1	BEFORE THE WASHINGTON			
2	UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION (COMMISSION		
3	To the Matter of the Taint)))))		
4	In the Matter of the Joint Application of)Docket UE-051090)Volume II)Pages 49-155		
5	MIDAMERICAN ENERGY HOLDINGS COMPANY AND PACIFICORP, d/b/a PACIFIC POWER	,		
6	& LIGHT COMPANY)		
7	For an Order Authorizing Proposed)		
8	Transaction.) _)		
9	Oral argument in the a			
10	matter was held at 1:35 p.m. on Wednesday, January 11, 2006, at 1300 South Evergreen Park Drive, S.W.,			
11	Olympia, Washington, before Administrative Law Judges ANN RENDAHL and DENNIS MOSS, Chairman MARK SIDRAN, Commissioner PATRICK OSHIE and Commissioner PHILIP JONES.			
12				
13	The parties present we	ere as follows:		
14	PACIFICORP/MIDAMERICAN ENERGY HOLDINGS COMPANY, by James M. Van Nostrand, Attorney at Law, Stoel Rives, LLP, 900 S.W. Fifth Avenue, Suite 2600 Portland, Oregon, 97204.			
15				
16	PUBLIC COUNSEL, by Sin	non ffitch,		
17	Assistant Attorney General, 900 Four 2000, Seattle, Washington 98164-1012			
18	COMMISSION STAFF, by F	Robert Cedarbaum.		
19	Assistant Attorney General, 1400 S. Evergreen Pa Drive, S.W., P.O. Box 40128, Olympia, Washington			
20	98504-0128.	a, wasiiiiigtoii		
21	INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMERS OF NORTHWEST UTILITIES, by Melinda Davison, Attorney at Law, Davison Van Cleve, 333 S.W. Taylor, Suite 400,			
22				
23	Portland, Oregon 97204.			
24	Barbara L. Nelson, CCR			
25	Court Reporter			

1		THE ENERGY	PROJECT, by Brad Purdy,
	Attorney at	Law, 2019 N.	17th Street, Boise, Idaho
2	83702.		

- 1 JUDGE RENDAHL: Let's be on the record.
- 2 Good afternoon. I'm Ann Rendahl, an Administrative
- 3 Law Judge with the Commission presiding this
- 4 afternoon with Chairman Mark Sidran, Commissioners
- 5 Patrick Oshie and Philip Jones and Judge Dennis Moss.
- 6 We're here before the Washington Utilities
- 7 and Transportation Commission this afternoon,
- 8 Wednesday, January the 11th, for oral argument in
- 9 several dockets, Consolidated Docket Numbers
- 10 UE-050684 and UE-050412 concerning PacifiCorp's
- 11 requests for an increase in rates and a petition
- 12 seeking approval of the deferral of hydro generation
- 13 costs, as well as Docket Number UE-051090, concerning
- 14 the acquisition of PacifiCorp by MidAmerican Energy
- 15 Holdings Company.
- 16 The Commission notified the parties of this
- 17 oral argument through a pre-hearing conference in the
- 18 rate case proceeding held on Monday afternoon, as
- 19 well as through written notice to all parties in both
- 20 proceedings -- or all three proceedings sent via
- 21 e-mail and U.S. mail on Monday afternoon, January
- 22 9th.
- Before we go any farther, let's take
- 24 appearances from the parties in all proceedings.
- 25 Let's start first with the rate case proceeding. I

- 1 understand there's going to be some overlap. Let's
- 2 start first with the rate case consolidated
- 3 proceedings, and then turn to the acquisition
- 4 proceeding, starting with the company.
- 5 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 6 On behalf of PacifiCorp in the general rate case
- 7 proceeding, James M. Van Nostrand.
- 8 JUDGE RENDAHL: Is there any -- and for
- 9 Staff? Excuse me.
- 10 MR. TROTTER: For Staff, Donald T. Trotter,
- 11 Assistant Attorney General.
- 12 JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you. And for Public
- 13 Counsel?
- 14 MR. FFITCH: For Public Counsel, Simon
- 15 ffitch, Assistant Attorney General, Your Honor.
- 16 JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you. And for ICNU?
- MS. DAVISON: Melinda Davison.
- 18 JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you. And is anyone
- 19 here for The Energy Project?
- 20 MR. PURDY: Yes, Brad Purdy.
- 21 JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you. Nice to meet
- 22 you, Mr. Purdy.
- MR. PURDY: Nice to meet you. Thank you.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: I've only spoken to you over
- 25 the phone.

- 1 MR. PURDY: Yes.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: So it's nice to see you in
- 3 person. Okay. Is anyone here for the Natural
- 4 Resources Defense Council? Okay. Let's turn to the
- 5 acquisition docket for the company, and -- for the
- 6 company first.
- 7 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 8 On behalf of Joint Applicants PacifiCorp and
- 9 MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company, James M. Van
- 10 Nostrand, and also in the hearing room behind me is
- 11 Mark C. Moench, with MidAmerican Energy Holdings
- 12 Company.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: And is that spelled
- $14 \quad M-o-e-n-c-h$?
- MR. VAN NOSTRAND: That's correct, Your
- 16 Honor.
- 17 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. Thank you. And for
- 18 Staff?
- 19 MR. CEDARBAUM: For Staff, Robert Cedarbaum,
- 20 Assistant Attorney General.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: And for Public Counsel?
- 22 MR. FFITCH: Simon ffitch, Assistant
- 23 Attorney General.
- 24 JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you. And for ICNU?
- MS. DAVISON: Melinda Davison.

- 1 JUDGE RENDAHL: And for The Energy Project?
- MR. PURDY: Again, Brad Purdy.
- 3 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. Thank you. And I
- 4 don't believe NRDC is a party to that proceeding; is
- 5 that correct? Okay.
- 6 Pursuant to the notice of oral argument, the
- 7 Commission would like to hear oral argument from the
- 8 parties on the following issues, as well as other
- 9 issues you may choose to bring before us.
- 10 First, would Commission approval of the
- 11 MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company acquisition make
- 12 a material change in PacifiCorp's capital structure
- 13 and risk profile for purposes of the general rate
- 14 case. Two, if not, why not. Three, if you believe
- 15 it would, please discuss which of the following
- 16 procedural options you would prefer in the general
- 17 rate case and why. First, the company waives the
- 18 statutory deadline in this proceeding, we proceed
- 19 with certain issues at this time, but request all
- 20 parties to refile cost of capital testimony after a
- 21 decision in the acquisition proceeding; B, the
- 22 company waives the statutory deadline in this
- 23 proceeding, defers all hearing dates and testimony
- 24 until after a decision is entered in the acquisition
- 25 proceeding, and all parties would refile cost of

- 1 capital testimony; and C, the Commission dismisses
- 2 the entire rate case and requests the company to
- 3 refile its petition after a decision is reached in
- 4 the acquisition proceeding.
- Now, the notice identified time allotted for
- 6 argument as followed: Thirty minutes for PacifiCorp
- 7 and MidAmerican, as well as 10 minutes of rebuttal,
- 8 and then 20 minutes for all other parties, 20 minutes
- 9 for each party. But as I noted to all of you in an
- 10 e-mail this morning, and I hope you received it,
- 11 given that no party here is really a moving party for
- 12 purposes of this argument, this has been initiated by
- 13 the Commission, it's appropriate to allow all parties
- 14 an opportunity to a short rebuttal to address issues
- 15 raised by the other parties.
- So first we'll proceed with the company, go
- 17 through beginning with Staff and Public Counsel, ICNU
- 18 and The Energy Project, and then the company will
- 19 have an opportunity to respond to those comments, and
- 20 then the other parties will have an opportunity for
- 21 further response.
- 22 So before we begin, Judge Moss, do you have
- 23 something you'd like to add?
- JUDGE MOSS: With the -- noting the
- 25 procedural posture in the acquisition docket, that is

- 1 to say, the parties previously anticipated going to
- 2 hearing, but mutually waived cross-examination in
- 3 that proceeding and we accepted the suggested record
- 4 in that proceeding here of some weeks ago, I guess, a
- 5 couple weeks ago, perhaps, I would just note that the
- 6 proceedings in -- related proceedings in Utah,
- 7 Oregon, Idaho and California, I believe a settlement
- 8 has been filed in all of those jurisdictions. Is
- 9 that correct, Mr. Van Nostrand?
- 10 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: That's correct, Your
- 11 Honor. The only states outstanding are Washington
- 12 and Wyoming. Wyoming is scheduled to go to hearing
- 13 the last week in January.
- 14 JUDGE MOSS: As are we, I believe; is that
- 15 right? Or we're scheduled for briefing.
- MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Briefing, yes.
- 17 JUDGE MOSS: Yes, briefs on January 25th, I
- 18 think it is.
- 19 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Thirtieth.
- JUDGE MOSS: Is it the 30th? I don't have
- 21 my calendar. In any event, the question is whether
- 22 we could have -- we would like to have a status
- 23 report concerning any ongoing discussions in
- 24 Washington State, or perhaps a report that we should
- 25 simply anticipate receiving briefs and resolving the

- 1 case on the basis of those in the paper record.
- 2 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Want me to do that now,
- 3 Your Honor?
- 4 JUDGE MOSS: Yes, sir.
- 5 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: I can say that we've had
- 6 a number of settlement discussions, probably five in
- 7 the docket, and we actually were scheduled to have
- 8 our discussions as recently as Monday morning, and
- 9 that's sort of been interrupted by the turn of events
- 10 in this holding oral argument here. I mean, I think
- 11 we were fairly close, I thought, to reaching
- 12 agreement.
- I don't know if you're aware there's a most
- 14 favored nations process whereby each state can go
- 15 through the stipulations reached in the other states
- 16 and decide which of those commitments they would like
- 17 to include in each state, and we had done that
- 18 process in Washington, the parties had gone through
- 19 the stipulation reached in Oregon, decided which
- 20 commitments we wanted in Washington. We pretty much,
- 21 I think, put that document largely to rest.
- 22 And then there was a stipulation to go along
- 23 with that, and we're hung up on, you know, an item or
- 24 two, but -- and then we got this notice.
- JUDGE MOSS: Okay.

- 1 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: So at this point, I would
- 2 have to say, depending upon the outcome, we'll resume
- 3 those settlement discussions, or if not, there will
- 4 be briefs on January 30th, Your Honor.
- 5 JUDGE MOSS: Okay. Thank you very much.
- 6 Appreciate that.
- 7 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. So we'll begin with
- 8 argument, and when we're done, I assume it will be
- 9 sometime between 3:30 and 4:00, and after that, we
- 10 will recess the hearing for -- to allow the
- 11 Commission to reach a decision on these issues, and
- 12 then we'll reconvene the hearing. If you all will
- 13 stick around, we'll let you know and we'll reconvene,
- 14 and then, depending on the outcome, we will have a
- 15 scheduling conference following the announcement of
- 16 the decision.
- 17 So without taking up any more of your time,
- 18 let's start with the company. Mr. Van Nostrand, are
- 19 you prepared?
- 20 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Yes, Your Honor, thank
- 21 you. Good afternoon, Chairman Sidran, Commissioner
- 22 Oshie, Commissioner Jones, Judge Rendahl, Judge Moss
- 23 and Judge Mace.
- 24 At the outset, I must say it's somewhat
- 25 unnerving that on what would have been the first day

- 1 of hearings in the \$30-plus million rate case that
- 2 has been on file and in process for the last eight
- 3 months, we are now faced with the prospect of
- 4 essentially pulling the plug on it.
- 5 It is worrisome because, in our view, the
- 6 possibility of this extraordinary action is based on
- 7 a departure from sound rate-making practices in two
- 8 material respects.
- 9 First, the notion that the MEHC transaction
- 10 may have an impact on PacifiCorp's capital structure
- 11 or risk profile, the issues identified in the
- 12 Commission's notice, is based in large part on an
- 13 unconventional rate-making theory that has never
- 14 previously been applied by the Commission.
- Second, the idea that we need to pull the
- 16 plug on the rate case today is premised on an event
- 17 that presumed closing of the transaction of
- 18 MidAmerican's purchase of PacifiCorp that we do not
- 19 know with certainty is actually going to happen, and
- 20 if it does happen, the soonest it will happen is
- 21 three months from now. Pulling the plug on the rate
- 22 case today based on an anticipated event that may
- 23 occur three months from now virtually abandons the
- 24 known and measurable requirement that has guided
- 25 utility rate-making not only before this Commission,

- 1 but throughout the country.
- 2 By way of background, the issue of the
- 3 interplay between the transaction docket and this
- 4 general rate case is not a new one. The company
- 5 filed -- PacifiCorp filed a general rate case back in
- 6 May seeking an increase of \$39.2 million, or 17.9
- 7 percent. As indicated in the direct testimony in
- 8 that case, the filing was premised largely on
- 9 increases in power cost, the addition of new
- 10 generation, and also cost increases in respect to
- 11 certain employee costs, medical, pensions and health
- 12 benefits.
- The suspension period ends April 5th, 2006,
- 14 so the rate year is essentially the 12 months
- 15 beginning April 5th, 2006. About three weeks later,
- on May 24th, MidAmerican announced its acquisition of
- 17 PacifiCorp, and this announcement actually occurred
- 18 before the pre-hearing conference in the general rate
- 19 case.
- 20 And the issue of consolidating the two
- 21 dockets actually was discussed at the pre-hearing
- 22 conference in the general rate case. The judges had
- 23 issued an agenda on June 2nd, so when we convened on
- June 6th, we actually discussed the possibility of
- 25 consolidating the two dockets. It's fair to say

- 1 there was no support for consolidation at the
- 2 pre-hearing conference. Staff, for its part, noted
- 3 that the transaction would close in 2006, during the
- 4 rate year in our rate case. Staff Counsel actually
- 5 noted that certain expenses paid to Scottish Power at
- 6 issue in the rate case would likely be changed, since
- 7 Scottish Power would not be the owner, and Staff
- 8 Counsel also noted that capital may be provided by a
- 9 Triple A-rated company, and therefore that might have
- 10 an impact on the rate case.
- 11 Several weeks later, on July 15th,
- 12 MidAmerican actually filed its application, which
- 13 include a number of commitments that may have impact
- 14 on rate year costs. It also included an extensive
- 15 discussion of MEHC's capital structure by way of
- 16 commitments that might have an effect on rate year
- 17 cost was reduction in corporate charges and a
- 18 commitment that long-term debt borrowing cost would
- 19 be reduced by ten basis points.
- 20 At the pre-hearing conference in that docket
- 21 on July 26th, there was no discussion of
- 22 consolidation with the rate case. Then, on November
- 23 3rd, 2005, in the rate case docket, Staff and
- 24 Intervenors filed their opposing testimony, and even
- 25 though the hoped-for closing of the transaction,

- 1 April 1, 2006, and the beginning of the rate year in
- 2 a rate case, April 5th, 2006, roughly coincide, there
- 3 was no discussion in the Staff-Intervenor testimony
- 4 of anticipated impact of MEHC ownership on PacifiCorp
- 5 costs during the rate year, no suggestion of a double
- 6 leverage adjustment based on MEHC ownership, no pro
- 7 forma adjustments to reflect the promised commitments
- 8 of reductions in corporate cross charges or the
- 9 reduction in debt borrowing cost.
- 10 As I will discuss later, I think there's a
- 11 good reason that no pro forma adjustments are offered
- 12 in the rate case. Until the transaction actually
- 13 closes, there was no known and measurable event that
- 14 provides a basis for such pro forma adjustments.
- Turning to the specific questions set forth
- in the Commission's notice, would Commission's
- 17 approval of the MEHC acquisition make a material
- 18 change to PacifiCorp's capital structure and the risk
- 19 profile for purposes of the general rate case,
- 20 Applicants answer that question no.
- 21 The acquisition has no impact on either
- 22 PacifiCorp's capital structure or risk profile for
- 23 purposes of the general rate case.
- 24 PacifiCorp's capital structure, for purposes
- of setting rates in the general rate case, is

