One Time Calculation of Incremental Cost for Each (All) Eligible Resource(s)

480-109-210(2)(a)(i) Utility must make a one-time calculation of incremental cost for each eligible resource at the time of acquisition or, for historic acquisitions, the best information available at the time of acquistion

Formula One Time Calculation of Incremental Cost:

Energy-Levelized Incremental Cost:

[Levelized Cost Eligible Renewable Resource – Levelized Cost Alternative]

Capacity-Levelized Incremental Cost:

[Levelized Cost Eligible Renewable Resource – Levelized Cost Alternative]

Energy + Capacity = Incremental Cost

Note: Levelized cost of eligible renewable resource should include integration

	ENERGY	\$	Energy	Capacity	Capacity	\$	\$
	Levelized Cost Eligible						
	Renewable Resource		Levelized Cost	Levelized Cost			
Resource	(\$/REC/MWh)	Total Annual Cost (\$)	Alternative (\$/MWh)	Alternative (\$/kW-yr)	Total Alternative Cost (\$)	Incremental Cost (\$)	Washington Share
Little Falls 4	23.08	112,198	24.89	148	269,451	(157,253)	(103,205)
Long Lake 3	6.50	92,282	30.43	158	1,141,013	(1,048,731)	(688,282)
Cabinet Gorge 2	22.88	663,840	35.48	130	3,233,260	(2,569,420)	(1,686,310)
Cabinet Gorge 3	18.81	861,603	24.89	148	3,663,667	(2,802,064)	(1,838,994)
Cabinet Gorge 4	24.10	494,522	60.71	134	2,451,932	(1,957,410)	(1,284,648)
Noxon Rapids 1	83.05	1,780,183	64.88	140	2,367,976	(587,794)	(385,769)
Noxon Rapids 2	115.18	887,937	70.96	146	1,570,262	(682,325)	(447,810)
Noxon Rapids 3	59.71	867,560	67.67	143	1,982,089	(1,114,529)	(731,466)
Noxon Rapids 4	65.06	782,277	74.72	150	1,948,060	(1,165,783)	(765,103)
Palouse Wind	65.28	26,347,159	57.88	209	19,465,457	6,881,703	4,516,461
Nine Mile Falls 1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Nine Mile Falls 2	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Kettle Falls (Note 1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
EWEB/Stateline (Note 2)	14.50	725,000	-	0	0	725,000	725,000
Total Renewable Resource Cost		33,614,562			38,093,168	(4,478,606)	(2,690,127)

Note 1: WAC 480-109-210 (2) (G): Legacy resources. Any eligible resource that the utility acquired prior to March 31, 1999, is deemed to have an incremental cost of zero.

Note 2: EWEB/Stateline costs 100% allocated to Washington customers.

Note 3: The Production/Transmission Ratio ("P/T Ratio") is a jurisdictional allocation used to allocate production and transmission costs between the Company's Washington and Idaho electric service territories. The Company files its P/T Ratio annually with the WUTC within its annual required Commission Basis Report.

Washington Share (Note 3):	65.63%
ALL RESOURCES TOTAL INCREMENTAL COST = ENERGY + CAPACITY	(2,690,127)

2016 Estimated Data: Annual Calculation of Revenue Requirement Ratio

480-109-210(2)(a)(ii) Utility must annually calculate its revenue requirement ratio for 1) All Resources 2) Required Resources Target Year

Formula Annual Calculation of Incremental Cost (Revenue Requirement Ratio):

1) Total Incremental Cost All* Resources:

{[sum of incremental costs of All* eligible resources + cost of unbundled RECs] - [revenue RECs]} / annual revenue requirement

*required because of excess generation, Avista needs to report 2 incremental costs

2) Total Incremental Cost Required Resources for Target Year:

{[sum of incremental costs of Target Year* eligible resources used for target year compliance + cost of unbundled RECs] - [revenue RECs]} / annual revenue requirement

