

Service Performance Indicator Definitions (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 8.0

QWEST'S SERVICE PERFORMANCE INDICATOR DEFINITIONS (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 8.0

Introduction

Qwest will report performance results for the service performance indicators defined herein. Qwest will report separate performance results associated with the services it provides to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) in aggregate (except as noted herein), to CLECs individually and, as applicable, to Qwest's retail customers in aggregate. Within these categories, performance results related to service provisioning and repair will be reported for the products listed in each definition. Reports for CLECs individually will be subject to agreements of confidentiality and/or nondisclosure.

The definitions in this version of the PID apply in the 14 states of Qwest's local service region: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. Individual state Performance Assurance Plans may specify and apply state specific variations from the Performance Measure definitions and/or standards contained herein.

Qwest's Service Performance Indicator Definitions

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GA-1 – Gateway Availability – IMA-GUI

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-GUI electronic gateway and one associated system, focusing on the extent they are actually available to CLECs.

Description:

GA-1A: Measures the availability of the IMA-GUI (Interconnect Mediated Access- Graphical User Interface), and reports the percentage of Scheduled Availability Time the IMA-GUI interface is available for view and/or input.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for preorder, order, and provisioning transactions are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- GA-1D: Measures the availability of the SIA system, which facilitates access for the IMA-GUI interface and the IMA-EDI interface (see GA-2), and reports the percentage of scheduled time the SIA system is available. Scheduled availability times will be no less than the same hours as listed for IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-GUI, SIA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Per	rcent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. Results will be reported as follows: GA-1A IMA Graphical User Interface Gateway GA-1D SIA system SIA system		ed as follows:
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Ava Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Tim		
	5 1 5	
Exclusions: None		
Exclusions: None Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent

GA-2 – Gateway Availability – IMA-EDI

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-EDI electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of IMA-EDI (Interconnect Mediated Access - Electronic Data Interchange) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the IMA-EDI Interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for IMA-EDI based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html. Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-EDI), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percen	t
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. (See GA-1D for reporting of SIA system availability.)	
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is A of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availabi Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
Availability: Available	Notes:	

GA-3 – Gateway Availability – EB-TA

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the EB-TA interface, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EB-TA (Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EB-TA Interface is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EB-TA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reportin	g: Region-wide level.
Formula:		
([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Durin		g Period] ÷ [Number
Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard: 99	9.25 percent
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

GA-4 – System Availability – EXACT

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC batch access to the EXACT electronic access service request system, focusing on the extent the system is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EXACT system and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EXACT system is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: <u>http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html</u>.
- Time System is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the system is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EXACT), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

	gemenegetemer	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure	: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation	Reporting: Region-wide level.
Formula:		
([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is Available t	o CLECs During F	Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of
Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During F	Reporting Period])	x 100
Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
		·
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

GA-6 – Gateway Availability – GUI -- Repair

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the GUI Repair electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of the GUI (Graphical User Interface) repair electronic interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time" hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., GUI-Repair), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percen	t
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reportion	ng: Region-wide level.
Formula:		
[Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is A Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability		
Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
Availability: Available	Notes:	

GA-7 – Timely Outage Resolution following Software Releases

, ,		5	
Purpose:			
Measures the timeliness of resolution of gateway or system outages attributable to software releases for specified OSS interfaces, focusing on CLEC-affecting software releases involving the specified gateways			
or systems.			
Description:			
software releases and v software releases, that or reporting by a CLEC/ Includes software release	 Measures the percentage of gateway or system outages, which are attributable to OSS system software releases and which occur within two weeks after the implementation of the OSS system software releases, that are resolved ^{NOTE 1} within 48 hours of detection by the Qwest monitoring group or reporting by a CLEC/co-provider. Includes software releases associated with the following OSS interfaces in Qwest: IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI, and CEMR, Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT)^{NOTE 2}, Electronic Bonding– Trouble 		
 An outage for this meass specified gateway or conthe Qwest side of the inverifiable data, collected systems. The outage resolution times the system of the sys	surement is a critical of mponent, affecting Q terface. An outage is d from the affected cu me interval considered	or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the west's ability to serve its customers or data loss ^{NOTE 4} on s determined by Qwest technicians through the use of ustomer(s) and/or from mechanized event management ed in this measurement starts at the time Qwest's	
		date/time of the first transaction sent to Qwest that cannot the time functionality is restored or the lost data is	
Reporting Period: Monthly		Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.			
time Qwest detects the outa	Formula: [(Total outages detected within two weeks of a Software Release that are resolved within 48 hours of the time Qwest detects the outage) ÷ (Total number of outages detected within two weeks of Software Releases resolved in the Reporting Period)] x 100		
Exclusions:			
 Outages in releases prior to any CLEC migrating to the release. Duplicate reports attributable to the same software defect. 			
Product Reporting: None Standards:			
Volume = 1-20: 1 miss Volume > 20: 95%			
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	experienced by t 2. EXACT is a Tele Qwest for hardwa	cordia system. Only releases for changes initiated by are or connectivity will be included in this measurement.	
	4. For data loss to b	d under EB-TA are the same as outages in MEDIACC. be considered for GA-7, a functional acknowledgement provided for the data in question (e.g., EDI 997, LSR ID number).	

Pre-Order/Order

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of responses to specific preordering/ordering queries for CLECs through the use of Qwest's Operational Support Systems (OSS). Qwest's OSS are accessed through the specified gateway interface.

Description:

PO-1A & PO-1B:

Measures the time interval between query and response for specified pre-order/order transactions through the electronic interface.

- Measurements are made using a system that simulates the transactions of requesting preordering/ordering information from the underlying existing OSS. These simulated transactions are made through the operational production interfaces and existing systems in a manner that reflects, in a statistically-valid manner, the transaction response times experienced by CLEC service representatives in the reporting period.
- The time interval between query and response consists of the period from the time the transaction request was "sent" to the time it is "received" via the gateway interface.
- A query is an individual request for the specified type of information.

PO-1C:

• Measures the percentage of all IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B transmitted in the reporting period that timeout before receiving a response.

PO-1D:

• Measures the average response time for a sampling of rejected queries across preorder transaction types. The response time measured is the time between the issuance of a pre-ordering transaction and the receipt of an error message associated with a "rejected query." A rejected query is a transaction that cannot be successfully processed due to the provision of incomplete or invalid information by the sender, which results in an error message back to the sender.

v	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
	PO-1A, PO-1B, & PO-1D: Seconds
	PO-1C: Percent

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Comparisons: CLEC aggregate.	 Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. Results are reported as follows: PO-1A Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-GUI PO-1B Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-EDI Results are reported separately for each of the following transaction types: ^{NOTE 2} 1. Appointment Scheduling (Due Date Reservation, where appointment is required) 2. Service Availability Information 3. Facility Availability 4. Street Address Validation 5. Customer Service Records 6. Telephone Number 7. Loop Qualification Tools ^{NOTE 3} 8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification 9. Connecting Facility Assignment ^{NOTE 4} 10. Meet Point Inquiry ^{NOTE 5} For PO-1A (transactions via IMA-GUI), in addition to reporting total response time, response times for each of the above transactions will be reported in two parts: (a) time to access the request screen, and (b) time to receive the response for the specified
	transaction. For PO-1A 6, Telephone Number, a third part (c) accept screen, will be reported. For PO-1B (transactions via IMA-EDI), request/response will be reported as a combined number.
	 PO-1C Results for PO-1C will be reported according to the gateway interface used: 1. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-GUI 2. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-EDI
	 PO-1D Results for PO-1D will be reported according to the gateway interface used: 1. Rejected Response Times for IMA-GUI 2. Rejected Response Times for IMA-EDI
Formula:	
	[(Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of Queries Submitted in Reporting Period)
	(Number of IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B that Timeout before receiving esponse) ÷ (Number of IRTM Queries Transmitted in Reporting Period)] x 100
	[(Rejected Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ Number of Rejected Query Transactions Simulated by IRTM)
Exclusions: PO-1A & PO-1B:	
PO-1C:	s/errors, and timed out transactions
 Rejected requests PO-1D: 	
 Timed out transac 	ctions

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards:	IMA-GUI	IMA-EDI
Troduct Reporting. None	Total Response Time:	INA-GOI	
	1. Appointment Scheduling	<10 seconds	<10 seconds
	2. Service Availability	<25 seconds	<25 seconds
	Information		
	3. Facility Availability	<25 seconds ⁶	<25 seconds ⁶
	4. Street Address Validation	<10 seconds	<10 seconds
	5. Customer Service Records	<12.5 seconds ⁶	<12.5 seconds ⁶
	6. Telephone Number	<10 seconds	<10 seconds
	7. Loop Qualification Tools	\leq 20 seconds ⁷	\leq 20 seconds
	8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification	\leq 20 seconds ⁷	\leq 20 seconds
	9. Connecting Facility Assignment	\leq 25 seconds	\leq 25 seconds
	10. Meet Point Inquiry	\leq 30 seconds	\leq 30 seconds
	PO-1C-1	0.5	0/
	PO-1C-1 PO-1C-2	0.5	
	PO-1D-1 & 2	Diagr	
Availability:	Notes:	-	
Available	1. Rejected query types used in	PO-1D are those dev	veloped for internal
	Qwest diagnostic purposes.		
	2. As additional transactions, cu		
	they will be measured and ac	lded to or included in	the above list of
	transactions, as applicable.	and in ation of ADO	Lean Quelification
	 Results based on a weighted and Raw Loop Data Tool. 	combination of ADSL	Loop Qualification
	4. Results based on Connecting	r Facility Assignment	by Unit Query
	5. Results based on meet Point		
	loops.		
	6. Times reflect non-complex se	ervices, including resid	dential, simple
	business, or POTS account. lines.		
	 Benchmark applies to respon time will also be reported. 	se time only. Reque	st time and Total

PO-2 – Electronic Flow-through

Purpose:

Monitors the extent Qwest's processing of CLEC Local Service Requests (LSRs) is completely electronic, focusing on the degree that electronically-transmitted LSRs flow directly to the service order processor without human intervention or without manual retyping.

Description:

PO-2A - Measures the percentage of all electronic LSRs that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the Service Order Processor (SOP) without any human intervention.

• Includes all LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

PO-2B – Measures the percentage of all flow-through-eligible LSRs ^{NOTE 1} that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the SOP without any human intervention.

• Includes all flow-through-eligible LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

aggregate, individual CLEC state system serving the state). Results for PO-2A and PO-2B will be reported according to the gateway interface* used to submit the LSR: 1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI 2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI *CO also reports an aggregate of IMA-GUI and IMA-E	Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
results.		Results for PO-2A and PO-2B will be reported according to the gateway interface* used to submit the LSR: 1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI

Formula:

- PO-2A = [(Number of Electronic LSRs that pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Total Number of Electronic LSRs that pass through the Gateway Interface)] x 100
- PO-2B = [(Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs that actually pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs received through the Gateway Interface)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Rejected LSRs and LSRs containing CLEC-caused non-fatal errors.
- Non-electronic LSRs (e.g., via fax or courier).
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

PO-2 – Electronic Flow-through (continued)

 Product Reporting: Resale Unbundled Loops (with or without Local Number Portability) Local Number Portability UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P 		Standards: <u>PO-2A</u> : CO: CO PO-2B benchmarks minus 10 percent NOTE 2 All Other States: Diagnostic <u>PO-2B</u> : NOTE 2		
(Centrex 21)		Resale:	95%	
Line Sharing		Unbundled Loops:	85%	
		LNP:	95%	
		UNE-P (POTS & Centrex 21):	95%	
		Line Sharing:	Diagnostic NOTE 3	
Availability: Available (except as follows): Combined reporting of UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P (Centrex 21) – beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report. Line Sharing – beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report	the "LSR availabili through t 2. In Colora either PC benchma PO-2A-2 (i.e., the 3. The stan	of LSR types classified as eligible for fl s Eligible for Flow Through" matrix. The ty for enhancements to flow through. the CMP process. ado the standard for PO-2 is considered D-2A or PO-2B is met. For both PO-2 ark percentages shown apply to the age (i.e., the combined PO-2A result) and combined PO-2B result). dard and future disaggregated reporti s TBD, pending resolution of TRO issues	his matrix also includes Matrix will be distributed ed met if the standard for A and PO-2B, the ggregations of PO-2A-1 and d of PO-2B-1 and PO-2B-2 ng of the Line Sharing	

PO-3 – LSR Rejection Notice Interval

Purpose:

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest notifies CLECs that electronic and manual LSRs were rejected.

Description:

Measures the interval between the receipt of a Local Service Request (LSR) and the rejection of the LSR for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information, • duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number), no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected, no valid contract, no valid end user verification, account not working in Qwest territory, service-affecting order pending, request is outside established parameters for service, and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.
- Included in the interval is time required for efforts by Qwest to work with the CLEC to avoid the necessity of rejecting the LSR.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are (1) business hours for manual rejects (involving human intervention) and (2) published Gateway Availability hours for auto-rejects (involving no human intervention). Business hours are defined as time during normal business hours of the Wholesale Delivery Service Centers, except for PO-3C in which hours counted are workweek clock hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Tourid on the following website. http://www.qw			
Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure:	
		PO-3A-1, PO-3B-1 & PO-3C - Hrs: Mins.	
		PO-3A-2 & PO-3B-2 – Mins: Secs.	
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Re		
CLEC aggregate and		cator are reported according to the gateway interface	
individual CLEC results	used to submit the l		
		received via IMA-GUI and rejected manually:	
	Statewide		
	 PO-3A –2, LSRs wide 	s received via IMA-GUI and auto-rejected: Region	
	• PO-3B-1, LSRs	received via IMA-EDI and rejected manually:	
	Statewide		
	 PO-3B –2, LSRs received via IMA-EDI and auto-rejected: Regi 		
	wide		
	 PO-3C, LSRs re 	ceived via facsimile: Statewide	
Formula:			
		- (Date and time of LSR receipt)] ÷ (Total number of	
LSR Rejection Notifications)			
Exclusions:			
 Records with invalid proc 			
		tion of the measurement per the PID.	
		ninated upon implementation of IMA capability to	
disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)			
 Invalid start/stop dates/times. 			
Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by		Standards:	
ordering interface).		• PO-3A-1 and -3B-1: \leq 12 business hours	
. ,		 PO-3A -2 and -3B -2: ≤ 18 seconds 	
		• PO-3C: ≤ 24 work week clock	
		hours	
Availability:		Notes:	
Available			

PO-4 – LSRs Rejected

ru-4 – Lons hejecieu		
address potential issues that might be raised by the	entage of all LSRs to provide information to help e indicator of LSR rejection notice intervals.	
Description:		
Measures the percentage of LSRs rejected (re	turned to the CLEC) for standard categories of	
errors/reasons.		
reporting period.	fied interface that are rejected or FOC'd during the	
	g/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information;	
duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase or	der number); no separate LSR for each account	
telephone number affected; no valid contract; n	no valid end user verification; account not working in	
	ng; request is outside established parameters for	
service; and lack of CLEC response to Qwest of	uestion for clarification about the LSR	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of LSRs	
Reporting renou. One monar	onit of measure. I ercent of Lords	
Benerting Comparisons, CLEC aggregate and	Disagragation Bonorting	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and	Disaggregation Reporting:	
individual CLEC results	Results for this indicator are reported according to	
	the gateway interface used to submit the LSR:	
	PO-4A-1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and	
	rejected manually – Region wide	
	PO-4A -2 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and	
	auto-rejected – Region wide	
	PO-4B-1 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and	
	rejected manually – Region wide	
	PO-4B -2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and	
	auto-rejected – Region wide	
	PO-4C LSRs received via facsimile –	
	Statewide	
Formula:		
[(Total number of LSRs rejected via the specified m		
that are received via the specified interface that we	re rejected or FOC'd in the reporting period)] x 100	
Exclusions:		
 Records with invalid product codes. 		
 Records missing data essential to the calculation 	on of the measurement per the PID	
Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be elimit		
	lated upon implementation of IMA capability to	
disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)		
Invalid start/stop dates/times.	Oton dande Die zu estis	
Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by Standard: Diagnostic		
ordering interface).		
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time

Purpose:

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest returns Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) to CLECs in response to LSRs/ASRs received from CLECs, focusing on the degree to which FOCs are provided within specified intervals.

Description:

Measures the percentage of Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) that are provided to CLECs within the intervals specified under "Standards" below for FOC notifications.

