Exh. JT – 1T (Partial Settlement)

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BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

DOCKET UE-200900

DOCKET UG-200901

DOCKET UE-200894

(Consolidated)

JOINT TESTIMONY OF

PATRICK D. EHRBAR (AVISTA)

JASON L. BALL (STAFF)

BRADLEY G. MULLINS (AWEC)

SHAWN M. COLLINS (THE ENERGY PROJECT)

JESSE PIEDFORT (SIERRA CLUB)

LANCE D. KAUFMAN (INLAND EMPIRE PAPER)

IN SUPPORT OF THE PARTIAL MULTIPARTY SETTLEMENT STIPULATION

1		I. INTRODUCTION
2	Q.	Please state your names, titles, and the party you represent in this
3	matter.	
4	A.	Our names, titles, and representation are as follows:
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	•	Patrick D. Ehrbar, Director of Regulatory Affairs, Avista Jason L. Ball, Assistant Director of Energy Regulation, Commission Staff Bradley G. Mullins, Independent Consultant, representing the Alliance of Western Energy Consumers (AWEC) Shawn M. Collins, Director, The Energy Project Jesse Piedfort, Chapter Director, Sierra Club Lance D. Kaufman, Aegis Insight, representing Inland Empire Paper Company (IEP)
14 15	Together we a	re representatives of the "Settling Parties" in this Joint Testimony. Separate
16	Joint Testimo	ny addressing the special contract with Inland Empire Paper (IEP) will be
17	filed by Avist	ta (Mr. Shawn Bonfield) and IEP (Mr. Kevin Rasler). ² That testimony will
18	also offer sup	port for the IEP contract as part of the overall Partial Settlement.
19	Q.	Are you sponsoring Joint Testimony in support of the Partial
20	Multiparty Se	ettlement Stipulation filed with this Commission on May 27, 2021?
21	A.	Yes. This Joint Testimony of the Settling Parties recommends approval of
22	the Partial M	ultiparty Settlement Stipulation (hereafter, "Partial Settlement") by the
23	Commission.	If approved, this Partial Settlement resolves the following issues in this
24	proceeding: (1) power supply; (2) Energy Imbalance Market ("EIM"); (3) IEP special

contract; (4) pricing pilots; (5) low-income proposals for the Company's Low-Income Rate

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 $^{^{1}\} The\ Settling\ Parties\ have\ been informed\ by\ Public\ Counsel that\ it\ may\ join\ the\ settlement\ but\ does\ not\ y\ et\ have\ approval\ to\ do\ so.$

² IEP is otherwise in support of this Partial Settlement as an integrated resolution of all issues being addressed.

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- 1 Assistance Program ("LIRAP"), renewables, and electric vehicles; (6) Allowance for
- 2 Funds Used During Construction ("AFUDC") deferral; and (7) fee-free and Line Extension
- 3 Allowance Program ("LEAP") Deferrals.³ The Settling Parties understand this Partial
- 4 Settlement is subject to approval of the Washington Utilities and Transportation
- 5 Commission (the "Commission").
- The Partial Settlement represents a compromise among differing points of view.
- 7 Concessions were made by the Settling Parties to reach a reasonable balancing of interests.
- 8 As will be explained in the following testimony, the Partial Settlement received significant
- 9 scrutiny and is supported by sound analysis and sufficient evidence. Its approval is in the
- public interest. The Partial Settlement has been marked as Exh. JT-2.

Q. What is the scope of your testimony?

- 12 A. This Joint Testimony addresses Avista's general rate case filings in these
- dockets and the scope of the Partial Settlement and its principal features. It also includes a
- statement of the Settling Parties' views about why the Partial Settlement satisfies their
- interests and is in the public interest.

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Q. Who are the signatories to the Partial Settlement?

- 17 A. The Partial Settlement, filed May 27, 2021, was signed by Avista,
- 18 Commission Staff, Inland Empire Paper Company, the Alliance of Western Energy
- 19 Consumers, The Energy Project, and Sierra Club. These represent all parties to these
- 20 proceedings, with the exception of the Public Counsel Unit of the Washington State Office
- of Attorney General, who may join this settlement, but did not have such authority at the

³ Other contested items remain, including: (1) October 1, 2021 revenue change; (2) cost of capital; (3) capital additions; (4) wildfire expenditures and recovery; (5) Advanced Metering Infrastructure; (6) Colstriprelated matters; and (7) Cost of Service, rate spread, & rate design.

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1 time the Partial Settlement was filed with the Commission.

0. What is the proposed effective date of the Partial Settlement?

3 A. The Settling Parties request that the Partial Settlement have the same 4 effective date as the rates ultimately approved by the Commission, effective October 1, 5 2021.

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II. QUALIFICATIONS OF WITNESSES

Q. Mr. Patrick D. Ehrbar, please state your name, address and provide information pertaining to your educational background and professional experience.

My name is Patrick D. Ehrbar and my business address is 1411 East A. Mission Avenue, Spokane, Washington. I am presently assigned to the Regulatory Affairs Department as the Director of Regulatory Affairs. I am a 1995 graduate of Gonzaga University with a Bachelor of Business Administration degree. In 1997 I graduated from Gonzaga University with a Master of Business Administration degree. I started with Avista in April 1997 as a Resource Management Analyst in the Company's Demand Side Management (DSM) department. Later, I became a Program Manager, responsible for energy efficiency program offerings for the Company's educational and governmental customers. In 2000, I was selected to be one of the Company's key Account Executives, where I was responsible for, among other things, being the primary point of contact for numerous commercial and industrial customers.

