

BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

DOCKET UE-240006

DOCKET UG-240007

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

JOSHUA D. DILUCIANO

REPRESENTING AVISTA CORPORATION

I. INTRODUCTION

Q. Please state your name, employer, and business address.

A. My name is Joshua D. DiLuciano and I am employed as the Vice President of Energy Delivery for Avista Utilities (Avista or Company), at 1411 East Mission Avenue, Spokane, Washington.

Q. Would you briefly describe your educational background and professional experience?

A. Yes. I am a graduate of Washington State University (WSU), from which I earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical Engineering. I also earned a Master of Science degree in Management and Leadership from Western Governors University and am a licensed electrical engineer in Washington State. I joined Avista in 2006 as an Engineer and have held a variety of technical engineering roles since. I have managed several groups, most recently as Director of Electrical Engineering where I had responsibility for Washington Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI), the Company's geographic information system (GIS) Refresh, Transmission Engineering, Distribution Engineering, Protection Engineering, Substation Engineering, Drafting and Edit, Maximo, and Engineering Technical Services. I was awarded my current position in September 2022, where I have responsibility for electric and natural gas engineering, operations, transmission operations and system planning, and shared services.

Additionally, I am a U.S. Navy veteran, and I currently serve on the board of the West Central Community Center.

1 **Q. What is the scope of your testimony?**

2 A. I will provide an overview of the Company’s electric and natural gas energy
3 delivery facilities and explain the factors driving our continuing investment in electric
4 distribution infrastructure. I will explain how our efforts to maintain the asset health and
5 performance of our electric transmission system, including compliance with mandatory
6 federal standards for transmission planning and operations, is driving a continuing demand
7 for new investment. Further, I will describe why our investments in natural gas distribution
8 are necessary in the timeframes completed and why each capital investment in our operations
9 facilities and fleet operations is needed to support efficient delivery of service to our customers
10 today, and into the future. Finally, while I address the electric and natural gas distribution,
11 transmission, general plant and fleet related capital additions for the periods July 1, 2023,
12 through December 31, 2026 in detail within my testimony and exhibits, Company witnesses
13 Ms. Benjamin and Ms. Schultz incorporate the capital additions, and incremental expense
14 associated with these investments, within the Company’s request for rate relief over the Two-
15 Year Rate Plan effective in December 2024.

16 A table of the contents for my testimony is as follows:

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28 **Q. Are you sponsoring any exhibits in this proceeding?**

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1 A. Yes. I am sponsoring Exh. JDD-2, which are the Capital Business Case
2 documents for each of the 2023-2026 capital projects and programs described in my
3 testimony.

4
5 **II. OVERVIEW OF AVISTA'S ENERGY DELIVERY SERVICE**

6 **Q. Please describe Avista's electric and natural gas utility operations.**

7 A. Avista operates a vertically integrated electric system in Washington and
8 Idaho, and natural gas local distribution operations in Washington, Idaho and Oregon. In
9 addition to the hydroelectric, renewable, and thermal generating resources, the Company has
10 an electric transmission system comprised of approximately 700 miles of 230 kV lines and
11 1,600 miles of 115 kV lines. Avista has approximately 19,300 miles of primary and secondary
12 electric distribution lines. The Company owns and operates approximately 8,000 miles of
13 natural gas distribution lines, served from the Williams Northwest and Gas Transmission
14 Northwest (GTN) pipelines. A map showing the Company's electric and natural gas service
15 area in Washington, Idaho and Oregon is provided by Company witness Mr. Vermillion.

16 **Q. Please list the Company's operations service centers that support electric
17 and natural gas customers in Washington.**

18 A. The Company has a central office and operations service facilities in Spokane
19 and local operations service centers in the communities of Colville, Othello, Pullman,
20 Clarkston, Deer Park, and Davenport.

21 **Q. Would you please summarize the need for continuing investments in
22 Avista's electric distribution system?**

23 A. Yes. Avista, like utilities across the country, continues to prudently fund the

1 increasing demand for investment in electric distribution infrastructure. The pattern of our
2 investments bears a striking resemblance to that of the industry, which should not be a
3 surprise, since we are all responding to the same predominant needs: first, the need to supply
4 our customers with safe and reliable electricity which creates the need to annually replace an
5 increasing amount of infrastructure that has reached the end of its useful life (based on asset
6 condition). Second, we are responding to the need for technology investments required to
7 build the integrated energy services grid of the future. To provide better visibility of the factors
8 driving this need for investment, we continue to organize the Company's planned spending
9 over the current five-year planning horizon by "Investment Driver" categories shown below,
10 and as discussed by Company witness Mr. Christie.

- 11 1. Respond to customer requests for new service or enhancements;
- 12 2. Meet our customers' expectations for service quality and reliability;
- 13 3. Meet regulatory and other mandatory obligations;
- 14 4. Address system performance and capacity needs;
- 15 5. Replace infrastructure at the end of its useful life based on asset condition; and,
- 16 6. Replace equipment that is damaged or fails, and support field operations.
- 17

18 **Q. Would you please summarize the need for continuing investments in**
19 **electric transmission infrastructure?**

20 A. The nation's electric utilities are facing unprecedented challenges from many
21 forces that are driving the continuing need for new investment in transmission infrastructure,
22 and Avista is no different. This rapidly growing demand for new investment has challenged
23 our ability to fund all our high priority needs for electric transmission, which, are out of
24 proportion to the investment requirements of our other infrastructure. Drivers for new
25 investment include:

- 26 ➤ System improvements required to meet the myriad and expanding federal

1 regulations governing nearly every aspect of our transmission business.
2 Specifically, the tightening requirements to meet increasingly restrictive
3 transmission operations and planning standards that could potentially result in
4 financial penalties for noncompliance.

- 5
- 6 ➤ Timely replacement of end-of-life assets based on condition. This need is at an all-
7 time high across the industry and will continue to increase annually for at least the
8 next two decades. This need is tied to the major expansion of new electric
9 infrastructure built during the economic boom following the end of World War II.
10 Because these assets are now at or near the end of their useful lives, a substantial
11 boost in new investment is required to maintain existing systems.
- 12
- 13 ➤ External demands on our transmission system including new transmission
14 interconnections required for third parties to integrate new variable energy
15 resources, particularly wind and solar. These interconnections require significant
16 capital investment to extend or reinforce our transmission system and often take
17 priority over investments required to provide for native load service on our system.
- 18
- 19 ➤ A further driver is related to supporting the development of the new energy
20 services grid of the future. Emerging technologies are driving an increase in
21 digitization, distributed generation, energy storage, and other technologies that
22 require adapting and upgrading the existing system, including new ways of
23 engaging with our customers. Though primarily focused on the distribution level,
24 these changes in our energy delivery business model also impact transmission
25 investments. This increased digitalization brings with it the potential for greater
26 cyber vulnerability and the need for continuing investment to provide for the safety
27 and security of our bulk power system.
- 28
- 29 ➤ Siting, permitting, and constructing transmission assets has become more
30 complex, time-consuming, and expensive. This is due, in part, to increasing
31 environmental regulation, property rights, and land-use requirements. Permitting
32 can extend over several years and typically includes conditions constraining how
33 utilities site, design, construct and maintain these assets.
- 34

35 When it comes to the impact on our customers, who must ultimately pay for these
36 requirements and investments, an exacerbating factor is our relatively low load growth due to
37 declining use-per-customer over time. This translates into nearly flat revenues, which means
38 that new capital investments must be covered by higher customer rates. Historically, annual
39 increases in customer loads produced new revenues that were often sufficient to cover the
40 costs for new investment and inflation without the need to increase rates.

1 **Q. Please describe the Company’s process for ensuring it is making timely**
2 **investments in electric transmission to maintain compliance with mandatory federal**
3 **standards.**

4 A. The Company’s process for determining which projects should be
5 recommended for funding each year includes results of comprehensive planning studies,
6 engineering and asset management analyses, and scheduled upgrades and replacements
7 identified in our operations districts and Transmission Engineering. These projects undergo
8 internal review by multiple stakeholders, who help ensure all system needs and alternatives
9 have been identified and evaluated.

10 As discussed by Mr. Christie, projects advanced for funding enter a formal review
11 process referred to as the “Engineering Roundtable” (ERT). This group carefully reviews the
12 need for each project, the primary business driver, the alternatives considered, and the
13 justification for the approach recommended. During the review, the potential benefits of any
14 cross-business-unit synergies that could better optimize project benefits and scope are also
15 identified and evaluated. The result of this process is a prioritized list of recommended projects
16 that serves as a roadmap of investments sequenced by year for at least a ten-year timeframe.
17 Using this roadmap, each department can plan ahead for the work they will be responsible to
18 execute once projects are approved for funding and implementation. Once evaluated,
19 prioritized, and sequenced, these projects are recommended to the Capital Planning Group
20 (discussed by Mr. Christie) for final review and funding allocation. Representatives from
21 eleven business units participate in the ERT process.

22 **Q. Please summarize the need for ongoing investment in Avista’s natural gas**
23 **distribution system.**

1 A. In 2022, natural gas provided the fuel for approximately 40% for the nation’s
2 electric generation fleet,¹ heats more than half of America’s homes, and provides the vital
3 energy for cooling, heating, industrial processes, commerce, and industry. The Company has
4 experienced steady growth in natural gas customers in the prior decade, where the annual
5 number of new connects rose dramatically between 2010 and 2022, from approximately 3,000
6 per year to 5,600 per year. The current gas forecast in Washington expects essentially no
7 growth after 2024 and the very modest growth expected through 2024 is expected to be
8 residential. The current forecast holds the level of Washington commercial/industrial
9 customers constant from this year going forward.

10 There is also the need for new investments to remain in compliance with federal and
11 state regulatory requirements. We must adequately manage and mitigate the continuing safety
12 risks associated with our natural gas distribution system. Over the last decade, the Company’s
13 investments to meet customer requests for new service and to comply with a range of growing
14 regulatory obligations has grown from approximately \$15.5 million in 2010 to nearly \$80
15 million in 2022.

16 **Q. Please summarize the need for ongoing investment in Avista’s operations,**
17 **facilities, and fleet resources.**

18 A. Adequate operating facilities are a critical ingredient to the success of utilities
19 like Avista. Avista’s operating facilities encompass office space, critical information
20 technology systems, generation facilities, and are the hub for field operations. Our fleet
21 infrastructure includes a wide range of light to heavy trucks specialized for electric and natural
22 gas operations, diverse and specialized equipment, all manner of tools, and extensive material

¹ <https://www.eia.gov/energyexplained/electricity/electricity-in-the-us.php>

1 and supply storage areas. Though it is easy to take for granted, our office and operations
2 facilities are at the heart of our ability to serve customers effectively and efficiently. In
3 addition to employees supporting our field operations, our facilities are required to support a
4 broad range of technical and administrative staff, including accountants, engineers, attorneys,
5 customer service representatives, and information technology experts. Besides the facilities
6 themselves, our operations depend on extensive information technology infrastructure,
7 diverse and stand-alone communication networks, and a myriad of other support systems
8 (including supporting all the Company's workers who are connecting remotely into the
9 Company's systems).

