

**EXH. CAK-4r
DOCKETS UE-22 ___/UG-22 ___
2022 PSE GENERAL RATE CASE
WITNESS: CATHERINE A. KOCH**

**BEFORE THE
WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION**

**WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND
TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION,**

Complainant,

v.

PUGET SOUND ENERGY,

Respondent.

**Docket UE-22 ___
Docket UG-22 ___**

**THIRD EXHIBIT (NONCONFIDENTIAL) TO THE
PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF**

CATHERINE A. KOCH

ON BEHALF OF PUGET SOUND ENERGY

**REVISED
JULY 6, 2022**

JANUARY 31, 2022

PUGET SOUND ENERGY

**THIRD EXHIBIT (NONCONFIDENTIAL) TO THE
PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
CATHERINE A. KOCH**

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1 **PUGET SOUND ENERGY**

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4 **CATHERINE A. KOCH**

5 **I. CUSTOMER GROWTH AND SERVICE NEEDS**

6 **A. Overview**

7 **Q. Please briefly describe Puget Sound Energy’s (“PSE”) customer growth and**
8 **new service investments presented in this case.**

9 A. PSE responds to typically 15,000 to 17,000 incoming requests annually from
10 customers, builders, and contractors for new service connections to homes and
11 businesses, including the extension of gas mains and electric lines as needed. A
12 key activity that drives investments is also the need to address load in an area that
13 is increasing through the collective addition of new or modified services such that
14 the mains and feeders reach their capacity limit and must be upgraded to provide
15 adequate service, pressure, and voltage, to all customers.

16 **Q. Please describe how these investments are managed through the activities of**
17 **customer requests and capacity.**

18 A. Customer growth and service need investments are broken down into investment
19 categories of customer requests¹ and capacity. These investments are classified as
20 “programmatic” investments, meaning that recurring individual projects support a

¹ May be referred to as “Customer Construction” in other witness’s testimony.

1 common objective with a basis for future investments that are extrapolated from
 2 historic trends or current investment plans. Table 1 provides the overarching
 3 objective, program type and used and useful category.

4 **Table 1. Used and Useful Categorization of Operations Program Types**

Objective	Program Type	Used and Useful ² Category
Customer Growth and Service Needs	Customer Requests	Programmatic
	Capacity	Programmatic

5 **Q. Please provide PSE’s actual and planned customer growth and new service**
 6 **capital investments over the six rate periods presented in this case.**

7 A. Table 2 provides the actual plant in service amounts from January 1, 2019 through
 8 the end of the test year of June 30, 2021, for electric and gas customer growth and
 9 service needs. The remaining periods are estimated based on historic trends and
 10 programmatic plans.

11 **Table 2. Summary of Total Customer Growth and Service Needs**
 12 **Investments by Rate Period**

Customer growth and service needs (\$ Millions)	Up through Current Test Year 1/1/2019 – 6/30/2021	Proforma 7/1/2021 – 12/31/2021	Gap Year 2022	Rate Plan Year 1 2023	Rate Plan Year 2 2024	Rate Plan Year 3 2025
Electric Capital investment	250.1	31.8	54.9	74.9	77.7	78.6
Gas Capital investment	330.6	56.3	103.0	79.9	71.3	62.3

² *In the Matter of the Commission Inquiry into the Valuation of Public Service Company Property that Becomes Used and Useful after Rate Effective Date*, Docket U-190531, Policy Statement on Property that Becomes Used and Useful After Rate Effective Date (Jan. 31, 2020).

1 Additionally, there is incremental Operations and Maintenance (“O&M”) related
2 to capital investment (“OMRC”) associated with the above rate periods of about
3 \$8 million.

4 **B. Customer Requests**

5 **Q. Please describe PSE’s customer requests investments and core objectives and**
6 **priorities.**

7 A. In response to customers requesting new or modified loads, PSE installs new or
8 upgraded service lines to the requested home or building locations. In some cases,
9 the electrical circuit lines or gas mains are extended or upgraded to accommodate
10 the request or additional load. Also included, in accordance with tariffs, are
11 contributions by customers where they are required to pay for all or a portion of
12 the costs, or contributions in aid of construction (“CIAC”) dollars. Customer
13 request investments are based on incoming requests by customers and take
14 priority over discretionary work.

