1 BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION 2 COMMISSION 3 In the Matter of Determining the) Proper Carrier Classification of)) DOCKET NO. TG-072226 4 GLACIER RECYCLE, LLC;) Volume I HUNGRY BUZZARD RECOVERY LLC; AND) Pages 1 - 47 5 T&T RECOVERY, INC.) _____ 6 7 8 A prehearing conference in the above matter 9 was held on January 24, 2008, at 1:32 p.m., at 1300 10 South Evergreen Park Drive Southwest, Olympia, 11 Washington, before Administrative Law Judge ADAM TOREM. 12 13 The parties were present as follows: 14 WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION, by JONATHAN THOMPSON, Assistant Attorney 15 General, 1400 South Evergreen Park Drive Southwest, Post Office Box 40128, Olympia, Washington 98504; 16 telephone, (360) 624-1225. 17 GLACIER RECYCLE, LLC; HUNGRY BUZZARD RECOVERY, LLC; T&T RECOVERY, INC., by DONALD L. ANDERSON and IAN M. BAUER, Attorneys at Law, Eisenhower 18 & Carlson, 1201 Pacific Avenue, Suite 1200, Tacoma, 19 Washington 98402; telephone, (253) 572-4500. 20 WASTE MANAGEMENT OF WASHINGTON, INC., by POLLY L. MCNEILL, Attorney at Law, Summit Law Group, 21 315 Fifth Avenue South, Suite 1000, Seattle, Washington 98104; telephone, (206) 676-7040. 22 23 24 Kathryn T. Wilson, CCR 25 Court Reporter

1	WASHINGTON REFUSE AND RECYCLING ASSOCIATION, by JAMES K. SELLS, Attorney at Law, Ryan, Sells,
2	Uptegraft, 9657 Levin Road Northwest, Suite 240, Silverdale, Washington 98383; telephone, (360)
3	307-8860.
4	MURREY'S DISPOSAL COMPANY, INC.; WASTE CONNECTIONS OF WASHINGTON, INC.; ISLAND DISPOSAL, INC.;
5	LYNNWOOD DISPOSAL, d/b/a ALLIED WASTE OF LYNNWOOD; EASTSIDE DISPOSAL, d/b/a ALLIED WASTE OF BELLEVUE, by
б	DANA A. FERESTIEN, Attorney at Law, Williams Kastner, 601 Union Street, Suite 4100, Seattle, Washington
7	98101; telephone, (206) 628-6600.
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PROCEEDINGS 2 JUDGE TOREM: Let's be on the record. I'm 3 Adam Torem. I'm the administrative law judge presiding 4 over this matter for the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission. It's now a little after 5 1:30 p.m. It's Thursday, January 24th, 2008. This is 6 a prehearing conference in Docket TG-072226. This is a 7 8 special proceeding to determine the proper 9 classification of three companies alleged to be 10 transporting solid waste without the required 11 Commission certification. The court reporter today is 12 Kathy Wilson. 13 The purpose of our prehearing is to take the 14 appearances of parties, including our petitioners for 15 intervention, clarify the issues in this hearing, and 16 then after I make rulings on the petitions for intervention, we'll discuss and develop a schedule for 17 18 our consideration of the matter and any other 19 prehearing procedural matters we can kill off today. 20 Before we proceed any further, I want to take 21 appearances. We have a number of parties and 22 petitioners for intervention present in Olympia today. 23 If you haven't done it before, please state your full 24 name, the party you represent, your firm's full 25 address, telephone number, fax number and e-mail

address, and I think sometimes it helps to read your 1 2 business card, so I'm going to start with the 3 Companies; I believe it's Mr. Don Anderson. 4 MR. ANDERSON: Yes. My name is Donald L. Anderson. I represent Glacier Recycle, LLC; Hungry 5 6 Buzzard Recovery, LLC; and T&T Recovery, Inc. Our law firm is Eisenhower and Carlson, PLLC, 1200 Wells Fargo 7 Plaza, 1201 Pacific Avenue, Tacoma, Washington, 98402; 8 9 phone, (253) 572-4500. Fax is (253) 272-5732; e-mail, 10 danderson@eisenhowerlaw.com. 11 JUDGE TOREM: Commission staff? 12 MR. THOMPSON: Jonathan Thompson, assistant 13 attorney general representing the Commission staff. My 14 street address is 1400 South Evergreen Park Drive 15 Southwest, Olympia, 98504. My telephone number is 16 (360) 664-1225. Fax is 586-5522, and my e-mail is jthompso@wutc.wa.gov. 17 18 JUDGE TOREM: The Washington Refuse and Recycling Association, WRRA, has filed a petition for 19 20 intervention? 21 MR. SELLS: If Your Honor please, James 22 Sells; address, 9657 Levin Road Northwest, Suite 240, 23 Silverdale, 98383; telephone, (360) 307-8860; fax, (360) 307-8865; e-mail, jimsells@rsulaw.com, 24 25 representing proposed intervenor Washington Refuse and

0005

1 Recycling Association.

2 JUDGE TOREM: Waste Management of Washington? 3 MS. MCNEILL: My name is Polly L. McNeill. 4 I'm with Summit Law Group, 315 Fifth Avenue South, Suite 1000, Seattle, Washington, 98104. Phone number 5 is (206) 676-7040; fax, (206) 676-7041; e-mail, 6 pollym@summitlaw.com, and I represent proposed 7 8 intervenor Waste Management of Washington, Inc. Thank 9 you. 10 JUDGE TOREM: Here for five different 11 certificated companies, I believe it's Murrey's 12 Disposal Company, Incorporated; Island Disposal, 13 Incorporated; Waste Connections of Washington, 14 Incorporated; Lynnwood Disposal, doing business as 15 Allied Waste of Lynnwood, and Eastside Disposal, doing 16 business as Allied Waste of Bellevue. We were supposed 17 to have David Wiley, but we have...? 18 MR. FERESTIEN: Thank you. Dana Ferestien 19 on behalf of my partner, Mr. Wiley, who is out of town 20 this week. We are with Williams Kastner. Address is 21 601 Union Street, Suite 4100, Seattle, Washington, 22 98101; phone, (206) 628-6600, and fax is (206) 23 628-6611. My e-mail is dferestien@williamskastner.com, 24 and since Mr. Wiley is going to be the primary person, 25 I'll give you his e-mail as well;

dwiley@williamskastner.com., and I can repeat all five
 proposed intervenors into the record.