10 **Q. Did Avista achieve its Service Quality Measures Program benchmarks for**
11 **2022?**

12 A. The Company is pleased to report we exceeded all six Customer Service
13 Measure benchmarks for 2022 and reported a continuing relatively stable long-term trend in
14 electric service reliability. The Company reported a decrease in the average occurrence of
15 outages per-customer per-year (not related to a major storm event), thereby decreasing our
16 five-year average for duration of service outages by 7.4 minutes. Table No. 1 below depicts
17 Avista's 2022 Customer Service Measures and Electric System Reliability results:

Table No. 1 – 2022 Results for Avista’s Customer Service Measures and Electric System Reliability

Customer Service Measures	Benchmark	2022 Performance	Achieved
Percent of customers satisfied with our Contact Center services, based on survey results	At least 90%	97%	✓
Percent of customers satisfied with field services, based on survey results	At least 90%	97%	✓
Number of complaints to the WUTC per 1,000 customers, per year	Less than 0.40	0.05	✓
Percent of calls answered live within 60 seconds by our Contact Center	At least 80%	81%	✓
Average time from customer call to arrival of field technicians in response to electric system emergencies, per year	No more than 80 minutes	52 minutes	✓
Average time from customer call to arrival of field technicians in response to natural gas system emergencies, per year	No more than 55 minutes	48 minutes	✓
Electric System Reliability	5-Year Average (2018-2022)	2022 Result	Change in 5-Year Average
Frequency of non-major-storm power interruptions, per year, per customer (SAIFI)	0.96	0.92	-0.06
Length of power outages, per year, per customer (SAIDI)	141 minutes	146 minutes	-7.4 minutes

III. JULY 2023 – DECEMBER 2024 PRO FORMA ELECTRIC AND NATURAL GAS ENERGY DELIVERY SYSTEMS, FLEET, AND OFFICE AND OPERATIONS FACILITIES

Q. Are there any specific pro formed investments for 2023/2024 you sponsor that you would like to elaborate on?

A. Yes. As discussed by Company witness Ms. Benjamin, Avista’s capital witnesses (including me) have summarized each Business Case with projects or programs completed and pro formed by the Company between July 2023 through December 2024. Provisional Capital investments by Business Case for the periods 2025 and 2026 are also discussed in more detail below in Section IV.

Business Cases with investments between July 2023 through December 2024, that do not have corresponding 2025 and 2026 investments, are listed below with only a summary

1 description of each Business Case following Table No. 3.² However, Business Cases with
2 investments between July 2023 through December 2024 and continuing with corresponding
3 2025 and 2026 investments (shown in Table No. 4 below), are excluded from being described
4 here. Rather, later in my testimony (Section IV), I'll provide detailed information for all
5 Business Cases with investments in 2025 and 2026, as well as any Business Cases that span
6 2023 – 2026, which includes a summary of the Business Case project or program, an overview
7 of the need for the investments and detail how those projects benefit our customers.

8 **Q. Please list the Business Cases with projects and dollars transferring to**
9 **plant between July 2023 and December 2024.**

10 A. Table No. 2 below lists the Business Cases with project or program dollars
11 transferring to plant between July 2023 and December 2024 for investments in my area of
12 responsibility. As explained by Ms. Benjamin and described further below, these projects or
13 programs are summarized by the following categories: (1) Large or Distinct Projects, (2)
14 Mandatory & Compliance Projects, (3) Programs and (4) Short-Lived Assets. This grouping
15 is consistent with past filings. The table also provides where the Business Cases supporting
16 the investment can be found in Exh. JDD-2.

² A level of 2023 and 2024 capital investment was approved in Docket Nos. UE-220053, et.al., subject to review and refund based on the annual Provisional Capital Reports to be filed on or before March 31, 2024 (2023 investment) and March 31, 2025 (2024 investment), respectively.

Table No. 2 – Pro Formed Investment July 2023 – December 2024³

WA GRC Plant Category	Project		07.2023-	2024 TTP	Exh.
	#	Business Case	12.2023 TTP (System)	(System)	JDD-2 Page #
Large or Distinct Projects	1	Jackson Prairie Natural Gas Storage Facility	\$ 1,748,191	\$ 2,397,000	3
	2	Local Reps Office Program	\$ -	\$ 248,981	11
	3	Metro 115kV Substation	\$ -	\$ 6,000,000	27
	4	Oil Storage Improvements	\$ 2,330,000	\$ 169,614	46
	5	Palouse Service Center	\$ -	\$ 746,533	59
	6	Strategic Initiatives - South Landing (Catalyst) - Clean Energy Fund 3	\$ 2,997,928	\$ -	76
	7	Strategic Initiatives - UIASSIT	\$ 149,960	\$ -	80
Large or Distinct Projects Total			\$ 7,226,080	\$ 9,562,128	
Mandatory & Compliance	8	Colstrip Transmission	\$ 133,074	\$ 650,119	88
	9	Elec Relocation and Replacement Program	\$ 3,869,387	\$ 7,000,011	95
	10	Gas Above Grade Pipe Remediation Program	\$ 339,000	\$ 650,004	103
	11	Gas Cathodic Protection Program	\$ 788,471	\$ 665,000	114
	12	Gas Facility Replacement Program (GFRP) Aldyl A Pipe Replacement	\$ 16,423,658	\$ 27,187,249	123
		Protocol for Managing Select Aldyl A Pipe in Avista Utilities' Natural Gas System			136
		Study of Aldyl A Pipe Leaks 2022 Update			171
	13	Gas Isolated Steel Replacement Program	\$ 1,368,102	\$ 2,000,000	182
	14	Gas Overbuilt Pipe Replacement Program	\$ 325,731	\$ 412,000	195
	15	Gas PMC Program	\$ 272,468	\$ 3,200,000	200
	16	Gas Replacement Street and Highway Program	\$ 2,696,316	\$ 3,718,000	209
	17	Gas Transient Voltage Mitigation Program	\$ 674,445	\$ 500,001	216
	18	Generation Interconnection	\$ 108,535	\$ -	227
	19	Joint Use	\$ 3,203,666	\$ 3,999,996	235
	20	Saddle Mountain 230/115kV Station (New) Integration Project Phase 2	\$ 2,984	\$ 716,783	244
	21	Transmission Construction - Compliance	\$ 2,138,505	\$ 500,000	253
	22	Transmission NERC Low-Risk Priority Lines Mitigation	\$ 2,366,517	\$ 1,133,452	261
	23	Westside 230/115kV Station Brownfield Rebuild Project	\$ -	\$ 4,717,625	269
	24	WSDOT Control Zone Mitigation	\$ 580,562	\$ 999,998	276
Mandatory & Compliance Total			\$ 35,291,423	\$ 58,050,238	
Programs	25	Capital Equipment Program	\$ 2,179,307	\$ 2,074,003	288
	26	Distribution Grid Modernization	\$ 1,055,048	\$ 987,476	296
	27	Distribution Minor Rebuild	\$ 6,779,574	\$ 12,999,990	308
	28	Distribution System Enhancements	\$ 6,106,491	\$ 10,162,656	318
	29	Downtown Network - Asset Condition	\$ 1,245,324	\$ 2,000,000	333
	30	Downtown Network - Performance & Capacity	\$ 2,736,210	\$ 1,200,021	349
	31	Electric Storm	\$ 6,935,274	\$ 4,975,634	361
	32	Fleet Services Capital Plan	\$ 3,891,975	\$ 6,850,000	369
	33	Gas ERT Replacement Program	\$ 302,676	\$ 225,000	384
	34	Gas Non-Revenue Program	\$ 3,685,505	\$ 9,682,000	396
	35	Gas Regulator Station Replacement Program	\$ 685,386	\$ 1,069,995	409
	36	Gas Reinforcement Program	\$ 468,738	\$ 1,577,830	421
	37	Gas Telemetry Program	\$ 184,132	\$ 100,000	433
	38	LED Change-Out Program	\$ 162,877	\$ 200,003	445
	39	Meter Minor Blanket	\$ 152,207	\$ 250,001	456
	40	New Revenue - Growth	\$ 61,695,518	\$ 78,505,094	462
	41	SCADA - SOO and BuCC	\$ 1,086,767	\$ 700,000	472
	42	Structures and Improvements/Furniture	\$ 4,056,748	\$ 5,348,646	483
	43	Substation - Asset Condition	\$ 17,853,298	\$ 25,772,370	503
	44	Substation - Performance and Capacity	\$ 3,760,226	\$ 8,621,160	518
	45	Transmission - Minor Rebuild	\$ 3,674,974	\$ 3,343,420	529
	46	Transmission - Performance & Capacity	\$ -	\$ 100,000	536
	47	Transmission Critical Crossing Reinforcement	\$ -	\$ 1,000,000	545
	48	Transmission Major Rebuild - Asset Condition	\$ 6,558,470	\$ 8,250,000	553
	49	Wood Pole Management	\$ 7,659,818	\$ 13,000,004	564
Programs Total			\$ 142,916,541	\$ 198,995,303	
Misc. accrual reversals, corrections or additional TTP			\$ 25,739	\$ 7,442	
Grand Total			\$ 185,459,783	\$ 266,615,111	
[1] Includes system pro forma capital for the period July 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023.					
[2] Totals exclude Idaho and Oregon direct business cases from revenue requirement in this case.					

³ As noted above, projects or programs listed in Table No. 3 with continuing 2025 and/or 2026 investment, are excluded from discussion here, and are discussed later in my testimony in Section IV. “Provisional Capital 2025 – 2026.”

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1 **Business Cases with 2023 and/or 2024 Project or Program Investment-Only:**

2 **Project #4 – Oil Storage Improvements – 2023: \$2,330,000; 2024: \$169,614**

3 Historically, Avista operated several oil storage tanks contained in an underground
4 vault on the Mission campus. These tanks, which were interconnected with several facilities
5 by underground piping and pumps, contained new oil products, used, but still viable oil, and
6 spent scrap oil, all related to our substation maintenance and electric distribution operations.
7 Over time, the Company experienced spill incidents and leaks in this underground system,
8 and in 2014, we installed two new above-ground scrap oil storage tanks as part of a new Waste
9 and Asset Recovery building. Installation of the new above ground tanks allowed the
10 Company to decommission two of the tanks in the underground vault, however, four of the
11 underground tanks and their associated piping still remain in service. The supporting business
12 case for this project can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 46.

13
14 **Project #6 – Strategic Initiatives – South Landing (Catalyst) – Clean Energy Fund 3 –**
15 **2023: \$2,997,928**

16 The Strategic Initiatives investments that I am sponsoring in this case pertains to the
17 Business Case for the Company’s Clean Energy Fund 3 project, for which Avista received a
18 Clean Energy Fund grant from the Washington State Department of Commerce. The Clean
19 Energy Fund 3 project is known as the Eco-District Grid Modernization project. This project
20 seeks to leverage Avista's participation in the Eco-District⁴ by utilizing the net-zero, carbon
21 free Catalyst Building constructed in the Eco-District to evaluate how these types of net zero,
22 carbon free developments impact the energy production and delivery system. Avista will

⁴ Avista’s eco-district, located in the Spokane university district, is an innovative shared energy model that uses a centralized heating, cooling, and electrical system to serve the energy needs of multiple buildings.

1 deploy advanced thermal and electric storage assets integrated with load control and inverter
2 technology with an overall objective to develop a control strategy within the Eco-District
3 which balances the competing certification requirements of net zero, carbon free
4 developments against grid utilization strategies to reduce unnecessary investment in grid
5 infrastructure.

6 This project is branded the Grid To Green Project (G2G Project). The G2G Project
7 assets and analytics will be designed to measure and value how net zero, and carbon free
8 developments impact the regional and local electrical system production and delivery system.
9 The G2G Project objectives are: (1) to deploy electric and thermal storage assets in the
10 Eco-District to modulate the voltage swings resulting from local intermittent generation; (2)
11 to deploy electric, thermal storage assets with load management control strategies to reduce
12 production, transmission and feeder peak demands; (3) to evaluate the transmission and
13 distribution deferral that may be created through the deployment of the Eco-District combined
14 with control and storage assets; and (4) to develop a social and economic outreach program
15 to incentivize local small business adjacent to the Eco-District to deploy demand response
16 programs. The supporting business case for this project can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting
17 at page 76.

18
19 **Project #7 – Strategic Initiatives – UIASSIST – 2023: \$149,960**

20 The UIASSIST project seeks to better enable and demonstrate the integration of grid
21 automation, energy storage, and renewable energy resources with enhanced cyber security
22 across the energy domains of the United States and India. Avista is one of 30 collaborating
23 entities from the United States and India incorporating 10 different test sites. The partners

1 include universities, national laboratories, solution providers, and utilities. Avista's role in the
2 project is to leverage the Innovation Lab to provide circuit and power hardware in the loop
3 simulation, demonstration assets in the form of the WSU microgrid, and operational data
4 sharing via Avista's Digital Exchange platform. The total project is \$39.7 million with \$7.5
5 million provided by DOE, \$7.5 million provided by U.S. partners, \$7.5 million provided by
6 the Government of India (GOI), and \$17.2 million provided by Indian partners. Avista's
7 capital cost share for the project is \$350,000 while the DOE is providing \$480,000 grant. The
8 supporting business case for this project can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 80.