- 1 unaffected by the transaction. The Commission has
- 2 consistently set PacifiCorp's rates on a stand-alone
- 3 basis without regard to any upstream debt in a
- 4 holding company structure. If the Commission
- 5 continues to follow this practice, the acquisition
- 6 has virtually no impact on PacifiCorp's capital
- 7 structure.
- 8 On the other hand, if the Commission decides
- 9 it wants to go down a path of considering upstream
- 10 debt and holding company structure, which I referred
- 11 to as an unconventional rate-making adjustment,
- 12 PacifiCorp is currently part of a holding company
- 13 structure in which there's upstream debt. After the
- 14 transaction, PacifiCorp will be part of a different
- 15 holding company structure in which there is upstream
- 16 debt. If anything, however, the level of upstream
- 17 debt after the transaction will be less under
- 18 MidAmerican ownership than currently exists under
- 19 Scottish Power ownership.
- 20 To suggest that there is a change in the
- 21 capital structure as a result of the transaction
- 22 presumes that the Commission will decide in this
- 23 proceeding to set rates on the basis of an
- 24 unconventional rate-making practice that it has never
- 25 previously followed, i.e., the use of a double

- 1 leverage adjustment.
- 2 However, even if the Commission does decide
- 3 to go down that path, there is no material change in
- 4 the capital structure as a result of the transaction.
- 5 With respect to the second prong of the
- 6 question, PacifiCorp's risk profile also is unchanged
- 7 by the transaction. MidAmerican is proposing to
- 8 implement extensive ring fencing provisions, which
- 9 ensure that PacifiCorp is protected from the impacts
- 10 of any risks associated with ownership by
- 11 MidAmerican.
- 12 I'd like to turn briefly to further
- 13 discussion of each of those two prongs of the issues
- 14 presented by the Commission. First, as far as the
- 15 impact --
- 16 JUDGE RENDAHL: Before you go on on that
- 17 point --
- MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Yes, Judge Rendahl.
- 19 JUDGE RENDAHL: -- in Mr. Williams' rebuttal
- 20 testimony, he indicates on page 13 that presently
- 21 Standard and Poor's and Moody's, their debt ratings
- 22 are based on the Scottish Power structure, and so I
- 23 guess the question is how would there not be a
- 24 change, even with ring fencing, with a new ownership?
- 25 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: The debt ratings are

- 1 based on the metrics of Pacific as a stand-alone
- 2 company. I think one of the considerations the
- 3 rating agencies take into account is the support
- 4 that's come from the parent and, in fact, Scottish
- 5 Power has provided equity infusions in the past and
- 6 is continuing to provide equity infusions. But the
- 7 metrics, the calculations that are done by Standard &
- 8 Poor's and Moody's, which, frankly, Mr. Williams
- 9 spends extensive time discussing in his testimony,
- 10 are based upon stand-alone metrics of PacifiCorp.
- 11 JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you.
- 12 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: With respect to the issue
- 13 of impact on the capital structure, I think it's the
- 14 Staff testimony in this docket which suggests the
- 15 capital costs will be different under MEHC ownership
- 16 given the level of debt at MEHC. In particular,
- 17 Staff claims that because MEHC capitalizes itself
- 18 with debt in its capital structure, this new
- 19 ownership arrangement affects PacifiCorp's cost of
- 20 capital for rate-making purposes, and Staff proposes
- 21 a reopener that would allow the Commission to
- 22 determine the impact of the acquisition on
- 23 PacifiCorp's cost of capital for rate-making
- 24 purposes.
- 25 I think Public Counsel Witness Hill makes

- 1 similar arguments about the impact of debt in the
- 2 capital structure of MEHC as though this is something
- 3 new for PacifiCorp, upstream debt in the ownership
- 4 structure. For the most part, while Mr. Hill's
- 5 testimony makes these observations as a preview of
- 6 rate case issues to come, he does not propose in his
- 7 testimony to take any action on this issue now.
- 8 What both Staff and Public Counsel
- 9 disregard, however, is that capital structure for
- 10 rate-making purposes in Washington has traditionally
- 11 and appropriately been determined on the basis of
- 12 that utility's stand-alone capital structure.
- In the general rate case, for example,
- 14 PacifiCorp's capital structure is based upon the
- 15 forecasted capital structure for the 12 months ended
- 16 March 31, 2006, which includes equity infusions of
- 17 \$500 million over this period, four quarterly cash
- 18 infusions of \$125 million each. These infusions will
- 19 occur under the stock purchase agreement with
- 20 MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company irrespective of
- 21 who owns the company.
- There is no change in PacifiCorp's
- 23 stand-alone capital structure as a result of the
- 24 transaction, nor is there any change in PacifiCorp's
- 25 cost of capital as a result of the transaction.

- 1 If the Commission chooses to abandon its
- 2 prior practice of looking at capital structure on the
- 3 basis of the stand-alone entity, in our view, there
- 4 is still no material impact arising from the
- 5 transaction. I'd like to hand out a couple of
- 6 exhibits, Your Honor.
- 7 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. Please go ahead. Do
- 8 you want these marked?
- 9 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: No, that's not necessary.
- 10 They're already in the record of the transaction
- 11 docket.
- 12 JUDGE RENDAHL: So these are in the
- 13 transaction docket?
- 14 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Exhibit Numbers 42 and 43
- 15 in the transaction docket.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: So what you've handed us is
- 17 what -- have these been marked already?
- 18 JUDGE MOSS: These exhibits have been
- 19 admitted in Docket Number UE-051090. They are part
- 20 of the record.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: All right. And we have
- 22 Exhibits 42 and 43. Go ahead, Mr. Van Nostrand.
- MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 24 Turning to the first page of the handout, Exhibit 42,
- 25 under existing ownership by Scottish Power, there is

- 1 upstream debt in the holding company structure. You
- 2 see, in the middle of that chart, PacifiCorp Holdings
- 3 Inc., otherwise known as PHI, is a wholly-owned
- 4 subsidiary of Scottish Power. It's a non-operating
- 5 direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Scottish Power.
- 6 PHI's balance sheet has acquisition related debt of
- 7 \$2.375 billion. That can be found on Exhibit 316 in
- 8 the rate case at page 13.
- 9 So thus the acquisition company in the
- 10 Scottish Power chart, PHI, has debt at a level of
- 11 \$2.375 billion. At the top of the chart, the parent,
- 12 Scottish Power, PLC, also has 51.95 percent debt in
- its consolidated capital structure, as of March 31,
- 14 2004. This is Exhibit 217 in the transaction docket.
- Turning to the other exhibit in this
- 16 handout, Exhibit 43 from the transaction docket,
- 17 which is Mr. Goodman's exhibit, following the
- 18 transaction, PacifiCorp will be part of a holding
- 19 company structure in which there will be no debt at
- 20 the acquisition company level. If you look at the
- 21 far left-hand side of this organization chart, you
- 22 can see PacifiCorp, above that is PP Holdings, L.L.C.
- 23 That is the acquisition company for purposes of
- 24 effecting this transaction. There's one hundred
- 25 percent above that. It's one hundred percent equity.

- 1 There is no debt at the PPW Holdings level.
- I think, as Mr. Elgin discusses, there is
- 3 debt at MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company. It's
- 4 significant, in our view, that no party made any
- 5 double leverage proposal as part of the general rate
- 6 case, even though, when you look at Exhibit 42, you
- 7 can see that that adjustment was available under
- 8 existing Scottish Power ownership.
- 9 The same financial witness appears for
- 10 Public Counsel in both the rate case docket and the
- 11 transaction docket, Mr. Hill. While Mr. Hill raises
- 12 this unconventional financial theory in his
- 13 transaction testimony, he doesn't actually apply it
- 14 to PacifiCorp in his rate case testimony. Under
- 15 existing Scottish Power ownership, even though the
- 16 circumstances are there that would allow it,
- 17 actually, there's a good reason that no party
- 18 proposed such an adjustment in the rate case under
- 19 Scottish Power ownership.
- 20 The Commission has never previously made an
- 21 adjustment based on double leverage in a rate
- 22 proceeding, even though it has had the factual
- 23 circumstances that would allow it to do so.
- 24 The Commission has historically established
- 25 rates based on a cost of capital of local operations,

- 1 not on the basis of the parent company's capital
- 2 structure. We've found no decision of the Commission
- 3 that has adopted double leverage adjustments such as
- 4 that proposed by Staff. And Staff, in response to
- 5 data requests included as exhibits in the
- 6 transaction, similarly fails to cite any precedent
- 7 for such an adjustment in Washington.
- 8 A couple of examples also bearing on this
- 9 point. In the recent Verizon Northwest general rate
- 10 proceeding, the Commission was presented with factual
- 11 circumstances that would have allowed a double
- 12 leverage adjustment to be performed. Exhibit 227 in
- 13 the transaction docket, testimony by Staff Witness
- 14 Rothschild, the Staff cost of capital witness in the
- 15 Verizon case and in the PacifiCorp case, noted at
- 16 page ten of his testimony that utilities are often
- 17 owned by companies that are saddled with an
- 18 additional layer of debt at the parent level.
- 19 Verizon Northwest is a wholly-owned subsidiary of
- 20 Verizon Communications, Inc., which has 49.3 percent
- 21 long-term debt at the parent level. No adjustment
- 22 for double leverage was proposed in that Docket
- 23 UT-040788.
- In the recent PSE proceeding, the same
- 25 Public Counsel witness, Stephen Hill, made the point

- 1 that PSE's holding company parent, Puget Energy, is
- 2 more highly leveraged than the operating utility, and
- 3 that PSE's ratepayers were subsidizing Puget Energy's
- 4 unregulated operations because of the higher leverage
- 5 that PSE was able to use at the holding company
- 6 level, Exhibit 224 in the transaction docket.
- 7 No adjustment was made by the Commission in
- 8 the PSE rate order to take account of the more
- 9 highly-leveraged holding company parent. Apart from
- 10 rate cases, this issue has not previously been raised
- in utility acquisition proceedings, even though the
- 12 factual circumstances have been present that would
- 13 allow it to do so.
- 14 When Scottish Power acquired PacifiCorp in
- 15 1999, for example, PacifiCorp became part of a
- 16 holding company structure where there was upstream
- 17 debt. There was no issue in the PacifiCorp-Scottish
- 18 Power merger proceeding in 1999, no suggestion that
- 19 the Commission had to evaluate the double leverage
- 20 issue before it could proceed to approve the
- 21 transaction, there was no issue in PacifiCorp's
- 22 subsequent rate cases in 1999 or in 2003, even though
- 23 it was indicated on Exhibit 42 there was considerable
- 24 upstream debt in PacifiCorp ownership structure.
- We would submit that if the Commission is

- 1 considering going down the road of following a double
- 2 leverage theory for rate-making purposes, a
- 3 transaction docket is not the proper forum.
- 4 Such a precedent has implications for nearly
- 5 every operating utility in Washington, since all or
- 6 part of holding company structures or corporate
- 7 structures where there is debt at the operating
- 8 company level and an additional layer of debt at the
- 9 parent level. Verizon, Puget Sound Energy, Qwest and
- 10 Avista would all fall into this category.
- 11 Resolving it in this docket denies all the
- 12 utilities that will be affected an opportunity to
- 13 participate in the process and shape discussions
- 14 based on their own particular circumstances.
- 15 Public Counsel Hill, one of the few times
- 16 I'll agree with Stephen Hill, in his testimony in the
- 17 transaction docket said, with respect to double
- 18 leveraging, This is an issue the Commission should be
- 19 aware of and which will eventually be an issue in
- 20 future rate proceedings if the proposed purchase of
- 21 PacifiCorp by MEHC is allowed by proceed. He did not
- 22 suggest in his testimony that anything be done now.
- 23 Summing up on that issue, there is no change
- 24 in the company's capital structure as that structure
- 25 has traditionally been analyzed by the Commission.

- 1 And even under a precedent-setting double leverage
- 2 approach, the transaction does not produce a material
- 3 change in the capital structure from PacifiCorp.
- 4 The second issue identified in the
- 5 Commission's notice, the impact on the risk profile.
- 6 In our view, the transaction also has no impact on
- 7 PacifiCorp's risk profile for purposes of the general
- 8 rate case. MEHC is proposing to implement ring
- 9 fencing provisions that fully protect PacifiCorp's
- 10 customers from any potential financial distress at
- 11 MEHC or Berkshire Hathaway in the unlikely case that
- 12 such should occur.
- 13 Looking at Mr. Elgin's testimony for Staff,
- 14 he acknowledges there are two different ways to
- 15 protect ratepayers from double leverage, the second
- of which is to consider PacifiCorp as a stand-alone
- 17 entity through inclusion of adequate ring fencing
- 18 provisions. That's Exhibit 181, page 39.
- 19 According to the Staff testimony, the risk
- 20 to ratepayers due to the relationship between MEHC
- 21 and PacifiCorp and MEHC's decision to finance with
- 22 significant leverage must be ring-fenced to protect
- 23 PacifiCorp's customers from being adversely affected
- 24 by the parent's bankruptcy or other financial
- 25 distress.

- 1 I'd refer you to Pat Goodman's rebuttal
- 2 testimony in the transaction docket, Exhibit 45,
- 3 where we show that ring fencing provisions proposed
- 4 to be implemented by MEHC can meet Staff's conditions
- 5 and that a ring fencing structure can be tight enough
- 6 to protect a subsidiary from the bankruptcy of a
- 7 parent.
- 8 Basically, in the transaction docket, MEHC
- 9 is proposing the same ring fencing provisions as were
- 10 used when MEHC acquired Northern Natural Gas Company,
- 11 and those ring fencing provisions have been found by
- 12 the rating agencies to provide adequate ring fencing
- 13 to allow stand-alone ratings of the applicable
- 14 ring-fenced subsidiaries.
- 15 With these ring fencing provisions, there is
- 16 no impact of the transaction on PacifiCorp's risk
- 17 profile for purposes of the general rate case.
- 18 PacifiCorp can still be evaluated as a stand-alone
- 19 entity, as it always has been in the past, and it is
- 20 protected from any financial distress of its parent.
- 21 I'd like to turn briefly to question three.
- 22 Although it's certainly our hope that we don't get
- 23 there, I thought I would like to address the
- 24 alternatives which the Commission indicated in its
- 25 notice.

- 1 With respect to A and B, that the company
- 2 waive the statutory deadline and defer hearing dates,
- 3 obviously, for the reasons I've stated above, we
- 4 don't believe there is a need to provide an
- 5 opportunity to refile cost of capital testimony.
- 6 There are no changes in the fundamental risk of
- 7 PacifiCorp in PacifiCorp's capital structure or that
- 8 would affect PacifiCorp's cost of capital due to MEHC
- 9 ownership.
- 10 In fact, the parties had an opportunity to
- 11 make capital structure arguments under the existing
- 12 PacifiCorp ownership in the rate case and failed to
- 13 do so. The circumstances do not materially change
- 14 under MEHC ownership; the numbers change only
- 15 slightly, as indicated before, and in a manner that
- 16 is helpful to customers, in that the amount of debt
- 17 upstream from PacifiCorp under MEHC ownership is less
- 18 than upstream debt under current Scottish Power
- 19 ownership.
- 20 We believe it would be improper to take the
- 21 extraordinary step of interrupting the rate case
- 22 process now and suggesting that the suspension period
- 23 be extended on the basis of an uncertain future
- 24 event, a transaction closing that may or may not
- 25 happen.

