Exh. DPK-1Tr Dockets UE-240004, UG-240005, UE-230810 Witness: Danny P. Kermode

# BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION,

Complainant,

v.

**PUGET SOUND ENERGY,** 

Respondent.

DOCKETS UE-240004, UG-240005 and UE-230810 (Consolidated)

### **TESTIMONY OF**

**DANNY P. KERMODE** 

ON BEHALF OF STAFF OF WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Overall Revenue Requirement

August 6, 2024

Revised August 14, 2024

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	INTRODUCTION	1
II.	SCOPE AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY	3
III.	ELECTRIC RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND REVENUE	
	REQUIREMENT	9
IV.	NATURAL GAS RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND REVENUE	
	REQUIREMENT	13
V	CONTESTED ADJUSTMENTS	16

### LIST OF EXHIBITS

1		I. INTRODUCTION
2		
3	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
4	A.	My name is Danny Kermode, and my business address is 1850 Parkway Place, Suite 800,
5		Marietta, GA 30067. My business email address is danny.kermode@gdsassociates.com.
6		
7	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
8	A.	I am employed by GDS Associates, a national consulting firm specializing in regulatory
9		utility matters.
10		
11	Q.	Please state your qualifications to provide testimony in this proceeding.
12	A.	I received my Bachelor of Science degree in accounting from Arizona State University in
13		1982 and was licensed as a Certified Public Accounting 1984. I have more than 40 years
14		of regulatory accounting experience within both private practice and in government. A
15		more detailed description of my qualifications is set forth in my Statement of
16		Qualifications found at Exhibit DPK-2. I have appeared as an expert witness in numerous
17		contested cases presenting financial, income tax and regulatory accounting issues. I last
18		worked as the Assistant Director for Water and Transportation at the Washington Utilities
19		and Transportation Commission (UTC or Commission). Prior to being appointed
20		Assistant Director, I was UTC's Director of Policy and Legislation. I also was previously
21		the Commissioners' chief accounting advisor and a senior energy policy advisor. I am a
22		retired Certified Public Accountant.

1		I worked for the UTC for over 25 years. Prior to working at the UTC, I had
2		accumulated over ten years of experience in private accounting practice specializing in
3		public utility regulation and was a Certified Financial Planner, although that certification
4		is now inactive.
5		I am a visiting faculty member and Senior Fellow at Michigan State University's
6		Institute of Public Utilities, where I continue to teach advanced regulatory studies and
7		basic ratemaking. Previously, I was on the faculty of the annual National Association of
8		Regulatory Utility Commissioner (NARUC) Rate School in San Diego California. In
9		2014, I worked as an adjunct professor at St. Martin's University teaching business
10		taxation.
11		In addition, I have written various articles on public utility regulation in
12		nationally- recognized publications, including the Public Utility Fortnightly and the
13		National Regulatory Research Institute Journal of Applied Regulation.
14		
15	Q.	Have you testified previously before a regulatory commission?
16	A.	Yes. I have testified before the UTC at least 13 times covering various industries
17		including electric, natural gas, telecom, marine pilotage, oil pipeline and water utility. For

example, I filed testimony in two PacifiCorp d/b/a Pacific Power general rate cases, and

issues in a rate case involving the Olympic Pipeline Company. Additionally, I have filed

two Avista Utilities general rate cases. I have also testified specifically on income tax

testimony in various investor-owned water company general rate cases.

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H	SCOPE		<b>SUMMARY</b>	$\mathbf{OF}$	TESTIN	<b>JONV</b>
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#### 3 O. What is the purpose and scope of your testimony?

The purpose of my testimony is to present Staff's revenue requirement analysis for Puget Sound Energy's (PSE or Company) two-year multiyear rate plan (MYRP) with rate years beginning June 30, 2025, (Rate Year 1), and June 30, 2026, (Rate Year 2) for both its electric and gas operations. Staff conducted an independent, stand-alone analysis to determine the additional revenue required for the Company to have the opportunity to achieve a reasonable return on its investment in Washington using modified historical test year studies which include restating and known-and-measurable pro forma adjustments.

