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Twelfth Revision of Sheet No. 83-a Canceling Eleventh Revision of Sheet No. 83-a

PUGET SOUND ENERGY Electric Tariff G

SCHEDULE 83 ELECTRICITY CONSERVATION SERVICE (Continued)

a.	Avoided Cost, also known by the terms Conservation Cost Effectiveness Standard or Energy Efficiency Cost Effectiveness Standard herein for conservation/energy efficiency activities and/or Measures is based on the market costs—projected by a power costing model—the Company would otherwise incur to provide energy and capacity from a generation source, either directly or indirectly or by contract plus credits for externalities and line losses and transmission/system distribution system benefits.	(N)
b.	Building Commissioning is the process of verifying and documenting that the performance of building systems meets the design, intent, or the owner's current operational requirements.	(T)
C.	Conservation means any reduction in electric power consumption that results from increases in the efficiency of energy use, production or distribution or from demand response, load management or efficiency measures that reduce peak capacity demand. Energy Efficiency Programs in this tariff are for the purpose of achieving Conservation.	(T) (N) (N)
d.	Energy Code refers to the currently effective Washington State Energy Code, as amended, including amendments by local jurisdictions.	(N) (N)
e.	Energy Efficiency Cost Effectiveness Standard see Avoided Cost.	(T)
f.	Energy Efficiency Programs are programs described in Schedules of this tariff numbered between 200 and 299.	(T)
g.	Environmental Attribute is the quantifiable benefit to society associated with displacing electricity generation needs by employing the practice of energy efficiency/conservation.	(T)
h.	Force Majeure means factors, events or conditions beyond the control of the Company that negatively impact customer participation in its Energy Efficiency Programs, such as, but not limited to, a local economic recession or natural disaster.	(T)
i.	Fuel Conversion and Fuel Switching refer to the act of switching to the use of high efficiency equipment utilizing another fuel for the same end-use, such as the use of natural gas instead of electricity for space heating or water heating and using high efficiency natural gas equipment. For the purposes of this definition, high efficiency is in the Company's sole judgment and means equipment that exceeds the minimum efficiency required by code, where such equipment is feasible and available.	(N)
j	Incremental Measure Cost is the incremental cost of an electricity efficient Measure in excess of the cost of a Measure required to satisfy existing codes or conform with existing construction practices.	(K) (T) (K)

(K) Transferred to Sheet No. 83-b			
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