Service Date: October 28, 2020

#### WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

## NOTICE OF PENALTIES INCURRED AND DUE FOR VIOLATIONS OF LAWS AND RULES

PENALTY ASSESSMENT: TH-200868 PENALTY AMOUNT: \$3,000

QM Transport (USA), Inc. PO Box 348 Custer, WA 98240

The Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (Commission) believes QM Transport (USA), Inc., (QM Transport or Company) violated Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 480-62-278, Contract Crew Transportation Vehicle and Driver Safety Requirements, which adopts Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (49 CFR) Part 391 – Qualification of Drivers.

Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 81.04.405 allows penalties of \$100 for each violation. In the case of an ongoing violation, every day's continuance is considered a separate and distinct violation.

On October 13, 2020, Commission Motor Carrier Investigator Wayne Gilbert completed a routine safety investigation of QM Transport and documented the following violations:

• Thirty violations of 49 CFR § 391.45(a) – Using a driver not medically examined and certified. The Company allowed drivers Robert Cullen and Robert Walton to operate a commercial motor vehicle without a valid medical certificate on 30 occasions between March 16 and September 8, 2020.

The Commission considered the following factors in determining the appropriate penalty for these violations:

- 1. **How serious or harmful the violations are to the public.** The violations noted are serious and potentially harmful to the public. Railroad contract crew transportation companies that fail to have their drivers medically examined put their passengers and the traveling public at risk. These violations present public safety concerns.
- 2. Whether the violations were intentional. Considerations include:
  - Whether the Company ignored Commission staff's (Staff) previous technical assistance; and
  - Whether there is clear evidence through documentation or other means that shows the Company knew of and failed to correct the violations.

On May 29, 2018, the Commission received QM Transport's application for railroad contract crew transportation authority. In the application, Cynda Quinn, president of QM Transport, acknowledged the Company's responsibility to understand and comply with applicable motor carrier safety regulations.

On July 19, 2018, Staff provided new entrant safety regulation training to the Company, where Cynda Quinn acknowledged receiving training pertaining to 49 CFR § 391.45(a).

The Company knew or should have known about these requirements.

- 3. Whether the Company self-reported the violations. QM Transport did not self-report these violations.
- 4. Whether the Company was cooperative and responsive. QM Transport was cooperative throughout the investigation and expressed a desire to come into compliance.
- Whether the Company promptly corrected the violations and remedied the impacts.
  QM Transport has not provided Staff with evidence that the violations have been corrected.
- 6. **The number of violations.** Staff identified 10 violation types with a total of 49 individual occurrences.
- 7. **The number of customers affected.** The Company employs 12 drivers and operates four commercial motor vehicles. QM Transport traveled 113,122 intrastate miles in 2019. These safety violations presented a public safety risk.
- 8. **The likelihood of recurrence.** Staff provided technical assistance with specific remedies to help the Company assess how well its safety management controls support safe operations and how to begin improving its safety performance. The Company was cooperative with Staff and expressed a desire to come into compliance. In light of these factors, Staff believes that the likelihood of recurrence is low.
- 9. The Company's past performance regarding compliance, violations, and penalties. The Company has no history of violations or penalties with the Commission.
- 10. **The Company's existing compliance program.** Ethan Futrelle, operations manager for QM Transport, is responsible for the Company's safety compliance program.
- 11. **The size of the Company.** QM Transport currently operates four commercial motor vehicles and employs 12 drivers. The Company reported \$946,430 in gross revenue in 2019.

The Commission's Enforcement Policy provides that some Commission requirements are so fundamental to safe operations that the Commission will issue mandatory penalties for each occurrence of a first-time violation. The Commission generally will assess penalties per type of violation, rather than per occurrence, for first-time violations of those critical regulations that do not meet the requirements for mandatory penalties. The Commission will assess penalties for any equipment violation meeting the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration's "out-of-service"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Docket A-120061 – Enforcement Policy of the Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission – Section V.

criteria and also for repeat violations of critical regulations, including each occurrence of a repeat violation.