- 1 MidAmerican has indicated that it wants to
- 2 have state regulatory approvals in place by the end
- 3 of February, and this Commission has certainly
- 4 accommodated that request by putting us on a schedule
- 5 for briefs at the end of January and an order
- 6 hopefully by the end of February, and this schedule
- 7 would allow the transaction to close hopefully at the
- 8 end of the first quarter, around April 1.
- 9 Before the transaction closes, however,
- 10 regulatory approvals must be obtained in all states
- 11 and on terms that are acceptable to MidAmerican.
- 12 Section 6.1(d) of the stock purchase agreement,
- 13 Appendix Two to the application.
- 14 Thus far, there are no approvals in hand,
- 15 the discussion I had with Judge Moss. Settlements
- 16 have been reached in Utah, Oregon, Idaho and
- 17 California, but no state commission has yet acted on
- 18 those settlements. We've been unable to reach a
- 19 settlement in Washington, we've been unable to reach
- 20 a settlement in Wyoming, and hearings are scheduled
- 21 for the last week in January.
- 22 Until all regulatory approvals are received
- 23 and the transaction closes, there is no known and
- 24 measurable event that provides a basis for taking the
- 25 extraordinary step of pulling the plug on this rate

- 1 case.
- Furthermore, under Options A or B,
- 3 PacifiCorp is irreparably harmed. In our rebuttal
- 4 case, we're asking for \$32.6 million. So basically,
- 5 for every day of delay in the company getting the
- 6 rate relief that it believes it's entitled to, it's
- 7 \$100,000. By delaying necessary rate relief due to
- 8 an unanticipated event, the closing of the
- 9 transaction that may or may not happen, it is
- 10 premature on the basis of this record to take the
- 11 extraordinary step of halting the rate case process
- 12 and imposing a delay based on an event that, if it
- 13 does happen, will not occur until almost three months
- 14 from now at the earliest.
- With respect to Option C, dismissing of the
- 16 rate case, we respectfully submit that's contrary to
- 17 law. RCW 80.04.130 permits the Commission either to
- 18 allow a general rate case tariff filing to become
- 19 effective or suspended and conduct an investigation
- 20 with hearings. No basis is provided for the
- 21 Commission simply to dismiss a tariff filing.
- 22 It would also be arbitrary and capricious
- 23 inasmuch as it's contrary to a Commission rule which
- 24 specifically governs the circumstances under which
- 25 dismissal is granted. WAC 480-07-380(1)(a) provides

- 1 that the Commission will grant dismissal if the
- 2 pleading fails to state a claim on which the
- 3 Commission may grant relief.
- 4 The evidence clearly establishes that the
- 5 company is entitled to rate relief and that the need
- 6 for rate relief is not affected by the acquisition by
- 7 MEHC. Dismissal of the rate case would be contrary
- 8 because the costs in the rate case are there. Costs
- 9 are costs regardless of who happens to own the shares
- 10 of PacifiCorp stock.
- 11 Power costs, for example, one of the drivers
- 12 of the rate case, they're there whether Scottish
- 13 Power owns PacifiCorp or MidAmerican owns PacifiCorp.
- 14 The cost of new generation, the same, the cost -- the
- 15 employee costs, medical, pension costs, the same.
- 16 These are costs that are incurred by PacifiCorp,
- 17 whether or not it's owned by MidAmerican or Scottish
- 18 Power. And it's noted above the existing costs of
- 19 capital are the same whether PacifiCorp is owned by
- 20 PacifiCorp or Scottish Power.
- 21 In our view, dismissal of the rate case
- 22 would deny the company an opportunity to recover its
- 23 costs of doing business in Washington and an
- 24 opportunity to earn a reasonable return on the assets
- 25 devoted to public service in Washington.

- 1 The option that we would like to bring to
- 2 the Commission's attention, which we think addresses
- 3 the issues raised in the Commission's notice and that
- 4 we feel would comport with the law is the
- 5 Commission's ability to reopen a docket under RCW
- 6 80.04.210.
- 7 The statute was recently tested in a Court
- 8 of Appeals case, in which Mr. Cedarbaum, Ms. Davison
- 9 and I were all involved, and the Court upheld the
- 10 Commission's ability to reopen prior dockets on the
- 11 basis of a public interest standard as set forth in
- 12 80.04.210.
- We would propose that the Commission would
- 14 proceed with the current rate schedule and process
- 15 and issue its decision. If a transaction does indeed
- 16 close three months from now, at the earliest, the
- 17 Commission has the statutory authority to reopen the
- 18 rate case and consider the impact of MEHC ownership
- 19 on the rate case outcome.
- 20 For the reasons stated above, we don't
- 21 believe there is any impact of -- the transaction has
- 22 any impact on the PacifiCorp's capital structure and
- 23 cost of capital or risk, but reopening a proceeding
- 24 would allow the Commission to evaluate those issues,
- 25 as well as any other changes in the costs of service

- 1 that may arise from the transaction.
- 2 In addition, the Commission could probably
- 3 make any rate change arising from a re-open
- 4 proceeding effective as of the date of filing of the
- 5 reopener. The impact on ratepayers would thus be
- 6 virtually the same as if the suspension period were
- 7 extended in the rate case.
- 8 It's respectfully suggested that this course
- 9 of action is the only one that comports with sound
- 10 rate-making practice. PacifiCorp's current rate
- 11 filing should not be interrupted to test an
- 12 unconventional rate-making theory premised on a
- 13 transaction that may or may not close. There's a
- 14 less disruptive solution and one that leaves
- 15 ratepayers in virtually the same place as if the rate
- 16 case suspension period has been extended.
- 17 That concludes my argument. If there's any
- 18 questions from the Bench, I'd welcome them.
- 19 JUDGE MOSS: I have one process question.
- 20 What would trigger the reopener you just referred to?
- 21 In the prior case that you touched on, there was a
- 22 filing by the company that actually ultimately
- 23 resulted in the reopener. What sort of event would
- 24 occur that would trigger a reopener under RCW
- 25 80.04.210?

- 1 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: I believe the event, Your
- 2 Honor, would be the closing of the transaction. I
- 3 think that is the known and measurable event that's
- 4 missing now that would be present once the
- 5 transaction closes, and I think at that point, if the
- 6 Commission believed that there are impacts of the
- 7 transaction under PacifiCorp's cost of service in
- 8 their rate year, you can reopen the docket and take
- 9 evidence on what has changed as a result of MEHC
- 10 ownership, because at that point you will have the
- 11 certain event that allows the Commission to proceed
- 12 to reevaluate PacifiCorp's cost of service under MEHC
- ownership.
- JUDGE MOSS: Who would bear the burden of
- 15 proof?
- 16 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: I don't want to -- I've
- 17 had some discussions around this point. I don't want
- 18 to -- I think -- I think that's something -- I
- 19 believe the Commission would probably define it. I
- 20 mean, I think -- I suspect you could -- the company
- 21 could proceed to have the burden of proof that, you
- 22 know, nothing changed, there's no reason -- pretty
- 23 much the way we've argued here. I don't believe,
- 24 just because the Commission is reopening that, you
- 25 know, it's comparable to a show cause order where the

- 1 Commission or the Staff has the burden of proof.
- 2 I think the Commission, in its order of
- 3 reopening, could say, Here are the circumstances, we
- 4 think costs -- we think this is worth another look,
- 5 if the applicants want to take the position that no
- 6 costs have changed under MEHC ownership, then
- 7 applicants have that burden, or you could file
- 8 simultaneous testimony, simultaneous briefs, but it
- 9 is an unconventional approach.
- 10 It's -- it would be a new -- I mean, it's
- 11 uncharted water, which I think gives the Commission
- 12 flexibility to get what it wants. I mean, the
- 13 Commission's obviously concerned with issues of the
- 14 transaction of -- the impact of the transaction on
- 15 PacifiCorp's ownership, and I think the reopening
- 16 process invites a fairly clean slate for the
- 17 Commission to indicate to the parties what exactly
- 18 they want and what exactly procedures they want us to
- 19 follow.
- 20 You know, another alternative is to just
- 21 reopen and convene a pre-hearing conference and we'll
- 22 just sort it out then. Is that responsive, Judge
- 23 Moss?
- JUDGE MOSS: Yes, that's responsive. I'm
- 25 thinking whether I want to follow it up. I'll

- 1 consider that, and maybe before the end of the day, I
- 2 will, but not at the moment. Thank you.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: I have one follow-up to
- 4 that. You indicated that there would be no effect on
- 5 the ratepayer -- I guess that's assuming that -- to
- 6 reopen. Assuming that the triggering event, the
- 7 closing of the transaction would occur prior to a
- 8 final order in the rate case. Is that your
- 9 assumption?
- 10 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Prior to or about the
- 11 same -- I guess I'm looking at the anticipated
- 12 closing date, the hoped-for closing date of April 1
- 13 and the April 5 suspension date in the rate case. It
- 14 seems like we're just looking at days there, so I
- 15 mean, I think it's virtually no impact on the
- 16 ratepayers. There may be -- there may be a few days
- 17 slippage, but I think the event that would trigger
- 18 the reopening would be the closing of the
- 19 transaction, because that's the known and measurable
- 20 event.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: I'm just thinking of a
- 22 situation where the closing is delayed and the
- 23 Commission enters a decision in the rate case on
- 24 April 4th, and then, two weeks later, there's a
- 25 closing. And at that point, there may or may not be

- 1 a compliance filing in place and the rates in effect,
- 2 and then you have a space where you then reopen.
- 3 Would you then freeze -- what do you propose to do in
- 4 that type of situation?
- 5 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Well, frankly, Your
- 6 Honor, if the transaction hasn't closed, then there
- 7 are no changes. PacifiCorp is still owned by
- 8 Scottish Power until the transaction closes. The
- 9 reopened proceeding properly should begin with the
- 10 date of the transaction closing, because that's the
- 11 event that potentially causes a change in
- 12 PacifiCorp's cost of service.
- So I don't -- there wouldn't be any reason
- 14 for it to relate back to the rate case order if there
- 15 is that delay. That's the event which supposedly
- 16 triggers the change in cost, which we don't
- 17 necessarily agree is there, but that's --
- 18 JUDGE RENDAHL: I understand. I'm just
- 19 following up on your statement that there should be
- 20 little or no impact on the ratepayer to do the
- 21 reopening, and I'm just testing that assumption as to
- 22 the timing of when that would occur.
- 23 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: I guess I'm basing that
- 24 statement on some of the chronology that I laid out
- 25 before, assuming, you know, an April 1 closing date,

- 1 which is the hoped-for date, and this Commission
- 2 would give us a schedule and order that would allow
- 3 MidAmerican to get there assuming that hoped-for
- 4 closing date is achieved, I mean, the suspension
- 5 date.
- 6 There's very little impact, very little
- 7 impact on the customer, but if there is an impact,
- 8 under the reopened proceeding, that's what flows from
- 9 no change in cost of service until the transaction
- 10 closes.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay, thank you. Are there
- 12 any questions? Commissioner Jones.
- 13 COMMISSIONER JONES: I just had one factual
- 14 question. I'm not going to ask any others, but
- 15 everything that I've seen from the public records
- 16 indicates that the transaction is expected to close
- in March 2006, in the 10-Qs and the 10-Ks. You seem
- 18 to be proposing a new date today of April. In your
- 19 opening remarks, you said three months. If you say
- 20 March, it's two months.
- 21 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: March 31, I think is the
- 22 day when we first filed this application. We asked
- 23 for all regulatory approvals to be in place by
- 24 February 28th, which would allow the transaction to
- 25 close the end of March, the last day of the first

- 1 quarter. But I'm using March 31 and April 1
- 2 interchangeably. I don't mean to suggest that the
- 3 whole month of April is -- really, I was using March
- 4 31 and April 1 interchangeably. I believe when we
- 5 filed the application, we referred to a hoped-for
- 6 March 31 closing date.
- 7 COMMISSIONER JONES: Oh, I think if you look
- 8 at some of the documents, it just says March, so --
- 9 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Well, with regulatory --
- 10 COMMISSIONER JONES: And is it not correct
- 11 that you have asked for an order from this Commission
- 12 and at least all commissions by the end of February?
- MR. VAN NOSTRAND: That's correct, that's
- 14 correct, Commissioner.
- 15 COMMISSIONER JONES: And how long does it
- 16 usually take after the last state or the last
- 17 regulatory body has issued an order to close a
- 18 transaction?
- 19 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: My experience, it's been
- 20 about 30 days. I mean, MidAmerican, first you have
- 21 the issue of reconsideration right. Under the stock
- 22 purchase agreement, these have to be final orders.
- 23 MidAmerican has to have an opportunity, as the
- 24 purchaser, to sit back, look at all the conditions
- 25 that have been imposed in connection with granting

- 1 regulatory approvals and then decide whether it wants
- 2 to proceed with the transaction. And my experience,
- 3 and I've done a few of these, it takes about 30 days.
- 4 COMMISSIONER JONES: Well, since you quoted
- 5 a couple telecommunications cases of this Commission,
- 6 just let me issue the most recent one that we did.
- 7 We were the last state to approve the Verizon-MCI
- 8 merger case, issued an order on December 23rd. I
- 9 think the parties closed that transaction and issued
- 10 it to Wall Street and the general public on about
- 11 January 5th, so that's just a point of reference.
- 12 That's all I have.
- 13 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. Any other questions
- 14 from the Bench? Okay.
- 15 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: If I could -- one thing I
- 16 need to point out, I've just been reminded, we have
- 17 this most favored nations process that I mentioned
- 18 earlier. Basically, that every state gets the
- 19 opportunity to get whatever commitments from the
- 20 other states, and we followed that in Washington by
- 21 sharing the Oregon stipulation. If we get a
- 22 settlement in Wyoming or a commission order in
- 23 Wyoming imposing conditions, every party in every
- 24 state will have a chance to look at the Wyoming
- 25 commitments and decide if they want to have those

- 1 added, as well.
- I mean, that's another reason that, even
- 3 though we might get orders from all the commissions
- 4 on the 28th, if those orders impose conditions, all
- 5 the other parties in all the other states get a
- 6 chance to join in those conditions, and that's
- 7 another reason that there's additional time beyond
- 8 February 28th, I don't believe probably was present
- 9 in the MCI-Verizon situation.
- 10 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay, thank you. Now, for
- 11 Staff. Mr. Trotter, are you prepared, or Mr.
- 12 Cedarbaum, are you going first?
- 13 MR. TROTTER: Mr. Cedarbaum will address
- 14 Item Number One, and I'll address the other two
- 15 items.
- 16 MR. CEDARBAUM: Thank you, Your Honor,
- 17 Commissioners. I guess before I get to my prepared
- 18 remarks, I just wanted to pick up at least my
- 19 thought, and Mr. Trotter would add to this later,
- 20 about this notion of reopener and making sure that
- 21 ratepayers are protected.
- It seems to me that if the timing of this
- 23 closing of the transaction at the end of the rate
- 24 case is such that there are no tariffs under
- 25 suspension in the current rate case at the time of a

- 1 reopener, that making any rate adjustment from that
- 2 reopener effective back to the date when reopener
- 3 began raises some retroactive rate-making issues, and
- 4 we'd have to address those, and the company has
- 5 certainly agreed to waive those concerns, but I think
- 6 that's an issue that you would have to consider, how
- 7 to resolve that, if it is an issue, but that's at
- 8 least picking up on that one point, which was where
- 9 we left off in Mr. Van Nostrand's discussion.
- 10 Turning now to Exhibit Number 1, the -- and
- 11 really, my answer to Exhibit Number 1 is embodied in
- 12 the Staff case.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: When you say Exhibit Number
- 14 1 --
- MR. CEDARBAUM: I'm sorry, Issue Number One.
- 16 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. Thank you.
- 17 MR. CEDARBAUM: Issue Number One from your
- 18 notice of hearing, January 9th. The Staff position
- 19 on that issue is addressed in quite a bit of detail
- 20 by Mr. Elgin in the acquisition docket, which he is
- 21 the Staff witness, and his testimony focuses on the
- 22 capital structure issue only and not the risk issue,
- 23 but the capital structure issue and its impact on the
- 24 company's overall cost of capital and recovery of the
- 25 \$1.2 billion acquisition premium that MEHC is paying

- 1 Scottish Power to acquire PacifiCorp.
- I should point out before I get to that --
- 3 that issue, that testimony, that the impact of the
- 4 acquisition is not limited just to cost of capital.
- 5 There's been reference this morning to settlements in
- 6 Oregon, Utah and Idaho. I think it's -- just to
- 7 summarize my understanding of portions of the Oregon
- 8 settlement is that the company has agreed to
- 9 commitments which will reduce certain types of
- 10 expenses, like A&G expenses, insurance expenses and
- 11 some management fee expenses and perhaps others.
- Those are commitments that we know exist,
- 13 but they're not taken into account in the current
- 14 rate case and they would affect the company's cost of
- 15 service in Washington. So that's -- if you're
- 16 looking at the impact of the acquisition on cost of
- 17 service, it's not just a cost of capital question.
- 18 With respect to the capital structure issue,
- 19 though, it is the Staff position that the acquisition
- 20 will have an immediate and material impact on
- 21 rate-making due to the leverage employed by MEHC at
- 22 the holding company level to finance the acquisition
- 23 of PacifiCorp. And again, the details of the Staff
- 24 position are in Mr. Elgin's testimony, which is
- 25 Exhibit 181-T in the acquisition docket.

