how customers think about TVRs and their potential impact on usage behaviors
- Test TVR product concepts to assess overall interest, appeal, and barriers to acceptance
- Validate recommendations for rate/pilot design

Key Themes & Findings

- Customer choice, meaningful price signal + savings opportunities
- Environmental benefits (e.g., integrating renewables)
- Equity and accessibility

Rate Designs

Energy rates reflect those approved in most recent rate case (Schedule 7 - \$0.13 first 600 kWh, \$0.15 thereafter)

	Residential TOU Schedule 307	Residential TOU+PTR Schedule 317	Residential 3-Period TOU Schedule 327	Commercial TOU+PTR Schedule 324
Winter (Oct-Mar)				
Peak (7am-10am & 5pm-8pm weekdays)	\$0.50	\$0.27	\$0.48	\$0.26
Off-Peak (All other hours, weekends & holidays)	\$0.10	\$0.12	\$0.12	\$0.11
Super Off-Peak (11pm-7am all days)			\$0.07	
Summer (Apr–Sep)				
Peak (5pm-8pm weekdays)	\$0.32	\$0.24	\$0.26	\$0.23
Off-Peak (All other hours, weekends & holidays)	\$0.10	\$0.12	\$0.12	\$0.11
Super Off-Peak (11pm-7am all days)			\$0.07	
Full Year				
Peak Time Rebate (Event-based)	\$0.00	(\$0.67)	\$0.00	(\$0.66)
Peak: Off–Peak Ratios				
Winter	4.9 : 1	2.2 : 1	6.7 : 1.7 : 1	2.3 : 1
Summer	3.1 : 1	1.9 : 1	3.6 : 1.6 : 1	2.0 : 1
Estimated Peak Impacts (Brattle's Arcturus model)				
Winter	5.5%	3.5%	5.5%	3.5%
Summer	3.4%	3.3%	3.4%	3.3%
PTR Event Day		6.0%		6.0%

Open Q&A



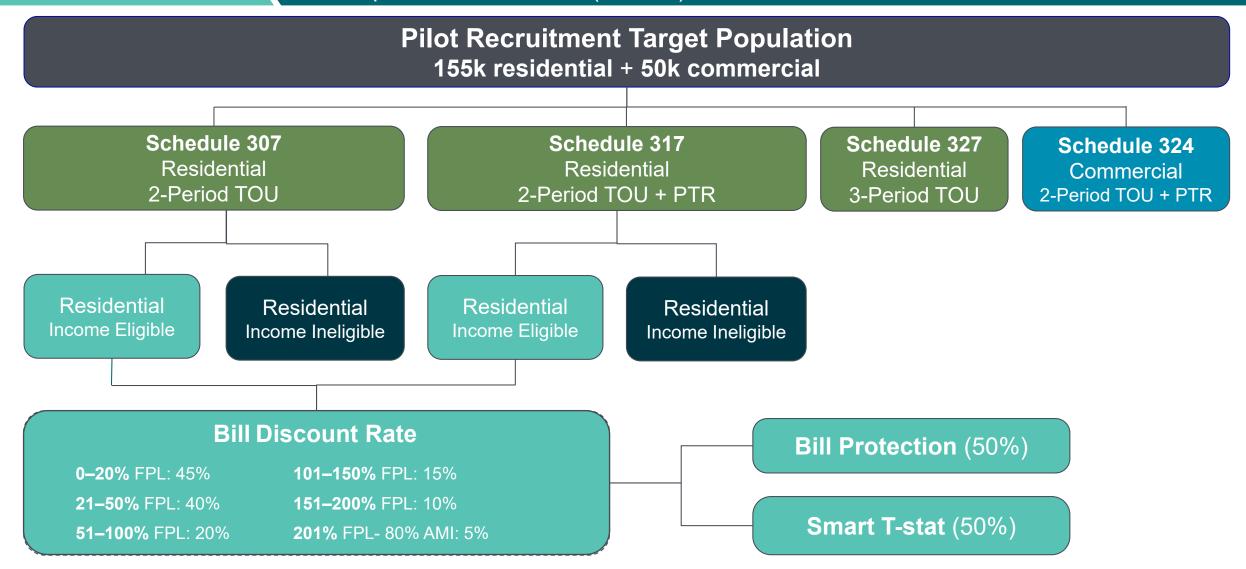
Pilot Design & Customer Engagement



TVR Pilot Design

14

Rate Implementation Phase (24 mos)



