Exhibit T___ (JMR-1T) Docket No. UE-031725 Witness: James M. Russell

BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMISSION,

DOCKET NO. UE-031725

Complainant,

v.

PUGET SOUND ENERGY, INC.,

Respondents.

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

James M. Russell

STAFF OF WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

January 30, 2004

1		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
2 3		JAMES M. RUSSELL DOCKET No. UE-031725
4		
5	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
6	А.	I am James M. Russell. My business address is 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive
7		S.W., P.O. Box 47250, Olympia, WA 98504.
8		
9	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
10	A.	I am employed by the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission as a
11		Regulatory Analyst.
12		
13	Q.	How long have you been employed by the Commission?
14	А.	Approximately 19 years, from June 1985 to the present.
15		
16	Q.	Would you please state your educational and professional background?
17	А.	I graduated from Washington State University in 1983 receiving a Bachelor of
18		Arts in Business Administration with a major in accounting.
19		My work at the Commission generally includes financial, accounting, and
20		other analysis of general rate case and tariff filings, incentive proposals, special

1		contracts, least cost plans, and rulemaking proceedings involving investor
2		owned electric and natural gas utilities regulated by the Commission. Over my
3		career at the Commission I have provided testimony in approximately 10 formal
4		general rate case proceedings and have been involved in numerous negotiated
5		electric and natural gas general rate case settlements. I have also presented Staff
6		recommendations in many Commission open public meetings.
7		
8	Q.	What is your responsibility in this proceeding?
9	А.	I am responsible for Staff's calculation of Puget Sound Energy's ("PSE" or the
10		"Company") revenue deficiency in this proceeding. I am also responsible for
11		rate spread and rate design issues. The responsibilities I have mirror those of
12		PSE witness Mr. John Story.
13		
14	Q.	Would you briefly summarize your recommendation?
15	А.	Staff recommends that the Commission grant PSE an additional \$7,527,693 (.55%
16		increase) in annual Power Cost revenues collected consistent with the rate spread
17		and rate design methodologies established in the Power Cost Adjustment
18		("PCA") settlement in Docket No. UE-011570.
19		

1	Q.	Are you sponsoring any exhibits in this proceeding?
2	A.	Yes, I am sponsoring the following exhibits:
3		Exhibit (JMR-2), Restating and Pro forma Power Cost Adjustments
4		Exhibit (IMR-3), PCA-2 Power Cost Rates and Exhibits
5		Exhibit (JMR-4), Revenue Deficiency Calculation
6		Exhibit (IMR-5), Allocation of PCORC Revenue Deficiency
7		Exhibit (JMR-6), Statement of Current and Proposed Revenues
8		
9		I. <u>POWER COST ADJUSTMENTS, NEW POWER COST RATES, AND</u>
10		REVENUE DEFICIENCY
11		
12	Q.	Would you please begin by briefly describing what is included in your Exhibit
13		(JMR-2), Restating and Pro forma Power Cost Adjustments?
14	A.	Exhibit (JMR-2) summarizes Staff's restating and pro forma Power Cost
15		adjustments, average Power Cost rates, and Power Cost revenue deficiency. For
16		ease of comparison, the figures that have been shaded on all my exhibit pages
17		indicate input differences from PSE's direct case. Also, on page 18 of Exhibit
18		(JMR-2) there is a case comparison summarizing the differences between PSE's
19		and Staff's direct filed cases, by adjustment. This page is provided for illustrative
20		purposes only and it must be recognized that almost all of the adjustments
21		within Exhibit (JMR-2) are interdependent.

1	Q.	Would you please describe Exhibit (JMR-2) in more detail?
2	A.	Beginning on page 1 of Exhibit(JMR-2), the first column entitled "Test Year
3		Actual 2003 TY" reflects the test year (July 2002- June 2003) Power Cost amounts.
4		Adjustments 1 through 13, on pages 1 and 2, show the individual impact of
5		Staff's proposed restating and pro forma adjustments to PSE's Power Cost
6		accounts. The first line on pages 1 and 2 of this exhibit indicates which Staff
7		witness is responsible for the issues and calculation of the amounts in that
8		particular adjustment column. The total test year amounts, net of all
9		adjustments, is shown on page 2, second to last column entitled "Restated 2003
10		TY". The last column shows the average cost rates (in \$/MWh) for each line item
11		and for the total of all Power Costs. Pages 3 through 15 support each of the
12		Adjustments 1 through 11. Adjustments 12 and 13 come from Mr. Schooley's
13		Exhibit (TES-4C) and Exhibit (TES-6C). Page 16 of my Exhibit (JMR-
14		2) shows the impact of Mr. Mariam's temperature normalization adjustment on
15		MWh sales. Page 17 shows the current and proposed revenue sensitive
16		conversion factors. Finally, page 18 shows the comparison between PSE and
17		Staff's direct cases. This exhibit generally parallels the format of Mr. Story's
18		Exhibit (JHS-4).
19		