- 1 But in essence, what it boils down to is
- 2 that MEHC is proposing to purchase Scottish Power's
- 3 equity investment at PacifiCorp for \$5.1 billion. Of
- 4 that \$5.1 billion, MEHC will finance \$1.7 billion
- 5 through debt, but it will record the proceeds of that
- 6 sale as equity on PacifiCorp's books. So that's a
- 7 fact, that of the \$5.1 billion purchase price, \$1.7
- 8 billion will be recorded as equity on PacifiCorp's
- 9 books, but it is actually financed through debt at
- 10 the MEHC holding company level.
- 11 So the issue is should we continue to
- 12 pretend, if the transaction closes, that PacifiCorp
- is a stand-alone company and set rates that would
- 14 provide a rate of return on equity on that \$1.7
- 15 billion investment and associated income taxes, which
- 16 would allow MEHC to recover the acquisition premium
- 17 given the added income stream that those returns
- 18 would generate. That's option one.
- 19 The other option is do we recognize reality
- 20 with the acquisition, if the acquisition closes, and
- 21 that the actual cost of the investment, that \$1.7
- 22 billion is not equity, but it is actually a lower
- 23 cost debt investment by MEHC.
- 24 Staff's position of the acquisition
- 25 proceeding is that you do the latter. You recognize

- 1 the reality of the acquisition, that the cost of that
- 2 equity is not a return on equity; it is the cost of
- 3 debt at MEHC's level. And Staff also illustrated the
- 4 impact of that type of approach. Mr. Elgin has
- 5 testimony and an exhibit which shows that if you
- 6 treat PacifiCorp -- having PacifiCorp as part of the
- 7 holding company structure of MEHC, there's a \$10
- 8 million reduction in revenue requirement in
- 9 Washington for PacifiCorp. That's his calculation,
- 10 and certainly, that is a material impact on cost of
- 11 service under any definition.
- Now, Mr. Van Nostrand's, I think, main point
- in his rebuttal to the Staff presentation of the
- 14 acquisition case is that there has been debt at the
- 15 Scottish Power level and always has been, and that
- 16 there is no debt at the PPW Holdings Company level,
- 17 which is the second exhibit that he handed out this
- 18 morning. The implication being that, with respect to
- 19 Scottish Power, there's always been debt there, so if
- 20 there was a double leverage adjustment, as suggested
- 21 by Mr. Elgin, it should have been done historically.
- 22 And the implication is, under this acquisition, since
- 23 there is no debt at the PPW Holding Company level,
- there's no basis for a double leverage adjustment to
- 25 begin with.

- 1 But both of those points really beg the
- 2 question -- the question is not whether or not there
- 3 is debt at the Scottish Power Holding Company level;
- 4 the question is how -- or that there is no debt at
- 5 the PPW Holding Company's level; the issue is how
- does MEHC finance the equity on PacifiCorp's books?
- 7 That's the issue. And we know for a fact, it was
- 8 unrebutted in the acquisition proceeding that that
- 9 equity on PacifiCorp's books through the acquisition
- 10 is financed with debt. That's unrebutted.
- 11 And all Staff is simply asking in the
- 12 acquisition proceeding is to have that recognized for
- 13 rate-making purposes and recognizing that has a
- 14 material impact and an immediate impact. At the
- 15 close of this transaction, there will immediately be
- 16 an impact on the company's cost of service because of
- 17 the way the financing has been set up.
- 18 So we would just beg to differ strenuously
- 19 with the company that the answer to question number
- 20 one, with respect to capital structure and cost of
- 21 capital costs, our answer is that there is a very
- 22 immediate and material impact.
- 23 But I also think it's important to realize
- 24 that it's not -- it's an impact that can linger,
- 25 because if the Commission were to set rates as the

- 1 company would have them set, that is treat PacifiCorp
- 2 as a stand-alone company after the acquisition and
- 3 provide these high returns to MEHC, returns on
- 4 equity, and I should just point out that, in the
- 5 testimony of Mr. Elgin, he demonstrated, again,
- 6 unrebutted by the company, that MEHC's current return
- 7 on equity is 17 percent, and if this acquisition goes
- 8 through, it will be 14 percent. That's a return on
- 9 equity that he presented in his testimony, and the
- 10 company has not denied.
- 11 If you set up rate-making in that way, you
- 12 provide an incentive for MEHC, again, if the
- 13 transaction goes through, to continue to pump more
- 14 equity into PacifiCorp, increase the equity
- 15 capitalization ratio and earn those high returns and
- 16 generate more net income. So there's not only an
- 17 immediate and material impact from this financial
- 18 transaction with respect to cost of capital, there's
- 19 the potential, at least, for the effects of that type
- 20 of transaction to continue in terms of cost of
- 21 capital effects, as well.
- Those are all my comments on that Issue
- 23 Number One. I'd be happy to answer questions now
- 24 about them or after Mr. Trotter.
- 25 JUDGE RENDAHL: Judge Moss, do you have any

- 1 questions? Commissioners, any questions at this
- 2 point? Okay. Please go ahead, Mr. Trotter.
- 3 MR. TROTTER: Thank you, Your Honor. Good
- 4 afternoon, Commissioners. Going straight to Item
- 5 Three, the Staff's preferred approach is Option B, to
- 6 defer the hearings until a decision is entered in the
- 7 acquisition and allow parties to file not just cost
- 8 of capital testimony, but testimony implementing the
- 9 impacts of that. That will mean one rate change for
- 10 ratepayers, a consistent record, and an efficient use
- 11 of your time.
- 12 The company has raised the specter of
- 13 irreparable harm to the company, based on the
- 14 company's filed evidence. Well, based on the Staff's
- 15 filed evidence, the ratepayers are irreparably harmed
- 16 because Staff is proposing a rate reduction. But we
- 17 think, under the circumstances, we're willing to take
- 18 the risk on that.
- 19 Mr. Van Nostrand started his remarks this
- 20 afternoon by talking about the pre-hearing conference
- 21 in this docket and certain issues regarding the
- 22 acquisition were identified at that point. I do have
- 23 some recollection of that. I didn't review the
- 24 transcript, I'll certainly take his word for it, but
- 25 what really happened was that the double leverage

- 1 issue and the other issues that Staff found testimony
- 2 on in the acquisition docket were late-developing
- 3 issues, and we did not recognize those at the outset
- 4 of the case.
- 5 We asked -- Mr. Rothschild, the Staff's cost
- 6 of capital witness, states in his testimony that he
- 7 did not consider the impact of the MEHC application
- 8 at that point. That was before Staff filed testimony
- 9 in the acquisition docket. At that stage, the
- 10 schedule was set, the hearings were set, and we just
- 11 went forward.
- Now, of course we didn't share those
- 13 discussions with you because of the ex parte wall,
- 14 and now you are asking us now to revisit that issue
- on the formal record, and that's why we're here. So
- 16 that's how this case got here. We weren't standing
- 17 by waiting to -- waiting for this issue to arise. It
- 18 was late-developing and we're doing the best we can
- 19 with it under the circumstances.
- The proper context of this issue, I believe,
- 21 is that in any rate case, the company has the burden
- 22 of proof to show that its selective test period is
- 23 representative of ongoing conditions. It has that
- 24 burden from the outset to the end of the case. In a
- 25 normal case, it's not an issue. We accept the test

- 1 period, results of operations pro-formed and
- 2 restated, and it does not become a critical issue.
- 3 As it turns out in this case, it has become
- 4 a critical issue because there will be a fundamental
- 5 change instituted by the company, a change in
- 6 ownership. Mr. Cedarbaum has identified the sorts of
- 7 changes, cost changes, capital structure changes that
- 8 will occur, and none of those are addressed in the
- 9 rate case at the current time. It's preferable to
- 10 deal with those issues on a consistent record at one
- 11 time, if we can, and I'll talk about whether we can
- 12 in a few moments.
- 13 If the acquisition is consummated, the
- 14 company will not have presented an adequate rate case
- 15 because the test year results of operations will not
- 16 be representative of the year rates will go into
- 17 effect because new ownership will apply, new costs
- 18 will be in evidence, as well as the capital structure
- 19 issues that you've been talking about.
- JUDGE MOSS: Would the same thing be true,
- 21 Mr. Trotter, if the company, after the rate case,
- 22 decided to buy a \$400 million generating asset?
- 23 MR. TROTTER: If they announced that during
- 24 the pendency of the rate case, we'd have to take that
- 25 into account. If they announced it after the rate

- 1 case, well, that's -- I guess that's the way the
- 2 chips fall sometimes.
- JUDGE MOSS: What would we do?
- 4 MR. TROTTER: Well, I think if the company,
- 5 in the middle of the rate case, said we're going to
- 6 buy a \$400 million project outside the test year,
- 7 there would be arguments about whether that ought to
- 8 be incorporated into rates. That would be on the
- 9 record, of course, and that discussion would take
- 10 place. If it occurred after the test year, then the
- 11 Commission would be stuck, I think, with filing a
- 12 complaint against existing rates or waiting for the
- 13 company to file a rate case or a reopening, each of
- 14 which have certain pluses and minuses about them.
- 15 Those would be the options available.
- 16 In Docket UE-0116 -- 011163 and 11170,
- 17 that's a PSE case, the Commission looked at the
- 18 pleadings, looked at the -- excuse me, looked at the
- 19 company's direct case, determined it did not meet
- 20 Commission standards, and that proceeding was for
- 21 interim rate relief, and denied -- rejected the
- 22 tariffs on that basis.
- 23 And here, I think you could be in a
- 24 position, before the suspension period is up, if the
- 25 deal is consummated and the company's rate case does

- 1 not reflect the deal, that you would be in a position
- 2 of rejecting the company's tariffs filing because
- 3 they haven't borne their burden of proof on the
- 4 representative test year. I believe that's a risk
- 5 the company is taking here and the Commission would
- 6 have, I believe, discretion to rule that, given the
- 7 presence of these cost changes and capital structure
- 8 changes.
- 9 With respect to --
- 10 JUDGE RENDAHL: Mr. Trotter, can you repeat
- 11 that docket number or docket numbers?
- 12 MR. TROTTER: Yes, UE-011163 and 011170.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you.
- MR. TROTTER: The company suggests that
- 15 reopening is the answer and they do allude to Mr.
- 16 Elgin's testimony in the acquisition docket that
- 17 suggests reopening, and in the context of where we
- 18 found ourselves, that was the best we could do, but
- 19 reopening is not the optimal solution.
- 20 First, it's too late. You'd have to reopen
- 21 the case, in essence, to allow the utility to bear
- 22 its burden of proving that the test year was
- 23 representative. They shouldn't get a free pass on
- 24 that issue if the acquisition is consummated. Rates
- 25 will have gone into effect, so you'll now have the

- 1 possibility of two rate changes instead of one, and
- 2 how can you control the issues on reopening? A
- 3 company could argue that now the test year is stale
- 4 and needed to update the entire test year. A party
- 5 could say, Oh, you can't just reopen for this issue,
- 6 because here's five issues over here that need to be
- 7 addressed. Someone may argue that doing anything but
- 8 a wholesale review is single issue rate-making.
- 9 There is nothing in 210 that says that an
- 10 order on reopening is retroactive to the date of
- 11 reopening. And I'm not aware of any Commission order
- 12 that is so held, but, frankly, I have not
- 13 specifically researched that issue, but none came to
- 14 mind.
- 15 Mr. Van Nostrand was, I think, equivocal on
- 16 burden of proof. I believe that the burden of proof
- 17 would be on the party seeking reopening. I don't
- 18 think that will be the company.
- 19 All of this argues for dealing with rate
- 20 case issues at one time, using a representative
- 21 results of operations, which will be different if the
- 22 acquisition is consummated. The company suggests
- 23 that all of this is premature, that it's speculative
- 24 that the merger -- excuse me, the acquisition will
- 25 actually occur. Well, we've heard how many states

- 1 have -- or settlements that are pending in several
- 2 states, FERC has approved the deal, is my
- 3 understanding, the company is acting as if it will be
- 4 consummated, the deal will be consummated, and as I
- 5 mentioned, the company is taking a very significant
- 6 risk here that -- if it does happen, because its rate
- 7 case will then, in our view, be significantly flawed.
- 8 The range of solutions are on your list. Of
- 9 course, they are not exhaustive. The company has
- 10 said, I think, that they will not waive the
- 11 suspension period, and I do not believe the
- 12 Commission can force the company to waive the
- 13 suspension period.
- So if the company won't do that, what could
- 15 you do? Can you dismiss? Mr. Van Nostrand says you
- 16 can't and cites a rule. Let me cite you another
- 17 rule. WAC 480-07-500 says that the Commission may
- 18 summarily reject a filing -- a tariff filing -- this
- 19 is the general rate case rule. Any filing, if it
- 20 doesn't conform to the requirements of the subpart B,
- 21 which is the 500 series, I believe, if you go over to
- 22 rule 510, (3)(b) requires a portrayal of adjustments
- 23 specifying all relevant assumptions, and I think at
- 24 this point is the acquisition a relevant assumption,
- 25 has the company adequately filed its case.