Recruitment Strategy

Customer Segmentation Report	Customers recruited from random sample of eligible customers w/ matched control group	
Recruitment Waves	Pre-selected customers broken into multiple recruitment waves until recruitment targets/enrollment caps are reached	
Rate Education Report	Customers in each wave were sent personalized recruitment materials & invited to participate	
Enrollment	Customers must complete enrollment survey for EM&V & the first 7,500 customers will receive a \$25 bill credit	
Post 10/1/23	"Organic" unsolicited customers can choose to enroll in available rates	

Pilot Treatment Groups

- Undertook statistical power calculations to determine the minimum sample size required for each of the pilot treatments (low case and high case)
- Random sampling with a matched control group

Customer Class	Rate	Min Sample Size	Max Enrollment Cap	PY1 Enrollments
Residential	TOU	1,000	2,000	1,600
	TOU+PTR	1,500	3,000	2,500
Residential - Income	TOU	1,000	2,000	1,300
Eligible (IE)	TOU+PTR	1,500	3,000	2,300
Residential	3-Period TOU	500	1,000	1,000
Small & Medium Business (SMB)	TOU+PTR	2,000	4,000	1,100
Total		7,500	15,000	9,800

CUSTOMER JOURNEY

S

OUTCOME

Engagement Strategy for TVR Pilot

Personalized, connected rates customer journeys that that drive outcomes

Build Awareness

Inspire Confidence

Motivate Action

Personalized Rate Education



Rate Education Reports
Print & Email Versions

Rate Comparisons



Rate Advisor Web Tool
Shadow Billing & "What-if" Analysis

Deepen Load Shift



Rate Coach Emails and TOU Alerts Weekly, Monthly, and High Bill Alerts

Rates Adoption Increase participation in opt-in Rates.

Ease transition to opt-out Rates.