9
10 **Project #14 – Gas Overbuilt Pipe Replacement Program – 2023: \$325,731; 2024:**
11 **\$412,000**

12 As a natural gas distribution system operator, Avista is required to operate within the
13 minimum safety standards outlined in Part 192 of the Department of Transportation's Code of
14 Federal Regulations (CFR). These regulations define the laws that all operators must legally
15 comply with in the operation of natural gas distribution systems. There are sections of existing
16 gas piping within Avista's gas distribution system that have experienced encroachment or have
17 been overbuilt by customer-constructed improvements (e.g. living structures, sheds, decks,
18 etc.) and were not designed for these conditions. Overbuilt facilities restrict Company access
19 to the pipe resulting in accessibility issues that interfere with our ability to perform certain
20 maintenance activities required by the federal regulations, such as meter inspections or leak
21 survey. These encroachments also impair our ability to safely operate and maintain these
22 facilities, which can become impossible if access to the ground above the piping is restricted.
23 More importantly, overbuilds present an increased risk to customers due to the threat that
24 leaking gas may be trapped inside a structure, increasing the possibility of potentially

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1 catastrophic accidents. The supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh.
2 JDD-2, starting at page 195.

3
4 **Project #17 – Gas Transient Voltage Mitigation Program – 2023: \$674,445; 2024:**
5 **\$500,001**

6 Avista has experienced safety issues including fires at Gas Regulator Stations due to
7 transient voltage spikes from faults on the adjacent electric transmission system. The purpose
8 of this program will be to identify high pressure gas piping systems that are at risk of these
9 conditions, identify systems that have high steady state voltage, and to then install mitigation
10 measures to reduce both these scenarios on the pipelines. These efforts will protect the pipeline
11 and equipment from being damaged and reduce the voltages exposure to below compliance
12 limits keeping our employees safe. Common approaches to this include the installation of
13 gradient mats, solid state decouplers (SSD), and copper counterpoise conductor. The
14 supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 216.
15 Direct offsets associated with this project are estimated at \$8,500 in 2024, \$8,700 in 2025,
16 and \$9,000 in 2026.

17
18 **Project #20 – Saddle Mountain 230/115kV Station (New) Integration Project Phase 2 –**
19 **2023: \$2,984; 2024: \$716,783**

20 The Company's need to construct a new Saddle Mountain substation is described
21 above in the Distribution section of my testimony. Construction of the new substation,
22 however, required a range of other work to be completed in phases in order to integrate it into
23 electric system. The investments I refer to in this section of the project represent improvements
24 to the communication equipment (SCADA backhaul) in order to monitor (i.e., review
25 telemetry), operate, and control the status of the equipment. The supporting business case for

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1 this project can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 244.

2
3 **Project #22 – Transmission – NERC Low-Risk Priority Lines Mitigation – 2023:**
4 **\$2,366,517; 2024: \$1,133,452**

5 Avista’s compliance with this mandatory standard requires that we conduct LiDAR
6 (Light Detection and Ranging) surveys⁵ on all subject transmission circuits to determine any
7 discrepancies between the design specifications and field measurements for conductor sag.⁶
8 While the subject NERC standard was offered as a recommendation to the industry, our
9 compliance with minimum clearance requirements is also required by the National Electric
10 Safety Code. NERC, however, is also closely monitoring the progress made by each utility in
11 complying with these requirements, via a required status report filed with them every six
12 months by each subject utility. When Avista identifies discrepancies through the surveys it
13 evaluates a range of actions to be taken to ensure we meet the stated clearance requirements.
14 The actions include reconfiguring insulator attachments, rebuilding or replacing structures and
15 removing earth below the span of line in question. The supporting business case for this
16 project can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 261.

17
18 **Project #23 – Westside 230/115kV Station Brownfield Rebuild Project – 2024:**
19 **\$4,717,625**

20 A P1 is a single element failure where we lose one of the two 230/115 kV
21 autotransformers. The existing Westside #1 230/115 kV transformer exceeds its applicable

⁵ Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) is a method of measuring distances (ranging) by illuminating a target with laser light and measuring the reflection with a sensor. Differences in laser light return times to the sensor and wavelengths are used to create a digital three-dimension representation of the target. Typically conducted on electric transmission by aerial flights.

⁶ Sag refers to the lowest point (closest to the earth) of the electrical conductor between any two supporting structures (poles), measured as the vertical distance from the top of the supports to the lowest hanging point of the conductor between them.

1 facility rating for the P1 event of the Westside #2 230/115 kV transformer. System
2 performance analysis indicated an inability of the system to meet the performance
3 requirements in Table 1 of NERC TPL-001-4 in scenarios representing 2017 Heavy Summer
4 for P1 events. The problem prior to construction at the Westside Substation was that a P1
5 resulted in another element exceeding its rated capacity, which is not allowable under NERC
6 TPL-001-4. We mitigated this issue by replacing the transformers with larger-capacity units.
7 In order to facilitate these replacements, construction in the surrounding station also took
8 place. The end result included necessary adjacent upgrades to connect the autotransformers,
9 including increased switching/bus-work capacity, and more reliable and functional protection
10 schemes. While the site is now technically in compliance with the NERC TPL standard, the
11 adjacent construction work to match switching and bus capabilities to the new transformers is
12 still finishing up in 2024. The supporting business case for this project can be found in Exh.
13 JDD-2, starting at page 269.

14
15 **IV. 2025-2026 PROVISIONAL ELECTRIC AND NATURAL GAS ENERGY**
16 **DELIVERY SYSTEMS, FLEET, AND OFFICE AND OPERATIONS FACILITIES**
17

18 **Q. Are you supporting 2025 through 2026 capital investments as a part of**
19 **your testimony in this case?**

20 A. Yes. Table No. 3 below provides a listing of the provisional capital investments
21 for 2025 through 2026 by investment category in my areas of responsibility. The table also
22 provides where the Business Case supporting the project can be found in Exh. JDD-2.

Table No. 3 – Provisional Capital Additions for 2025-2026 (System)

WA GRC Plant Category	Project #	Business Case	2025 TIP (System)	2026 TIP (System)	Exh. JDD-2 Page #
Large or Distinct Projects	1	Jackson Prairie Natural Gas Storage Facility	\$ 2,386,000	\$ 2,386,000	3
	2	Local Reps Office Program	\$ 248,983	\$ -	11
	3	Metro 115kV Substation	\$ 3,200,004	\$ 38,700,000	27
	5	Palouse Service Center	\$ 750,011	\$ -	59
	50	Central 24 HR Operations Facility	\$ -	\$ 3,499,757	577
	51	West Plains New 230kV Substation	\$ -	\$ 3,950,000	594
Large or Distinct Projects Total			\$ 6,584,998	\$ 48,535,757	
Mandatory & Compliance	8	Colstrip Transmission	\$ 569,999	\$ 99,997	88
	9	Elec Relocation and Replacement Program	\$ 7,000,013	\$ 7,000,005	95
	10	Gas Above Grade Pipe Remediation Program	\$ 650,004	\$ 650,004	103
	11	Gas Cathodic Protection Program	\$ 665,000	\$ 665,000	114
	12	Gas Facility Replacement Program (GFRP) Aldyl A Pipe Replacement	\$ 27,999,995	\$ 29,999,998	123
		Protocol for Managing Select Aldyl A Pipe in Avista Utilities' Natural Gas System			136
		Study of Aldyl A Pipe Leaks 2022 Update			171
	13	Gas Isolated Steel Replacement Program	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	182
	15	Gas PMC Program	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 3,000,000	200
	16	Gas Replacement Street and Highway Program	\$ 3,830,000	\$ 3,945,000	209
	18	Generation Interconnection	\$ 38,006	\$ 554,008	227
	19	Joint Use	\$ 3,999,996	\$ 3,000,000	235
	21	Transmission Construction - Compliance	\$ 500,000	\$ 250,000	253
	24	WSDOT Control Zone Mitigation	\$ 999,998	\$ 2,000,002	276
Mandatory & Compliance Total			\$ 51,453,011	\$ 53,164,014	
Programs	25	Capital Equipment Program	\$ 2,079,010	\$ 2,085,001	288
	26	Distribution Grid Modernization	\$ 979,842	\$ 911,763	296
	27	Distribution Minor Rebuild	\$ 12,999,991	\$ 12,204,154	308
	28	Distribution System Enhancements	\$ 7,499,982	\$ 9,999,987	318
	29	Downtown Network - Asset Condition	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	333
	30	Downtown Network - Performance & Capacity	\$ 1,200,022	\$ 1,200,753	349
	31	Electric Storm	\$ 5,000,005	\$ 5,000,008	361
	32	Fleet Services Capital Plan	\$ 5,748,784	\$ 7,092,857	369
	33	Gas ERT Replacement Program	\$ 235,000	\$ 245,000	384
	34	Gas Non-Revenue Program	\$ 9,972,000	\$ 10,272,000	396
	35	Gas Regulator Station Replacement Program	\$ 1,069,995	\$ 1,069,995	409
	36	Gas Reinforcement Program	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	421
	37	Gas Telemetry Program	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	433
	38	LED Change-Out Program	\$ 199,999	\$ 199,999	445
	39	Meter Minor Blanket	\$ 250,001	\$ 250,001	456
	40	New Revenue - Growth	\$ 73,745,609	\$ 75,985,327	462
	41	SCADA - SOO and BuCC	\$ 700,000	\$ 701,014	472
	42	Structures and Improvements/Furniture	\$ 4,238,511	\$ 4,399,224	483
	43	Substation - Asset Condition	\$ 44,265,853	\$ 34,666,286	503
	44	Substation - Performance and Capacity	\$ 7,399,007	\$ 1,350,006	518
	45	Transmission - Minor Rebuild	\$ 3,343,420	\$ 3,343,419	529
	46	Transmission - Performance & Capacity	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 500,000	536
	47	Transmission Critical Crossing Reinforcement	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	545
	48	Transmission Major Rebuild - Asset Condition	\$ 9,040,634	\$ 10,000,000	553
49	Wood Pole Management	\$ 9,999,994	\$ 9,999,994	564	
Programs Total			\$ 205,467,659	\$ 196,576,788	
Grand Total			\$ 263,505,668	\$ 298,276,559	
[1] Includes system pro forma capital for the period July 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023.					
[2] Totals exclude Idaho and Oregon direct business cases from revenue requirement in this case.					

Q. With respect to each business case, where can a more complete discussion of “alternatives” considered, “benefits to customers”, “cost controls”, and “savings be found”?

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1 A. Because this information can generally be found in each business case itself
2 (See Exh. JDD-2), I have generally only provided a description of the project or program and
3 additional context in my testimony below.