3 JUDGE TOREM: I'll make sure the court 4 reporter has those. So let's move on to the issue in the case, which is review of the order instituting a 5 6 special proceeding contains most of what we need to 7 know, states that the companies that are represented by 8 Mr. Anderson are going to have the burden of proving 9 that they are not solid waste collection companies, or 10 more informally, solid waste haulers, as the case may 11 be. There are definitions to the effect of what is a 12 solid waste collection company that I found in RCW 13 81.77, some other relevant definitions in RCW 70.95, as 14 well as WAC 480-70.

15 In my view, the case basically boils down to 16 what these companies do, how they do it, and whether it 17 meets the definitions contained in those statutes and 18 the Commission's solid waste collection company regulations. I don't think there is a whole lot more 19 20 to it than that. Let me just ask Mr. Anderson if 21 that's what he's here for or if he sees additional 22 issues we need to take up.

23 MR. ANDERSON: I don't think there is that 24 much to it.

25 JUDGE TOREM: Make it even simpler?

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MR. ANDERSON: It is whether they are solid 1 2 waste collection companies with respect to the 3 collection and hauling of CDL waste to the Weyerhaeuser 4 site in Longview. 5 JUDGE TOREM: For the record, can you spell 6 out the CDL so we have it today? 7 MR. ANDERSON: Construction, demolition, and 8 land clearing. 9 JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Anderson, do you see it as 10 only the CDL waste being hauled to Longview, or is 11 there any other place that the CDL waste might be being 12 moved around? 13 MR. ANDERSON: The issue that was raised by 14 the Commission in this particular docket in that there 15 is a question of whether there is a use there, whether 16 there is a process, to what extent recycling is performed before it gets there that may be unique to 17 18 those particular companies. There are all sorts of 19 other things that these companies may do that have not 20 been raised by the Commission. 21 JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Thompson, do you agree with 22 Mr. Anderson's narrowing of what I stated? 23 MR. THOMPSON: No. I think I prefer your 24 broader statement, and that is because I think there is 25 an issue -- in our view, it is permissible for a

recycler to take an accidental incidental amount of 1 2 solid waste material to a place to be disposed of, and 3 so even if you determine that the taking material to 4 Weyerhaeuser constitutes solid waste collection, there is still a question of whether the amount is small 5 6 enough that it's just merely incidental or accidental 7 as compared with the total operations of the Company. 8 So I think the necessarily that we get into the whole 9 picture of what the Respondent's are collecting, 10 including things that would be what constitute recyclable materials. 11

12 JUDGE TOREM: But your statement is not an 13 expansion of what it's in the order instituting this 14 proceeding, I think it's Paragraph 5, is it? 15 MR. THOMPSON: No. I think if you look at 16 the WAC that is referenced there where it describes the things that the Commission looks into in determining 17 18 whether a company needs not only a common carrier permit but also a solid waste certificate that those 19 20 are all things that are inquired into. 21 MR. ANDERSON: I don't know if we really 22 disagree. I think we look back from Weyerhaeuser to 23 see where those materials came from and what happened

24 to them and what they were mingled with before they got 25 there. That's all part of a process from the time a

container is picked up to the time it gets there, but 1 2 this proceeding shouldn't, and we haven't had notice of 3 any instance where there is an allegation that these 4 people can't pick up these materials and haul them to recycling center to perform complete source of 5 6 separated recycling. There are all sorts of things 7 they can do that are aren't at issue. The issue is 8 whether the materials that end up at Weyerhaeuser are 9 the end result of a process and stream that require a 10 G-permit under 81.77.

11 JUDGE TOREM: I think, Mr. Thompson, your 12 statement is in line with the four paragraphs in the 13 order instituting today's proceeding? The focus is on 14 CDL waste, and with particular specificity, where its 15 delivered to Weyerhaeuser's facility near Longview. So 16 the amounts of that waste that may or may not be mixed 17 in without need for a permit I think is taken up in 18 conjunction with these paragraphs as we will as the definitions in the 480-70-016 WAC that I think we were 19 20 referring to. So it may be that my initial statement 21 of this can be narrowed down to the CDL focus and the 22 stream to and from the Weyerhaeuser facility. 23 MR. ANDERSON: There is no "from."

24 MR. THOMPSON: I think I generally agree, but 25 I think there may be an issue where through discovery,

we are going to be seeking information about the total operations of the Company to see how the portion of material that ends up going to Weyerhaeuser, what percentage of the total operations that constitutes, because I think that's an issue that's necessary to look in to.

7 In other words, the Companies may assert, 8 okay, even if this is a hauling waste for disposal taking this material to Weyerhaeuser, that's okay. We 9 10 are entitled to do that because this is just sort of 11 leftover residual material from our recycling 12 activities, and that's not prohibited. Well, if that's 13 an assertion the Companies intend to make, we need to 14 inquire whether it's true, as a matter of fact, if this 15 is merely incidental or accidental, and that requires 16 looking at how large a percentage this constitutes of 17 the total amount of material collected by the 18 Companies.

MR. ANDERSON: That's really the scope of discovery as to what it means at the end at Weyerhaeuser. I don't think we are disagreeing about the legal issue at the end. It's how broadly the Companies' operations are examined.

24 We anticipate that there is going to be a 25 broad inquiry. Our problem in negotiations with the

Commission staff was that absent a proceeding, they
 were unable to provide for a protective order that
 would keep our proprietary information safe from
 competitors.

5 JUDGE TOREM: We will take up the protective 6 order issues and discovery matters later, but it sounds 7 as though we are all on the same page. I know I haven't ruled on the petitions for intervention or 8 9 taken those up yet, but as a courtesy to other folks 10 that are here, Mr. Sells, did you see the issue as any 11 different than has just been discussed? 12 MR. SELLS: No. I'm not sure exactly what 13 the entire issues are going to be until the discovery 14 process gets under way. It may be narrower; it may be 15 broader. 16 JUDGE TOREM: Ms. McNeill, any comment? MS. MCNEILL: No. I agree. 17 JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Ferestien? 18 19 MR. FERESTIEN: I agree.