	ALL AV	AILABLE RESOURCES ESTIMA	TED	TARGET YEAR: FORCAST SUBJECT TO CHANGE		
	sum of incremental costs of			sum of incremental costs of		
Resource	all eligible resources	RECs purchased	Revenue from REC sales	all eligible resources	RECs purchased	revenue from REC sa
Little Falls 4	(157,253)			(157,253)		
Long Lake 3	(1,048,731)			(1,048,731)		
Cabinet Gorge 2	(2,569,420)			(2,569,420)		
Cabinet Gorge 3	(2,802,064)			(2,802,064)		
Cabinet Gorge 4	(1,957,410)			(1,957,410)		
Noxon Rapids 1	(587,794)			(587,794)		
Noxon Rapids 2	(682,325)			(682,325)		
Noxon Rapids 3	(1,114,529)			(1,114,529)		
Noxon Rapids 4	(1,165,783)			(1,165,783)		
Palouse Wind (Note 1)	6,881,703		(650,775)	4,891,220		(650,77
Nine Mile Falls 1 (Note 2)	TBD			TBD		
Nine Mile Falls 2 (Note 2)	TBD			TBD		
Kettle Falls (Note 3)	0		(2,278,646)	0		(2,278,64
Total	(5,203,606)	0	(2,929,420)	(7,194,089)	0	(2,929,42
WA Share of WA/ID Resources	(3,415,127)	0	(1,922,579)	(4,721,480)	0	(1,922,57
Washington Only Resources						
EWEB/Stateline		719,447			719,447	
Idaho Transferred REC Value Hydro (Note 4)		0			0	
Idaho Transferred REC Value Kettle Falls (Note	5)	873,900			90,729	
Idaho Transferred REC Value Palouse (Note 5)		815,653			579,731	
Total WA Only Resources	0	2,408,999	0	0	1,389,907	
Total WA Share of Costs	(3,415,127)	2,408,999	(1,922,579)	(4,721,480)	1,389,907	(1,922,57
				1	1	
Annual Revenue Requirement (most recent rate case) 491,872,000						491,872,00
	CALCULATION 1 (Note 6):		(3,015,888)	CALCULATION 2 (Note 6):		(5,410,55
			-0.613%			-1.100

NOTES

RECS Assumed used for

 Resources
 2016 Compliance
 RECS Generated
 RECS Already Sold
 REC Price

 Kettle Falls
 33,163
 319,425
 (286,262)
 7.96

 Palouse
 286,860
 403,598
 (110,676)
 5.88

Note 1: Palouse Wind adjusted for actual production.

Note 2: Final Nine Mile Falls upgrade costs to be determined after the project is completed and final costs are known.

Note 3: WAC 480-109-210 (2) (G): Legacy resources. Any eligible resource that the utility acquired prior to March 31, 1999, is deemed to have an incremental cost of zero.

Note 4: REC Value for transfering REC's entitled to Idaho to Washington- No value assumed for hydro in 2016

Note 5: REC Value for transfering RECs entitled to Idaho to Washington

Note 6: To calculate revenue requirements all costs/revenues are multiplied by 1.029768 to account for Washington's share Excise Tax, Uncollectibles and Commission Fees.

2015 Actual Data: Annual Calculation of Revenue Requirement Ratio

480-109-210(2)(a)(ii) Utility must annually calculate its revenue requirement ratio for 1) All Resources 2) Required Resources Target Year

Formula Annual Calculation of Incremental Cost (Revenue Requirement Ratio):

1) Total Incremental Cost All* Resources:

{[sum of incremental costs of All* eligible resources + cost of unbundled RECs] - [revenue RECs]} / annual revenue requirement

*required because of excess generation, Avista needs to report 2 incremental costs

2) Total Incremental Cost Required Resources for Target Year:

{[sum of incremental costs of Target Year* eligible resources used for target year compliance + cost of unbundled RECs] - [revenue RECs]} / annual revenue requirement

	ALL AVAILABLE RESOURCES BASED ON ACTUAL RESULTS		AL RESULTS	TARGET YEAR: BASED ON EXPECTED CON		MPLIANCE RESOURCES
	sum of incremental costs of			sum of incremental costs of		
Resource	all eligible resources	RECs purchased	Revenue from REC sales	all eligible resources	RECs purchased	revenue from REC sale
Little Falls 4	(157,253)			(157,253)		
Long Lake 3	(1,048,731)			(1,048,731)		
Cabinet Gorge 2	(2,569,420)			(2,569,420)		
Cabinet Gorge 3	(2,802,064)			(2,802,064)		
Cabinet Gorge 4	(1,957,410)			(1,957,410)		
Noxon Rapids 1	(587,794)			(587,794)		
Noxon Rapids 2	(682,325)			(682,325)		
Noxon Rapids 3	(1,114,529)			(1,114,529)		
Noxon Rapids 4	(1,165,783)			(1,165,783)		
Palouse Wind (Note 1)	6,006,614		(680,196)			
Total	(6,078,694)	0	(680,196)	(12,085,309)	0	(
WA Share of WA/ID Resources	(3,989,447)	0	(446,413)	(7,931,588)	0	(
Washington Only Resources EWEB/Stateline		725,000			5,554	
Idaho Transferred REC Value Hydro (Note 2)		1,754			1,754	
Idaho Transferred REC Value Kettle Falls (Note 2)		0			0	
Idaho Transferred REC Value Palouse (Note 2)		233,783			0	
Total WA Only Resources	0	960,537	0	0	7,307	(
Total WA Share of Costs	(3,989,447)	960,537	(446,413)	(7,931,588)	7,307	
	٥١	1	491,872,000			491,872,000
Annual Revenue Requirement (most recent rate cas						

-0.728%

-1.659%

NOTES

RECS Assumed used for 2016

ResourcesComplianceRECS GeneratedRECS Already SoldREC PricePalouse293,5632.32Hydro0.03

Palouse Generation

Actual MWh 293,563 Planned MWh 336,331

Note 1: Palouse Wind adjusted for actual production.

