WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

NOTICE OF PENALTIES INCURRED AND DUE FOR VIOLATIONS OF LAWS AND RULES

PENALTY ASSESSMENT: TN-170152 PENALTY AMOUNT: \$9,500

Buckley Senior Citizens, Inc. PO Box 147 Buckley, WA 98321

The Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (Commission) believes that you have committed violations of Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 480-31-130 Operation of Motor Vehicles, which adopts Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 391 – Qualifications of Drivers, and CFR Part 395 – Hours of Service of Drivers.

Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 81.04.405 allows penalties of one hundred dollars for each violation. In the case of an ongoing violation, every day's continuance is considered a separate and distinct violation.

On January 24, 2017, Commission Motor Carrier Investigator Sandi Yeomans conducted a compliance review of Buckley Senior Citizens, Inc. (Buckley Senior Citizens or company) and documented the following violations of critical regulations:

- Ninety-three violations of CFR 391.45(a) Using a driver not medically examined and certified. Buckley Senior Citizens allowed employees Arland Reno, Rovin Martin, Sandra Grote, Chloe Lopez, and Gene Fogerquist to drive on 93 occasions between July 1 and December 30, 2016 without having been medically examined and certified.
- Five violations of CFR 391.51(a) Failing to maintain a driver qualification file for each driver it employs. Buckley Senior Citizens failed to maintain a driver qualification file for its drivers Arland Reno, Rovin Martin, Sandra Grote, Chloe Lopez, and Gene Fogerquist.
- Five violations of CFR 395.8(a) Failing to require driver to make a record of duty status. Buckley Senior Citizens allowed employees Arland Reno, Rovin Martin, Sandra Grote, Chloe Lopez, and Gene Fogerquist to drive without making a record of duty status on 5 separate occasions between July 15 and December 11, 2016.

The Commission considered the following factors in determining the appropriate penalties for these violations:

1. How serious or harmful the violation is to the public. The violations noted are serious and potentially harmful to the public. Companies that use drivers not medically examined and certified, and that fail to require drivers to report their hours of service put the traveling public at risk. An undetected medical condition or a potentially fatigued driver present serious safety concerns.

- 2. Whether the violation is intentional. Considerations include:
 - Whether the company ignored Commission staff's (Staff) previous technical assistance; and
 - Whether there is clear evidence through documentation or other means that shows the company knew of and failed to correct the violation.

Buckley Senior Citizens was granted operating authority as a private non-profit transportation provider in April 1993. In February 2005, Staff conducted a compliance review of the company and provided technical assistance. The company knew, or should have known about these requirements.

- 3. Whether the company self-reported the violation. The company did not self-report these violations.
- 4. Whether the company was cooperative and responsive. Buckley Senior Citizens was very cooperative throughout the entire scope of the investigation and corrected the violations as they were presented.
- 5. Whether the company promptly corrected the violations and remedied the impacts. The company has corrected most of the violations. Buckley Senior Citizens now has a driver qualification file for each driver it employs, and drivers Arland Reno, Chloe Lopez, and Gene Fogerquist have valid medical certificates dated January 26, 2017.
- 6. **The number of violations.** For a company this size, the number of critical violations noted is significant.
- 7. **The number of customers affected.** The company traveled 6,500 miles and reported \$38,934 in gross revenue for 2016. A significant number of customers, as well as members of the traveling public, were likely affected by these safety violations.
- 8. **The likelihood of recurrence.** The Commission does not know if the company is likely to repeat these violations.
- 9. The company's past performance regarding compliance, violations, and penalties. This is the company's first compliance review since February 2005. There have been no similar violations noted and no previous penalties assessed.
- 10. **The company's existing compliance program.** Buckley Senior Citizens has no formal compliance program.
- 11. **The size of the company.** Buckley Senior Citizens is a small company with five volunteer part-time drivers and one commercial vehicle. In 2016, the company reported \$38,934 in gross revenue and 6,500 miles traveled.

These are first-time violations, but the Commission's Enforcement Policy provides that some Commission requirements are so fundamental to safe operations that the Commission will issue

mandatory penalties for each occurrence of a first-time violation. The Commission generally will assess penalties per type of violation, rather than per occurrence, for other first-time violations of critical regulations that do not meet the criteria for mandatory penalties. The Commission will assess penalties for any repeat violations of critical regulations found in future compliance investigations, including for each occurrence of a repeat violation.

