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       BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION
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                           COMMISSION
     WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND
     TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
 4
                    Complainant,
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                                   )
                                       DOCKET NO. UE-050684
               vs.
                                   )
 6
                                       Volume II
                                   )
     PACIFICORP d/b/a PACIFIC
                                       Pages 43-106
                                   )
 7
     POWER & LIGHT COMPANY,
                                   )
 8
                   Respondent.
 9
10
               A public hearing in the above matter was held on
11
     December 1, 2005 at 6:00p.m., at 128 North Second Street,
12
     Yakima, Washington, before Administrative Law Judge ANN E.
13
     RENDAHL and Chairman MARK SIDRAN and Commissioner PHILIP
14
    JONES.
15
16
               The parties were present as follows:
17
               WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION
18
     COMMISSION, by JUDITH R. KREBS, Assistant Attorney General,
19
     1400 South Evergreen Park Drive Southwest, Post Office Box
     40128, Olympia, Washington 98504; telephone,
20
     (360)664-1192.
21
               PUBLIC COUNSEL, by SIMON J. FFITCH,
     Assistant Attorney General, 900 Fourth Avenue, Suite
22
     2000, Seattle, Washington 98164; telephone, (360)
     389-2055.
23
               PACIFICORP, by JASON B. KEYES, Attorney at
24
     Law, Stoel Rives, 600 University Street, Suite 3600,
     Seattle, Washington 98101; telephone, (206) 386-7681.
25
     Dorene Boyle, CCR, Court Reporter
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1	ALSO		SENT:	Wine Described of Describeing
2				Vice-President of Regulation, PacifiCorp
3		MR.	CLARK SATRE,	Regional Community Manager, PacifiCorp
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Т	CHAIRMAN SIDRAN: Good evening and thank you
2	for coming to this public hearing. This is a public
3	hearing of the Washington State Utilities and
4	Transportation Commission. My name is Mark Sidran,
5	and I'm the Chairman of the Commission. And I'm
6	joined by one of my two colleagues, Commissioner
7	Philip Jones, who's on my right. Commissioner Patrick
8	Oshie, who in fact hails from Yakima, is unfortunately
9	ill and unable to join us. Although I know he will be
10	listening to this hearing, he will not be able to
11	participate this evening.

I also want to introduce our Administrative Law

Judge Ann Rendahl, who will be helping to conduct this

public hearing. She'll be explaining in just a moment

a process that we use here for taking public comment.

I was out in the hall, so I didn't hear the question,

but I take it from what Judge Rendahl had to say that

there was a question about why we were doing this on

an evening when it's difficult for people to attend,

which we appreciate. It was difficult to get here

from the west side of the mountains.

But we decided that was the best course of action. And as Judge Rendahl mentioned, this is the beginning of a process, and that process includes a formal hearing that will be akin to a trial, and there

1	will be opportunities up through that process, well
2	into early next year, during which the public can
3	submit comments in writing or by e-mail to the
4	Commission. And we have a representative here from
5	the Attorney General's Office that will be introduced
6	in a moment, and I'm sure that he would be happy to
7	facilitate comments from people who could not be here
8	tonight. All of those comments, whether they're made
9	this evening or submitted later, will be reviewed by
10	the Commission in reaching its decision in this case.
11	We do appreciate that you who are here made the
12	effort to come out tonight. We take seriously
13	comments received from the public in our
14	deliberations, which is why we have these public
15	hearings.
16	Now, with that, I'd like to again introduce Judge
17	Rendahl and ask her to explain the nature of this
18	evening's proceedings. And then there will be some
19	presentations from the parties, and we will then take
20	comments from members of the public. Thank you.
21	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
22	you, Chairman Sidran.
23	Can you hear me in the back? Okay, good. As
24	Chairman Sidran mentioned, we're having this public

comment hearing tonight as a part of our formal

1	hearing process to consider PacifiCorp's request for a
2	rate increase. And the purpose of the hearing tonight
3	is to give the Commissioners information that they can
4	use in making their decision as to whether
5	PacifiCorp's request is fair, just, reasonable and
6	sufficient. And those terms are in the statute as the
7	basis for the Commission making its decision.

We're not here tonight to consider the proposed merger of PacifiCorp with MidAmerican. There are no public hearings scheduled on that at this time, but the Commission will accept written comments on that matter. There will be formal hearings the week before Christmas, December 19th through the 22nd, in Olympia on that, and you can contact the Commission or Mr. ffitch.

Are you handling that case?

MR. FFITCH: Another attorney is handling that for us.

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: You can speak with Mr. ffitch about that. And he's with the Public Council's office if you wish to make any comments in that case.

All your comments this evening will be made under oath. We have a court reporter here taking down the hearing so we can read everything later, and it

heard.

Office.

1	becomes a part of the record in this proceeding. So
2	make sure when you do speak, you speak up clearly.
3	Unfortunately we don't have as many microphones here
4	as we do in our hearing room in Olympia, so we'll be
5	playing microphone exchange to get everybody's voices

We do have some of the parties in the case here
tonight. We have the company and some representatives
of the company here. We have a representative of the
Staff of the Commission with the Attorney General's
Office, Judy Krebs. We have Mr. ffitch with Public
Council's office, also with the Attorney General's

They do have different roles in the case, although they are both with the Attorney General's Office. Mr. ffitch represents consumers and customers and small business consumers of the company, and Ms. Krebs represents the staff who take an advocacy position in the case. They're a party in the case. And even though they're employees of the Commission, there's essentially a wall between the Commissioners and their decision making process and the staff.

The other parties are the industrial customers of Northwest Utilities. There may be some representatives of that organization in the audience.

1	The Energy Project is also a party, and there may
2	be representatives or members of that organization
3	here.

And also the Natural Resources Defense Council,
but they are not going to be here tonight.

After I give a short description of the case and the schedule, I'm going to ask these representatives to introduce themselves and, if they wish, to make a short statement, and then it will be time to take your comments.

So this case is about a rate increase.

PacifiCorp is asking at this point for a rate increase of 18 percent, or about \$39.2 million, which would result in an increase in customer or residential bills of an average of about 15, 16 dollars a month.

The issues, there are several discrete issues in the case, and they include first the company's expenses and revenues and how to allocate those expenses and revenues to customers in Washington because PacifiCorp is a company that spans several states in the west. So we have to allocate the appropriate portion of their expenses and revenues to the Washington customers.

Also an issue is the company's power costs and, again, allocating the appropriate power costs to the

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The rate of return or the profit that the company will earn is an issue.

And PacifiCorp has also asked for what's called a power cost adjustment mechanism, which would allow for changes in power costs to be reflected in rates between rate cases, between general rate cases.

And they have also requested to have an accounting treatment or to defer certain power costs relating to low river flows on its hydroelectric operations and the costs of that. So those are the issues that are presented in the case right now.

Where the case is right now, PacifiCorp filed this request in early May, and the company filed several binders worth of written testimony about stating their case. And then in I believe it was October the other parties filed testimony, again several binders worth of written testimony, responding to what the company's case is. And the company will have an opportunity to file its rebuttal testimony next week on December 7th, and other parties will also be filing testimony at that point.

What happens after that is we have a technical hearing, an evidentiary hearing in Olympia, scheduled to begin on January 9th. It will go through the 20th.

1	It might not go that long. And essentially the
2	parties will cross examine each other on their
3	testimony and their evidence. So that's where they
4	are in the case.

And so as a part of that formal hearing process, we're here to take the public's comments.

In addition to your oral statements tonight, you or anyone else who's a customer can submit written comments to the Commission by January the 17th, the day after Martin Luther King's birthday holiday.

