. 11				Exhibit No (KB- <b>5T</b> )
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9				ASHINGTON STATE PORTATION COMMISSION
10			r r v r	
11	BNSF	RAILWAY COMPANY,	)	DOCKET NO: TR-150189
		Petitioner	)	
12	vs.		)	REBUTTAL PREFILED TESTIMONY OF
13	WHATCOM COUNTY,		)	KURT BIALOBRESKI
14		Respondent.	)	
15		respondent.	)	
16				
17	Q:	You previously submitted pr	efiled tes	timony and a Traffic Impact Study in this
18		case. Paul Curl, Staff of the	Washingt	ton Utilities and Transportation
19		Commission, submitted testi	mony rel	ating to the traffic study. Have you reviewed
20		the testimony that he filed in	this case	e?
21	A:	Yes.		
22				
23	Q:	Do you have any responses t	o Mr. Cu	irl's testimony?
24	A:	Yes, I would like to respond to	o stateme	nts made by Mr. Curl on pages 5, 6, 14–22, and
25		25 of his testimony.		
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1	Q:	On page 5 of Mr. Curl's testimony, he states that "Up to three school buses travel
2		over the crossing daily. Is that accurate?
3	A:	It is not. I spoke to the school district and confirmed that school buses do not currently
4		travel over the Valley View crossing. Additionally, I am uncertain what "railroad
5		crossing inventory records" Mr. Curl refers to (see, for example, his answer to the
6		second question on page 5), as he did not provide those records. Those records appear
7		to have outdated information as compared to the Traffic Impact Study we performed and
8		the information that the County provided.
9		
10	Q:	Mr. Curl wonders about the sources of data for the AADT counts in the Traffic
11		Impact Study, on page 6 of his prefiled testimony. Can you please explain what
12		the sources of data were?
13	A:	Yes. We conducted AADT counts for the Valley View and Ham/Arnie Road crossings
14		on Tuesday, August 11, 2015. In areas where we did not use actual traffic counts, data
15	:	from the Whatcom Council of Governments Traffic Count Manual was used. We also
16		calculated AADT, using either historic growth rates or, when no historic information
17		was available, a very conservative growth rate (which means we actually projected a
18		growth rate that was faster than will likely occur). This is industry standard practice.
19		
20	Q:	On page 14 of Mr. Curl's testimony, he states that the AADT shown in the Traffic
21		Impact Study for Ham Road was not consistent with the Commission's crossing
22		inventory information. Do you agree?
23	A:	Although, again, I am unable to review the Commission's actual crossing inventory
24		information, these AADTs are generally consistent. From a traffic engineering
25		perspective, there is no statistical difference between AADTs of 205 (crossing
26		inventory) and 211 (Traffic Impact Study). Other than that, all I can say is that we
27		actually counted the AADT at Ham Road on Tuesday, August 11, 2015.
28		

1	Q:	Mr. Curl states that the Traffic Impact Study incorrectly described the
2		characteristics of the Ham Road crossing. What is your response?
3	A:	Mr. Curl is correct that the Ham Road crossing does not currently have active devices.
4		We have been advised that BNSF plans to install active devices, but it was an error on
5		our part to indicate that they exist today.
6		
7	Q:	Does that change the recommendations/conclusions of the TIS?
8	A:	No. Under the "Guidance on Traffic Control Devices at Highway-Rail Grade
9		Crossings" (November 2002), active devices would not be required at the Ham
10		crossing even after the closure of the Valley View crossing. This is an action by BNSF
11		that actually goes above and beyond what current safety standards would require.
12		
13	Q:	On page 15, Mr. Curl notes a discrepancy between his measurement of the width
14		of Ham Road (18 feet) and the traffic study's measurement of the width of Ham
15		Road (20 feet). What is your response?
16	A:	We measured 20 feet at the location via Google Earth. However, the width can vary at
17		different locations, and Mr. Curl may have measured 18 feet. This does not change our
18		recommendations.
19		
20	Q:	Mr. Curl calculated the required sight distance at the Ham Road crossing as 100
21		feet. Your traffic study calculated the required sight distance as 105 feet. What is
22		your response?
23	A:	We evaluated the required sight distance at the Ham Road crossing using Table 2 from
24		"Guidance on Traffic Control at Highway-Rail Grade Crossings" assuming a passenger
25		car is the design vehicle and the trains are traveling at 10 mph. We agree with Mr. Curl
26		that the sight distance at Ham Road exceeds minimum requirements.
27		
28		