Of targeted customers enrolled in a TOU rate

Shadow Billing

Personalized bill comparisons build rate switching confidence

Of TVR enrollees

94% reported using the Rate
Advisor Tool

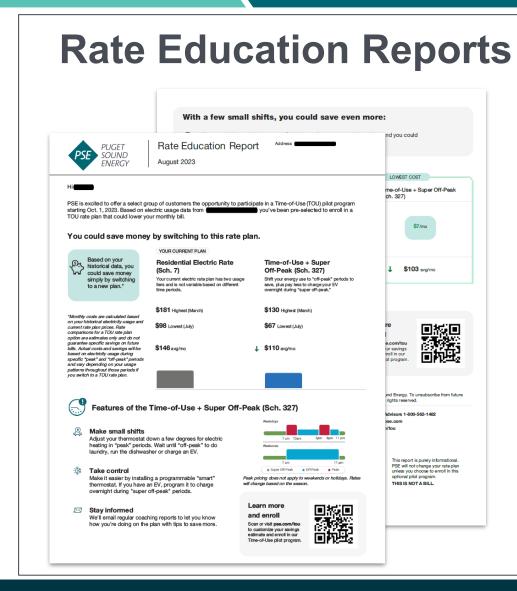
Load Shift

Set customers up for success on their new TOU rate

94%

Of TOU customers took action to shift usage

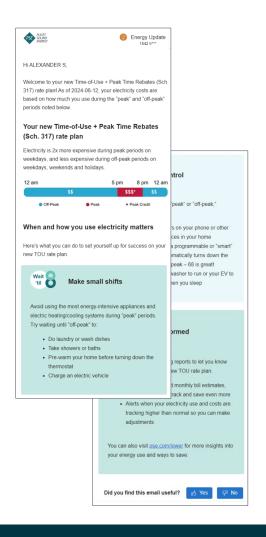
Customer Engagement Tools



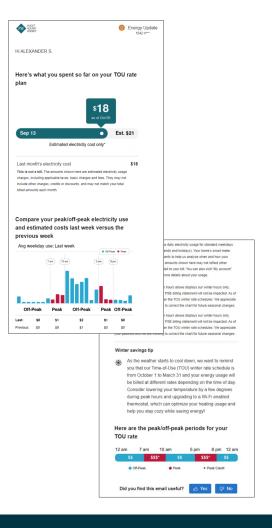
Rate Advisor Web Tool Time-of-Use (Sch. 307) Your Current Plan This Plan Residential Electric Time-of-Use (Sch. 307) Personalized Estimate Rate (Sch. 7) \$133 (\$31) avg/mo \$164 avg/mo \$162 avg/mo Based on your usage from the Based on your behavior past 12 months. selections. Based on your usage from Edit Selections the past 12 months. Plan Details Time-of-Use (TOU) is an optional rate plan featuring "peak" and "off-peak" periods during the day when electricity rates are higher or lower to reflect the varying cost of supplying energy during that time. If you shift your use during designated "peak" periods to times of the day when electricity rates are lower, you may lower your monthly electric bill. Pay less than your current rate during all other "off-peak" periods and on weekends/holidays. The usage costs per kWh includes TOU base energy rates only. Any credits or surcharges implemented by other tariff schedules which are added to the rate(s) shown below are available on the Rates schedule summaries page and allow you to view a specific rate schedule summary of itemized prices by selecting the service type and linking to the current price summary. * Summer Weekday Usage Costs per kWh * Winter Weekday Usage Costs per kWh (Apr - Sept) 5 pm 8 pm 12 am 12 am 7 am 10 am 5 pm 8 pm 12 am Off-Peak (12 a.m. - 5 p.m. & 8 p.m. - 12 a.m.) (12 a.m. - 7 a.m., 10 a.m. - 5 p.m., & 8 p.m. - 12 a.m.) \$0.064* Peak (5 p.m. - 8 p.m.) (7 a.m. - 10 a.m. & 5 p.m. - 8 p.m.) *Displayed rate does not include additional taxes trackers riders, surcharges and credits that will be added to the rate at the time of billing

Rate Coach Email Sequence

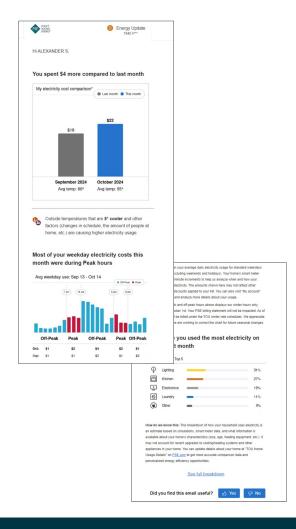
Welcome Email



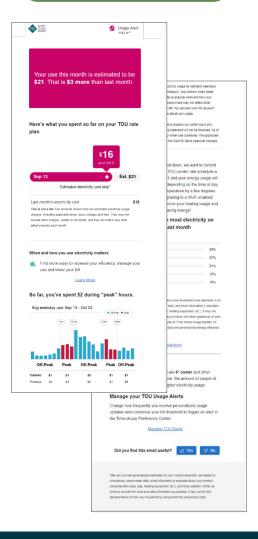
Weekly Update



Bill Summary



High Bill Alert



Open Q&A



Year One Customer Surveys



TVR Pilot Participant Surveys

Enrollment Survey (2023)

PSE surveyed all enrollees upon their enrollment: Information about the household prior to participation

Non-enrollment Survey (2024)

Cadmus surveyed customers who received outreach/marketing for the pilot but who did not enroll (why not?)