- 1 What is clear, from the Staff's perspective,
- 2 and I believe other -- Public Counsel and
- 3 Intervenors, they'll obviously speak for themselves,
- 4 is that this acquisition will have a material impact
- 5 on the results of operations of this company, and it
- 6 makes sense to determine those on a consistent record
- 7 at one time.
- 8 We don't believe dismissal or rejection of
- 9 the filing is the way to go. That is an extreme
- 10 result. We believe that the legal issue there is a
- 11 close call. We don't know -- we are in uncharted
- 12 territory regarding whether the Commission can do
- 13 that. I'm not aware of any precedent one way or the
- 14 other. But the way the issue is teed up here is what
- 15 is Staff's preference, and the preference would be to
- 16 determine these issues on a consistent record one
- 17 time. I think that's fair to all concerned.
- These issues were not laid at the company's
- 19 feet by some other party or some other entity. These
- 20 issues were teed up by the company itself and so, in
- 21 that context, we think it's fair that the company
- 22 should see fit to address these issues on a more
- 23 consistent basis that has the least disruption to
- 24 their ratepayers.
- 25 This company has been before this Commission

- 1 frequently for rates. We understand they're going to
- 2 have another rate case filing in June of this year,
- 3 with more to come. I think the ratepayers need as
- 4 few rate changes as possible, and we've offered
- 5 Solution B as a way to effectuate that.
- 6 So Staff supports Option B for the reasons
- 7 I've stated. I'd be happy to respond to any
- 8 questions that you may have.
- 9 JUDGE RENDAHL: Judge Moss.
- 10 JUDGE MOSS: I wanted to get back to a point
- 11 on timing, Mr. Trotter, that -- my attention may have
- 12 slipped, but if you could help me. Did I understand
- 13 you to say that Staff did not recognize in the rate
- 14 proceeding that double leveraging and related issues
- 15 might be present until after testimony was -- after
- 16 response testimony was filed in the acquisition
- 17 proceeding?
- MR. TROTTER: No, what I meant to say was
- 19 when we were filing our direct testimony in the rate
- 20 case, the issue of double leverage was still under
- 21 development and we didn't know -- I believe the
- 22 testimony was filed later in the acquisition case
- JUDGE MOSS: It's under development where?
- MR. TROTTER: At the Staff level. We were
- 25 still considering that issue.

- 1 JUDGE MOSS: In the rate proceeding?
- MR. TROTTER: Well, we were aware that Mr.
- 3 Elgin was analyzing that double leverage issue in the
- 4 acquisition proceeding.
- 5 JUDGE MOSS: So there was some coordination
- 6 going on at the Staff level?
- 7 MR. TROTTER: There were discussions going
- 8 on, yes.
- 9 JUDGE MOSS: That's what you referred to
- 10 when you said we weren't made privy because of the ex
- 11 parte law?
- MR. TROTTER: Yes, well, I think we -- at
- 13 this point, we -- at that point, when Mr. Elgin and
- 14 Staff had discussions about going forth with the
- 15 testimony that was filed in the acquisition case, we
- 16 had discussions internally about the implications in
- 17 the rate case and what to do, and because of the
- 18 scheduling concerns and other concerns, we decided to
- 19 go the way -- to not deal with it in the rate case.
- 20 JUDGE MOSS: So this was before the response
- 21 testimony in either proceeding?
- 22 MR. TROTTER: Well, it was during -- they
- 23 were fairly close, timing-wise, so it was just during
- 24 that time frame, we had to make a judgment about how
- 25 to do it and we made that decision. And as I said,

- 1 that wasn't shared with you explicitly. The
- 2 Commission wasn't involved in those discussions, and
- 3 we perceive this oral argument today saying the
- 4 Commission wants to take a hard look at that and
- 5 maybe come out a different way.
- 6 So that's where we find ourselves. It
- 7 wasn't a situation -- I thought that there might have
- 8 been an implication, when the pre-hearing conference
- 9 in the rate case occurred in June or whenever it was,
- 10 that we knew all about this and sat on our hands, and
- 11 we really didn't. That's not exactly what Mr. Van
- 12 Nostrand said, of course, but that wasn't the case.
- 13 It was a late-developing issue, we had to make a
- 14 judgment call and we did, and that's why it arose the
- 15 way it arose and that's why we're here today, I
- 16 guess, at least one of the reasons.
- JUDGE MOSS: That's all I have for now.
- 18 Thank you.
- 19 JUDGE RENDAHL: Any other questions from the
- 20 Bench? Okay. Thank you.
- 21 Mr. ffitch, are you ready to go?
- MR. FFITCH: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you.
- 23 And Your Honor, I think that my comments will be
- 24 somewhat briefer, because we are in significant
- 25 agreement with the remarks that we've just heard from

- 1 Messrs. Trotter and Cedarbaum.
- 2 Addressing first the substantive question,
- 3 Public Counsel agrees very strongly that approval of
- 4 the MidAmerican acquisition would make a material
- 5 change in PacifiCorp's capital structure and risk
- 6 profile for purposes of the general rate case. We
- 7 would concede that or acknowledge that, as a sort of
- 8 narrow technical matter, the day after the merger,
- 9 the stand-alone capital structure of PacifiCorp
- 10 itself will remain the same, but that's not the issue
- 11 that we're addressing here.
- 12 And we do feel strongly that there's no
- 13 question that the merger will have a material impact
- 14 for purposes of setting rates. And as I've
- 15 indicated, Counsel for Staff have really explored
- 16 that pretty thoroughly, and I'm going to sort of pick
- 17 and choose my prepared remarks here so that I cannot
- 18 just belabor those points.
- 19 I think that one issue I'd perhaps like to
- 20 differ a little bit with Mr. Van Nostrand on is the
- 21 level of debt at the MidAmerican parent level, and
- 22 just to talk about that a bit and illustrate the
- 23 problem that we see that really creates the material
- 24 impact.
- 25 MidAmerican, the future parent here, is

- 1 capitalized with, our testimony shows, a much lower
- 2 common equity ratio than PacifiCorp and a much higher
- 3 debt level than Scottish Power, and as a result, has
- 4 a bond rating of triple B minus, which is just one
- 5 notch about above the junk bond level.
- 6 MidAmerican, in other words, has issued
- 7 additional debt at the parent company level that
- 8 increases its financial risk beyond that of Scottish
- 9 Power or PacifiCorp. And MidAmerican Witness Mr.
- 10 Goodman indicates that MidAmerican's capital
- 11 structure in March of this year consisted of 22
- 12 percent common equity, and post acquisition would be
- 13 about 28.5 percent common equity. And I'm referring
- 14 to actually Mr. Hill's discussion of Mr. Goodman's
- 15 testimony, which is in Exhibit 3, SGH-3, page three,
- in Mr. Hill's merger testimony.
- 17 What this means is that because MidAmerican
- 18 has additional leverage beyond that existing at the
- 19 PacifiCorp corporate level, MidAmerican has far
- 20 greater financial risk and is effectively financing
- 21 part of its equity interest in PacifiCorp with less
- 22 expensive debt capital, as we've already heard. And
- 23 if this difference in leverage is not recognized in
- 24 rate-making, the additional leverage will allow
- 25 PacifiCorp's new parent, MidAmerican, to earn an

- 1 equity return that is greater than that allowed by
- 2 this Commission.
- I think, as we've heard again, that's
- 4 reflected in Mr. Elgin's testimony and also is
- 5 addressed in Mr. Hill's testimony.
- In effect, I think, just to summarize this
- 7 point, if -- what, in effect, is happening here
- 8 through this additional leverage is that MidAmerican
- 9 is essentially gaming the regulatory system by
- 10 capitalizing its operations with less common equity
- 11 and more debt on books of the regulated subsidiary.
- 12 And in this way, ratepayers are required to pay the
- 13 higher cost of common equity in rates while the
- 14 owners are able to finance that common equity
- 15 investment at less expense using both debt and
- 16 equity, and thereby raise their common equity return.
- 17 If the regulators ignore the manner in which
- 18 the parent company elects to finance its equity
- 19 investment in the regulated sub, it will encourage
- 20 the parent to continue to finance its operations in a
- 21 manner that's financially riskier than that that's
- 22 appropriate for a utility operation. And in saying
- 23 that, I'm echoing what we just heard from Staff
- 24 Counsel, the sort of long-term nature of this
- 25 problem.

- 1 This has the effect of allowing an
- 2 unnecessary transfer of wealth from ratepayers to
- 3 stockholders and will allow stockholders to earn a
- 4 return higher than that appropriate for a utility
- 5 operation. Therefore, the manner in which the parent
- 6 company elects to capitalize its operations makes a
- 7 difference in what Public Counsel believes is the
- 8 appropriate regulatory response in the rate case.
- 9 So I just would add those remarks to what
- 10 we've heard from Staff Counsel as to why there is a
- 11 material impact here.
- 12 JUDGE MOSS: Mr. ffitch, let me just
- 13 interject here and ask you, do you see that the
- 14 holding company's decisions with respect to how to
- 15 finance its investment with debt, the decision to do
- 16 that with debt, is that any different from a
- 17 multitude of shareholders out there in the
- 18 marketplace deciding to buy a stock on margin?
- 19 Aren't they doing the same kind of leveraging you're
- 20 talking about?
- 21 MR. FFITCH: I guess our position, Your
- 22 Honor -- I'm not an expert in the stock market and
- 23 why investors make certain decisions, but our
- 24 position is that there's a reason why this kind of
- 25 capital structure, this kind of leveraged capital

- 1 structure is employed in this kind of situation.
- 2 It's not an accident; it's essentially smart
- 3 business.
- 4 But our concern is that the results, as I've
- 5 described, is the ratepayers essentially subsidizing
- 6 the super levels of equity return at the parent
- 7 level. They're much higher than would be appropriate
- 8 for an investment in a utility operation, sort of an
- 9 integrated utility operation like PacifiCorp.
- JUDGE MOSS: And if I'm understanding,
- 11 you're saying you just don't know whether that would
- 12 be the identical situation for a shareholder buying
- 13 on margin?
- MR. FFITCH: I think that's fair to say.
- 15 I'm not the expert witness for Public Counsel.
- JUDGE MOSS: No, that's fine. I'm not
- 17 trying to press the point. I just want to make sure
- 18 I understood your answer. Thank you.
- 19 MR. FFITCH: And let me just turn, then, to
- 20 the procedural options, if I may. I think, first of
- 21 all, one of the observations that's occurred to me
- 22 while listening to the previous counsel, including
- 23 Mr. Van Nostrand, is that it's pretty important to
- 24 remember that the company's essentially in control of
- 25 the timing here. They decided when to file the rate

- 1 case. I don't know this for sure, but I think it's a
- 2 reasonable assumption that they had some inkling that
- 3 there was going to be a merger proceeding when the
- 4 rate case was filed.
- 5 The sort of rate-making or problem that Mr.
- 6 Van Nostrand focused on, which is that you can't
- 7 think about the elephant in the room, you can't think
- 8 about the merger because it hasn't happened yet, is
- 9 essentially begging the question, because the options
- 10 that have been laid out by the Commission would solve
- 11 that problem. It would allow the merger to happen
- 12 and then it would be appropriate for rate-making
- 13 purposes to take that into account.
- 14 And the only reason why you can't do that is
- 15 because of the timing that's been chosen by the
- 16 company in making these filings. And the reason why
- 17 you perhaps face that conundrum with regards to
- 18 Option A and B is if the company chooses not to waive
- 19 its statutory rights under the suspension deadline to
- 20 sort of keep the Commission in that conundrum. So
- 21 the company has a lot of control over that issue, and
- 22 I think that's important to remember, taking a look
- 23 at these three different options.
- 24 Frankly, I guess, just to sum up, Public
- 25 Counsel prefers either Option B or Option C.

- 1 Frankly, Option C, the dismissal of the rate case,
- 2 has some appeal given the merger impacts just
- 3 discussed, given that much of the testimony --
- 4 frankly, all of the testimony except from the company
- 5 in this case shows that there is no need for
- 6 additional revenue for this company, and the fact
- 7 that PacifiCorp has indicated that they're going to
- 8 be filing a rate case in the not too distant future
- 9 in any event, the dismissal of the proceeding seems
- 10 to make good sense.
- 11 However, I think I agree with Mr. Trotter's
- 12 analysis of the legal issues around this option and
- 13 the other three options.
- 14 Short of dismissal, we'd also support Option
- 15 B as a preferable alternative, if we're picking from
- 16 this menu. That's our preferable alternative, both
- 17 for reasons of efficiency and substance. On the
- 18 substance side, the cost of capital issues we think
- 19 need to be heard with all the other issues. They're
- 20 not isolated. I think one thing that hasn't been
- 21 mentioned is that the cost of capital, setting of
- 22 cost of capital is interrelated with the issues
- 23 around the decoupling proposals and also the power
- 24 cost adjustment mechanism proposals, and our
- 25 testimony addresses that in a couple of different

- 1 places.
- 2 On the efficiency side, it seems desirable
- 3 to us to have all the witnesses and evidence on all
- 4 the issues heard at the same time, close to the time
- 5 when the briefs are filed and the Commission will be
- 6 deciding the case. Otherwise, the Commission is
- 7 deciding the case on a somewhat stale record if the
- 8 issues are taken up in piecemeal hearings.
- 9 If I may just briefly look at my notes, Your
- 10 Honor, see if I had anything else I wanted to raise.
- 11 Your Honor, those are all my comments.
- 12 JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you. Any further
- 13 questions from the Bench? All right. Ms. Davison.
- 14 MS. DAVISON: Good afternoon, Chair Sidran,
- 15 Commissioners Oshie, Jones, and all the ALJs that are
- 16 in the room. My name is Melinda Davison, and I'm
- 17 appearing on behalf of the Industrial Customers of
- 18 Northwest Utilities. I will get to the bottom line
- 19 and then proceed with addressing I think what
- 20 hopefully are the issues of most interest to all of
- 21 you.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: Ms. Davison, can you bring
- 23 the mike just a bit forward?
- MS. DAVISON: Sure.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you.