JUDGE TOREM: Let me turn to the petitions for intervention. I have three petitions that were filed, one by Mr. Sells. That was on January 7th, 2008. As we noted, it was on behalf of the Washington Refuse and Recycling Association, or WRRA. The petition indicates that the WRRA is a trade association

representing over 30 solid waste haulers in Washington 1 2 State. Two other petitions were filed on January 18, 3 2008, one by Ms. McNeill and another by Mr. Wiley for 4 their respective clients. I believe each of them is a certificated solid waste hauler in the state. 5 6 Now, the Respondents or Companies filed a 7 memorandum in response to those petitions to intervene. 8 That came in on Tuesday of this week, January 22nd, 9 2008, and Mr. Anderson stated his opposition to 10 intervention by both WRRA as well as all of the 11 individual certificate holding companies that are 12 seeking to intervene. 13 Let me ask first if there is anyone else 14 present today who is seeking an oral petition to 15 intervene? Seeing none, let me ask Ms. McNeill, do you 16 know if your client is a member of WRRA? 17 MS. MCNEILL: My client is not a member of 18 the WRRA. MR. ANDERSON: Your Honor, with respect to 19 20 Ms. McNeill's client, which came in separately, we are 21 incorrect. If they are not a member of WRRA, I would 22 concede that they have shown or at least alleged a 23 sufficient economic reason to get intervenor status. 24 MS. MCNEILL: Thank you. 25 JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Ferestien, do you know if

any of your clients are members of WRRA, and if you 1 2 don't, I'll defer to Mr. Sells. 3 MR. FERESTIEN: I believe at least three of 4 them are. They all are. 5 JUDGE TOREM: So all of them are. Despite Mr. Anderson's concession as to the sufficient 6 7 independent financial interest, my look at this case 8 was a little stricter as to what the purpose of the 9 case was, and I wanted to ask all of you intervenors to 10 tell me how your clients' interests differ from that 11 being put forth and represented by Commission staff, 12 and maybe I'll just state my initial take on this, 13 which may be too conservative, but I want this hearing 14 to be focused on the important issue for Mr. Anderson's 15 companies. 16 My questions are why it would be necessary to intervene here as opposed to wait and file a protest in 17 18 any future application if Glacier or Hungry Buzzard or T&T was forced with a cease-and-desist order, as the 19 20 Commission is seeking, to file an application for a 21 certificate at which point protests could be filed 22 stating whether or not there was public convenience or 23 necessity for an additional hauler in that market. 24 That's one future potential way to serve your clients'

25 interests, and it may be sufficient; I don't know.

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And secondly, if you can address if the fact 2 of the matter is your clients have stated an interest 3 and perhaps taken it up with the Commission as to what 4 Mr. Anderson's companies and clients are doing, why has it been that your complaints or issues have been risen 5 6 to the level of a complaint if you are authorized to file under RCW 81.04.110, or through request for a 7 8 rules clarification, which I understand could have been 9 done under WAC 480-70-031. 10 Now, of course I just spring these citations 11 on you and maybe you haven't read them, so if you want 12 time to pause to look at those and then come back on 13 the record, fine with me. If you want to just address 14 it now as to what your clients' interests are and then 15 I'm going to turn to Commission staff and ask what 16 their position after hearing all that is on the petitions for intervention, we can go straight ahead 17 18 with it. Anybody want to take a quick break and review 19 the cites I gave you? 20 MS. MCNEILL: I guess I would suggest, Your 21 Honor, that perhaps, at least for my client, I might 22 give you my response without looking at the citations, 23 and if you think that the response has not been 24 detailed enough or responsive to the rules that you've cited, then perhaps I want to take a harder look at 25

0015

1 them.

2 But the issues that are implicated in this 3 classification proceeding raise an operationally 4 challenging distinction between recycled material on the one hand and solid waste on the other hand. The 5 6 rules that presently exist do not invite a clarification between those two distinctions. They 7 are, I think, best understood and worked out by looking 8 at actual operations that these companies do as well as 9 10 operations that my client does.

11 My client is a solid waste collection company 12 with certificated authority throughout the state, 13 including the territories in which these companies 14 operate, but they also perform commercial recycling 15 services, and they are very interested in understanding 16 where the operational distinctions fall between solid waste collection and recycling. So we have an interest 17 18 in the outcome of this that really is more proactive in terms of participating in this proceeding and 19 20 evaluating some operational and functional and 21 practical facts and as what their meaning might be 22 under the law.

23 So to wait until there is a determination 24 that these companies should need a solid waste 25 collection authority from the Commission might not

actually resolve the interest that my clients have in 1 2 this proceeding. There may indeed be a conclusion they 3 are not required to get a solid waste certificate, and 4 if that's based on some, perhaps, flawed aspects of facts or operational distinctions that come out in the 5 6 discovery, then we would have been foreclosed from the 7 opportunity to give our input and influence on the 8 ramifications of conclusions that are made with regard 9 to these three and then translating those to our own 10 operations.

11 With regard to a rule clarification, there 12 really isn't a rule that fits this situation, and 13 that's part of the reason that this classification 14 proceeding has come to this point, and part of the 15 reason that my clients, as well as other solid waste 16 collection companies in the state, are experiencing a 17 frustration. On one hand, there is a sense that we 18 comply with the law. We comport with the regulations, 19 and yet we are losing revenue to companies like these 20 three and including these three, and if it's okay for 21 them to do what they are doing, then we would like to 22 be able to do it too, but since we try very hard and 23 are under the radar of the regulatory scrutiny and try hard to comply with those regulations, we don't have 24 25 quite as much leeway to be experimental.

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So the outcome of this proceeding is very 1 2 important to influencing operational decisions, and I 3 appreciate Mr. Anderson's concession. There is 4 certainly at the outset that we have an economic stake in this. Right now, the Company feels that it's losing 5 6 revenues that it should otherwise be receiving, and if that is correct, there is a public interest in that 7 8 because the result of that is a loss of revenues that 9 would rightfully be within the rubric of the regulatory 10 scheme results then in rates that are higher to the 11 customers that we serve. 12 And so if the entire statutory scheme is based on efficiency of service and thereby regulated 13 14 rates to the customer, there is an impact to the public 15 interest from the direct economic interests that we 16 have. I'll take a breath there. 17 JUDGE TOREM: Ms. McNeill, your client you think would be best served in a classification 18 19 proceeding which effects only the three companies 20 essentially subpoenaed before the Commission as opposed 21 to perhaps a rule-making to clarify and expand or 22 rewrite the rules that you were saying aren't 23 satisfactory quite yet? 24 MS. MCNEILL: That's our position, yes. We 25 believe that this classification proceeding will result

in a clarification operationally of how existing rules might work, but certainly if this doesn't work, maybe a petition for rule-making would be the course of action we would embark on by necessity. We do think, however, that this proceeding will give us an opportunity.