Winter Experience (Year 1 - 2024)

Cadmus surveyed participants about their experience with the pilot after their first season with TVR rates (Winter)

Summer Experience (Year 1 - 2024)

Cadmus surveyed participants about their experience with the pilot after their second season with TVR rates (Summer)

Winter and Summer Experience surveys will be run again in Year 2 (2025)

Cadmus will survey pilot participants again in Year 2 Looking for trends and persistence over time

TVR Pilot Participant Surveys - Residential

Customers Used the Tools

94% of TOU participants used the Rate Advisor tool to evaluate rate options

- 88% found rate comparisons easy to understand
- 84% said rate comparisons influenced their enrollment decision

Only 34% of non-enrollees recalled seeing the Tool

High Recall and Usefulness Ratings

	Recall Rate	Usefulness (10- point scale)
TOU Weekly Updates	90% (Winter) 98% (Summer)	7.1 (Winter) 7.2 (Summer)
TOU Monthly Summaries	92% (Winter) 94% (Summer)	7.3 (Winter) 7.6 (Summer)

Building TOU Rate Literacy

Over 80% of Rate Coach recipients correctly identify morning and evening on-peak periods during the winter TOU season

90% of Rate Coach recipients correctly identify evening on-peak periods during the Summer season

Customers Took Action

92% (Summer) to 94% (Winter) took action to reduce usage during on-peak periods

- Most shifted laundry and dishwashing
- Most EV drivers shifted charging schedule

Of those who took action, 71% (Winter) to 79% (Summer) agreed it was easy to shift usage (fewer changed temp setting in Summer)

Survey Differences by Income Groups

Income Eligible Customers

- More satisfied with bill savings
 - +0.5 to +0.9 higher ratings on 10-point scale
- Find load shifting less inconvenient
- More concerned about cold in winter
- More likely to be electric-only customers

Income Ineligible Customers

- Less satisfied with savings
- More concerned about changing their schedules and their level of effort relative to savings
- Among non-enrollees, more likely to say that potential savings are not enough and not concerned about bill increases

TVR Pilot Participant Survey - Commercial

Commercial Enrollment

Businesses responded to print more than email

- 78% of enrollees recalled learning about TVR from <u>printed</u> <u>mailings</u>
- 80% of non-enrollees recalled TVR outreach, and 74% of them said they heard about TVR via email from PSE

Recall and Usefulness Ratings

	Recall Rate	Usefulness (10- point scale)
TOU Monthly Summaries	68% (Winter) 90% (Summer)	7.4 (Winter) 6.4 (Summer)

Survey response rate fell by half from Winter to Summer

TOU Rate Literacy Less than Residential

About 50% correctly identify both morning and evening on-peak periods during the Winter season

56% correctly identify evening on-peak periods during the Summer season

27% (Winter) to **36**% (Summer) thought 10am-5pm was on-peak (FALSE)

Commercial Customers Took (Less) Action

58% (Summer) to 63% (Winter) took action to reduce usage during on-peak periods

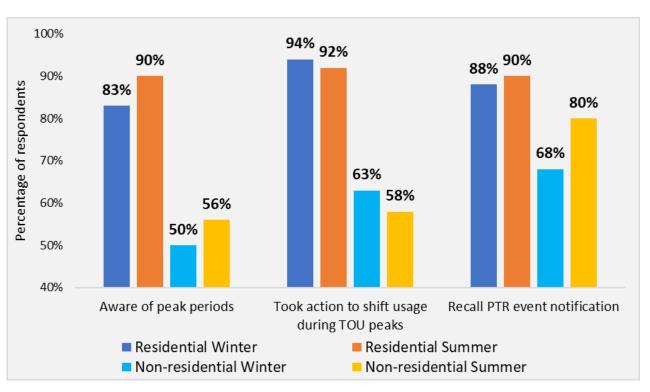
- Most shifted equipment, about half used less lighting
- Biggest difficulty was equipment that needs to stay on

