Exh. SLC-1T<u>r</u> Docket UE-230172 Witness: Sherona L. Cheung

### BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION,

Complainant,

v.

PACIFICORP dba PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

Respondent.

Docket UE-230172

# PACIFICORP

## DIRECT TESTIMONY OF SHERONA L. CHEUNG

April 19, 2023 REVISED July 7, 2023

- Q. Please provide a summary of the rate base balances and non-NPC O&M
  expenses projected to be in rates associated with Jim Bridger and Colstrip as of
  December 31, 2025.
  A. Table 2 summarizes the rate base balances and non-NPC O&M expenses, on a
- 5 Washington-allocated basis, projected to be in rates as of December 31, 2025.

& Colstrip Balances in Rates at December 31, 2025				
	Jim Bridger –	Colstrip –		
	All Units	Unit 4		
Gross Plant	\$283.8 million	\$27.5 million		
Accumulated	(\$289.8 million)	(\$28.3 million)		
Reserves				
Net Book Value	(\$6.0 million)	(\$0.8 million)		
Depreciation	\$2.5 million	\$0.6 million		
Expense				
O&M Expense	\$ <del>53.3<u>14.0</u> million</del>	\$1.1 million		
-				
Fly Ash Revenues	\$2.3 million	\$0		

#### <u>Table 2 – Washington-allocated Jim Bridger</u> & Colstrin Balances in Bates at December 31, 2024

# 6 Q. How will the Company ensure that costs associated with coal-fired resources will

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# cease to be part of Washington rates starting January 1, 2026?

- 8 A. The Company is proposing a compliance filing be made in the fourth quarter of 2025,
- 9 in advance of January 1, 2026, to remove coal-fired generation costs from rates.

## 10 Q. How will the necessary change in rates be calculated?

- 11 A. In this proposed compliance filing, the Company will calculate the rate change
- 12 required to remove the gross plant balance of Jim Bridger Units 3 and 4, and Colstrip
- 13 Unit 4 from Washington rates. An equivalent balance in accumulated reserves will
- 14 also be removed. The reason accumulated reserves will be removed only up to the
- 15 balance in gross plant is because, as discussed above, these coal-fired generation

1	quantified at this time. However, the impact to NPC for the removal of coal-fired
2	resources at the end of 2025 is not yet known. Accordingly, the NPC component
3	driving price change for the removal of coal-fired resources from Washington rates
4	cannot yet be quantified.

- 5 Q. What is the estimated impact for the non-NPC effects of removing coal-fired
- 6 resources from Washington rates?
- 7 A. Table 3 below highlights key changes in non-NPC components of revenue
- 8 requirement from removing coal-fired resources from Washington rates:

<u>Table 5 – Summary of Coal-Fired Resources Datances Removed</u>				
	Jim Bridger –	Colstrip –	Jim Bridger	
	Units 3 & 4	Unit 4	mine	
Gross Plant	\$121.9 million	\$27.5 million	\$41.2 million	
Accumulated	(\$121.9 million)	(\$27.5 million)	(\$36.8 million)	
Reserves				
Net Book Value	\$0	\$0	\$4.4 million	
Depreciation	\$1.4 million	\$0.6 million	\$0	
Expense				
O&M Expense	\$ <del>21.0<u>0.7</u> million</del>	\$1.1 million	\$0	
Fly Ash Revenues	(\$2.3 million)	\$0	\$0	

Table 3 – Summary of Coal-Fired Resources Balances Removed

9 By removing the balances as quantified in Table 3, taking into account all 10 necessary tax impacts, interest and revenue-sensitive true-ups, the estimated revenue 11 requirement impact of changes to non-NPC components from the removal of coal-12 fired resources from Washington rates would result in a rate *reduction* of 13 approximately \$25.64.3 million. This estimated reduction would offset any potential 14 increases from NPC changes due to the removal of coal-fired resources from 15 Washington rates at the end of 2025. It is important to note, that this estimated impact 16 is subject to change based on the final approved capital rate base associated with coal-