I joined the State and Federal Regulation Department as a Senior Regulatory Analyst in 2007. Responsibilities in that role included being the discovery coordinator for the Company's rate cases, line extension policy tariffs, as well as miscellaneous regulatory

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issues. In November 2009, I was promoted to Manager of Rates and Tariffs, and later 2 promoted to be Senior Manager of Rates and Tariffs. My primary areas of responsibility 3 included electric and natural gas rate design, decoupling, power cost and natural gas rate 4 adjustments, customer usage and revenue analysis, and tariff administration. In October 5 2017, I was promoted to my present position, where I am responsible for all matters related 6 to general rate cases, tariff filings, rulemakings, and other regulatory activities. 7 O. Mr. Jason L. Ball, please state your name, address and provide 8 information pertaining to your educational background and professional experience. 9 A. My name is Jason L. Ball. I am the Assistant Director in the Energy Regulation Section of the Regulatory Services Division at the Commission, and I serve as 10 11 the manager for Commission Staff (Staff) testifying in this case. My business address is 12 621 Woodland Square Loop SE, Lacey, Washington, 98503. My email address is 13 jason.ball@utc.wa.gov. 14 I earned a degree from New Mexico State University in 2010 with a dual major in 15 Economics and Government. In 2013, I graduated with honors from New Mexico State 16 University with a Master of Economics degree specializing in Public Utility Policy and 17 Regulation. I joined the Commission in 2013 as a Regulatory Analyst in the Energy 18 Regulation section of the Regulatory Services division. 19 I have testified in a number of Commission proceedings including the following: 20 PacifiCorp general rate cases (GRCs) in Dockets UE-191024, UE-152253, and UE-21 140762; the PacifiCorp PCAM review proceeding in Docket UE-170717; Puget Sound 22 Energy (PSE) GRCs in Dockets UE-190529/UG-190530 and UE-170033/UG-170034; 23 PSE's power cost only rate case in Docket UE-141141; Avista Corporation d/b/a Avista 1 Utilities GRCs in Dockets UE-190334/UG-190335, UE-160228/UG-160229, and UE-

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- 2 150204/UG-150205.
- Q. Mr. Bradley G. Mullins, please state your name, address and provide
- 4 information pertaining to your educational background and professional experience.
- 5 A. My name is Bradley G. Mullins. I am an independent consultant retained
- 6 by AWEC. I filed response testimony on behalf of AWEC on April 21, 2021, and my
- 7 educational background and professional experience are described in that testimony, in
- 8 Exh. BGM-1T.
- 9 Q. Mr. Shawn Collins, please state your name, address and provide 10 information pertaining to your educational background and professional experience.
- 11 A. My name is Shawn M. Collins. I am the Director of The Energy Project.
- 12 My business address is 3406 Redwood Avenue, Bellingham, Washington, 98225. I filed
- 13 Response Testimony on behalf of The Energy Project in Exhibit SMC-1T in this
- proceeding on April 21, 2021. My educational background and professional experience
- are described in Exh. SMC-2 filed concurrently with that testimony.
- Q. Mr. Jesse Piedfort, please state your name, address and provide information pertaining to your educational background and professional experience.
- A. My name is Jesse Piedfort. My business address is 180 Nickerson St, Suite
- 19 202, Seattle, WA 98109. I am a Chapter Director for the Sierra Club's Washington Chapter
- appearing on behalf of the Sierra Club. I am responsible for coordinating advocacy and
- strategy for the Washington Chapter. My work includes engaging with utilities to advocate
- for the responsible transition away from fossil fuel resources towards clean energy and

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- 1 energy efficiency, among other duties. I have worked as the Chapter Director for nearly 4 2 years.
 - Q. Dr. Lance Kaufman, please state your name, address and provide information pertaining to your educational background and professional experience.
 - My name is Lance Kaufman. I am the Principal Economist of Aegis A. Insight. My business address is 2326 NW Bluebell Place, Corvallis, OR 97330. I filed response testimony in this proceeding on behalf of Inland Empire Paper Co. on April 21, 2021, and my educational background and professional experience are described in that testimony, in Exh. LDK-2.

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III. SETTLEMENT PROCESS

- Q. Please describe the process that led to the filing of the Partial Settlement.
 - A. Representatives of all parties to the proceeding appeared telephonically and virtually at an initial settlement conference held on March 10, 2021. A second settlement conference was held on May 6, 2021, with additional telephonic and email exchanges through May 25, 2021, which led to this Partial Settlement. Extensive discussions occurred on all components of the Company's filing, such as the cost of capital, rate base, and various expense items. Ultimately, through the "give-and-take" on multiple issues by the Settling Parties that characterizes any settlement discussion, the Settling Parties were able to resolve some, but not all of the issues in this proceeding. Those issues resolved in this Partial Settlement are related to: (1) power supply; (2) Energy Imbalance Market ("EIM"); (3) IEP special contract; (4) pricing pilots; (5) low-income proposals for the

- Company's Low-Income Rate Assistance Program ("LIRAP"), renewables, and electric vehicles; (6) treatment of the Allowance for Funds Used During Construction ("AFUDC") deferral; and (7) Fee-Free and Line Extension Allowance Program ("LEAP") deferrals. Each of the Settling Parties ultimately agreed to concessions on matters which would not have been agreed to if each of the Settling Parties were to proceed to
 - Q. What issues were not resolved by this Partial Settlement?
 - A. This Partial Settlement does not resolve all remaining issues in this proceeding, which include: (1) the October 1, 2021 overall change in base rates; (2) cost of capital; (3) capital additions; (4) wildfire expenditures and recovery; (5) Advanced Metering Infrastructure; (6) Colstrip-related matters; and (7) cost of service, rate spread, & rate design.

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evidentiary hearings.

IV. TERMS OF THE PARTIAL SETTLEMENT

- Q. Please explain the agreement related to <u>Power Supply</u> in the Partial Settlement.
- A. The Settling Parties agree that Avista will provide an update to its filed
 Power Supply pro forma adjustment 60 days prior to the rate effective date (October 1,
 2021), and the effects of such update will be incorporated into the electric revenue
 requirement approved by the Commission.
 - Q. What will be included in the 60-day update filed with the Commission?
- A. The update will include refreshing natural gas and electricity market prices, updating non-natural gas fuel prices where such prices are the result of a contract changes,

1 adding all incremental contracts with terms of less than one year affecting the pro forma 2 period for natural gas and electricity, and updating rate changes for any power and

transmission service contracts included in the filing.

Independent System Operator (CAISO)?