Of those who took action, 62% (Summer) to 65% (Winter) agreed it was easy to shift usage

Survey Differences: Residential vs. Nonresidential

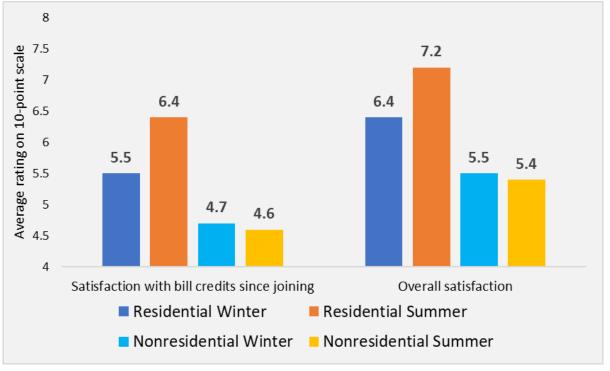
Residential participants are more engaged

- Aware of peaks
- Actively shifting usage from peaks
- Recall PTR events



Residential participants are more satisfied

- Residential ratings were higher in Winter, and improved after Summer
- Nonresidential ratings were lower and did not improve



TVR Pilot Participant Surveys: Smart Devices

Enabling Tech: Smart Thermostats & EV Chargers

- 98% of residential enrollees have wi-fi internet
- 74% of 327 (super off-peak) had smart thermostats
- **53%** of Income Ineligible (307+317) had smart thermostats
- 37% of Income Eligible (307+317) had smart thermostats
- **30%** of Businesses (324) had smart thermostats
- 84% of 327 (super off-peak) have EVs, 97% charge at home

Opt-out Free Smart Thermostats

11 BDR customers who received <u>opt-out</u> smart thermostats took the Winter survey:

- 100% recalled receiving the thermostat
- But only 9% (one household) installed it

Use of Smart Devices to Shift Load

Used smart devices to shift load off peak:

- About **35**% of Income Ineligible (307+317)
- About **25%** of Income Eligible (307+317)
- And 62% of Super off-peak (327)
- Businesses: 36% Winter and 50% Summer
- About 80% using smart devices use smart thermostats
- 68% of Super-off peak also use smart EV chargers
- Also using smart plugs (29% res), smart lights (28% res)

Opt-in Free Smart Thermostats

10 BDR customers who received <u>opt-in</u> smart thermostats took the Summer survey:

- 90% recalled receiving the thermostat
- But only **10%** (one household) installed it

Open Q&A



Year One Impact Findings



Impact Evaluation Methodology

Objectives

Estimate average electricity demand (kW), energy (kWh), and bill impacts (\$) for each pilot treatment group

Step 1: Nonparticipant Matched Comparison Groups

- Selected nonparticipant matched comparison group for each pilot treatment group
- Nonparticipants were eligible for pilot, but did not receive marketing and did not enroll organically
- Nonparticipants filtered for each group by income eligibility, likely EV owners (for Sch. 327)
- Matched based on each customer's average, non-holiday daily load shapes in year prior to PY1 (pre-period)
- Result: comparison group with similar daily load shape to TVR enrollees (hourly differences less than +/-5%)

Step 2: Difference-in-Differences Panel Regression Models

- Separate regressions for each group, season, day type, and hour of the day
- Result: TVR pilot demand and energy impacts that control for weather, pre-TVR consumption patterns, and unobservable, non-pilot changes in energy consumption (via the matched comparison groups)
- Statistical significance of results (90% confidence intervals for each result)

TOU Demand Reduction: Winter

Figure 1. TVR Year 1 Winter Average TOU Demand Reductions by Rate and Period (kW)