1	Q.	Please briefly discuss what is shown in Exhibit	(JMR-2) page 1, lines 2
2		through 22.	

3	А.	Lines 2 through 4 are the production related regulatory assets and rate base
4		values used to determine the Power Cost amounts (return and federal income
5		tax) on lines 6 through 8. Line 5 is the "Net-of-tax rate of return" that is used to
6		calculate the return on rate base and regulatory assets on lines 2 through 4. Lines
7		6 through 8 are the return and federal income taxes on the rate base and
8		regulatory assets items and is calculated by multiplying lines 2 through 4 by the
9		"Net of tax rate of return" divided by 1 minus the federal income tax rate of 35%.
10		Lines 9 through 22 are the Power Cost operating expense items included within
11		the PCA mechanism.
12		
13	Q.	Please indicate for which adjustments you and other Staff members are
14		responsible.
15	A.	Mr. McIntosh is generally responsible for the determination of pro forma "rate

16 year" power costs used in the calculations for Adjustments 1 and 2. I am

- 17 responsible for converting the "rate year" Power Costs back to "test year" levels
- 18 in these two adjustments. Mr. McIntosh is also responsible for the prudence
- 19 issues and power costs associated with the Fredrickson I purchase (Adjustment

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1		3, "New Plant") and I am responsible for calculating the dollar amounts shown
2		in Adjustment 3 for Production Rate Base (Fixed), Depreciation, and Property
3		Taxes. I am also individually responsible for Adjustments 4 through 11. Mr.
4		Schooley is responsible for Adjustment 12, "UE-921262 Tenaska Adjustment".
5		Mr. Elgin is responsible for Adjustment 13, "Tenaska and Encogen Fuel
6		Adjustment", while Mr. Schooley provides the calculation of that adjustment
7		amount.
8		
9	Q.	Please describe the reason for the production factor and how it is used in this
10		rate proceeding?
11	А.	"Production factoring" and the so-called "Production Adjustment" (Adjustment
12		11) is specific to PSE because PSE is the only regulated electric utility in
13		Washington that uses a future test period when calculating Power Costs
14		(production related costs) for revenue requirement purposes. The production
15		factor is simply rate year volumes divided by test year volumes. The production
16		factor is used to complete the pro forming of production costs from the forward
17		looking "rate year" (April/04-March/05) level back to the pro forma "test year"
18		(July/02-June/03) amount. In the power supply models run to support Mr.
19		Gaines' and Mr. McIntosh's pro forma rate year calculations, rate year levels of

1		consumption are used rather than the test year level of consumption. In these
2		models, and in other pro forma calculations, future rate year costs are
3		considered. As that future rate year has a different level of consumption than the
4		normalized historic test period, the production factor is applied to pro forma rate
5		year costs, on a unit basis, before applying them in the historic test year. I will
6		discuss the Production Adjustment in more detail later in my testimony.
7		
8	Q.	Please continue with a description of the test year amounts shown in Exhibit
9		(JMR-2), page 1, and each of the adjustments for which you have partial or
10		total responsibility.
11	А.	Test Year Amounts. I was responsible for reviewing the calculation of the test
12		year amounts. As a result of my review, there are four line items in the test year
13		amounts on page 1 that have been revised from the Company's presentation.
14		First, the amount shown for Regulatory Assets (Variable) (line 2) has been
15		revised to reflect the PCA settlement agreement in Docket No. UE-031389, which
16		the Commission approved through the issuance of Order No. 4 in that docket.
17		The Regulatory Asset amounts and associated amortization should not be at