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- 4 Q. What have the Settling Parties agreed to as it relates to Avista joining 5 the Western Energy Imbalance Market (EIM) operated by the California
- A. The Settling Parties agree to include EIM capital and expenses in base rates as proposed by Avista. Avista will also include a \$5.8 million annualized system EIM benefit (for the 7 months Avista will participate in the EIM during the rate effective period, this benefit is \$3.4 million (system)). Avista agrees to participate in a collaborative, or 10 Staff investigation, concerning the modeling of EIM benefits. If a collaborative or investigation does not conclude before Avista's next General Rate Case ("GRC"), Avista agrees to examine the accuracy of the benefit estimate in its next GRC.
 - 0. What did Avista include as it relates to EIM capital and expenses as proposed and as agreed-to by the Settling Parties?
- Avista proposed in its direct case Adjustment 3.18 "Pro Forma EIM Capital 16 A. 17 and Expenses", which reflects increases in capital additions and expenses related to the 18 Company's decision to join the EIM. This pro forma adjustment reflects increases in 2020 19 through March 2022 capital additions on an average-monthly-average (AMA) basis, 20 together with associated A/D, ADFIT, and depreciation expense, as well as EIM operating 21 expenses expected during the rate-effective period. During the process of the case, through 22 Data Request Staff 107 Supplemental 3, the Company updated its EIM capital and expense 23 balances to reflect actual transfers to plant through December 31, 2020, and updated 2021

- additions, as well as corrected labor expenses through the rate-effective period. Table No.
- 2 1 below summarizes the electric EIM Adjustment 3.18 balances per Staff 107
- 3 Supplemental 3.

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Table No. 1 – EIM Adjustment 3.18 – As Filed versus Updated

5	Adjustment 3.18 - EI	M	
6	In 000's		
O	Plant in Service	\$	13,908
7	A/D		(1,150)
	ADFIT		(181)
8	Net Rate Base	\$	12,577
9	Operating Expense	\$	1,691
	Depreciation Expense		1,709
10	Expense	\$	3,400
11	Net operating Income	\$	(2,620)
11	Revenue Requirement Impact	\$	4,707
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As shown in Table No. 1 above, net rate base pro formed on an AMA basis during the rate period totals approximately \$12.6 million (Washington-share), after reflecting A/D and ADFIT. Also included are Washington's share of depreciation expense of approximately \$1.7 million associated with pro forma investment and operating expenses of approximately \$1.7 million, reflecting incremental labor expense, information technology ("IT") expense, system integrator (Utilicast) and CAISO implementation fee expenses. Therefore, the net effect of this updated adjustment above 2019 test period levels, increases overall net electric rate base by \$12,576,000, increases expense by

\$3,400,000, and decreases net operating income by \$2,620,000, resulting in an overall increase in revenue requirement from test period levels of \$4.7 million.⁴

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- Q. Would you please provide an overview of the Special Contract between

 Avista and IEP that the Settling Parties support?
- A. Yes. The Settling Parties support the entry into a special contract between Avista and IEP, with full resolution in this case, on the terms set forth in the Agreement, as separately filed on the same date as this Joint Testimony. As noted, Avista and IEP will file Joint Testimony supporting that agreement. Below are the major terms of the Agreement:
 - 1) Avista will meet with interested parties, following entry of the final order, to discuss how the IEP special contract will be reflected in Avista's cost of service studies going forward. Within 180 days after the rate-effective date, Avista will file a report in this docket stating whether an agreement was reached and providing its proposed treatment of IEP for cost of service studies going forward.
 - 2) The Settling Parties agree that the IEP special contract "revenue adjustment" will be recovered from all other electric customers based on the spread of the return of the AFUDC deferral balance (see Item No. 3 in Section V. below).
 - 3) Avista agrees to retain certain records of each curtailment event, enumerated below, which it will (1) provide upon request to Commission Staff or to Public Counsel, and (2) provide in summary form, encompassing the test period, in

⁴ The revenue requirement is calculated using the Company's cost of capital, which is still at issue in this case.

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1	any GRC filing while the contract remains in effect.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 a. Every request, including the date, time, and duration of the requested curtailment, and the level of requested curtailment; b. Amount of power that IEP actually curtails; c. Amount of any penalty paid by IEP to Avista, pursuant to the contract of of any buy-through by IEP; d. Intercontinental Exchange ("ICE") day-ahead price at the Mid-Columbia trading hub; e. Amount of EIM imbalance payment, if incurred; and f. IEP's total load during the event. Any confidential information provided outside a case in which a protective
13	order is on file shall be provided in accordance with WAC 480-07-160
14	4) The special contract between IEP and Avista shall maintain support for
15	contributions and mechanisms related to public purposes, in particular related to
16	low-income and energy efficiency, and shall ensure that IEP's level of, and
17	methodology for, contribution remains the same under the special contract as it
18	would be absent a special contract.
19	The Settling Parties agreed to support the filing of a signed and executed contract with the
20	Commission by June 25, 2021 to complete the record in order for Commission resolution
21	of the special contract in this case. The final rates will be incorporated into the Company's
22	compliance filing as ordered by the Commission in this proceeding.
23	
24	V. MISCELLANEOUS ISSUES
25	Q. Please explain the miscellaneous issues agreed to by the Parties per the
26	Partial Settlement.
27	A. The Settling Parties agreed to the following issues as a part of the Partia
28	Settlement:

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1	1. AFUDC Deferral – Avista will return to customers the deferred balances related
2	to electric and gas AFUDC equity portion through Schedules 76/176 over a one-
3	year period beginning on the rate-effective date. These balances total \$1.8 million
4	electric and \$0.5 million gas. The refund will be spread to each class based on
5	allocated rate base, unless the Commission selects a different rate spread method
6	for the return of the AFUDC deferral.
7	2. Pricing Pilots – Time-of-Use (TOU) rates for electric residential and general
8	service schedules.
9	a) Avista agrees to:
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 i. Design "opt-in" time-of-use pilots and peak-time rebate pilots for electric residential and general service customers. ii. Develop monitoring and reporting (M+R) plans for each pricing pilot. iii. Include language in the M+R plans to measure and evaluate the impact to low-income and vulnerable populations. iv. Include equity measures in the M+R plans for the residential and general service pilots. (PacifiCorp M+R plans provide one example.) v. Provide draft pilots and M+R plans to interested parties by May 31, 2022. vi. Convene stakeholder meetings to gather feedback from parties on the draft pilots, or a detailed status update as to the expected timing of draft pilots, and M+R plans. Feedback will include the following: a) General pilot design and design of M+R plans; b) Whether the pilots could provide benefits given Avista's unique system and customer mix; and, c) Incorporation of equity into the design and implementation of the pilots as it concerns low-income, vulnerable, and marginalized populations. vii. File final proposals and M+R plans within six months of convening a stakeholder meeting to gather input and solicit feedback on the
30 31	Company's draft proposals, but no later than April 1, 2023, with an effective date of June 1, 2023.
32 33	b) Avista may engage a third party to design the pilots.
34	c) Avista will engage a third-party evaluator. This evaluator will consult with