Mr. ffitch will talk a bit more about that. And if you have questions, we have one of our consumer affairs staff out in the hallway.

So I'm going to ask the counsel now to make their formal appearances, and that means they're going to state on the record who they are and who they represent. And then I'm going to ask counsel to introduce any representatives that might be with them. So I'm going to begin with the company.

MR. KEYES: Good evening Commissioners and Judge Rendahl. I'm Jason Keyes from Stoel Rives. We represent PacifiCorp. And with me is Clark Satre, the Regional Community Manager for Washington for PacifiCorp, and Doug Larson, who's our Vice-President of Regulation. And Mr. Larson would like to make a

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7	+ 01.7	comments.

- 2 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
- 3 you.
- 4 MR. LARSON: Would you like me to make those
- 5 now?
- 6 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Yes. And
- 7 I'd like to thank Mr. Satre for being here to make
- 8 sure that this room was open for us to use, since we
- 9 were still stuck at the airport. So thanks to
- 10 Mr. Satre, we can use this room tonight.
- Go ahead.
- 12 MR. LARSON: Thank you. Pacific Power
- appreciates the opportunity to come tonight and have
- 14 an opportunity to hear from our customers. That's
- 15 very important for us and one of the tools that helps
- 16 us to, you know, hopefully do a better job in serving
- 17 our customers. So in advance I want to thank you for
- the comments that you will make tonight.
- 19 We certainly acknowledge that any time the
- 20 company files for a rate increase, that that's not
- 21 anything that customers like to see. And frankly,
- it's not anything that we like to end up filing with
- 23 the Commission, but it's just simply part of a process
- of dealing with impacts on our business. And one of
- 25 the things that we try very hard to do is to minimize

1	the impact of those rate increases and, at the same
2	time, be able to provide you as customers with
3	reliable electric service

This case that's in front of the Commission, as

Judge Rendahl said, is made up of a lot of components.

Some of the things that our company has been

experiencing and certainly have seen with your gas

bills and other things are increasing costs related to

fuel, natural gas and other things that have a big

impact on our company, as well as, you know, an

increase in investment each year.

Our company expends in the neighborhood of about a billion dollars on capital investments for distribution, transmission and new generating resources in order to continue to serve customers, to replace a plant that is old and retiring.

In addition, one of the opportunities that we have as part of this process is to sit down with the parties as part of the formal process and try to work through issues related to the case, and we have had a couple of those meetings with the parties that are here tonight.

And as a result of those discussions, some of the parties have entered into some agreements that actually, when we filed our case, as Judge Rendahl

1	mentioned, on December 7th, will result in a lowering
2	of the amount of that overall \$39.2 million general
3	rate case

And my expectation is that that case, based on updating some of the information that was included in the case to actual data, as well as some of the agreements that we've reached, will end up resulting in what I would term as our rebuttal case or our re-filed case to somewhere around five to seven million dollars less than the original \$39.2 million.

So I guess if there is a piece of good news that I'm delivering tonight, it is that our requested increase will be less than the original filed application when it's filed on December 7th.

So I'm frankly pleased that we were able to work through some of those issues and some of the areas where we thought costs were going to be a little higher than what they were actually, were able to adjust some of those.

I guess finally, in conclusion, I just want to again thank you for taking the time on this extremely cold and difficult to get out evening to come down and share your comments about the company and provide us hopefully some information or comments that can help us to do a better job in serving you as customers.

18

19

Thanks.

- 2 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okav.
- 3 Let's turn to Staff. Ms. Krebs?
- 4 MS. KREBS: Yes. Hi, Judith Krebs, and I am
- 5 representing the Washington Utilities and
- 6 Transportation Commission Staff. And let me talk a
- 7 little bit about what that means.

8 The Commission employs a team of accountants and

9 economists who independently review the rate filings

10 that come before the Commission independent of the

11 Commission itself. And as Judge Rendahl mentioned,

there's a wall between the Staff and the Commission,

and I'm one of the attorneys representing the Staff in

this matter as a party, one of six parties in the

15 matter, as was pointed out.

16 The Commission Staff has filed written testimony

in this matter and other evidence. And as you've

heard, in January there will be a hearing on that

evidence and the evidence of the other parties. The

20 Staff's analysis shows that PacifiCorp has not

21 justified its rate increase request and that the facts

22 actually show that a small decrease in rates is

warranted.

24 Perhaps the biggest issue in the case is how to

25 allocate the cost of PacifiCorp's system to

1	Washington. As was mentioned, there are six states
2	served by PacifiCorp, and one of the significant, in
3	terms of growth, states is Utah. Utah has had fairly
4	significant growth, much faster than the area that is
5	served by Washington, including Yakima.

And so the question is, there are a number of new generating facilities that were built to service Utah, and whether or not Washington rate payors should have to pay for any of those new generating facilities.

Obviously that's one of the proposals that the Staff has rejected as being not used and useful or not good for Washington rate payors. So essentially Staff contends that the company has not demonstrated that rate payors should pay these costs.

The Commission Staff has also looked at other costs that are proposed by the company, like pension cost, medical cost, wage and salary, to ensure that these are set at fair and normal operating levels, and there's been some proposals for adjustment made in these.

Staff has also proposed removing charitable contributions and other club memberships and other costs that are not beneficial to rate payors as rate payors.

The goal of the Commission is to set fair, just

1	and reasonable rates. And from the Commission's Staff
2	perspective, the company has not demonstrated that
3	another large increase in rates is warranted

Ultimately it would be the Commission's job to determine the appropriate rate levels, and we're happy to be here today and we look forward to your testimony on this matter. Thank you.

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.

And now Mr. ffitch, who is also with the Attorney

General's Office, but represents a different client.

MR. FFITCH: Thank you, Judge Rendahl and Commissioners. Good evening, everyone.

As the Judge has indicated, my name is Simon ffitch, and I'm an Assistant Attorney General. I'm ahead of the Public Council Department of the Attorney General's Office, and we are a separate unit of the AG's office. We're located in Seattle. And our mission is to represent the consumers before the Washington Utilities Commission in cases involving the regulated telecommunications companies, the electric company and the gas companies. And so we are involved in this case, as we also get involved in cases involving Qwest, Verizon, Puget Sound Energy and other utilities.

We have hired expert witnesses, experts in

1	accounting and financial and other issues, to take a
2	look at the PacifiCorp request in this case. And I'm
3	happy to say that the conclusions that our folks have
4	reached in looking at the company's request and
5	looking at their books are very similar to what the
6	Commission Staff has arrived at in this particular
7	case. And that is that, if all of our recommendations
8	are accepted, we don't believe a rate increase is
9	warranted here.

This is not always the case. We don't always agree with Commission Staff. Sometimes we find ourselves disagreeing over different kinds of recommendations in cases, but in this case we really are on the same wavelength and don't see a justification for a rate increase.

In addition to those mentioned by Ms. Krebs, another issue that we've identified is what's called the return on equity, or it's essentially the investor profit margin. In this case, PacifiCorp has proposed that the return on equity or the return for investors is I believe 11.1 percent. Our expert witness who analyzed the company's financial situation is recommending a 9.125 percent return on equity.

And that doesn't sound like a lot, just a couple percent. That actually makes by itself a \$12 million

difference in how much money they would be entitled to
in a rate increase. So just with that one particular
adjustment that we're supporting, that reduces the
rate increase by 12 million. So that's another issue
that we think is important in the case.