- 1 MS. DAVISON: Thank you. Is that better?
- JUDGE RENDAHL: It's better.
- 3 MS. DAVISON: Okay. We have this issue in
- 4 Oregon, as Mr. Van Nostrand will know, is that if you
- 5 speak too close to the microphone, you have all this
- 6 background, so I'm constantly trying to adjust how
- 7 close I am.
- 8 But I'll get to the answer first and then
- 9 provide you with our views on why we've reached this
- 10 conclusion, and I'll say at the outset that we very
- 11 much welcome this oral argument, we think that it was
- 12 very timely, and we appreciate the opportunity to be
- 13 here and present you with our views.
- 14 If we didn't have the oral argument, at
- 15 least -- and perhaps we would move forward with the
- 16 hearing, I'm not sure what the outcome will be, but I
- 17 will tell you that I have prepared hours of
- 18 cross-examination questions that focus very much on
- 19 the issues that you are hearing about this afternoon.
- 20 We think that it is absolutely critical for the
- 21 Commission to consider in the context of this general
- 22 rate case a whole series of cost changes that would
- 23 occur if the transaction is closed. And I will get
- 24 to some specificity on that shortly.
- In terms of the question that has been

- 1 presented, we are in unison with everyone to my left,
- 2 and that is, yes, we agree that there is absolutely
- 3 an impact on the capital structure and the risk
- 4 profile, and we support Option B.
- 5 I did not hear Mr. Van Nostrand say that his
- 6 company would not agree to extend the suspension
- 7 period, and it's certainly our hope that the company
- 8 would agree to do that. I think that is the simplest
- 9 and most straightforward way to proceed.
- 10 Short of that, however, I think that in
- 11 order for you to make a determination based on the
- 12 record before you that the rates are fair, just and
- 13 reasonable on a going forward basis, I don't think
- 14 that the record that is before you allows you to do
- 15 that. And if the company does not agree to extend
- 16 the suspension period, I think you should dismiss
- 17 this case.
- 18 Let me get to a few substantive issues that
- 19 have been talked about this afternoon. I am in
- 20 complete agreement with Staff Counsel and Public
- 21 Counsel that we believe the record in this rate case
- 22 proceeding demonstrates that there is not any
- 23 irreparable harm to the company. We believe that
- 24 this company has had rate increases four out of the
- 25 last five years, and we think, as a result, that's

- 1 why you see testimony that you see in this case that
- 2 suggests that they either don't need a rate increase
- 3 or there should be a rate decrease. And as has been
- 4 stated, the company has been very up front with its
- 5 desires to file a rate case sometime in 2006.
- 6 On the issue of double leverage, I'm not
- 7 aware of a double leverage adjustment that's been
- 8 made by the Washington Commission, but I am aware of
- 9 double leverage adjustments that have been made in
- 10 numerous other jurisdictions, so it is not an
- 11 adjustment that is farfetched or one that is not
- 12 recognized by other commissions.
- 13 The other issue that I want to just get to
- 14 right away, because, to me, it really defies reality,
- 15 is that Mr. Van Nostrand stated repeatedly that this
- 16 Commission is to make a determination of Pacificorp's
- 17 capital structure on a stand-alone basis. And to me,
- 18 that is just simply a very narrow and hypertechnical
- 19 interpretation of what really happens when this
- 20 Commission establishes the cost of capital and
- 21 establishes an ROE.
- 22 And I would say, rather than relying on what
- 23 I have to say, but take a look at an exhibit which is
- 24 a -- it's attached to Mr. Gorman's testimony in the
- 25 merger proceeding, or the acquisition proceeding, and

- 1 it's his Exhibit 4, and this is a Standard and Poor's
- 2 report that talks about the acquisition. And what
- 3 Standard and Poor's says is that the credit watch
- 4 listing reflects the fact that the current A minus
- 5 corporate credit rating on PacifiCorp is based on
- 6 Scottish Power's consolidated credit profile, whose
- 7 solid financial performance has compensated for the
- 8 U.S. utility's weaker stand-alone metrics. The
- 9 positive credit watch listing for MEHC reflects
- 10 Standard and Poor's expectation that the acquisition
- 11 will be financed primarily with the infusion of
- 12 equity from MEHC's ultimate parent, Berkshire
- 13 Hathaway, a practice consistent with past
- 14 acquisitions.
- 15 If this transaction proceeds, Standard and
- 16 Poor's will assess the financing structure of the
- 17 acquisition, MEHC's resulting consolidated credit
- 18 worthiness, the benefit of any ring fencing mechanism
- 19 that MEHC structures around PacifiCorp, and the
- 20 utility's stand-alone credit metrics.
- 21 So you see from the rating agencies
- 22 themselves, that it's not just simply a matter of a
- 23 stand-alone nature of PacifiCorp. All of these
- 24 issues are critically important when you look at this
- 25 complicated subject matter.

- 1 The other thing that is important is how the
- 2 acquisition will change PacifiCorp's corporate
- 3 structure. The ring fencing includes a common equity
- 4 ratio test to determine PacifiCorp's -- if PacifiCorp
- 5 can issue dividends. Short term borrowing does not
- 6 count in the equity ratio test, so PacifiCorp is
- 7 incented to use greater short-term borrowing. This
- 8 is something that was discussed by Mr. Gorman in his
- 9 testimony in the MidAmerican case, and we think it is
- 10 a very important issue to consider here.
- 11 It is correct that there is ring fencing
- 12 provisions with Scottish Power, but we don't think
- 13 they're particularly strong ring fencing provisions.
- 14 Apparently MidAmerican doesn't, either, since they
- 15 are proposing much stronger ring fencing provisions.
- 16 And there's also lots of riskiness associated with
- 17 PPM, an affiliate of PacifiCorp.
- 18 I'm not here to suggest to you a final
- 19 resolution of these issues, but merely to bring to
- 20 your attention that these are very important issues
- 21 and ones that should be considered in the context of
- 22 establishing rates on a going forward basis.
- The PacifiCorp general rate case has two
- 24 test periods in it. The company filed on a historic
- 25 2004 test period for most of the costs. However,

- 1 very importantly, for power costs, which Mr. Van
- 2 Nostrand said was the major driver of the rate case,
- 3 that is a 2007 projected future test year.
- 4 If you take a look at a lot of the costs
- 5 that PacifiCorp is seeking to recover in this general
- 6 rate case, one of the very glaring costs that you
- 7 will see is the Currant Creek Power Plant. The
- 8 Currant Creek Power Plant is one that will not be
- 9 operational until March of 2006. The costs for this
- 10 power plant are ones that PacifiCorp are seeking to
- 11 recover. Just like the MidAmerican case, we won't
- 12 know until March whether that power plant goes into
- 13 operation. Heaven forbid that anything should happen
- 14 to it, but we certainly know from Coyote Springs II
- 15 that transformers can blow up not once, but twice,
- 16 and that things can happen to power plants and they
- don't actually become operational when they expect to
- 18 become operational.
- 19 I think that it is as likely for Currant
- 20 Creek to come online in March as it is for
- 21 MidAmerican to close this transaction.
- 22 So the known and measurable piece is not one
- 23 that I find particularly persuasive from the
- 24 perspective of what Mr. Van Nostrand is saying. It
- 25 is certainly one that is an important concept in

- 1 rate-making, but as I just demonstrated with Currant
- 2 Creek, it is one that can be looked at in different
- 3 shades of known and measurable that we can predict
- 4 what is likely to happen based on the facts that are
- 5 in the record in the case.
- 6 Ultimately, the problem is that you do not
- 7 have the facts in the record to reflect a whole
- 8 variety of cost changes that we believe are
- 9 critically important to reflect here, and part of
- 10 that problem is the schedule that we have in the rate
- 11 case.
- 12 The testimony in the rate case was filed on
- 13 November 3rd. We did not have an opportunity to file
- 14 rebuttal testimony. Most of the things that I'm
- 15 getting ready to list for you that I think are
- 16 important for you to consider in the rate case are
- 17 cost issues that were resolved through settlements
- 18 that happened in Utah and Oregon that occurred after
- 19 we filed our testimony in the rate case.
- 20 So it wasn't known to us on November 3rd
- 21 some of the things I'm about to list you. Some of
- 22 them perhaps were, but, again, I would echo the
- 23 sentiments of our colleagues that this isn't a
- 24 problem of our making. I think -- and perhaps -- I'm
- 25 not trying to point fingers at anyone; it's just the

- 1 reality of what we're faced with in terms of, I
- 2 think, the unconventionalness of having a general
- 3 rate case on top of an acquisition case.
- 4 But several of the things that I want to
- 5 raise -- bring to your attention are these. Mr. Van
- 6 Nostrand talked about the ten basis point savings of
- 7 debt associated with what's known as the Berkshire
- 8 Hath. halo. While we may not necessarily agree with
- 9 that, we do think it's something that needs to be
- 10 taken into consideration.
- 11 There are a very different set of risks
- 12 associated with eliminating certain Scottish Power
- 13 affiliates. There will, of course, be new affiliates
- 14 associated with MidAmerican. Again, I'm not going to
- 15 give you a resolution of this issue; I simply want to
- 16 spot issues for you.
- 17 The off balance sheet purchase power
- 18 agreement debt will change after the acquisition.
- 19 PacifiCorp's business risk will change after the
- 20 acquisition. PacifiCorp's current business profile
- 21 score may change after the acquisition.
- 22 ICNU's Witness Jim Selecky has proposed an
- 23 adjustment in this case for the tax benefits that
- 24 Scottish Power currently enjoys. This is associated
- 25 with the debt that is held at PHI, the fact that,

- 1 year after year, there is an interest deduction on
- 2 Scottish Power's income taxes associated with that
- 3 debt that was acquired in order to acquire
- 4 PacifiCorp. That adjustment will still exist with
- 5 MidAmerican, but the adjustment amount will be very
- 6 different.
- 7 We've heard about the double leverage
- 8 issues, so I'm not going to talk about that any
- 9 further.
- 10 If the MidAmerican transaction is closed,
- 11 there are a variety of rate credits that MidAmerican
- 12 has promised to pay system-wide. These credits
- 13 should be reflected as soon as the transaction
- 14 closes, which is presumably before the end of the
- 15 suspension period of the general rate case.
- 16 Insurance costs will change. Since Scottish
- 17 Power is self-insured in some instances or providing
- 18 insurance through an affiliate of Scottish Power,
- 19 this is something that will change because that
- 20 arrangement would no longer be there.
- 21 There are a variety of affiliate cross
- 22 charges. This is estimated to be \$7.9 million per
- 23 year on a total company basis that would need to come
- 24 out of the cost of service if this transaction
- 25 closes.

- 1 We also believe there's an important issue
- 2 that becomes -- is certainly an issue that has been
- 3 addressed in the general rate case, but it's an issue
- 4 that we think becomes even more important if the
- 5 MidAmerican transaction closes, and that is that we
- 6 believe MidAmerican and PacifiCorp should be required
- 7 to agree that PacifiCorp's shareholders, or
- 8 MidAmerican, will bear the cost responsibility of
- 9 differing allocation methodologies.
- 10 If you look at the testimony in MidAmerican,
- 11 you will find a variety of commitments that are made
- 12 in large part related to other service territories.
- 13 There's lots of capital investments that will occur.
- 14 We think that will make the allocation methodology
- 15 issue even larger.
- 16 I'd like to just briefly address the
- 17 question of the reopener. I quite frankly can't get
- 18 my arms around that. I don't understand how that
- 19 works precisely. I don't understand how mechanically
- 20 a reopener happens. Would it happen by a Commission
- 21 motion? I agree with Mr. Trotter's assessment of it.
- 22 It seems something that is very complicated, and my
- 23 clients, quite frankly, don't want another rate case
- 24 on top of this rate case. We've already been
- 25 promised one in the summertime, and to add a third

- 1 one into the mix seems completely untenable. I
- 2 believe that the issues will get away from all of us
- 3 and none of us really understand what the reopener
- 4 means.
- 5 And then the last thing I just wanted to
- 6 comment on is that -- and this may be a point that my
- 7 colleagues, if they were closer, they might kick me
- 8 under the table, but the last point I just want to
- 9 make is that we have several complicated legal issues
- 10 that have been discussed this afternoon, and we are
- 11 certainly willing to provide briefs on this if we
- 12 think it is -- if the Commission believes that it is
- 13 something that would assist them.
- 14 Again, we believe that Option B is the best
- 15 option, but barring the willingness of the company to
- 16 extend the suspension period, I believe that it is
- 17 important to understand the legal aspects of Option
- 18 C. Thank you.
- 19 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. Mr. Purdy.
- JUDGE MOSS: Excuse me.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: I'm sorry.
- JUDGE MOSS: I had one question, Ms.
- 23 Davison, and that is is the heart of your concern
- 24 regulatory lag? Is that really what is going on
- 25 here, your concern there are a lot of moving pieces,

- 1 things are going to change, and if we reflect these
- 2 changes at the conclusion of the ongoing rate case,
- 3 which presumably could be wrapped up in some
- 4 reasonably short period of time, then you avoid any
- 5 regulatory lag with respect to any changes that are
- 6 required as a result of these changed circumstances?
- 7 Is that essentially it?
- 8 MS. DAVISON: Your Honor, that is a piece of
- 9 it.
- 10 JUDGE MOSS: Well, I'm thinking about this
- 11 rate case that's been promised for June. So
- 12 presumably, if the acquisition is completed, we have
- 13 a rate case filed in June, all these issues will then
- 14 be set in stone, so to speak, as much as such things
- 15 are ever set in stone in these cases, so they'll all
- 16 be considered. And so then it's just a question of
- 17 timing. It will be a question of whether these
- 18 things are reflected in rates that are effective in
- 19 April or reflected in rates that are effective in
- 20 next January or February. Is that -- am I right?
- 21 MS. DAVISON: You're partially right. I
- 22 think that there are two arguments or two things that
- 23 I'm concerned about. One is to go ahead and make a
- 24 decision in this general rate case on the basis of
- 25 the record that is before you that does not consider

- 1 what I believe to be known and measurable changes
- 2 that are very, very significant. We're not just
- 3 talking about one power plant here; we are talking
- 4 about a variety of very fundamental cost issues.
- 5 The second issue that gets to your
- 6 regulatory lag issue is one that immediately comes to
- 7 mind, this is an issue that is near and dear to my
- 8 heart, and that is the West Valley Power Plant. This
- 9 is a power plant that exists in a suburb of Salt Lake
- 10 City. You couldn't get power from Salt Lake to here
- 11 if you tried. It has a cost structure that is very
- 12 expensive and has an additional couple million
- 13 dollars per year that ratepayers are paying on a
- 14 total company basis. MidAmerican has agreed to take
- 15 those costs out for essentially two and a half years.
- 16 So under the regulatory lag theory, if
- 17 revised protocol is adopted by this Commission, I
- 18 don't know whether that is true or not, then we would
- 19 miss out of a good portion of the West Valley credit
- 20 that has been proposed by MidAmerican.
- 21 I could give you lots of other examples, but
- 22 that's one that quickly comes to mind. And I think
- 23 that to establish rates with blinders on, without
- 24 recognition that there are all those issues that I
- 25 identified for you this afternoon, plus a lot more, I

- 1 think does not adequately do justice to the
- 2 rate-making responsibility of the Commission.
- JUDGE MOSS: So this power plant thing you
- 4 mentioned in Utah, that's -- what you're saying is
- 5 you want to capture the benefit of that now, because
- 6 if we wait until the next rate case, the period
- 7 that's provided in -- there's a stipulation that's
- 8 providing for these benefits?
- 9 MS. DAVISON: Yes.
- 10 JUDGE MOSS: That period will largely be
- 11 elapsed?
- 12 MS. DAVISON: Yes.
- 13 JUDGE MOSS: Okay. One other question, and
- 14 that is, in your opinion, when did the impact or
- 15 effect, if you will, of all this acquisition matter
- 16 become known and measurable?
- MS. DAVISON: A lot of what I talked about
- in my remarks are set out in the Oregon stipulation,
- 19 and the Oregon stipulation was sometime mid-December.
- JUDGE MOSS: December 23rd.
- 21 MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Yeah.
- MS. DAVISON: Yeah, and I think somewhere in
- 23 that time frame, right.
- JUDGE MOSS: So that's your opinion as to
- 25 when these changes became known and measurable,

- 1 December 23rd?
- 2 MS. DAVISON: I'm not sure I can give you an
- 3 exact date, but I could tell you that the issues were
- 4 all evolving and, at that point, there was a lot more
- 5 clarity reached by the stipulation that was agreed to
- 6 in Oregon.
- 7 JUDGE MOSS: Okay. And just -- this is not
- 8 a question for you, but a point of clarification
- 9 concerning the action under RCW 80.04.210, that
- 10 provides the Commission may change orders at any time
- 11 upon notice to the public service company affected
- 12 and after opportunity to be heard, as provided in the
- 13 case of complaints. So that, I think, clarifies, at
- 14 least to some extent, the triggering mechanism.
- 15 That's all I have.
- MS. DAVISON: Thank you.
- 17 JUDGE RENDAHL: Anything else from the
- 18 Bench? Mr. Purdy.
- 19 MR. PURDY: Thank you, Your Honor, Chairman
- 20 Sidran, members of the Commission. Thank you for
- 21 allowing me to appear here before you today.
- 22 I'm going to be very brief, because The
- 23 Energy Project, as you know, has not weighed in on
- 24 the company's capital structure and related issues
- 25 identified by the Commission in its notice of oral

- 1 argument, thus I can't really add much to what's
- 2 already been said by the other parties, so I guess
- 3 I'll just jump straight to the procedural options
- 4 that have been laid out.
- 5 The Energy Project has a unique practical
- 6 and paramount concern, however. That is that The
- 7 Energy Project is, of course, of severely limited
- 8 financial means and its participation in this
- 9 proceeding, as well as the merger proceeding,
- 10 constitutes a significant financial hardship for that
- 11 organization.
- 12 If the Commission's ruling in the
- 13 acquisition case is such that additional post rate
- 14 case hearing procedures are necessary, it just seems
- 15 intuitive that The Energy Project will incur
- 16 duplicative or additional costs, even if those costs
- 17 are simply related to the tracking of subsequent
- 18 proceedings in the rate case.
- 19 Consequently, The Energy Project is not in
- 20 favor of Procedural Option A.
- 21 Similarly, under Option C, if the company is
- 22 required to withdraw its application in the entirety
- 23 and refile, the same repetition of costs will result
- 24 and, as you've heard now several times, the company,
- 25 in any event, intends to file perhaps in June, and

- 1 then you have the conundrum of perhaps overlapping
- 2 general rate cases. I'm not sure how you'd work
- 3 through that.
- But, really, to conclude, The Energy
- 5 Project, as a result, supports Option B on the basis
- 6 that it seems least likely to increase the amount of
- 7 expenses that my client must incur to remain a party
- 8 to this proceeding and to advance -- to be able to
- 9 advance the very important issues pertinent to
- 10 PacifiCorp's low income customers. That's really all
- 11 I have. Thank you.
- 12 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. Thank you very much.
- 13 Let's be off the record for a moment.
- 14 (Discussion off the record.)
- JUDGE RENDAHL: Why don't we take a
- 16 five-minute break and come back and proceed with the
- 17 rebuttal phase, so we'll be back in the room at 20
- 18 after. So thanks very much.
- 19 (Recess taken.)
- JUDGE RENDAHL: Be back on the record. And
- 21 our next step is to start with rebuttal from you, Mr.
- 22 Van Nostrand.
- MR. VAN NOSTRAND: Thank you, Your Honor. I
- 24 want to start off with a couple of pretty
- 25 straightforward points.