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1	Avista and stakeholders to design surveys and data collection efforts.
2	3. Low-Income – The Settling Parties agree to the following low-income items:
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	a. <u>LIRAP Funding</u> – Avista's Low-Income Rate Assistance Program (LIRAP) funding will increase by the formula used in the current LIRAP plan ⁵ – i.e., an amount equal to 7 percent, or double the percentage increase in the residential base rate approved in this GRC, whichever is greater. This funding level will remain in effect until modified in Avista's next GRC, multi-year rate plan docket, or other appropriate proceeding. In such proceeding, any party may make any additional or alternative proposals for LIRAP funding.
12 13 14 15 16	b. Renewables to Benefit Low-Income – Avista continues to commit to discuss renewable programs for low-income customers in collaboration with its Energy Assistance Advisory Group ("EAAG"). If a viable project is identified, Avista will propose such project to the Commission for approval.
17 18 19 20 21 22	c. <u>Low-Income EV</u> – Avista agrees to work with its EAAG to establish an Electric Vehicle ("EV") project and/or program dedicated to the benefit of low-income customers, to be implemented by 2022, in alignment with its Transportation Electrification Plan and goal of dedicating thirty percent (30%) of transportation electrification program funds to the benefit of low-income customers.
23 24	4. Fee Free and Line Extension Allowance Program (LEAP) Deferrals -
25	Amortizations of Commission-approved deferrals are as filed in the Company's
26	case.
27	
28	VI. PUBLIC INTEREST
29	Q. Before providing each Party's separate statement of support, what
30	have the Parties agreed to regarding the effect of the Partial Settlement on any
31	future rate proceedings?
32	A. The Partial Settlement represents a negotiated compromise among the

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1 Settling Parties. Thus, the Settling Parties have agreed that no particular party shall be

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- deemed to have approved the facts, principles, methods, or theories employed by any
- other in arriving at these stipulated provisions, and that the terms incorporated should not
- 4 be viewed as precedent setting in subsequent proceedings except as expressly provided.
- 5 In addition, the Parties have the right to withdraw from the Partial Settlement if the
- 6 Commission adds any additional material conditions or rejects any material part of the
- 7 Partial Settlement.
- 8 Q. Does each Party's Statement of Support represent each party's view of
- 9 why the Partial Settlement is in the public interest?
- 10 A. Yes. The following statements are provided from the perspective of each
 11 of the Parties, and as such, represent their views only. As such, no other party shall be
 12 deemed to have agreed to the statements of a particular party.

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Statement of Avista

- Q. Please explain why Avista believes the Partial Settlement is in the public interest.
- A. The Partial Settlement was a compromise among differing interests and represents give-and-take by the Parties, resulting in the settlement of several significant provisions included in the Company's general rate case, to be effective October 1, 2021.
- The Partial Settlement also strikes a reasonable balance between the interests of Avista and its customers on the terms of a Special Contract with Avista's largest customer

⁵Approved as a five-year plan in Order 05 of Dockets. UE-150204 and UG-150205 (*Consolidated*) and extended through the conclusion of the instant GRC in Order 09 of Docket Nos. UE-190334, UG-190335, and UE-190222 (*Consolidated*).

- served in the State of Washington, as well as addressing the costs and benefits that Avista will face as a result of joining the EIM. This Partial Settlement also addresses critical items such as power supply costs, customer rate pilots, low income funding, and other miscellaneous issues that are important to the Settling Parties. Overall, this Partial Settlement, if approved, provides for recovery of additional costs, that coupled with the other revenue requirement issues still to be litigated in this proceeding, attempts to establish retail rates that are fair, just, reasonable, and sufficient, per the requirement of RCW 80.28.010. Further, this Partial Settlement and was entered into only after extensive discovery (almost 1,300 data requests, including sub-parts), audit and review of the Company's filing and books and records.
 - Q. Please explain why resolution in this case of the treatment of the investment, expense, and benefits associated with <u>EIM</u> is important to the Company.
 - A. As discussed by Company witness Mr. Vermillion, Avista has actively monitored the operation and expansion of the California Independent System Operator (CAISO) Western Energy Imbalance Market (EIM). Avista has been continuously evaluating the operational benefits associated with EIM participation, and the associated risks of not participating in the market. One of the largest operational benefits for current EIM participants is the ability to balance and regulate load and renewable resources by leveraging available market resources, instead of relying on only internal Avista resources to provide regulation and meet fluctuating energy and capacity demands.
 - Avista has also closely monitored the impacts to the bi-lateral trading market as more entities join the EIM. With over 75% of the load in the western interconnection committed to joining the EIM by 2022, non-participating utilities will face growing market

- liquidity risk and will therefore need to hold more reserves to minimize exposure to in-
- 2 hour fluctuations or extended non-planned generation outages. Holding additional reserves
- will lead to higher overall power supply costs since excess available resources can't be
- 4 fully optimized or additional resources may need to be purchased.
- 5 Resolving the costs incurred to join the EIM and matching those with an agreed-
- 6 upon level of benefits, not only gives cost recovery certainty to Avista for what it believes
- 7 was a very prudent and necessary course of action, but also provides for a level of benefits
- 8 for our customers to offset those costs.

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- Q. Why was resolving <u>power supply</u> issues important to Avista as a part of the Settlement Stipulation?
- 11 A. First and foremost, it reflects the culmination of the great work conducted
- by Avista, Commission Staff, Public Counsel and other parties related to the Commission-
- directed power supply workshops stemming from Avista's 2017 general rate case. The
- workshops resulted in the power modeling methodology "strawman" that Avista included
- in our direct testimony (Exh. CGK-1T). As noted by Staff witness Mr. Gomez, "at the time
- the Company filed this current GRC, the collaborative team was close to finalizing a power
- supply methodology". 6 The methodology agreed to by participants in the final workshops
- that occurred after the filing of our general rate case did not change. The final methodology
- was provided as Exh. CGK-10.
- Second, Avista thought it was important for the Commission to understand just
- 21 what it would file on August 1, 2021 as a part of the 60-day update and that the Settling
- 22 Parties all agree on the components of that update filing. Namely, the update will include