We're also concerned -- Just stepping back from the technical issues for a moment, we're aware that this is the second PacifiCorp rate case in the last two years, and we think that creates a special obligation on all of us, a special obligation to take a very hard look at this request, a special obligation on the company to meet their burden of proof to show that another rate increase is warranted in such a short period of time, especially when folks are dealing with a lot of hard economic hits from a number of different quarters. So that's another reason why we're putting quite a lot of resources into this case.

We also will be presenting evidence and expert witnesses at the hearings in January. And as the Judge mentioned, one of the things that we'll be doing is we'll be gathering up all of the public comments that have been offered to the Commission and presenting those as a formal exhibit, so that the Commission can review those. And that includes any written letters that were received by the Commission,

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1	any e-mails, any comments that come to our office, and
2	any written statements that are submitted at the
3	hearing tonight. So we'll be packaging all of that up
4	and formally offering it at the hearing so it can be
5	available for review.
6	The Judge also mentioned that there is a
7	PacifiCorp merger case currently pending before the
8	Commission and that is not before the Commission
9	tonight at this hearing. However, we are also
10	participating in that case.
11	I think there's some public interest issues
12	raised by that proposed acquisition of PacifiCorp.
13	That's going to hearing this month in a couple of
14	weeks. I'd be happy to talk with you about our
15	position there. We're also participating in that case
16	on behalf of consumers.
17	So I'll be here afterwards. And if anyone would

So I'll be here afterwards. And if anyone would like to stop by and talk, I can discuss further our participation of the cases. So thank you very much.

Thank you, Your Honor.

21 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.

Thank you, Mr. ffitch.

And again, Consumer Affairs Specialist from the Commission, Gail Griffin-Wallace, who may have helped you sign in, is outside and has information about the

1	Commission's process. So if you have questions for
2	her or for Mr. ffitch or Mr. Krebs or the company
3	afterwards, I'm sure they would be happy to speak to
4	you.

But now we want to hear from you. And thank you for bearing with us through all these introductory comments. First, experience has shown us that each speaker in a public comment proceeding should really limit their comments to about three minutes, so we can get to everyone.

Now, I have a feeling we'll be able to get to everyone in the time allotted tonight. So those of you who have spoken in public before know that you can say quite a lot in three minutes. So if you're running over time, I'll give you a little bit of leeway, but I'll give you a little reminder it's time to sum up.

If somebody that has spoken before you has said what you want to say, you can just stand up and say, I agree with what the previous speaker said, and you don't need to repeat everything. But if you have something to say, we're here to listen.

If you have any written materials after you're done or after the hearing, if you want to hand those to Mr. ffitch, he will be compiling those written

1	materials as an exhibit to the Commission, as he
2	mentioned.
3	Before we start, I'd like each of you who want to
4	speak tonight, if you could stand up and raise your
5	right hand, I'm going to give an oath to all of you
6	altogether. Okay, if you can stand up and raise your
7	right hand.
8	Do you solemnly swear or affirm that the
9	testimony you're about to give in this proceeding is
10	the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth,
11	so help you?
12	(ALL PERSONS RESPONDED IN
13	THE AFFIRMATIVE.)
14	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
15	Thank you.
16	And I have a list of your names as you signed in,
17	so please excuse me if I mispronounce your name. When
18	we call your name, if you can come to the podium, and
19	I think we can share one of these microphones. If you
20	can speak slowly and distinctly so the court reporter
21	can take down your comments, that would be great.
22	So the first person who has said they would like
23	to speak is Robert Ponti. Is Mr. Ponti here?
24	Okay. If you could state your name and spell
25	your last name for the court reporter, please.

25 county.

MR. ROBERT PONTE: My name is Robert Ponti.
My last name is spelled P-O-N-T-I.
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Are you
here representing yourself or on behalf of an
organization?
MR. ROBERT PONTI: On behalf of the
Northwest Community Action Center in Toppenish.
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
And is there an address for the Action Center?
MR. ROBERT PONTI: Yes. 706 Rentschler in
Toppenish.
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
Thank you. So go ahead, please.
MR. ROBERT PONTI: I'm program director for
Northwest Community Action Center, which is an
affiliate of the Yakima Valley Farm Workers Clinic,
and we're the program site.
The Farm Workers Clinic provides medical and
dental services for underserved populations via 18
clinics in Washington and Oregon.
I supervise energy assistance, home
weatherization and seasonal child care programs. And
our service area is the Greater Yakima Valley area
south of Union Gap, mostly the rural areas of the

1	We administer the LIHEAP program, which I think
2	you're familiar with, which is the Low Income Home
3	Energy Assistance Program. We serve approximately
4	2,200 households with the benefit through the winter
5	months. We handle crisis situations for people that
6	have disconnects with that budget.
7	We also administer PacifiCorp's LIBA, Low Income
8	Bill Payors Assistance program, which provides
9	discounted services to approximately an additional
10	1,073 households. That's a sliding scale discount
11	based on income.
12	Our total resident population that we touch is
13	approximately 13,000 folks. Our priority areas are t
14	serve the disabled, the elderly and people with kids
15	under the age of five.
16	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
17	Before you go on, LIHEAP, is that L-I-H-E-A-P?
18	MR. ROBERT PONTI: Correct.
19	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: And LIBA
20	L-I-B-P-A?
21	MR. ROBERT PONTI: L-I-B-A.
22	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: L-I-B-A.
23	MR. ROBERT PONTI: Uh-huh.
24	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.

And if you're going to be reading, if you can slow

1	down	a bit,	because	you	always	tend	to	speak	faster
2	when	you're	reading	•					

MR. ROBERT PONTI: Okay. Thank you.

We feel as a company that the impacts of any rate increase tend to hit the poor population disproportionately. Utility costs hit very hard during the heating season. Our clients tend to not be on any kind of a monthly payment plan, so that when the big bills come, they are very impressive. Those are the bills that we see from the folks that walk in the door needing our assistance.

Quite often they're in arrearage, and we deal with that system also. It's our feeling that any increase in the rates are going to just compound the number of folks that are headed towards the disconnect process.

Winter months in the Yakima Valley are historically the months of unemployment or less employment for the folks involved in agriculture. And Yakima County has one of the higher unemployment rates in the state. We have entire school districts in the Yakima Valley that have the entire student population on reduced fee or free breakfast and lunch programs.

We're able to serve about 18 percent, which is the same as the national average for the folks that

1	probably qualify for our program, due to the funding
2	that's available. So we're turning away 80 percent
3	minimum of the folks that really need some help

I attended the UTC meeting in September, the workshop, and Diana Pearce's presentation there with a little bit different look at the poverty level was interesting to us. And we were able to take the figures for Yakima County and, through our caseworkers, determine that those were fairly accurate figures.

The cost of housing in the Yakima area is not cheap. And so with the additional factor that we deal with, the seasonal child care system or program, we're able to really see the true costs that are faced by folks with low income.

I also administer the home weatherization program. We weatherize approximately 125 homes per year. And we work closely with PacifiCorp, who participates in that program. And I want to compliment PacifiCorp actually here because we have an outstanding relationship, our agency does, with both Portland and the Yakima offices for cooperative effort and genuine concern with what we're trying to do here.

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. If you can sum up a bit, that would be great.

1	MR. ROBERT PONTI: I'm ready to do that.
2	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Okay.
3	MR. ROBERT PONTI: Obviously the need
4	exceeds the resources, which is common in most
5	programs like this. And we would hope that there
6	would be some consideration, if there were to be a
7	rate increase, or so forth, that the population that
8	we serve be or that there be resources directed
9	towards the population that we serve to better serve
10	that need.
11	And our goal is to serve more folks. We're not
12	asking to hit a home run with every person that's in
13	trouble, but we think we have more people that are
14	headed towards the disconnect cycle.
15	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL:
16	Mr. Ponti, just one question. Is your organization
17	affiliated with the Energy Project?
18	MR. ROBERT PONTI: Yes.
19	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
20	And they have filed testimony on that issue with the
21	Commission, just so that folks in the audience know
22	that. Thank you.
23	MR. ROBERT PONTI: Thank you.
24	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. Is
25	Doug Hester here? I hope I pronounced that correctly.