- 1 First, as a matter of just correcting the
- 2 record, Mr. Cedarbaum made the mention that
- 3 MidAmerican intends to finance this acquisition with
- 4 \$3.4 billion in equity and \$1.7 billion in debt as a
- 5 matter of certainty and undisputed. The record does
- 6 not support that. I would cite Mr. Goodman's direct
- 7 testimony, Exhibit 41 in the transaction docket. It
- 8 has not been resolved yet how this transaction's
- 9 going to be financed, whether there's going to be
- 10 \$3.4 billion in equity and one billion in equity and
- 11 \$1.7 billion in debt -- they very well could finance
- 12 it entirely with equity.
- So the notion that the investment in
- 14 PacifiCorp itself is going to be financed with
- 15 additional debt is not clear on the record. The
- 16 double leverage adjustment must stand or fall on its
- 17 own based on the debt that currently exists in the
- 18 MEHC holding company structure.
- 19 Second, I just had a quick point. Mr.
- 20 Trotter citing 480-07-500 for the prospect that this
- 21 case can be dismissed, having spent a lot of time in
- 22 that rule-making and with Judge Moss, that rule
- 23 refers to a summary rejection of the filing if you
- 24 simply fail to meet the filing requirements.
- 25 The notion that you would use that rule as

- 1 the basis for rejecting a filing after it's been
- 2 processed for eight months because circumstances
- 3 change and some party takes the position that the
- 4 test period is no longer representative, it's
- 5 completely inapplicable. That rule is completely
- 6 inapplicable. My discussion stands in terms of
- 7 whether dismissal is available as a matter of law.
- 8 Our position is that it does not.
- 9 In terms of this notion of the
- 10 representative test period, frankly, that very same
- 11 rule tells the company how it's going to -- what test
- 12 period it's going to use in a particular rate case,
- 13 and then you make adjustments to make -- to adjust
- 14 that to take out pro forma normalizing events.
- 15 Frankly, things always change. And the
- 16 notion that, well, you file a case and you get eight
- 17 months into it, well, things are different and now
- 18 your test period necessarily doesn't look
- 19 representative, that is an overtechnical reading and
- 20 the whole process breaks down at that point. There
- 21 are things that are always going to change. You take
- 22 a snapshot and you take account of it as things go
- 23 on, but -- and frankly, our position would be the
- 24 majority of costs do not change.
- 25 As I mentioned, power costs are unaffected

- 1 whether or not MidAmerican owns this company or
- 2 Scottish Power. The cost of new generation, I think,
- 3 you know, is another example. The vast majority of
- 4 the costs simply don't change. In our view, the
- 5 costs of capital don't change and the risk profile of
- 6 the company doesn't change, so it is a representative
- 7 test period going forward.
- 8 Next, the issue of double leverage, we had
- 9 references by Mr. Cedarbaum to 14, 17 percent
- 10 returns, then we had references by Mr. ffitch to, you
- 11 know, double leveraging results in unacceptably high
- 12 levels of return. Frankly, there's a good reason
- 13 this Commission hasn't gone down the path of imposing
- 14 a double leverage adjustment. It stands rate-making
- 15 on its head.
- 16 If you look at any cost of capital testimony
- 17 by a cost of capital witness, they cite the Hope and
- 18 Bluefield standards. That's how you determine what
- 19 cost of capital to allow an investor in a utility.
- 20 You look at the risks of that particular enterprise
- 21 and you determine what return do investors need to
- 22 compensate them for that risk, particularly by
- 23 reference to risks of comparable enterprises. You're
- 24 compensated by the risk of your investment in
- 25 PacifiCorp.

- 1 Double leveraging requires you to look not
- 2 just at the risks of investing in PacifiCorp, but
- 3 where did you get the money to buy your share of
- 4 PacifiCorp stock. If I get the money to buy
- 5 PacifiCorp stock out of my pocket or out of my bank
- 6 account or my dresser drawer, do I get the same cost
- 7 of capital as my neighbor who takes out a line of
- 8 credit against his house to buy a share of PacifiCorp
- 9 stock.
- 10 If this Commission goes down the path of
- 11 double leveraging, I think Judge Moss had the
- 12 question of Mr. ffitch, are we going to look at every
- 13 individual shareholder and determine what is your
- 14 cost of capital, where did you get your money to buy
- 15 your share of PacifiCorp stock. That's precisely
- 16 what double leveraging looks at.
- 17 Mr. Elgin will say MidAmerican has debt at
- 18 the holding company level; therefore, part of its
- 19 equity investment in PacifiCorp is funded by debt.
- 20 It completely stands Hope and Bluefield on their
- 21 head. We're now going to look at where investors get
- 22 their money rather than what risk are you trying to
- 23 compensate the investor for for looking at the
- 24 enterprise. With respect to MidAmerican's
- 25 acquisition of PacifiCorp, there is nothing on the

- 1 record to suggest that its debt will increase as a
- 2 result of this acquisition.
- 3 The double leverage adjustment will live or
- 4 fall based on what's currently on the MidAmerican
- 5 books, and the debt level is not on the record shown
- 6 to increase as a result of this transaction.
- 7 Another couple of points. Mr. Cedarbaum
- 8 mentioned rate credits going forward, and Ms. Davison
- 9 mentioned a litany of things that are going to
- 10 change. You know, the litany that she lists
- 11 surprisingly comes out of the Oregon stipulation.
- 12 Exhibit 11 in the rate case docket is a copy of the
- 13 Oregon stipulation.
- 14 Under the most favored nations provision,
- 15 which I referred to, Washington customers are
- 16 entitled to any one of those commitments that these
- 17 parties choose to adopt. With respect to the
- 18 reduction in A&G costs in particular, it's a \$6
- 19 million across the system reduction in cost that,
- 20 under the Oregon stipulation, Washington customers
- 21 will get that benefit whether or not we have a
- 22 reopener, whether or not the Commission proceeds with
- 23 this rate case.
- 24 Under the Oregon stipulation, if you look at
- 25 Exhibit 11, that credit is deferred. Beginning the

- 1 month immediately after the transaction closes, we
- 2 will start deferring that credit. It will be held
- 3 for ratepayers' benefits until the next rate case.
- 4 If we have a reopener, I think it would provide an
- 5 opportunity to put that credit immediately into
- 6 rates. But that is a credit that is available by
- 7 virtue of the Oregon stipulation and, by virtue of
- 8 the most favored nations clause, is available to
- 9 Washington customers.
- 10 The other issues raised by Ms. Davison, all
- 11 these litany of things that's going to change,
- 12 affiliate costs, insurance costs, those too are
- 13 addressed in the Oregon stipulation. There are
- 14 specific provisions that hold customers harmless from
- 15 the fact that certain affiliates that are owned by
- 16 Scottish Power will not -- we cannot spread certain
- 17 corporate costs across them anymore. They are held
- 18 harmless by virtue of that commitment and that
- 19 stipulation, and that commitment is available to
- 20 Washington customers.
- 21 Same thing with insurance. Scottish Power
- 22 currently gets insurance from PacifiCorp for a
- 23 subsidiary. Well, that's not going to be available,
- 24 because PacifiCorp is no longer going to be owned by
- 25 Scottish Power, but there's a hold harmless provision

- 1 that ratepayers are not going to pay more as a result
- 2 of that insurance being unavailable.
- West Valley is a curious selection. West
- 4 Valley is not included in rates in Washington. Ms.
- 5 Davison would have you think that we need to get the
- 6 credits arising from West Valley. West Valley is not
- 7 in rates in Washington. Once West Valley is included
- 8 in rates in Washington, I agree, Washington customers
- 9 are entitled to those credits. And again, under the
- 10 Oregon stipulation, the most favored nations
- 11 provision, those credits would be deferred beginning
- 12 the month after the transaction closes to be held for
- 13 the benefit of ratepayers whenever those credits can
- 14 be included in rates.
- Then the notion of, gosh, looking forward,
- 16 we don't know whether Currant Creek is going to be
- online, what's the difference between that and
- 18 whether this transaction is going to close. Currant
- 19 Creek, in fact, is going to go online next month, but
- 20 more importantly, it is the consistent Washington
- 21 Commission precedent that if a plant is online before
- 22 rates take effect, that's what's necessary to satisfy
- 23 the used and useful statute.
- 24 The Puget Colstrip case, the Avista Coyote
- 25 Springs, it happens -- a plant does not have to go

- 1 online during a historical test period. As long as a
- 2 plant goes online before the rate effective period,
- 3 it can be included in rates. Currant Creek is such a
- 4 situation, but of course, under the
- 5 interjurisdictional cost allocation position of ICNU,
- 6 Washington customers will never pay that anyway.
- 7 I guess, summing it up, I guess, to a large
- 8 extent, this whole -- it's a matter of fundamental
- 9 fairness, in our view. We've been processing this
- 10 rate case since May. it's been on file for eight
- 11 months, been processing, we've had three rounds of
- 12 testimony, endless amounts of discovery, as the
- 13 support staff for PacifiCorp in the room will attest,
- 14 and to pull the plug on it now based on an event
- 15 which we don't know for certain will happen and to
- 16 suggest that, well, because of that event, we now
- 17 have an unrepresentative test period, it's
- 18 fundamentally unfair.
- 19 And particularly, I think, when you take
- 20 account of the fact that MidAmerican announced this
- 21 transaction on May 24th, the application was actually
- 22 filed on July 15th. That application included clear
- 23 references to the amount of debt at the MEHC level,
- 24 it included clear references to commitments to
- 25 reductions in corporate cross charges, it included

- 1 clear references to promised reductions in debt costs
- 2 for new long-term debt, and there was absolutely no
- 3 capturing of those impacts in the rebuttal testimony
- 4 -- in the opposing testimony filed by Staff and
- 5 Intervenors, which was four months later.
- 6 We're talking November 3rd testimony was
- 7 filed in this rate case docket. MidAmerican
- 8 application was filed July 15th. And now, the day
- 9 the hearings are supposed to start, now we have this
- 10 convergence. It's -- oh, we have these things that
- 11 are going on in the MidAmerican docket. There was
- 12 plenty of opportunity to include that and address
- 13 these issues in the rate case, which brings me back
- 14 to my final point. The reason that it wasn't done is
- it's not a known and measurable change.
- 16 Mr. ffitch will talk about we can't talk
- 17 about the elephant in the room. Well, I would agree,
- 18 but the elephant has to enter the room and, in my
- 19 view, until this transaction closes, there is not a
- 20 known and measurable event that requires -- that
- 21 provides a basis for this rate case, to pull the plug
- 22 on this rate case. We'll talk about the elephant in
- 23 the room, but the elephant has to enter the room.
- I think when the elephant enters the room,
- 25 we have put on the table a process that works. It's

- 1 a process that is fair to all parties, it's a rate
- 2 case reopener. If the transaction does actually
- 3 close, which we will know in two and a half to three
- 4 months, and if the Commission believes that costs
- 5 change as a result of the transaction, it can be
- 6 evaluated in that proceeding.
- 7 We fundamentally don't believe that the
- 8 costs do change, for all the reasons that I've
- 9 stated, but the Commission's authority under that
- 10 statute is clear and it's certainly been reinforced
- 11 by the recent Court of Appeals decision. We think
- 12 that is a remedy that is fair and addresses the needs
- of the parties and addresses the needs of the
- 14 Commission to properly take account of what it views
- 15 as the possible impacts of the transaction on
- 16 PacifiCorp's cost of service in the rate year. Thank
- 17 you.
- 18 JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you. Any questions
- 19 from the Bench? Okay. Mr. Trotter.
- 20 MR. TROTTER: Thank you. Just one moment.
- 21 I'll go first, and then Mr. Cedarbaum can offer some
- 22 comments. Just a couple of small points. There's
- one shareholder of PacifiCorp today, that's Scottish
- 24 Power, and there will be one shareholder if the
- 25 acquisition goes through, that's MEHC, so you don't

- 1 need to worry about where the money comes from. We
- 2 know where it comes from. And under Hope and
- 3 Bluefield, you look at the cost to the utility of the
- 4 capital, and that's what double leverage does. It's
- 5 been affirmed by courts and other jurisdictions as
- 6 lawful.
- 7 I was castigated by counsel for referring to
- 8 Rule 500 and 530. I used that as an example that the
- 9 company has the burden to file an appropriate case,
- 10 and I believe it is always at risk if that case is
- 11 found to be wanting, particularly when the
- 12 circumstances are caused by the company itself. The
- 13 company chose to file the case the way it did and it
- 14 needs to live with the consequences of that one way
- 15 or the other.
- 16 The company is being patently inconsistent
- 17 in its argument regarding Currant Creek. That is a
- 18 plant that is not in service today, it is being dealt
- 19 with in the rate case, as Mr. Van Nostrand said. We
- 20 take those into account and if they go into service
- 21 during the rate case, we take it into account. That
- 22 rationale apparently does not apply, according to the
- 23 company, to acquisitions that occur during the rate
- 24 case. You can't take those into account. Well,
- 25 there's no principal reason for that. It ought to be