1	Q:	Mr. Curl recommends that BNSF install flashing lights, in addition to gates, at the
2		Ham/Arnie crossing. Do you agree? Why or why not?
3	A:	We agree, as it is generally a safer condition to have both warning devices. It is our
4		understanding that it is BNSF standard practice to install flashing lights when it installs
5		gates.
6		
7	Q:	Mr. Curl mentions that there are "deep ditches" adjacent to Arnie and Ham
8		Road. Does that impact your analysis? Why or why not?
9	A:	This does not impact our analysis as the roadway cross section is substandard given the
10		existing functional classification and traffic volumes per Washington State DOT
11		standards. The functional classification and traffic volume characteristics of Ham or
12		Arnie Road are not expected to substantially change with the Valley View Road
13		closure causing there to be no remediation required by BNSF. Lastly, there are
14		substandard cross section elements for most roads in the in the study area, meaning that
15		the public is already likely traversing a substandard roadway.
16		
17	Q:	Mr. Curl recommends safety improvements at Ham Road including pavement
18		markings, stop lines, and increased signage. Do you agree with those
19		recommendations?
20	A:	Yes. Those would be appropriate for the crossing upgrade at Ham Road.
21		
22	Q:	Do you agree with Mr. Curl's statement that "it seems reasonable to explore the
23		possibility of widening the crossing or including stop refuges for vehicles such as
24		school busses?
25	A:	No. Stop refuges are not necessary to facilitate existing travel because the AADT and
26		peak hour volumes are low. We do not foresee backups caused by buses stopping in
27		the lane of travel. Widening the crossing is not necessary. There would be no benefit
28		because of road width limits.

1	Q:	Mr. Curl describes the Main Street crossing on page 19. He notes an AADT of
2		751. Do you agree that that AADT is accurate?
3	A:	No, that appears to be outdated information.
4		
5	Q:	Mr. Curl notes that he is unable to understand the difference in the two different
6		AADT counts that the traffic study provided for the Main Street crossing. Can
7		you please explain the difference?
8	A:	Yes. The AADT 823 was counted by Whatcom County in 2010, and since there is no
9		historical count data to calculate an average annual growth rate, we assumed a very
10		conservative 2% average annual growth rate to calculate an estimated 964 AADT in
11		2015.
12		
13	Q:	Please explain the discrepancy in street widths at Main Street, which were noted
14		by Mr. Curl on page 20 (the traffic study noted 16 feet; Mr. Curl measured 18
15		feet).
16	A:	Our measurement was from Google Earth and given as approximate. Our
17		recommendation remains the same.
18		
19	Q:	Does that impact your recommendations in this case?
20	A:	No.
21		
22	Q:	Mr. Curl did not agree that the required sight distance at the Main Street
23		crossing is 1,460 feet from the stop bar. He estimated the required sight distance
24		to be approximately 825 feet. What is your response?
25	A:	If the crossing were passive (meaning no gates), we believe the required sight distance
26		to be 1,460 feet based on Table 2 from the "Guidance on Traffic Control at
27		Highway-Rail Grade Crossings" for trains at 80 mph and using a single unit truck as
28		the design vehicle. We didn't use a passenger vehicle as the design vehicle because