- Includes all LSRs/ASRs that are submitted through the specified interface or in the specified manner (i.e., facsimile) that receive an FOC during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. (Acknowledgments sent separately from an FOC (e.g., EDI 997 transactions are not included.)
- For PO-5A, the interval measured is the period between the LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time) and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- For PO-5B, 5C, and 5D, the interval measured is the period between the <u>application date and time</u>, as defined herein, and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- "Fully electronic" LSRs are those (1) that are received via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI, (2) that involve no manual intervention, and (3) for which FOCs are provided mechanically to the CLEC.
- "Electronic/manual" LSRs are received electronically via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI and involve manual processing.
- "Manual" LSRs are received manually (via facsimile) and processed manually.
- ASRs are measured only in business days.
- LSRs will be evaluated according to the FOC interval categories shown in the "Standards" section below, based on the number of lines/services requested on the LSR or, where multiple LSRs from the same CLEC are related, based on the combined number of lines/services requested on the related LSRs.

Reporting Period: One m	onth Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	 Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multi-state system serving the state). Results for this indicator are reported as follows: PO-5A:* FOCs provided for <u>fully electronic</u> LSRs received via: PO-5A-1 IMA-GUI PO-5A-2 IMA-EDI PO-5B:* FOCs provided for <u>electronic/manual</u> LSRs received via: PO-5B-1 IMA-GUI PO-5B-2 IMA-EDI PO-5C:* FOCs provided for <u>manual</u> LSRs received via Facsimile. PO-5D: FOCs provided for ASRs requesting LIS Trunks. * Each of the PO-5A, PO-5B and PO-5C measurements listed above will be further disaggregated as follows: (a) FOCs provided for Resale services and UNE-P (b) FOCs provided for Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled Network Elements
	 – (c) FOCs provided for LNP
Formula:	for which the original EQC's "(EQC Notification Date & Time). (I SP received
date/time (based	for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (LSR received on scheduled up time))" is within 20 minutes] ÷ (Total Number of original s transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100
PO-5B, 5C, & 5D = {[Coun	t of LSRs/ASRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time)

-General FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time)" is within the intervals specified for the service category involved]
 ÷ (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

Exclusions:

- LSRs/ASRs involving individual case basis (ICB) handling based on quantities of lines, as specified in the "Standards" section below, or service/request types, deemed to be <u>projects</u>.
- Hours on Weekends and holidays. (Except for PO-5A which only excludes hours outside the scheduled up time).
- LSRs with CLEC-requested FOC arrangements different from standard FOC arrangements.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Additional PO-5D exclusion:

Records with invalid application or confirmation dates.

Product Reporting:

Standards:

Product Reporting:	Standards:		
	For PO-5A (all):	95% within 20 minutes NOTE 2	
 For PO-5A, -5B and -5C: 	For PO-5B (all):	90% within standard FOC interv (specified below)	/als
(a) Resale services UNE-P (POTS)	• For PO-5C (manual):	90% within standard FOC interv specified below PLUS 24 h	als ours ^{NOTE 3}
and UNE-P Centrex	For PO-5D (LIS Trunks):	85% within eight business days	
(b) Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled Network	Standard FOC I	ntervals for PO-5B and PO-5C	
Elements.	Product Group NOTE 1	FO	C Interval
 (c) LNP For PO-5D: LIS Trunks. 	Resale Residence and Business POTS ISDN-Basic	1-10 lines	
	- Conversion As Is		24 hours
	 Adding/Changing feature 		
	 Add primary directory Add call appearance 	listing to established loop	
	Centrex Non-Design	1-19 lines	
	with no Common Block		
	Centrex line feature chang		
	LNP	1-24 lines	
	Unbundled Loops	1-24 loops	
	2/4 Wire analog		
	DS3 Capable Sub-loop	1-24 sub-loops	
	[included in Product Report		
	Line Sharing/Line Splitting/L		
		1-24 shared loops	
	[included in Product Report		
	Unbundled Network Element		
		1 – 39 lines	

PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

	Basala		
	Resale	1 10 1000	
	ISDN-Basic	1-10 lines	
	 Conversion As Specified 		
	 New Installs 		48 hours
	 Address Changes 		
	 Change to add Loop 		
	ISDN-PRI (Facility)	1-3	
	PBX	1-24 trunks	
	DS0 or Voice Grade Equivalent	1-24	
	DS1 Facility	1-24	
	DS3 Facility	1-3	
	LNP	25-49 lines	
	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs)	20 40 11100	
	[included in Product Reporting group (b)]		
		1-24 circuits	
	531		
	Resale		
	Centrex (including Centrex 21, Non-		
	Centrex 21 Basic ISDN, Ce	ntrex-Plus,	
	Centron, Centrex Primes)	1-10 lines	
	 With Common Block Configura 	ation required	
	 Initial establishment of Centrex 		
	 Tie lines or NARs activity 		
	 Subsequent to initial Common 	Block	
	•		
	 Station lines Automatic Pourto Selection 		72 hours
	Automatic Route Selection		
	Uniform Call Distribution		
	- Additional numbers	4.40.1	
	UNE-P Centrex	1-10 lines	
	UNE-P Centrex 21	1-10 lines	
	Unbundled Loops with Facility Check	1 - 24 loops	
	2/4 wire Non-loaded		
	ADSL compatible		
	ISDN capable		
	XDSL-I capable		
	DS1 capable		
		4.40 /	00 h
	ISDN-PRI (Trunks)	1-12 trunks	96 hours
	For PO-5D:	1.240 trunk airquita	8 business
Availability:	LIS Trunks	1-240 trunk circuits	days
Availability: Available	Notes: 1. LSRs with quantities above t	he highest sumber or	posified for
AvaiidDie	each product type are consid		
			aaad
	2. Unbundled Loop with Facility		
	electronically; however, beca		
	72-hour FOC interval the FC		
	appear in PO-5B if received manually.	electronically of PO-5	
		Chanles utilizes a state	احت الالمام م
	3. Unbundled Loop with Facility		
	3. Unbundled Loop with Facility 24 hours to the 72-hour inter		
	3. Unbundled Loop with Facility		

PO-6 – Work Completion Notification Timeliness

PO-6 – Work Comple	tion Notification Ti	meliness	
Purpose:			
To evaluate the timeliness of Qwest issuing electronic notification at an LSR level to CLECs that provisioning work on all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR have been completed in the			
Service Order Processor a			ave been completed in the
Description:			
PO-6A & 6B:			
			or that generate completion
	orting period, subject to e		
	ate/time when the last of n the Service Order Proc		hat comprise the CLEC LSR is
 The end time is when transmitted (IMA-EDI) 	the electronic order com to the CLEC via the orde	pletion notice is made	de available (IMA-GUI) ^{NOTE 1} or to place the local service
	on is transmitted at an L		ervice orders that comprise the
With hours: minutes re	porting, hours counted a		hed Gateway Availability hours.
			ours of availability found on the
Reporting Period:	://www.qwest.com/whole	Unit of Measure:	.ntmi.
One month		PO-6A - 6B:	Hrs:Mins
Reporting	Disaggregation Repo		
Comparisons: CLEC		0	
aggregate and individual	 PO-6A Notices tra 		
CLEC results.	 PO-6B Notices tra 	nsmitted via IMA-ED	DI
Formula:			
For completion notification	s generated from LSRs	received via IMA-GL	<u>JI:</u>
			CLEC) - (Date and Time the
last of the service orders the (Number of completion not			the Service Order Processor)) ÷
For completion notification	s generated from LSRs	received via IMA-ED)]-
			EC) - (Date and Time the last of
the service orders that con	•		
(Number of completion not			<i>,,</i>
Exclusions:			
	PO – 6A & 6B:		
 Records with invalid completion dates. LSRs submitted manually (e.g., via facsimile). 			
 ASRs submitted via EX 			
Product Reporting:			Standard:
PO – 6A & 6B Aggregate	reporting for all products		6 hours
IMA-GUI and, separately,			
Availability: Notes:			
			A-GUI is the time Qwest stores
			in the IMA Status Updates immediately viewed by the
			sing the LSR Notice Inquiry
	ction.		

PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness

Purpose:

To evaluate the timeliness with which electronic billing completion notifications are made available or transmitted to CLECs, focusing on the percentage of notifications that are made available or transmitted (for CLECs) or posted in the billing system (for Qwest retail) within five <u>business days</u>.

Description: PO-7A & 7B:

- This measurement includes all orders posted in the CRIS billing system for which billing completion notices are made available or transmitted in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time a service order is completed in the SOP to the time billing completion for the order is made available or transmitted to the CLEC.
 - The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI consists of the time Qwest stores the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window.
 - The time a notice is "transmitted" via IMA-EDI consists of the time Qwest actually transmits the completion notice via IMA-EDI. Applicable only to those CLECs who are certified and setup to receive the notices via IMA-EDI.
- The start time is when the completion of the service order is posted in the Qwest SOP. The end time is when, confirming that the order has been posted in the CRIS billing system, the electronic billing completion notice is made available to the CLEC via the same ordering interface (IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) as used to submit the LSR.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of these measurements are those that are five business days or less.

<u>PO-7C</u>:

- This measurement includes all retail orders posted in the CRIS Billing system in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time an order is completed in the SOP to the time it is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- The start time is when the completion of the order is posted in the SOP. The end time is when the order is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of this measurement are those that are five business days or less.

Penerting Pe	riad. One menth		Unit of Managura, Dargant
Reporting Period: One month			Unit of Measure: Percent
Bonorting Co	mariconci	Disagaragetian	Poporting: Statowida Javal
Reporting Co	•	••••	Reporting: Statewide level.
PO-7A and -7	B: CLEC	 PO-7A Noti 	ces made available via IMA-GUI
aggregate and	d individual CLEC	 PO-7B Noti 	ces transmitted via IMA-EDI
results.		 PO-7C Billir 	ng system posting completions for Qwest Retail
PO-7C: Qwes	t retail results.		
Formula:			
For wholesale	service orders Qwe	est generates for L	_SRs received via IMA:
PO-7A =	(Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period made available		
	within five busines	s days of posting	complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic
	billing completion notices made available during the reporting period)		
PO-7B =	(Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period transmitted		
	•	v ,	complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic
	billing completion notices transmitted during the reporting period)		
	sing completion		
For service or	ders Qwest generat	es for retail custo	mers (i.e., the retail analogue for PO-7A & -7B):
PO-7C =	(Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting		
period that were posted within 5 business days) ÷ (Total number of retail service or			
			the reporting period)
L			

PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness (continued)

 Exclusions: PO-7A, 7B & 7C Services that are not billed the Records with invalid completers of the PO-7A & 7B LSRs submitted manually. ASRs submitted via EXACT. 	tion dates.	ame Relay.
Product Reporting: Aggregate reporting for all products ordered through IMA-GUI and, separately, IMA-EDI (see disaggregation reporting).		Standard: PO-7A and -7B: Parity with PO-7C
Availability: Available	Notes:	

PO-8 – Jeopardy Notice Interval

PO-8 – Jeopardy Notice Interval				
Purpose: Evaluates the timeliness of jeopardy notifications, focusing on how far in advance of original due dates jeopardy notifications are provided to CLECs (regardless of whether the due date was actually missed).				
Description:				
	n the date the customer is first notified of an order jeopardy			
event and the original due date of the orde				
	porting period that received jeopardy notifications.			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Average Business days			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.			
aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest	(This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process			
Retail results	as used for the categories shown under Product			
	Reporting.)			
Formula:				
	ompleted in the reporting period that received jeopardy			
	ication) ÷ Total orders completed in the reporting period			
that received jeopardy notification]	ionion, · · · otal orders completed in the reporting period			
Exclusions:				
 Jeopardies done after the original due 	date is past			
Records involving official company ser				
Records with invalid due dates or appli	<u>cation dates.</u>			
 Records with invalid completion dates. 				
 Records with invalid product codes. 				
	calculation of the measurement per the PID.			
Product Reporting:	Standards:			
A Non-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS			
B Unbundled Loops (with or without	B Parity with Retail POTS			
Number Portability)				
C LIS Trunks	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) services			
D UNE-P (POTS)	D Parity with Retail POTS			
- ()				
Availability:	Notes:			
Available	1. For PO-8A and -D, Saturday is counted as a			
	business day for all non-dispatched orders for			
	Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P			
	(POTS), as well as for the retail analogues			
	specified above as standards. For dispatched			
	orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business,			
	and UNE-P (POTS) and for all other products			
	reported under PO-8B and -8C, Saturday is			
	counted as a business day when the service order			
	is due on Saturday.			

PO-9 – Timely Jeopardy Notices

PO-9 – Timely Jeopardy Notices				
Purpose:				
When original due dates are missed, measures the	extent to which Qwest notifies customers in			
advance of jeopardized due dates.				
Description:				
Measures the percentage of late orders for which ac				
 Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and T 				
	porting period that missed the original due date.			
Change order types included in this measureme	ent consist of all C orders representing inward			
<u>activity</u> .				
 Missed due date orders with jeopardy notificatio 				
past will be counted in the denominator of the fo				
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Disaggrega	tion Reporting: Statewide level.			
	are is reported by jeopardy notification process as			
Qwest Retail results used for the	categories shown under Product Reporting.)			
[(Total missed due date orders completed in the rep advance of original due date) ÷ (Total number of mis period)] x 100				
 Exclusions: Orders missed for customer reasons. Records with invalid product codes. 				
 Records involving official company services. 				
 Records with invalid due dates or <u>application da</u> 	tes			
 Records with invalid completion dates. 				
 Records with invalid completion dates. Records with invalid product codes. 				
 Records missing data essential to the calculatio 	n of the measurement per the PID			
Product Reporting:	Standards:			
A Non-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS			
B Unbundled Loops (with or without Number	B Parity with Retail POTS			
Portability)				
C LIS Trunks	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) Services			
D UNE-P (POTS)	D Parity with Retail POTS			
Availability:	Notes:			
Available				

PO-15 – Number of Due Date Changes per Order

	de Bate Onlanges			
Purpose:				
To evaluate the extent to v	vhich Qwest changes du	ie dates on orders.		
Description:				
Measures the average nur				
		Transfer order types) that have been assigned a		
		exclusions below. Change order types for		
	of all "C" orders represe			
	anges made for Qwest	reasons following assignment of the original due		
date.	anth Lint of Mr.	Augusta Number of Due Date Observes		
Reporting Period: One m		easure: Average Number of Due Date Changes		
Reporting Comparisons:	I	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.		
CLEC aggregate, individua		Disaggregation reporting. Otatowide level.		
retail results.				
Formula:				
Σ (Count of Qwest due dat	e changes on all orders) ÷ (Total orders in reporting period)		
× ·	Ū į			
Exclusions:				
Customer requested d	ue date changes.			
 Records involving offic 	ial company services.			
 Records with invalid detection 	ue dates or <u>application c</u>	<u>lates</u> .		
 Records with invalid presence of the second s	roduct codes.			
Records missing data	essential to the calculation	ion of the measurement per the PID.		
Product Reporting:		Standard:		
None		Diagnostic		
Availability:	Notes:			
Available				

PO-16 – Timely Release Notifications

Purpose:

Measures the percent of release notifications for changes to specified OSS interfaces sent by Qwest to CLECs within the intervals and scope specified within the change management plan found on Qwest's Change Management Process, (CMP) website at http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/whatiscmp.html.

Description:

- Measures the percent of release notices that are sent by Qwest within the intervals/timeframes
 prescribed by the release notification procedure on Qwest's CMP website.
 - Release notices measured are:
 - Draft Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Final Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Draft Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only);
 - Final Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only); and
 - OSS Interface Retirement Notices. NOTE 2
 - For the following OSS interfaces:
 - IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI;
 - CEMR;
 - Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT); NOTE 3
 - Electronic Bonding Trouble Administration (EB -TA); NOTE 4
 - IABS and CRIS Summary Bill Outputs; NOTE 5
 - Loss and Completion Records: NOTE 5
 - New OSS interfaces (for introduction notices only.) NOTE 6
 - Also included are notifications for connectivity or system function changes to Resale Product Database.
 - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest relating to the following products and service categories: LIS/Interconnection, Collocation, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE), Ancillary, and Resale Products and Services.
 - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest to CLECs for the following OSS functions: Pre-Ordering, Ordering, Provisioning, Repair and Maintenance, and Billing.
 - Includes Types of Changes as specified in the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document" (Section 4 – Types of Changes).
 - Includes all OSS interface release notifications pertaining to the above OSS systems, subject to the exclusions specified below.
- Release Notifications sent on or before the date required by the CMP are considered timely. A
 release notification "sent date" is determined by the date of the e-mail sent by Qwest that provides the
 Release Notification.
- Release Notifications sent after the date required by the (CMP) are considered untimely. Release Notifications required but not sent are considered untimely.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

Formula:

[(Number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes made within the reporting period that are sent on or before the date required by the change management plan (CMP) ÷ Total number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes within reporting period)]x100

Exclusions:

- Changes to be implemented on an expedited basis (exception to OSS notification intervals) as mutually agreed upon by CLECs and Qwest through the CMP.
- Changes where Qwest and CLECs agree, through the CMP, that notification is unnecessary.