4 **Q. These projects, taken as a whole, are all characterized as “provisional” in**
5 **nature. What does that mean?**

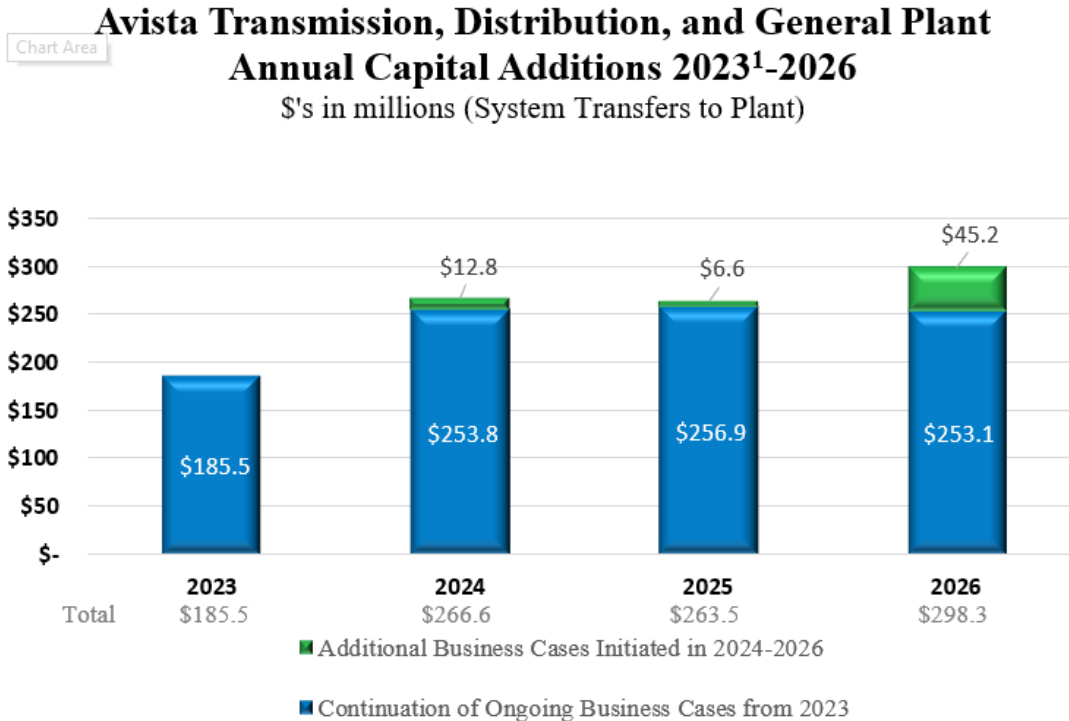
6 A. As explained by Ms. Benjamin, projects for 2025 through 2026 have been
7 characterized as provisional. First, as provisional, the Company has segregated the capital
8 investments into category designations discussed in the Commission’s “Used and Useful
9 Policy Statement,” dated January 31, 2020 in Docket U-190531, including capital investments
10 grouped as “Large or Distinct”, “Programmatic”, “Short-Lived” and “Mandatory and
11 Compliance,” for ease of review and audit. Second, “provisional” designates these capital
12 additions as subject to final “review and refund” in a future period. Ms. Benjamin discusses
13 the Company’s proposal for Provisional Reporting for capital additions, by year, for 2025
14 through 2026.

15 **Q. In the following section, are there projects being described that relate to**
16 **capital investments from July 2023 through 2026?**

17 A. Yes. As described above in Section III, certain business cases with projects
18 having expected transfers in 2023 and/or 2024, as well as expected transfers in 2025 and/or
19 2026 are consolidated and described below.

20 Illustration No. 1 below portrays the Distribution, Transmission, and General Plant
21 Capital Investments from 2023 through 2026 included in this case, distinguishing between
22 what are ongoing projects from 2023, and new projects introduced in 2024-2026.

Illustration No. 1: Distribution/Transmission/General Plant Investment



¹2023 includes the pro forma period of July-December only.

As you can see from this illustration, most of the capital investment relates to ongoing, multi-year efforts that continue over time, at various funding levels. The rationale and justification for these ongoing projects or programs, however, do not change over time, only the funding levels. New incremental projects are discussed below.

Q. Is all of the support for these projects and programs in July 2023 through 2026 the same?

A. Yes, the support is the same, and therefore I will not repeat that same information for these programs in this section of testimony. For those projects not included in Table No. 3 above, I will provide a brief description of each project below.

Q. Regarding 2025 and 2026 capital investment, when will the projects or

1 **programs receive their final review after they are put into service?**

2 A. As discussed by Company witness Ms. Benjamin, provisional capital for 2025
3 through 2026 will be reviewed through the annual provisional capital reporting, filed on or
4 before March 31st after each completed reporting period, to assure that they are in service,
5 used & useful, and the final expenditures reviewed.

6 **Q. That stated, regarding 2023 and 2024 capital investments, when did, or**
7 **will, the projects or programs receive their final review after they are put into service?**

8 A. The Commission approved of the level of capital investments through 2024,
9 contingent upon the provisional capital review filings in March 2024 for 2023-capital
10 investments, and in March 2025 for 2024 capital investments, in the Company's last general
11 rate case.

12 **Q. For the 2025 to 2026 capital additions for which you are responsible, is the**
13 **Company seeking to include all of those investments in rates in this case?**

14 A. Yes.

15 **Q. Please describe Avista's approach for evaluating and managing these**
16 **project and program investments.**

17 A. Proposals for individual projects and programs are initially developed,
18 reviewed, and evaluated by each responsible business unit often followed by review,
19 evaluation and prioritization by higher-level review committees, such as Avista's ERT
20 discussed earlier, the Aldyl A Pipe Advisory Group, and the Facilities Steering Committee.
21 In this review, projects are evaluated for completeness of the problem statement, the
22 identification and evaluation of reasonable alternatives, applicable risks, and other elements.
23 Once refined the finalized proposals are submitted to the Company's Capital Planning Group

1 for consideration and recommendation of funding (as discussed by Mr. Christie). If approved
2 for funding, the Project Engineer or Manager identifies critical project milestones and
3 resources needed to achieve them. In this phase, major equipment with long lead times may
4 be purchased, necessary permitting identified and completed, and contracting processes
5 initiated.

6 During execution, the Company's Project Managers create a detailed work schedule,
7 establish inspection, monitoring, safety, environmental, and invoicing protocols. Standard
8 project management practices are employed to effectively guide the work, identify, and
9 manage project risks, recommend needed changes to scope and budget, and track and report
10 out on overall status. Project results are regularly reviewed with the responsible Department
11 Manager, applicable committee, and/or Director whose review includes budget allocations
12 and variances, internal resource demands, customer care results and issues, and contractor
13 performance.

14 **Q. Are alternatives vetted for these projects before approvals are given?**

15 A. Yes. As mentioned above, where there are reasonable alternatives, the
16 evaluation of those are discussed in each Business Case (Business Case documents for the
17 investments I am sponsoring have been included as Exh. JDD-2).

18 **Q. How is Avista's leadership informed of the project and program status?**

19 A. As described above, project and program status and results are communicated
20 up departmental lines through various committees, and to me via my Director-level direct
21 reports. Program and project results are also reported directly to Avista's Capital Planning
22 Group, and the Company's senior leaders, including myself, through steering committees,
23 various business meetings, and presentations.

1 **Q. Has the Company calculated and included a description of any offsetting**
2 **benefits to the capital projects in this case?**

3 A. For those capital projects that have direct offsetting benefits, I have included a
4 description of the offsets in the project description. Company witness Ms. Andrews (see Exh.
5 EMA-1T and Exh. EMA-3) provides an explanation of how the direct offsets are factored into
6 the revenue requirement of this case, an explanation of the Company's 2% efficiency
7 adjustment for investments that have no direct offsets and are not a required investment, and
8 a description of indirect offsets associated with the capital projects in this case.

9
10 **Project #1 – Jackson Prairie Natural Gas Storage Facility**

11 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
12 **project through 2026?**

13 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
14 \$1,748,191 for 2023 and \$2,397,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has included the
15 amount of \$2,386,000 for 2025 and \$2,386,000 for 2026.

16 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments in the Jackson Prairie Joint**
17 **Project.**

18 A. Avista is one third joint owner in the Jackson Prairie Natural Gas Storage
19 Project and has long relied on this asset to optimize gas prices and supply for the benefit of its
20 customers. Like any asset, investments must be made in the facility each year to ensure the
21 integrity of its safe, efficient, and cost-effective operation. Avista participates with its joint
22 owners to identify and vet upcoming capital needs and to approve annual investments to be
23 made in the facility. Company witness Mr. Kinney provides further information regarding

1 Avista's ownership in Jackson Prairie. The supporting business case for this project can be
2 found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 3.

3
4 **Project #2 – Local Reps Office Program**

5 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
6 **project through 2026?**

7 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are \$0 for
8 2023 and \$248,981 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the amount of
9 \$248,983 for 2025.

10 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments made under the Local Reps**
11 **Office Program.**

12 A. Both the Ritzville and Chewelah locations require extensive updates to the
13 existing structures. As these buildings were not designed for Avista's needs, we proposed
14 replacing these buildings with a new construction building on the existing sites rather than
15 investing in structures that do not meet the requirements. The Ritzville and Chewelah
16 buildings and the sites have many critical systems that need replacement including, HVAC,
17 plumbing, and roof systems. There are many worn assets in dire need of replacement, as many
18 of the capital projects have been put on hold until the future state of the site is known. Due to
19 budget constrains we are moving forward with targeted transfers to plant for 2024 and 2025
20 to maintain the existing assets by addressing asset condition concerns and operational
21 needs. The supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at
22 page 11.

1 **Project #3 – Metro 115kV Station Rebuild**

2 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
3 **project through 2026?**

4 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are \$0 for
5 2023 and \$6,000,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the amount of
6 \$3,200,004 for 2025 and \$38,700,000 for 2026.

7 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments made under the Metro 115kV**
8 **Station Rebuild project.**

9 A. The selected choice for the Metro 115kV Substation rebuild includes four
10 115kV lines, ring bus configuration with 6 breakers, two 30 MVA power transformers, 9
11 network feeders and 2 distribution feeders, 8 air core reactors with enclosures, and switchgear
12 in its own enclosure. Also included in the substation cost is an architectural security wall
13 enclosure to provide security around the site, an underground cable vault for the large amount
14 of network cables, a control and battery enclosure to house the control panels, and multiple
15 underground duct banks that provide pathways in/out of the site for distribution, network, and
16 transmission. The location of the new Metro substation in the Spokane’s downtown core
17 requires the security wall enclosure to adhere to a design review and permitting process that
18 also includes architectural, landscaping, and other requirements to meet the downtown
19 aesthetic. This site’s smaller footprint requires unique layouts and designs to accommodate
20 all the structures and equipment needed. The substantial cost increases in equipment and
21 materials of the past few years have impacted the overall project budget and long-lead time
22 equipment has had a negative impact on the timeline resulting in a longer construction period
23 as well. The supporting business case for this project can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at

1 page 27.

2
3 **Project #5 – Palouse Service Center**

4 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
5 **project through 2026?**

6 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are \$0 for
7 2023 and \$746,533 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included \$750,011 for 2025.

8 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments made under the Palouse**
9 **Service Center Project.**

10 A. The proposed solution is to relocate the Pullman Service Center to an entirely
11 new location, where we will locate the office, line dock, pole yard and the warehouse. We will
12 then sell the existing building to offset the cost. This will allow for future growth. Having all
13 materials, supplies and staff in one location allows for improved use of resources and response
14 times. The Pullman building and the site have many critical systems that need replacement,
15 including electrical, HVAC, plumbing and roof systems. There are many worn assets in dire
16 need of replacement, as many of the capital projects have been put on hold until the future
17 state of the site is known. Due to budget constrains we are moving forward with targeted
18 transfers to plant for 2024 and 2025 to maintain the existing assets by addressing asset
19 condition concerns and operational needs. As funds become available in the future there will
20 be a design completed for the building of a New Pullman Service Center to transfer to plant
21 in 2029-2030. The supporting business case for this project can be found in Exh. JDD-2,
22 starting at page 59.

23 **Q. Are there any direct offsetting benefits associated with this program?**

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1 A. Yes. This will be realized once the project is fully completed, but we anticipate
2 seeing direct offsets related to energy savings from more efficient equipment. This is
3 estimated at about \$501 yearly savings (\$50,108 yearly energy costs x 1% per sqft = \$501
4 yearly savings). We also anticipate the future sale of existing building and yard as a direct
5 offset of \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000. This is the estimated value but may vary based on the
6 market at the time of the sale. Given these are future offsets, nothing has been included in this
7 case.

8
9 **Project #8 – Colstrip Transmission**

10 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
11 **project through 2026?**

12 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
13 \$133,074 for 2023 and \$650,119 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
14 amount of \$569,999 for 2025 and \$99,997 for 2026.

15 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments made under the Colstrip**
16 **Transmission Program.**

17 A. Investment in the assets associated with the Colstrip Transmission System is
18 necessary to continue safe and reliable operation of the electric transmission equipment
19 associated with the System, of which the Company retains an ownership share. The System
20 maintains the Company’s ability to integrate its Colstrip generation assets for service to
21 bundled retail native load customers and provides the Company with a future transmission
22 alternative to integrate prospective renewable resources located in Montana. The supporting
23 business case for this project can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 8.