6 These three companies, they are good at what 7 they do, and they are good sort of representatives of 8 the commercial recycling that is going on throughout 9 the state. An opportunity to understand where that 10 demarcation between regulated and nonregulated 11 operations occur I think is presented by these three 12 companies very well.

JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Thompson, do you know what the Commission's posture is now on a future rule-making in this area?

16 MR. THOMPSON: I believe there has been discussion of starting a rule-making on the 17 18 definitional section of the solid waste rules, the portions that would include defining solid waste 19 20 collection, I believe, and that rule-making if it's 21 initiated by the Commission could get into this subject 22 area. I'm not sure -- Mr. Eckhardt is shaking his head 23 at me, so I would be speculating to guess. So it 24 probably wouldn't answer this precise question, certainly not as it applied to specific facts. 25

JUDGE TOREM: So, Ms. McNeill, do you think the specific facts presented by these three companies' operations really put things in context and the economic interest as well as the demarcation between recycling and solid waste hauling can be -- I'll better understand it as the finder of fact by having your companies' participation?

8 MS. MCNEILL: That's my belief, yes, it is. Again, based on what I know, and there is, of course, 9 10 the discovery aspect that could end up belying my 11 position, but that's my impression right now, yes, 12 because again, I think that this demarcation that I 13 refer to has so many implications to -- I should say 14 that in the reverse -- operations of the companies have 15 implications to that demarcation in a way that just 16 looking at the law and evaluating it as sort of an ivory tower perspective doesn't give the same ability 17 18 to understand how the distinction should be played out. JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Anderson, I've understood 19 20 your concessions earlier. Are you removing any 21 oppositions to this particular petition to intervene? 22 MR. ANDERSON: With respect to Waste 23 Management's position, we concede they have alleged 24 economic interest and a basis for intervention. 25 JUDGE TOREM: Let me ask the two other

petitioners to intervene if they want to take a break 1 2 or go ahead with their presentations now. 3 MR. SELLS: I don't. 4 MR. FERESTIEN: Your Honor, I think to be perfectly candid, I would be best served by commenting 5 6 now, and to the extent you are not persuaded in the 7 appropriateness of our intervention that Mr. Wiley have 8 an opportunity to embellish on my remarks on his return 9 at the end of the week. 10 JUDGE TOREM: So Mr. Ferestien, let me here 11 from you and then I'll hear from Mr. Sells. 12 MR. FERESTIEN: I don't think that there is 13 any real distinction that should be drawn between the 14 proposed intervening party we represent and 15 Ms. McNeill's client. The mere fact that our clients 16 are members of the WRRA does not change any of the 17 facts that support the basis for Waste Management's 18 proposed intervention. Like Ms. McNeill's client, our 19 clients are on the street operating, and it's going to 20 be in the public's best interest that you have a full 21 picture of what's transpiring so that you can overcome 22 the difficulties that Ms. McNeill was alluding to, and 23 you are going to get part of the story if Ms. McNeill's 24 client is participating but our clients are not, and really, there is no drawback in getting that full 25

1 picture. I think it will only aid in your

2 understanding.

3 With regard to economic interest, like 4 Ms. McNeill's client, we are being impacted. We are 5 certificated haulers in the areas where the respondents 6 are operating, and their operations are impacting the 7 amount of money that is coming to us in our operations. 8 So for that reason, I believe intervention is 9 appropriate for these parties as well.

10 MR. SELLS: If Your Honor please, let me make 11 it as clear as I can that there would be at hearings no 12 duplication of effort between the Waste Connections 13 companies and the others represented by Mr. Ferestien 14 and Mr. Wiley and WRRA, and in thinking back to the 15 probably over a hundred hearings we have done, 16 frequently WRRA appears as a protestant, for example, 17 whereas companies that are maybe more directly or 18 larger and have their own legal staff are suffering. There is no friendly cross. We don't try to get away 19 20 with that, and we don't duplicate efforts.

The Commission in its wisdom has seen fit to make specific provisions with trade associations to be part of these kinds of hearings as an intervenor, and that, of course, is WAC 470-340 and 355, and we think there is a reason for that, and that is that when you

get an issue like this which affects the entire 1 2 industry, and what happens here is going to affect the 3 entire industry statewide, because if in fact what's 4 happening here in the haul to Weyerhaeuser is okay without a permit, then something similar or identical 5 6 to that can happen in Spokane, or it can happen in 7 Walla Walla or anywhere else that there is a private or 8 even a publicly owned, for that matter, landfill.

9 These are the members, if you will, that the 10 Association represents at these hearings, and even 11 though there is a direct financial burden being placed 12 on the two large companies we are talking about here, 13 if that financial burden shifts over to a company with 14 two or three trucks in Northeastern Washington, it 15 could be devastating, and if it's devastating to a 16 certificated company, that means that the company has to come to the Commission and seek a rate increase, so 17 18 it all comes back to the consumer. That's why we 19 believe the Commission allows associations to intervene 20 and that's why we proposed intervention here and every 21 other hearing there is or has been.

22 An intervention is different than a protest. 23 If we were to go through this matter and it eventually 24 ended up with these companies or companies like them 25 making application for a G-certificate, the Association

has a right to protest that and would. However, we 1 2 would be starting a 100-meter dash here at 50 yards 3 behind because we wouldn't have known what had gone on 4 here. It all comes back to the public interest, and one of the parts of public interest is to keep rates 5 6 down. Another part is for clean and sanitary collection and disposal. Read our Web site. That's 7 8 what it's all about and that's why we are here. 9 JUDGE TOREM: Ms. McNeill, Mr. Sells, and 10 Mr. Ferestien, my concern about the public interest and 11 the rates of each company, and granted, we have six 12 different companies and an association representing 13 potentially 30 or more statewide asking for 14 intervention and all having their rates for the public 15 as an interest, if I let one company in, why shouldn't 16 I let in every single certificated company in the state who all have the same interests? 17 18 I'm persuaded by these questions that you

19 raise that this is something that if they get to do it, 20 then we want to change our operations. I'm still 21 sorting out in my mind as to where the level of 22 intervention should be, and if I let one in, how do I 23 keep every other solid waste collection company in the 24 state from stepping in as well. Everybody has got that 25 same interest. Some took the trouble to file

petitions, and there must be others that did not, 1 2 whether they are members of WRRA or not. So I'm torn 3 on that piece. I understand the financial issues that 4 translate into that public interest as well, and while the issue is novel and this may be the first cut for 5 6 each of your clients to come in and comment on it, if I 7 allow intervention, I'm trying to find a way that will 8 put all of you, as Mr. Sells pointed out, there is some efficient participation, not only in the discovery but 9 10 also in the cross-examination at hearing.