PO-16 Timely Release Notifications (continued)

Product Reporting:	None	Standards:
		Vol. 1-10: No more than one untimely notification
		Vol. > 10: 92.5% timely notifications
Availability: Available	Notes:	
	 intervals for release notificat documented in the change r The documents described in Interfaces" of the "Qwest WH as "Initial Retirement Notice" EXACT is a Telecordia syste by Qwest for hardware or co EB-TA is the same system a CRIS, IABS, and Loss and C documented in section 8.1 – Interface. The documents described in the "Qwest Wholesale Chan Release Announcement and only), "Initial Interface Techr Interface Technical Specifica (new GUI only). CMP notice in this measurement even th 	 a section "9.0 – Retirement of Existing OSS b nolesale Change Management Process Document" and "Final Retirement Notice." em. Only release notifications for changes initiated onnectivity will be included in this measurement. as MEDIACC. Completions will adhere to the notification intervals Changes to Existing Application to Application a section "7.0 – Introduction of New OSS Interface" of ge Management Process Document" as "Initial d Preliminary Implementation Plan" (new App to App nical Specification" (new App to App only), "Final ations (new App to App only), "Release Notification" es for "Introduction of a New OSS" are to be included nough the new system is not explicitly listed in the
	not be added to the measure	PID. However, once implemented, the system will ement for purposes of measuring release, change unless specifically incorporated as an authorized
	0	nine timeliness are based on CMP guidelines.

PO-19 – Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy

•

Purpose: Evaluates Qwest's ability to provide accurate production-like tests to CLECs for testing new releases in the SATE and production environments and testing between releases in the SATE environment. **Description: PO-19**Å Measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in the IMA EDI Data Document – for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are successfully executed in SATE at the time a new IMA Release is deployed to SATE. In months where no release activity occurs, measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in the current IMA EDI Data Document-for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are successfully executed in SATE during the between-releases monthly performance test. Includes one test transaction for each test scenario published in the IMA EDI Data Document - for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE). Test transactions will be executed for each of the IMA releases supported in SATE utilizing all test scenarios for each of the current versions of the IMA EDI Data Document – for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE). The successful execution of a transaction is determined by the Qwest Test Engineer according to: The expected results of the test scenario as described in the IMA EDI Data Document - for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) and the EDI disclosure document. The transactions strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Disclosure Documentation for each release and the associated Addenda. NOTE 1 For this measurement, Qwest will execute the test transactions in the Stand-Alone Test Environment. Release related test transactions will be executed when a full or point release of IMA is installed in SATE. These transactions will be executed within five business days of the numbered release being originally installed in SATE. This five-business day period will be referred to as the "Testing Window." Mid-release monthly performance test transactions will be executed in the months when no Testing Window for a release is completed. These transactions will be executed on the 15th, or the nearest working day to the 15th of the month, in the months when no release related test transactions are executed. Test transaction results will be reported by release and included in the Reporting Period during which the release transactions or mid-release test transactions are completed. **PO-19B** Validates the extent that SATE mirrors production by measuring the percentage of IMA EDI test transactions that produce comparable results in SATE and in production. Transactions counted as producing comparable results are those that return correctly formatted data and fields as specified in the release's EDI disclosure document and developer worksheets related to the IMA release being tested. Comparability will be determined by evaluating the data and fields in each EDI message for the test transactions against the same data and fields for Preorder queries, LSRs, and Supplementals, and returned as Query Responses, Acknowledgements, Firm Order

- Confirmations (FOCs) for flow-through eligible products, and rejects.
- Test transactions are executed one time for each new major IMA release within 7 days after the IMA • release.
 - Test transactions consist of a defined suite of Product/Activity combinations. Qwest's three regions will be represented. NOTE 2
 - Pre-order, Order, and Post-order transactions (FOCs for flow-through products) are included.
- With respect to the comparability of the structure and content of results from SATE and production environments, this measurement focuses only on the validity of the structure and the validity of the content, per developer worksheets and EID mapping examples distributed as part of release notifications. NOTE 3

Reporting Period:	Unit of Measure:	Percent
PO-19A One month		
PO-19B: One month (for those months in		

PO-19 Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy (continued)

which release-related test transactions are completed)	
Reporting Comparisons: None	Disaggregation Reporting: PO-19A – Reported separately for each release tested in the reporting period PO-19B None
between-releases performance test complete transactions executed for each Software Rele the Reporting Period)] x 100 PO-19B [(Total number of completed IMA EDI test transproduce comparable results for each new matching the second sec	TE test transactions executed for a Software Release or ed in the Reporting Period) ÷ (Total number of SATE test ease or between-releases performance test completed in insactions executed in SATE and production that ajor IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting DI test transactions executed in SATE and production for oleted in the Reporting Period)] x 100
 production environment) or a function in the validation query or CSR query) that is unsuc IMA-EDI (e.g., PREMIS or SIA). Transactions that fail because of differences an IMA candidate is implemented into IMA a an IMA candidate in a SATE release: e.g., the exclusion does not apply during reporting pe production IMA and SATE caused by SATE 	y of a content item (e.g., TN exhaustion in SATE or the SATE or production environments (e.g., address cessful due to an outage in systems that interface with between the production and SATE results caused when and not SATE (i.e., where CMP decides not to implement he Reject Duplicate LSR candidate in IMA 12.0). This priods in which there are no differences between releases packaged pursuant to CMP decisions.
Product Reporting: None	Standard: PO-19A – 95% for each release tested PO-19B – 95%
Availability: Available	 Notes: 1. Transactions that are executed and found to have inconsistencies with the data and format rules will be corrected and rerun. Rerun volumes will not be counted in the denominator for PO-19. Such corrections and re-executions are intended to enforce strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Data and Disclosure Documents. 2. The product and activity combinations that make up the test decks for PO-19B will be updated after each major IMA software release and provided to CLECs with the publication of IMA EDI Draft Interface Technical Specifications for the next major IMA software release as defined in the CMP process. All combinations with EDI transaction volumes > 100 in the previous 12-month period will be included in the test, Qwest will run a query against IMA to determine which combinations meet the criteria for inclusion (i.e., volumes > 100).

PO-19 Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy (continued)

	3. The intent of this provision is to avoid including the effects of circumstances beyond the SATE environment that could cause differences in SATE and production results that are not due to problems in mirroring production. For example, because of real-time data manipulation in production, an appointment availability query transaction in SATE will not return the same list of available appointments as in production. Available appointments in production are fully dependent on real-time activities that occur there, whereas available appointments in SATE are based on a pre- defined list that is representative of production.
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PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy

Purpose:

Evaluates the degree to which Qwest accurately processes CLECs' Local Service Requests (LSRs), which are electronically-submitted and manually processed by Qwest, into Qwest Service Orders, based on mechanized comparisons of specified LSR-Service Order fields and focusing on the percentage of manually-processed Service Orders that are accurate/error-free.

Description:

Measures the percentage of manually-processed Qwest Service Orders that are populated correctly, in specified data fields, with information obtained from CLEC LSRs.

- Includes only Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs that Qwest receives ^{NOTE 1} electronically (via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) and manually processes in the creation of Service Orders, regardless of flow through eligibility, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes only Service Orders, from the product reporting categories specified below, that request inward line or feature activity (Change, New, and Transfer order types), are assigned a due date by Qwest, and are completed/closed in the reporting period. Change Service Order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action-coded line or feature USOCs.
- All Service Orders satisfying the above criteria and as specified in the Availability section below are evaluated in this measurement.
- An inward line Service Order will be classified as "accurate" and thus counted in the numerator in the formula below when the mechanized comparisons of this measurement determine that the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order. An inward feature Service Order will be classified as "accurate" if the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order and if no CLEC notifications to the call center have generated call center tickets coded to LSR/SO mismatch for that order.
 - Service Orders will be counted as being accurate if the contents of the relevant fields, as recorded in the completed Service Orders involved in provisioning the service, properly match or correspond to the information from the specified fields as provided in the latest version of associated LSRs.
 - Service orders generated from LSRs receiving a PIA (Provider Initiated Activity value will be counted as being accurate if each and every mismatch has a correct and corresponding PIA value.
 - Service Orders, including those otherwise considered accurate under the above-described mechanized field comparison, will not be counted as accurate if Qwest corrects errors in its Service Order(s) as a result of contacts received from CLECs no earlier than one business day prior to the original due date.

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide Level

[(Number of accurate, evaluated Service Orders) ÷ (Number of evaluated Service Orders completed in the reporting period)] x 100

PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

Ex	clusions:					
٠	Service Orders that are the subject of call center	ticke	ets count	ed in OP-5B and OP-5	T as having new	
	service problems attributed to Service Order erro	rs.				
٠	Cancelled Service Orders.					
٠	Service Orders that cannot be matched to a corre					
٠	Records missing data essential to the calculation	of th	ne meas	urement per the PID.		
Pro	oduct Reporting:			Standard:		
•	Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21)			Benchmarks, as follow	/S:	
•	Unbundled Loops (Analog and Non-Loaded 2/4-w Capable, DS3 and higher Capable, ADSL Compar XDSL-I Capable, ISDN-BRI Capable)					
	NDSE-i Capable, ISDN-BNI Capable)			Phase 1	97%	
			Phase 2	96%		
				Phase 3 & beyond	95%	
Av	ailability:	No	tes:			
•	Phase 0 – PO-20 (Old) (the first version using	1.		ncluded in the measure		
	sampling of limited fields). (Available now) Phase 1 ^{NOTE 2} – PO-20 (Expanded) Mechanized			created from CLEC LS		
•				ed and completed in the	same version of	
	version (as defined herein). All qualifying orders	~		UI or IMA-EDI.		
	associated with initial LSRs received via IMA	2.		1: Consists of all manu		
	5 5 5 7			ng Service Orders per		
				ry specified above, from		
•	Phase 2 – Additional fields added. No later than Sep 04 results reported in Nov 04	Qwest's 14-state local service region.			region.	
•	Phase 3– Additional fields added. Targeted for 1 st Quarter 05					
•	Phase 4 – Additional fields added. (Date TBD).					
-	$= \operatorname{Hase} + - \operatorname{Auullional news auueu.} (\operatorname{Dale IDD}).$	L				

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated					
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)					
	Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:					
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:			
LSR	CCNA	Customer Carrier Name Abbreviation	CCNA field of LSR form compared to the RSID/ZCID field identifier in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.			
	PON	Purchase Order Number	PON field of LSR form compared to the PON field in Bill Section of the Service Order.			
	D/TSENT	Date and time sent	The D/TSENT field of LSR form from the Firm Order Manager, using applied business day cut-off rules and business typing rules, and compare to the APP (Application Date) used on the Service Order.			
	CHC	Coordinated Hot Cut Requested	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service Order matches the Coordinated Cut request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the TEST field to determine correct USOC.)			
	TEST	Testing required	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service Order matches the TEST request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the CHC field to determine correct USOC.)			
	NC	Network Channel Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. NC field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.			

LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated					
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:					
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
	NCI	Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop NCI field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.		
	SECNCI	Secondary Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop orders. SECNCI field on the LSR form compared to the provisioning USOC for CKL2 on the Service Order.		
	PIC	InterLATA Pre- subscription Indicator Code	PIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to PIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order. <i>Note:</i> LSR PIC = None; S.O. PIC = None		
Resale or Centrex	LPIC	IntraLATA Pre- subscription Indicator Code	LPIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to LPIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order. <i>Note:</i> LSR LPIC = None; S.O. LPIC = 9199 LSR LPIC = DFLT; S.O. LPIC = 5123		
	TNS	Telephone Numbers	Validate that all telephone numbers in the TNS fields in the Service Details section on the Resale or Centrex form requiring inward activity are addressed on the Service Order.		
Resale or Centrex	FA/ FEATURE	Feature Activity/Feature Codes	When the FA = N, T, V Validate line and feature USOCs provided in the FEATURE field on the Resale or Centrex form are addressed with "I" and/or "T" action lines on the Service Order. Note: Comparison will be based on the USOCs associated with line and feature activity listed in the PO-20 USOC List posted on Qwest's public website, on the web page containing the current PID www.qwest.com/wholesale/results). Qwest may add USOCs to the list, delete grand-fathered/ discontinued or obsolete USOCs, or update USOCs assigned to listed descriptions by providing notice in the monthly Summary of Notes and updating the list.		

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
	Phase 1		h LSRs received beginning May 2004)		
	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
LS	ECCKT	Exchange Company Circuit ID	Applies to LSRs with ACT = C (only when NC code has not changed, M, or T.		
			ECCKT field on the LS form compared to the CLS field in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.		
LS/ LSNP	CFA	Connecting Facility Assignment	CFA field on the LS or LSNP forms compared to the CFA field used in CKL1 of the Service Order. (Verbal acceptance of CFA changes will be FOC'd and PIA'd, which will account for the mismatch and eliminate it as an error in the PO-20 calculation.		
DL – Directory Listings form (Evaluated only for Local Main Listings)	LTY	Listing Type	LTY = 1 (Listed – appears in DA and the directory.) Validate that there is a LN in the List section of the Service Order. LTY = 2 (Non Listed – appears only in DA.) Validate that there is non listing instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order. Central/Western Region: Validate that the left handed field is NLST and (NON-LIST) is contained in the NLST data field in the List section of the Service order. Eastern Region: Validate that the left handed field is NL and (NON LIST) is contained in the NL data field in the List section of the Service Order. LTY = 3 (Non Pub - does not appear in the directory and telephone number does not appear in DA.) Validate that there is non published instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order. Central/Western Regions: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NON-PUB) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order. Central/Western Regions: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NON-PUB) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order. Eastern Region: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NON-PUB) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order.		
DL – Dir (Evaluated on	ΤΟΑ	Type of Account	 Validate TOA entries (only reviewed when BRO field on DL form is not populated): TOA valid entries are B or RP Validate that there is a semi colon (;) within the LN in the List section of the Service Order. TOA valid entries are R or BP Validate that there is a comma (,) within the LN in the List section of the Service Order. Exception: When LSR-TOS = 3, TOA review is Not Applicable. Handled by Complex Listing Group. Requires separate Service Order. 		
	DML	Direct Mail List	DML field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OCLS).		
	NOSL	No Solicitation Indicator	Arizona Only NOSL field = Y on DL form; Service Order LN contains (NSOL) (OCLS).		

PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
	ТМКТ	Telemarketing	Colorado Only TMKT field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OATD). When both the DML and the TMKT fields are populated, DML validation applies.		
	LNLN and LNFN	Listed Name	LNLN and LNFN fields on DL form compared to the LN field in the List section of the Service Order.		
	ADI	Address Indicator	ADI = O on DL form; Service Order LA contains (OAD).		
	LAPR	Listed Address Number Prefix	LAPR field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LANO	Listed Address Number	LANO field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASF	Listed Address Number Suffix	LASF field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASD	Listed Address Street Directional	LASD field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASN	Listed Address Street Name	LASN field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LATH	Listed Address Street Type	LATH field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASS	Listed Address Street Directional Suffix	LASS field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LALOC	Listed Address Locality	LALOC field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		

	Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results				
	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
	Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:				
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
LSR	DSPTCH	Dispatch	Limited to Unbundled Loops where ACT = Z or V only. If DSPTCH field on the LSR form = Y, validate dispatch USOC in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.		
Centrex	LTC	Line Treatment Code	Applies only to Centrex 21 LTC field numeric value on the Centrex form compared to the data following the CAT field for the Line USOC on the Service Order.		
	COS	Class of Service – Qwest Specific	Applies only to Centrex 21. COS field of the Centrex form compared to the CS field in the ID section of the Service Order.		

PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results				
LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
		ized comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:	
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:	
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	As specified in Appendix A of the 14 State Working PID. Comparison would be based on the fields associated with the USOC list referenced under Feature Activity in Phase 1 above.	
			Fargeted for 1 st Quarter 05	
			ce Order Fields Evaluated	
		ized comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:	
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:	
Resale or Centrex	BLOCK (Stage 1)	Blocking Type	 For each LNUM provided in the Service Detail section of the Resale or Centrex form when BA = E: Note: The BLOCK field may have one or more alpha and/or numeric values per LNUM. This review will only validate based on BA/BLOCK fields and will not address blocking information provided in the "Remark" section on the LSR or the Feature Detail section of the LSR. The values listed below will be considered as follows: If BLOCK contains A, validate FID TBE A is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains B, validate FID TBE B is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains C, validate FID TBE C is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains H, validate FID TBE C is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains H, validate FID TBE C is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. 	

PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

Phase 4 – Date TBD					
	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
		ized comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
	LSR Field				
Form	Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
	DFDT	Desired Frame Due Time	Applicable only to orders for Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21) DFDT field on the LSR form compared to the FDT field in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.		
LSR	DDD	Desired Due Date	DDD field from the last FOC'd LSR compared to the original or last subsequent due date in the Extended ID section on the Service Order when no CFLAG/PIA is present on the FOC. (i.e. Evaluation includes recognition of valid differences between DDD and Service Order based on population of the CFLAG/PIA field on the LSRC (FOC))		
DL – Directory Listings form (Evaluated only for Local Main Listings)		Listed Telephone Number	For Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21): LTN field on the Listing form compared to the Main Account Number of the Service Order. For Unbundled Loop: LTN field on the Listing form compared to the TN floated after the LN in the Listing section of the Service Order.		
DL - Loc: Loc:		Letter Name Placement	LNPL field on the Listing form = L, validate that LN on the Service Order follows letter placement versus word placement.		
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	If CLECs propose additional FIDs for review, Qwest will undertake a feasibility evaluation.		
	BLOCK (Stage 2)	Blocking Type	If CLECs identify value in additional Blocking review, Qwest will undertake development. [Requirements to be developed]		

Ordering and Provisioning

OP-2 – Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Provisioning Center

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of CLEC access to Qwest's interconnection provisioning center(s) and retail customer access to the Business Office, focusing on the extent calls are answered within 20 seconds.

Description:

Measures the percentage of (Interconnection Provisioning Center or Retail Business Office) calls that are answered by an agent within 20 seconds of the first ring.

- Includes all calls to the Interconnect Provisioning Center/Retail Business Office during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.
- First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic Call Distributor).
- Answer is defined as when the call is first picked up by the Qwest agent.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.
Formula:	
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds	s) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU Voice Response	se Unit is not counted.
Product Reporting: Not applicable	Standard: Parity
Availability: Available	Notes:

OP-3 – Installation Commitments Met

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest installs services for Customers by the scheduled due date. **Description:**

Measures the percentage of orders for which the scheduled due date is met.

- All inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing <u>inward activity</u>. Also included are orders with customer-requested due dates longer than the standard interval.
- Completion date on or before the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest is counted as a met due
 date. The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer,
 the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest
 reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to
 the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.

the original due date and (b) phor to a Qwest-Initiated, changed due date, if any.			
Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting:	Statewide level.	
Comparisons:	Results for product/servi	ces listed in Product Reporting under " <u>MSA</u> -Type	
CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation" will be re	eported according to orders involving:	
individual CLEC	OP-3A Dispatches	within MSAs;	
and Qwest Retail	OP-3B Dispatches	outside MSAs; and	
results	OP-3C No dispatches.		
	Results for products/serv	vices listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type	
	Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:		
	OP-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and		
OP-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.			

Formula:

[(Total Orders completed in the reporting period on or before the Applicable Due Date) \div (Total Orders Completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Due dates missed for standard categories of customer and non-Qwest reasons. Standard categories of customer reasons are: previous service at the location did not have a customer-requested disconnect order issued, no access to customer premises, and customer hold for payment. Standard categories of non-Qwest reasons are: Weather, Disaster, and Work Stoppage.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or <u>application dates</u>.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP – 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	95%
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	95%
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO : 90%
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
(aggregate)	
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD	IT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	90%
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	90%
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	90%
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	90%
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning	90%
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks

OP – 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0		WA : 90%
level)		All Other States: Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) 		90%
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 		WA: 90%
level)		All Other States: Diagnostic
Availability: Available		

OP-4 – Installation Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of services for customers, focusing on the average time to install service.

Description:

Measures the average interval (in <u>business days</u>)^{NOTE 1} between the <u>application date</u> and the completion date for service orders accepted and implemented.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all C orders representing <u>inward activity</u>.
- Intervals for each measured event are counted in whole days: the application date is day zero (0); the day following the application date is day one (1).
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any. NOTE 2

ure : Average Business Days
ct Reporting under " <u>MSA</u> -Type to orders involving: uct Reporting under "Zone-type ording to installations:

Formula:

 Σ [(Order Completion Date) – (Order Application Date) – (Time interval between the Original Due Date and the Applicable Date) – (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ Total Number of Orders Completed in the reporting period

Explanation: The average installation interval is derived by dividing the sum of installation intervals for all orders (in business days)^{NOTE 1} by total number of service orders completed in the reporting period. **Exclusions:**

- Orders with customer requested due dates greater than the current standard interval.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	7	
Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Primary ISDN (non-designed	Parity with retail service	
provisioning)		
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with like retail service	
(UNE-P) (POTS)		
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
(UNE-P) (Centrex 21)		
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with retail Centrex	
(UNE-P) (Centrex)		
Line Splitting	3.3 days	
Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic	
Line Sharing	3.3 days	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 6 days	
g	All Other States: Diagnostic	
Zone-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN(designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS1	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service	
(aggregate)		
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
. Unbundled Dedicated Interaffice Transport (III		
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (U UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service	
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Lines above DS1 level	
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:	6 dava	
Analog Loop	6 days	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	6 days	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire) DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
	Idaho, Iowa, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, Wyoming: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
	Arizona, Colorado, Minnesota, New Mexico, South Dakota, Utah, Washington: 5.5 days	
xDSL-I capable Loop	6 days	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	6 days	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services	
(aggregate)	(aggregate)	

OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)

		1
Dark Fiber – Loop		Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning		15 days
• E911/911 Trunks		Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) 		Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loop level) 	ps (EELs) – (DS1	6 days
 Enhanced Extended Loop level) 	ps (EELs) – (DS3	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	Resale Residen as for the retail a other products u -4D, and -4E. S service order is 2. According to this per successive of to the point whe that point, the A further changes Qwest-initiated du initiated due dat changes or dela subtracted as in are calculated a cases where mu stated method fo of Qwest-initiate initiated due dat from each pairin summed and the result of this app are counted in th on intervals are 3. Reporting will be	urday is counted as a business day for all orders for ce, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well analogues specified above as standards. For all inder OP-4C and for all products under OP-4A, -4B, aturday is counted as a business day when the due or completed on Saturday. s definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up n a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At pplicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no) as the date on which it was set prior to the first due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest- e change, any further customer-initiated due date tys are measured as time intervals that are dicated in the formula. These delay time intervals s stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in ultiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the or calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair ad due date change and subsequent customer- e change or delay. The intervals thus calculated ag of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are en subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The broach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals he reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts not counted in the reported interval. egin at the time CLECs order the product, in any be consecutive months.

OP-5 – New Service Quality

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of ordering and installing new services (inward line service orders), focusing on the percentage of newly-installed service orders that are free of CLEC/customer-initiated trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days following installation completion, and focusing on the quality of Qwest's resolution of such conditions with respect to multiple reports.

Description:

Measures two components of new service provisioning quality (OP-5A and -5B) and also reports a combined result (OP-5T), as described below, each as a percentage of all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period that are free of CLEC/customer-reported provisioning and repair trouble reports, as described below. Also measures the percentage of all provisioning and repair trouble reports that constitute multiple trouble reports for the affected service orders. (OP-5R)

- Orders for new services considered in calculating all components of this performance indicator are all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period, including Change (C-type) orders for additional lines/circuits, subject to exclusions shown below. Change order types considered in these measurements consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Orders for new service installations include conversions (Retail to CLEC, CLEC to CLEC, and same CLEC converting between products).
- Provisioning or repair trouble reports include both out of service and other service affecting conditions, such as features on a line that are missing or do not function properly upon conversion, subject to exclusions shown below.

OP-5A: New Service Installation Quality Reported to Repair

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair trouble reports NOTE 2 within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions below.
- Repair trouble reports are defined as CLEC/customer notifications to Qwest of out-of-service and
 other service affecting conditions for which Qwest opens repair tickets in its maintenance and repair
 management and tracking systems ^{NOTE 3} that are closed in the reporting period or the following
 month, ^{NOTE 4} subject to exclusions shown below.
- Qwest is able to open repair tickets for repair trouble reports received from CLECs/customers once the service order is completed in Qwest's systems.

OP-5B: New Service Provisioning Quality

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Provisioning trouble reports are defined as CLEC notifications to Qwest of out of service or other service affecting conditions that are attributable to provisioning activities, including but not limited to LSR/service order mismatches and conversion outages. For provisioning trouble reports, Qwest creates call center tickets in its call center database. Subject to exclusions shown below, call center tickets closed in the reporting period or the following month ^{NOTE 4} are captured in this measurement. Call center tickets closed to Network reasons will not be counted in OP-5B when a repair trouble report for that order is captured in OP-5A.

OP-5T: New Service Installation Quality Total

 Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair or provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusion shown below.

OP-5R: New Service Quality Multiple Report Rate

- Evaluates the quality of Qwest's responses to repair and provisioning trouble reports for inward line service orders completed in the reporting period. This measurement reports, for those service orders that were *not* free of repair or provisioning trouble reports in OP-5A or OP-5B, the percentage of trouble reports affecting the same service orders that were followed by additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, as specified below.
- Measures the percentage of all repair and provisioning trouble reports considered in OP-5A and OP-5B that are additional repair or provisioning trouble reports received by Qwest for the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation

- completion.
- Additional repair or provisioning trouble reports are defined as all such reports that are received following the first report (whether the first report is represented by a call center ticket or a repair ticket) relating to the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation completion. In all cases, the trouble reports counted are those that are defined for OP-5A and OP-5B above.

10			
Reporting	Period: One month, reported in arrears	(i.e., results first appear	Unit of Measure:
	one month later than results for measure		Percent
	<u>n arrears), in order to cover the 30-day pe</u>		
	Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation Reportir	ng: Statewide level
individual	CLEC and Qwest Retail results		
Formulas			
	(Number inward line service orders comp		
	service orders with any <u>repair trouble rep</u>		(Number of inward line service
	orders completed in the reporting period)	x 100	
OP-5B =	(Number of inward line service orders co	moleted in the reporting pe	eriod – Number of inward line
	service orders with any provisioning trout		
	service orders completed in the reporting		
		· ,	
	([Number of inward line service orders co		
	service orders with repair or provisioning	•	
	as applicable) ÷ (Number of inward line s	ervice orders completed in	the reporting period) x 100
OP-58 - (Number of all repair and provisioning trou	the reports relating to inwa	ard line service orders closed in
	the reporting period as defined above un		
	provisioning trouble reports, within 30 cal		
	repair and provisioning trouble reports re		
	period, as defined above under OP-5A or	r OP-5B) x 100	
Exclusion	s: to OP-5A, OP-5T and OP-5R:		
	r trouble reports attributable to CLEC or c	oded to non-Owest reason	is as follows:
	or products measured from MTAS data, re		
-	Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Tro		
	Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CF		
	Reports from other than the CLEC/cust		
– Fo	or products measured from WFA (Workfo		
-	Carrier Action (IEC); Customer Provide		nercial power failure; Customer
_	requested service order activity; and O		
	epair reports coded to disposition codes f		
	solutions of non-installation-related proble to OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R only:	ems, except cable cuts, wh	ich are not excluded).
	ioning trouble reports attributable to CLE	C or non-Qwest causes	
	enter tickets relating to activities that occu		cess of conversion (i.e., while
	is actively and properly engaged in proc		
	e reports involving service orders that, at		
	en disassociated from the related servic		be considered as not in the
	I process of conversion and will not be ex	kcluded.	
	to OP-5A, OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R:		
	r or provisioning trouble reports related to		s misses under measurements
	6 (Coordinated Cuts Timeliness) or OP-17 quent repair or provisioning trouble report	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	talled service before the
	al repair or provisioning trouble report is c		
	e orders closed in the reporting period wi		eight months prior to the
001710	e el delle elección in alle reporting portou m		

beginning of the reporting period.

- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types. When out of service or service affecting problems are reported to the call center on conversion and move requests, the resulting call center ticket will be included in the calculation of the numerator in association with the related inward order type even when the call center ticket reflects the problem was caused by the Disconnect or From order.

• Records involving official Qwest company services.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement as defined herein.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement as defined herein.				
Product Reporting Categories:	Standards:			
 As specified below – one 	OP-5A:	Parity with retail service		
percentage result reported for each bulleted category under	OP-5B:	Diagnostic for six months following first reporting. After six months Benchmark (TBD)		
the sub-measurements shown.	OP-5T:	Diagnostic		
	OP-5R:	Diagnostic for six months following first reporting.		
		Possible standard (TBD)		
	(Where pari	ty comparisons involve multiple service varieties in a		
		egory, weighting based on the retail analogue volumes may		
		ecessary to create a comparison that is not affected by		
		portions of wholesale and retail analogue volumes in the		
	same report	ing category.)		

Product Reporting:	Standards:		
Reported under OP-5A, OP-5E	OP-5T and OP-5P		
		ne parties in Long-Term PID Administr	ation)
	<u>OP-5A</u>	OP-5B	<u>OP-5T &</u>
	<u></u>	<u></u>	OP-5R
Resale			
Residential single line	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
service	,		
Business single line	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
service			
Centrex	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnosti
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnosti
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnosti
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnosti
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS0	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS1	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
rate services	, ,	3	5
(aggregate)			
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network	Parity with like retail	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Element – Platform	service	_	-
(UNE-P) (POTS)			
Unbundled Network	Parity with retail Centrex	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Element – Platform	21		U U
(UNE-P) (Centrex 21)			
Unbundled Network	Parity with retail Centrex	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Element – Platform			Ū.
(UNE-P) (Centrex)			
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
	DSL		U U
Loop Splitting NOTE 8	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Parity with retail RES &	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
-	BUS POTS	_	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:		· •	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res &	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
0 1	Bus POTS with dispatch		U U
Non-loaded Loop (2-	Parity with retail ISDN	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
wire)	BRI		
Non-loaded Loop (4-	Parity with retail DS1	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
wire)			
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
· · ·	DSL		
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
· ·	BRI		
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
	DSL with dispatch		J
Loop types of DS3 and	Parity with retail DS3	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
higher bit-rates	and higher bit-rate		
(aggregate)	services (aggregate)		
Dark Fiber - Loop	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic

Enhanced Exter		Diagnostic until volume	Diagnostic until volume criteria are	Diagnostic
(EELs) – (DS0 level)		criteria are met	met	
		Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (above DS1 level) 		Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic
Reported under OF	$P-5\Delta$ and ur	nder OP-5R (per OP-5A spe	cifications):	
	on and a	OP-5A	OP-5R	
LIS Trunks		Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Dedicate				
UDIT (DS1 Le	,	Parity with Retail Private Lines (DS1)	Diagnostic	
UDIT (Above		Parity with Retail Private Lines (Above DS1 level)	Diagnostic	
Dark Fiber - IC		Diagnostic	Diagnostic	
• E911/911 Trunk	S	Parity with Retail E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic	
Availability:	Notes:			
Available	 Specifinumber Including 	fically this measurement doe er changes and PIC changes ing consideration of repeat r e related to the same newly- ding repair report is closed a etion) to complete the deterr ouble free within 30 days of t's repair management and t histration), MTAS (Maintenar ssor repair systems, if any, a easurement. Not included a rs in logging calls from custo and OP-5T). ollowing month" includes als) afterward, up to the time w ssing results for this measure es repair and provisioning tr sede or supplement existing e reports as specified in Qwe urposes of calculating OP-5E ioning trouble reports will res n OP-5B. If a repair trouble	epair trouble reports (i.e., additional re- installed line/circuit that are received a nd within 30 days following installation nination of whether the newly-installed installation. racking systems consist of WFA (Worl ace Tracking and Administration Syste as applicable to obtain the repair repor re Call Center Database systems sup mers regarding problems or other inqu o the period of a few <u>business days</u> (ty hen Qwest pulls the repair data to beg	s, such as ports of after the d line/circuit c Force m), and t data for porting call uiries (see ypically four jin sses that rovisioning cedures. s with ting as a ers, the