Note 2: REC Value for transfering RECs entitled to Idaho to Washington

Note 3: To calculate revenue requirements all costs/revenues are multiplied by 1.029768 to account for Washington's share Excise Tax, Uncollectibles and Commission Fees.

(iii)(A) & (B) Annual Reporting Summary Data: 2015 and 2016

Utility must (A) report its total incremental cost as a dollar amount and in dollars per megawatt-hour of renewable energy generated by all eligible renewable resources in the calcualtion (a)(i) of this subsection; and (B) multiply the dollars per megawatt-hour cost calculated in (a)(iii)(A) of this subsection by the number of megawatt-hours needed for target year compliance.

	(A)			(B)		
Resource	Total Incremental Cost (as dollar \$ amt.)	MWh	Total Incremental Cost (\$/MWh)	Number of Megawatt-hours Needed for Target Year Compliance	Total Incremental Cost (\$/MWh) Multiplied by Number of Megawatt-hours Needed for Target Year Compliance	
			(32.3)		<u> </u>	
Little Falls 4	(157,253)	,	` /	,	(157,253)	
Long Lake 3	(1,048,731)	14,197	(73.9)	14,197	(1,048,731)	
Cabinet Gorge 2	(2,569,420)	29,008	(88.6)	29,008	(2,569,420)	
Cabinet Gorge 3	(2,802,064)	45,808	(61.2)	45,808	(2,802,064)	
Cabinet Gorge 4	(1,957,410)	20,517	(95.4)	20,517	(1,957,410)	
Noxon Rapids 1	(587,794)	21,435	(27.4)	21,435	(587,794)	
Noxon Rapids 2	(682,325)	7,709	(88.5)	7,709	(682,325)	
Noxon Rapids 3	(1,114,529)	14,529	(76.7)	14,529	(1,114,529)	
Noxon Rapids 4	(1,165,783)	12,024	(97.0)	12,024	(1,165,783)	
Palouse Wind	6,881,703	352,276	19.5	-	-	
EWEB/Stateline	5,553.50	383	14.5	383	5,554	

Utility must (A) report its total incremental cost as a dollar amount and in dollars per megawatt-hour of renewable energy generated by all eligible renewable resources in the calcualtion (a)(i) of this subsection; and (B) multiply the dollars per megawatt-hour cost calculated in (a)(iii)(A) of this subsection by the number of megawatt-hours needed for target year compliance.

	(A)			(B)		
Resource	Total Incremental Cost (as dollar \$ amt.)	MWh	Total Incremental Cost (\$/MWh)	Number of Megawatt-hours Needed for Target Year Compliance	Total Incremental Cost (\$/MWh) Multiplied by Number of Megawatt-hours Needed for Target Year Compliance	
Little Falls 4	(157,253)	4,862	(32)	4,862	(157,253)	
Long Lake 3	(1,048,731)	14,197	(74)	14,197	(1,048,731)	
Cabinet Gorge 2	(2,569,420)	29,008	(89)	29,008	(2,569,420)	
Cabinet Gorge 3	(2,802,064)	45,808	(61)	45,808	(2,802,064)	
Cabinet Gorge 4	(1,957,410)	20,517	(95)	20,517	(1,957,410)	
Noxon Rapids 1	(587,794)	21,435	(27)	21,435	(587,794)	
Noxon Rapids 2	(682,325)	7,709	(89)	7,709	(682,325)	
Noxon Rapids 3	(1,114,529)	14,529	(77)	14,529	(1,114,529)	
Noxon Rapids 4	(1,165,783)	12,024	(97)	12,024	(1,165,783)	
Palouse Wind	6,881,703	403,598	17	286,860	4,891,220	
Nine Mile Falls 1	TBD	416	TBD	416	TBD	
Nine Mile Falls 2	TBD	977	TBD	977	TBD	
Kettle Falls	-	319,425	-	33,163	-	
EWEB/Stateline	719,447	49,617	15	49,617	719,447	