CONSERVATION RESOURCE ADVISORY GROUP (CRAG)

2010 – 2011 EES Planning Wrap-up

October 14, 2009



Meeting Agenda

Торіс	Presenter	
Welcome!	Cal Shirley	Vice President, Energy Efficiency Services
Conservation Tariff Filing Schedule Review	Cal	
Savings Issues Review	Cal	
Ramping to 38 aMW annually	Cal	
I-937 filing	Bill Hopkins	Manager, EES Strategic Planning and Research
NEEA Targets	Jeff Harris	Senior Manager, NEEA Planning
Home Energy Reports	Todd Starnes	Manager, EES Residential Energy Management
EES Funding; Effect on Customer Bills	Dan Anderson	Manager, EES Budget and Administration
Proceeds from REC sales; LIW impact	Eric Englert	Manager, Regulatory Initiatives and Tariffs
Appendix D (Evaluation) Preview	Syd France	Manager, EES New Prog. Development & Eval.
Incentive Evaluation Status Update	Bill Hopkins	Manager, EES Strategic Planning and Research
Demand Response Briefing	Syd	
General Updates		
PSE credit union loan program for fuel conversion	Grant Ringel	Director, Customer Market Strategies
ARRA dates/awards	Janet Gaines	Director, Community Outreach and Education
Specific Items From CRAG Members	Team	



Cal Shirley Vice President, Energy Efficiency Services





Tariff Filing Schedule Review

Cal Shirley

October 14, 2009



2010-2011 Conservation Tariff Filing Schedule

Date

Task

- November 2, 2009
 Provide Tariff package to CRAG (60 days to effective date)
- December 1, File Tariff package with WUTC (30 days to effective date)
- December 23, WUTC; open meeting consideration 2009
- January 1, 2010 2010 2011 Biennial Tariff effective
- March 2010 File Schedule 120
- April 2010 Schedule 120 effective



Savings Issues Review

Cal Shirley, Bill Hopkins, Manager, EES Strategic Planning & Research, Jeff Harris, Senior Manager, Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance, Todd Starnes, Manager, EES Residential Energy Management



2010 – 2011 Plan

2010 - 2011 EES Savings and Expenditures				
		2010	2011	TOTALS
Electric	Savings (aMW)	33	38	71
	Expenses (\$ million)	\$79.15	\$88.30	\$167.45
Gas	Savings (1,000 Therms)	4,489	4,489	8,978
	Expenses (\$ million)	\$15.75	\$17.18	\$32.93
	Total Expenses (\$ M)	\$94.90	\$105.48	\$200.38

2010 – 2011 Electric Savings

EES Historical aMW Savings



2010 – 2011 Gas Savings

EES Historical Therms Savings



I-937

- Achievable Conservation Targets
- Target Range
- Compliance Filing



Achievable Conservation Potential



Savings are at the customer meter, excluding line losses



Target Range

78.2 aMW – 68.8 aMW

Range due to uncertainty around actual achievability of IRP potentials

	2-yr aMW	
Total IRP Guidance	78.2	
Less: Uncertainty Factors		
Fuel Conversion (75%)	-2.8	PSE program currently behind target
Distributed Gen (100%)	-0.2	PSE had no success with CHP porjects in previous RFPs
Distrib. Sys. Eff. (100%)	-2.2	Uncertain inmplementation plan, cost-effectiveness, funding mechanism
Industrial Eff. (50%)	-1.3	Schedule 258 timing
New Construction (37.5%)	-2.9	New bldg code into effect 7/1/2010, 50% of svgs affected
Total Minus Uncertainty	68.8	

Compliance Filing Requirements

- Public Participation
 - IRPAG meeting in November 2009
- Target filed no later than January 29, 2010
 - Will not file concurrent with program tariffs
 - Documentation of conservation potential to be included

Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance (NEEA) 2010 – 2011 Planned Savings and Spending

Jeff Harris, Senior Manager, NEEA



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Home Energy Reports

Evaluation process to quantify savings

Todd Starnes Manager, EES Residential Energy Management

October 14, 2009



Conservation Stipulation Agreement

PSE GENERAL RATE CASE DOCKET NOS. UE-011570 and UG-011571 SETTLEMENT TERMS FOR CONSERVATION

20.Information-only services shall be assigned no quantifiable energy savings value without full support of the Advisory Committee. PSE may expend up to 10% of its budget on information-only programs if its total mix of programs in that sector pass the cost-effectiveness test (Information-only services refers to those information services that are not associated with an active incentive program or include no on-site technical assistance or on-site delivery of school education programs.)