- 1 taken into account.
- 2 It is fundamentally unfair when the company
- 3 files its case a certain way and other parties file
- 4 their case a certain way, the company could have
- 5 included this in its case and teed the issue up. It
- 6 chose not to. This Commission felt it important,
- 7 obviously very important to tee this issue up now,
- 8 and it is an appropriate time to do that and a
- 9 decision will be made.
- 10 Some of the adjustments that Ms. Davison
- 11 identified may be subject to a deferral and credit
- 12 and so on, others are not, and we just simply have a
- 13 fundamental disagreement between the parties as to
- 14 the -- at least the non-company parties versus the
- 15 company regarding the theory of double leverage and
- 16 its impacts, but the fundamental point for Staff is
- 17 that if these impacts are not taken into account,
- 18 MEHC benefits, and there's no symmetrical benefit for
- 19 the ratepayer.
- 20 Ultimately, the goal should be to regulate
- 21 in the public interest, and that's a balancing of
- 22 ratepayer and investor interests. Given the rate
- 23 profile for this -- rate case filing profile for this
- 24 company in the last five years and for the
- 25 foreseeable future, it just makes sense to decide

- 1 these issues on one record at one time. This isn't a
- 2 question of deferring these issues into the next rate
- 3 case and figuring out how they shake out by May of
- 4 '07 or April of '07; it's what is representative
- 5 about this test year now, and that is why Staff is
- 6 pursuing -- or preferring Option B.
- 7 MR. CEDARBAUM: No more.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you. Mr. ffitch.
- 9 MR. FFITCH: Nothing further, Your Honor.
- 10 JUDGE RENDAHL: Ms. Davison.
- 11 MS. DAVISON: Thank you, Your Honor. Just a
- 12 couple of quick points. On the issue of the deferral
- 13 of the credits and various commitments that are set
- 14 out in the Oregon stipulation, I would note that the
- 15 commitment to set up the deferred account is in the
- 16 context of a stipulation.
- 17 While we will all work very hard to reach a
- 18 stipulation in Washington, the fact remains is that
- 19 we have not done so. And so without a stipulation, I
- 20 have no idea whether the company will voluntarily
- 21 come into Washington and set up a deferred account or
- 22 not. That is simply not a commitment that has been
- 23 made separate and apart from the settlements that
- 24 have occurred in the other states.
- 25 Option B is not pulling the plug on this

- 1 rate case. I think Option B is one that all the
- 2 non-company parties have settled on as being the
- 3 fairest and most reasonable outcome, because it is
- 4 one that does take into consideration all the hard
- 5 work that has been done thus far. It simply, as I
- 6 understand it, extends a suspension period to allow
- 7 us to account for these very important changes that
- 8 are likely to occur, and then we wrap it all up, as
- 9 Mr. Trotter said, with one record, and it's not
- 10 pulling the plug on the rate case by any stretch of
- 11 the imagination.
- 12 I think the time period that would be needed
- 13 for the additional suspension is very limited, it's
- 14 relatively known, and I think the part that needs to
- 15 be done to get the record in the kind of shape it
- 16 needs to be in is relatively straightforward,
- 17 particularly if we have a settlement in the
- 18 acquisition case.
- 19 As it relates to West Valley, I don't think
- 20 the company would deny that they are certainly
- 21 attempting to include the West Valley costs in the
- 22 general rate case, so that is merely my point. Not
- 23 that they are currently in the case, is that they're
- 24 attempting to get them into their cost of service.
- 25 Finally, on the issue of fundamental

- 1 fairness, I found it interesting that that was the
- 2 basis upon which Mr. Van Nostrand ended his remarks,
- 3 because during the break I was thinking further about
- 4 Mr. -- or Judge Moss's question to me about what's
- 5 really our issue here, what are we really concerned
- 6 about, and I think it comes down to exactly what Mr.
- 7 Van Nostrand said for exactly the opposite reasons.
- For us, it's a matter of fundamental
- 9 fairness. It is not fair to ratepayers to set rates
- 10 on a basis that ignore so many key aspects that an
- 11 acquisition is so fundamental and there's so many
- 12 aspects that are impacted by that, it is not fair to
- 13 ratepayers, nor do I believe we're establishing fair,
- 14 just and reasonable rates without taking that into
- 15 consideration.
- The last point that I would make on this
- 17 notion of fairness is that Mr. Van Nostrand said that
- 18 we can't take MidAmerican into consideration until
- 19 the elephant is in the room. Well, obviously the
- 20 elephant is in the room. It's pending before you.
- 21 We are virtually done with that case. We're at a
- 22 point of briefing. So I don't think you can suggest
- 23 that the elephant's not in the room. The elephant is
- 24 before you, as well as this other elephant in the
- 25 form of the general rate case. And I think to

- 1 disregard the existence of the two and the impacts
- 2 that are present here, if the outcome that we think
- 3 is likely to occur does occur, yes, there may be
- 4 conditions attached to it and I can't predict what
- 5 MidAmerican will do or say in response to that, but I
- 6 think, given the posture of where the cases are, I
- 7 think it's unfair to ratepayers and unreasonable to
- 8 ignore the existence of the acquisition case.
- 9 And finally, just to reiterate, absolutely
- 10 my client does not want a third rate case, and that's
- 11 how we see the reopener. We see the reopener as a
- 12 worst of all worlds, a mini condensed rate case where
- 13 we have to go through the drudgery and the difficulty
- 14 of a general rate case in a limited time period. And
- 15 we simply do not think that that is an outcome that
- 16 would benefit customers in any way, shape or form.
- 17 Thank you.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: Mr. Purdy.
- 19 MR. PURDY: I have nothing further. Thank
- 20 you.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. Thank you all very
- 22 much for your argument this afternoon. We'll be in
- 23 recess and -- can't give you a time deadline, but it
- 24 will be within the hour.
- 25 CHAIRMAN SIDRAN: Yes.

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- 1 JUDGE RENDAHL: And so we'll be off the
- 2 record. We will notify you if you stay around the
- 3 area and when we're ready to come back on. Thank
- 4 you. Off the record.
- 5 (Recess taken.)
- 6 CHAIRMAN SIDRAN: Are we back on the record?
- 7 Well, thank you for your indulgence. We needed some
- 8 time, as you can imagine, to fully consider this.
- 9 Let me begin first by thanking the parties
- 10 for their arguments. It was an important issue to
- 11 the Commission, as you know, and we found the
- 12 arguments helpful in our deliberations.
- 13 I think, as all of you recognized in your
- 14 arguments, this is a very difficult issue in a
- 15 somewhat unique circumstance, and we appreciate the
- 16 challenges that the uniqueness of the circumstance in
- 17 relationship to the timing of these two proceedings
- 18 has presented for the parties. And we heard in the
- 19 course of your arguments comments about the
- 20 importance of fairness and when issues should have
- 21 been fairly raised and who should have raised them,
- 22 and we understand those arguments and there is merit
- 23 to those concerns on the parts of the parties who
- 24 have raised them about who should have raised this
- 25 issue and when and in what context.

- 1 But we look at this issue in the context of
- 2 what we believe to be a transcendent duty that the
- 3 Commission has, which is to be sure that we have a
- 4 full and complete record that enables us to reach a
- 5 fair and just result on the issues that we must
- 6 decide. And while we are mindful of the challenges
- 7 that, again, this unique and difficult circumstance
- 8 presents to the parties, that really, in the end,
- 9 must be our focus.
- 10 Now, in preparation for the hearing that's
- 11 scheduled to commence tomorrow, we've had the
- 12 opportunity to review the pre-filed testimony and
- 13 exhibits, and particularly with regard to the issue
- 14 of the cost of capital.
- 15 We are concerned, which is why we are having
- 16 the hearing this afternoon, about the adequacy of the
- 17 current record to allow us to fully and fairly
- 18 determine a number of issues, and in particular the
- 19 cost of capital issue.
- 20 And we note several instances in the
- 21 pre-filed testimony and exhibits in which the
- 22 parties, including the company, have put into issue
- 23 the ownership of PacifiCorp and the pending
- 24 acquisition. This is reflected, for example, to cite
- 25 just two, in the references to the \$500 million of

- 1 additional capital, which is to be provided by
- 2 Scottish Power, and that is referenced as part of the
- 3 acquisition terms, and we also note the reference by
- 4 the parties, including the company, to the credit
- 5 rating implications of the ownership of PacifiCorp by
- 6 Scottish Power.
- 7 We find that this issue of ownership and the
- 8 pending acquisition is material and it is relevant to
- 9 determining what would be a fair and just
- 10 determination of the cost of capital element of this
- 11 case, but we find the current record, at least as it
- 12 stands with respect to the pre-filed testimony and
- 13 exhibits, which will become the record, to be
- 14 insufficient for us to determine these issues, albeit
- 15 we understand and take due consideration of the point
- 16 raised by the company that the acquisition may not
- 17 proceed.
- 18 Nonetheless, it seems to us that in order to
- 19 fairly determine these issues and in particular, the
- 20 cost of capital issue, we require that the record, in
- 21 effect, be supplemented with respect to what
- 22 admittedly at this state is a hypothetical
- 23 consideration of the issues that will be impacted
- 24 with respect, again, in particular to the cost of
- 25 capital, but not exclusively that, what the impact

- 1 would be of the hypothetical acquisition of
- 2 PacifiCorp by MEHC.
- 3 Now, we do not want to delay this proceeding
- 4 or to increase the costs to the party or to make this
- 5 any more burdensome, either on the parties or, for
- 6 that matter, on the Commission itself than is
- 7 necessary and we want to do this in a way that is
- 8 fair to the parties, so we propose to proceed as
- 9 follows.
- 10 We will commence the hearing tomorrow
- 11 morning. I have an obligation to appear and testify
- 12 at a legislative hearing at 10:00, and we will
- 13 commence with Judge Rendahl presiding at 9:30,
- 14 without the Commissioners, for the purposes of
- 15 addressing issues of scheduling witnesses. We
- 16 propose to proceed with all the other aspects of this
- 17 case, except for the cost of capital witnesses,
- 18 beginning with I believe Mr. MacRitchie, and we will
- 19 commence testimony at 10:30, legislature being
- 20 willing, and we will commence at 10:30.
- 21 And we then want to hear, and I believe we
- 22 can take this up at 9:30 without the Commissioners.
- 23 We want to hear from the parties tomorrow morning
- 24 about how you suggest we proceed to supplement the
- 25 record which we believe is necessary for the reasons

- 1 I've indicated. It may be that our desire to
- 2 understand more the implications of this hypothetical
- 3 acquisition on the cost of capital and other issues
- 4 could be addressed adequately through
- 5 cross-examination or it may be that some believe that
- 6 it would be necessary to provide additional pre-filed
- 7 testimony, or perhaps it can be addressed through
- 8 additional direct testimony from those live witnesses
- 9 who will be appearing and testifying. We would
- 10 appreciate your thoughts and preferences in that
- 11 regard.
- 12 We are determined to render a decision in
- 13 this case within the statutory deadline, and we will
- 14 do our absolute best to meet that obligation, but we
- 15 want the parties and, in particular, the company to
- 16 understand that, as the record now stands, we
- 17 believe, when it becomes the record, I should say,
- 18 that if all we have before us is the pre-filed
- 19 testimony and the exhibits, there will be a serious
- 20 question in our minds with respect to whether it
- 21 adequately addresses the issues that I've mentioned
- 22 in my prior comments.
- We also think, frankly, that if we speak to
- 24 these issues now, we will be able to save ourselves
- 25 and the parties some time and effort during the

- 1 course of the hearing, because, as has been suggested
- 2 by some of the parties, there would be a great deal
- 3 of cross-examination directed at these issues in any
- 4 event, even if we were not to, as you might say, take
- 5 this elephant by the tusks and deal with it in a more
- 6 forthright way.
- 7 So I don't know. I assume we will issue --
- 8 do we need to issue a written order conforming to our
- 9 decision, or do we now have a record that you believe
- 10 is sufficient?
- 11 JUDGE RENDAHL: I believe we have a record
- 12 that is sufficient, and then tomorrow morning we can
- 13 reconvene at 9:30 and discuss the parties'
- 14 preferences in terms of how to supplement the record
- 15 in some way. If you wish to stay immediately after
- 16 and discuss what happens after Mr. MacRitchie
- 17 tomorrow, I'm happy to do that tonight, but beyond
- 18 that, we should reserve discussions for tomorrow, for
- 19 tomorrow morning.
- 20 Does anyone have any questions or
- 21 suggestions at this point?
- 22 CHAIRMAN SIDRAN: They can withhold their
- 23 comments, I think, on that.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: They could.
- 25 CHAIRMAN SIDRAN: If there are questions, I

- 1 think we'd be happy to hear them.
- 2 JUDGE RENDAHL: Mr. Trotter.
- 3 MR. TROTTER: I have no questions. I do
- 4 think we need some time to ponder this and see how it
- 5 can be made workable.
- 6 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. And is tomorrow
- 7 morning enough time?
- 8 MR. TROTTER: We'll do our best.
- 9 JUDGE RENDAHL: Or would you like the
- 10 morning to meet amongst yourselves and then have
- 11 scheduling discussions after Mr. MacRitchie?
- 12 MR. TROTTER: Frankly, one of our challenges
- 13 is that rendering a decision within the statutory
- 14 deadline is an issue for Staff, because we were
- 15 talking to a consultant that would not be available
- 16 until, you know, later that would make that goal
- 17 unattainable, so we're going to have to go back to
- 18 the drawing board and rethink our approach to that
- 19 issue.
- JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. Well, any other
- 21 questions at this point? Ms. Davison, and then Mr.
- 22 ffitch.
- MS. DAVISON: The only question that I have
- 24 in my mind about deciding scheduling issues tomorrow
- 25 is I have Mr. Selecky on a plane on Thursday

- 1 afternoon, and he's scheduled to be here for
- 2 cross-examination on Friday, and I do believe that he
- 3 has an issue that would be implicated by the
- 4 hypothetical close of the transaction, so --
- JUDGE RENDAHL: Well, I'm happy to stay and
- 6 talk scheduling with all of you for a few minutes.
- 7 If you'd like to do that, I have no problem doing
- 8 that. So why don't we -- if there's nothing further
- 9 about the Commission's decision at this point -- Mr.
- 10 ffitch, did you have anything on that point?
- 11 MR. FFITCH: No.
- 12 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. If there's nothing
- 13 further, then I'd like to go off the record at this
- 14 point so we can have some scheduling discussions. So
- 15 we'll be off the record. Thank you very much.
- 16 CHAIRMAN SIDRAN: I just want to add one
- 17 further comment, because I will not be a party to
- 18 your discussions about scheduling.
- 19 Because we view it as important to meet the
- 20 statutory deadline and because we think it's
- 21 important to be fair to both the company and the
- 22 parties, it is the company and the parties that have
- 23 created the context in which this complication
- 24 arises, that is, the decisions by whomever not to
- 25 address this hypothetical issue in one way or another

- 1 in their cases, at least as we now have it in the
- 2 context of the pre-filed testimony, creates, if you
- 3 will, the conundrum that we have.
- 4 So we will do our level best to meet that
- 5 statutory deadline, and you all will have to figure
- 6 out how to do that in order to give us a record which
- 7 is sufficient for us to meet our obligations.
- 8 So we realize there may be some burdens here
- 9 on various witnesses and parties, which we regret,
- 10 but we are where we are and so we'll just have to
- 11 work together to try to make this as least burdensome
- 12 as possible.
- 13 COMMISSIONER OSHIE: I just wanted to also
- 14 thank the parties for your time this afternoon on
- 15 very short notice. This is, as the Chairman said, a
- 16 very important issue to the Commission, and we
- 17 appreciate your time thinking about these important
- 18 matters and look forward to hearing from you
- 19 tomorrow.
- 20 JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. We will be off the
- 21 record and have some scheduling discussions. Thanks
- 22 very much.
- 23 (Discussion off the record.)
- 24 (Proceedings adjourned at 6:05 p.m.)

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