Service Date: January 8, 2021

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

NOTICE OF PENALTIES INCURRED AND DUE FOR VIOLATIONS OF LAWS AND RULES

PENALTY ASSESSMENT: TV-201011 PENALTY AMOUNT: \$7,700

New Horizons Moving LLC 1002 S. 140th St. Burien, WA 98168

The Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (Commission) believes New Horizons Moving LLC (New Horizons Moving or Company) violated Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 480-15-555, Criminal Background Checks for Prospective Employees; WAC 480-15-560, Equipment Safety Requirements, which adopts Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (49 CFR) Part 396 – Inspection, Repair and Maintenance; and WAC 480-15-570, Driver Safety Requirements, which adopts 49 CFR Part 391 – Qualification of Drivers and 49 CFR Part 395 – Hours of Service of Drivers.

Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 81.04.405 allows penalties of \$100 for each violation. In the case of an ongoing violation, every day's continuance is considered a separate and distinct violation.

On December 30, 2020, Commission Motor Carrier Investigator Edward Steiner completed a routine safety investigation of New Horizons Moving and documented the following violations:

- Ten violations of WAC 480-15-555 Failing to conduct or retain paperwork containing criminal background check for a household goods carrier in the state of Washington as required. New Horizons Moving failed to conduct criminal background checks for employees Joseph Butler, Tiffany West, Russell Devries, Fernando Gasga Garcia, Josue Hernandez Garcia, Jaime Orellana Cruz, Alexander Orellana, Martin Orellana, Diego Dimas, and Jesse Genereux.
- Sixty-two violations of 49 CFR § 391.45(a) Using a driver not medically examined and certified. The Company allowed drivers Joseph Butler, Josue Hernandez Garcia, and Jamie Orellana Cruz to operate a commercial motor vehicle without a valid medical certificate on 62 occasions between July 2 and November 23, 2020.
- Five violations of 49 CFR § 391.51(a) Failing to maintain driver qualification file on each driver employed. New Horizons Moving failed to maintain driver qualification files for Joshua West, Joseph Butler, Fernando Gasga Garcia, Josue Hernandez Garcia, and Jaime Orellana Cruz.
- Thirty-one violations of 49 CFR § 395.8(a)(1) Failing to require a driver to prepare a record of duty status using the appropriate method. New Horizons Moving failed to maintain records of duty status for drivers Joshua West, Joseph Butler, Fernando

Gasga Garcia, Josue Hernandez Garcia, and Jaime Orellana Cruz on 31 occasions between October 1 and October 30, 2020.

- One violation of 49 CFR § 396.3(a)(1) Tires (general): Driver side front tire in contact with Pitman Arm. Commission staff (Staff) discovered a commercial motor vehicle with the driver side front tire contacting the pitman arm. This commercial motor vehicle was placed out-of-service.¹
- Three violations of 49 CFR § 396.3(b) Failing to keep minimum records of inspection and vehicle maintenance. The Company failed to maintain vehicle maintenance files for its three commercial motor vehicles.
- Three violations of 49 CFR § 396.17(a) Using a commercial motor vehicle not periodically inspected. New Horizons Moving failed to have annual inspections performed on its three commercial motor vehicles.

The Commission considered the following factors in determining the appropriate penalties for these violations:

- 1. How serious or harmful the violations are to the public. The violations noted are serious and potentially harmful to the public. Household goods moving companies that: (1) fail to conduct criminal background checks on their employees, (2) use drivers that are not medically examined and certified, (3) fail to maintain driver qualification files, (4) fail to maintain records of duty status, (5) fail to keep minimum records of inspection and vehicle maintenance, (6) use commercial motor vehicles that have not been inspected, and (7) operate commercial motor vehicles in need of repair put their customers, their customers' belongings, and the traveling public at risk. These violations present significant safety concerns.
- 2. Whether the violations were intentional. Considerations include:
 - Whether the Company ignored Staff's previous technical assistance; and
 - Whether there is clear evidence through documentation or other means that shows the Company knew of and failed to correct the violation.

On February 14, 2018, the Commission received the Company's application for household goods moving authority. In the application, Joshua West, owner of New Horizons Moving, acknowledged the Company's responsibility to understand and comply with applicable motor carrier safety regulations.

On May 16, 2018, Joshua West and Russell Devries, a representative of New Horizons Moving, attended household goods training provided by Staff and each acknowledged receiving training pertaining to motor carrier safety regulations.

¹ Equipment Identification No. 1.

The Company knew or should have known about these requirements.

- 3. Whether the Company self-reported the violations. New Horizons Moving did not self-report these violations.
- 4. Whether the Company was cooperative and responsive. The Company was cooperative throughout the safety investigation.
- Whether the Company promptly corrected the violations and remedied the impacts.
 New Horizons Moving has not provided Staff with evidence that it corrected the violations.
- 6. **The number of violations.** Staff identified 12 violation types with a total of 130 individual occurrences.
- 7. **The number of customers affected.** New Horizons Moving traveled 21,600 miles in 2019. These safety violations presented a significant public safety risk.
- 8. **The likelihood of recurrence.** The Company was cooperative throughout the safety investigation and was provided technical assistance with specific remedies to help the Company assess how well its safety management controls support safe operations and how to begin improving its safety performance. In light of these factors, Staff believes the likelihood of recurrence is low.
- 9. The Company's past performance regarding compliance, violations, and penalties. This is the Company's first routine safety investigation. New Horizons Moving has no history of violations or penalties with the Commission.
- 10. **The Company's existing compliance program.** Joshua West is responsible for the Company's safety compliance program.
- 11. **The size of the Company.** New Horizons Moving currently owns three commercial motor vehicles and employs five drivers. The Company reported \$404,142 in gross revenue for 2019.