1 **Project #9 – Electric Relocation and Replacement Program**

2 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
3 **project through 2026?**

4 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
5 \$3,869,387 for 2023 and \$7,000,011 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
6 amount of \$7,000,013 for 2025 and \$7,000,005 for 2026.

7 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments in the Electric Relocation and**
8 **Replacement Program.**

9 A. The Electric Replacement and Relocation (Road Moves) program is driven by
10 compliance that is mandated by the Franchise Agreement contracts with local city and state
11 entities, and permits issued by railroad owners. Within each agreement, there are provisions
12 for relocation of utilities at the request of the right-of-way (ROW) owner. Under a Franchise
13 Agreement or Permit, Avista is allowed to occupy space within a ROW owned by the
14 respective jurisdiction in order to serve its customers but must relocate utilities at the request
15 of the ROW owner. Electric relocations occur every year, mainly during construction season,
16 but are primarily unplanned, so historical trends are used to estimate the annual cost to fully
17 fund all the relocation projects.

18 This is mandatory work in order for us to remain in compliance and be allowed to
19 continue operating in the public right-of-way. Due to the nature of the work there are no
20 alternatives. If unfunded, Avista would not be able to perform necessary work and would be
21 out of compliance with established franchise agreements and/or permits. The continued
22 collaboration with state and local entities benefits our customer by allowing us to install
23 electric equipment along ROW's so we can continue to provide our customers with safe,

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1 reliable, and affordable service. The supporting business case for this program can be found
2 in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 95.

3
4 **Project #10 – Gas Above Grade Remediation Program**

5 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
6 **project through 2026?**

7 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
8 \$339,000 for 2023 and \$650,004 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
9 amount of \$650,004 for 2025 and \$650,004 for 2026.

10 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments in Gas Above Grade**
11 **Remediation Program.**

12 A. Within Avista's natural gas distribution system there are sections of gas
13 pipelines located above grade at crossings such as bridges, small ditches, irrigation canals,
14 and other crossings where it is difficult to install buried pipelines. These above grade facilities
15 vary in age, condition, design, compliance, and overall risk. The Company's investment in the
16 Gas Above Grade Remediation Program provides capital funding for remediating the highest
17 risk locations that cannot be sufficiently mitigated or resolved through O&M maintenance
18 activities (e.g. pipe support replacement, coating/wrap repairs, etc.). The supporting business
19 case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 103.

20 **Q. Are there any direct offsetting benefits associated with this program?**

21 A. Yes. Remediating high risk above grade pipelines using capital funding from
22 this program will eliminate future O&M maintenance and pipeline quarterly patrolling
23 activities. It's estimated that this will provide a direct cost offset of approximately \$331,500

1 over the next 20 years, with approximately \$29,000 over the Two-Year Rate Plan.

2 **Project #11 – Gas Cathodic Protection Program**

3 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
4 **project through 2026?**

5 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
6 \$788,471 for 2023 and \$665,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
7 amount of \$665,000 for 2025 and \$665,000 for 2026.

8 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments in the Gas Cathodic**
9 **Protection Program.**

10 A. Avista uses cathodic protection anode systems to reduce corrosion on buried
11 steel gas piping. There are approximately 250 anode systems in use throughout our service
12 territory. The anodes used in these systems corrode over time and need to be replaced every
13 20 – 30 years. Additionally, as pipe coating degrades over time, additional anode systems
14 must be added. The investments made under this program include installing new and
15 replacement anodes and electronic equipment used to remotely control and monitor the anode
16 systems. The supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting
17 at page 114.

18
19 **Project #12 – Gas Facility Replacement Program (GFRP) Aldyl A Pipe Replacement**

20 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
21 **project through 2026?**

22 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
23 \$16,423,658 for 2023 and \$27,187,249 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included

1 the amount of \$27,999,995 for 2025 and \$29,999,998 for 2026.

2 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments GFRP Aldyl A Pipe**
3 **Replacement.**

4 A. The Aldyl A Pipe Replacement Program⁷ is a 20-year structured pipe
5 replacement effort with dedicated internal and external resources focused on reducing natural
6 gas system risk on a prioritized basis, by replacing priority Aldyl A pipe throughout Avista's
7 natural gas distribution system. The Gas Facility Replacement Program (GFRP) was initiated
8 in 2012 and is planned to continue for 20 years in Washington, until the end of 2031. The
9 supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, pages 123 - 181.

10 **Q. Are there any direct offsetting benefits associated with this program?**

11 A. Yes. Aldyl-A gas main is leak surveyed on an annual basis rather than the
12 standard five-year cycle of other intermediate pressure natural gas mains. The 2023 contracted
13 cost to survey one linear foot of gas main is \$0.0458. When factoring in the 402 miles of
14 Aldyl-A that has been removed from Avista's system since 2012 and the forecasted
15 replacement scheduled between 2024-2028 we anticipate a direct cost savings of \$104,630 in
16 2024, \$112,037 in 2025, and \$119,389 in 2026.

17
18 **Project #13 Gas Isolated Steel Replacement Program**

19 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
20 **project through 2026?**

⁷ This pipe replacement program is managed by the Company's Gas Facility Replacement Program, which is the organizational program responsible for managing all aspects of replacement planning and execution of all individual replacement projects. Multiple individual projects are carried out across our natural gas service area each year.

1 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
2 \$1,368,102 for 2023 and \$2,000,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
3 amount of \$2,000,000 for 2025 and \$2,000,000 for 2026.

4 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments in the Isolated Steel**
5 **Replacement Program.**

6 A. Related to our cathodic protection systems, the Company is required to identify
7 portions of its natural gas system where we have “cathodically isolated” sections of steel
8 piping, including natural gas service risers, and to replace them with non-corrosive pipe within
9 a specified timeframe. Isolated steel sections are just that, they are electrically separated from
10 the cathodic protection system by sections of non-corrosive (plastic) pipe or by fittings that
11 are insulated and prohibit the transmission of cathodic protection. Because these sections are
12 not connected to the cathodic protection system, they are not afforded the extra level of
13 protection beyond their protective coating. Identifying and replacing isolated steel sections of
14 pipe is required by federal and state regulations.⁸ The supporting business case for this
15 program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 182.

16
17 **Project #15 – Gas PMC Program**

18 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
19 **project through 2026?**

20 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
21 \$272,468 for 2023 and \$3,200,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
22 amount of \$3,200,000 for 2025 and \$3,000,000 for 2026.

⁸ Docket PG-100049.

1 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments in its Natural Gas PMC**
2 **Program.**

3 A. Avista is required by Commission rules and tariffs in its three state jurisdictions
4 to annually test a portion of its natural gas meters for accuracy, and to ensure overall meter
5 performance. This program is known as the Planned Meter Changeout Program (PMC) and
6 uses a statistical sampling methodology⁹ to determine the number of meter changeouts that
7 must be completed each year. If samples from a meter “family” are not meeting accuracy
8 standards, then the Company will remove that population of meters from service. Conversely,
9 if the results meet our standards of accuracy, then the sample size for that meter family may
10 be reduced in the future. These analytics help control costs and remove meters quickly when
11 not performing well. The supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-
12 2, starting at page 200.

13
14 **Project #16 – Gas Replacement Street and Highway Program**

15 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
16 **project through 2026?**

17 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
18 \$2,696,316 for 2023 and \$3,718,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
19 amount of \$3,830,000 for 2025 and \$3,945,000 for 2026.

20 **Q. Please describe the Company’s current investments in the Gas**
21 **Replacement Street and Highway Program.**

22 A. Nearly all Avista’s natural gas pipelines are located in public utility easements

⁹ ANSI Z1.9 “Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Variables for Percent Nonconforming.”

1 set aside for this purpose, which are controlled by jurisdictional franchise agreements. Avista
2 is required under these agreements to relocate its facilities, at our cost, when local
3 jurisdictional projects, typically transportation, require the move. In some instances, the
4 Company will have a substantial lead time to plan, budget, design, and permit for the move,
5 but in most cases, we're notified of the need to move during the year the project must be
6 completed. The supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2,
7 starting at page 209.

8
9 **Project #18 – Generation Interconnection**

10 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
11 **project through 2026?**

12 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
13 \$108,535 for 2023 and \$0 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the amount
14 of \$38,006 for 2025 and \$554,008 for 2026.

15 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments made under the Generation**
16 **Interconnection Program.**

17 A. Pursuant to the Company's mandatory federal compliance requirements under
18 Avista's Open Access Transmission Tariff (Tariff) and applicable Federal Energy Regulatory
19 Commission (FERC) rules and regulations, the Company must fund the design and
20 construction of new and/or upgraded transmission facilities to provide generation
21 interconnection service. The Interconnection Customer provides initial advanced funding for
22 Network Upgrades, the Company must ultimately provide repayment (or Transmission
23 Service credits) to the Interconnection Customer over a specified period of time, not to exceed

1 20 years after the generating facility commences commercial operation. The supporting
2 business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 227.

3
4 **Project #19 – Joint Use**

5 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
6 **project through 2026?**

7 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
8 \$3,203,666 for 2023 and \$3,999,996 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
9 amount of \$3,999,996 for 2025 and \$3,000,000 for 2026.

10 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments in Joint Use projects.**

11 A. Joint Use is the regulated use of utility poles and other structures by third-party
12 telecommunications companies in order for them to provide their services to the customers
13 we have in common. Avista licenses 73 unique entities that are attached to over 150,000 poles
14 across Avista’s service territory and is required by federal, state, and local laws to allow non-
15 discriminatory access to those assets. Even though this relationship is mandated by law and is
16 compliance driven, Avista agrees that this practice provides a direct benefit to our customers
17 who desire those services.

18 Part of this requirement includes the obligation of Avista to replace infrastructure to
19 taller stronger structures in order to accommodate or “make ready” those facilities for new
20 attachments. This make ready work falls under capital expense and Avista is allowed to
21 recover the actual costs from the requesting attacher. Avista is also allowed to recover a
22 portion of the cost of replacing & maintaining shared infrastructure via a regulated yearly pole
23 rental fee. Avista would face potential regulatory and or civil legal action if timelines and

1 obligations are not met due to a lack of funding. The supporting business case for this project
2 can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 235.

3
4 **Project #21 – Transmission Construction – Compliance**

5 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
6 **project through 2026?**

7 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
8 \$2,138,505 for 2023 and \$500,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
9 amount of \$500,000 for 2025 and \$250,000 for 2026.

10 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments made under the Transmission**
11 **Construction – Compliance Program.**

12 A. This program covers the transmission rebuild and reconductor work identified
13 by the Company as necessary to maintain compliance with the NERC reliability standards.¹⁰
14 The applicable standard requires Avista to complete an annual planning assessment, to
15 identify shortfalls and corrective actions, and for those actions to be timely implemented
16 within specific timeframes to remedy identified system performance deficiencies. Avista’s
17 Transmission Construction - Compliance Program identifies funding needed to mitigate
18 identified reliability issues, ensuring our compliance with NERC requirements. In addition to
19 meeting NERC standards, this program also includes construction to remedy issues on any
20 transmission line that is not compliant with the current capacity criteria under the National

¹⁰NERC Reliability Standard TPL-001-4 – Transmission System Planning Performance Requirements (“Standard”), has 8 requirements and 57 sub-requirements related to planning and analysis, including the requirement for robust system models to determine system stability, voltage levels and system performance under various scenarios.

1 Electric Safety Code (NESC). The NESC minimum criteria have also been adopted as
2 requirements by the State of Washington. The supporting business case for this program can
3 be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 253.

4
5 **Project #24 – WSDOT Control Zone Mitigation**

6 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
7 **project through 2026?**

8 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
9 \$580,562 for 2023 and \$999,998 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
10 amount of \$999,998 for 2025 and \$2,000,002 for 2026.

11 **Q. Please describe the Company’s WSDOT Control Zone Mitigation**
12 **Program.**

13 A. This program was developed to mitigate poles identified to be in the control
14 zones within Washington State highway rights of way. Twenty-nine of Avista’s thirty-five
15 WSDOT Franchise Agreements have expired, and as part of renewing the agreements, the
16 poles located within the control zone must be moved to meet the WSDOT Control Zone
17 requirements. There are 1,000 pole locations that must be mitigated as part of this plan.
18 However, movement of the identified poles will impact neighboring poles which will then
19 need to be moved. This program will also address scenic highway compliance, crossing wire
20 heights, and previously red-tagged poles left in place due to expired Franchise Agreements.
21 In 2020, the Control Zone Steering Committee worked to create a plan to mitigate this issue
22 which led to this Business Case.

