Exhibit No.__(DJM-5T)
Docket UE-143932
Witness: David J. Marne, P.E.

BEFORE THE

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

WALLA WALLA COUNTRY CLUB,)
Complainant,) DOCKET UE-143932
v.)
PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY,)
Respondent.)))

COMPLAINANT REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF DAVID J. MARNE, P.E.

ON BEHALF OF

THE WALLA WALLA COUNTRY CLUB

August 14, 2015

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EXHIBIT LIST

Exhibit No.___(DJM-6)—NESC Excerpt

1		I. INTRODUCTION
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
3	A.	My name is David J. Marne, P.E., and my business address is 619 S.W. Higgins Avenue,
4		Suite C, Missoula, Montana 59803. I am the President and Senior Electrical Engineer for
5		Marne and Associates, Inc.
6 7	Q.	ARE YOU THE SAME DAVID J. MARNE WHO PREVIOUSLY FILED TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?
8	A.	Yes. I filed Complainant Testimony on behalf of the Walla Walla Country Club
9		("Country Club"), which is presently served by Pacific Power & Light Company
10		("Pacific Power" or the "Company").
11	Q.	WHAT IS THE SCOPE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
12	A.	This rebuttal testimony follows my direct testimony concerning the National Electric
13		Safety Code ("NESC") as it relates to Rule 6 of Pacific Power's General Rules and
14		Regulations for Washington and the permanent disconnection of Pacific Power's
15		facilities from the Walla Walla Country Club.
16 17	Q.	WHAT HAVE YOU REVIEWED PRIOR TO SUBMITTING THIS TESTIMONY?
18	A.	Prior to submitting this testimony, I have reviewed both the Direct Testimony of R. Bryce
19		Dalley and the Direct Testimony of William G. Clemens submitted by Pacific Power,
20		including exhibits.
21	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY.
22	A.	With regard to Pacific Power's claimed operational and safety reasons for removing the
23		underground conduit on the Walla Walla Country Club property, it is typical and
24		accepted good practice to abandon underground conduit that does not contain wire to

provide electric service. In keeping with such practice, Pacific Power "for a period of time" sold and transferred underground facilities upon permanent disconnection. ¹/ As testified by Mr. R. Bryce Dalley, however, Pacific Power's new practice is that it will not sell and transfer underground facilities. ²/ This position fails to recognize that it is an accepted good practice to abandon empty, underground conduit, especially when transferred upon permanent disconnection.

Further, as stated in my previous testimony, Washington code places a duty on electric utilities to "maintain **their** lines and equipment according to the requirements of the 2002 National Electric Safety Code (NESC)."^{3/} This means when the underground conduit on the Country Club property is abandoned and transferred, the requirements under Washington law and the NESC do not apply to Pacific Power.

The NESC also recognizes that if "particulars" are not specified in the NESC, accepted good practice for the local conditions should be followed. Accepted good practice includes the abandonment of empty underground conduit. Mr. Dalley testified "Pacific Power interprets the NESC to require removal of all underground facilities unless the utility provider is willing to assume the duty to perpetually maintain those facilities after permanent disconnection." However, the NESC does not contain such a directive and this position is also contrary to the Company's own standards calling for the abandonment of old conduit. In any event, even assuming Pacific Power's erroneous interpretation to be correct, the Country Club's request to be served by an alternative

Exh. No.___(RBD-1T) at 15:18.

² Id. at 16:9-11.

 $[\]frac{3}{2}$ WAC § 296-45-045(1) (emphasis added).

NESC Rule 012.C. See Exh. No. (DJM-4) (NESC Excerpts).

 $[\]stackrel{5}{=}$ Exh. No. (RBD-1T) at 23:4-6 (emphasis added).

See Exh. No. ___(DJM-3C) at 3 (Confidential Pacific Power Responses to Club Data Requests).