1	Second, the test year amount for Production Rate Base (Fixed) (line 4) has
2	been lowered by \$12,045,679 to remove construction work in progress ("CWIP")
3	associated with the costs to re-license the Snoqualmie Falls Hydro Project. PSE
4	does not address the reasons for including this cost as an addition to production
5	rate base, but after reviewing the test year amounts and data requests on the
6	subject, it became clear that PSE would most likely not receive Federal Energy
7	Regulatory Commission ("FERC") approval for re-licensing of the Snoqualmie
8	Falls Hydro Project during the rate year because of ongoing litigation.
9	Third, the test year amount for Account 557–Other Power Expense (line
10	11) has been reduced by \$475,859 for an error in PSE's calculation of the test year
11	amount of property insurance that is included in this account. In the test year
12	property insurance amount, PSE's calculation included an extra seven months of
13	property insurance on Colstrip.
14	Fourth, the test year amount for Property Taxes – Production (line 21) has
15	been increased by \$500,434 because of an error PSE made in calculating the test
16	year production plant percentage.
17	
18	Adjustment 1, "Power Costs". The Company's adjustment has been
19	revised for two main reasons. First, and most importantly, Mr. McIntosh

1	proposes various adjustments to PSE's Power Costs, which flow through Staff's
2	Adjustments 1 and 2. Second, Staff's production factor has been increased to
3	reflect Dr. Mariam's additional test year KWh sales associated with weather
4	normalization. Page 3 of Exhibit (JMR-2) shows Staff's support for
5	Adjustment 1. The column entitled "Pro forma RYE Mar 05" on page 3 comes
6	from page 4, last column entitled "After Prod Factor of .99101". The sixth
7	column on page 4, entitled "12ME 3/31/05" is provided by Mr. McIntosh and is
8	adjusted for items he discusses in his testimony. This adjustment decreases
9	Power Costs by \$156,127,724.
10	Adjustment 2, "Sales For Resale". This adjustment is also the
11	responsibility of Mr. McIntosh and it flows forward in the same manner as
12	Adjustment 1: from page 4, line 15. Adjustment 2 is also corrected for the change
13	in the production factor. This adjustment increases Power Costs by \$152,573,194.
14	Adjustment 3, "New Plant". This Adjustment pro forms the costs of the
15	Fredrickson 1 plant into the test year. Staff has revised the Company's
16	adjustment for two items. First, Staff removed the proposed capitalization of
17	sales tax associated with the purchase of Fredrickson I. Mr. Story indicates in his
18	testimony (pages 10-11) that PSE requested a ruling from the Washington
19	Department of Revenue ("WDOR") verifying that sales tax would not be

1	applicable to this transaction. However, PSE has included capitalized sales tax in
2	its case pending a final determination from the WDOR. Subsequent to filing its
3	case, and on January 5, 2004, PSE received a positive determination from the
4	WDOR on this issue and the capitalized sales tax of \$6,258,328 has been removed
5	in the "Plant Balance" shown on my page 6, line 2. Also on page 6, "New Plant
6	Depreciation Expense" (line 9) and "Deferred FIT" (line 4) have been revised for
7	the impact of removing capitalized sales tax from the new plant balance.
8	Second, PSE stated the "Accumulated Depreciation" (line 3) balance at the
9	rate year end-of-period amount rather than at an average-of-monthly-average
10	basis. I have corrected the accumulated depreciation amount for the capitalized
11	sales tax item and restated it to an average accumulated depreciation basis. This
12	adjustment increases Power Costs by \$42,368,805
13	This adjustment amount does not represent the total revenue requirement
14	associated with the Fredrickson I purchase. Adjustment 1, 2, and 11 also include
15	impacts associated with the Fredrickson I purchase. In response to Staff Data
16	Request No. 2, PSE provided a calculation of its case excluding the impacts of
17	Fredrickson I. PSE's revenue deficiency excluding Fredrickson I was
18	approximately \$46 million, or approximately \$18 million less than it was with
19	Fredrickson I. The revenue requirement impact of Fredrickson I in Staff's case

would be a bit different however, because of the revisions to the Fredrickson I
 adjustment for capitalized sales tax and the impact of Dr. Mariam's revised sales
 volumes.