15 **Q. Please provide PSE’s actual and planned customer requests capital**
16 **investments over the six rate periods presented in this case.**

17 A. Table 3 provides the actual plant in service amounts from January 1, 2019 through
18 the end of the test year of June 30, 2021. The remaining periods are estimated
19 based on historical trends and forecasted customer growth. Investments are net of
20 any CIAC dollars, which may be required as a condition of service as described in
21 the PSE’s tariffs.

Table 3. Summary of Customer Requests Investments by Rate Period

Customer requests	Up through Current Test Year 1/1/2019 – 6/30/2021	Proforma 7/1/2021 – 12/31/2021	Gap Year 2022	Rate Plan Year 1 2023	Rate Plan Year 2 2024	Rate Plan Year 3 2025
Electric Capital investment (\$ Millions)	243.2	27.5	41.7	57.7	62.0	68.6
Electric Customer requests addressed (#)	15,183 55,851	1,716 11,436	12,707 23,029	17,582 23,478	18,906 23,491	20,901 23,044
Gas Capital investment (\$ Millions)	330.5	56.3	103.0	79.9	71.3	62.3
Gas Customer requests addressed (#)	50,521 46,118	8,601 8,991	15,740 18,432	12,205 18,475	10,898 18,150	9,517 17,734

Additionally, there is incremental OMRC associated with the above rate periods of about \$8 million.

Q. Please describe the work completed and anticipated through the end of the rate plan.

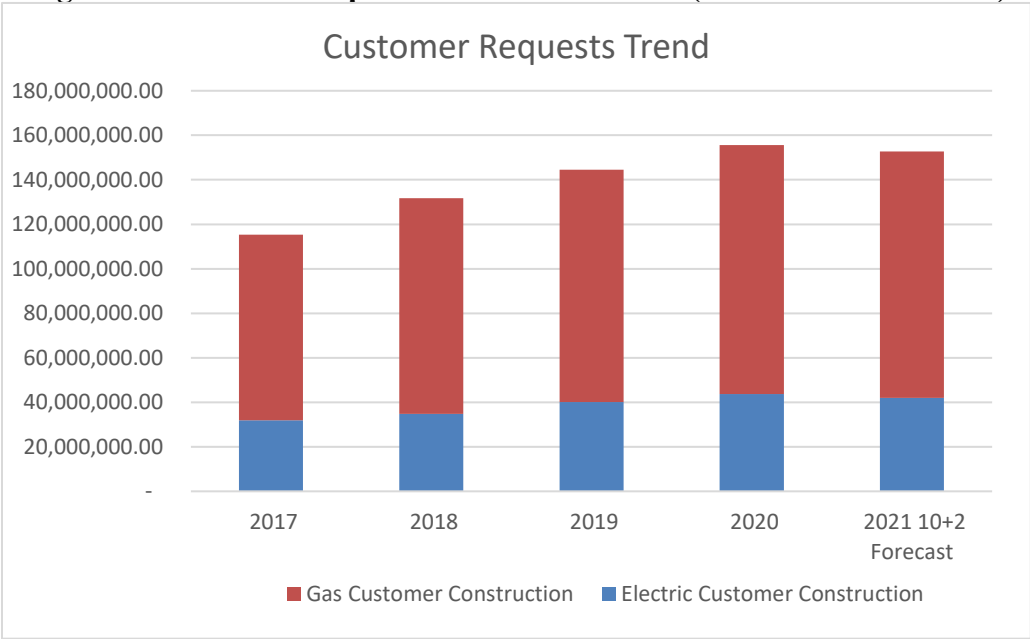
A. PSE added ~~37,173~~38,557 electric customers and ~~21,340~~22,385 gas customers since the last rate case and up through the end of the current test year period. PSE anticipates adding an additional ~~71,812~~104,478 electric customers requests and ~~56,961~~81,782 gas customers requests from July 1, 2021 through December 31, 2025.