1		electric utility provider would result in another provider assuming the duty to maintain
2		any abandoned facilities—meaning that there would still be no violation of the NESC.
3 4	II.	OPERATIONAL AND SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS WITH REGARD TO THE WALLA WALLA COUNTRY CLUB
5 6	Q.	IS THERE AN OPERATIONAL REASON UNDER THE NESC TO REMOVE ABANDONED UNDERGROUND CONDUIT?
7	A.	The testimony from Mr. Dalley and Mr. Clemens does not identify operational reasons
8		under the NESC to remove abandoned underground conduit. Instead, the stated concerns
9		of Pacific Power are internal to their business operation. Mr. Bradley G. Mullins
10		provides rebuttal testimony on behalf of the Country Club in response to these Company
11		concerns. ^{7/}
12 13	Q.	IS THERE A SAFETY REASON TO REMOVE ABANDONED UNDERGROUND CONDUIT?
14	A.	If Pacific Power removes from the Country Club property its meter, electric wire lines,
15		and the aboveground sweeps, it will be leaving a generally straight run of empty
16		underground conduit. Under the NESC and the WAC rule cited above, Pacific Power
17		will not have maintenance responsibilities upon abandonment and transfer of these
18		facilities. The NESC Rule 011(B) entitled "Scope" states "[t]he NESC covers utility
19		facilities and functions up to the service point."8/
20		If the underground conduit on the Walla Walla Country Club property is
21		abandoned and transferred, and service is discontinued from Pacific Power, then there
22		would be no "service point" to the Walla Walla Country Club. Nor would there be any

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See Exh. No. (BGM-6T). Exh. No. (DJM-4) at 2 (NESC Excerpts).

1		Pacific Power "utility facilities" remaining on Country Club property. Thus, the NESC
2		will not impose a duty as claimed by Mr. Dalley.
3 4	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE APPLICATION OF THE NESC, PART 3, ENTITLED "SAFETY RULES FOR UNDERGROUND LINES."
5	A.	The NESC, Part 3, Section 31 entitled "General Requirements Applying to Underground
6		Lines" provides in Rule 311.A entitled "Installation and Maintenance" the following:
7 8		Persons responsible for underground facilities shall be able to indicate the location of <u>their</u> facilities. ^{9/}
9		In this proceeding, Pacific Power has offered, and I understand the Country Club will
10		accept, through a bill of sale, complete responsibility and liability for the abandoned
11		underground conduit. $\underline{^{10/}}$ Thus, where a transfer of the underground facilities occurs
12		through a bill of sale, the underground facilities will no longer be "their" (Pacific
13		Power's) facilities. Consequently, just like the NESC coverage to the "service point," the
14		NESC removes the "responsibility" to locate "their" facilities. 11/2 Pacific Power will not
15		have a duty to indicate the location of this underground conduit on private Country Club
16		property.
17		Second, Rule 313.B(3) entitled "Lines Permanently Abandoned" states "[1]ines
18		and equipment permanently abandoned shall be removed or maintained in a safe
19		condition." 12/ Mr. Dalley testified "Pacific Power interprets the NESC to obligate the

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Exh. No.___(DJM-4) at 5 (NESC Excerpts) (emphasis added).

For purposes of facilities transfer, it is also conceivable that a bill of sale could be made directly to an alternative service provider. Either way, the end result and essential point is that responsibility and liability will ultimately shift completely from Pacific Power.

Exh. No. ___(DJM-4) at 5 (NESC Excerpts).

<u>Id.</u> (emphasis added).

1	Company to remove or perpetually maintain the underground facilities upon
2	disconnection." In response, the following points are made.
3	(1) It is not typical practice to remove abandoned underground conduit, especially
4	from private property, which will no longer be served by the electric utility that has
5	previously used the conduit.
6	(2) NESC Rule 011.B entitled "Scope" does not impose a duty to maintain this
7	abandoned line since Pacific Power only has responsibility up to the "service point" on
8	the Country Club property, and only as to its own "utility facilities."
9	(3) Where there is a transfer of the underground conduit to the Country Club
10	through a bill of sale, not only does the County Club assume the responsibility to
11	maintain the conduit, but that responsibility will shift to a subsequent electric service
12	provider according to WAC § 296-45-045(1), and NESC Rule 012.B that imposes
13	responsibility on a utility when it is "performingoperation or maintenance tasks for
14	electric supply." 14/
15	(4) As mentioned in my summary, Mr. Dalley interprets the NESC to allow "the
16	utility providerto assume the duty to perpetually maintain those facilities after
17	permanent disconnection [by Pacific Power]." The plan is for the Country Club to
18	switch electric service providers, thus the new provider will be subject to the NESC.
19	(5) Finally, Pacific Power for years followed the accepted good practice of
20	abandoning empty conduit in place. Presumably, Pacific Power understood this was done

in compliance with Washington law and the NESC.

