BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES & TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION, ${\sf COMPLAINANT}$

V.

AVISTA CORPORATION, d/b/a AVISTA UTILITIES, RESPONDENT

DOCKETS UE-150204 and UG-150205 (Consolidated)

CROSS-ANSWERING TESTIMONY OF DONNA M. RAMAS

ON BEHALF OF

PUBLIC COUNSEL

EXHIBIT DMR-38T

OCTOBER 11, 2019

CROSS-ANSWERING TESTIMONY OF DONNA M. RAMAS

DOCKETS UE-150204 and UG-105205 (Consolidated)

EXHIBIT DMR-38T

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1		I. INTRODUCTION
2	Q.	Please state your name, occupation, and business address.
3	A.	My name is Donna M. Ramas. I am a Certified Public Accountant licensed in the
4		State of Michigan and Principal at Ramas Regulatory Consulting, LLC, with
5		offices at 4654 Driftwood Drive, Commerce Township, Michigan 48382.
6	Q.	Are you the same Donna Ramas who filed response testimony in this
7		proceeding on September 13, 2019, on behalf of the Public Counsel Unit of
8		the Washington Attorney General's Office ("Public Counsel")?
9	A.	Yes, I am.
10	Q.	What is the purpose of your cross-answering testimony?
11	Α.	My cross-answering testimony first explains that while Public Counsel,
12		Commission Staff, and the Alliance of Western Energy Consumers ("AWEC")
13		used somewhat different approaches for determining the amount of refunds owed
14		to customers in this proceeding, all three parties' recommendations result in
15		refunds owed to customers in excess of \$40 million. I then discuss AWEC
16		witness, Bradley G. Mullins recommendation that interest be applied to the
17		refunds.
18		II. APPROACHES USED IN CALCULATING REFUNDS
19	Q.	What was the conclusion reached by the Court of Appeals of the State of
20		Washington Division II that resulted in this remand proceeding?
21	A.	In its August 7, 2018, decision in COA No. 48982-1-II, the Court of Appeals of
22		the State of Washington Division II ("COA") reached the following conclusion:
23 24		Because the projections of future rate base were not "used and useful" for service in Washington, we conclude that the WUTC

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		may not base Avista's rates on them. Accordingly, the WUTC erred in calculating Avista's electric and natural gas rates. The WUTC order provided one lump sum attrition allowance without distinguishing what portion was for rate base and which was for O&M expense or other considerations. We strike all portions of the attrition allowance attributable to Avista's rate base and reverse and remand for the WUTC to recalculate Avista's rates without relying on rate base that is not used and useful. ¹
9	Q.	Did you prepare a revised attrition study in calculating the refund amounts
10		recommended in your Response Testimony filed on September 13, 2019?
11	A.	No. As indicated in my Response Testimony, Exhibit No. DMR-27T, the parties
12		were unable to reconcile the attrition adjustment incorporated in the
13		Commission's Order 05. The refund calculations presented with my Response
14		Testimony relied, in part, on Avista's understanding of the amount of rate base
15		escalation incorporated in the Commission's attrition adjustments. The amount of
16		rate base escalation that Avista believes was incorporated in the Commission's
17		attrition adjustments were provided in Avista's Exhibit No. EMA-15 filed on June
18		21, 2019, in this proceeding. I did not dispute those amounts in my Response
19		Testimony.
20	Q.	Did the Commission Staff and AWEC use attrition studies in calculating
21		their recommended refund amounts?
22	A.	Yes. Staff witness, Chris R. McGuire utilized Avista's rebuttal Exhibit Nos.
23		EMA-6 (Electric) and EMA-7 (Natural Gas) as the starting point for recalculating
24		the attrition adjustments. As explained in Mr. McGuire's testimony, Exhibit No.
25		EMA-6 for the electric operations was modified to: 1) include the modifications
26		to the attrition methodology identified in the Commission's Order 05; 2) include
27		the Power Supply Update filed on October 29, 2015; and 3) remove the escalation

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¹ Donna M. Ramas, Exh. DMR-35 at 31.

of rate base items.² He explained that Exhibit No. EMA-6 was filed prior to the Power Supply Update causing the need to modify the attrition study to include the update.³ Mr. McGuire modified Exhibit No. EMA-7 for the natural gas operations to modify the escalation of O&M expense that was identified in Order 05 and to remove the escalation of rate base.⁴

AWEC witness, Bradley G. Mullins utilized Staff's attrition models that were provided in McGuire Exhibit No. CRM-2 Rev. for electric and CRM-3 Rev. for natural gas that were filed on October 13, 2015, as his starting point for recalculating the attrition adjustments. Mr. Mullins modified these exhibits to reflect his understanding of modifications to the attrition models that were approved by the Commission in Order 05. Mr. Mullins also modified the attrition models to: 1) remove the return on rate base; 2) remove the return of rate base; and 3) incorporate Avista's October 29, 2015, Power Cost Update. Since the Power Cost Update was filed on October 29, 2015, it would not have been included in the electric attrition model filed on October 13, 2015, as Exhibit No. CRM-2 Rev.