One last issue with the Frederickson I purchase is that if the power plant is 4 5 not placed in service at the time the PCORC rates become effective, then the PCA 6 deferral calculations should account for the delay by removing the rate base, 7 depreciation, and other Fredrickson I fixed costs from the deferral calculations. 8 Adjustment 4, "Transmission Income". My Adjustment 4 restates the 9 transmission revenue in Account 456-17 to a normalized level given the 10 variability in this account due to market conditions during a particular year. It is 11 my understanding that PSE had only included firm transmission revenues for 12 which it had commitments during the rate year at the time it prepared its filing. 13 That methodology is not appropriate as it would most likely understate actual 14 variable transmission revenues received in the future rate year. PSE also 15 assumed no "non-firm" transmission revenues in its adjustment, again most 16 likely understating actual rate year transmission revenues. I propose that the 17 Commission adopt a normalization (averaging) methodology for this item when establishing the new PCA benchmark rate. I propose an adjusted (as necessary) 18 19 3-year average of actual experience for this item in this Power Cost Only Rate

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1	Case ("PCORC") and subsequent PCORC and general rate case filings. This
2	normalization process results in estimating rate year transmission revenues of
3	\$3,739,245, rather than the Company's proposed amount of \$1,399,117. The
4	calculation of Staff's proposed amount of \$3.74 million is shown on page 8, line
5	20. This adjustment increases Power Costs by \$3,253,602.
6	Adjustment 5, "Production Plant Depreciation and Amortization". This
7	adjustment is made to restate depreciation expense and accumulated
8	depreciation at an average-of-monthly-average basis in the test year and reduces
9	Power Costs by \$65,231. This adjustment is the same as the Company's.
10	Adjustment 6, "Property Taxes". This adjustment restates the test year for
11	known changes in property tax rates and for changes in production plant
12	balances. I have made a revision to the test year amount of property taxes to
13	correct an error in PSE's production plant allocator used to determine the test
14	period amount on page 10. This correction has no impact on the revenue
15	deficiency in this case because both the "Test Year Actual 2003" amount in
16	Exhibit(JMR-2) page 1, line 21, and the test year amount shown in
17	Adjustment 6, page 10, are revised. There is no correction to the "Restated"
18	amount shown on page 10. This adjustment increases Power Costs by \$152,265.

1	Adjustment 7, "Montana Energy Tax". This adjustment pro forms
2	Montana Energy tax based on Colstrip generation during the rate year. This
3	adjustment is revised for Mr. McIntosh's rate year Colstrip generation. This
4	adjustment increases Power Costs by \$92,218.
5	Adjustment 8, "Property Insurance". This adjustment pro forms property
6	insurance to current levels. The test year amount has been revised for the error
7	in calculating property insurance for Colstrip that I discussed earlier in the "Test
8	Year Amounts" section of my testimony. This adjustment correction has no
9	impact on the revenue deficiency in this case because both the "Test Year Actual
10	2003" amount embedded in line 11 on Exhibit (JMR-2), page 1, and the test
11	year amount shown in Adjustment 7, page 12 are revised. There is no correction
12	to the "Pro forma RYE Mar 05" amount shown on page 12. This adjustment
13	increases Power Costs by \$126,210.
14	Adjustment 9, "White River". PSE's proposed Adjustment 9 removes the
15	White River Hydro Project from the test period because the current FERC license
16	expired on January 15, 2004. Subsequent to PSE filing its case in this docket, and
17	on December 10, 2003, the Company filed an accounting petition (Docket No.
18	UE-032043) requesting to defer the remaining net book value of White River as a
19	regulatory asset and to begin amortization of this regulatory asset within the

1	PCA mechanism. Currently, Staff has a tentative agreement with PSE on how to
2	handle both the White River Hydro Project in this proceeding and in the pending
3	accounting petition. For this proceeding, we have tentatively agree to include
4	White River in the test period at the rate year level and have agreed to leave
5	depreciation and amortization at current levels. The final agreement on the
6	accounting petition filed in Docket No. UE-032043 will be presented to the
7	Commission at an open meeting within a short time. This adjustment increases
8	Power Costs by \$208,049. This compares to PSE's original adjustment to remove
9	White River, which decreased Power Costs by \$6,752,621.
10	Adjustment 10, "Regulatory Assets/Acq.". This adjustment pro forms the
11	rate year rate base and amortization for the regulatory assets associated with
12	Tenaska, Cabot, and Bonneville Exchange Power ("BEP") contract buyouts. I
13	have revised the Company's adjustment for two items. First, the Tenaska and
14	Cabot regulatory assets have been restated to the level reflected in the recent
15	PCA settlement in Docket No. UE-031389. This revision should not be at issue in
16	this proceeding. Second, I have restated the amount for the Encogen Acquisition
17	Adjustment (line 8) at the test year level (\$52,615,858), consistent with the intent
18	of the original PCA settlement in Docket No. UE-011570. PSE had incorrectly