- refreshing natural gas and electricity market prices, updating non-natural gas fuel prices
 where such prices are the result of a contract changes, adding all incremental contracts
 with terms of less than one year affecting the pro forma period for natural gas and
 electricity, and updating rate changes to any power and transmission service contracts
- Q. Will the 60-day update filing include the EIM benefits agreed to in the Settlement Stipulation?
- 8 A. Yes, that would be the appropriate time to include those benefits as well.
 - Q. Why was it important to the Company to resolve the <u>IEP Special</u>

 <u>Contract</u> as a part of the Partial Settlement?
 - A. Avista, through almost two years of discussions and negotiations with IEP, was persuaded that IEP could construct a cogeneration system adjacent to its mill to serve nearly all of its electric load. IEP is Avista's largest customer, and as such, covers a significant amount of costs that, if they were to leave our electric system, would cause a substantial cost shift to all other customers. In short, it is better to have a Special Contract with IEP, where some of the existing costs included in their rates are continued to be paid for by IEP, rather than the alternative.
 - Q. Are there other customers, like IEP, that are in a similar position and are also deserving of a special contract?
 - A. Not in the State of Washington. IEP is uniquely situated in terms of their load requirements, their technical expertise, and their access to substantial natural gas supplies. We are not aware of any other customers in the same circumstance.

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included in the filing.

⁶ Exh. DCG-1T, p. 66, ll. 11-13.

Q.	Has IEP	previously	demonstrated	in oth	er areas	that th	eir thre	eat of
bypass is real	?							

- A. Yes. Avista (Washington Water Power at that time) served IEP's natural gas needs. In short, IEP wanted access to lower cost natural gas supplies. Avista was not able to reach agreement on a special contract with IEP, and as a result, IEP built its own natural gas pipeline and interconnected with a nearby pipeline. The details are not important merely the fact that they have bypassed Avista in the past, demonstrates a willingness to do so, and we believe that their electric bypass alternative here is real and they could act on it.
- Q. Finally, why is Avista supportive of the other terms of the Settlement related to pricing pilots, low income issues, and other items?
- A. In general, the terms agreed to are very reasonable. Avista has long stated its interest in pricing pilots and having firm deliverables and timing for the creation of such pilots was of interest, especially in light of just completing our Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) deployment. In addition, Avista has always been supportive of low-income rate assistance and programs and having certainty on funding for our neediest customers is critical. In summary, as a part of a comprehensive package, Avista is supportive of the Partial Settlement and requests the Commission's full approval.

Statement of Commission Staff

- Q. Please explain why Commission Staff (Staff) supports the Partial
 Settlement.
- A. The Partial Settlement provides solutions on a variety of issues while

- 1 preserving highly contested topics for Commission determination. The key elements of the
- 2 Partial Settlement include: 1) creating procedural certainty on the power supply update, 2)
- 3 resolving the treatment of Energy Imbalance Market (EIM) costs and benefits, 3)
- 4 implementing a special contract for Avista's largest electric customer, 4) resolving the use
- of AFUDC deferrals, 5) implementing new pricing pilots for Avista, and 6) resolving low-
- 6 income issues. As a total package, the Partial Settlement is in the public interest, and will
- 7 lead to rates that are fair, just, reasonable, and sufficient.
 - Q. Please address the first element of the Partial Settlement, the power
- 9 **supply update.**

- 10 A. The Partial Settlement creates procedural certainty for the parties and the
- 11 Commission regarding the content and timing of Avista's power supply update. By setting
- a date along with a list of the planned updates, the Partial Settlement will enable a smooth
- incorporation of the latest power supply information into Avista' requested rate relief. The
- agreement demonstrates the degree of cooperation and understanding among the parties
- regarding power supply issues. These updates allow the Commission to make a final
- determination of rates with the most up-to-date known and measurable data.
 - Q. Please address the second element, the EIM.
- 18 A. The resolution of EIM costs and benefits through the Partial Settlement
- 19 highlights the importance for accurate modeling. By agreeing to support a collaborative or
- 20 Staff investigation, the Settling Parties propose an alternative to the litigation which
- 21 otherwise almost certainly would ensue to resolve this highly complex issue. The EIM is a
- 22 multi-state endeavor across the entire Western Interconnect and, correspondingly, has a
- 23 significant impact on a utility's power cost portfolio. Therefore, it is critical to incorporate

- accurate estimates of both its benefits and costs. By incorporating these estimates into rates now along with providing a mechanism for review and improvement going forward, the Partial Settlement ensures ratepayers will receive the benefit, and burden, of Avista's decision to join the EIM.
 - Q. Please address the third element, the special contract.

- A. Creating a new special contract for a customer is a highly complex and contentious process. The Partial Settlement ends a nearly two-year-long process to migrate Avista's largest customer to a separate service offering that reflects its unique situation. Staff has been working with Avista and IEP since this process began to ensure the contract itself is in the public interest. In particular, Staff focused on whether this special contract conformed to the requirements of WAC 480-80-143. As Avista's largest customer, IEP is uniquely situated to provide critical services to Avista, and correspondingly to ratep ayers, through a demand response program. In addition, IEP has conducted significant investigation into, and demonstrated the reasonableness of, bypassing Avista's system. Both facts demonstrate "conditions that do not conform to the company's existing tariff." Staff also examined whether the special contract meets the application requirements of WAC 480-80-143. Staff believes that the special contract is consistent with these requirements, based on the following:
 - The proposed contract does not result in unreasonable preference or undue rate discrimination. The proposed contract provides a more careful linkage between cost and revenue by creating a demand response program. In this way, IEP and ratepayers benefit from a program that

1		would have disrupted the embedded cost formulas of a more traditional
2		tariff.
3	2.	The proposed contract recovers all costs resulting from providing the
4		service during its term and provides a contribution to Avista's fixed costs.
5	3.	The charges in the proposed contract are directly calculated using the
6		most recent information available for the fixed and variable costs
7		necessary to provide service to IEP. In addition, the contract price is tied
8		to Schedule 25 to mirror changes with future revenue requirements. This
9		ensures the contract never falls out of sync with Avista's underlying costs.
10	4.	The basis for relying on this contract is the fundamental nature of the

As a whole, the special contract represents a negotiated agreement that results in fair, just, reasonable, and sufficient rates for all customers. Under the special contract, IEP will continue to provide a significant contribution of revenues towards the fixed costs necessary to provide electricity to all customers served by Avista.

customer. IEP is simply not similarly situated to any other Avista

customer and has a reasonable option of procuring power on its own.