Home Energy Reports (formerly Positive Energy)

- Implemented In October of 2008
- Combined Gas and Electric (Single-Family) Customers
- The program utilizes a social marketing campaign to encourage responsible energy behavior and choices
- •Achieves intended conservation by providing a monthly (or quarterly) Home Energy Report to nearly 40,000 households in PSE's combined gas and electric service territory.
- •Reports compare the receiving household's energy usage with that of their neighbors, essentially using peer pressure to achieve conservation behavior.



Program Designed for Quantifiable Measurement



- Follows experimental design
- Isolates impact of reports
- Only investigates one year of savings at a time

- Follows NAPEE guidelines
- $_{\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle \odot}}$ Endorsed by ACEEE
- Applicable to both gas and electric measurement



 Started with a group of 83,976 homes, which were selected on the following criteria:

- Dual Fuel
- Single family residential home
- •Uses more than 80 MBtu of energy per year
- Home does not utilize a Solar PV system
- Address must be available with parcel data from the county assessor
- Has a bill history that starts on or before January 1, 2007
- Home must have 100 similar sized homes (neighbors) within a two mile radius
- Home must have automatic daily meter reads
- Randomly selected 39,755 homes to participate in the participant group, others were assigned to the control group.
- 25% of participant group homes were randomly selected to receive quarterly reports; the remainder of the participant group received monthly reports.

Mid-year regression analysis

- Completed in July, 2009
- Gross Savings Estimate
 - 18 month participant group usage
 - □ 18 month control group usage
 - Square feet of home
 - □ Value of home (proxy for income)
 - □ Age of home
 - Frequency of report delivery
- For the mid-year evaluation, no survey information was utilized to collect socioeconomic variables.
- Net Savings will be evaluated at one year

Regression Model For Electricity

Table 1. Regression Results: Estimating Impact of Positive Energy's Home Energy Reports on Household **Electric** Consumption for Dual Fuel, Single Family Homes in Puget Sound Energy's Combined Service Territory

	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	P Values
Intercept	-6.695	0.116	<0.0001
kWh 2007 ¹	0.003	0.0000	<0.0001
Therm 2007 ²	-0.000	0.0001	<0.0001
Test Group Indicator ³	-0.046	0.364	0.2060
Period Indicator ⁴	0.252	0.0359	<0.0001
Quarterly ⁵	-0.014	0.0488	0.7713
Period Test Group Interaction ⁶	<u>-0.444</u>	<u>0.0561</u>	<u><0.0001</u>
Heating Degree Days	0.016	0.0000	<0.0001
Cooling Degree Days	0.045	0.0003	<0.0001
Age of Home	0.016	0.0013	<0.0001
SqFt of Home	0.000	0.0000	<0.0001
House Value	0.000	0.0000	0.2913
Test Quarterly Interaction	0.019	0.0717	0.7857
Quarterly Period Interaction	0.006	0.7419	0.9319
Test Quarterly Period Interaction	0.054	0.0016	0.6227

Mid-year results are consistent with other utilities

Appear persistent and improve over time

Utility Partner	Cumulative Savings	Past 6 Months Savings
SMUD	2.5%	3.1%
PSE Electric*	1.5%	1.9%
PSE Gas*	1.1%	1.8%
Connexus	1.9%	2.0%

* These calculations include all results through September 2009

*PSE reports are dual fuel, so their impact is spread between two forms of reduction, leading to smaller savings for each but larger overall energy savings

Other programs are new for measurement, or have chosen not to measure savings with test and control groups



Post Year Evaluation

- Gross Billing Analysis
 - Same regression model as mid-year
 - Additional model with a "Fixed Premise" (unique participant baseline)
- Net Savings
 - Account for hard measures installed in other PSE programs
 - Utility tracking records
 - Survey data buy down measures such as CFL
- Obtain behavior change information
 - Pre and post survey instrument
 - Measure attribution & marketing
 - Measure impact on program participation
- Begin to quantify persistence

- Through surveys and customer records, we can identify the difference in program participation (and program savings) between the control and test group
 - Participation delta will be used to examine Home Energy Reports as a marketing vehicle
 - Savings associated with participation delta will not be counted in Home Energy Reports savings (to avoid double counting), but they are attributed to Home Energy Reports

Persistence

- Measuring Persistence
 - January 2010
 - A new test group will be formed from a random group of customers taken off of the Home Energy Reports
 - At two years, comparison of savings between those homes that were taken off of the program and those homes that were left on the program
 - Savings will also be measured against the control group, for both continued and discontinued test group participants
 - Continue to evaluate annually



Home Energy Reports are being deployed by 19 Utilities Nationwide

California: 6 utilities, including:

- Sacramento Municipal Utility District
- Southern California Edison
- San Diego Gas & Electric
- Southern California Gas

Washington: 2 utilities:

- Puget Sound Energy
- Seattle City Light

Minnesota: 5 utilities, including:

- Connexus Energy
- Xcel Energy

Additional utilities in:

• PA, MI, MA, IL, CO, VA



6 PUCs have approved or made concrete plans to approve the Home Energy Reports as a measure

State	Legislative Status
Minnesota	The Office of Energy Security has approved Home Energy Reports and the M&V methodology as a resource program for utilities to hit CIP mandate; it has encouraged MN utilities to setup Home Energy Reporting
Virginia	Home Energy Reporting System savings are approved as reimbursable in VA
Massachusetts	The DOER has stated that OPOWER's Home Energy Reporting System can be included under the TRC test, and included the program in its 3-year efficiency plan
California	Has plans to address savings from the Home Energy Reporting System by year end, and requires that medium to large utilities conduct Home Energy Reporting System-type pilots (Governor signed legislation 10/12/09)
Texas	The state has approved the Home Energy Reporting System as an energy efficiency program, through legislation
Pennsylvania	Approved Home Energy Reporting as a Custom Measure

- SMUD has the longest running program, results have been independently verified by:
 - ACEEE
 - Summit Blue
- Leading academics have verified results at Puget Sound Energy and Connexus Energy:
 - Ian Ayres Analysis of SMUD and PSE programs
 - <u>Hunt Allcot Analysis of Connexus Energy program</u>
- PSE (Bobbi Wilhelm PSE Sr. Analyst) is working with BPA, ETO, SnoPud, and Seattle City Light to develop a standard protocol for evaluating behavior based programs in the region.
 - Allow for program comparison across utilities
 - <u>Allow for comparison of different behavior based programs</u> <u>within the same utility</u>



Anticipated savings for 2011

- kWh
 - Customers
 - Savings per customer
 - Total Savings
 - Cost per kWh
- Therms
 - Customers
 - Savings per customer
 - Total Savings
 - Cost per therm

75,000
160 kWh annually
12 million kWh (1.4 aMW)
3¢ (includes ARRA funds)

75,000
7 therms annually
525,000 therms
35¢ (includes ARRA funds)





2010-2011 EES Funding: Effect on Customer Bills

Dan Anderson Manager, EES Budget and Administration



Effect on 2010 Customer Bills

s	chedule 120 Filina	Residential \$ Change	Average Residential Monthly Total	Percent of Total Bill
Electric Consorv	ation Pidor	enange		
LIECTIC CONSEIV				
	Mar-08	+ \$1.34	\$3.14	3.4%
	*Mar-09	- \$0.31	\$2.83	3.1%
	Mar-10	+ \$2.04	\$4.87	5.2%
Gas Conservatio	on Tracker			
	Mar-08	+ \$0.09	\$0.63	0.8%
	Mar-09	+ \$0.38	\$0.98	1.0%
	Mar-10	+ \$0.37	\$1.36	1.7%

* Reduction caused by \$18 million overcollection in 2008.



Summary of Joint Proposal for Use of Proceeds from REC Sales for Low Income

Puget Sound Energy The Energy Project Northwest Energy Coalition Renewable Northwest Project

Eric Englert

Manager, Regulatory Initiatives and Tariffs

October 14, 2009



Background

- April 16, 2007 PSE files Accounting Petition. Proposes to use Renewable Energy Credit (REC) revenues to fund utility-level small renewables
- WUTC staff indicates they would not support proposal. Suggest funds used to offset conservation costs
- 2008 PSE works with low income and renewable community to explore alternative use of funds
- 2008/2009 PSE, low income, renewable community develop proposal for use of funds
- Late 2008/2009 Settlement of California energy crisis litigation expands scope of potential REC sales
- October 7, 2009 Amended accounting petition filed. Portion for lowincome energy efficiency and energy-related repairs as well as small renewable residential systems.



- Allocate existing funds (approx. \$10 M) plus 20% of future REC proceeds, not to exceed a combined total of \$20 M, to low-income programs (as described more fully in later slides)
- Allocate 40% of the REC proceeds, not to exceed \$21,062,800, to offset the California Receivable that PSE has held on its books since the California energy crisis in 2000 and 2001
- Allocate remainder of the REC proceeds to provide a rate benefit to customers by offsetting against a regulatory asset

Low Income Component Proposal

- Use portion of REC revenues to fund a separate account to fund low income weatherization, repairs and small renewables
- Collect sales proceeds over 1 to 2 years spend benefits on programs over 7 years
- Use separate account to spread the benefits of funds collected over more years
 - □ Minimize ramp-up, ramp-down
 - Stabilize programs over more years



- 1. Additional funding for low-income weatherization
- 2. Energy-related repairs
 - Allows other cost-effective conservation measures to be installed properly
 - Address an existing problem that weatherization could aggravate (e.g. moisture/mold problem)
 - Protect the integrity of an installed measure
- 3. Renewable energy systems in low-income residential sector
 - Solar hot water heating systems, solar PV systems





Syd France

October 14, 2009



2010-2011 EES Program Evaluation Plan

Mission

- Evaluate the degree to which PSE is successful in meeting its energy savings targets (MWh and Therms),
- Identify ways to optimize program delivery and,
- Minimize the risk associated with the Company's portfolio of energy efficiency programs developed to achieve the 2010-2011 energy savings targets.