stated this item at the rate year level (\$47,973,283). This adjustment decreases
 Power Costs by \$3,521,669.

3	Adjustment 11, "Production Adjustment". This adjustment pro forms
4	Staff's revised rate year production rate base items and production operating
5	expenses for all items exclusive of production related amounts which have
6	already been production factored in Adjustments 1, 2, 3 (lines 15-17), 4, 12, and
7	13. I have included a calculation comparing Staff and PSE's production factor at
8	the bottom of page 15, at line 44. This adjustment reduces Power Costs by
9	\$1,353,766.
10	Adjustment 12, "UE-021262 Tenaska". Mr. Schooley's testimony
11	addresses the rational and calculation for Adjustment 12 that is shown on page 2
12	of Exhibit(JMR-2). These amounts come directly from Mr. Schooley's Exhibit
13	(TES-4C), line 29. This adjustment reduces Power Costs by \$11,947,000.
14	Adjustment 13, "Tenaska and Encogen Fuel". Mr. Elgin's testimony
15	addresses the rational for Adjustment 13 and Mr. Schooley discusses the
16	calculation of the amount that is shown on page 2 of Exhibit(JMR-2). These
17	amounts come directly from Mr. Schooley's Exhibit (TES-6C), line 28. This
18	adjustment reduces Power Costs by \$33,341,000.
19	

1	<u>Q</u> .	Does this conclude your discussion of Exhibit(JMR-2)?
2	А.	Yes.
3		
4	Q.	Please explain what is included in your Exhibit (JMR-3), PCA-2 Power
5		Cost Rates And Exhibits.
6	А.	This exhibit mirrors Mr. Story's Exhibit(JHS-5). Exhibit(JMR-3), pages 1
7		through 8, are based on, and support, Staff's "Restated 2003 TY" amounts and
8		average \$/MWh rates shown in Staff's Exhibit(JMR-2), page 2, last 2 columns.
9		The reason for Exhibit(JMR-3) is to update the current PCA settlement
10		exhibits in Docket No. UE-011570 with those pages that will be used for
11		calculating PCA deferrals in accordance with the PCA settlement beginning in
12		the rate year. The Commission will need to adopt these exhibits (recalculated in
13		accordance with the final order in this docket) for use in the PCA periods
14		subsequent to the Commission's Order in this docket.
15		One other revision to these exhibits, besides the dollar amounts, are
16		proposed revisions to page 8, Exhibit E – Contract Adjustments. I have split the
17		North Wasco contract rate into separate Winter and Summer pricing periods in
18		accordance with the recent PCA settlement. In addition, I propose that PSE defer
19		the actual costs associated with the Hutchison Creek, Port Townsend,

1		Sygitowicz, and Nooksack power supply contracts because they are so small and
2		some contain market-pricing provisions.
3		
4	Q.	Please explain your Exhibit (JMR-4), Revenue Deficiency.
5	А.	Exhibit(JMR-4) shows the calculation of Staff's revenue deficiency in the
6		amount of \$7,527,693. This exhibit simply calculates the change in the current
7		and proposed "grossed up" PCA rate multiplied by the pro forma test year
8		volumes.
9		There is an issue with regard to the calculation of the revenue deficiency
10		between my Exhibit (JMR-4) and Mr. Story's Exhibit(JHS-6). The issue is
11		whether the impact of tax rate changes, up or down, on PCA revenues (65% of
12		PSE, electric revenues) should be reflected in a PCORC proceeding. This issue
13		was not resolved by the PCA settlement. Mr. Story's method does not flow-
14		through the impact from revenue sensitive tax rate changes on PCA revenues,
15		while mine does. As an example, the current PCA cost rate is \$43.953/MWh with
16		a current revenue conversion factor of .95523, while Staff's proposed PCA cost
17		rate is \$44.337/MWh with a proposed conversion factor of .95547 and pro forma
18		sales volumes of 19,271,717 MWhs. My method results in a total increase of
19		\$7,527,693 as shown in Exhibit(JMR-4). This amount includes a cost