11 Staff has a job to do here. They've sought 12 this order instituting this special proceeding. They 13 are going to, perhaps not from a commercial entity's 14 perspective but from a regulatory perspective, seek to, 15 I'm sure, aggressively pursue discovery, aggressively 16 cross-examine the witnesses, present it as the Companies seek to carry their burden of proof, and I'll 17 18 ask Staff shortly for their position here, but I want to avoid that duplication of effort and make sure this 19 20 hearing runs quickly and efficiently, and if it needs 21 to be more thorough than just Staff and the Companies, 22 so be it, but I want to make sure it doesn't become 23 such a thicket that at the end, it's unmanageable from 24 where I sit because both Staff and the Companies, who are the main parties, deserve that focused attention, 25

and I don't want it yo unnecessarily cloud the issues.
So it may be that intervention is appropriate but in a
limited fashion as to some of the issues you've said,
and particularly the ones that diverge from Staff's
point of view. Mr. Thompson, let me hear from you, and
then Mr. Anderson, we'll turn back to you for the
overall perspective.

8 MR. THOMPSON: Your Honor, I think I agree 9 with what you stated there. We do think that the named 10 companies, to the extent that the Respondent's are 11 operating within their service territories, have stated 12 a sufficient interest to intervene because really, this 13 concern for the scope of their authority, the 14 interpretation the Commission takes here, it doesn't 15 determine the scope in a territorial sense but in a 16 sense of what stuff do they have a right to pick up to 17 the exclusion of others.

18 So I think that that clearly is an interest, 19 and they may take a different interpretation of the law 20 than Commission staff does, and I think that the 21 proceeding would be enriched from that perspective. So 22 as to the WRRA, I don't know if Mr. Sells is 23 representing through WRRA other members of that 24 organization who may be within the part of the state that's affected here. It's not clear, but it appears 25

to me that the operations of the Respondent's are in sort of the central Puget Sound area, and it appears the named intervenors tend to have authority in that same general area. It may not be every one of them, so that would be an interest that perhaps WRRA would be representing as any carriers that are not named that are in that territorial area.

8 But I agree with you that if the only 9 interest is sort of an interest in the precedent that 10 this sets for every other solid waste collection 11 company in the state, you are right. I think that then 12 where do you draw the line, and in every case we have 13 in the industry, you typically don't allow in every 14 company that's in the same industry because it might 15 have a precedential effect on them. I just make that 16 observation. We don't oppose intervention, but we just 17 make that observation.

18 MR. SELLS: If I may, Your Honor, I may be 19 able to clear a little of that up. Just thinking about 20 it here and jotting them down, there is three members 21 of WRRA that do operate in what we believe is the 22 general area that the Respondent's are operating 23 because we don't really know where they are operating 24 because they are not regulated: Rubatino Refuse of 25 Everett, for example; Sound Disposal in Edmonds;

Sanitary Service, Inc., in Bellingham, and there are
 others.

3 Now, whether or not, Your Honor, I would call 4 representatives from those folks as witnesses is going 5 to depend upon the presentation that precedes that from 6 the Staff, but there are certainly other members, and 7 uniformly, they are much smaller members than the two 8 proposed intervenors here, smaller in revenue and size. 9 JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Anderson, having heard all

10 that and my stated waffling concerns...

MR. ANDERSON: We share your concerns, and 11 12 while there may be instances where appropriate 13 intervention should be granted, working backwards, with 14 respect to WRRA, its position is that nobody can touch 15 anything except us because we have certificates, and 16 that's where they start out, and here, they haven't shown any particular interest that's any different from 17 18 the named G-certificate haulers who have petitioned to 19 intervene or the Commission's position. So we would 20 advance that with respect to WRRA, they add nothing but 21 an additional gun pointed at my clients to run up the 22 expense and complexity of the proceeding.

23 We feel that there is adequate representation 24 of WRRA through five of its members being here, and 25 there has been no distinction shown other than they did

choose to independently petition. Waste Management is 1 2 independent from that organization. It has also stated 3 a differing interest. We believe it to have a more 4 active recycling program. We concur that it's important to draw that distinction between what is 5 6 recycling of these materials and what is required to be 7 hauled by G-certificate haulers and go through a landfill, and there is an important public policy 8 9 factor because of the recycling occurring, and it's our 10 understanding that its Waste Management may be less 11 restricted in its approach to what recycling is based 12 on their ongoing operations, but that is something for 13 discovery.

We think that with those two, there is just a question of adequacy of representation. With the two petitioners' group and Waste Management, all bases are really covered. There is no need to have the WRRA's additional inquiry on the same facts, potential friendly cross-examination, and additional cumulative witnesses.

JUDGE TOREM: So in other words, you've already stated that for Ms. McNeill's clients you have no opposition for the clients represented by Mr. Wiley and Mr. Ferestien.

MR. ANDERSON: We don't see any public

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interest argument made that's different than the 1 2 Commission's interest. 3 JUDGE TOREM: The distinction you are drawing 4 between Ms. McNeill's clients and the other certificated haulers is her client in restricted areas 5 6 and active. 7 MR. ANDERSON: That and they aren't a WRRA 8 member. 9 JUDGE TOREM: Where I'm getting hung up is 10 are you saying that any member of WRRA is adequately 11 represented by the Commission? 12 MR. ANDERSON: No. Working backwards, if the 13 WRRA came in by itself, that's one issue, but here, we 14 have five WRRA members plus the WRRA and --15 JUDGE TOREM: So it's one or the other. 16 MR. ANDERSON: It's who are you going to have, and in that context, if it's who you are going to 17 18 have, we would rather have the individual members 19 because of discovery issues. 20 JUDGE TOREM: I'm just trying to decide if I 21 agree with your approach that the better representative 22 for a certificated hauler member of WRRA is the 23 organization itself, which would represent all of them, 24 or a single one, which may force me to flip a coin 25 among Mr. Wiley's and Ferestien's clients as to which

1 one might be better.