My testimony responds to the Company's Washington Results of Operations for Rate Year 1 and Rate Year 2 sponsored by Company witness Susan Free in Exhibit SEF-4 for Puget Sound Energy's electric operations and Exhibit SEF-8 for its natural gas operations.

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A.

# Q. Please summarize the Company's rate increase request for its electric operations in Washington.

In January of this year, PSE filed its MYRP for the years 2025 and 2026 requesting the Commission approve rate increases for its electric operations of \$584.3 million and \$259.9 million, respectively. In Rate Year 1 the \$584.3 million is reduced by \$499.0 million by tariffs resetting to zero. The Company is also requesting approval of three new trackers which, if approved, would collect an additional \$106.9 million in revenue in Rate Year 1 and \$25.3 million in Rate Year 2.

2	PSE	AMA DEC 2025	
2	Revenue Deficiency - Grossed Up	584,376,758	
2	Rate schedules set to zero	(499,034,932)	
3	Deficiencies for Trackers	106,876,213	
	Total Revenue Rate Change	\$ 192,218,039	_
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### 5 Q. Please summarize the Company's rate increase request for its natural gas

operations in Washington.

A. At the same time which it filed for increased rates in its electric operations MYRP, PSE also filed for its natural gas operations. The Company filed for a rate increase of \$247.6 million for Rate Year 1, reduced by \$55.6 by tariffs resetting to zero; and as with its electric operations, the Company is also proposing a new tracker that would collect \$4.0 million in additional revenue netting \$196.0 million in additional revenue. For Rate Year 2 the Company is requesting \$25.4 million.

PSE		
	Company	Company
Revenue Deficiency - Grossed Up	247,614,954	\$ 25,350,286
Rate schedules set to zero	(55,609,679)	
Deficiencies for Trackers	4,035,116	
Total Revenue Rate Change \$	196,040,391	\$ 25,350,286

#### 13 Q. Did Staff perform an analysis of the Company's request for increased rates.

14 A. Yes. Staff did a review of the Company's filing for both of its electric and gas 15 operations.

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AMA DEC 2026

259,901,924

25,266,288 285,168,212

1	Q.	Summarize Staff's approach to its analysis of the revenue requirements for PSE's
2		electric operations?
3	A.	Staff is using revenue requirement models that reflect the Company's 2023 test year and
4		the Company's proposed adjustments including adjustments to the 2024 GAP year and
5		the two proposed Rate Years 2025 and 2026. The models compute, after adjustments,
6		Staff's position regarding rate base and revenue requirement for each presented Rate
7		Year. In addition, PSEs MYRP for its electric operations contains a proposal to remove
8		from base rates those costs associated with three new trackers the costs of which would
9		normally be included in base rates. To better understand the impact of the proposed
10		trackers on electric rates, Staff performed two revenue requirement analyses.
11		The two studies, as adjusted by Staff, show first, the impact of the Company's
12		tracker associated costs and rate base impact on the overall revenue requirement for base
13		rates as filed by the Company. I have identified this study as Exhibit DPK-3r. In addition,
14		a second study was performed to reflect the impact of the removal of trackers and the
15		restoration of the costs on the overall revenue requirement for base rates. I have identified
16		this study as Exhibit DPK-5r.
17		
18	Q.	Please explain why you provided separate analyses for the Company's electric rate
19		request showing the impact of restoring the trackers' costs to base rates?
20	A.	As testified by Staff witness Chris McGuire, in Exhibit CRM-1T, Staff is recommending
21		the Commission reject all three of the proposed trackers for electric and the single
22		proposed tracker for gas. The rejection by Staff requires the Commission to have a clear
23		understanding of the impact on revenue requirement of restoration of the embedded costs

of the proposed trackers into base rates. To do so, it is necessary to provide an analysis reflecting the adjustments proposed by Staff not affected by the proposed trackers and an additional analysis showing the tracker costs returned to base rates.