1	MR. DOUG HESTER: Yeah, you did.
2	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
3	Could you state your name and spell your last name for
4	the court reporter.
5	MR. DOUG HESTER: Doug Hester, H-E-S-T-E-R.
6	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: And are
7	you a PacifiCorp customer?
8	MR. DOUG HESTER: I'm representing Boise
9	Cascade out of Wallula, which is a PacifiCorp
10	customer.
11	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
12	And why don't you give your position and your address
13	with Boise, please.
14	MR. DOUG HESTER: My position is I'm a
15	process control and electrical superintendent for the
16	Wallula paper site. And our address is 31831 West
17	Highway 12, Wallula, 99363.
18	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
19	you. Please go ahead.
20	MR. DOUG HESTER: A little bit nervous here.
21	I'm not used to standing up, especially with all this
22	gray matter, pretty smart people standing around here.
23	Again, like I said, I'm representing Boise
24	Cascade Corporation at Wallula. We operate in Walla
25	Walla County. We've been there for about 50 years

1	now.	We	have	an	employment	of	approximately	630
2	people	e at	our	sit	ce.			

Our power use or electrical bill is one of our top ten operating expenses within the mill. We're here because of our concern on this proposed rate increase and how it impacts an industry, which I'm sure all of you, if you're from the Pacific Northwest and you turn your TV on at all, you know the impact of the pulp paper industry and products industry over the years. Because of various issues, we operate on very thin profit margins. So we're very concerned about this.

Our primary impacts over the years again has been energy. Not only electrical, but also fossil fuels.

Other impacts to us is the high cost of chemicals, rate increases and that sort of stuff.

The issue that we deal with is in many cases we're unable to pass those increases on to our customers because they're in the same position we are. They're operating on very thin margins.

We have reduced our work force to a minimum. We're spending capital dollars on automation. So we are doing what we can to pony up to the challenge, if you will.

25

concur with it.

1	To give you some examples of some of the energy
2	reduction projects we've encountered or we've
3	installed, in '05 we put in two and a half million
4	dollar greater refiner project to reduce our energy.
5	We've also spent over \$300,000 just this year alone in
6	the installation of energy efficient motors to reduce
7	our costs of electricity.
8	In '06 we have on the docket right now a little
9	less than a million dollar project to install a modern
10	air compressor system which should reduce our energy.
11	We're also looking at dollars spent to improve our hog
12	fuel system, which would move us more to biomass and
13	get us off fossil fuels.
14	Our frustration is we spend that kind of capital
15	dollars and we turn around and we have to pay that
16	savings to the power company, and a little bit of a
17	frustration.
18	We're now paying about \$17 million a year. The
19	impact of a 17 percent increase, quick math, is about
20	\$3 million a year, \$250,000 a month.
21	We have reviewed the UTC Staff's position on
22	this, along with Public Council. We would like you to
23	take that into strong consideration. We obviously

Another issue that I'd like to talk about briefly

1	is PacifiCorp's quality of the power that they provide
2	us. Maybe a little bit off subject, but it is an
3	impact to us. Since July of 1998 our mill has had 22
4	nower disruptions caused for various reasons

Now, folks in this office or in this building may not think of a power interruption as very much. The lights go out for a few minutes, the emergency power comes on. No big deal. The lights come back on and everybody is happy.

When you have a power interruption in the pulp and paper industry, a huge integrated process like ours, it can take anywhere from ten minutes to 24 hours to get the process back running.

We have calculated roughly -- Since July of '98, we've calculated roughly \$2 million in losses because of those interruptions. In the first three months of '04 by itself we had three interruptions, which were about a half a million dollars worth of losses just in that three months.

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL:

- Mr. Hester, can you sum up a little bit?
- MR. DOUG HESTER: Okay. I'm trying to get
- there.
- 24 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: I know.
- 25 And we do appreciate your speaking. I know it's a

- 1 little bit hard.
- 2 MR. DOUG HESTER: The final part of it is on
- 3 issue relative to our sensitivity to the quality of
- 4 power that we receive. We're a very sophisticated and
- 5 sensitive operation. We need a firm power system.
- 6 Let's see. I guess the last point I'll make
- 7 before I close is our payroll is roughly \$36 million a
- 8 year. It creates a trickle down effect of roughly
- 9 another \$10 million. So those types of things impact
- 10 us and impact the community around us. So I'll quit
- 11 there.
- 12 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. So
- 13 thank you very much.
- MR. DOUG HESTER: All right.
- 15 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Dave
- 16 Kepley or Dale Kepley?
- 17 MR. DALE KEPLEY: I'm Dale Kepley,
- 18 K-E-P-L-E-Y.
- 19 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: And are
- 20 you a --
- 21 MR. DALE KEPLEY: Just a PP&L customer.
- 22 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
- 23 And are you speaking on your own behalf or on behalf
- of an organization?
- MR. DALE KEPLEY: My own behalf.

1	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: State
2	your address for the court reporter.
3	MR. DALE KEPLEY: 690 East Branch Road,
4	Toppenish.
5	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
6	you. Go ahead.
7	MR. DALE KEPLEY: I urge the Utility
8	Commission to take a real hard look at this increase.
9	Folks like myself, and there's lots of them, who have
10	a pension that has not increased, and I worked for a
11	utility a number of years ago, not the power company,
12	my pension has not increased in ten years. And I
13	don't look forward to it to increase again.
14	My gas costs me just as much as that person
15	that's working every day, my bread costs me just as
16	much, and my gallon of milk costs me just as much, but
17	I have no increases. We have Social Security
18	increases, but that has all gone towards Medicare.
19	So I don't know where this is going to end, but
20	people that are on a fixed income have no way, unless
21	they delete something that's necessary, no way to keep
22	up with this increase. So I urge you again to take a
23	very hard look at this.
24	The gas company just increased theirs. It's a

25 horrendous amount of money in that increase. And I do

1	not know Fortunately I don't have that gas or I'd
2	be really screaming. But I don't know how people can
3	afford to take care of the gas, the increase that it
4	was, and now have to have an increase in the power.
5	So, again, I urge you to take a real hard look at
6	this with the idea that people that are on a fixed

this with the idea that people that are on a fixed income or a pension that doesn't raise, I don't know where it's going to go. But someplace along the line it has to slow down or stop, at least one of those two, because we can not keep finding money to keep pouring money into this sort of thing. Thank you.

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank

you. We're going to take a short break. There are a

number of people in the audience who are Spanish

speaking and we are going to arrange for an

interpreter. So we'll just take a short break and

we'll be right back.

18 (A SHORT RECESS WAS HAD).