The Commission has considered these factors and determined that it should penalize Buckley Senior Citizens \$9,500 for violations of WAC 480-31-130 Operation of Motor Vehicles, which adopts CFR Parts 391 and 395, calculated as follows:

- Ninety-three violations of CFR 391.45(a) Using a driver not medically examined and certified. These are first-time violations, but they are violations of fundamental safety requirements, and thus the Commission assesses penalties at the statutory amount of \$100 per occurrence, for a total of \$9,300.
- Five violations of CFR 391.51(a) Failing to maintain a driver qualification file for each driver it employs. These are first-time violations, and thus the Commission assesses penalties at the statutory amount of \$100 per violation type, for a total of \$100.
- Five violations of CFR 395.8(a) Failing to require driver to make a record of duty status. These are first-time violations, and thus the Commission assesses penalties at the statutory amount of \$100 per violation type, for a total of \$100.

This information, if proved at a hearing and not rebutted or explained, is sufficient to support the penalty assessment.

Your penalty is due and payable now. If you believe any or all of the violations did not occur, you may deny committing the violation(s) and contest the penalty assessment through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. The Commission will grant a request for hearing only if material issues of law or fact concerning the violation(s) require consideration of evidence and resolution in a hearing. Any contest of the penalty assessment must include a written statement of the reasons supporting that contest. Failure to provide such a statement will result in denial of the contest.

If there is a reason for any or all of the violations that you believe should excuse you from the penalty, you may ask for mitigation (reduction) of this penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. The Commission will grant a request for hearing only if material issues of law or fact require consideration of evidence and resolution in a hearing. Any request for mitigation must include a written statement of the reasons supporting that request. Failure to provide such a statement will result in denial of the request. See RCW 81.04.405.

If you properly present your request for a hearing and the Commission grants that request, the Commission will review the evidence supporting your dispute of the violation(s) or application

¹ Docket A-120061 – Enforcement Policy of the Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission – Section V.

for mitigation in a Brief Adjudicative Proceeding before an administrative law judge. The administrative law judge will consider the evidence and will notify you of his or her decision.

You must act within 15 days after receiving this notice to do one of the following:

- Pay the amount due.
- Contest the occurrence of the violations.
- Request mitigation to contest the amount of the penalty.

Please indicate your selection on the enclosed form and send it to the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission, Post Office Box 47250, Olympia, Washington 98504-7250, within **FIFTEEN (15) days** after you receive this notice.

If you do not act within 15 days, the Commission may take additional enforcement action, including but not necessarily limited to suspending or revoking your certificate to provide regulated service, assessing additional penalties, or referring this matter to the Office of the Attorney General for collection.

DATED at Olympia, Washington, and effective March 15,2017.

GREGORY J. KOPTA Administrative Law Judge

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WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION PENALTY ASSESSMENT TN-170152

PLEASE NOTE: You must complete and sign this document, and send it to the Commission within 15 days after you receive the penalty assessment. Use additional paper if needed. I have read and understand RCW 9A.72.020 (printed below), which states that making false statements under oath is a class B felony. I am over the age of 18, am competent to testify to the matters set forth below and I have personal knowledge of those matters. I hereby make, under oath, the following statements.

[] 1.	Payment of penalty. I admit that the violation occurred and enclose \$			
[] 2.	in payment of the penalty. Contest the violation. I believe that the alleged violation did not occur for the reasons describe below:			
			, ,	
	[] a)	I ask for a hearing to present evidence on the information I p an administrative law judge for a decision	rovide above to	
OR	[] b)	I ask for a Commission decision based solely on the informa above.	tion I provide	
[] 3.		Application for mitigation. I admit the violation, but I believe that the penalty should be reduced for the reasons set out below:		
			7	
	[] a)	I ask for a hearing to present evidence on the information I p an administrative law judge for a decision	rovide above to	
OR	[] b)	I ask for a Commission decision based solely on the information above.	tion I provide	
		enalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington thation I have presented on any attachments, is true and correct.	at the foregoing,	
		[month/day/year], at	_ [city, state]	
Name of	f Respond	lent (company) – please print Signature of Applic	ant	
RCW 9	A.72.020:			

"Perjury in the first degree. (1) A person is guilty of perjury in the first degree if in any official proceeding he makes a materially false statement which he knows to be false under an oath required or authorized by law. (2) Knowledge of the materiality of the statement is not an element of this crime, and the actor's mistaken belief that his statement was not material is not a defense to a prosecution under this section. (3) Perjury in the first degree is a class B felony."