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- Q. Please begin with a summary of your analysis of PSE's proposal for its electric
   operations with its proposed tracker costs removed from base rates.
- A. As shown in Exhibit DPK-3r at page 4, line 49, for Rate Year 1, Staff's analysis shows

  PSE earning a 1.25 percent overall rate of return on its adjusted rate base. Whereas, for

  following Rate Year 2, our analysis shows PSE earnings drop to a negative 0.33 percent

  on its adjusted rate base at current rates.

As shown on DPK-3r at page 5, line 6, Staff's analysis, with the proposed trackers, including the impact of those rate schedules reset to zero in 2025, supports an increase in annual revenues of \$110.3 million in 2025 (Rate Year 1) and a \$275.5 million increase in annual revenues in 2026 (Rate Year 2).

Revenue Deficiency - Grossed Up	\$ 537,373,714	\$	222,546,580
Rate schedules set to zero	(499,034,932)		-
Deficiencies for Trackers	71,926,822		52,918,205
Total Revenue Rate Change	\$ 110,265,603	\$	275,464,785
=			

O. Staff is recommending the new trackers not be approved and that those costs should continue to be included in the Company's base rate costs. That being so, what is the revenue impact of restoring the trackers to base rates?

A. When the tracker costs are returned to base rates, the revenue requirement for base rates remains essentially the same since the costs do not change. The only difference being that, instead of those costs being collected in a tracker, the costs are embedded in base rates. As reflected in my Exhibit DPK-5r at Page 5, Staff's analysis computes the proposed increase without an offset for the costs associated with the proposed trackers and restores tracker costs into base rates. The impact of those rate schedules reset to zero

Staff	AMA DEC 2025	AMA DEC 2026
Revenue Deficiency - Grossed Up Rate schedules set to zero Deficiencies for Trackers	\$ 609,504,748 (499,034,932)	\$ 275,464,963 -
Total Revenue Rate Change	\$ 110,469,816	\$ 275,464,963

in 2025 are still used. In total, the analysis supports an increase in annual revenues of \$110.5 11million in 2025 (Rate Year 1) and a \$275.5 million increase in annual revenues in 2026 (Rate Year 2).

# 10 Q. Did you perform an analysis of PSE proposal for its Natural Gas operations?

- 12 With the proposed tracker and without. The Company requested only one natural gas
  13 tracker, which was not as material to the revenue requirement compared to the trackers
  14 proposed for the electric operations.
- Q. Please summarize your analysis of the natural gas proposal, which includes the restoration of the proposed tracker costs back into base rates.

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1	A.	For Rate Year 1, Staff's analysis shows PSE natural gas operations earning an overall
2		rate of return on its adjusted rate base of 1.83 percent; and for Rate Year 2, the analysis
3		shows PSE would be earning a 1.58 percent return on its investment. Staff's analysis on
4		page 5, line 6, of Exhibit DPK-7r supports an increase in annual revenues of \$154.3
5		million in Rate Year 1 and \$9.9 million in Rate Year 2.

Staff	AMA DEC 2025	AMA	A DEC 2026
Revenue Deficiency - Grossed Up		\$	9,911,064
Rate schedules set to zero Deficiencies for Trackers	(55,609,679)		-
Total Revenue Rate Change	154,292,719	\$	9,911,064

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# 8 Q. Have you prepared any exhibits in support of your testimony?

- 9 A. Yes. I have prepared Exhibits DPK-2 through DPK-8r.
- Exh. DPK-2 Qualifications of Danny Kermode
- Exh. DPK-3r Electric Summary Schedules Staff Results Proposed Trackers
   included in analysis
  - Exh. DPK-4r Electric Operating Income with Staff Adjustments Proposed Trackers included in analysis
    - Exh. DPK-5r Electric Summary Schedules Staff Results Proposed Trackers removed with costs restored to base rates
    - Exh. DPK-6r Electric Operating Income with Staff Adjustments Proposed Trackers removed with costs restored to base rates
    - Exh. DPK-7r Natural Gas Summary Schedules of Staff Results Proposed
       Tracker removed with costs restored to base rates
    - Exh. DPK-8r Natural Gas Operating Income with Staff Adjustments —

      Proposed Tracker removed with costs restored to base rates

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Kermode, Exh. DPK-7r at 4, line 49.