CHAIRMAN SIDRAN: I just wanted to take a brief break because regrettably we did not arrange for a Spanish language interpreter. And when Spanish-speaking customers showed up requesting to testify, I wanted to make sure that, although they are on the sign-up sheet as last, I wanted to know when they actually appeared, because there might have been

23

24

1	a delay making arrangements for translation. So I
2	wanted them to have the opportunity to testify in the
3	order in which they actually appeared this evening.
4	So I thank you for your indulgence. We've done that
5	now and we can move down the list.
6	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
7	The next person who signed up to speak was Rhonda
8	Workman.
9	MS. RHONDA WORMAN: Worman.
10	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Worman,
11	excuse me.
12	MS. RHONDA WORMAN: Okay.
13	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: And can
14	you state your name and spell your last name for the
15	court reporter.
16	MS. RHONDA WORMAN: Yes. My name is Rhonda
17	Worman, and that's W-O-R-M-A-N.
18	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
19	you. And are you here on your own behalf?
20	MS. RHONDA WORMAN: No. I am here
21	representing OIC of Washington, which is a nonprofit

25 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.

income population of Yakima County.

organization, Community Action Council associated with

the Energy Project, and I am here representing the low

- 1 And why don't you give a work address, then.
- 2 MS. RHONDA WORMAN: 815 Fruitvale Boulevard,
- 3 Yakima, Washington, 98902.
- 4 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
- 5 you. Please go ahead.
- 6 MS. RHONDA WORMAN: Okay. I am here -- Bob
- 7 Ponti services the lower Yakima County, so I'm not
- 8 going to repeat a lot of what he does because we
- 9 duplicate a lot of those services.
- 10 We also do the LIHEAP, which is the Low Income
- 11 Heating and Energy Assistance Program. We also
- 12 administer Pacific Power & Light's Low Income Bill
- 13 Assistance Program, which is the LIBA.
- 14 We also administer some other Pacific Power &
- 15 Light educational programs. We're doing an in-school
- 16 program with them with sixth grade class students, and
- that's very successful. And in advance I want to
- 18 commend Pacific Power in working with us and what a
- 19 great relationship we've had with them for several
- 20 years.
- 21 They support our weatherization programs. They
- also are doing a pilot adult education program with us
- that this is our first year into it, and so far it's
- been very successful at this point. And we anticipate
- 25 finishing that up around the end of December. So

- 1 that's a good thing.
- 2 On the other flip side of it, the increase would
- 3 be drastically devastating to the population we serve.
- 4 Currently, November 28th, we actually signed people up
- for that LIHEAP program. I had it scheduled for two
- 6 days. By noon the first day we had booked I do
- 7 believe about 1,500 appointments. And we currently
- 8 have over 300 people on a waiting list and we're
- 9 waiting to see if there will be additional funds after
- January.
- 11 There's definitely a need for more funds for the
- low income, for the heating bills, but there's also
- 13 those people who just fall right over those income
- 14 guidelines that will be very devastatingly impacted by
- 15 this increase.
- The people that we're dealing with live in
- 17 substandard housing. That's a real health and safety
- 18 issue. By an increase, they have a choice of paying
- 19 rent or eating or heating their home. By heating
- their home, if they can't pay their rent, they have no
- 21 home to heat. That's going to increase the homeless
- 22 population in this county, which is already increasing
- 23 at this point.
- 24 Currently we're seeing about 40 to 50 people a
- 25 day walking in our office who have disconnect notices

1	or who have been shut off because of the high cost
2	already and they cannot keep up with the bills.
3	We had a warm winter last year. This year
4	they're getting hit harder because it's gotten colder
5	earlier and an increase again would be devastating.
6	It is devastating at this point to us and our programs
7	and the people that we have lined up.
8	We'll be taking approximately five emergency
9	walk-ins a day. We have 50 people walking in right
10	now, so we'll only be able to serve five of those 50
11	on top of the people who are already booked and
12	scheduled. So you can see what kind of impact a 17.9
13	percent increase would do next year to these programs.
14	And I anticipate in another two weeks we'll be
15	well over 500 on our waiting list of people that are
16	underserved. And with a rate increase, that would
17	just decrease who we're serving at this point.
18	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Can you
19	sum up at this point?
20	MS. RHONDA WORMAN: Yeah, I can real
21	quickly.
22	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
23	MS. RHONDA WORMAN: That's pretty much it.
24	Bob's covered a lot of it, so I will go ahead and

25 close on that note.

1	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. I
2	think Mr. Jones has a question.
3	COMMISSIONER JONES: I just want to clarify
4	a couple of things. The sign-up that you talked about
5	referred to both the LIHEAP program, which is federal,
6	and the PacifiCorp program as well.
7	MS. RHONDA WORMAN: Just the LIHEAP program.
8	COMMISSIONER JONES: Just the LIHEAP
9	program.
10	In what percent of the households that you serve
11	through that program are electrically heated and
12	roughly what percentage would be heated by gas? Do
13	you have any idea?
14	MS. RHONDA WORMAN: Well, I do. I do have
15	that. I would say approximately 75 percent of the
16	households we served last year were electrically
17	heated, and probably, I'm going to say, about 20
18	percent gas. That's pretty close.
19	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
20	Thank you.
21	MS. RHONDA WORMAN: Thank you.
22	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
23	The next person who signed up is John Tierney.
24	If you can state your name and spell your last

name for the court reporter, please.

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0800	
1	MR. JOHN TIERNEY: John Tierney,
2	T-I-E-R-N-E-Y. And I reside at 835 Fourth Street Loop
3	in the City of Selah. That's 98942.
4	And I am here as a concerned citizen about the
5	rate increase, and would preface that with the comment
6	that I am a pro business fiscal conservative, but I'm
7	adamantly opposed to this rate increase by Pacific
8	Power.
9	Those before me have already spoken about the
10	impact on low income families in Yakima County and on
11	people with fixed incomes here in Yakima County. We
12	are different here than western Washington. We are
13	different here than the northeast portion of the
14	state.
15	This county does not have a robust economy. A
16	lot of people are living at the poverty level or less
17	And any increase that PacifiCorp gets from the

And any increase that PacifiCorp gets from the Utilities and Transportation Commission will have an adverse effect not only on individual pocket books here in Yakima County and those people having to make choices between food or heat, but for each household that you take \$180 a year out of, talking about a \$15a month increase, is \$180 per household per year that you take out of the Yakima economy, and we cannot afford that.

1	The cost of living here is not substantially less
2	than other places in the state, but the income levels
3	are far less Substantially less

One of the things that I get concerned about is the fact that all utilities, whether it be the gas company or the electric companies, are all coming in and pleading for a viable return for their investors.

Well, I'm an investor. And when I lost money in the stock market in the last two and three years when some of my stocks tanked, I didn't have the opportunity to come to a state commission and ask to get my money back. And I don't feel like we have an obligation to those holders of equity.

It is a risk when you invest. We all know that.

And if it's a risk that you're willing to take, so be it. But if you lose money in it, don't come crying to the rest of the public and ask us to bail you out. I don't feel I have an obligation, nor do I feel anybody in the state of Washington feels an obligation to pay for power transmission processes in the state of Utah. If Utah is expanding, let them pay the freight. It should not be our responsibility.