1		reduction of \$224,684 associated with the revenue sensitive tax decrease
2		[(((44.337/ <u>.95547</u>)-44.337) - ((44.337/ <u>.95523</u>)-44.337)) x 19,271,717]. Using PSE's
3		approach, the revenue deficiency would be \$217,542 higher at \$7,745,235
4		[((44.337-43.953) x 19,271,717)/.95547]. PSE's method, reflected in Exhibit
5		(JHS-6), does not flow-through the savings associated with the reduction in
6		revenue sensitive taxes. The method of calculating the revenue deficiency in
7		Exhibit(JMR-4) should be adopted by the Commission in order to clarify this
8		issue for future PCORC proceedings.
9		
10		II. RATE SPREAD, RATE DESIGN, AND PROPOSED TARIFFS
10 11	Q.	II. <u>RATE SPREAD, RATE DESIGN, AND PROPOSED TARIFFS</u> Please explain your Exhibit (JMR-5), Allocation of PCORC Revenue
10 11 12	Q.	II. <u>RATE SPREAD, RATE DESIGN, AND PROPOSED TARIFFS</u> Please explain your Exhibit (JMR-5), Allocation of PCORC Revenue Requirement.
10 11 12 13	Q. A.	II. RATE SPREAD, RATE DESIGN, AND PROPOSED TARIFFS Please explain your Exhibit (JMR-5), Allocation of PCORC Revenue Requirement. This exhibit calculates the rate spread and rate design using the peak credit
 10 11 12 13 14 	Q. A.	I. RATE SPREAD, RATE DESIGN, AND PROPOSED TARIFFS Please explain your Exhibit (JMR-5), Allocation of PCORC Revenue Requirement. This exhibit calculates the rate spread and rate design using the peak credit methodology used in PSE last general rate case, Docket No. UE-011570. The
 10 11 12 13 14 15 	Q. A.	I. RATE SPREAD, RATE DESIGN, AND PROPOSED TARIFFS Please explain your Exhibit (JMR-5), Allocation of PCORC Revenue Requirement. This exhibit calculates the rate spread and rate design using the peak credit methodology used in PSE last general rate case, Docket No. UE-011570. The proposed rate spread is shown in column (g), and rate design is shown in
 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 	Q. A.	I. RATE SPREAD, RATE DESIGN, AND PROPOSED TARIFFS Please explain your Exhibit (JMR-5), Allocation of PCORC Revenue Requirement. This exhibit calculates the rate spread and rate design using the peak credit methodology used in PSE last general rate case, Docket No. UE-011570. The proposed rate spread is shown in column (g), and rate design is shown in column (i). Exhibit (JMR-5) is simply Mr. Story's Exhibit(JHS-7) updated
 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 	Q. A.	I. RATE SPREAD, RATE DESIGN, AND PROPOSED TARIFFS Please explain your Exhibit (JMR-5), Allocation of PCORC Revenue Requirement. This exhibit calculates the rate spread and rate design using the peak credit methodology used in PSE last general rate case, Docket No. UE-011570. The proposed rate spread is shown in column (g), and rate design is shown in column (i). Exhibit (JMR-5) is simply Mr. Story's Exhibit (JHS-7) updated for Staff's sales volumes and revenue deficiency of \$7,527,693.

1	Q.	Please explain your Exhibit (JMR-6), Statement of Current and Proposed
2		Revenue.
3	A.	Page 1 of this exhibit shows PSE's electric revenues at current and proposed rates
4		and the percentage increases, by schedule. Page 2 shows the individual rates for
5		street lighting. This Exhibit is the same as Mr. Story's Exhibit(JHS-8),
6		updated for Staff's sales volumes and revenue deficiency.
7		
8	Q.	Have you reviewed Mr. Story's Exhibit(JHS-9) and do you have any issues
9		with the proposed tariff sheets?
10	A.	I have reviewed the proposed tariff sheets and, except for the rate levels, I have
11		no issue.
12		
13	Q.	Does this conclude your testimony?
14	A.	Yes.