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2		III. ELECTRIC RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND
3		REVENUE REQUIREMENT
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5	Q.	Please begin with a summary of your analysis of PSEs proposal for its electric
6		operations with its proposed tracker costs removed from base rates shown in your
7		Exhibit DPK-3r at page 1.
8	A.	My analysis examines the results of operations for the Rate Years 1 and 2 under PSE's
9		proposal to institute three new tracker mechanisms. In my Exhibit DPK-3r at page 1, line
10		12, for Rate Year 1, Staff's analysis shows a net revenue change in base rates of \$537.3
11		million. However, this amount is reduced by \$499.0 million by resetting and the zeroing
12		out five tariff schedules. <sup>2</sup> In the same vein, the costs that the Company proposes to be
13		recovered through trackers are added together to derive an increase in overall revenue
14		requirement of \$110.3 million, as shown on line 30.
15		Also in my Exhibit DPK-3r at page 1, line 12, Staff's analysis of the rate proposal
16		for the 2026 Rate Year (year 2) shows a net revenue change in base rates of \$222.5
17		million. Recognizing the resetting and the zeroing out of the five tariff schedules along
18		with those costs proposed to be recovered by the trackers added back, the overall increase

 $^{\rm 2}$  Kermode, Exh. DPK-3r at 1, lines 17-21.

in revenue requirement is \$275.5 million.

1	Q.	Can you briefly discuss Staff's proposed Cost of Capital shown on page 2 of each of
2		your Exhibits DPK-3r, DPK-5r and DPK-7r?
3	A.	On page 2 of each of my Exhibits DPK-3r, DPK-5r, and DPK-7r, I show Staff witness
4		Parcell's cost of capital recommendation. Shown in each exhibit, is Parcell's
5		recommended costs of debt and equity and related capital structure for the Rate Years 1
6		and 2. For Rate Year 1, he recommends an overall weighted cost of capital of 7.36
7		percent whereas, for Rate Year 2, Mr. Parcell recommends a slightly higher overall cost
8		of capital of 7.37 percent.
9		I reflect these returns on page 2 of my Exhibits DPK-3r, DPK-5r, and DPK-7r,
10		including the weighted cost of debt, which are used in Staff's recommended revenue
11		requirement under the two scenarios for electric and for the single scenario of gas.
12		
13	Q.	Also, on page 3 of your Exhibits DPK-3r, DPK-5r and DPK-7r, you have a schedule
14		labeled "Revenue Conversion Factor." Please discuss the purpose of this schedule
15		and how it is used.
16	A.	The revenue conversion factor is the result of a mathematical equation that is used to
17		convert an expense or revenue into its related revenue requirement. For example, for the
18		Company to recover in rates an additional expense of \$100 will require more than \$100
19		because of taxes or fees that are based on revenue or income. For example, if the
20		Company receives revenue of \$100 for the new expense, it must then pay the state utility
21		tax and the UTC fee, reducing the amount received below the required \$100.
22		The revenue conversion factor "grosses up" the amount to allow payment of the
23		taxes and fees while still allowing recovery on the \$100. Page 3 of each Exhibit DPK-3r,

1		DPK-5r, and DPK-7r shows the derivation of the conversion factor which is used
2		throughout the analysis.
3		
4	Q.	Returning to your Exhibit DPK-3r, page 4, contains a schedule labeled "Electric
5		Statement of Operating Income Including Proposed Trackers – 2024 General Rate
6		Case." Could you please discuss the schedule?
7	A.	Page 4 of Exhibit DPK-3r is a multicolumn portrayal of the development of the MYRP
8		that summarizes the development of the costs and investments of PSE over the MYRP
9		period ending in 2026. The unshaded columns (d, f, h, j, and l) are summations of
10		detailed adjustments partially detailed in Exhibit DPK-4r, and in the Excel model used in
11		the analysis of the case.
12		The adjustments made in the columns labeled Restating Adjustments, Traditional
13		Pro Forma Adjustments, and Gap Year Adjustments attempt to bring the Company's
14		financial statements to the current period including changes in expenses and capital
15		investment. Whereas, Rate Year 1 Adjustments and Rate Year 2 Adjustments project the
16		future costs and revenues of the Company to allow rates to be set fairly.
17		
18	Q.	Does this schedule represent Staff's final recommendation?
19	A.	No. It is important to keep in mind that Exhibit DPK-3r does not reflect Staff's final
20		recommendation but is provided merely for clarity. Exhibit DPK-3r is Staff's analysis
21		that recognizes the new proposed trackers as not being included in base rates. Staff, on
22		the other hand, is recommending the restoration of the three proposed trackers back into
23		base rates. This schedule focuses on the other non-tracker adjustments sponsored by staff