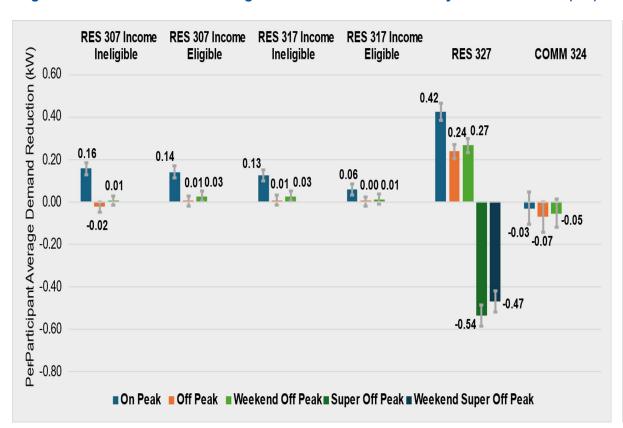
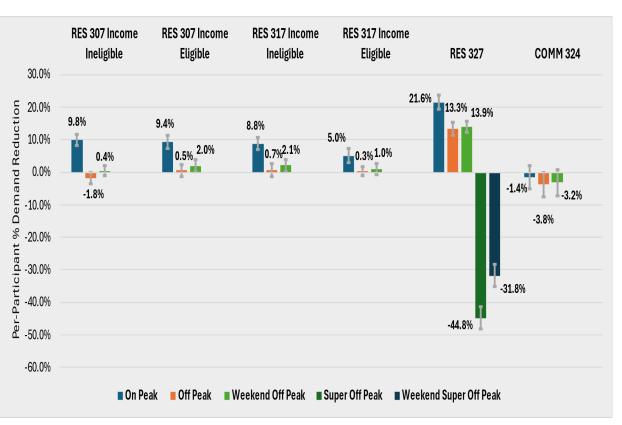


Figure 2. TVR Year 1 Winter Average TOU Demand Reductions by Rate & Period (%)



^{*}grey line indicates statistical confidence interval: bars that cross zero are not statistically different from zero (no effect)

TOU Demand Reduction: Summer

Figure 1. TVR Year 1 Summer Average TOU Demand Reductions by Rate & Period (kW)

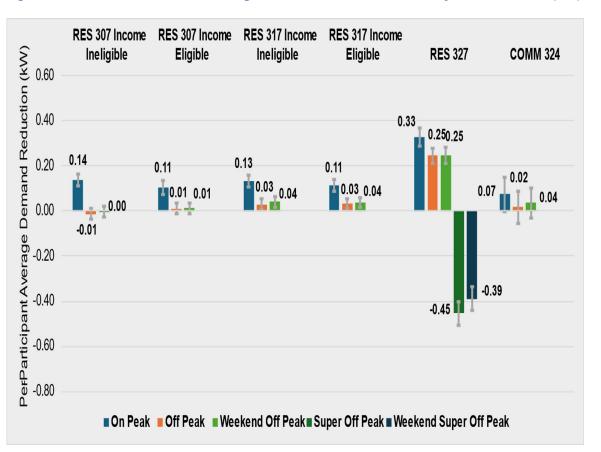
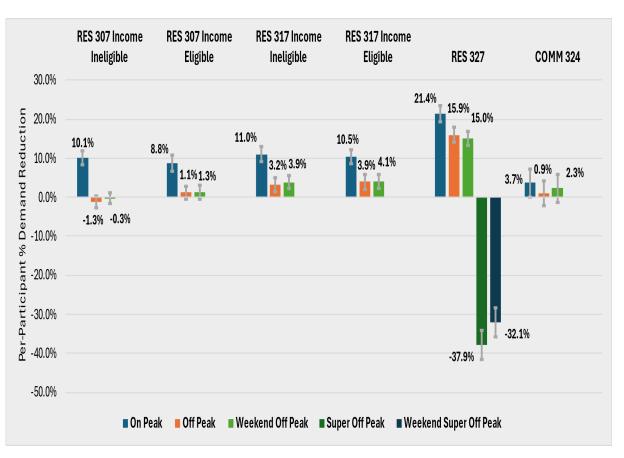


Figure 2. TVR Year 1 Summer Average TOU Demand Reductions by Rate & Period (%)



^{*}grey line indicates statistical confidence interval: bars that cross zero are not statistically different from zero (no effect)

Peak Time Rebate (PTR) Events

- PTR events produced significant demand reductions during the winter for residential participants (Schedule 317), however summer PTR events did not produce significant reductions.
- Non-residential participants (Schedule 324) did not achieve any PTR savings during either event season.
- Residential Income Eligible customers achieved higher PTR savings during winter events compared to the Income Ineligible group.

