Service Date: May 18, 2021

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

NOTICE OF PENALTIES INCURRED AND DUE FOR VIOLATIONS OF LAWS AND RULES

PENALTY ASSESSMENT: TG-210313 PENALTY AMOUNT: \$500

Murrey's Disposal Company, Inc., d/b/a Olympic Disposal PO Box 399 Puyallup, WA 98371

The Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (Commission) believes Murrey's Disposal Company, Inc., d/b/a Olympic Disposal, (Murrey's Disposal or Company) violated Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 480-70-201, Vehicle and Driver Safety Requirements, which adopts Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (49 CFR) Part 382 – Controlled Substance and Alcohol Use and Testing.

Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 81.04.530 allows penalties of \$500 for each motor vehicle driver not in compliance with the motor vehicle driver testing requirements.

On May 6, 2021, Commission Motor Carrier Investigator Wayne Gilbert completed a routine safety investigation of Murrey's Disposal and documented the following violation:

• One violation of 49 CFR § 382.301(a) – Using a driver before the motor carrier has received a negative pre-employment controlled substance test result. Murrey's Disposal allowed driver O'rion Jones to operate a commercial motor vehicle before the Company received a negative pre-employment controlled substance test result.

The Commission considered the following factors in determining the appropriate penalty for this violation:

- 1. How serious or harmful the violation is to the public. The violation noted is serious and potentially harmful to the public. Solid waste collection companies that allow drivers to operate commercial motor vehicles prior to receiving negative pre-employment controlled substance test results put the traveling public at risk. This violation presents safety concerns.
- 2. Whether the violation was intentional. Considerations include:
 - Whether the Company ignored Commission staff's (Staff) previous technical assistance; and
 - Whether there is clear evidence through documentation or other means that shows the Company knew of and failed to correct the violation.

Murrey's Disposal began its operations in 1963 and has been subject to numerous safety investigations conducted by Staff. The Company knew or should have known about these

requirements; however, there is no evidence suggesting Murrey's Disposal ignored Staff's previous technical assistance.

- 3. Whether the Company self-reported the violation. Murrey's Disposal did not self-report the violation.
- 4. Whether the Company was cooperative and responsive. The Company was cooperative throughout the safety investigation and expressed a desire to come into compliance with motor carrier safety regulations.
- 5. Whether the Company promptly corrected the violation and remedied the impacts. Murrey's Disposal corrected the violation during the safety investigation.
- 6. **The number of violations.** Staff identified six violation types with a total of 12 individual occurrences.
- 7. **The number of customers affected.** Murrey's Disposal traveled 1,943,806 miles in 2020. This safety violation presented a public safety risk.
- 8. **The likelihood of recurrence.** Staff provided technical assistance with specific remedies to help the Company assess how well its safety management controls support safe operations and how to begin improving its safety performance. The Company was cooperative with Staff, expressed a desire to come into compliance, and corrected the violation during the safety investigation. Considering these factors, Staff believes the likelihood of recurrence is low.
- 9. The Company's past performance regarding compliance, violations, and penalties. The Company has no history of penalties for safety violations.
- 10. **The Company's existing compliance program.** Josh Metcalf, Steven Hopkins, Brad Smith, Don Kenney, Spence White, Chad Young, Sean Rawlings, Joey Deese, and Jeremy Andrews are responsible for the Company's safety compliance program.
- 11. **The size of the Company.** Murrey's Disposal currently operates 104 commercial motor vehicles and employs 88 drivers. The Company reported \$52,276,100 in gross revenue for 2020.

The Commission's Enforcement Policy provides that some Commission requirements are so fundamental to safe operations that the Commission will issue mandatory penalties for each occurrence of a first-time violation. The Commission generally will assess penalties by violation category, rather than per occurrence, for first-time violations of those critical regulations that do not meet the requirements for mandatory penalties. The Commission will assess penalties for any equipment violation meeting the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration's "out-of-service"

¹ Docket A-120061 – Enforcement Policy of the Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission – Section V.

criteria and also for repeat violations of critical regulations, including each occurrence of a repeat violation.