23 The program is designed to meet the WSDOT Clear Zone requirements and allow

1 Avista to obtain renewed franchise agreements that allow Avista to maintain its facilities in a
2 proactive manner. Our customers will benefit by moving poles considered to be elevated risk
3 for hitting if a vehicle leaves the traveled path and reduces unplanned outages from identified
4 failed assets. The risks of not proceeding with this business case means:

5 • Avista facilities will be maintained in a run-to-failure mode as identified rejected
6 poles are not replaced promptly

7 • Wildland-urban interface (WUI) required retrofitting may not take place.

8 • Potential car-hit-poles are left in place.

9 Finally, RCW Title 47.44.060 Penalties describes the WSDOT out of compliance
10 Franchise risk: Without having obtained and kept the franchise in full force and effect at all
11 times is guilty of a misdemeanor. Each day of violation is a separate and distinct offense. A
12 civil penalty of \$100 per calendar day of violation may be assessed until such time that the
13 subject facility is removed. This program also helps ensure that Avista's poles are inspected
14 and maintained within its current twenty-year cycle. The supporting business case for this
15 program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 276.

16
17 **Project #25 – Capital Equipment Program**

18 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
19 **project through 2026?**

20 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
21 \$2,179,307 for 2023 and \$2,074,003 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
22 amount of \$2,079,010 for 2025 and \$2,085,001 for 2026.

23 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments in the Capital Equipment**

Direct Testimony of Joshua D. DiLuciano
Avista Corporation
Dockets UE-240006 and UG-240007

1 **Program (previously Capital Tools and Stores).**

2 A. This program provides funding for the tools and equipment needed for Avista's
3 employees to perform new construction, make repairs, complete essential maintenance, and
4 ensure system integrity. This equipment, which needs to be adequate and fully available for
5 both planned work and emergency response, has to meet the needs of our electric, natural gas,
6 communications, fleet, facilities and generation crews, and infrastructure. The supporting
7 business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 288.

8

9 **Project #26 – Distribution Grid Modernization**

10 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
11 **project through 2026?**

12 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
13 \$1,055,048 for 2023 and \$987,476 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
14 amount of \$979,842 for 2025 and \$911,763 for 2026.

15 **Q. Please describe the Company's Distribution Grid Modernization**
16 **Program.**

17 A. The purpose of this program is to rebuild and upgrade every electric feeder in
18 Avista's distribution system. Some objectives within this program are replacing end of life
19 assets, while evaluating improvements in feeder design to bolster service reliability, capture
20 energy efficiency savings, and improve operational ability, code compliance and safety.¹¹
21 These objectives are accomplished through the systematic replacement of end-of-life

¹¹ Instead of simply replacing equipment like poles in place and in kind, Grid Modernization looks at the overall feeder design to evaluate the opportunity for gains captured through new designs, feeder alignment, dividing feeders, and new technology.

1 equipment, such as old poles, conductor, and transformers, with new and more energy-
2 efficient equipment that ensures the long-term, efficient operability of the system. Other issues
3 addressed on each feeder include pole realignment to address accessibility issues and right-
4 of-way concerns, potential feeder undergrounding, coordination of joint use facilities, and
5 clear zone compliance. On qualifying feeders, additional system reliability value is captured
6 by installing distribution line automation devices to help isolate outages and reduce the
7 number of customers that experience a sustained outage (also known as feeder automation).
8 The supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page
9 296.

10
11 **Project #27 – Distribution Minor Rebuild**

12 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
13 **project through 2026?**

14 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
15 \$6,779,574 for 2023 and \$12,999,990 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included
16 the amount of \$12,999,991 for 2025 and \$12,204,154 for 2026.

17 **Q. Please describe the Company's Distribution Minor Rebuild Program.**

18 A. Distribution Minor Rebuild is an ongoing program that focuses on keeping the
19 distribution system in a safe and reliable condition for customers, ensuring responsiveness to
20 unplanned damages on distribution assets (car hit pole, broken crossarm, burned up
21 transformer, etc.) that are not related to weather events, as well as small customer driven
22 rebuilds. Throughout the entire distribution system, minor rebuilds, or replacement of asset
23 units are required to be completed to maintain system reliability and safety.

1 The work includes failed asset replacements, small mandatory or compliance driven
2 work, smaller performance and capacity improvements, or unplanned customer requests.
3 Occasionally, larger projects with an identified need and short timeframe for implementation
4 are constructed under the Distribution Minor Rebuild business case. Even though the work is
5 unplanned, Minor Rebuild work occurs regularly due to the nature of the utility business and
6 numerous assets in the field spread over a wide geographical area. An adverse accumulation
7 of unrepaired assets would greatly put line workers and the public at risk as minor asset
8 failures begin to deteriorate pockets of the distribution system as well as decreasing the
9 reliability of the distribution system. The supporting business case for this program can be
10 found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 308.

11
12 **Project #28 – Distribution System Enhancements**

13 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
14 **project through 2026?**

15 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
16 \$6,106,491 for 2023 and \$10,162,656 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included
17 the amount of \$7,499,982 for 2025 and \$9,999,987 for 2026.

18 **Q. Please describe the Company’s Distribution System Enhancements.**

19 A. Avista’s electric distribution system consists of 370 discrete primary electric
20 circuits (feeders) encompassing over 19,300 circuit miles of overhead conductors and
21 underground cables, along with all the other equipment needed to operate an electric
22 distribution system. Load Demands on the grid are dynamic with load patterns changing
23 because of many factors including weather, temperature, economic conditions, conservation

1 efforts, and seasonal variations. The distribution grid is managed by division or ‘Operations
2 Engineers’ and centralized Distribution Planning. The performance and capacity needs of this
3 system are constantly changing, and this business case is the main tool available to our
4 Operations Engineers so that they can keep up with these system demands. Most of the work
5 completed with this business case addresses capacity constraints driven by load growth, which
6 we anticipate being higher in coming years than historical growth rates, throughout the
7 system.

8 The main driver for this business case is load growth on our electric distribution
9 system. This business case is primarily focused on ensuring that our electric distribution
10 system can accommodate our load growth. In this business case our engineers are looking at
11 the system as a whole within their areas and identifying needed projects that will keep the
12 system operating within acceptable parameters. Other drivers of this business case include
13 power quality investigations and subsequent mitigation projects which are initiated by
14 customer inquiries or engineering analysis work. Work is also driven by reliability, system
15 performance issues, and safety concerns that are identified by our engineers and/or operation
16 personnel. Power quality, reliability and safety driven projects completed through this
17 business case are meant to mitigate code violations and observed system issues that will help
18 maintain adequate levels of service in these areas for our customers. Operational flexibility
19 can also drive the need to upgrade electric circuits, install switching equipment, and other
20 infrastructure as needed. The supporting business case for this project can be found in Exh.
21 JDD-2, starting at page 318.

22
23 **Project #29 – Downtown Network – Asset Condition**

Direct Testimony of Joshua D. DiLuciano
Avista Corporation
Dockets UE-240006 and UG-240007

1 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
2 **project through 2026?**

3 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
4 \$1,245,324 for 2023 and \$2,000,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
5 amount of \$2,000,000 for 2025 and \$2,000,000 for 2026.

6 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments in its Downtown Electric**
7 **Network.**

8 A. Avista's Downtown Electric Network provides highly reliable electric service
9 to our large commercial customers in Spokane's downtown core. The network consists of a
10 complex system of underground vaults, underground electrical cable, transformers, and
11 network protectors. This is very long-lived infrastructure; as an example, of the approximately
12 580 underground vaults in service, nearly 80% of them were constructed before 1930,
13 meaning they are now 90 years and older (some up to 120 years). Much of the cable in place
14 was installed in the late 1920's. Because this infrastructure lasts so long, it is possible to have
15 it provide very reliable service for many decades after the investment is fully depreciated. In
16 recent years, the Company has been making increasing investments in the network,
17 particularly in replacing aging transformers and network protectors. More recently Avista has
18 engaged in a more comprehensive infrastructure refresh plan for the network based on
19 replacement of the highest-risk end of life assets, which includes transformers, network
20 protectors, grounds, cable, vaults, structures, and cable duct banks. The supporting business
21 case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 333.

22 **Q. Are there any direct offsetting benefits associated with this project?**

23 A. Yes. As a result of this project there are direct O&M savings of \$75,000 for

1 2024, \$75,000 for 2025, and \$75,000 for 2026.

2
3 **Project #30 – Downtown Network – Performance & Capacity**

4 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
5 **project through 2026?**

6 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
7 \$2,736,210 for 2023 and \$1,200,021 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
8 amount of \$1,200,022 for 2025 and \$1,200,753 for 2026.

9 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments in the Downtown Network –**
10 **Performance & Capacity project.**

11 A. I have briefly described the Company’s downtown electric network in Spokane
12 in my testimony above, with a focus on the need to replace infrastructure that is at or beyond
13 its useful service life based on asset condition. In this network program the Company is
14 focused on investments required to operate the system within safe design standards while
15 meeting increasing customer and electrical capacity demands being placed on the system.
16 Examples of investments made under this program include constructing larger underground
17 vaults to provide more space for transformers and protectors, larger duct banks for additional
18 cable, and larger transformers to carry additional load. Without this additional capacity,
19 network cables and equipment would have to be overloaded, subjecting assets to a greater risk
20 of failure, exceeding equipment ratings and prudent operating limits, reducing the life
21 expectancy of assets, and accepting the risk of shedding customer load during periods of peak
22 demand on the network. The supporting business case for this project can be found in Exh.
23 JDD-2, starting at page 349.

Direct Testimony of Joshua D. DiLuciano
Avista Corporation
Dockets UE-240006 and UG-240007

1 **Q. Are there any direct offsetting benefits associated with this project?**

2 A. Yes. As a result of this project there are direct O&M savings of \$40,000 for
3 2024, \$40,000 for 2025, and \$40,000 for 2026, related to labor savings.

4 **Project #31 – Electric Storm**

5 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
6 **project through 2026?**

7 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
8 \$6,935,274 for 2023 and \$4,975,634 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
9 amount of \$5,000,005 for 2025 and \$5,000,008 for 2026.

10 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments under the category of Electric**
11 **Storm.**

12 A. The Electric Storm Business Case is focused on restoring Avista’s
13 transmission, substation, and distribution systems (damaged plant) into serviceable condition
14 during a weather storm event or other natural disaster where assets are damaged. The damage
15 can be due to reasons such as, high winds, heavy ice and snow loads, lightning strikes,
16 flooding, or wildfires. Significant storm events are best understood as random forces¹² that
17 often occur with short notice and are beyond the control of the Company.¹³ This business case
18 is to fund a rapid response to unexpected damages and outages, so customer outage times are
19 minimized. The business case provides funds for replacing poles, cross arms, conductor,

¹² Though the incidence of major storm events can follow cyclical patterns based on season of the year, we refer to them as random events because their occurrence, timing and magnitude cannot be predicted.

¹³ Beyond the control of the Company refers to the fact that these “outside forces” exceed the ability of our system to withstand them without some resulting failures. While it is possible to have a system capable of better withstanding these events it would require a substantial redesign of our system and massive capital investments to rebuild it. One example of ‘system redesign’ would be to convert substantial portions of our electric distribution system from overhead to underground service where it would be relatively more immune to these outside forces, but which would be cost-prohibitive, and introduce other maintenance concerns.

1 transformers, and all other defined retirement units damaged during weather storm events.
2 The importance of quickly replacing damaged facilities is vital to providing reliable service
3 to our customers. This impacts customers in Washington and Idaho. The supporting business
4 case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 361.

5
6 **Project #32 – Fleet Service Capital Plan**

7 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
8 **project through 2026?**

9 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
10 \$3,891,975 for 2023 and \$6,850,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
11 amount of \$5,748,784 for 2025 and \$7,092,857 for 2026.