OP-6 – Delayed Days

_	-	
days that late orders	t Qwest is late in installing s s are completed beyond the	services for customers, focusing on the average number of committed due date.
Description:		
Applicable Include 	Due Date for non-facility reases all inward orders (Change	ness days ^{NOTE 1} that service is delayed beyond the asons attributed to Qwest. e, New, and Transfer order types) that are ting period, later, due to non-facility reasons, than the
Applica	able Due Date recorded by	Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.
OP-6B – Measures Applicable • Include comple	the average number of busi Due Date for facility reason as all inward orders (Change ated/closed during the repor	ness days NOTE 1 that service is delayed beyond the
 The Applicable I recently revised the Applicable D original due date Time intervals a Applicable Due 	pes for additional lines cons Due Date is the original due due date, subject to the foll Due Date is the customer-ini e and (b) prior to a Qwest-in ssociated with customer-ini Date, as applied in the form e, if any, following the Appli	sist of "C" orders representing <u>inward activity</u> . e date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most lowing: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, tiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the bitiated, changed due date, if any. NOTE 2 tiated due date changes or delays occurring after the bula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest- icable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated
Reporting Period:	One month	Unit of Measure: Average Business Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	 Disaggregation" will b involving: 1. Dispatches 2. Dispatches 3. No dispatch Results for products/s Disaggregation" will b 4. In Interval Z 	ervices listed under Product Reporting under " <u>MSA</u> -type e reported for OP-6A and OP-6B according to orders within MSAs; outside MSAs; and
Formula:		
order) – (occurring	Fime intervals associated w	ler for non-facility reasons) – (Applicable Due Date of late ith customer-initiated due date changes or delays ate)] ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for non-facility eriod)
order)] – (occurring	Time intervals associated w	ler for facility reasons) – (Applicable Due Date of late vith customer-initiated due date changes or delays ate) ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for facility reasons

OP-6 – Delayed Days (continued)

Exclusions: • Orders affected only by delays that are solely for customer and/or CLEC reasons. Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types. • Records involving official company services. • Records with invalid due dates or application dates. • Records with invalid completion dates. Records with invalid product codes. • Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. **Product Reporting:** Standards: MSA-Type Disaggregation - Resale Residential single line service Parity with retail service Business single line service Parity with retail service Centrex Parity with retail service Centrex 21 Parity with retail service DS0 (non-designed provisioning) Parity with retail service PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning) Parity with retail service Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning) Parity with retail service Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning) Parity with retail service Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning) Parity with retail service Unbundled Network Element – Platform Parity with like retail service • (UNE-P) (POTS) Unbundled Network Element – Platform Parity with retail Centrex 21 (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) Unbundled Network Element – Platform Parity with retail Centrex • (UNE-P) (Centrex) Line Splitting Parity with retail Qwest DSL NOTE 3 Loop Splitting Diagnostic ٠ Parity with retail Qwest DSL Line Sharing • Sub-Loop Unbundling Diagnostic Zone-type Disaggregation -Resale • Primary ISDN (designed provisioning) Parity with retail service Basic ISDN (designed provisioning) Parity with retail service DS0 (designed provisioning) Parity with retail service DS1 Parity with retail service PBX Trunks (designed provisioning) Parity with retail service Qwest DSL (designed provisioning) Parity with retail service DS3 and higher bit-rate services Parity with retail service (aggregate) Frame Relay Parity with retail service Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate) LIS Trunks • Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT) UDIT – DS1 level Parity with retail DS1 Private Line- Service UDIT – Above DS1 level Parity with retail Private Line- Services above DS1 level Dark Fiber - IOF Diagnostic Unbundled Loops: Analog Loop Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch Non-loaded Loop (2-wire) Parity with retail ISDN BRI Non-loaded Loop (4-wire) Parity with retail DS1 Private Line DS1-capable Loop Parity with retail DS1 Private Line xDSL-I capable Loop Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch Parity with retail ISDN BRI ISDN-capable Loop

ADSL-qualified Loop

Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch

OP-6 – Delayed Days (continued)

Loop types of DS3		Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)		Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop		Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks		Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Lo	ops (EELs) – (DS0	Diagnostic
level)	opo (o) (o	
Enhanced Extended Lo	ops (EELs) – (DS1	OP-6A: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
level)		OP-6B: Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Lo 	ops (EELs) – (DS3	Diagnostic
level)	-	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	 all orders for Resall (POTS), as well as standards. For all for all products und 6B-4, and -6B-5, S service order is due 2. According to this d successive custom point when a Qwest the Applicable Due as the date on white date change, if any change, any furthe measured as time formula. These de description. (Thou initiated due date change and subset The intervals is a change and subset The intervals thus of customer-initiated impacts or customer-initiated interval. 3. Reporting will begi 	DP-6B-3, Saturday is counted as a business day for le Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P for the retail analogues specified above as other products under OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, and der OP-6A-1, -6A-2, -6A-4, -6A-5, -6B-1, -6B-2, - aturday is counted as a business day when the e or completed on Saturday. efinition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per ier-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the st-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, a Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) ch it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date r customer-initiated due date changes or delays are intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the lay time intervals are calculated as stated in the gh infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest- changes occur, the stated method for calculating pplied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date quent customer-initiated due date change or delay. calculated from each pairing of Qwest and due dates are summed and then subtracted as mula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest- n intervals are counted in the reported interval, and impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported n at the time CLECs order the product, in any consecutive months.

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OP-7 – Coordinated "Hot Cut" Interval – Unbundled Loop			
Purpose:			
	"hot cuts" of unbundled loops, focusing on the time		
actually involved in disconnecting the loop from the	ne Qwest network and connecting/testing the loop.		
Description:			
	ted "hot cuts" for unbundled loops, based on intervals		
3 3	completion time of Qwest's applicable tests for the		
loop.			
 Includes all coordinated hot cuts of unbundle 			
reporting period, subject to exclusions specifi			
	ing customers from Qwest's switch/frames to the		
CLEC's equipment, via unbundled loops, that			
"Lift" time is defined as when Qwest disconne			
	completes the applicable tests after connecting the		
loop to the CLEC.			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.			
aggregate and individual CLEC			
results Formula:			
	unbundled leans with searchingted outsvers		
∑[Completion time – Lift time] ÷ (Total Number of completed in the reporting period)	unbundied loops with coordinated cutovers		
completed in the reporting period)			
Exclusions:			
 Time intervals associated with CLEC-caused delays. 			
 Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. 			
 Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled date/times. 			
Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled Standard:			
Loops – Reported separately for: CO: 1 hour			
Analog Loops All Other States: Diagnostic in light of OP-13			
 All other Loop Types 	(Coordinated Cuts On Time)		
Availability:	Notes:		
Available			

OP-8 – Number Portability Timeliness

Purpose: Evaluates the timeliness of cutovers of local number portability (LNP). **Description:** OP-8B – LNP Timeliness with Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of coordinated LNP triggers set prior to the scheduled start time for the loop. All orders for LNP coordinated with unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below. OP-8C - LNP Timeliness without Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of LNP triggers set prior to the Frame Due Time or scheduled start time for the LNP cutover as applicable. All orders for LNP for which coordination with a loop was not requested that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured (including standalone LNP coordinated with other than Qwest-provided Unbundled Loops and non-coordinated, standalone LNP), subject to exclusions specified below. For purposes of these measurements (OP-8B and -8C), "trigger" refers to the "10-digit unconditional trigger" or Line Side Attribute (LSA) that is set or translated by Qwest. "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated time. In the case of LNP cutovers coordinated with loops, the scheduled time used in this measurement will be no later than the "lay" time for the loop. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent of triggers set on time Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and **Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level. individual CLEC results Formula: OP-8B = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the scheduled time for the coordinated loop cutover) +(Total Number of LNP activations coordinated with unbundled loops completed)] x 100 OP-8C = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the Frame Due Time or Scheduled Start Time) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations without loop cutovers completed)] x 100 Exclusions: CLEC-caused delays in trigger setting. LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique telephone numbers and Centrex 21). LNP requests for which the records used as sources of data for these measurements have the following types of errors: Records with no PON (purchase order number) or STATE. _ Records where triggers cannot be set due to switch capabilities. _ Records with invalid due dates, application dates, or start dates. Records with invalid completion dates. Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid frame due or scheduled date/times. Product Reporting: None Standard: 95% Availability: Notes: Available

OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop

Purpose:

Evaluates the percentage of coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed on time, focusing on cuts completed within one hour of the committed order due time and the percent that were started without CLEC approval.

Description:

- Includes all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-13A Measures the percentage of LSRs (CLEC orders) for all coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are started and completed on time. For coordinated loop cuts to be counted as "on time" in this measurement, the CLEC must agree to the start time, and Qwest must (1) receive verbal CLEC approval before starting the cut or lifting the loop, (2) complete the physical work and appropriate tests, (3) complete the Qwest portion of any associated LNP orders and (4) call the CLEC with completion information, all within one hour of the time interval defined by the committed order due time.
- OP-13B Measures the percentage of all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are actually started without CLEC approval.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated appointment time.
- The "committed order due time" is based on the number and type of loops involved in the cut and is calculated by adding the applicable time interval from the following list to the scheduled start time:
 - Analog unbundled loops:

1 to 16 lines:	1 Hour
17 to 24 lines:	2 Hours
25+ lines:	Project*
All other unbundle	d loops:
1 to 5 lines:	1 Hour

T to 5 lines.	THOUR
6 to 8 lines:	2 Hours
9 to 11 lines:	3 Hours
12 to 24 lines:	4 Hours
25+ lines:	Project*

*For <u>Projects</u> scheduled due dates and scheduled start times will be negotiated between CLEC and Qwest, but no committed order due time is established. Therefore, projects are not included in OP-13A (see exclusion below).

- "Stop" time is defined as when Qwest notifies the CLEC that the Qwest physical work and the appropriate tests have been successfully accomplished, including the Qwest portion of any coordinated LNP orders.
- Time intervals following the scheduled start time or during the cutover process associated with customer-caused delays are subtracted from the actual cutover duration.
- Where Qwest's records of completed coordinated cut transactions are missing evidence of CLEC approval of the cutover, the cut will be counted as a miss under both OP-13A and OP-13B.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
aggregate and individual CLEC	Results for this measurement will be reported according to:
results	OP-13A Cuts Completed On Time
	OP-13B Cuts Started Without CLEC Approval

OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop (continued)

	 a: a = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts completed "On Time") ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100 		
OP-13B = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts whose actual start time occurs without CLEC approval) ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100			
Exclusions:			
Applicable to OP-13A:			
 Loop cuts that involve CLEC-requested non-s 	standard methodologies, processes, or timelines.		
OP-13A & OP-13B:			
Records with invalid completion dates.			
Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID which are not			
otherwise designated to be "counted as a mis			
 Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid schedu 	uled date/times.		
Projects involving 25 or more lines. Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled Standards:			
Loops – Reported separately for:	OP-13A:		
Analog Loops Analops Analog Loops Analog Loops Analog Loops Analop			
All Other Loops All Other States: 95 Percent or more			
	OP-13B: Diagnostic		
Availability:	Notes:		
Available			

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest's pending orders are late, focusing on the average number of days the pending orders are delayed past the Applicable Due Date, as of the end of the reporting period.

Description:

OP-15A – Measures the average number of <u>business days</u> that pending orders are delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for reasons attributed to Qwest.

- Includes all pending inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) for which the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest has been missed, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most
 recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the
 Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due
 date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwestinitiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any. NOTE 1

OP-15B – Reports the number of pending orders measured in the numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: OP-15A – Average Business Days ^{NOTE 2} OP-15B – Number of orders pending facilities
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, Qwest retail	Statewide

Formula:

OP-15A = ∑[(Last Day of Reporting Period) – (Applicable Due Date of Late Pending Order) - (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Pending Orders Delayed for Qwest reasons as of the last day of Reporting Period)

OP-15B = Count of pending orders measured in numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons

Exclusions:

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards: OP-15B = diagnostic only For OP-15A:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Business single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centrex	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centex 21	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
PBX Trunk	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS0	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS1	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Frame Relay	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex 21
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex)
Line Splitting	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)) (separately reported)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (U	
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with DS1 Private Line- Service)
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Private Line- Services above DS1 level)
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	21.49.100.10
Analog Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch)
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail ISDN BRI)
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with ISDN-BRI)
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL with dispatch)
Loop types of DS3 or higher bit rate	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS3 and
(aggregate)	higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks)
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs)	Diagnostic

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	 According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest- initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval. For OP-15A, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for non-dispatched orders in the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other non-dispatched products and for all dispatched products under OP-15A, Saturday is not counted as a business day. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

OP-17 – Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders

which porting occurs without implementing assoc Description:	elephone number porting, focusing on the degree to
which porting occurs without implementing assoc Description:	
Description:	
OP-17A	
 Measures the percentage of all LNP telepholoops, that are ported without the incidence of scheduled time/date, as identified by associated Focuses on disconnects associated with requests for delays. The scheduled time/date is defined as 1 by Qwest or (2) the delayed disconnect of timely request for delay of disconnection 	timely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects or no 1:59 p.m. on (1) the due date of the LNP order recorded date requested by the CLEC, where the CLEC submits a
 A CLEC request for delay of disconnecti p.m. MT on the current due date of the L DP-17B 	on is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 NP order recorded by Qwest.
 with loops, that are ported without the indischeduled time/date, as identified by assist of local products associated disconnects. A CLEC request for delay of disconnafter 8:00 p.m. MT on the current d 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day at Disconnects are defined as the removal of set Disconnects that are implemented early, and those that the CLEC identifies as such to Qw actual disconnect date, that are confirmed to scheduled time. 	ed with untimely CLEC requests for delaying the nection is considered "untimely" if received by Qwest ue date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest and before
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide
Formula:	
(Total number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to or	rders completed in the reporting period – Number of TNs
vith qualifying trouble reports notifying Qwest the	at disconnection before the scheduled time has occurred

+ Total Number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period] x 100

OP-17 – Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders (continued)

Exclusions:

OP-17A only

• Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC has failed to submit timely requests to have disconnects held for later implementation.

OP-17A & B

- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique TNs, and Centrex 21).
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared, closed or due dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-17B only

• Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC did not submit its untimely requests by 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the LNP due date to have disconnects held for later implementation.