2 MR. ANDERSON: They have five represented by 3 one voice, and procedurally, I think that's a little 4 easier to handle. 5 JUDGE TOREM: And I think Mr. Sells would say 6 he has 30 or more represented by one voice which includes them. 7 MR. ANDERSON: But he doesn't have a named 8 9 party who is at the other side of the table from us who 10 we can examine in the context of a contested hearing. 11 MR. SELLS: If that happens, then I'm not 12 going to be able to examine them either, but if I 13 examine them, he's going to have to. 14 I should add, Your Honor, if it's going to 15 make things easier for everybody here, I'll make an 16 oral petition to intervene on behalf of a specific 17 company. I have a right to do that at this hearing, or 18 companies, and if that solves this problem, I'm happy to do that and withdraw my petition from WRRA. 19 20 JUDGE TOREM: I don't think that's necessary. 21 I understand where Mr. Anderson is coming from as to 22 providing a specific client in which to make discovery 23 requests or otherwise and examine, but I think that can be addressed as to how we structure the initial witness 24 25 lists and other ideas and exhibits that might come in.

1 MR. ANDERSON: This jumps ahead to discovery, 2 but here's an issue, and I think I would agree with 3 Ms. McNeill in that there are important operational 4 concerns here. If we are just dealing with the 5 Commission and the focused event here, Commission's 6 position is that the portions may be at issue, 7 percentage.

8 What actually happens is that with respect to 9 the G-certificate haulers who are using their 10 certificated assets, the things that are built into 11 their rates, to recycle, there is an economic advantage 12 to them to haul something as a recyclable container as 13 opposed to MSW, municipal solid waste, whether it's a 14 fee, a tax, some other financial concession. Those are 15 cheaper.

16 We do need to examine what really happens in the stream, not just to our people when if it's, just 17 18 to pick a number out of the air, 100 percent goes in 19 and 20 percent makes it to Weyerhaeuser after a 20 process. We need to look what happens at the industry, 21 and with an association at the other side of the table, 22 they can put someone up who doesn't do any recycling as 23 a witness and argue that the percentage is diminimous, 24 where with Ms. McNeill's clients or individual haulers, 25 we can look at what the quantity comes in that gains

that economic advantage as recycling and what quantity 1 2 goes out actually recycled, and we would submit that 3 the differential in that quantity is not diminimous. 4 So it isn't just us. It's what the industry practically views as recycling. It's what these 5 6 parties have done as recycling that should be at issue, and if it's allowed to be an association where they can 7 8 pick and choose through their members, they can make 9 the argument that it has to be one percent or less 10 while the members are calling recycling 20 percent or 11 less. So we are going to be faced with this argument 12 down the road, and we need to have individual 13 accountable companies as opposed to more of an 14 association across the table. 15 JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Thompson, any comment on 16 what you just heard? 17 MR. THOMPSON: Well, that angle is -- that type of argument I had not considered before, and I 18 don't know whether I understand it or understand its 19 20 implications, so no, I don't have any comments. 21 JUDGE TOREM: I appreciate your candor. 22 Anyone else want to comment on what they've heard or 23 make further case pro or con on the petitions for 24 intervention? 25 MR. FERESTIEN: I had two brief points that I

wanted to share, Your Honor. First, I think 1 2 Mr. Anderson is unfairly stressing the notion that it 3 has to be a unique interest that an intervening party 4 has, and I don't think that's what the rule calls for. It says you have to have a substantial interest, and 5 6 certainly whether or not the public interest is served 7 by that party intervening goes to the extent to which 8 there is redundancy, but in sitting around the table 9 here, I don't think we have gotten to the stage you are 10 concerned about where you have every hauler in the 11 state of Washington trying to intervene in the 12 proceeding.

13 I would submit that this is a nice size in 14 terms of the amount of people involved, and it's going 15 to allow you to get a full airing of the facts and the 16 issues. So your theoretical concern aside, I think intervention is not unwieldy, and to the extent it ever 17 18 were to become that, you as the governing party here have full control, but just simply foreclose the 19 20 parties from participating in their entirety now is, I think, too swift and too severe a measure. 21

The other point I would make, and this goes to the point about it being premature is Mr. Anderson saying that Ms. McNeill's client does more recycling so her client is appropriately intervening. Well, the

1 fact of the matter is that my proposed intervening 2 clients do recycling as well, and for you to make a 3 snap judgement now without having any understanding of 4 how their recycling operations compare I think would be 5 premature as well.

JUDGE TOREM: I gladly confess my ignorance
of the specifics of any of your clients or what
Ms. McNeill's clients do, let alone any of the WRRA
members.

10 After hearing everything today, and I 11 understand and I appreciate Mr. Ferestien for putting 12 it back on the table, that the basic threshold is the 13 substantial interest. My concern about this becoming 14 unwieldy or perhaps there being a better forum in an 15 application that should be protested or perhaps 16 demonstrating your clients' interests above and beyond 17 the Commission's separate interests in the 18 classification by filing your own complaint. I'm satisfied as to why that didn't happen and why this may 19 20 be the most opportune place for all of your clients to 21 come in.

22 What I want to make sure to avoid that 23 duplication I take advantage of tools I've used in 24 previous hearings that have been reasonably complex and 25 yet where issues cross over. I think I'm prepared,

Mr. Anderson, to grant the petitions for intervention, 1 2 but I do need to give further thought as to how to make 3 sure your company clients are not prejudiced and 4 overwhelmed by discovery by having six different certificated haulers and a trade association, which may 5 6 present its own challenges in discovery and its own 7 approach, and then have this whole group of intervenors 8 coming from all different angles.