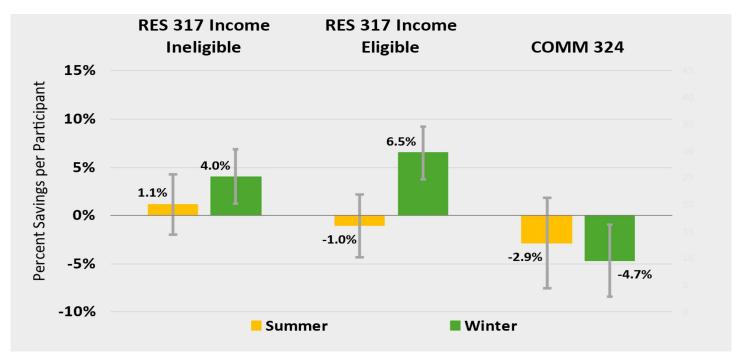


Figure 3. Average PTR Demand Savings by Rate and Season (%)

TOU Energy Savings: kWh

- Participants on all residential TVR rates achieved annual kWh energy savings.
 - Participants on Schedule 327 (super off-peak) had the highest annual energy savings and the treatment group with the second-highest annual energy savings were Income Eligible Schedule 307 (TOU-only) participants.
- Non-residential participants (Schedule 324) did not have significant energy savings.

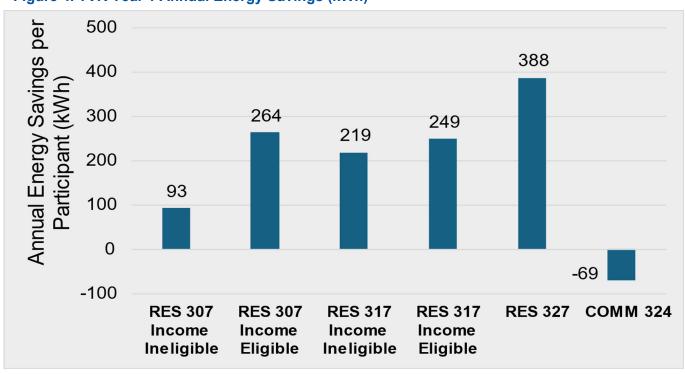


Figure 4. TVR Year 1 Annual Energy Savings (kWh)

Summary of Key Findings

Schedule 307 (Residential TOU):

• **Significant load shifting** from TOU peaks (kW), **saving energy** overall (kWh), similar impact by income group but **Income Eligible more satisfied**

Schedule 317 (Residential TOU+PTR):

- Significant load shifting from TOU peaks (kW), saving energy overall (kWh), similar impact by income group but Income Eligible more satisfied
 - PTR events reduced demand significantly in winter (incremental over TOU), but not by a significant amount in summer

Schedule 327 (Residential TOU Super Off-Peak):

 Largest loads shifted, driven by charging EVs overnight during super off-peak period – high impact and relatively high satisfaction.

Schedule 324 (Nonresidential TOU+PTR):

- No significant load shifting or energy savings, lowest engagement, lowest satisfaction
 - Many likely benefit structurally from this rate because their consumption is already off-peak
 - No significant impact for summer PTR events, negative impact for winter PTR events

PY1 EM&V Next Steps

"Shadow Bill" Analysis

- Shows how much each TVR participant's <u>actual</u>, <u>annual PY1 consumption</u> would have cost on <u>standard</u> <u>rates</u>
 - Does not account for overall efficiency impacts (energy savings) from TVR
- BDR participants who received Bill Protection get refund on 90% of the difference in their total annual energy charges (between Sch. 7 and TVR) if they paid more under TVR than they would on the standard rate

Ex Ante Bill Analysis

- Shows distribution of expected bill impacts <u>assuming no behavior change</u> (no load shifting due to TVR; no non-pilot consumption changes)
- Interpretation: What percentage of participants structurally benefit from TVR, even without any behavior change?