Q. Please address the fifth element, pricing pilots.

A. The Partial Settlement solidifies Avista's pursuit of pricing pilots, which are necessary to meet the state's ambitious clean energy goals. The terms in the stipulation provide Avista with clarity during the initial design phase and give stakeholders defined opportunities to provide feedback on monitoring and reporting. These terms bring Avista's proposed pilots into alignment with the pricing pilot programs approved for PacifiCorp,

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⁷ WAC 480-80-143(1)(a).

- which reduces the complexity of any evaluations for any interested stakeholders and the Commission.
- 3 Q. Please address the sixth element, low income issues.

ensuring the benefits of the transition to clean energy are equitable.

A. The resolution of low-income issues includes a commitment by Avista to discuss renewable energy and electric vehicle projects in the Energy Assistance Advisory Group. This is particularly valuable to vulnerable populations that have been excluded or have faced considerable barriers to these types of technologies. Staff is committed to

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Statement of AWEC

- Q. Please explain why AWEC supports the Partial Settlement filed with the Commission on May 27, 2021 in these dockets.
 - A. AWEC supports the Stipulation for several reasons. AWEC supports the Partial Settlement for several reasons. As noted above, the Partial Settlement presents an outcome negotiated by all parties in this proceeding. As such, the Partial Settlement represents the comprehensive interests and emphases of a diverse group of stakeholders with a combined wide range of concerns and perspectives. AWEC submits that a resolution supported by most, and not opposed by any, stakeholder developed through such a process represents and supports the interests of all stakeholders in this proceeding and is, therefore, in the public interest.
 - Specifically, regarding the Special Contract, AWEC supports the resolution of the negotiations between IEP and Avista, as well as the treatment of other large customers, and other rate classes, as a result of the Special Contract. Additionally, the Partial Settlement

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adequately resolves AWEC's immediate concerns regarding Avista's participation in the EIM and maps out a path forward to a longer-term resolution of ensuring ratepayers receive the full benefits of Avista's EIM participation, while also addressing related costs. Finally, the Partial Settlement presents a fair resolution to the treatment of monies related to allowance for funds used during construction ("AFUDC") to be returned to ratepayers as a result of the Commission's approval of Avista's accounting treatment modification proposal. The proposed framework to return these credits to ratepayers, taken together with the cost recovery proposals in the Partial Settlement, provide ratepayers with rate stability and cost certainty during a period of recovery from the current economic challenges resulting from the global health pandemic. As a whole, AWEC supports the Partial Settlement, submits its approval is in the public interest, and recommends the Commission approve the Partial Settlement as proposed.

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- Q. Please explain why resolving issues related to the Energy Imbalance Market ("EIM") were important to AWEC.
- In Answer Testimony, AWEC expressed concern regarding the lack of A. acknowledgement of EIM benefits in Avista's revenue requirement calculation, as well as the anticipated costs associated with participating in the EIM.⁸ The Partial Settlement provides ratepayers with a quantification of benefits from Avista's EIM participation and further commits Avista to work with stakeholders to develop a framework for modeling EIM benefits in the future. The Partial Settlement resolves AWEC's immediate concerns

Exhibit BGM-1T, pp. 68-69. Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission v. Puget Sound Energy, Docket UE-161123, Order 06, Order Approving Settlement Agreement, ¶¶61-63 (Microsoft a greement to continue historical contributions to low-income assistance and conservation ensures that its Special Contract "will not negatively impact customers" who rely on those programs, ¶¶ 88-95 (Microsoft agreement to continue contributions is consistent with state and UTC policy and is in the public interest.)

1 regarding EIM benefits and costs through the agreed upon benefit value, and addresses 2 AWEC's longer-term observations through the proposed collaborative. The Partial 3 Settlement provides ratepayers and the Company with a stable EIM cost/benefit regime 4 framework moving forward and is in the public interest. Please explain why resolving issues related to the IEP Special Contract 5 0. 6 were important to AWEC. 7 A. Large customers face the potential for a much greater revenue requirement 8 increase if the Special Contract is not approved because IEP's ability to pursue 9 cogeneration to meet nearly all of its load would substantially reduce its contribution to 10 fixed costs, which other customers would need to absorb. Consequently, the revenue 11 adjustment provided for in the Special Contract is a far better outcome for all customers 12 and is just and reasonable. 13 AWEC also sees substantial value to customers in the demand response program 14 included in the Special Contract. This program will reduce Avista's need to acquire new 15 generation, which will reduce the cost to customers of complying with the Clean Energy 16 Transformation Act. 17 18 **Statement of The Energy Project** 19 Q. Mr. Collins could you please summarize the purpose of your 20 testimony? 21 A. The purpose of my testimony is to provide support for approval of the 22 Partial Settlement filed with the Commission in this docket. My testimony focuses on the

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elements of the Partial Settlement that impact low-income customers within Avista's

- service territory and explains why The Energy Project believes the Partial Settlement is in the public interest.
 - Q. Please provide a summary of the elements of the Partial Settlement that are particularly beneficial from a low-income perspective.
- A. The Partial Settlement includes several components that specifically address low-income customer issues and that resolve some of the concerns addressed in my response testimony. These include:
- The LIRAP funding formula

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- A renewables commitment
- An electric vehicles project commitment
- Pricing pilot parameters
- IEP Special Contract issues
 - Q. Please explain TEP's support for the LIRAP funding provision.
 - A. The Partial Settlement extends the existing LIRAP funding increase formula which provides that funding will increase by an amount equal to 7 percent, or double the percentage increase in the residential base rate approved in this GRC. This extends the formula used in the current LIRAP plan. The formula will remain in place until modified in a future rate proceeding. Both Avista and TEP had proposed an increase to LIRAP funding in pre-filed testimony in this case, but with somewhat different formulas. We ultimately agreed on continuing the existing formula through the next case. This will provide immediate stability for the funding as well as an increase to address the level of need and to mitigate the impact of any rate increase awarded. By not adopting a long-term multiyear funding formula at this time, flexibility is retained to adjust to changing

circumstances.

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2	Q.	Please explain TEP's support for the renewables and electric vehic	:le
3	provisions.		