9 I'm trying to sort out what the scope of the 10 intervention should be in my mind, and I'm not prepared 11 to state it verbally today. I'm going to have to spend 12 a little time in the prehearing conference order 13 sorting out exactly what the initial scope may be, and 14 I may have to modify that in a future prehearing 15 conference on motion from either side. I may come out 16 too narrow, which may cause these intervenors to ask 17 for an extension of their scope, or you may find it too 18 broad and resulting in discovery issues that can only 19 be resolved by narrowing the scope of intervention. 20 I will grant the petitions for intervention

despite my initial hesitation. Certainly this
prehearing conference order will have language
requiring the cooperation among all these intervenors,
and I want to ask Mr. Sells and Ms. McNeill if they see
any question as to the nonmembership in WRRA

foreclosing any or limiting any cooperation in this 1 2 proceeding on the issues that are before the 3 Commission; Mr. Sells? 4 MR. SELLS: No, I don't see that. This is not unusual at all, Your Honor, for WMI and WRRA and 5 6 WRRM on the same side at the same hearing. JUDGE TOREM: Ms. McNeill, do you concur? 7 8 MS. MCNEILL: Yes, and I appreciate what you 9 are saying about managing the proceeding so it doesn't 10 become all ganged up against Mr. Anderson's clients. 11 For my part, my goal will be to try to assist 12 Mr. Thompson and Staff in terms of their discovery 13 efforts rather than embarking on my own. I wouldn't 14 want to foreclose the possibility of some discovery 15 from our part on that particular aspect of the 16 proceeding, but in my view, it's really something that 17 the Staff and Mr. Thompson will be the represented 18 parties on. I can assure you that we will make effort. 19

20 You have my sympathies and support in trying to craft 21 something that actually says that in the order, but I 22 can give you our assurance that we will be able to 23 succeed in that.

JUDGE TOREM: I think when we take a breakoff the record shortly, I'll listen to a little bit

more of your discussions or let the parties discuss 1 2 amongst themselves how to achieve what you're talking 3 about or focused discovery but also anticipating 4 Mr. Anderson's concern that if we have a protective order in this docket, Staff may have items to which 5 6 he's not worried about submitting and exposing, but to 7 other parties and competitors, there may be issues, and 8 so I want you to give some thought to that, not only 9 for case management but also for proprietary 10 information, protection, and management and 11 dissemination, we will have two distinct challenges for 12 the proceeding as it goes along. 13 So when I granted the petitions for 14 intervention, I recognize that, but I don't what the

15 answer will be at the end of today's proceeding. It 16 may be that we have a standard protective order that can be circulated, and perhaps an agreed proposed 17 18 protective order can come in from all of the parties so that there is not too much time spent on it today, but 19 20 in the weeks ahead, that can be an item that is taken 21 up and hopefully something that can be agreed on, and 22 if there is competing language, I can make a decision, 23 but I don't want to make a decision today in an area that I don't have a whole lot of experience in and be 24 judging for any of your clients what's important to 25

1 protect and what's not. I'm not prepared to do that 2 today, but I will take it up.

3 The petitions to intervene are granted. 4 There will be some limitations that I craft in the prehearing conference order, and I may direct group 5 6 representation or ask the noncommissioned intervenors 7 to take a position as to who will be the lead counsel 8 for particular witnesses or issues, and we can talk a 9 little bit more about that as we go. Again, if you 10 think I get it wrong, too narrow or too broad, in what 11 comes out of this proceeding in the next few days, 12 there are provisions to ask for reconsideration of that 13 order, or I would prefer that you all confer amongst yourselves and see how far off the mark or on the mark 14 15 it might be. Then we can get a group response as to 16 what needs to be changed to accommodate the needs of 17 this proceeding as we go along.

It's about 2:30 now. What I would ask is 18 that we go off the record, and while we are off the 19 20 record, let's take a chance and discuss discovery, the 21 protective order, and then see what the calendars show 22 for a procedural schedule. Some of the issues we want 23 to talk about are whether we should have live testimony 24 of witnesses or prefiled testimony. Given the petitions for intervention being granted, I'm leaning 25

1 toward prefiled testimony so we have a more deliberate
2 approach when we get to hearing.

3 If you each know off the top of your head approximately how many witnesses you are thinking about 4 calling or where those witnesses might be located, 5 let's take that up as well off the record. There is a 6 7 mention about not being stuck in an ivory tower, and I 8 can't imagine a case where that would be farther from 9 where the action happens, so I want you to consider 10 whether a site visit, particularly down to Longview, 11 would be appropriate in this case or not. It may or 12 may not, and whether there is any settlement 13 conferences or mediation, that might be appropriate 14 given the parties we have here.

15 I know the Commission staff has tried hard to 16 avoid a classification proceeding, and it got here after several policy letters, changes of position, and 17 18 reiteration of the position, and it was several months, 19 so I can only guess that the December order came after 20 much thought and hard work by Staff to work this out 21 with Mr. Anderson's clients and it hasn't happened yet. 22 It doesn't mean that it can't happen still, that there 23 be an agreed, everybody knows, and mutually beneficial 24 outcome, what it should be without turning it over to 25 the Commission to make the ultimate decision.

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Finally, be ready to think if there are any 1 2 motions that need to be filed, to build that into the 3 schedule, and because it's come up in other issues, 4 whether you want to make an opening statement on the day of hearing, file one in writing, or whether we 5 6 launch directly into cross-examination of the 7 witnesses. Certainly there will be a chance for 8 briefing if there needs to be, prehearing briefs as 9 well as posthearing briefs. I'll want this order to 10 cover that as well. That's my laundry list of things 11 to hash out. Any questions before we take a break? 12 Seeing none, we will be at recess.

13 (Recess.)

JUDGE TOREM: We are back on the record, and we've had some discussions as to how to schedule the hearing, whether or not to have prefiled written testimony and then just hash through a schedule and how to handle the protective order.

Let me note for the record that Mr. Anderson and I had a colloquy about his preference for not using prefiled written testimony, and there was a variety of concerns that might be put upon his clients by having their case known for a longer period of time or perhaps also being allowing for the number of intervenors that I've permitted in the case to gang up on him a little

bit more in that preparation, and he can probably 1 2 better state those concerns as needed for the record 3 for clarity, but the end result is to best help to me 4 and to avoid discovery being any more onerous than it needs to be through depositions of what would be live 5 6 witnesses, I've decided that I want to have prefiled 7 written testimony in this case. Mr. Anderson, do you 8 want to clarify any of your own contentions that I just 9 summed up?