1		witnesses allowing the Commission to better understand the impact of Staff's proposals
2		to the overall revenue requirement before addressing the issue of trackers. Exhibit DPK-
3		5r presents Staff's final recommendation.
4	Q.	Please describe your Exhibit DPK-4r "Electric Operating Income with Staff
5		Adjustments – Proposed Trackers Included in Analysis."
6	A.	Exhibit DPK-4r includes the analysis of selected staff adjustments to the Company
7		witness Susan Free, presented in Exhibit SEF-4. Exhibit DPK-4r details the changes and
8		new adjustments Staff made to the Company filing. The intent is to allow the
9		Commission and parties to clearly understand the changes recommended by Staff to the
10		Company's proposed adjustments.
11		
12	Q.	Staff's recommendation is to deny and restore the proposed trackers to base rates.
13		Please summarize the impact of the Company's three proposed trackers costs being
14		restored to base rates as shown in your Exhibit DPK-6r, pages 4 and 5.
15		
	A.	Building onto the rate setting scenario presented in Exhibit DPK-4r, Exhibit DPK-6r
16	A.	Building onto the rate setting scenario presented in Exhibit DPK-4r, Exhibit DPK-6r <u>restores</u> the costs of the proposed trackers through three Rate-Year Adjustments labeled
<ul><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	A.	
	A.	restores the costs of the proposed trackers through three Rate-Year Adjustments labeled
17	A.	restores the costs of the proposed trackers through three Rate-Year Adjustments labeled S-6.49, S-6.50, and S-6.51 for Clean Generation Resources, Decarbonization, and
17 18	A.	restores the costs of the proposed trackers through three Rate-Year Adjustments labeled S-6.49, S-6.50, and S-6.51 for Clean Generation Resources, Decarbonization, and Wildfire Prevention respectively. These adjustments impact both Rate Year 1 and Rate
17 18 19	A.	restores the costs of the proposed trackers through three Rate-Year Adjustments labeled S-6.49, S-6.50, and S-6.51 for Clean Generation Resources, Decarbonization, and Wildfire Prevention respectively. These adjustments impact both Rate Year 1 and Rate Year 2. Each adjustment detail is shown in Exhibit DPK-6r at pages 4 and 5. It should be

- Q. Please summarize your analysis with the proposed tracker costs restored to base rates as shown in Exhibit DPK-5r at page 1.
- A. As shown in Exhibit DPK-5r at page 1, line 12, for Rate Year 1, Staff's analysis shows a net revenue change in base rates of \$609.5 million. However, as mentioned before, this amount is once again reduced by \$499.0 million by resetting and the zeroing out other tariff schedules,<sup>3</sup> resulting in a \$110.5 million increased revenue requirement for Rate

  Year 1 and \$275.5 million for Rate Year 2.<sup>4</sup>

Staff	AMA DEC 2025	AMA DEC 2026	
Revenue Deficiency - Grossed Up Rate schedules set to zero Deficiencies for Trackers	\$ 609,504,748 (499,034,932)	\$ 275,464,963 -	3
Total Revenue Rate Change	\$ 110,469,816	\$ 275,464,963	3

### IV. NATURAL GAS RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## AND REVENUE REQUIREMENT

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- Q. Please summarize PSE's rate increase request for its natural gas operations in Washington.
- A. PSE filed for a rate increase of \$196.0 million for 2025, made up of a general revenue deficiency of \$247.6 million which is reduced by \$55.6 by tariffs resetting to zero and by a new proposed tracker that would collect \$4.0 million in additional revenue netting the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Kermode, Exh. DPK-5r at 1, line 28.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Kermode, Exh. DPK-5r at 1, line 30.