12 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments in the Fleet Services Capital**
13 **Plan.**

14 A. Fleet vehicles and equipment simply do not age well, as they are subject to a
15 duty cycle that most vehicle owners would not experience in their personal car or truck.
16 Avista's fleet of vehicles operate in environments that are often at the extreme: the hottest or
17 the coldest, the dustiest, constant in and out, starting and stopping, high idle time and high
18 loads. These factors lead to substantial wear and tear on our vehicles, even under prudent and
19 proper use. Over time this leads to substantial maintenance and repair costs and reduced
20 reliability/availability.

21 The Company's fleet replacement program optimizes the life of each vehicle allowing
22 us to extract the right amount of useful value from our vehicles before they experience an
23 accelerated rate of repair expenses. The investments made under this plan represent the annual

1 investments needed to replace a portion of our service fleet each year based on asset condition
2 (replacement at end-of-life). Avista’s fleet group uses industry best practices, data, and a
3 proprietary, third-party asset management system¹⁴ to identify when to replace equipment in
4 order to achieve the lowest total cost of ownership for our customers. The supporting business
5 case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 369.

6
7 **Project #33 – Gas ERT Replacement Program**

8 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
9 **project through 2026?**

10 A. The total capital investments for July 2023 through December 2023 was
11 \$302,676. Beyond 2023, all transfers to plant for this business case are expected to occur in
12 Idaho and Oregon and is therefore not included in Washington provisional capital.

13 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments made under the Gas ERT**
14 **Replacement Program.**

15 A. This program uses a proactive and strategic method for addressing asset
16 condition by replacing ERT modules before their battery fails. Replacing these assets before
17 they fail will avoid a manual process of estimating a customer’s gas usage for billing, resulting
18 in higher customer satisfaction. It is also more efficient and cost effective to proactively
19 replace old ERTs rather than waiting until their battery fails and having to send out a
20 serviceman to replace it.

21 There were approximately 6,200 meters located in “gas only” areas of the Washington

¹⁴ Avista uses the services of Utilimarc, a utility-focused data analytics Company that benchmarks and performs similar analysis for over 50 investor-owned utility fleets nationwide. <https://www.utilimarc.com/>

1 service territory. These meters were not included in the Washington AMI Project due to them
2 being in a gas only area. To ensure proper reporting of gas usage on these meters, ERTs were
3 installed that allowed for meter reading to happen via a mobile collector. Approximately 5,000
4 of these ERTs were installed in 2022 and 1,200 in 2023. The supporting business case for this
5 program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 384.

6
7 **Project #34 – Gas Non-Revenue Program**

8 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
9 **project through 2026?**

10 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
11 \$3,685,505 for 2023 and \$9,682,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
12 amount of \$9,972,000 for 2025 and \$10,272,000 for 2026.

13 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments made under the Natural Gas**
14 **Non-Revenue Program.**

15 A. The work in this annual program is mostly reactionary, unscheduled work and
16 is therefore difficult to predict aside from using historical trends. The following situations are
17 typical triggers for such work: shallow facilities found by excavation (the excavation may or
18 may not be related to gas construction), relocation of facilities as requested by others (except
19 for road and highway relocations), leak repairs on mains or services, remediation of cathodic
20 protection (CP) issues, farm tap elimination, and overbuilds. Gas Engineering is responsible
21 for projects under the Gas Non-Revenue program that require substantial design efforts such
22 as farm tap retirements, highway or river crossings, and replacing steel pipelines with plastic
23 pipe, but the local districts manage the work. The supporting business case for this program

1 can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 396.

2
3 **Project #35 – Gas Regulator Station Replacement Program**

4 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
5 **project through 2026?**

6 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
7 \$685,386 for 2023 and \$1,069,995 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
8 amount of \$1,069,995 for 2025 and \$1,069,995 for 2026.

9 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments in the Natural Gas Regulator**
10 **Station Replacement Program.**

11 A. This program addresses needed replacements of existing ‘at-risk’ natural gas
12 gate stations, regulator stations and industrial customer meter sets (“stations”) located across
13 Avista’s natural gas service territory. The stations set to be replaced have reached the end of
14 their useful service life, fail to meet the Company’s current natural gas standards, and can no
15 longer be properly maintained because of obsolete equipment. These replacements improve
16 system operating performance, enhance operating safety, remove operating equipment that is
17 no longer supported, and ensure the reliable operation of metering and regulating equipment.
18 The supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page
19 409.

20 **Q. Are there any direct offsetting benefits associated with this program?**

21 A. Yes. As a result of this program there are direct O&M savings of \$3,400 in
22 2024 and \$5,300 in 2025 and \$7,200 in 2026, related to not needing to upgrade infrastructure.

1 **Project #36 – Gas Reinforcement Program**

2 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
3 **project through 2026?**

4 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
5 \$468,738 for 2023 and \$1,577,830 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
6 amount of \$1,000,000 for 2025 and \$1,000,000 for 2026.

7 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments in the Natural Gas**
8 **Reinforcement Program.**

9 A. This annual program will identify and provide for necessary capacity
10 reinforcements to the existing natural gas distribution system in Washington Idaho, and
11 Oregon. Avista has an obligation to serve existing firm gas customers by providing adequate
12 capacity on design day weather conditions. The design day is defined as the 30-year coldest
13 average daily temperature of a weather region with 99% probability of happening. Periodic
14 reinforcement of the system is required to reliably serve firm customers due to increased
15 demand at existing service locations and new customers being added to the system. Execution
16 of this program on an annual basis will ensure the continuation of reliable gas service that is
17 of adequate pressure and capacity. Following the settlement agreement approved in the
18 Company's last general rate case, which required the Company to consider NPAs in its gas
19 distribution planning processes¹⁵, an alternative to this program was added to include an
20 evaluation of non-pipe alternatives (NPAs) for capacity reinforcements. To date, no
21 alternative has allowed us to continue providing adequate capacity for our natural gas
22 customers, which is an essential requirement of our service. The supporting business case for

¹⁵ Dockets UE-220053, UG-220054, UE-210854 (*Consolidated*), *Final Order 10/04*, ¶86.

1 this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 421.

2 **Q. Are there any direct offsetting benefits associated with this program?**

3 A. Yes. As a result of this program there are direct O&M savings of \$22,800 in
4 2024, 2025 and 2026, related to elimination the Company's Cold Weather Action Plan, which
5 requires actively monitoring the natural gas system and establishing a plan should an outage
6 occur.

7
8 **Project #37 – Gas Telemetry Program**

9 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
10 **project through 2026?**

11 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
12 \$184,132 for 2023 and \$100,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
13 amount of \$100,000 for 2025 and \$100,000 for 2026.

14 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments in the Gas Telemetry**
15 **Program.**

16 A. This investment provides funding for additions, improvements, and
17 replacements to Avista's existing Gas Telemetry system. Telemetry facilities include flow
18 computers, electronic volume correctors, and electronic pressure monitors. The Gas
19 Telemetry System provides safety related pressure monitoring and alarms at gate stations,
20 regulator stations, pipelines, odorizers, and transportation customers. This data is critical for
21 gas procurement, billing, engineering analysis, system operations and compliance with
22 Federal Codes. The supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2,
23 starting at page 433.

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Avista Corporation
Dockets UE-240006 and UG-240007

1 **Q. Are there any direct offsetting benefits associated with this program?**

2 A. Yes. Currently, Avista Telemetry Technicians spend time every month
3 responding to communication issues related to obsolete equipment using dial-up modem
4 technology. This results in approximately 32 trouble-shooting activities per year with an
5 annual labor cost of about \$7,500. Replacing obsolete dial-up modem equipment with modern
6 cellular IP equipment would result in a direct offset of \$7,561 for 2024, 2025, and 2026.

7
8 **Project #38 – LED Change-Out Program**

9 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
10 **project through 2026?**

11 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
12 \$162,877 for 2023 and \$200,003 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
13 amount of \$199,999 for 2025 and \$199,999 for 2026.

14 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments in the LED Change-Out**
15 **Program.**

16 A. Any local or state government which has jurisdiction over streets and highways
17 has an obligation to the general public they serve to provide acceptable illumination levels on
18 their streets, sidewalks, and/or highways intended for vehicle driver and pedestrian safety.
19 Avista manages streetlights for many local and state government entities to provide such
20 street, sidewalk, and/or highway illumination for their streets by installing overhead
21 streetlights. Upon light burn-out, lights are converted to LED. The supporting business case
22 for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 445.

1 **Project #39 – Meter Minor Blanket**

2 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
3 **project through 2026?**

4 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
5 \$152,207 for 2023 and \$250,001 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
6 amount of \$250,001 2025 and \$250,001 for 2026.

7 **Q. Please describe the Meter Minor Blanket.**

8 A. The meter minor blanket is used to charge the labor associated with new
9 electric meter installations in Washington and Idaho, due to the replacement of failed plant
10 (meters) that can no longer gather or communicate accurate consumption data. Failed plant is
11 a result of various reasons including but not limited to, age, weather/environmental damage,
12 hardware failure, or radio communication failures. A meter must be installed as soon as
13 possible to accurately capture customer energy consumption data. For this reason, Avista must
14 sustain a continuous stock of each electric meter type, and budget the required labor to install
15 these meters. The Meter Minor Blanket Business Case is driven by tariff requirements that
16 mandate Avista’s obligation to serve existing customer load within our franchised area. Please
17 see the business case for more information on this project. The supporting business case for
18 this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 456.

19
20 **Project #40 – New Revenue – Growth**

21 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
22 **project through 2026?**

23 A. The total capital investment proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are

1 \$61,695,518 for 2023 and \$78,505,094 for 2024. In addition, the Company has included the
2 amount of \$73,745,609 for 2025 and \$75,985,327 for 2026.

3 **Q. Please describe the Company's New Revenue – Growth investments.**

4 A. Avista defines these investments as “customer requests for new service
5 connections, line extensions, transmission interconnections, or system reinforcements to serve
6 a single large customer.” In the past we have referred to new service connects as “growth,”
7 which refers growth in the number of customers Avista services. It’s important to note that
8 these investments are beyond the control of the Company, and as such they do not reflect a
9 plan or strategy on the part of Avista. Typical projects include installing electric or gas
10 facilities to news housing or commercial developments, installing or replacing electric or gas
11 meters, or adding street or area lights at the request of a customer, city, or county agency. As
12 would be expected, fluctuation in the number of new customer connections is largely
13 dependent on local economic conditions both in the housing and business sectors.

14 The New Revenue – Growth Business Case is driven by requirements that mandate
15 Avista’s obligation to serve new customer load when requested within our franchised area.
16 Growth is also seen as a method to spread costs over a wider customer base, keeping rate
17 pressure lower than would otherwise be experienced. The supporting business case for this
18 program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 462.

19 **Q. Are there any direct offsetting benefits associated with this program?**

20 A. Yes. The revenue associated with New Revenue – Growth has been included
21 in the case as a direct offset. That adjustment is sponsored by Ms. Andrews (see Adjustments
22 4.02 and 5.08).

1 **Project #41 – SCADA – SOO and BuCC**

2 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
3 **project through 2026?**

4 A. The total capital investments performed for July 2023 through 2024 are
5 \$1,086,767 for 2023 and \$700,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
6 amount of \$700,000 for 2025 and \$701,014 for 2026.

7 **Q. Please explain the SCADA – SOO and BuCC Program and the need for**
8 **planned investments.**

9 A. The Company increasingly relies on comprehensive digital monitoring of
10 critical power system infrastructure and communication interconnectivity that provides real-
11 time visibility, status, and the ability for remote and automated operations. Avista relies on
12 the industry-standard system known as Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (or
13 SCADA) to provide this functionality.¹⁶ The Company is required to continuously upgrade
14 and enhance its SCADA systems to replace end-of-life technology and to meet expanding
15 regulatory requirements and business needs. This particular project, the System Operations
16 Office (SOO) and Backup Control Center (BuCC) is replacing and upgrading existing
17 SCADA communications for our electric and natural gas control centers. The control systems
18 addressed under this program provide real-time visibility, situational awareness, remote
19 operation, and control of these systems. The investments made in our SCADA systems ensure
20 we can continue to operate our energy delivery systems safely and remain in compliance with
21 a broad range of FERC Orders, NERC standards, and federal pipeline safety requirements

¹⁶ SCADA, and extension of industrial process control, has been around since the early 1960s, and the term “SCADA” became commonly used by the mid-1970s. SCADA systems, naturally, have evolved through several major generations as computing and communications technologies have evolved and advanced.