1		Main Street has a higher functional classification and is more likely to service large
2		vehicles.
3		
4	Q:	Do you agree with Mr. Curl that the inconsistency does not make a difference in
5		recommending that the Valley View crossing be closed, due to lights and gates
6		that currently exist at the crossing?
7	A:	Yes.
8		
9	Q:	Mr. Curl stated that it "seems reasonable to explore the possibility of widening
10		the [Main Street] crossing or including stop refuges for vehicles such as school
11		busses" on page 21. Do you agree? Why or why not?
12	A:	We do not recommend constructing such an improvement. Given the low traffic
13		volume, we do not expect a bus to cause a backup into Portal Way for westbound
14		vehicles. Additionally, a stop refuge requiring vehicles to depart from the normal
15		traveled way can cause additional same direction sideswipes or rear end crashes. This
16	•	condition may occur as it can be difficult for bus drivers to see vehicles approach from
17		behind, especially when it is uncommon for vehicles to be approaching the bus from
18		this direction.
19		
20	Q:	On page 22, Mr. Curl recommends that Whatcom County evaluate whether a
21		traffic signal is warranted at the intersection at Main Street and Portal Way. Do
22		you believe that such a traffic signal is necessary?
23	A:	We did evaluate whether a traffic signal is recommended at the intersection of Portal
24		Way and Main Street. Per the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, a traffic
25		signal at this intersection would not be warranted (Warrant 9, Intersection Near a
26		Grade Crossing) based on the projected traffic volumes.
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1 Mr. Curl notes, on page 25, that he is unclear as to what was meant by "appropriately Q: 2 signing the change in access" north of the Valley View crossing closure. Can you 3 please clarify? 4 A: "Appropriately signing the change in access" refers to alerting the roadway user that 5 there is a dead end or that the road is closed ahead using signage per the appropriate 6 sections of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices. 7 8 Q: Does this end your testimony in response to Mr. Curl's prefiled testimony? 9 A: Yes it does. 10 11 Joe Rutan, County Road Engineer for Whatcom County, also submitted Q: 12 testimony relating to the traffic study. Have you reviewed the testimony that he 13 filed in this case? 14 A: Yes. 15 16 0: Mr. Rutan was asked whether he had "remaining concerns about the proposed 17 closure of Valley View Road [crossing]" in light of your traffic study. He stated 18 that although the traffic study "points out that the delayed response times are still 19 within acceptable range," adding an additional two to four minutes "could be a 20 matter of life and death for the persons in need of emergency assistance." As a traffic engineering professional, what is your response? 21 22 A: We understand that any time traffic flow or patterns change, such as adding a traffic 23 signal or developing surrounding land, that there may be adverse impacts on 24 emergency response times. In general, our objective is to maintain response times 25 similar to the current district response times. At the very least, we recommend not 26 creating a response time greater than the longest response time being served by the 27 impacted responders. 28

As per our conversation with Henry Hollander from North Whatcom Fire and Rescue (see Traffic Impact Study), existing response times to the Valley View Road area (between the crossing and Bay Road) are approximately 8-10 minutes. Per Mr. Hollander, expectations would be that the response time would increase to 10-12 minutes with the Valley View Road crossing closure. Mr. Hollander also stated that the proposed 10-12 minute response time is not uncommon for the fire district as some response times are as long as 15 minutes. This would keep the maximum response time for the all customers within the service area no longer than the maximum 15 minute response that currently occurs.

- Q: Does this end your testimony in response to Mr. Rutan's prefiled testimony?
- A: Yes it does.

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1 2 **DECLARATION** 3 I, KURT BIALOBRESKI, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that the foregoing REBUTTAL PREFILED TESTIMONY OF KURT 4 5 BIALOBRESKI is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. 6 DATED this 16th day of October, 2015. M. Bill. 7 8 9 KURT BIALOBRESKI 10 11 day of October, 2015. 12 13 Montgomery Scarp, PLLC 14 15 Kelsey Endres, WSBA #39409 16 Attorney for BNSF Railway Company 17 1218 Third Ave., Suite 2500 Seattle, WA 08101 18 Tel. (206) 625-1801; Fax (206) 625-1807 19 Kelsey@montgomeryscarp.com 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 2 Scarp PLLC, whose address is 1218 Third Avenue, Suite 2500, Seattle, Washington, 98101. 3 4 I hereby certify that the original and 1 copies of the REBUTTAL PREFILED TESTIMONY OF KURT BIALOBRESKI have been electronically filed with the WUTC and sent via FED EX to Steven King at WUTC. I also 5 certify that true and complete copies have been sent to the following interested parties via U.S. Mail: 6 Daniel L. Gibson 7 Joseph P. Rutan Chief Civil Deputy County Engineer/Interim PW Director 8 Prosecuting Attorney Whatcom County Public Works Dept. Whatcom County 322 N. Commercial St., Suite 210 9 311 Grand Ave., Suite 201 Bellingham, WA 98225 Bellingham, WA 98225 10 Julian Beattie 11 Assistant Attorney General 1400 S. Evergreen Park Drive SW 12 P.O. Box 40128 13 Olympia, WA 98504-0128 14 15 I declare under penalty under the laws of the State of Washington that the foregoing information is true and 16 correct. 17 DATED this 21st day of October, 2015, at Seattle, Washington. 18 19 20 Pamela Ruggles, Paralegal 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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