The rate increase that's being asked for, it's not fair, it's not just and it's certainly not reasonable. And if it comes to the point where UTC

1	feels they have to allow a rate increase, I would urge
2	you to consider locking that rate increase to a CPI
3	index for the specific area of service. Don't base it
4	on the Seattle Puget Sound area CPI. Base it on the
5	CPI of Yakima County, base it on the CPI of Franklin
6	County, base it on the CPI of Wahkiakum County. That
7	way, if you do have to make an increase, it will at
8	least have less of an impact on the community than
9	what you're having proposed before you.
10	With that, I want to thank you for the
11	opportunity to speak before you, Chairman Sidran,
12	Commissioner Jones. Thank you, Your Honor.
13	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you
14	very much.
15	Okay. The next person who signed up to speak is
16	Jar Arcand. I don't know if I pronounced it
17	correctly. And if you can state your name and spell
18	your last name for the report, please.
19	MR. JAR ARCAND: Jar Arcand, A-R-C-A-N-D,
20	111 East Yakima Avenue. Representing myself as a user
21	of Pacific Power.
22	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
23	you. Please go ahead.
2.4	MR. JAR ARCAND: First to point out the

25 error in notification of the public hearing, Monday

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1	December 1st, that date does not exist and could be
2	easily confused such as the first Monday of December.
3	This error underscores the validity of a public
4	hearing and I think Pacific Power should mail
5	correction notices and have a continuance of this
6	hearing or an opportunity for people that in error are
7	not here this evening.
8	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
9	you.
10	MR. JAR ARCAND: Pacific Power entered into
11	a five-year agreement in which the first three years
12	they would allow rate increases with the rate freezes
13	in years four and five. Pacific Power has failed to
14	honor this agreement.
15	Last year Pacific Power appealed and was granted
16	an increase. Not to cover costs, but to deliver a
17	higher investment return to its investors.
18	Investments are risks. Returns are preferred, but not
19	guaranteed, and it is unfair to gouge the consumers
20	for the profit.
21	I protest this current increase proposal, 20.3 in
22	this statement, and it violates the previous agreement
23	to grant consumers a rate freeze. Pacific Power

states their request is based upon rising costs of

power and capital investment. Last year's rate

25

1	increase rightfully should have been applied to any
2	rising costs, but none were declared. The investors
3	should be covering their costs of their capital
4	investments. Truly this is a scheme of a win-win for
5	the investors at the expense of consumers.
6	Over the past five years, what has been the
7	compounded effect upon consumers by Pacific Power?
8	Rate increases. And has that been justified?
9	It's become a common practice of energy companies
10	to artificially inflate their cost in scheming to
11	conceive and deceive consumers while extorting record
12	profits. In the best interest of the citizens of
13	Washington State regarding consumer protection, the
14	WUTC must deny Pacific Power of its proposed rate
15	increase. And it would be furthermore justified that
16	last year's granted increase be abated and refunds
17	granted to the consumers. Thank you.
18	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you
19	very much. The next person who's signed up to speak
20	is Louise Schneider.
21	MS. LOUISE SCHNEIDER: My name is Louise
22	Schneider. It's S-C-H-N-E-I-D-E-R. And my address is
23	150 Fink Road, Post Office Box 67, Selah, 98902.

I'm here to object to the proposed 20.3 percent

price increase for not only residential, but for

1	irrigation. My husband and I own a ranch in the Wenas
2	Valley raising hay and cattle. We irrigate
3	approximately 225 acres of land using three pumps.
4	One is 50-horsepower and two are 15. Because of the
5	climate in the Wenas Valley, it is impossible to farm
6	without irrigation. It is a difficult even now with
7	the present rates to farm and make a profit. If these
8	increases are accepted, it will be next to impossible.

We cannot increase our prices for hay and cattle.

We can't just go and say we're arbitrarily going to

raise our rates on the cattle 20 percent or our hay 20

percent. There's absolutely no way we can pass on

these proposed increases to our customers.

Farmers are also faced, of course it's been testified, with increased levels of costs, including machinery, irrigation equipment, repair costs, labor costs, fuel costs to operate our machinery. And then of course we recently received a statement from Pacific Power for a three-phase annual loan size charge due December 2nd. This is in addition to the bills we've already paid for electricity. It does not go on to next year's bills. It's just in addition. And this amounted to almost \$1,000 for our three pumps. And that's quite a bit of extra money. And that's not what we bumped, but somehow or other they

1	figure out the peaked period, she told me. I called
2	down there. And then they base this increase on that
3	And how it's really figured out, I don't know.

I also wanted to talk to you about residential because we're stuck with that, too. And we feel that it's going to be really hard for us to have that increase, and that's 20.3 percent. We have a house that's about 100 years old. We heat with electricity, propane and one wood stove, and course we keep the electricity going with the lights and the frig and freezer and domestic water pump.

I would hate to have to start hauling water out of the creek and lighting the kerosene lanterns, but it might get to that at this rate. So I ask each of you members of the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission to consider thoughtfully the full impact of these proposed rate increases. It gouges the residential customer as well as the farmer, who of necessary at this time farms with electric irrigation pumps. I ask you not to grant these increases.

I also, when I called down to Olympia, found out that Pacific Power is owned by Scottish Power, which is a foreign company, and they are negotiating with MidAmerican, which is an American company. So I

1	thought,	well,	maybe	they	want	these	increases	to	make
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- 2 their company look better so they get a better price
- for the selling. I don't know. But that's what I
- 4 wondered. Thank you.
- 5 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
- 6 you. And if you have a written statement you'd like
- 7 to submit to Mr. ffitch, you can go ahead and do that.
- 8 MS. LOUISE SCHNEIDER: Okay. It doesn't
- 9 have all my comments, but you have what I've got.
- 10 MR. FFITCH: All your comments are taken by
- 11 the court reporter, so.
- 12 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
- 13 Thank you very much.
- 14 The next person who wishes to speak is Fran
- 15 Feusner.
- MS. FRAN FEUSNER: Feusner.
- 17 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Feusner.
- 18 Sorry about that.
- 19 And again, if you'd state your name and spell the
- last name for the court reporter.
- 21 MS. FRAN FEUSNER: I'm Fran Feusner. I'm
- 22 speaking on behalf of my husband, John Feusner. And
- it's F-E-U-S-N-E-R.
- 24 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
- 25 you. And are you speaking on -- Well, on behalf of

Τ	yoursell and your husband as individual customers?
2	MS. FRAN FEUSNER: Yes. My husband couldn't
3	be here tonight, so he wrote a letter and I'm going to
4	read that.
5	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
6	And just on behalf of yourselves, not as a part of an
7	organization?
8	MS. FRAN FEUSNER: No. Just ourselves.
9	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: And could
10	you state your address for the record, please.
11	MS. FRAN FEUSNER: 10680 North Wenas Road,
12	Selah, Washington, 98942.
13	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
14	you. And as you read, if you can read a bit slowly
15	for the court reporter. And you can also give the
16	letter to Mr. ffitch at the end.
17	MS. FRAN FEUSNER: Sure. I'm writing this
18	letter in protest of the proposed rate increase by
19	PP&L. Residential rates would increase by 20.3
20	percent, irrigation rates by 22 percent. These rates
21	are out of line. I believe that they do not represent
22	a realistic cost of doing business increase.
23	It seems to me that ever since PP&L was bought
24	out, there have been numerous rate increases. These
25	increases are much more than the annual inflation

1	rate.	The	econom	ic	effects	on	business	in
2	agricul	Ltura	l will	be	harmful			

We irrigators already pay a demand charge at the end of the season on our pumps. I have yet to understand or receive an explanation as to these charges.

Those of us in farming have been motivated to change our irrigation methods in order to conserve water, maintain the stream flows for fish and enhance riparian areas, riparian habitat. Consequently, we have changed our watering methods by converting to electrical power for sprinkler irrigation. Such a rate increase, if approved, would be disastrous to production of agriculture.

With rising oil prices, farmers are faced not only with high fuel prices, but higher fertilizer prices as well. It is a never ending spiral of high costs and low prices. I can understand that a rate increase may be necessary for PP&L to maintain a profit profile, but such a large increase is totally out of line.

My suggestion would be to make gradual increases over a period of time to lessen the burden on all rate payors. Thank you for allowing me to voice my concerns regarding this proposal. Sincerely, John

in Yakima.