1 under PHMSA. The supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2,
2 starting at page 472.

3 **Project #42 – Structures and Improvements/Furniture**

4 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
5 **project through 2026?**

6 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
7 \$4,056,748 for 2023 and \$5,348,646 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
8 amount of \$4,238,511 for 2025 and \$4,399,224 for 2026.

9 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments in the Structures and**
10 **Improvements/Furniture Program.**

11 A. These investments fund capital maintenance, site improvements, security, and
12 other needs related to the Company’s 72 building facilities that provide office, operations,
13 storage space and other business functions. These capital maintenance projects can include
14 roofing, siding, asphalt, electrical and plumbing work, remodeling, furniture replacements and
15 new furniture for growth in operations. Approximately half the investments fund asset
16 replacements based on end-of-life condition and the Company’s facilities management group
17 uses a specialized application to help determine the optimum timing for these replacements.
18 Approximately 30% of the annual funding supports immediate needs identified by the Avista
19 work groups with responsibility for each facility, and the remaining funds go to emergent
20 needs that could not be anticipated in the planning process. The supporting business case for
21 this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 483.

22 **Q. Are there any direct offsetting benefits associated with this program?**

23 A. Yes. As a result of this program there are direct capital savings of \$20,000 in

1 2024, \$20,600 in 2025 and \$21,220 in 2026 due to Scope Reduction in Planned work. There
2 is also direct O&M savings of \$11,000 in 2024, \$11,330 in 2025 and \$11,670 in 2026, related
3 to savings from newer energy efficient equipment.

4
5 **Project #43 – Substation – Asset Condition Program**

6 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
7 **project through 2026?**

8 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
9 \$17,853,298 for 2023 and \$25,772,370 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included
10 the amount of \$44,265,853 for 2025 and \$34,666,286 for 2026.

11 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments in the Substation - Asset**
12 **Condition Program.**

13 A. The Substation Asset Condition Business Case is comprised of three Projects.
14 ER 2000 includes major equipment spares (power transformers, high voltage breakers, etc.)
15 that are held in stock until they are transferred to a location. ER 2204 includes major substation
16 projects that contain multiple equipment asset condition issues, compliance updates and
17 capacity upgrades. A substation rebuild is planned when several equipment types are at end
18 of life. These projects also include significant Distribution system, Transmission system and
19 Communication system work. ER 2215 includes small substation projects (single transformer
20 replacements, regulator upgrades, etc.) that have been deemed necessary due to asset
21 condition leading to imminent equipment failure. Equipment failures for capital items that
22 have been run to failure are funded through ER 2215.

23 Substation equipment needs to be replaced when it fails to fulfill its intended function.

1 Substation equipment may also need to be replaced when it has become obsolete.
2 Obsolescence is due to parts or software not being available to maintain a piece of equipment.
3 There were 95 projects opened and completed in 2020 that aimed at addressing individual
4 pieces of equipment that failed to fulfill their intended purpose or became obsolete. The
5 supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 503.

6
7 **Project #44 – Substation – Performance & Capacity Program**

8 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
9 **project through 2026?**

10 A. The total capital investments performed for July 2023 through 2024 are
11 \$3,760,226 for 2023 and \$8,621,160 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
12 amount of \$7,399,007 for 2025 and \$1,350,006 for 2026.

13 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments in the Substation –**
14 **Performance & Capacity Program.**

15 A. Avista actively monitors the customer loads placed on its energy delivery
16 systems, identifies portions of its infrastructure where capacity has been reached or exceeded,
17 evaluates options for best addressing these priority capacity constraints and invests in
18 solutions to ensure we meet current and long-term customer needs. This program is focused
19 on investments needed to add new electrical capacity to our distribution substations in
20 response to growth in demand on the feeders supported by these stations. Beyond just meeting
21 capacity requirements these investments provide Avista with greater operational flexibility,
22 ease of maintenance, and electric service reliability for our customers. The supporting
23 business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 518.

1 **Project #45 – Transmission – Minor Rebuild**

2 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
3 **project through 2026?**

4 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
5 \$3,674,974 for 2023 and \$3,343,420 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
6 amount of \$3,343,420 for 2025 and \$3,343,419 for 2026.

7 **Q. Please describe the Company’s investments in the Transmission Minor**
8 **Rebuild Program.**

9 A. Through this program, Avista’s Transmission Engineering group performs the
10 transmission line rebuild and reconductoring work necessary to maintain compliance with
11 NERC reliability standards. Specifically, the requirements for annual inspections and
12 implementation of any corrective actions identified. Corrective or mitigation actions focus on
13 equipment that has failed in service or is nearing the end of its useful service life based on
14 asset condition, the rating probability of a failure, and magnitude of the consequence. Only a
15 portion of the mitigation work is recognized as mandatory under the standard and the balance
16 of the needed investments is funded under the program Transmission Major Rebuild – Asset
17 Condition (#48), described below. The supporting business case for this program can be found
18 in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 529.

19
20 **Project #46 – Transmission – Performance & Capacity**

21 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
22 **project through 2026?**

23 A. The total capital investments performed for July 2023 through 2024 are \$0 for

1 2023 and \$100,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the amount of
2 \$1,400,000 for 2025 and \$500,000 for 2026.

3 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments made under the Transmission**
4 **– Performance & Capacity program.**

5 A. The Transmission Performance & Capacity Business Case covers the new
6 Transmission construction work necessary to either support the addition of new substations
7 due to load growth in a particular area or to reinforce existing substations with new
8 transmission for increased performance. The projects within this program are typically
9 requested by System Planning or System Operations. Adding substations and associated
10 transmission is based on forecasted load increases. These forecasts can either overshoot or
11 undershoot actual conditions. It is therefore necessary that a structured and measured approach
12 be made to adding this infrastructure so as not to overtax budget, design and construction, and
13 outage resources. The supporting business case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2,
14 starting at page 536.

15
16 **Project #47 – Transmission – Critical Crossing Reinforcement**

17 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
18 **project through 2026?**

19 A. The total capital investments performed for July 2023 through 2024 are \$0 for
20 2023 and \$1,000,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the amount of
21 \$1,000,000 for 2025 and \$2,000,000 for 2026.

22 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments made under the Transmission**
23 **– Critical Crossing Reinforcement Program.**

1 A. The Transmission Critical Crossing Reinforcements Business Case identifies
2 high failure consequence asset/structure locations; that, if subject to failure, would create life
3 loss or injury conditions. Avista is dedicated to providing safe and reliable service to our
4 customers, ensuring failures that could lead to these conditions are avoided; and that trust with
5 Avista's service territory community remains. These locations are specifically highway,
6 railway, and waterway crossings. The supporting business case for this program can be found
7 in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 545.

8 **Q. Are there any direct offsetting benefits associated with this program?**

9 A. Direct offsets associated with this project are the incremental costs associated
10 with performing work under emergency conditions versus planned conditions. Emergency
11 conditions would result in overtime wages and increased contractual expenditures. The annual
12 estimated value of these Direct Offsets for 2024, 2025, and 2026 is \$5,000 per year.

13
14 **Project #48 – Transmission Major Rebuild – Asset Condition**

15 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
16 **project through 2026?**

17 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
18 \$6,558,470 for 2023 and \$8,250,000 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the
19 amount of \$9,040,634 for 2025 and \$10,000,000 for 2026.

20 **Q. Would you please describe the Company's Transmission Major Rebuild**
21 **– Asset Condition Program?**

22 A. This program provides for the major rebuild of electric transmission lines that
23 are nearing the end of their useful service life based on overall condition of the assets, the

1 rating probability of a failure, and magnitude of the consequence. Factors such as operational
2 issues, ease of access during outages; and potential benefits of communications build-out are
3 considered when planning and prioritizing the work to be completed. The supporting business
4 case for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 553.

5
6 **Project #49 – Wood Pole Management**

7 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
8 **project through 2026?**

9 A. The total capital investments proformed for July 2023 through 2024 are
10 \$7,659,818 for 2023 and \$13,000,004 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included
11 the amount of \$9,999,994 for 2025 and \$9,999,994 for 2026.

12 **Q. Would you please describe the Company's Distribution Wood Pole**
13 **Management Program?**

14 A. Yes. Avista has approximately 230,000 to 240,000 wood poles¹⁷ in its electric
15 distribution system and a portion of these must be replaced each year based on asset condition.
16 These are replacement of poles and attachments that have reached the end of their useful
17 service life. Our wood poles are inspected on a 20-year cycle, resulting in the inspection of
18 approximately 12,000 poles each year.¹⁸ Individual poles or attached equipment that don't
19 meet our inspection requirements are replaced as part of capital follow-up work. Attached
20 equipment includes overhead distribution transformers, cutouts, insulators and pins, wildlife
21 guards, lighting arresters, cross arms, pole guying, and grounds. The supporting business case

¹⁷ Under the current inspection program, individual poles are validated by location, age, and material in our geographic information system, leading to an overall refinement in the population size.

¹⁸ Avista's Wood Pole Inspection Program is funded as an expense.

1 for this program can be found in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 564.

2 **Project #50 – Central 24 HR Operations Facility**

3 **Q. What capital additions for this Project did Avista make from July 2023**
4 **through December of 2026?**

5 A. The total capital investments performed for July 2023 through 2024 are \$0 for
6 2023 and \$0 for 2024. In addition, the Company has also included the amount of \$0 for 2025
7 and \$3,499,757 for 2026.

8 **Q. Please describe the Company’s current investments in the Central 24 HR**
9 **Operations Facility Project.**

10 A. For decades, several of Avista’s most critical operations have been located on
11 the 4th floor of Avista’s General Office Building on the Mission Campus. This includes
12 departments such as Transmission System Operations, Supervisory Control and Data
13 Acquisition, Distribution Operations, Gas Control, Network Operations, Security Operations,
14 and 24-Hour Call Center Reps. Over time, as each of these departments experiences new
15 growth due to ever-changing utility requirements and/or initiatives, capacity has been reached
16 in their available square footage. The supporting business case for this project can be found
17 in Exh. JDD-2, starting at page 577.

18
19 **Project #51 – West Plains New 230kV Substation**

20 **Q. What is the level of capital investment being made by Avista for this**
21 **project through 2026?**

22 A. The total capital investments performed for July 2023 through 2024 are \$0 for
23 2023 and 2024. The Company has also included the amount of \$0 for 2025 and \$3,950,000

1 for 2026.

2 **Q. Please describe the Company's investments made under the West Plains**
3 **System Reinforcement Project.**

4 A. The scope of the project includes a new 230/115kV transmission substation
5 near the West Plains called Garden Springs. This is a new 230kV station to interconnect with
6 the Bonneville Power Administration called Bluebird and a new 12-mile 230kV transmission
7 line. The new infrastructure is a major investment in the transmission system needed to serve
8 our growing region. The new 230kV source is critical to meet predicted load growth in the
9 area. The timing for completion is sensitive as operational performance issues have been
10 observed in the operations time-horizon and performance is expected to worsen as new load
11 connects to the system. The supporting business case for this project can be found in Exh.
12 JDD-2, starting at page 594.

13 **Q. Before concluding, would you please remark on the amount of funding for**
14 **projects that did not receive funding approval within the business cases discussed herein**
15 **for 2024 through 2026?**

16 A. Yes. For the areas that I oversee, requested funding for projects between 2024-
17 2026 totaled \$1.294 billion, however, only \$1.035 billion or 80% was approved for funding.
18 I offer this observation to demonstrate that the Company must control its costs and prioritize
19 what gets funded, rather than simply funding all necessary projects. Please see Company
20 witness Mr. Christie's testimony for further discussion on this.

21 **Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?**

22 A. Yes.