Company		Company
247,614,954	\$	25,350,286
(55,609,679)		
4,035,116		
196,040,391	\$	25,350,286
	247,614,954 (55,609,679) 4,035,116	247,614,954 \$ (55,609,679) 4,035,116

- Q. Can you please summarize your analysis of PSE's proposal for its natural gas
  operations with its proposed tracker costs <u>included in base rates</u> as shown in your
  Exhibit DPK-7r, page 1.
  - A. My analysis of the results of operations for PSE's natural gas operations is a single analysis with includes Staff's recommendation to deny the new proposed tracker and includes the associated costs in base rates. This contrasts with the Electric segments analysis, in which two analyses were required to clearly show the effects of restoring the tracker costs. My analysis here simply restores the single proposed tracker into base rates because the amount being restored is relatively small, \$7.3 million.

As shown in Exhibit DPK-7r at 1, for Rate Year 1, Staff's analysis shows a revenue deficiency of \$209.9 million (line 12), reduced by \$55.6 million by the zeroing out two tariff schedules (line 20), resulting in a net revenue increase of \$154.3 million (line 22). This is in contrast with the \$196.0 million requested by the Company for Rate Year 1.

In Exhibit DPK-7r at page 1, line 12, Staff's analysis for Rate Year 2 shows a net revenue change in base rates of \$9.9 million. With no offsetting tariff, the resulting total

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revenue requirement for Rate Year 2026 is \$9.9 million, whereas PSE is requesting \$25.3 million.

Staff	AMA DEC 2025	AM	A DEC 2026
Revenue Deficiency - Grossed Up \$ Rate schedules set to zero Deficiencies for Trackers	209,902,399 (55,609,679)	\$	9,911,064
Total Revenue Rate Change \$	154,292,719	\$	9,911,064

Q. Exhibit DPK-7r, page 4, is a schedule labeled "Gas Statement of Operating Income and Adjustments – 2024 General Rate Case." Could you please discuss the schedule?

A. Yes. Exhibit DPK-7r, page 4, contains a multicolumn portrayal of the development of the MYRP that summarizes the development of the costs and investments of the Company's natural gas operations over the MYRP period ending in 2026.

The adjustments made in the columns labeled Restating Adjustments, Traditional Pro Forma Adjustments, and Gap Year Adjustments attempt to bring the Company's financial statements to the current period including changes in expenses and capital investment. The columns "2025 Rate Year 1 Adjustments" and "2026 Rate Year 2 Adjustments" attempt to project the future costs and revenues.

### V. CONTESTED ADJUSTMENTS

1	Q.	Please describe Staff's adjustment to PSE's cost of capital.
2	A.	In his testimony for Staff, witness Parcell reduces PSE's requested cost of capital for
3		Rate Year 1 from the requested 7.65 percent to 7.36 percent, or 29 basis points. Parcell
4		also recommends lowering the requested cost of equity from 9.95 percent to 9.50 percent
5		For Rate Year 2, Mr. Parcell recommends reducing the Company requested
6		overall cost of capital from 7.99 percent to 7.37 percent, resulting primarily from a 100-
7		basis point reduction in PSE's requested return on equity of 10.50 percent to 9.50
8		percent. In addition to the equity adjustments, the weighed cost of debt was adjusted
9		slightly upward in Rate Years 1 and 2.
10	Q.	Please discuss Staff witness Watkins's proposal to adjust PSE's forecaseted base
11		rate gas sales revenues reflected in Adjustment 11.01 (Gas Common Adjustment
12		11.01).
13	A.	Witness Watkins disagrees with the level of the Company's forecasted decrease in therm
14		sale and resulting base rate revenues during both Rate Years. Witness Watkins' Rate
15		Year 1 revenue adjustment of \$27.634 million results in an incremental change in
16		revenue from the Gap Year of a negative \$3.604 million instead of the Company's
17		negative \$8.403 million incremental change in revenue. Similarly, Witness Walkins' Rate
18		Year 2 revenue adjustment of \$29.620 million results in a negative \$0.487 million
19		incremental change in revenue from Rate Year 1 instead of the Company's negative
20		\$2.473 million incremental change in revenues.
21		