1	Feusner.
2	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
3	you. Thank you very much.
4	Okay. The next person who signed up is John
5	Klingele or Klingele.
6	MR. JOHN KLINGELE: You got it right the
7	first time.
8	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: All
9	right. I should have stopped while I was ahead.
10	It looks like you have some of the stuff we had.
11	MR. JOHN KLINGELE: Yes.
12	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: If you
13	can state your name and spell your last name for the
14	court reporter, please.
15	MR. JOHN KLINGELE: John Klingele,
16	K-L-I-N-G-E-L-E. I speak for myself. And I am a
17	former Yakima City Councilman, and I have been
18	following utilities for many years now. And I sit and
19	participate in Pacific Power and Cascade Natural Gas'
20	lease cost planning programs, so I have substantial
21	information over the years.
22	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. If

MR. JOHN KLINGELE: 1312 West Walnut Street

you could state your address.

1	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
2	you. Please go ahead.
3	MR. JOHN KLINGELE: Having reviewed the
4	materials that Pacific filed with their initial rate
5	case, I find that confidential and proprietary
6	information really provides a major handicap for
7	citizens to review the numbers to identify, you know,
8	what numbers are real and how much are really
9	accounting acrobatics.
10	I expect price increases. They're part of the
11	nature of increases across the country. Following
12	fuel prices, following the cost of doing business,
13	those are going up, but no 20 percent. Five, maybe
14	ten is what I could expect.
15	Last year the Commission granted Pacific Power
16	some rate increases, and I disagreed with some of
17	those rate increases as far as how they were applied.
18	For instance, in the residential use, the first 600
19	kilowatt hours per month did not see an increase, and
20	I thought there should have been at least a small
21	increase there and not just have it apply to the
22	kilowatt hours over 600.
23	I also reviewed what Pacific has to file with
24	FERC each year, and I notice this last year they

reported a \$29 million loss, which follows on losses

1	from previous years, and since 2000 have reported a
2	\$627 million loss. Companies can't survive doing that
3	continuously, and the public loses confidence when
4	they do show losses on a regular basis.

One of the things that adds confusion is how to allocate costs. And one of the things that the Commission is destined to decide this year, and I hope they will decide, is to adopt the revised protocol so that in the future we only will have two binders of stuff instead of three, so we can get rid of Mr. David Taylor's testimony for future filings.

One of the things I think that citizens around here have lost with Pacific Power's operations is that they no longer have people in an office here to assist in taking money and in dealing with their problems as far as payments. Many people around here come from a background where they deal in person. They deal with cash. They have that tactical need in dealing with their finances. And I think the loss has been compounded by having all that stuff being done by remote control, if you will, through telephone.

So I see some of the problems that Pacific has with its customers is it no longer has the personal physical identification that a customer can have with a representative. You know, they can go and see Tom

25 that a no?

1	down in the office and give their story and such and
2	work out arrangements. Someone they can identify that
3	they will see in stores or they may see on the street
4	someplace and recognize that as someone who works for
5	Pacific Power and will help them when they need help,
6	I think that is a social loss that Pacific Power has
7	had when they consolidated all their operations to
8	Portland.
9	Those are the kinds of things I see right now
10	that you need to hear. Any questions?
11	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Not from
12	me at this point.
13	CHAIRMAN SIDRAN: No. Thank you.
14	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you
15	very much.
16	And just for those of you in the audience, the
17	three binders are the materials that the company filed
18	to justify their initial case. And then the other
19	parties have filed maybe not as much per party, but we
20	have maybe three or four binders. And we'll be
21	getting more on the seventh. So that's what we take
22	in from the parties to evaluate, along with this
23	hearing and the hearing in January. Thank you
24	Okay. Mr. Hicks, did you want to speak or was

25

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: A no,
okay. John Probst?
MR. JOHN PROBST: John Probst. I'm
representing the Diocese of Yakima Housing Services.
The address is 5301 Tieton Drive, Suite C, Yakima,
98908.
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: And are
you here on your own behalf?
MR. JOHN PROBST: I'm representing the
Diocese of Yakima Housing Services.
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
you.
MR. JOHN PROBST: Basically I'm here because
of our low income housing projects. We have 125 units
in Yakima County, all served by Pacific Power. And
the situation we find ourselves in is that we're
operating rent restricted properties, and those rents
are set by the State, and they don't move beyond a
certain level. And so if we're looking at a 20
percent increase, I'm looking at a \$4,500 increase in
utility bills per project and no way to increase my
revenue. And that really is the crux of the matter.
And that's just for the dwelling units themselves.

And then we're also responsible for all the common

MR. HICKS: No.

1	areas,	the	outdoor	street	lights	and	that	sort	of
2	thing.								

So we oppose the increase at least from the

standpoint of how it impacts rent restricted

properties because there is no recourse for us to

bring in additional revenue. We're generally running

about 98 percent occupancy, so there's very little

wiggle room for us to bring in any additional revenue

just from rents.

The State limits us to a two and a half percent maximum rent increase annually, and so this will take us eight years to get to where we can just break even. We've got about \$18 million invested in these units. And if we can't operate at a break even and we go under, the State loses an \$18 million investment. Somebody else might come in and pick it up, but there's going to be a heavy cost to bear.

So it's just simply a matter of economics for us. You've heard OIC and some other folks that are on limited and fixed incomes and the burden that that places on folks. We're not different. So in many ways it's the same song in about the ninth verse. Thank you very much for your time.

24 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
25 you.

1	The next person who wishes to speak is Juan
2	Aguilar. And if you can state your name and spell
3	your last name for the court reporter, please.
4	MR. JUAN AGUILAR: My name is Juan Aguilar.
5	Aguilar, A-G-U-I-L-A-R.
6	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Are you
7	here on your own behalf or on behalf of an
8	organization?
9	MR. JUAN AGUILAR: Actually I'm going to
10	speak on my own behalf.
11	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
12	And you are a PacifiCorp customer?
13	MR. JUAN AGUILAR: Yes, I am.
14	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: And can
15	you state your address, please.
16	MR. JUAN AGUILAR: 661 Swan Road, Sunnyside.
17	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Great.
18	Please go ahead.
19	MR. JUAN AGUILAR: I'm going to speak on my
20	own behalf as a customer and also as a person who
21	provides a service. A part of my job is actually
22	funded through a PP&L grant, in which I teach
23	underserved populations on how to read the power meter
24	and how to read the power bill, so that there's no
25	surprises when that power bill actually gets to their

-	
1	home.
_	monic.

The folks that I'm dealing with are people that

are below the federal poverty line, limited English

speaking, undereducated, and oftentimes destitute. So

the folks that we're trying to reach -- And I have to

commend PP&L for investing first of all, in doing

this. I'm opposed to the rate increases personally,

but I have to commend them for taking the step.

The reason I'm here tonight is to share with all of you that there are other utilities, the gas utilities, the water utilities, Bonneville power, a variety of different groups that come before you and ask for rate increases.

When they come, I would encourage all of you to explore if any of those other companies are doing what PP&L is trying to do, invest in the underserved populations.

Today, for example -- I'm going to give you one quick story -- after teaching my class I kind of tested them a little bit and I wanted to see if they actually absorbed some of the material. So I asked this gentleman or asked the class, Did anybody go home, read the power meter and then wake up this morning before class and read it again and see how much he used last night, just last night, in power.

in one day.

1	Well, one of the guys raised his hand and he said,
2	Hey, I did that. And he had his little kit with him
3	and he had the little numbers and everything, and so
4	we were able to on the wall write down exactly how
5	many kilowatts he used yesterday, in one day. It was
6	40 kilowatts. So 40 times a nickel per kilowatt, and
7	we figured out that he used two dollars in electricity

Now, I'm teaching him and his family how to do this with their children and kind of make a game out of it with their kids. You know how kids love games.

And they love playing with their parents. So the kids go out there and do this thing, so the kids are

learning how to read this meter.