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- A. The Energy Project strongly supports providing low-income energy customers access to the benefits of clean renewable energy, including for example, through direct participation in targeted solar and wind projects. This settlement reaffirms Avista's commitment, initially made in its last GRC, to work with its Energy Assistance Advisory Group to identify a viable project of this type, and to propose it to the Commission for approval.
- With respect to electric vehicles, the Partial Settlement builds on Avista's commitment on this issue in the last GRC, while adding some more specificity. In this agreement, in alignment with Avista's Transportation Electrification Plan on file with the Commission, the Company commits to establish a project and/or program dedicated to the benefit of low-income customers by 2022, in collaboration with the Energy Assistance Advisory Group. Avista reaffirms the goal established in the prior GRC settlement of dedicating thirty percent of transportation electrification funds to the benefit of low-income As with renewables, this is consistent with TEP's interest in seeing clean energy options made more accessible to low-income customers.
- The Energy Project's long-standing interest in pursuing these low-income clean energy goals is now bolstered by the equity requirements of CETA.
- 21 Q. Please explain TEP's support for the pricing pilot provisions in the 22 Partial Settlement.
- 23 A. While alternative pricing designs may in some circumstances be beneficial

- for residential customers, poorly designed models run the risk of harming low-income customers who are not in a position to take advantage of alternative pricing due lack of access to technology, lack of education or information, lack of schedule flexibility, and other causes. Time-of-use (TOU) rates may not be the best option for many. The Partial Settlement addresses these concerns by allowing for study of a peak time rebate option as well as TOU, requiring monitoring and reporting (M&R) plans to evaluate impacts on low-income customers and vulnerable populations, and including equity measures. An additional term of particular value is the agreement to engage a third-party evaluator for the pilots. This will help ensure a balanced and credible analysis of the pilot outcomes.
 - Q. Please explain TEP's support for the IEP Special Contract settlement term.
 - A. TEP believes it is very important to protect support for system benefits/public purposes if and when large customers are to be permitted to enter into special contracts with utilities. This is consistent with the Commission policy reaffirmed in the PSE Microsoft case in 2017. The Energy Project appreciates that IEP adopted this same "hold harmless" approach for public purposes funding in its initial proposed Special Contract terms. While TEP does not have a position on the adoption of a Special Contract per se, for settlement purpose, TEP agrees to the Special Contract term because it specifically preserves and protects for the future IEP's level of contribution to wards low-income assistance and energy efficiency as if no Special Contract were in place.

⁹ Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission v. Puget Sound Energy, Docket UE-161123, Order 06, Order Approving Settlement Agreement, ¶¶61-63 (Microsoft agreement to continue historical contributions to low-income assistance and conservation ensures that its Special Contract "will not negatively impact customers" who rely on those programs, ¶¶ 88-95 (Microsoft agreement to continue contributions is consistent with state and UTC policy and is in the public interest.)

1	Q.	Does The Energy Project support approval of the Partial Settlement?
2	A.	Yes. The Energy Project believes the Partial Multiparty Settlement
3	Stipulation i	s in the public interest and recommends that it be approved by the
4	Commission	. The Energy Project fully supports the Partial Settlement filed with the
5	Commission	and appreciates Avista's and the other parties' work to reach this agreement.
6	However, Th	EP still has concerns with other unresolved aspects of the Company's filing
7	which negati	vely impact low-income customers, including the size of the revenue request,
8	as explained	in my Response Testimony. TEP reserves the right to address those issue as
9	appropriate i	n the litigated phase of the docket.
10	Q.	Does this conclude your statement?
11	A.	Yes.
12		
13	Statement of	f <u>Sierra Club</u>
14	Q.	Could you explain the purpose of your testimony?
15	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to explain why the Sierra Club supports the
16	proposed Par	rtial Settlement Stipulation ("Settlement"), filed with the Commission on May
17	27, 2021. Th	e Sierra Club believes the Settlement is in the public interest in transitioning
18	towards clear	ner and more affordable energy for a few reasons.
19	Q.	What is your recommendation?
20	A.	I recommend that the Commission approve the partial Settlement. The
21	Settlement p	provides significant environmental and economic benefits. As such, this
22	Settlement is	in the public interest.

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23

Q.

Can you elaborate on why Sierra Club supports this Settlement?

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1	A. Although certain issues remain to be litigated before this Commission, such
2	as the Avista expenditures for Smartburn technology at the Colstrip plant, this partial
3	Settlement represents a positive step forward for low-income ratepayer protections and
4	clean energy.
5	First, under the Settlement, low-income rate assistance funding will be "7 percent,
6	or double the percentage increase in the residential base rate approved in this GRC,
7	whichever is greater." (Settlement at Section 14(a)). Sierra Club supports adding low-
8	income rate assistance funding since energy is a basic need, especially during COVID
9	pandemic times.
10	Second, the Settlement commits Avista to work with the Energy Assistance
11	Advisory Group (EAAG) on an electric vehicle (EV) program with a goal of 30% of
12	monies being dedicated to benefit low-income customers. (Settlement at Section 14(c)). In
13	addition, the EAAG will also work to identify low-income renewable energy opportunities.
14	(Settlement at Section 14(b)). Sierra Club supports clean energy and EV benefits for all
15	ratepayers, but especially low-income ratepayers, who may also bear the disproportion ate
16	impacts of pollution from dirty sources of energy. Renewable energy and electric vehicles
17	have tangible air quality benefits.
18	Finally, accepting the IEP special contract means that additional gas co-generation
19	will not be constructed in Washington, at least during the term of the special contract. (IEP
20	Kaufman Direct, Exh. LDK-1T at p. 2). Sierra Club does not support the addition of gas
21	plants in Washington or elsewhere due to the greenhouse gas impacts associated with such
22	plants. Adding gas generation is not in line with the state's climate goal to have carbon-
23	free electricity by 2045. In addition, Sierra Club finds it important that the special contract

- "shall maintain support for contributions and mechanisms related to public purposes, in
 particular related to low-income and energy efficiency, and shall ensure that IEP's level of
- and methodology for contribution remains the same under the special contract as it would
- 4 be absent a special contract." (Settlement at Section 11(d)). Sierra Club supports continued
- 5 IEP contributions for low-income and energy efficiency programs.
- 6 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 7 A. Yes.