The Commission has considered these factors and determined that it should penalize Murrey's Disposal \$500, calculated as follows:

• One violation of 49 CFR § 382.301(a) – Using a driver before the motor carrier has received a negative pre-employment controlled substance test result. The Commission assesses a penalty of \$500 for this violation.

This information, if proven at a hearing and not rebutted or explained, is sufficient to support the penalty assessment.

Your penalty is due and payable now. If you believe the violation did not occur, you may deny committing the violation and contest the penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. Alternatively, if there is a reason for the violation that you believe should excuse you from the penalty, you may ask for mitigation (reduction) of the penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. The Commission will grant a request for hearing only if material issues of law or fact require consideration of evidence and resolution in a hearing. Any request to contest the violation or for mitigation of the penalty must include a written statement of the reasons supporting that request. Failure to provide such a statement will result in denial of the request. See RCW 81.04.405.

If you properly present your request for a hearing and the Commission grants that request, the Commission will review the evidence supporting your dispute of the violation or application for mitigation in a Brief Adjudicative Proceeding before an administrative law judge. The administrative law judge will consider the evidence and will notify you of their decision.

You must act within 15 days after receiving this notice to do one of the following:

- Pay the amount due.
- Contest the occurrence of the violation.
- Admit the violation but request mitigation of the penalty amount.

Please indicate your selection on the enclosed form and submit it electronically through the Commission's web portal **within FIFTEEN** (15) **days** after you receive this notice. If you are unable to use the web portal, you may submit it via email to records@utc.wa.gov. If you are unable to submit the form electronically, you may send a paper copy to the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission, PO Box 47250, Olympia, Washington 98504-7250.

If you do not act within 15 days, the Commission may take additional enforcement action, including but not necessarily limited to suspending or revoking your certificate to provide

regulated service, assessing additional penalties, or referring this matter to the Office of the Attorney General for collection.

DATED at Lacey, Washington, and effective May 18, 2021.

/s/Rayne Pearson RAYNE PEARSON Director, Administrative Law Division

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION PENALTY ASSESSMENT TG-210313

PLEASE NOTE: You must complete and sign this document, and send it to the Commission within 15 days after you receive the penalty assessment. Use additional paper if needed. I have read and understand RCW 9A.72.020 (printed below), which states that making false statements under oath is a class B felony. I am over the age of 18, am competent to testify to the matters set forth below and I have personal knowledge of those matters. I hereby make, under oath, the following statements.

		pelow and I have personal knowledge g statements.	of those matters. I hereby make, under	
[] 1.	Payment of penalty. I admit that the violation occurred and enclose \$500 in payment of the penalty.			
[] 2.	describe	Contest the violation. I believe that the alleged violation did not occur for the reasons I describe below (if you do not include reasons supporting your contest here, your request will be denied):		
		I ask for a hearing to present evidence nistrative law judge for a decision.	e on the information I provide above to	
OR	[] b)	I ask for a Commission decision base above.	ed solely on the information I provide	
[] 3.	be reduc	Application for mitigation. I admit the violation, but I believe that the penalty should be reduced for the reasons set out below (if you do not include reasons supporting your application here, your request will be denied):		
	[] a)	I ask for a hearing to present evidence an administrative law judge for a dec	ee on the information I provide above to cision.	
OR	[] b)	I ask for a Commission decision base above.	ed solely on the information I provide	
	-	enalty of perjury under the laws of the ation I have presented on any attachme	State of Washington that the foregoing, ents, is true and correct.	
Dated:		[month/day/year], at	[city, state]	
Name of	of Respond	lent (company) – please print	Signature of Applicant	

RCW 9A.72.020:

"Perjury in the first degree. (1) A person is guilty of perjury in the first degree if in any official proceeding he makes a materially false statement which he knows to be false under an oath required or authorized by law. (2) Knowledge of the materiality of the statement is not an element of this crime, and the actor's mistaken belief that his statement was not material is not a defense to a prosecution under this section. (3) Perjury in the first degree is a class B felony."