Q. Please describe the basis for the forecasted customer requests investments in more detail.

A. Forecasted funding is generally based on applying the corporate load forecast to the current years cost of serving customer requests (based on 2020 actuals) and is then adjusted for anticipated changes such as tariff revisions and inflated by the

1 traditional escalators such as inflation, labor, materials, and contracts. Forecasts
2 include the margin allowance under both electric and gas tariffs that are applied as
3 a credit against the cost of the project. Figure 3 provides the customer requests
4 trend since 2017. While customer load trends have been impacted by COVID-19,
5 customer requests have continued to increase although forecasts for 2021 indicate
6 some economic and behavior impacts on customer decisions regarding utility
7 service.

8 **Figure 3. Customer Request Actual Investments (2017-Forecasted 2021)**



9
10 The annual funding level is re-forecasted each year with the new corporate load
11 forecast which varies as a result of econometric analysis, codes, standards, and
12 other dynamic impacts to these short cycle investments. Since these customer

1 requests are not discretionary, they are not ranked against the evaluation criteria
2 in the iDOT³ planning model.

3 **Q. Please describe cost controls employed to efficiently deploy capital**
4 **investments.**

5 A. The cost controls deployed by PSE for investments follows the general approach
6 discussed in the Prefiled Direct Testimony of Roque B. Bamba, Exh. RBB-1T. A
7 project manager is assigned who manages the project from inception through
8 closeout, driving the schedule, managing budgets, and coordinating construction
9 and design activities and milestones with both internal and external team
10 members. Additional cost controls exist through fixed unitized pricing from
11 established construction contracts.

12 **Q. Please describe customer benefits of customer request investments.**

13 A. Individual customers benefit from the availability of electric and gas service
14 through a regulated service provider. All system customers benefit from
15 economies of scale that customer growth provides. For example, the vast majority
16 of delivery service costs (both electric and gas) are fixed in nature. System growth
17 costs are spread across all customers so as customer growth increases, the cost per
18 customer decreases.

³ As discussed in my Prefiled Direct Testimony, Exh. CAK-1T, PSE uses a tool called the Investment Decision Optimization Tool (“iDOT”) to evaluate portfolio benefits, including both quantitative and qualitative benefits but only for discretionary planned investments.

1 **Q. Please describe the performance metrics that these investments impact.**

2 A. These investments generally impact the following corporate performance metrics
3 based on performing the work with customer satisfaction in mind:

- 4 • Percent of service appointments kept; and
- 5 • Complaints to the UTC per 1,000 customers.

6 **Q. Are there O&M cost reductions that are expected to result from these**
7 **program investments?**

8 A. No. These investments serve customers, which marginally increases O&M
9 expense associated with increased maintenance for additional infrastructure and
10 customers.

11 **C. Capacity**

12 **Q. Please describe PSE's capacity investments and core objectives and**
13 **priorities.**

14 A. Capacity investments address the need to build more or larger pipes or wires to
15 carry more gas or electric current based on load growth forecasts while remaining
16 within required performance standards (i.e., maintain voltage levels or gas
17 pressure) for customer appliances to work correctly. The core objective of the
18 capacity investments is to prevent utility or customer equipment from being
19 damaged or fail due to low voltage or gas pressure. Capacity investments address
20 broad system load increases proactively and in a planned manner. Prioritization of
21 capacity investments avoids delays related to necessary but unplanned system

1 upgrades needed to fulfill new customer service requests. Capacity investments
 2 are planned several years in advance of need. This planned work is supported by
 3 the Targeted Capacity Upgrades Business Plan, provided in Appendix A. PSE's
 4 Operations business plans provide detail of the background of the issue, statement
 5 of need, plan detail and scope, benefits, cost estimate, alternatives, and funding
 6 risk.