Prioritization of Work

- All programs/measures will be prioritized to determine which will be formally evaluated
- Coordination is key
 - Other parties in the region will likely have similar needs
- The Stakes are High
 - □ Goals for 2010-2011 remain high



Evaluation Process





Standardized Approach to Evaluation Projects

- Review of Existing Program Data
- Identification of Key Program/Measure Considerations
- Review of Key Performance Elements
- Determining Key Evaluation Research Questions
- Defined Evaluation Strategy & Project Plan
- Clearly Defined Outcomes



Our Tool Box

- Data Analysis/File Review
- Staff Interviews
- Tailored Best Practice Review
- Metering
- Billing/Econometric Analysis
- Customer Surveys
- Trade Ally Surveys
- Engineering Analysis



Proposed Evaluation Budgets

- Electric Programs Evaluation: \$1,500,000
 \$365,000 RTF
- Gas Programs Evaluation: \$400,000
- Total: \$1,900,000





Electric Incentive Mechanism Evaluation Status Update

Bill Hopkins



Electric Conservation Incentive Mechanism Evaluation

Status

- Draft 2-year results presented to interested CRAG members September 23, 2009
- Comments on draft report provided October 7
- □ Final two-year report by October 30
- Implications for a new mechanism in 2010-11
 - Lost margins a significant issue
 - Need mechanism that addresses disincentives
 - Address electric and gas EE
 - Structure, timing and venue TBD



Demand Response Pilots

Residential & Commercial Load Control Update

Syd France

October 14, 2009



Commercial Load Control Pilot

Overview

- 2-yr pilot, spring 2009 through winter 2010/11
- Aggregator, EnerNOC, implementing PSE criteria
- 25 customers totaling 4.4 MW under contract
 - □ 9 Office Buildings 1,270 kW
 - $\hfill\square$ 8 Mfg / Processing 1,365 kW
 - □ 7 Higher Education 1,600 kW
 - □ 1 Hotel 200 kW
- Typical loads: Discretionary Lighting, HVAC, Process
- Event Windows:
 - \square 6 9 am and/or 5 9 pm Winter
 - \square 2 6 pm Summer



Commercial LCP Event Performance



Pilot Evaluation Objectives

- Assess Baseline calculation methodology
- Demand impacts by end use, wi/wo event window
- Energy impacts by end use overall
- Customer participation/incentives, satisfaction, impacts
- Metering and technology applications
- Distribution system impacts/benefits
- Cost / Resource Value / Cost-effectiveness
- Improvement Recommendations



Residential Demand Response Pilot

Overview

- 2-yr pilot, winter 2009/10 thru summer 2011
- Bainbridge Island constrained capacity / growing load
- Contractor GoodCents implementing PSE criteria
- Goal: 700 participants (6,700 invited customers)
- Targeting electric space and water heat

Highlights

- Web-enabled event activation
- Programmable Communicating Thermostats
- 1.1 MW total diversified winter load curtailable
- 0.6 MW total diversified summer load curtailable
- Event Windows (max):
 - $_{\Box}~6-9$ am and/or 5-9 pm Winter
 - \square 2 6 pm Summer
- \$50/year participation incentive
- Invitation letters out October 2nd



Demand Response Pilots – Next Steps

Questions/Issues for PSE & CRAG -

(IF Pilots found Cost-Effective)

- Capacity Valuation, content & methodology?
- Delivery Options (programs, rates, customer sectors)?
- Funding Options (Power/O&M, Rider, combo)?
- Targets & Timing?



Miscellaneous Conservation Updates

Grant Ringel, Director, Customer Market Strategies, Janet Gaines, Director, Community Outreach and Education



Removing Fuel Conversion Hurdles

Grant Ringel



Operational Improvements, Financing Option

- Operational
 - Cross-functional team
 - Process review
 - Fee structure review
 - Changes mapped
 - Implementation

- Financing Option
 - Simple Referral from PSE
 - No business association
 - No financial support
 - First cost Barrier
 - Natural gas equipment
 - Service line extension
 - Main line extension
 - Pilot with Lender for Financing
 - Puget Sound Cooperative Credit Union
 - Finance equipment AND Infrastructure
 - Reasonable rates

ARRA Dates — Awards

Janet Gaines, Director, Community Outreach and Education







Handouts Will be Provided



CRAG Open Discussion Items

CRAG Members

October 14, 2009





CRAG Discussion Items

CRAG input



Thank You for a great 2009!

October 14, 2009