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Statement of IEP

- Q. Please explain why IEP supports the Partial Settlement filed with the Commission on May 27, 2021 in these dockets.
 - A. IEP supports the Stipulation because it includes a Special Contract with terms that benefit all parties. Cost of Service customers receive a net benefit from IEP's continued contribution to fixed costs (relative to the outcome if IEP pursued cogeneration) and from access to a demand response resource that dwarfs all other potential demand response options on Avista's system.
 - Q. In rebuttal testimony Avista proposed a special contract rate that was higher than the rate included in this Partial Settlement, but also conceded that the ultimately agreed upon rate was reasonable. Do you have any response to Avista's analysis supporting its proposed special contract rate in its rebuttal testimony?
- A. Avista's recommended special contract rate was based on an eight-year comparison of avoided costs associated with IEP self-generation and the corresponding

- lost revenue. 10 Avoided costs can offset the rate impact of IEP leaving Avista's system and
- 2 Avista's model attempts to measure the net impact of IEP's load leaving Avista's system.
- 3 However, Avista's model has several issues that overstate avoided costs and understate lost
- 4 revenue.

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- 1. Avista's testimony spreads eight years of costs over 10 years in order to match the duration of the special contract. This modeling choice fails to account for the fact that if IEP constructs a cogeneration facility Avista would face the loss of load indefinitely, not only for the duration of the Special Contract.
 - Avista uses avoided system costs rather than avoided costs for Washington.
 The actual rate impact for Washington customers depends on Washington allocated costs. Therefore, it is more appropriate to use Washington allocated avoided costs.
 - 3. Avista assumes perfect alignment between the timing of IEP's lost load and Avista's next major resource acquisition. Given the lead times necessary to secure new resources Avista is already committing to new resources in 2024. Avista must continue to plan to serve IEP's load until IEP gives notice to Avista of its intent to transition to cogeneration. Given the discrepancy between the timing of resource commitment and loss of load, it is unlikely that Avista would be capable of avoiding any new generation planned within one year of cogeneration notice. It is reasonable to include

¹⁰ Avista incorrectly states that its analysis is from 2023 to 2031. The "10-year" and levelized values reported in Exh. SJB-3C actually calculates values for eight years from 2024 to 2031.

2 2023 in the calculation of net impacts to the minimum one year delay between cogeneration and avoided capital costs.

- The combined impact of these three issues increase the annual benefit of IEP remaining on the system to \$_____.
- Q. In rebuttal testimony, Avista proposed a demand response payment that was lower than what was agreed to in this Partial Settlement, but also stated that the amount ultimately agreed to is reasonable. Did you review the analysis Avista performed to arrive at its demand response payment rate in rebuttal testimony?
- A. Yes. Avista proposed a demand response value that represents avoided capital and energy costs associated with the demand response program under the assumption that the demand response program only provides a capacity contribution. This means Avista assumes that the demand response program will only reduce capacity needs by Avista makes this assumption based on the results of its ARAM model, a stochastic model with predetermined dispatch of the demand response resource. A stochastic model is a model where certain variables, for example prices and plant outages, occur randomly. Because Avista sets the timing of the demand response resource dispatch before running the model, dispatch is not optimized within the model. As a result, the model estimates the capacity contribution of IEP's proposed demand response program. The ARAM model may be appropriate to evaluate the capacity contribution of a non-dispatchable resource such as wind or solar. However, modifications to the assumptions in the model are necessary to accurately measure the capacity

 $^{^{11}\,\}underline{https://investor.avistacorp.com/news-releases/news-release-details/chelan-pud-and-avista-partner-clean-hydropower-energy-contract}$

1	contribution	of a dispatchable resource such as the Special Contract demand response			
2	program. In actual operations, Avista will be dispatching IEP's demand response resource				
3	in the day ahead of operations. This means that the dispatch will be relatively responsive to				
4	random chai	nges in plant outages and market prices.			
5	Avis	ta's IRP assumes a capacity contribution of 60 percent for all demand response			
6	resources, ¹²	and the Special Contract demand response program is as reliable or more			
7	reliable than	the other demand response resources available to Avista. Under Avista's			
8	valuation mo	odel, a 60 percent capacity contribution supports an avoided cost of			
9	. The Pa	artial Settlement demand response price of is consistent with a			
10	capacity cre	dit of , and is therefore reasonable.			
11	Q.	What is your recommendation?			
12	A.	I recommend that the Commission approve the Partial Settlement, as well as			
13	the special c	ontract, as just and reasonable and in the public interest.			
14					
15		VII. CONCLUSION			
16	Q.	In conclusion, why is this Partial Settlement "in the public interest?"			
17	A.	This Stipulation should be approved for the following reasons:			
18 19 20 21 22	•	It strikes a reasonable balance between the interests of the Company and its customers, including its low-income customers. As such, it represents a reasonable compromise among differing interests and points of view.			
23 24 25 26 27	•	The Company's general rate case filing has been subjected to great scrutiny through the discovery process: approximately seven months have passed since the case was filed and the Company has responded to almost 1,300 data requests (including sub-parts).			

 $^{^{\}rm 12}$ Avista 2021 IRP, Chapter 11 p. 8.

Exh. JT – 1T (Partial Settlement)

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1 2 3	•	Ample opportunity has been afforded all Parties to participate meaningfully in the settlement process.
4 5 6 7 8 9	• Q.	In the final analysis, any settlement reflects a compromise, in the give-and-take of negotiations; the Commission, however, has before it a Partial Settlement that is supported by sound analysis and sufficient evidence. Its approval is "in the public interest," and satisfies the requirement that rates be fair, just, reasonable, and sufficient. Are there legal standards that must be satisfied with respect to any
10	settlement?	
11	A.	Yes. The Commission's charge is to regulate in the public interest. The
12	settlement, if	approved, must result in rates that are fair, just, reasonable, and sufficient.
13	(RCW 80.28.	010.) As such, the Commission must not only assure fair prices and services
14	to customers	, but also "provide the utility with rates sufficient to cover its prudently
15	incurred costs	s and an opportunity to recover a return on its investment." (WUTC v Avista
16	Corporation,	Docket Nos. UE-050482/UG-050483, Order No. 05 (December 21, 2005) at
17	p. 10.) In the	final analysis, it is the "end result" that matters, not the methods by which
18	rates are deter	rmined. (Id., at p.11) The Partial Settlement represents the Parties' best efforts
19	at arriving at	an end result that satisfies these requirements, as it pertains to the issues
20	addressed in	the Partial Settlement.

21 Q. Does that conclude your Joint Testimony in Support of the Partial

Settlement? 22

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A. Yes, it does.