The Commission's Enforcement Policy provides that some Commission requirements are so fundamental to safe operations that the Commission will issue mandatory penalties for each occurrence of a first-time violation.² The Commission generally will assess penalties per type of violation, rather than per occurrence, for first-time violations of those critical regulations that do not meet the requirements for mandatory penalties. The Commission will assess penalties for any equipment violation meeting the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration's "out-of-service" criteria and also for repeat violations of critical regulations, including each occurrence of a repeat violation.

² Docket A-120061 – Enforcement Policy of the Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission – Section V.

The Commission has considered these factors and determined that it should penalize New Horizons Moving \$7,700, calculated as follows:

- Ten violations of WAC 480-15-555 Failing to conduct or retain paperwork containing criminal background check for a household goods carrier in the state of Washington as required. The Commission assesses a penalty of \$100 for each occurrence of this critical violation, for a total of \$1,000.
- Sixty-two violations of 49 CFR § 391.45(a) Using a driver not medically examined and certified. The Commission assesses a penalty of \$100 for each occurrence of this critical violation, for a total of \$6,200.
- Five violations of 49 CFR § 391.51(a) Failing to maintain driver qualification file on each driver employed. The Commission assesses a "per category" penalty of \$100 for these first-time critical violations.
- Thirty-one violations of 49 CFR § 395.8(a)(1) Failing to require a driver to prepare a record of duty status using the appropriate method. The Commission assesses a "per category" penalty of \$100 for these first-time critical violations.
- One violation of 49 CFR § 396.3(a)(1) Tires (general): Driver side front tire in contact with Pitman Arm. The Commission assesses a penalty of \$100 for this out-of-service violation.
- Three violations of 49 CFR § 396.3(b) Failing to keep minimum records of inspection and vehicle maintenance. The Commission assesses a "per category" penalty of \$100 for these first-time critical violations.
- Three violations of 49 CFR § 396.17(a) Using a commercial motor vehicle not periodically inspected. The Commission assesses a "per category" penalty of \$100 for these first-time critical violations.

This information, if proven at a hearing and not rebutted or explained, is sufficient to support the penalty assessment.

Your penalty is due and payable now. If you believe any or all of the violations did not occur, you may deny committing the violation(s) and contest the penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. Alternatively, if there is a reason for any or all of the violations that you believe should excuse you from the penalty, you may ask for mitigation (reduction) of the penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. The Commission will grant a request for hearing only if material issues of law or fact require consideration of evidence and resolution in a hearing. Any request to contest the violation(s) or for mitigation of the penalty must include a written statement of the reasons supporting that request. Failure to provide such a statement will result in denial of the request. See RCW 81.04.405.

If you properly present your request for a hearing and the Commission grants that request, the Commission will review the evidence supporting your dispute of the violation(s) or application

for mitigation in a Brief Adjudicative Proceeding before an administrative law judge. The administrative law judge will consider the evidence and will notify you of their decision.

You must act within 15 days after receiving this notice to do one of the following:

- Pay the amount due.
- Contest the occurrence of the violation(s).
- Admit the violations but request mitigation of the penalty amount.

Please indicate your selection on the enclosed form and submit it electronically through the Commission's web portal **within FIFTEEN** (15) **days** after you receive this notice. If you are unable to use the web portal, you may submit it via email to records@utc.wa.gov. If you are unable to submit the form electronically, you may send a paper copy to the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission, PO Box 47250, Olympia, Washington 98504-7250.

If you do not act within 15 days, the Commission may take additional enforcement action, including but not necessarily limited to suspending or revoking your certificate to provide regulated service, assessing additional penalties, or referring this matter to the Office of the Attorney General for collection.

DATED at Lacey, Washington, and effective January 8, 2021.

/s/Rayne Pearson
RAYNE PEARSON
Director, Administrative Law Division

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION PENALTY ASSESSMENT TV-201011

PLEASE NOTE: You must complete and sign this document, and send it to the Commission within 15 days after you receive the penalty assessment. Use additional paper if needed. I have read and understand RCW 9A.72.020 (printed below), which states that making false statements under oath is a class B felony. I am over the age of 18, am competent to testify to the matters set forth below and I have personal knowledge of those matters. I hereby make, under oath, the following statements.

oath, the	e followin	g statements.	r urose muners. I nereey mune, under	
[] 1.	Payment of penalty. I admit that the violations occurred and enclose \$7,700 in payment of the penalty.			
[] 2.	Contest the violation(s). I believe that the alleged violation(s) did not occur for the reasons I describe below (if you do not include reasons supporting your contest here, your request will be denied):			
		[] a) I ask for a hearing to present evidence on the information I provide above to an administrative law judge for a decision.		
OR	[] b)	I ask for a Commission decision base above.	d solely on the information I provide	
[] 3.	Application for mitigation. I admit the violations, but I believe that the penalty sl be reduced for the reasons set out below (if you do not include reasons supportinyour application here, your request will be denied):			
	[] a)	I ask for a hearing to present evidence an administrative law judge for a dec	e on the information I provide above to ision.	
OR	[] b)	I ask for a Commission decision base above.	d solely on the information I provide	
		enalty of perjury under the laws of the ation I have presented on any attachme	State of Washington that the foregoing, nts, is true and correct.	
Dated: _		[month/day/year], at	[city, state]	
Name of	f Respond	lent (company) – please print	Signature of Applicant	

RCW 9A.72.020:

"Perjury in the first degree. (1) A person is guilty of perjury in the first degree if in any official proceeding he makes a materially false statement which he knows to be false under an oath required or authorized by law. (2) Knowledge of the materiality of the statement is not an element of this crime, and the actor's mistaken belief that his statement was not material is not a defense to a prosecution under this section. (3) Perjury in the first degree is a class B felony."