Product Reporting: LNP	Standards: OP-17A – 98.25% OP-17B – Diagnostic only, in light of its measuring only requests for delay of disconnect that are defined as untimely.
Availability: Available	Notes:

Maintenance and Repair

MR-2 – Calls Answered within 20 Seconds – Interconnect Repair Center

Purpose:		
Evaluates Customer access to Qwest's Interconnect	ction and/or Retail Repair Center(s) focusing on	
the number of calls answered within 20 seconds.		
Description:		
Measures the percentage of Interconnection and/ seconds of the first ring.	or Retail Repair Center calls answered within 20	
5	Center during the reporting period, subject to	
 First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic Call Distributor). 		
 Answer is defined as when the call is first picket 	d up by the Qwest agent.	
 Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as 		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Qwest Retail levels.	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Formula:		
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds	s) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100	
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Respor	nse Unit) is not counted.	
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

rvice Cleared within 24 Hours 2 2 **^**... -10

MR-3 – Out of S	ervice Cleared within 24	Hours
	rts were cleared within the star	s, focusing on trouble reports where the out-of- adard estimate for specified services (i.e., 24 hours
Description:		
	entage of out of service trou	ble reports, involving specified services, that are
		from CLECs or from retail customers.
Includes all trou	ble reports, closed during the	reporting period, which involve a specified service
		ceive calls), subject to exclusions specified below.
		west is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date
and time trouble		
Reporting Period:	One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting:	Statewide level.
Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation" will be di reports involving: MR-3A Dispatches v MR-3B Dispatches of MR-3C No dispatches • Results for products/serv	outside MSAs; and es. ices listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type isaggregated according to trouble reports involving: one <u>1</u> areas; and
 For products trouble repo Beyond the Customer In For products 	orts coded to disposition codes Network Interface; and Miscell Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Pr Is measured from WFA (Workfor	rce Administration) data (products listed for Zone-
type disaggi Customer P	regation) trouble reports coded rovided Equipment (CPE).	to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and
Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.		
 Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes. Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in 		
	ng under "Zone-type Disaggre	
		ucts listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble
	g a "no access" delay.	
		e the installation work is reported by the
technician/instal	ller as complete.	· · ·
	ng official company services.	
	valid trouble receipt dates.	
	valid cleared or closed dates.	
	valid product codes.	on of the measurement per the DID
	y uala essential lu the calculati	on of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with appropriate retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
,	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-type Disaggregation -	· · ·
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Loops	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability:	Notes:
Available	 Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports of all types (both out of service and service affecting) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 48 hours for service-affecting conditions).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports, for specified services, that are cleared within 48 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period:	One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation" will be di reports involving: MR-4A Dispatches w MR-4B Dispatches o MR-4C No dispatches • Results for products/serv	ces listed in Product Reporting under " <u>MSA</u> -Type saggregated and reported according to trouble within MSAs; butside MSAs; and es. ices listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type isaggregated according to trouble reports involving: one <u>1</u> areas; and

Formula:

[(Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 48 hours) \div (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with appropriate retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	·
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability:	Notes:
Available	 Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on all trouble reports of all types (including out of service and service affecting troubles) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 4 hours).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for specified services that are cleared within 4 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for listed products will be disaggregated according to trouble reports: MR-5A In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR-5B MR-5B In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 4 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured using WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	-
Resale	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI	IT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Line Services above DS1 level
Unbundled Loops:	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) 	Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:

MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair, focusing how long it takes to restore services to proper operation. **Description:**

Measures the time actually taken to clear trouble reports.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes customer direct reports, customer-relayed reports, and test assist reports that result in a trouble report.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period:	One month	Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation" will be re MR-6A Dispatches w MR-6B Dispatches o MR-6C No dispatche • Results for products/servi	es listed in Product Reporting under " <u>MSA</u> -Type ported according to trouble reports involving: ithin MSAs; utside MSAs; and s. ces listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type saggregated according to trouble reports involving: <u>ne 1</u> areas; and

Formula:

 \sum [(Date & Time Trouble Report Cleared) – (Date & Time Trouble Report Opened)] ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
MSA-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex	
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic	
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL	
Ĵ	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI	
	All Other States: Diagnostic	
Zone-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	
DS0	Parity with retail service	
DS1	Parity with retail service	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service	
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD 	IT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level	
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:		
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line services (aggregate)	
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic	
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks	
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) 	Diagnostic	
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) 	Diagnostic	

Availability:	Notes:
Available	 Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

MR-7 – Repa	ir Repeat Report Rate	
Purpose:		
	ccuracy of repair actions, focusing	on the number of repeated trouble reports received
	e/circuit within a specified period (30	
Description:		
Measures the pe	ercentage of trouble reports that are	e repeated within 30 days on end user lines and
 Includes all received wit 	hin thirty (30) days of the initial t report is about the same type of	eporting period that have a repeated trouble report trouble report for the same service (regardless of of trouble for that service), subject to exclusions
code of the		re the end user telephone number or circuit access the reporting period with reports received within 30
		tem causes, customer-direct and customer-relayed
• The 30-day	e report is closed to the date and tin	he formula below is from the date and time that the ne that the next, or "repeat" trouble report is
Reporting Peric	od: One month, reported in	Unit of Measure: Percent
	ults first appear in reports one	
	results for measurements that	
are not reported in arrears), in order to cover the		
	llowing the initial trouble report.	
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Sta	tewide level.
Comparisons:		listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type
CLEC	Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving:	
aggregate,	MR-7A Dispatches within MSAs;	
individual	MR-7B Dispatches outside MSAs; and	
CLEC and	MR-7C No dispatches.	
Qwest Retail		s listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type
results		gregated according to trouble reports involving:
	MR-7D In Interval Zone	
	MR-7E In Interval Zone	
Formula:		

[(Total trouble reports closed within the reporting period that had a repeated trouble report received within 30 calendar days of when the initial trouble report closed) ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports Closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous - Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the • technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates. •

MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.		
Product Reporting:	Standards:	
MSA-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale	1	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE- P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex	
Line Splitting	Parity with Qwest Retail DSL	
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic	
Line Sharing	AZ & CO: Parity with Qwest Retail DSL	
	All Other States: Diagnostic Comparison with	
	Qwest Retail DSL	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with Retail ISDN-BRI	
Zone Type Discoverentien	All Other States: Diagnostic	
Zone-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale	Devit with note it consists	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	
DS0	Parity with retail service	
DS1	Parity with retail service	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service	
(aggregate) Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
,	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
LIS Trunks		
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI	/	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level	
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:		
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private	
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)	
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic	
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks	

MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) 	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Targeted availability with July 2004	1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order
results reported in September 2004	the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-8 – Trouble Rate

Purpose:

Evaluates the overall rate of trouble reports as a percentage of the total installed base of the service or element.

Description:

Measures trouble reports by product and compares them to the number of lines in service.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes all applicable trouble reports, including those that are out of service and those that are only service-affecting.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

[(Total number of trouble reports closed in the reporting period involving the specified service grouping) \div (Total number of the specified services that are in service in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous
 Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-8 – Trouble Rate (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Parity with Qwest DSL service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform(UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD	IT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) 	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) 	Diagnostic

MR-8 – Trouble Rate (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	 Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-9 – Repair Appointments Met

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest repairs services for Customers by the appointment date and time. **Description:**

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for which the appointment date and time is met.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Results for listed according to trou MR-9A Disp MR-9B Disp	orting: Statewide level. services will be disaggregated and reported ble reports involving: atches within <u>MSAs;</u> atches outside MSAs; and ispatches.
Formula: [(Total Trouble Reports Cl Reporting Period)] x 100 Exclusions:	eared by appointment	date and time) \div (Total Trouble Reports Closed in the

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time by using the rescheduled appointment time to determine if the repair appointment is met.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standard: Parity
Resale:	
Residential single line service	
Business single line service	
Centrex	
Centrex 21	
PBX Trunks	
Basic ISDN	
Unbundled Elements – Platform (UNE-P)	
(POTS)	
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

MR-10 – Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent that trouble reports were customer related, and provides diagnostic information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the core maintenance and repair performance indicators.

Description:

Measures the percentage of all trouble reports that are attributed to the customer as a percentage of all trouble reports resolved during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Includes trouble reports closed during the reporting period coded as follows:

• For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant, Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider) and trouble reports involving a "no access" delay for <u>MSA</u> type disaggregated products.

• For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports coded to disposition codes specified above) ÷ (Total Number of Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.

MR-10 Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Diagnostic
Business single line service	Diagnostic
Centrex	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Diagnostic
Resale	
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic
DS0	Diagnostic
DS1	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic
Frame Relay	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD	IT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	· · ·
Analog Loop	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic
xDSL-I capable Loop	Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:

MR-11 – LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours

MR-11 – LNP Trouble Reports Cleared v	Vitnin 24 Hours
Purpose: Evaluates timeliness of clearing LNP trouble report business, disconnect-related, out-of-service trouble LNP-related trouble reports are cleared within 48 h	e reports are cleared within four business hours and all
Description:	
MR-11A: Measures the percentage of specified	LNP-only (i.e., not unbundled-loop), residence and that are cleared within four business hours of Qwest Cs.
of the actual LNP-related disconnect to be caused by disconnects being during the reporting period, subject to	received on or before the currently-scheduled due date time/date, or the next <u>business day</u> , that are confirmed made before the scheduled time, and that are closed exclusions specified below. NP-only trouble reports that are cleared within 48 hours
 of Qwest receiving these trouble reports Includes all LNP-only trouble reports related disconnect date and closed of 	, received within four calendar days of the actual LNP-
response to CLEC/customer request for discor	the original due date/time established by Qwest in nnection of service ported via LNP or, if CLEC submits y of disconnection, it is the CLEC/customer-requested
	ered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT e time of the request.
on the due date and before 12:00 p.m. MT (notTime measured is from the date and time Q	ered untimely if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on) on the day after the due date west receives the trouble report to the date and time
trouble is cleared.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (all are "non-dispatched").
due date/time, that were closed in the re hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified out	that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled eporting period and cleared within four business of service LNP-only Trouble Reports for LNP-related connects that Qwest executed before the currently-
MR-11B = [(Number of specified LNP-only Trouble cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Number reporting period)] x 100	Reports closed in the reporting period that were er of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the

MR-11 – LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports attributed to customer or non-Qwest reasons
- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- Subsequent trouble reports of LNP trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- For MR-11B only: Trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting: LNP	Standards:
	<u>MR-11A</u> :
	 If OP-17 result meets its standard, the MR-11A standard is Diagnostic.
	 If OP-17 result does not meet its standard, the MR-11A standard is as follows:
	 For 0-20 trouble reports*: No more than 1 ticket cleared in > four business hours
	 For > 20 trouble reports*: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-3C results for Retail Residence and Business
	<u>MR-11B</u> :
	 For 0-20 trouble reports**: No more than 1 ticket cleared > 48 hours For > 20 trouble reports**: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-4C results for Retail Residence and Business
	* Based on MR-11A denominator.
	** Based on MR-11B denominator.
Availability: Available	Notes:

Billing

BI-1 – Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest provides recorded daily usage records to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the average time interval from date of recorded daily usage to date usage records are transmitted or made available to CLECs as applicable.

- BI-1A Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access,^{NOTE 1} local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.
- BI-1B Measures the percent of recorded daily usage for Jointly provided switched access provided within four days. This includes usage created by the CLEC and Qwest or IXC providing access, usually via 2-way Feature Group X trunk groups for Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, Phone to Phone IP Telephony, 8XX access, and 900 access and their successors or similar Switched Access services.
- BI-1C Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows:
 - BI-1C-1 Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access, ^{NOTE1} subject to exclusions specified below.
 - BI-1C-2 Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
	BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Average Business Day
	BI-1B: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation Reporting: State level.
individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	

Formula:

BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2 (for specified products & records) = ∑(Date Record Transmitted or made available – Date Usage Recorded) ÷ (Total number of records)

BI-1B = [(# of daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access sent within four days) ÷ (Total daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access in the report period)] x 100

Exclusions:

• Instances where the CLEC requests other than daily usage transmission or availability.

Duplicate records.

 Product Reporting: UNEs and Resale Jointly-provided Switched Access 	Standards: BI-1A: Parity with Qwest retail. BI-1B: 95% within 4 business days BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Diagnostic Comparison with the Qwest Retail results used in standard for BI-1A
Availability: Available	Notes: 1. "Feature group switched access" includes all type 110XXX detail records for Feature Groups A, B, C, and D.

BI-2 – Invoices Delivered within 10 Days

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest delivers industry standard electronically transmitted bills to CLECs, focusing on the percent delivered within ten calendar days.

Description:

Measures the percentage of invoices that are delivered within ten days, based on the number of days between the bill date and bill delivery.

 Includes all industry standard electronically transmitted invoices for local exchange services and toll, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: Combined Qwest Retail/CLEC results (Parity by design)	Disaggregation Reporting: State level

Formula:

[(Count of Invoices for which Bill Transmission Date to Bill Date is ten calendar days or less) ÷ (Total Number of Invoices)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Bills transmitted via paper, magnetic tape, CD-ROM, diskette.
- Records with missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:UNEs and Resale	Standard: Parity by design.
Availability: Available	Notes:

BI-3 – Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors

Purpose:

Evaluates the accuracy with which Qwest bills CLECs, focusing on the percentage of billed revenue adjusted due to errors.

Description:

Measures the billed revenue minus amounts adjusted off bills due to errors, as a percentage of total billed revenue.

- Both the billed revenue and amounts adjusted off bills due to error are calculated from bills rendered in the reporting period.
- "Amounts adjusted off bills due to errors" is the sum of all bill adjustments made in the reporting period that involve, either in part or in total, adjustment codes related to billing errors. (Each adjustment thus qualifying is added to the sum in its entirety.)

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: State level.	
Formula:		
\sum (Total Billed Revenue Billed in Reporting Period - Amounts Adjusted Off Bills Due to Errors) ÷ (Total Billed Revenue billed in Reporting Period)] x 100		
Exclusions:		
 BI-3A - UNEs and Resale – None 		
 BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use – Billing adjustments as a result of CLEC-caused errors in return of minutes of use 		
Product Reporting:	Standards:	
 BI-3A - UNEs and Resale BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) 	 BI-3A – UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest retail bills. BI-3B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) – 95% 	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

BI-4 – Billing Completeness

Purpose:

- UNEs and Resale Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills.
- Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects the revenue for Local Minutes of Use associated with CLEC local traffic over Qwest's network on the bills.

Description:

BI-4A – UNEs and Resale: Measures the percentage of non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders appear on the correct bill.*

BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): Measures the percentage of revenue associated with local minutes of use appearing on the correct (current) bill.*

* Correct bill = next available bill		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation reporting. Statewide level.	
Formula:		
BI-4A – UNEs and Resale = [∑(Count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills that are billed on the correct bill ÷ total count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders billed on the bill)] x 100		
BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation MOU = [∑(Revenue for Local Minutes of Use billed on the correct* bill ÷ Total revenue for Local Minutes of Use collected during the month)] x 100		
Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting:	Standards:	
UNEs and Resale	BI-4A - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest	
Reciprocal Compensation (MOU)	Retail bills. BI-4B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): 95%	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		
	1	

Database Updates

DB-1 – Time to Update Databases

Purpose: Evaluates the time required for updates to the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder. **Description:** • Measures the average time required to update the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder. Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during . the reporting period. For DB-1A the time to update the E911 database is provided by the third party vendor that performs the update. The elapsed time is captured automatically by the database system. There are no "individual E911 database update records" provided with which to measure the database update process. The numerator of DB-1A is calculated by multiplying the vendor-calculated results (Average Minutes in Process Time) by the denominator (Count of records Processed). This method produces a result from the vendor data that is the same as that which would be produced by totalling the update times from individual E911 database update records.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
	E911 – Hrs: Mins.
	LIDB & Directory Listings – Seconds
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:
DB-1A - E911: Combined results for Qwest Retail	DB-1A: E911 for Qwest Retail and Reseller
and Reseller CLEC Aggregate;	CLEC–State level
DB-1B - LIDB: Combined results for all Qwest	DB-1B: LIDB for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC
Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC	and Facilities Based CLEC – Multi
updates;	state region-wide level
DB-1C-1 - Listings: Combined results for all	DB-1C-1: Listings for all Provider types including
Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller	Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and
CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and	Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and
Unknown Provider, Electronically Submitted,	Unknown Provider, Electronically
Electronically Processed updates. NOTE 1	Submitted, Electronically Processed-
	Sub-region applicable to state
Formula:	

Formula:

 Σ [(Date and Time of database update for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) – (Date and Time of submissions of data for entry into the database for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period)] ÷ Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period

Exclusion:

• Invalid start/stop dates/times.

DB-1 – Time to Update Databases (continued)

Product Reporting: Not applicable (Reported by	y database type)	Standards: DB-1A-E911: Parity by design DB-1B-LIDB: Parity by design DB-1C-1 - Listings: Parity by design
Availability: Available	CLEC, Facilities-t	not be separated, results for Qwest Retail, Reseller based CLECs, ILEC and Unknown Provider updates bined within these disaggregations.

DB-2 – Accurate Database Updates

DB-2 – Accurate Database Opuates			
Purpose:			
	Evaluates the accuracy of database updates completed without errors in the reporting period.		
Description:			
 Measures the percentage 	ge of database updates	completed without errors in the reporting period.	
• Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the			
reporting period.			
Reporting Period: One mo	nth	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons:		Disaggregation Reporting:	
DB-2C-1 Listings - Combine	ed results for all	DB-2C-1, Listings for Qwest Retail, Reseller	
Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities-		CLEC, and Facilities-Based CLEC Electronically	
Based CLEC Electronically Submitted,		Submitted, Electronically Processed updates:	
Electronically Processed up	dates	Statewide	
F amurala.			
	Formula:		
		regation Reporting completed without errors in the	
the reporting period ÷ 10tal data the reporting period] x 100	reporting period ÷ Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in		
the reporting period x 100			
Exclusions:			
Invalid start/stop dates/times.			
Product Reporting:		Standards:	
Not applicable (Reported by database type)		DB-2C-1 – Listings: Parity by design NOTE 1	
Availability:	Notes:		
Available		Reseller CLECs are parity by design. Because	
	Facilities-based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically		
	Processed cannot be separated out from Reseller CLECs they are		
reported combined within this disaggregation.			

Directory Assistance

DA-1 – Speed of Answer – Directory Assistance

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's Directory Assistance operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

Description:

Measures the average time following first ring until a call is first picked up by the Qwest agent/system to answer Directory Assistance calls.

- Includes all calls to Qwest directory assistance during the reporting period.
- Because a system (electronic voice) prompts for city, state, and listing requested before the actual operator comes on the line, the first ring is defined as when the voice response unit places the call into queue.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds	
Reporting Comparisons: Results for Qwest and all CLECs are combined.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state	
Formula: Σ [(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)		
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the		

Operator Services

OS-1 – Speed of Answer – Operator Services

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

Description:

Measures the time following first ring until a call is answered by the Qwest agent.