Ex Post Bill Analysis

- Shows distribution of estimated bill impacts given TVR behavior change, <u>based on pre-TVR</u> customer specific <u>modeled</u> consumption.
- Controls for weather and reflects energy efficiency due to TVR, but cannot control for individual, non-pilot consumption changes such as occupancy or added loads like EVs.

Open Q&A



Lessons Learned & Future State Strategy



PY1 Lessons Learned and Opportunities

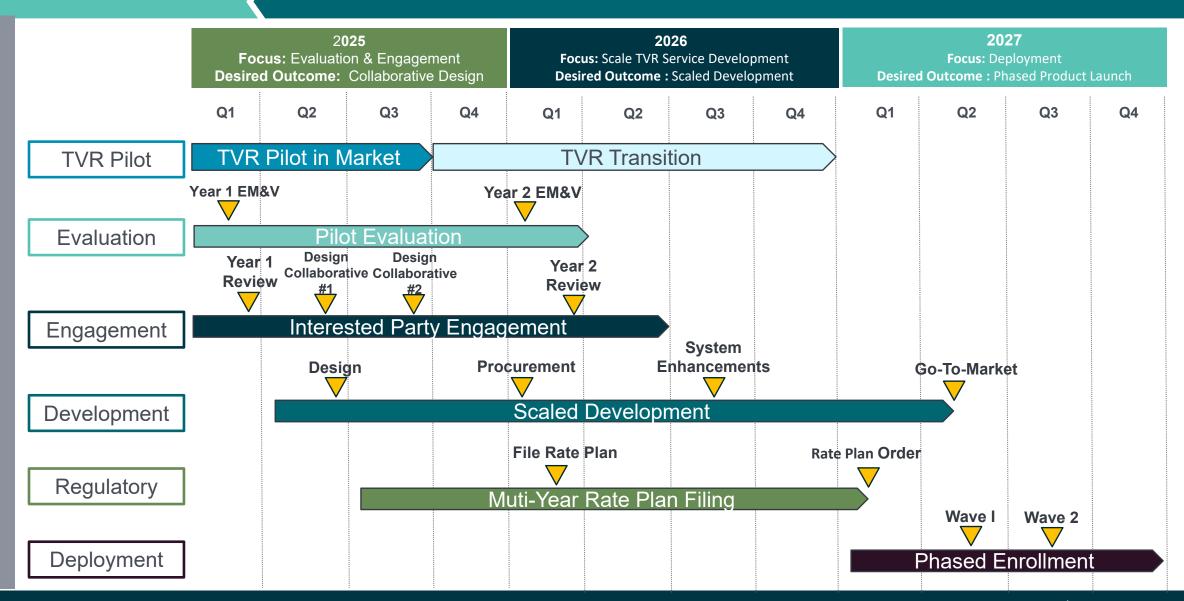
Lessons Learned & Challenges

- Combination of personalized rate comparisons and enrollment incentive results in successful recruitment
- End-to-end testing for all use cases in customer journey prior to launch critical for success
- Integrated marketing and communications key to ensure consistent messaging across programs
- Build customer service capacity and deliver robust training for all customer facing teams
- Include disclaimers on estimated potential billing impacts

Opportunities Looking Forward

- Refine program-to-program interactions and develop clear customer communications on eligibility
- Enable TOU bundling with Demand Response and Distributed Energy Resources programs
- Allow billing proration for TOU enrollments/un-enrollments
- Refine AMI estimation rules and standards

Time-of-Use Scaled Deployment Roadmap



Open Q&A