Now, if we can do this with electricity and the power bill and we can do this with the water bill and the gas bill, we're starting to raise the level of consciousness on how we're going to use direct use of all kinds of power.

I have to commend PP&L for taking this step. I can see the future benefits. And I'm hoping that you will also share with all the other utilities this is a great opportunity.

I know PP&L is a company trying to make money, just like everybody else. But if it's at the expense

1	οÍ	the	poorest	and	the	most	underserved	populations,

- 2 it's a very bitter pill to swallow. So I hope you
- 3 take that all into consideration. Thank you.
- 4 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you
- 5 very much.
- 6 There were other folks who had signed up to speak
- 7 who have decided not to. Is there anyone who said
- 8 they didn't want to speak who wishes to make a
- 9 statement now?
- 10 Please come up. Thank you. And if you can state
- 11 your name and spell your last name, please.
- MR. JIM JACOBSON: Jim Jacobson,
- J-A-C-O-B-S-O-N. And I'm here on behalf of Longview
- 14 Fibre Company here in Yakima, Washington. We are a
- 15 direct competitor of Boise in Wallula, and we very
- 16 much understand costs. And we have also spent several
- 17 million dollars investing in equipment to kind of
- 18 maintain our market share, and these are not costs
- 19 that we can pass on. It just helps us retain the
- 20 position that we have.
- 21 If we were to increase our prices, we would
- 22 probably lose market share. And that of course in the
- trickle down theory, we could lose some of the 150
- jobs that we are providing to the community. So there
- 25 is a negative impact to a rate increase of this size.

- 1 Thank you.
- 2 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
- 3 And if you can maybe tell us your position with the
- 4 company and the work address, that would be great, for
- 5 the court reporter.
- 6 MR. JIM JACOBSON: 2001 Longfibre Avenue
- 7 here in Yakima. And again, I'm the plant manager.
- 8 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
- 9 Thank you very much.
- 10 Is there anyone else in the audience who wants to
- 11 make a statement at this time?
- 12 Please come up, sir.
- MR. ROBERT DAWSON: He's my competitor. My
- name is Robert Dawson, D-A-W-S-O-N.
- 15 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: And which
- 16 company are you here on behalf of?
- MR. ROBERT DAWSON: Well, actually I work
- 18 for Boise Cascade, LLC with Mr. Hester. I'm the union
- 19 president.
- 20 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. So
- 21 you're here representing the union?
- 22 MR. ROBERT DAWSON: That's correct. And the
- same address 31831 Highway 12, Wallula, 99363.
- 24 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank
- 25 you. Please go ahead.

1	MR. ROBERT DAWSON: I don't have anything
2	for you. I just wrote some notes.
3	MR. FFITCH: Okay.
4	MR. ROBERT DAWSON: I did want to thank you
5	for letting me speak. As I said, my name is Bob
6	Dawson, and I'm president of Local 69 of the
7	Association of Western Pulp and Paper Workers Union.
8	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
9	And if you're reading, you need to slow down because
10	we all read a lot faster than we talk.
11	MR. ROBERT DAWSON: Oh, I'm sorry.
12	The Union represents 313 of the workers at the
13	Boise Cascade Wallula paper mill in Walla Walla
14	County. These workers live in both the Tri-Cities and
15	the Walla Walla areas and contribute to the economies
16	of all of these areas.
17	I've worked at that mill for 25 years. The
18	average employee has been there approximately 17
19	years. And we're all working in an industry that has

been hit hard over the past few years by declining
demand for white paper, along with rising costs of all
forms of energy, as well as materials and freight
rates. And I believe that the gentleman from Longview
Fibre could probably say the same thing about his
company.

1	In order to combat these substantial increases in
2	operating costs and remain competitive, Wallula has
3	reduced the workforce by layoffs and automation. Our
4	workers have been asked to do more with less and they
5	are stepping up to the challenge.

A potential 20 percent electric rate increase, it raises concerns about Wallula's ability to remain competitive in an industry with low profit margins, especially since our power rates have gone up by 17 percent since January of '02.

Such a large increase in power rates would do more than affect our parent company, Boise Cascade,

LLC. It would affect the livelihood of all of us who work in the mill, as well as the communities.

I also don't think the Wallula mill in Washington State should have to cover the cost of power plants the company is building to service customers in Utah. Those plants won't help us or improve the reliability of our service.

Mr. Hester covered part of this. In 2004 alone power outages cost the mill \$500,000 in lost production.

Please make sure that the companies, Washington customers are not forced to pay for power that will be used to serve customers and possibly competitors in

1	IItah	Wallula	hag	done	its	nart	tο	control	costs	and

- 2 energy consumption. We ask that you make sure that
- 3 Pacific Power has done its part to control the cost,
- 4 too, before you approve any type of a rate increase.
- 5 And I thank you for listening to me and taking
- 6 this time. I did want to make one more statement.
- 7 The mill has approximately 2,200 electric motors.
- 8 They go from less than one horsepower to well over
- 9 1,000 horsepower. And Boise Cascade, LLC right now
- 10 today pays \$1.3 million a month for their electricity.
- 11 Thank you.
- 12 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Thank you
- very much. And if you have a written statement you'd
- 14 like to submit --
- MR. ROBERT DAWSON: No. It's just a note I
- 16 gave myself.
- 17 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
- 18 You can submit them to Mr. ffitch.
- 19 Is there anyone else in the audience that wishes
- to speak tonight?
- Okay. Please come up, sir.
- MR. JAMES STEWART: I'm not sure if I want
- to or not.
- 24 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Well,
- 25 this is your opportunity.

25

1	And if you can state your name and then spell the
2	last name.
3	MR. JAMES STEWART: My name is James
4	Stewart, S-T-E-W-A-R-T, and I live at 1415 Jefferson
5	Avenue in Yakima.
6	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: And are
7	you here on your own behalf?
8	MR. JAMES STEWART: My own behalf.
9	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.
10	Well, thank you for coming and speaking. And please
11	go ahead.
12	MR. JAMES STEWART: I worked for Boise
13	Cascade for 31 years. And thank God for the union, I
14	got a retirement, \$715 a month, which goes on top of
15	Social Security. If it wasn't for that, I wouldn't be
16	able to make it.
17	But while I was working, I worked every hour I
18	could overtime. And in that 31 years, I bought eight
19	houses, and right now I've got three left. And I'd
20	like for you guys to know what experience it is to
21	tell somebody, Well, you're going to have to move; you
22	can't afford your electricity and your rent too. I
23	can't afford to carry you.

That's all I've got to say.

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay.

1	Well, thank you very much.
2	Is there anyone else that's who wants to make
3	comments tonight?
4	(NO RESPONSE).
5	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE RENDAHL: Okay. If
6	not, I think we're close to adjourning the hearing.
7	The company's representatives and the Staff and Public
8	Council's representatives and our Consumer Affairs
9	representative from the Commission are here if you'd
10	like to speak to them.
11	We really do appreciate your coming out on such
12	inclement weather, and we're happy to be here. So I
13	encourage you, if you know someone who wasn't able to
14	be here tonight, you can have them submit written
15	comments to the Commission and they will get to
16	Mr. ffitch for submission in the record.
17	So thank you very much for coming tonight, and
18	this hearing is now adjourned. Thank you very much.
19	
20	(HEARING CONCLUDED AT
21	7:27 P.M.)
22	
23	
24	

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1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	As Court Reporter, I hereby certify that
4	the foregoing transcript is true and accurate
5	and contains all the facts, matters and
6	proceedings of the hearing held on:
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8	
9	DORENE BOYLE
10	CONTINENTAL REPORTING SERVICE, INC.
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