1	Q.	Focusing on PSE's electric operations, Staff witness McGuire is contesting the
2		Company adjustment 6.47 related to CETA DR PPA Deferrals. Please address the
3		revenue requirement impact of his proposed adjustment.
4	A.	Staff witness McGuire is sponsoring an adjustment addressing the PSE's request for (a)
5		for recognition of an accrued deferred return after the PPAs were included in rates and
6		(b) a return at the overall weighed cost of capital. His adjustment reduces the amount of
7		PPA that a return can be applied to and also provides the weighted cost of debt, rather
8		than the overall cost of capital.
9		For Rate Year 1 Mr. McGuire's adjustment increases net operating income by
10		\$345,453 over the Company proposal, reducing the proposed revenue requirement by
11		\$459,798. For Rate Year 2, the adjustment increases net operating income by \$25,128,
12		which reduces the electric revenue requirement by \$33,446.
13		
14	Q.	Adjustment S-6.49 is an adjustment by Staff witness McGuire contesting PSE's
15		adjustment 6.47 related to the Clean Generation Resources Tracker, Schedule
16		141CGR. Please discuss the revenue requirement impact of his proposed
17		adjustment.
18	A.	Staff witness McGuire is opposing the PSE's proposal to include CWIP in rate base and
19		of the use of a tracker to do so. The Beaver Creek Project is the only project associated
20		with the tracker currently. Staff includes revenue requirements for Beaver Creek of \$44.7
21		million in 2025 and \$48.4 million in 2026. Relative to PSE's request of \$71.6 million in
22		2025 and \$90.1 million in 2026, Staff's recommendation to deny PSE's request to
23		include CWIP in rate base for the Beaver Creek Project reduces electric revenue

1		requirement in Rate Year 1 by \$28.4 million and <i>increases</i> electric revenue requirement
2		in Rate Year 2 by \$0.7 million.
3		
4	Q.	The proposed wildfire tracker is also being opposed by Staff. Please discuss its
5		impact on the PSE's revenue requirement and net operating income.
6	A.	Staff is opposing the tracker since, as Staff witness McGuire correctly asserts, the issue is
7		still before the Commission, has not been ruled upon, and therefore, the issue is simply
8		not ripe for regulatory action. The impact of restoring the costs associated with the
9		tracker into base rates, Staff adjustment S-6.51, reduces the Company's net operating
10		income by \$16.0 million in Rate Year 1 and by \$5.3 million in Rate Year 2, while
11		increasing the Company's revenue requirement by \$21.3 million in Rate Year 1 and by
12		\$7.1 million in Rate Year 2.
13		
14	Q.	Finally, Staff witness McGuire adjusts PSE's O&M adjustments in both the electric
15		operations and gas operations. Please discuss impact on the Company's revenue
16		requirement and net operating income for both adjustments.
17	A.	Staff witness McGuire's electric O&M Adjustment 6.22 produces incremental revenue
18		requirements of \$13.3 million in Rate Year 1 and another \$3.3 million in Rate Year 2.
19		When compared to PSE's as-filed electric operations Adjustment 6.22, McGuire's
20		Adjustment 6.22 is an \$13.3 million reduction to revenue requirement in Rate Year 1 and
21		an \$21.7 million reduction to revenue requirement in Rate Year 2.
22		Mr. McGuire's natural gas O&M Adjustment 11.22 produces incremental revenue
23		requirements of \$4.4 million in Rate Year 1 and an additional \$8.1 million in Rate Year

1		2. When compared to PSE's as-filed natural gas O&M Adjustment 11.22, Mr. McGuire's
2		Adjustment is a \$3.7 million reduction to revenue requirement in Rate Year 1 and a \$2.2
3		million reduction to revenue requirement in Rate Year 2.
4		
5	Q.	Does this conclude your testimony?
6	A.	Yes.
6 7	A.	Yes.