- Q. Do you agree that using an attrition model can be a reasonable approach in calculating the amount of refund owed to customers in this proceeding?
- A. Yes, I do. Since the COA decision struck the portions of the attrition allowance attributable to rate base, the attrition models could be used to determine what the attrition allowance would be if the escalation of rate base were excluded. The

² Testimony of Chris R. McGuire, Exh. CRM-7T at 10:12 – 11:2.

³ McGuire, Exh. CRM-7T at 9:14-20.

⁴ McGuire, Exh. CRM-7T at 11:4 – 13.

⁵ Response Testimony of Bradley G. Mullins, Exh. BGM-7T at 6:6-10.

⁶ Mullins, Exh. BGM-7T at 13:2 – 13.

parties in this case do not have the final adjusted version of the attrition model used by the Commission in determining its attrition adjustment. Staff witness, Mr. McGuire and AWEC witness, Mr. Mullins based their calculations of the revised attrition adjustments on their understanding of the model that the Commission used to input its modifications in determining the Commission's attrition adjustment. Both Mr. McGuire and Mr. Mullins revised the attrition models to incorporate their understanding of the modifications to the model described in the Commission's Order 05 and to remove the escalation of rate base as required by the COA. I agree that this is a reasonable approach to use. The Commission itself should know which models it used as the starting point in determining the attrition adjustment it incorporated in Order 05. AWEC witness, Mr. Mullins also removed the escalation of depreciation (i.e., the escalation of the return of rate base) from the model he used in determining the revised attrition adjustment. Staff and AWEC used different attrition models as their starting points in calculating the recommended refunds, and you did not prepare a revised attrition adjustment in calculating your recommended refund amounts. Given the differences in approach, do all three parties recommend substantial refunds in this case? Yes. As addressed in my Response Testimony, Public Counsel recommends that Avista's electric customers be refunded \$36,189,000 and Avista's natural gas

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customers and a refund of \$7,101,000 to Avista's natural gas customers, for

customers be refunded \$4,907,000 for a combined total refund of \$41,096,000.

Commission Staff is recommending a refund of \$35,997,000 to Avista's electric

⁷ Response Testimony of Donna M. Ramas, Exh.DMR-27T at 3:20-24 and 30:12-16.

combined total refunds of \$43,078,000.8 It should be noted that Public Counsel's recommended refund incorporates offsets for earnings sharing while Staff's does not.

AWEC is recommending refunds of \$57,810,000 for electric customers and \$19,223,000 for natural gas customers for combined total refunds of approximately \$77 million. If the interest component and the depreciation (or "Return on Rate Base") were excluded from AWEC's refund calculation for comparability purposes, the result would be refunds of \$37,690,000 for electric customers and \$9,789,000 for natural gas resulting in combined total refunds of \$47,479,000.

It is the opinion of all three parties - Public Counsel, Commission Staff and AWEC – that the rates from Order 05 were in effect from January 11, 2016, to April 30, 2018. It is also the opinion of all three parties that the amount of refunds owed exceeds \$40 million.

III. INTEREST ON REFUNDS

- Q. Have any of the parties recommended that interest be applied to the amount of refunds owed to ratepayers?
- 18 A. Yes. AWEC witness, Mr. Mullins recommends that interest be applied based on
 19 Avista's pre-tax cost of capital. 11

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⁸ McGuire, Exh. CRM-7T at 2:11-12.

⁹ Mullins, Exh. BGM-7T at 3:5-7.

¹⁰ Amounts calculated based on amounts presented in Mullins, Exhibit BGM-7T at 3 in Table 1.

¹¹ Mullins, Exh. BGM-7T at 34:6-11.

I		Q. What is your recommendation regarding the application of interest on
2		the amounts owed to customers in this proceeding?
3	A.	I recommend that the Commission be consistent in its application of interest
4		across proceedings. If the Commission regularly applies interest on amounts owed
5		to Avista from customers, then interest should also be applied to amounts owed to
6		customers from Avista. I am not familiar with the Commission's policies
7		regarding the application of interest on amounts owed to or from customers as
8		applied to Avista. Thus, I am not opining on whether or not interest should be
9		applied in this case beyond the recommendation that the treatment be consistent.
10	Q.	Does this conclude your cross-answering testimony?
11	A.	Yes, it does.