- Includes all calls to Qwest's operator services during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

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Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds
Reporting Comparisons: Qwest and all CLECs are aggregated in a single measure.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state

Formula:

 Σ [(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)

Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.	
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design
Availability: Available	Notes:

Network Performance

NI-1 – Trunk Blocking

Purpose:

Evaluates factors affecting completion of calls from Qwest end offices to CLEC end offices, compared with the completion of calls from Qwest end offices to other Qwest end offices, focusing on average busy-hour blocking percentages in interconnection or interoffice final trunks.

Description:

Measures the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection and interoffice final trunks.

• Includes blocking percentages on all direct final and alternate final interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that are in service during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One mo	nth		Unit of Measure: Percent	Blockage
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggrega	ation Reportir	ng: Statewide level.	
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, and	Reports the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection final trunks, reported by:			
Qwest Interoffice trunk blocking results.	NI-1A Interconnection (LIS) trunks to Qwest tandem offices, with TGSR- related exclusions applied as specified below;			
	NI-1B LIS trunks to Qwest end offices, with TGSR-related exclusions applied as specified below;			
	NI-1C	LIS trunks to exclusions;	Qwest tandem offices, with	out TGSR-related
	NI-1D	LIS trunks to exclusions.	other Qwest end offices, wi	thout TGSR-related

Formula:

 $\{\sum (Blockage in Final Trunk Group of Specified Type)x(Number of Circuits in Trunk Group)] + (Total Number of Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Trunk Groups)\} x 100$

Explanation: Actual average percentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of trunk circuits blocking by the total number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured.

Exclusions:

For NI-1A and NI-1B only:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which:
 - A Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR)^{NOTES 1 & 2} has been issued in the reporting period; or
 - CLECs do not submit, within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR:
 - a) Responsive ASRs (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons NOTE 3);
 - b) Trouble Reports; or
 - c) Notification of traffic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below).
- For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and NI-1D:

• Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in time to incorporate in the regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to:

- Trunk group out-of-service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure circumstances;
- The CLEC placing trunks in a "busy" condition;
- Lack of interconnection facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely forecast to Qwest. (This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month following facility availability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, whichever is sooner NOTE⁴); or
- Isolated incidences of blocking, about which Qwest provides notification to the CLEC, that (a) are not recurring or persistent (affecting the same trunk groups), (b) do not warrant corrective action by CLEC or Qwest, and (c) thus, do not require an actionable TGSR.

NI-1 – Trunk Blocking (Continued)

• Trunk groups recently activated that have not been in service for a full "20-high-day, busy hour" review				
period.				
• Toll trunks, non-final trunks, and trunks that are not connected to the public switched network.				
One-way trunks originating at CLEC end offices.				
	cial services trunks, local interoffice operator and directory assistance trunks, and local			
	911/E911 trunks.			
	ith invalid product codes.			
	issing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.			
Product Repo				
LIS Trunks	Where NI-1A \leq 1%: 1%			
	Where NI-1A > 1%: Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to tandems			
	Where NI-1B \leq 1%: 1%			
	Where NI-1B > 1%: Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to end offices NI-1C and NI-1D: Diagnostic NOTE 5			
Availability:	Notes:			
Available	1. Qwest uses TGSRs to notify CLECs when trunk blocking exceeds standard thresholds or is			
	determined to be persistent. To respond properly to TGSRs, a CLEC must (a) submit			
	within 20 days ASRs to provide necessary trunk augmentations to avoid further blocking,			
	(b) notify Qwest within 20 days that it is initiating a Trouble Report where Qwest traffic			
	routing problems are causing the blocking referenced by the TGSR, or (c) notify Qwest that			
	the CLEC will undertake its own re-routing of traffic within 20 days to alleviate the blocking. 2. The TGSR-related exclusion is applied in the month in which the TGSR is issued and in			
	the month in which the above-specified 20-day response period ends. Thus, any trunk			
	group excluded in one month will not be excluded in the next month, unless there is (a) a			
	20-day period following a TGSR ends in that month, (b) there is another TGSR applicable			
	to the next month for the same trunk group or (c) an exception documented, in lieu of			
	issuing a subsequent TGSR, where the CLEC's response to the previous TGSR indicated			
	that, for its own reasons, it plans to take no action at any time to augment the trunk group.			
	3. CLEC delays are reflected by CLEC-initiated order supplements that move the due date			
	later.			
	a) Qwest-initiated due date delays, including supplements made pursuant to Qwest			
	requests to delay due dates, shall not be counted as CLEC delays in this			
	measurement.			
	b) Qwest-initiated due date changes to earlier dates that the CLEC does not meet shall			
	not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement unless the earlier dates were			
	mutually agreed-upon.			
	c) CLEC delays (e.g., "customer not ready" in advance of a due date) that do not			
	contribute to a Qwest-established due date being missed shall not be counted as a			
	CLEC delay in this measurement.			
	4. The limitation on part (3) of this exclusion is intended to bound its applicability to a period			
	of time that treats the unforecasted ASR as if it were, in effect, the first forecast for the			
	facilities needed.			
	a) Given that forecast advance intervals are currently six months, this provision allows the			
	exclusion to apply for no longer than that period of time.			
	b) Nevertheless, this limitation to the exclusion also recognizes that facilities may become			
	available sooner and, if so, reduces the limitation accordingly. In that context, this limitation recognizes that, absent a CLEC forecast, Qwest still retains a responsibility to			
	provide facilities for the ASR, although in a longer timeframe than for ASRs covered by			
	forecasts. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no			
	standard to be applied.			
	c) This limitation may change depending on the outcome of separate workshops dealing			
	with issues of interconnection forecasting.			
	5. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be			
	applied.			

NP-1 – NXX Code Activation

Purpose:			
Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's NXX code activation prior to the LERG effective date or by the			
"revised" effective date, as set forth herein.			
Description:			
	NP-1A: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are actually		
•	ve date or the "revised" date, subject to exclusions		
shown below.			
subject to exclusions shown below. Include this sub-measurement are cases in which " interconnection facilities are provided late b	e to Qwest-caused Interconnection facility delays, ed among activations counted as a Qwest delay in 2-6 codes" ^{NOTE 1} associated with the Qwest by Qwest to the CLEC.		
includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all	ting information required for code activation, which nterconnection trunk groups associated with the		
activation no less than 25 days prior to the LER			
	days after Qwest receives complete and accurate which includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for		
 The NXX code activation notice is provided by Qwest. 			
	en all translations associated with the new NXX are		
	late identified in the LERG or the "revised" date (if		
	cludes testing, including calls to the test number		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Period: One month Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results.	Unit of Measure: Percent Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results.	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested)	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested date or the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of N	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested date or the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of N period)] x 100 NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested LERG effective date or "revised" date affe (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested LERG of NXX codes loaded and tested	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide. If in the reporting period prior to the LERG effective XX codes loaded and tested in the reporting If in the reporting period that were delayed past the cted by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ in the reporting period, including NXX codes hat were delayed past the LERG effective date or		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested date or the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of N period)] x 100 NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested LERG effective date or "revised" date affe (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested loaded and tested loaded and tested in the reporting period to the report period tot the report period tot to the report period to the report period	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide. If in the reporting period prior to the LERG effective XX codes loaded and tested in the reporting If in the reporting period that were delayed past the cted by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ in the reporting period, including NXX codes hat were delayed past the LERG effective date or		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested date or the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of N period)] x 100 NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested LERG effective date or "revised" date affe (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested loaded and tested in the reporting period t the "revised" date due to Interconnection F Exclusions: NP-1A: • NXX code activations completed after the L	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide. If in the reporting period prior to the LERG effective XX codes loaded and tested in the reporting If in the reporting period that were delayed past the cted by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ in the reporting period, including NXX codes hat were delayed past the LERG effective date or		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested date or the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of N period)] x 100 NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested LERG effective date or "revised" date affe (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested loaded and tested in the reporting period t the "revised" date due to Interconnection F Exclusions: NXX code activations completed after the L installation of Qwest provided interconnection	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide. I in the reporting period prior to the LERG effective XX codes loaded and tested in the reporting I in the reporting period that were delayed past the cted by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ in the reporting period, including NXX codes hat were delayed past the LERG effective date or Facility Delays)] x 100 ERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested date or the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of N period)] x 100 NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested LERG effective date or "revised" date affe (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested loaded and tested in the reporting period t the "revised" date due to Interconnection F Exclusions: NP-1A: • NXX code activations completed after the L installation of Qwest provided interconnection NP-1A and NP-1B:	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide. I in the reporting period prior to the LERG effective XX codes loaded and tested in the reporting I in the reporting period that were delayed past the cted by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ in the reporting period, including NXX codes hat were delayed past the LERG effective date or Facility Delays)] x 100 ERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the on facilities associated with the activations. NOTE 2 " dates resulting in loading intervals shorter than		

NP-1 – NXX Code Activation (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards:	
	NP-1A: Parity	
	NP-1B: Diagnostic	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	 "2-6 codes" are industry-standard designators for local interconnection trunk groups, consisting of 2 alpha letters and six numeric digits. Only Qwest-provided interconnection facilities are noted in this exclusion, because delays related to facilities provided by CLECs or others are accounted for by revising the due date. 	

Collocation

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of collocation arrangements for CLECs, focusing on the average time to complete such arrangements.

Description:

Measures the interval between the Collocation Application Date and Qwest's completion of the collocation installation.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a <u>Ready for Service (RFS) date</u> by Qwest and completed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physicalline sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications include conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- Completion of the collocation installation is the date on which the requested collocation arrangement is "<u>Ready For Service</u>" as defined in the Definition of Terms section herein.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established according to intervals specified in interconnection agreements. Where an interconnection agreement does not specify intervals, or where the CLEC requests, RFS dates are established as follows:
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also
 with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote
 in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC
 provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation
 Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready – for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)

collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.

- Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major</u> <u>Infrastructure Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-1A, -1B, or -1C according to the interval criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled
- RFS dates may be extended beyond the above intervals for CLEC reasons, or for reasons beyond Qwest's control, but not for Qwest reasons.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-1A** Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 90 calendar days or less.
- **CP-1B** Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 91 to 120 calendar days.
- **CP-1C** Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 121 to 150 calendar days.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Calendar Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.
Formula: (for CP-1A, CP-1B and CP-1C) Σ [(Collocation Completion Date) – (Complete Applic Completed in Reporting Period)	cation Date)] + (Total Number of Collocations

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)

Exclusions:

- CP-1A: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals longer than 90 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1B: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 91 calendar days or longer than 120 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1C: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 121 calendar days or longer than 150 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.

Product Reporting: N	one Standards:
	CP-1A: 90 calendar days
	CP-1B: 120 calendar days
	CP-1C: 150 calendar days
Availability:	Notes:
Available	 Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest completes collocation arrangements for CLECs within the standard intervals or intervals established in interconnection agreements.

Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation applications that are completed within standard intervals, including intervals set forth in interconnection agreements.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a <u>Ready for Service Date RFS date</u> by Qwest and that are completed within the reporting period, including those with CLEC-requested RFS dates longer than the standard interval and those with extended RFS dates negotiated with the CLEC (including supplemented collocation orders that extend the RFS date) subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications are defined as conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- A collocation arrangement is counted as met under this measurement if its RFS date is met.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established as follows, except where interconnection
 agreements require different intervals, in which case the intervals specified in the interconnection
 agreements apply:
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for

CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:

- Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure</u> <u>Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 calendar days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-2A, -2B, or -2C according to the criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty calendar days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-2A Forecasted Collocations**: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC provides a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- **CP-2B** Non-Forecasted and Late Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- **CP-2C** All Collocations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and Collocations with intervals longer than 120 days: Measures all collocation installations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and collocations for which the RFS date is more than 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula: (for CP-2A, CP-2B and CP-2C) [(Count of Collocations for which the RFS is met) ÷ (Period)] x 100	Total Number of Collocations Completed in the Reporting
 Exclusions: RFS dates missed for reasons beyond Qwest's of Cancelled or expired requests. 	control.

Product Reporting: None	Standards:
	CP-2A & -2B: 90%
	CP-2C: 90%

CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	 Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

CP-3 – Collocation Feasibility Study Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of the Qwest sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC.

Description:

Measures average interval to respond to collocation studies for feasibility of installation.

- Includes feasibility studies, for collocations of types specified herein that are completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- Interval begins with the Collocation Application Date and ends with the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the weekend or holiday.

tollowing the weekend of holiday.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Calendar Days
-	,
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula	

Formula:

 Σ [(Date Feasibility Study provided to CLEC) – (Date Qwest receives CLEC request for Feasibility Study)] ÷ (Total Feasibility Studies Completed in the Reporting Period)

Exclusions:

 CLEC-caused delays of, or CLEC requests for feasibility study completions resulting in greater than ten calendar days from Collocation Application Date to scheduled feasibility study completion date.

Product Reporting: None		Standard:	10 calendar days or less
Availability: Available	As additional type offered, they will office-based type	es of central of be included in s of collocation	easurement are central office related. fice collocation are defined and this measurement. Non-central n (such as remote collocation and
	measurement, or conditions, and p finalized, accepte installations), and	in new, separa rocesses for s ed, mature (i.e. d ordered in vo	considered for either inclusion in this ate measurements, after the terms, uch collocation types become , six months of experience from first lumes warranting reporting (i.e., month in any state).

CP-4 – Collocation Feasibility Study Commitments Met

Purpose: Evaluates the degree that Qwest completes the sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC as committed. **Description:** Measures the percentage of collocation feasibility studies for installations that are completed within the Scheduled Interval The Scheduled Interval is ten calendar days from the Collocation Application Date or, if interconnection agreements call for different intervals, within intervals specified in the agreements, or if otherwise delayed by the CLEC, the interval resulting from the delay. Includes all feasibility studies for collocations of types specified herein, that are completed in the reporting period. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1 Considers the interval from the Collocation Application Date to the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC. The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday. Subject to superceding terms in the CLEC's interconnection agreement, when a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, feasibility study intervals will be individually negotiated and the resulting intervals used instead of ten calendar days in this measurement. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. and individual CLEC results Formula: [(Total Applicable Collocation Feasibility studies completed within Scheduled Intervals) + (Total applicable Collocation Feasibility studies completed in the reporting period)] x 100 Exclusions: None Product Reporting: None Standard: 90 percent or more Availability: Notes: Available 1 Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Application Date (and Time) – The date (and time) on which Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and accurate local service request (LSR) or access service request (ASR) or retail order, subject to the following:

- For the following types of requests/orders, the application date (and time) is the start of the next business day:
 - (1) LSRs and ASRs received after 3:00PM MT for Designed Services and Local Number Portability (except non-designed, flow-through LNP).
 - (2) Retail orders received after 3:00 PM local time for Designed Services.
 - (3) LSRs received after 7:00PM MT for POTS Resale (Residence and Business), Non-Design Resale Centrex, non-designed UNE-P, Unbundled Loops, and non-designed, flow-through LNP.
 - (4) Retail orders for comparable non-designed services cannot be received after closing time, so the cutoff time is essentially the business office closing time.
- For all types of orders that are received from Friday at 7:00 PM MT through Sunday, or on holidays, and do not flow through, the application date (and time) is the next, non-weekend business day.

Automatic Location Information (ALI) – The feature of E911 that displays at the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) the street address of the calling telephone number. This feature requires a data storage and retrieval system for translating telephone numbers to the associated address. ALI may include Emergency Service Number (ESN), street address, room or floor, and names of the enforcement, fire and medical agencies with jurisdictional responsibility for the address. The Management System (E911) database is used to update the Automatic E911 Location Information databases.

Bill Date – The date shown at the top of the bill, representing the date on which Qwest begins to close the bill.

Blocking – Condition on a telecommunications network where, due to a maintenance problem or an traffic volumes exceeding trunking capacity in a part of the network, some or all originating or terminating calls cannot reach their final destinations. Depending on the condition and the part of the network affected, the network may make subsequent attempts to complete the call or the call may be completely blocked. If the call is completely blocked, the calling party will have to re-initiate the call attempt.

Business Day – Workdays that Qwest is normally open for business. Business Day = Monday through Friday, excluding weekends and Qwest published Holidays including New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. Individual measurement definitions may modify (typically expanding) this definition as described in the Notes section of the measurement definition.

Cleared Trouble Report – A trouble report for which the trouble has been cleared, meaning the customer is "back in service".