The Commission has considered these factors and determined that it should penalize QM Transport \$3,000, calculated as follows:

• Thirty violations of 49 CFR § 391.45(a) – Using a driver not medically examined and certified. The Commission assesses a penalty of \$100 for each occurrence of this violation, for a total of \$3,000.

This information, if proven at a hearing and not rebutted or explained, is sufficient to support the penalty assessment.

Your penalty is due and payable now. If you believe any or all of the violations did not occur, you may deny committing the violation(s) and contest the penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. Alternatively, if there is a reason for any or all of the violations that you believe should excuse you from the penalty, you may ask for mitigation (reduction) of the penalty through evidence presented at a hearing or in writing. The Commission will grant a request for hearing only if material issues of law or fact require consideration of evidence and resolution in a hearing. Any request to contest the violation(s) or for mitigation of the penalty must include a written statement of the reasons supporting that request. Failure to provide such a statement will result in denial of the request. See RCW 81.04.405.

If you properly present your request for a hearing and the Commission grants that request, the Commission will review the evidence supporting your dispute of the violation(s) or application for mitigation in a Brief Adjudicative Proceeding before an administrative law judge. The administrative law judge will consider the evidence and will notify you of their decision.

## You must act within 15 days after receiving this notice to do one of the following:

- Pay the amount due.
- Contest the occurrence of the violation(s).
- Admit the violations but request mitigation of the penalty amount.

Please indicate your selection on the enclosed form and submit it electronically through the Commission's web portal **within FIFTEEN** (15) **days** after you receive this notice. If you are unable to use the web portal, you may submit it via email to records@utc.wa.gov. If you are unable to submit the form electronically, you may send a paper copy to the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission, PO Box 47250, Olympia, Washington 98504-7250.

If you do not act within 15 days, the Commission may take additional enforcement action, including but not necessarily limited to suspending or revoking your certificate to provide

regulated service, assessing additional penalties, or referring this matter to the Office of the Attorney General for collection.

DATED at Lacey, Washington, and effective October 28, 2020.

/s/ Rayne Pearson RAYNE PEARSON Director, Administrative Law Division

# WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION PENALTY ASSESSMENT TH-200868

**PLEASE NOTE:** You must complete and sign this document, and send it to the Commission within 15 days after you receive the penalty assessment. Use additional paper if needed. I have read and understand RCW 9A.72.020 (printed below), which states that making false statements under oath is a class B felony. I am over the age of 18, am competent to testify to the matters set forth below and I have personal knowledge of those matters. I hereby make, under oath, the following statements.

oath, th	ne followir	ng statements.		
[ ] 1.	-	<b>Payment of penalty.</b> I admit that the violations occurred and enclose \$3,000 in payment of the penalty.		
[ ] 2.	Contest the violation(s). I believe that the alleged violation(s) did not occur for reasons I describe below (if you do not include reasons supporting your contenter, your request will be denied):			
		I ask for a hearing to present evidence nistrative law judge for a decision.	e on the information I provide above to	
OR	[ ] b)	I ask for a Commission decision base above.	d solely on the information I provide	
[ ] 3.	. <b>Application for mitigation.</b> I admit the violations, but I believe that the penalty s be reduced for the reasons set out below ( <b>if you do not include reasons supporti your application here, your request will be denied</b> ):			
	[ ] a)	I ask for a hearing to present evidence an administrative law judge for a dec	e on the information I provide above to ision.	
OR	[ ] b)	I ask for a Commission decision base above.	d solely on the information I provide	
I decla	-	enalty of perjury under the laws of the ag information I have presented on any	State of Washington that the foregoing, attachments, is true and correct.	
Dated:		[month/day/year], at	[city, state]	
Name of	of Respond	dent (company) – please print	Signature of Applicant	

### RCW 9A.72.020:

"Perjury in the first degree. (1) A person is guilty of perjury in the first degree if in any official proceeding he makes a materially false statement which he knows to be false under an oath required or authorized by law. (2) Knowledge of the materiality of the statement is not an element of this crime, and the actor's mistaken belief that his statement was not material is not a defense to a prosecution under this section. (3) Perjury in the first degree is a class