7 **Q. Please provide PSE's actual and planned capacity capital investments over**
 8 **the six rate periods presented in this case.**

9 A. Table 4 provides the actual electric plant in service amounts from January 1, 2019
 10 through the end of the test year of June 30, 2021. The remaining programmatic
 11 electric system capacity investments are based on plans developed from modeling
 12 load growth forecasts and trended system needs. PSE's pipeline investments are
 13 currently only addressing load that cannot be served today without manual real
 14 time field adjustments. These investments address reliability concerns and are
 15 discussed in Exh. CAK-6.

16 **Table 4. Summary of Electric Capacity Investments by Rate Period**

Electric capacity	Up through Current Test Year 1/1/2019 – 6/30/2021	Proforma 7/1/2021 – 12/31/2021	Gap Year 2022	Rate Plan Year 1 2023	Rate Plan Year 2 2024	Rate Plan Year 3 2025
Capital investment (\$ Millions)	6.9	4.3	13.3	17.1	15.6	10.0
Assets addressed (#)	8	5	8	15	23	15

1 Additionally, there is incremental OMRC associated the above rate periods of
2 about \$0.88 million.

3 **Q. Please describe the work completed and anticipated through the end of the**
4 **rate plan.**

5 A. PSE completed eight electric projects since PSE’s last general rate case and up
6 through the end of the current test year period, upgrading eleven miles of circuits.
7 PSE anticipates completing an additional 66 electric projects to increase capacity
8 from July 1, 2021 through December 31, 2025.

9 **Q. Please describe the basis for the forecasted capacity investments in more**
10 **detail.**

11 A. Forecasted funding is developed through the robust Delivery System Planning
12 process and evaluating system performance with increasing loads, as discussed in
13 my Prefiled Direct Testimony, Exh. CAK-1T. Solution costs are estimated using
14 tools provided by PSE’s Project Management Office, based on historical average
15 costs. Forecasted funding is a combination of known planned projects
16 supplemented by the historic programmatic trend of these types of investments.
17 Between 2018 and 2020, the number of circuits that exceeded 85 percent
18 utilization increased by 28, a 70 percent increase, resulting in PSE upgrading 21
19 distribution circuits, about 75 percent of the circuits studied, to relieve capacity
20 constraints. PSE forecasts about seven percent of the distribution circuits will
21 need to be addressed over the next five years based on this trend and increasing

1 electric demand. The individual projects of this plan will be developed and
2 estimated closer to the system need date.

3 **Q. Please describe cost controls employed to efficiently deploy capital**
4 **investments.**

5 A. The cost controls deployed by PSE for these investments follows the general
6 program management approach discussed by Bamba, Exh. RBB-1T.

7 **Q. Please describe the benefits of the capacity investments.**

8 A. PSE’s primary benefit of the capacity investments and defined plan is the ability
9 to serve load. If capacity concerns are left unaddressed, the increased energy load
10 will overload equipment resulting in energy quality concerns or even dropped
11 load due to equipment failure. Table 5 provides a summary of the avoided
12 unserved energy (load at risk of being served) that will be addressed by these
13 investments.

14 **Table 5. Summary of Capacity Investments Benefits by Rate Period**

Type of benefit	Up through Current Test Year 1/1/2019 – 6/30/2021	Proforma 7/1/2021 – 12/31/2021	Gap Year 2022	Rate Plan Year 1 2023	Rate Plan Year 2 2024	Rate Plan Year 3 2025
Unserved Energy (MWh)	729,080	380,737	933,307	880,479	880,479	880,479

15 **Q. Please describe the performance metrics that these investments impact.**

16 A. These investments generally impact the SAIDI and SAIFI corporate performance
17 metrics by avoiding outages caused by low voltage. SAIDI and SAIFI metrics

1 would be impacted if PSE ignored capacity constraint. PSE would need to deploy
2 load drop schemes to prevent customer and utility equipment damage.

3 **Q. Are there anticipated O&M cost reductions that are expected to result from**
4 **these program investments?**

5 A. No. As discussed above, these investments are made to afford new customers
6 access to the electric electricity and avoid outages not accounted for in current
7 O&M expense plans.

8 **II. CONCLUSION**

9 **Q. Does this conclude your testimony?**

10 A. Yes, it does.