Closed Trouble Report – A trouble report that has been closed out from a maintenance center perspective, meaning the ticket is closed in the trouble reporting system following repair of the trouble.

Code Activation (Opening) – Process by which new NPA/NXXs (area code/prefix) is defined, through software translations to network databases and switches, in telephone networks. Code activation (openings) allow for new groups of telephone numbers (usually in blocks of 10,000) to be made available for assignment to an ILEC's or CLEC's customers, and for calls to those numbers to be passed between carriers.

Common Channel Signaling System 7 (CCSS7) – A network architecture used to for the exchange of signaling information between telecommunications nodes and networks on an out-of-band basis. Information exchanged provides for call set-up and supports services and features such as CLASS and database query and response.

Common Transport – Trunk groups between tandem and end office switches that are shared by more than one carrier, often including the traffic of both the ILEC and several CLECs.

Completion – The time in the order process when the service has been provisioned and service is available.

Completion Notice – A notification the ILEC provides to the CLEC to inform the CLEC that the requested service order activity is complete.

Coordinated Customer Conversion -- Orders that have a due date negotiated between the ILEC, the CLEC, and the customer so that work activities can be performed on a coordinated basis under the direction of the receiving carrier.

Customer Requested Due Date – A specific due date requested by the customer which is either shorter or longer than the standard interval or the interval offered by the ILEC.

Customer Trouble Reports – A report that the carrier providing the underlying service opens when notified that a customer has a problem with their service. Once resolved, the disposition of the trouble is changed to closed.

Dedicated Transport – A network facility reserved to the exclusive use of a single customer, carrier or pair of carriers used to exchange switched or special, local exchange, or exchange access traffic.

Delayed Order – An order which has been completed after the scheduled due date and/or time.

Directory Assistance Database – A database that contains subscriber records used to provide live or automated operator-assisted directory assistance. Including 411, 555-1212, NPA-555-1212.

Directory Listings – Subscriber information used for DA and/or telephone directory publishing, including name and telephone number, and optionally, the customer's address.

DS-0 – Digital Service Level 0. Service provided at a digital signal speed commonly at 64 kbps, but occasionally at 56 kbps.

DS-1 – Digital Service Level 1. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 1.544 Mbps.

DS-3 – Digital Service Level 3. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 44.736 Mbps.

Due Date – The date provided on the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) the ILEC sends the CLEC identifying the planned completion date for the order.

End Office Switch – A switch from which an end users' exchange services are directly connected and offered.

Final Trunk Groups – Interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that do not overflow traffic to other trunk groups when busy.

Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) – Notice the ILEC sends to the CLEC to notify the CLEC that it has received the CLECs service request, created a service order, and assigned it a due date.

Flow-Through –The term used to describe whether a LSR electronically is passed from the OSS interface system to the ILEC legacy system to automatically create a service order. LSRs that do not flow through require manual intervention for the service order to be created in the ILEC legacy system.

Interval Zone 1/Zone 2 – Interval Zone 1 areas are wire centers for which Qwest specifies shorter standard service intervals than for Interval Zone 2 areas.

Installation – The activity performed to activate a service.

Installation Troubles – A trouble, which is identified after service order activity and installation, has completed on a customer's line. It is likely attributable to the service activity (within a defined time period).

Interconnection Trunks – A network facility that is used to interconnect two switches generally of different local exchange carriers

Inward Activity – Refers to all orders for new or additional lines/circuits. For change order types, additional lines/circuits consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action coded line/circuit USOCs that represent new or additional lines/circuits, including conversions from retail to CLEC and CLEC to CLEC.

Jeopardy – A condition experienced in the service provisioning process which results potentially in the inability of a carrier to meet the committed due date on a service order

Jeopardy Notice – The actual notice that the ILEC sends to the CLEC when a jeopardy has been identified.

Lack of Facilities – A shortage of cable facilities identified after a due date has been committed to a customer, including the CLEC. The facilities shortage may be identified during the inventory assignment process or during the service installation process, and typically triggers a jeopardy.

Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) – A Bellcore master file that is used by the telecom industry to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information, as well as network element and equipment designations. The file also includes scheduled network changes associated with activity within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP).

Local Exchange Traffic – Traffic originated on the network of a LEC in a local calling area that terminates to another LEC in a local calling area.

Local Number Portability (formerly defined under Permanent Number Portability and also known as – Long Term Number Portability) – A network technology which allows end user customers to retain their telephone number when moving their service between local service providers. This technology does not employ remote call forwarding, but actually allows the customer's telephone number to be moved and redefined in the network of the new service provider. The activity to move the telephone number is called "porting."

Local Service Request (LSR) – Transaction sent from the CLEC to the ILEC to order services or to request a change(s) be made to existing services.

MSA/Non-MSA – Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with a population of 50,000 or greater. Non-Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with population of less than 50,000. Qwest depicts MSA Non-MSA based on NPA NXX. Where a wire center is predominantly within an MSA, all lines are counted within the MSA.

Mechanized Bill – A bill that is delivered via electronic transmission.

NXX, NXX Code or Central Office Code – The three digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.

Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS) – Refers to basic 2-wire, non-complex analog residential and business services. Can include feature capabilities (e.g., CLASS features).

Projects – Service requests that exceed the line size and/or level of complexity which would allow for the use of standard ordering and provisioning processes. Generally, due dates for projects are negotiated, coordination of service installations/changes is required and automated provisioning may not be practical.

Query Types – Pre-ordering information that is available to a CLEC that is categorized according to standards issued by OBF and/or the FCC.

Ready For Service (RFS) – The status achieved in the installation of a collocation arrangement when all "operational" work has been completed. Operational work consists of the following as applicable to the particular type of collocation:

- Cage enclosure complete;
- DC power is active (including fuses available, BDFB [Battery Distribution Fuse Board] in place, and cables between the CLEC and power terminated);
- Primary AC outlet in place;
- Cable racking and circuit terminations are complete (e.g. fiber jumpers placed between the Outside Plant Fiber Distribution Panel and the Central Office Fiber Distribution Panel serving the CLEC). and
- The following items complete, subject to the CLEC having made required payments to Qwest (e.g., final payment): (If the required CLEC payments have not been made, the following items are not required for RFS):
 - Key turnover made available to CLEC.
 - APOT/CFA complete, as defined/required in the CLEC's interconnection agreement and
 - Basic telephone service and other services and facilities complete, if ordered by CLEC in time to be provided on the scheduled RFS date (per Qwest's published standard installation intervals for such telephone service).

Ready for Service Date (RFS date) – The due date assigned to a collocation order (typically determined by regulatory rulings, contract terms, or negotiations with CLEC) to indicate when collocation installation is scheduled to be ready for service, as defined above.

Reject – A status that can occur to a CLEC submitted local service request (LSR) when it does not meet certain criteria. There are two types of rejects: (1) syntax, which occur if required fields are not included in the LSR; and (2) content, which occur if invalid data is provided in a field. A rejected service request must be corrected and re-submitted before provisioning can begin.

Repeat Report – Any trouble report that is a second (or greater) report on the same telephone number/circuit ID and at the same premises address within 30 days. The original report can be any category, including excluded reports, and can carry any disposition code.

Service Group Type – The designation used to identify a category of similar services, .e.g., UNE loops.

Service Order – The work order created and distributed in ILECs systems and to ILEC work groups in response to a complete, valid local service request.

Service Order Type – The designation used to identify the major types of provisioning activities associated with a local service request.

Standard Interval – The interval that the ILEC publishes as a guideline for establishing due dates for provisioning a service request. Typically, due dates will not be assigned with intervals shorter than the standard. These intervals are specified by service type and type of service modification requested. ILECs publish these standard intervals in documents used by their own service representatives as well as ordering instructions provided to CLECs in the Qwest Standard Interval Guidelines.

Subsequent Reports – A trouble report that is taken in relation to a previously-reported trouble prior to the date and time the initial report has a status of "closed."

Tandem Switch – Switch used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office switches.

Time to Restore – The time interval from the receipt, by the ILEC, of a trouble report on a customer's service to the time service is fully restored to the customer.

Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) – Combinations of network elements, including both new and conversions, involving POTS (i.e., basic services providing dial tone).

Unbundled Loop - The Unbundled Loop is a transmission path between a Qwest Central Office Distribution Frame, or equivalent, and the Loop Demarcation Point at an end user premises. Loop Demarcation Point is defined as the point where Qwest owned or controlled facilities cease, and CLEC, end user, owner or landlord ownership of facilities begins.

Usage Data – Data generated in network nodes to identify switched call data on a detailed or summarized basis. Usage data is used to create customer invoices for the calls.

GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION	
ACD	Automatic Call Distributor	
ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line	
ALI	Automatic Line Information (for 911/E911 systems)	
ASR	Service Request (processed via Exact system)	
BRI	Basic Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)	
CABS	Carrier Access Billing System	
СКТ	Circuit	
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier	
СО	Central Office	
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment	
CRIS	Customer Record Information System	
CSR	Customer Service Record	
DA	Directory Assistance	
DB	Decibel	
DB	Database	
DS0	Digital Service 0	
DS1	Digital Service 1	
DS3	Digital Service 3	
E911 MS	E911 Management System	
EAS	Extended Area Service	
EB-TA	Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration	
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange	
EELS	Enhanced Extended Loops	
ES	Emergency Services (for 911/E911)	
FOC	Firm Order Confirmation	
GUI	Graphical User Interface	
HDSL	High-Bit-Rate Digital Subscriber Line	
HICAP	High Capacity Digital Service	
IEC	Interexchange Carrier	
ILEC	Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier	
INP	Interim Number Portability	
IOF	Interoffice Facilities (refers to trunk facilities located between	
	Qwest central offices)	
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network	
IMA	Interconnect Mediated Access	
LATA	Local Access Transport Area	
LERG	Local Exchange Routing Guide	
LIDB	Line Identification Database	
LIS	Local Interconnection Service Trunks	
LNP	Long Term Number Portability	
LSR	Local Service Request	
N, T, C	Service Order Types N (new), T (to or transfer), C	
, . ,	(change)	
NANP	North American Numbering Plan	
NDM	Network Data Mover	
NPAC	Number Portability Administration Center	
NXX	Telephone number prefix	
OBF	Ordering and Billing Forum	

GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS (continued)

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION
OOS	Out of service (type of trouble condition)
OSS	Operations Support Systems
PBX	Private Branch Exchange
PON	Purchase Order Number
POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service
PRI	Primary Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)
RFS	Ready for Service (refers to collocation installations)
SIA	SAAFE (Strategic Application Architecture Framework and
	Environment) Information Access
SOP	Service Order Processor
SOT	Service Order Type
SS7	Signaling System 7
STP	Signaling Transfer Point
TN	Telephone Number
UDIT	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport
UNE	Unbundled Network Element
UNE-P	Unbundled Network Element – Platform
VRU	Voice Response Unit
WFA	Work Force Administration
XDSL	(x) Digital Subscriber Line. (The "x" prefix refers to DSL
	generically. An "x" replaced by an "A" refers to Asymmetric
	DSL, and by an "H" refers to High-bit-rate DSL.)

APPENDIX A

PO-20 Feature Detail Fields

Feature Detail

Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21):

CFN

Validate the call forwarding TN

CFNB

Validate the call forwarding TN

CFND

Validate the call forwarding TN

RCYC

FID associated with a call forwarding don't answer USOC that determines how many rings before the call forwards to the TN provided with the CFN or CFND FIDs.

HLN (HLA Hot Line)

FID associated with the USOC HLA (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The Hot Line feature call forwards automatically to a pre-programmed number. This TN is provided following the HLN FID. The data provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the HLN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the TN provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order.

LINK (HME CALL FORWARDING TO CELLULAR)

FID associated with the USOC HME (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The HME feature call forwards a call from the landline telephone number to a cellular telephone number. The LINK FID, along with the PCS telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR, will be validated against the LINK FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the telephone number provided on the LSR matches the telephone number on the service order.

DES on DID MBB

If the CLEC requests a DID voice mailbox the DID number will follow the FID DES on the LSR in the Feature Detail section and on the service order. The DES FID along with the DID telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the DES FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the DID telephone number provided on the matches the telephone number on the service order.

TN on Custom Ring USOC (RGG1A etc.)

We currently have 9 custom ring USOCs on our PO-20 USOC list. Along with the custom ring USOC is the TN FID. The TN FID along with the custom ring telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the TN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the custom ring telephone provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order. (The validation would only apply if the USOC and FID were present in the Feature Detail section of the LSR.)

CAS (If provided on LSR for SEA)

Call Screening Code Assignment is a FID associated with the selective class of call feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the CAS FID is a two-digit number that indicates what type of screening is being requested. The CAS FID along with a two-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit number matches the two-digit number provided on the LSR.

WW (if provided on LSR for TFM)

Working With is a FID associated with the transfer mailbox feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the WW FID is a ten-digit number that indicates where the voice mailbox is located. The WW FID along with the ten-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit number provided on the LSR.

MBOA (if provided on LSR for VFN)

Mailbox out-dial notification is a FID associated with the message notification feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the MBOA FID is a two-digit alphanumeric combination that indicates where the notification will be sent (i.e., identifies pager type.) The MBOA FID along with the two-digit alphanumeric combination is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit alphanumeric matches the two-digit alphanumeric provided on the LSR.

DES on VGT (if provided on LSR)

Description is a FID associated with the scheduled greeting feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the DES FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the DID mailbox number. The DES FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

WLT (WLS Warm Line)

Warm line timeout is a FID associated with the warm line feature. Along with the WLT FID is a one or two numeric value that indicates the number of seconds that must elapse before the DMS-100 switch sets up the connection for a warm line service number. The WLT FID along with the one or two numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one or two numeric value matches the one or two numeric value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with WFA (800 service line feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

SIT (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special identifying telephone number is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the SIT FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the 800, 888, 877, or 866 service line feature. The SIT FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

SIS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special Identifying Telephone Number Supplemental is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. The SIS FID along with a one-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one-digit number matches the one-digit number provided on the LSR.

ELN (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 Service listed name is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELN FID is a listed name, which follows the format of a business name. The ELN FID along with the name is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the name matches the name provided on the LSR.

ELA (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 listed address is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELA FID is an address, which follows the format of a listed address plus LATA, State, and ZIP code. The ELA FID along with the address is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the address matches the address provided on the LSR.

AOS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Area of service is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the AOS FID are one to two alphanumeric characters and three numeric characters which represents LATA and AC of the address. The AOS FID along with the additional characters are provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the additional characters match the additional characters provided on the LSR.

ALC (if provided on LSR for WFA)

IntraLATA carrier is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. It indicates the IntraLATA carrier for the 800 service. Along with the ALC FID is the three-digit code (OTC) for the IntraLATA carrier. The ALC FID along with the three-digit code is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the three-digit code matches the three-digit code provided on the LSR.

Resale and UNE-P Centrex 21

FIDs associated with SO3, SO5, SFB, C2TAX (Electronic Business Set USOCs which are on our USOC list to validate):

KEY (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Key Designation (KEY number) is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the KEY FID is a numeric value that indicates the key designated for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the numeric value matches the numeric value provided on the LSR.

MADN (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Multiple Appearance Directory Number Call Arrangement is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the MADN FID is a set of alpha values that indicate the type, appearance and ring status desired for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the alpha values is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha values match the alpha values provided on the LSR.

ROL (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Ring On Line is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the ROL FID is an alpha value that indicates if the line will ring (Y or N). The ROL FID along with the alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha value matches the alpha value provided on the LSR.

TTYD (If provided on LSR for C2TAX)

Terminal Type is a FID associated with the adjunct module feature. Along with the TTYD FID is a 4 character alpha value based on customer equipment. The TTYD FID along with the 4 character alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 4 character alpha value matches the 4 character alpha value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with E3PPK (CALL PICK-UP feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

CPG (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup Group is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPG FID is a 1-3 digit numeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPG FID along with the 1-3 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 1-3 digit numeric value matches the 1-3 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

CPUO (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Originating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUO FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUO FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

CPUT (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Terminating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUT FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUT FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with GVJ, EZJ, GVZ, GV2, EVH, GVV (Speed Call feature USOCs that are on our USOC list to validate):

SCG (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Call Group is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCG FID is a 7 digit numeric value that identifies the controller of the group. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 7 digit numeric value matches 7 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

CSL (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Change Speed Calling Group List is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the CSL FID is a 2 digit numeric value that identifies the size of the group list. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 2 digit numeric value matches 2 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

SCF (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Calling Feature Name is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCF FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the controller of the shared list. The SCF FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.