10 MR. ANDERSON: For the record, we objected to 11 the written testimony procedure, would prefer oral. 12 Some of our concerns may be addressed by the 13 limitations that you order for intervention, and we will reserve those issues until we see the order. 14 15 JUDGE TOREM: Excellent. As I indicated to 16 all the parties, if there is a need for any witness that might be best served not through prefiled 17 18 testimony but through putting them on live, if you 19 could discuss it amongst yourselves first and explain 20 to each other why that witness is better that way and 21 you will have a summary in advance of what they are 22 going to talk about, I will entertain that, but my 23 suggestion is that those be for very less technical witnesses that will be on and off the stand very 24 quickly but are needed to make some part of your case, 25

essentially lay people that you don't want to put
 through friendly depositions and then having to review
 it and read it and be intimidated by the paper in the
 case.

5 The discovery rules will be invoked at the request of the parties, and looking at that, there are 6 7 also going to be motions for summary determination, 8 perhaps, and we've set some deadlines for those, if 9 they are going to be filed, Friday, April 18 will be 10 the deadline, and by Commission rule, it will be 20 11 days to respond to any such motions. That would make 12 the response day Thursday, May the 8th.

13 In the meantime while discovery is going 14 forward, the issue of a protective order has to be 15 taken up. There will be a protective order in the 16 case. How exactly it's going to read will be up to the parties, and Mr. Thompson has agreed that tomorrow he 17 18 will circulate a proposed protective order or an 19 example of one that's been used by the Commission in 20 the past, and I think the concern will be to have 21 something that meets the Company's needs to aleve their 22 proprietary information to the extent possible out of 23 the hands of the intervenors who will have a direct 24 financial interest and are competitors with them and yet give the Commission full access to everything its 25

entitled to under the laws and our own regulations. 1 So 2 how we make sure that the information gets where it's 3 going unredacted to the Commission and that I see in 4 the protection any filings that go on in testimony or otherwise, if it's confidential, that I see both the 5 6 unredacted and the redacted versions so as noted 7 earlier, if I'm asking questions or writing a decision, 8 I don't unintentionally disclose that information that 9 should have been kept confidential.

10 So Mr. Thompson will circulate that by 11 tomorrow, and I've asked that by Tuesday, the 12th of 12 February that the parties can submit an agreed 13 protective order or competing drafts for me to choose 14 among, and I will issue the Commission's protective 15 order by signing what you have agreed to or making my 16 own decision after seeing short explanatory cover 17 letters as to why this provision is needed or not 18 needed. If we need to get back together and have a prehearing conference about it, tell me or I'll tell 19 20 you.

As to the motions for summary determination, my hope is that if they come in by May 8th, the responses, that if anybody feels a need for oral argument that you ask and we try to pick a date within the next week following. If Thursday is May 8th, then

I think that would be the week of May 12th that we try 1 2 to set something up, and if there are motions to be 3 filed, maybe that's the time to ask to set a conference 4 for that the week of May 12th or very early the week of May 19, so keep those dates in mind. I won't put them 5 6 in the order, but if we do have a motion and you know 7 you are going to want to argue on it in addition to 8 what's submitted, ask for it so we can get it on the 9 calendar. In late April, we will be scheduling it for 10 that week of May 12th or early the week of May 19th, 11 and the reason for the earlier dates is so I can try to 12 get a decision on the motion out, if one is necessary, 13 before I start a three-day hearing on May 28th, so that 14 would be hopefully May 27th as a target date for me to 15 rule, but the latest I'm hoping to do that is June 6th. 16 So if there are any dispositive motions by June 6th, we will know hopefully earlier. 17

The reason for those dates is because the 18 19 agreed filing dates for testimony will be Friday, June 27th for the responding companies. A little over three 20 21 weeks later on Tuesday, July the 22nd, for Staff and 22 Intervenors, and Friday, August the 8th, a little less 23 than three weeks, for any rebuttal testimony from the 24 respondent companies, and again, if I can get a decision on those dispositive motions three weeks or 25

more in advance of the first testimony filing date, I'm
 hoping that will be sufficient for Mr. Anderson's
 clients not to incur any unnecessary expenses that
 maybe eliminated by the result of any motion ruling.

5 The hearing itself we agreed should give the 6 Commission availability and a large contested rate case 7 and a merger case going on this summer can't happen in 8 August with any degree of sanity, so we are going to 9 start for a three-day hearing on Tuesday, September the 10 9th, and continue as needed on Wednesday, the 10th, and 11 Thursday the 11th of September, and the parties have 12 asked that they be given some time for opening 13 statements on the first day of hearing, so we will 14 begin with opening statements of no more than 15 15 minutes each, and we've agreed that it will be three 16 different blocks of 15 minutes, one for the companies, one for Commission staff, and one to be shared among 17 18 all the intervenors as needed to supplement the opening statement given by Commission staff. 19

20 Posthearing briefs will be three weeks after 21 the hearing. We didn't pick a date for that, but three 22 weeks after, say, September 12th...

23 MS. MCNEILL: October 3rd?

JUDGE TOREM: Would be October 3rd. Doesanybody have a conflict for that first couple of days

of October? That still gives you a little more than 1 2 three weeks after the hearing closes, and that will be 3 the final briefing date, and then we'll see how quickly 4 I can get a decision out and a classification matter thereafter. I think that settles everything we wanted 5 6 to get on the record from our discussion. 7 Mr. Thompson, anything else from the Commission's point 8 of view. 9 MR. THOMPSON: No. 10 JUDGE TOREM: Mr. Anderson? 11 MR. ANDERSON: No. 12 JUDGE TOREM: Intervenors? 13 MR. SELLS: The location of hearings? 14 JUDGE TOREM: I presume since nobody has told 15 me they are going to be anywhere else that they be 16 here in Olympia. If there is a need once witnesses are 17 identified to hold it elsewhere, let me know, but 18 nobody spoke up about that so I'm presuming it will be 19 here at Commission headquarters in Olympia. 20 That's it today's prehearing conference. 21 Thank you for the explanations about the intervention 22 issues and also your cooperation on getting a date set. 23 I'll look forward to the protective order, but I don't 24 think I need to see the drafts as they go around, so just circulate those amongst yourselves, and maybe, 25

1	Mr. Thompson, you could take the lead on submitting it,
2	or Mr. Anderson. I have to have the final approved
3	version or your competing versions on February 12th.
4	It's about ten after four. We are adjourned.
5	(Prehearing adjourned at 4:10 p.m.)
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