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^{13/} Exh. No.___(RBD-1T) at 16:11-13.

^{14/} Exh. No. (DJM-4) at 1 (NESC Excerpts). Exh. No. (RBD-1T) at 23:4-6.

^{15/}

1 2 3	Q.	PLEASE ADDRESS PACIFIC POWER'S ARGUMENT THAT REMOVAL OF THIS CONDUIT ELIMINATES THE NEED TO TRACK AND MAINTAIN IT UNDER THE NESC.
4	A.	Mr. Dalley suggests that removal is required by the NESC. $^{16/}$ That is not the correct
5		interpretation of the NESC in this circumstance. Second, Rule 6 states that when there is
6		a disconnection, the customer shall pay for "only those facilities that need to be removed
7		for safety or operational reasons." Certainly, Pacific Power's safety considerations
8		should relate to the NESC. Regarding operations, Mr. Dalley also states that removal
9		eliminates the need to track or maintain the facilities. Common sense indicates that if the
10		facilities are sold and transferred, Pacific Power has relieved itself of its need to "track or
11		maintain" the facilities which it no longer owns.
12 13 14 15	Q.	PLEASE COMMENT ON MR. DALLEY'S CRITICISM OF YOUR TESTIMONY CONCERNING NESC SECTION 3 WITH REGARD TO THE SALE OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES TO A DEPARTING CUSTOMER OR THE NEW UTILITY PROVIDER. 18/
16	A.	To begin, on page 23, line 21, Mr. Dalley fails to quote my entire statement. I will repeat
17		it:
18 19 20 21 22 23		Taking into consideration Pacific Power's position, my opinion is that the NESC does not prohibit the abandonment of underground conduit. NESC Rule 313.B.3 does not provide specific details for individual circumstances. NESC Rule 012.C applies when particulars are not specified in the NESC Rules. Rule 012.C requires accepted good practice for the given local conditions. 19/
24		The underlined sentences are statements that Pacific Power omitted from its testimony.
25		Pacific Power then concluded that there is "absolutely no limitation upon the duty of the
26		disconnecting utility provider to remove or maintain the underground facilities in a safe

18/ Exh. No.___(RBD-1T) at 23:17-24:4.

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^{16/} Exh. No.___(RBD-1T) at 23:2-16.

^{17/} Rule 6.I.

Exh. No.___(DJM-1CT) at 2:15-20.

condition."²⁰ It is a typical and historical practice throughout the United States for a utility provider to abandon conduit in place. Further, upon the sale and transfer of the conduit, the NESC does not impose a duty to remove or maintain the conduit on the transferring utility.

With regard to my entire statement, NESC Rule 012.C requires that "[f]or all particulars not specified in these rules...maintenance should be done in accordance with accepted good practice for the given local conditions." Even though Pacific Power has recently adopted the position that it will no longer sell and transfer underground facilities, this has not been their past practice. This fact is admitted by Mr. Dalley when he acknowledges that the recent policy is "Pacific Power no longer agrees to accommodate the disconnecting customer by selling underground facilities." The point is: Pacific Power's past practices were an accepted good practice for the given local condition according to NESC Rule 012.C.

III. TESTIMONY OF WILLIAM G. CLEMENS

- Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON THE TESTIMONY OF WILLIAM G. CLEMENS SUBMITTED IN THIS MATTER.
- A. A considerable amount of Mr. Clemens' testimony contains his allegations of safety issues encountered in Walla Walla, including pictures. Regardless of what the pictures depict, I understand these pictures and claims do not exist on the Walla Walla Country Club property.

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 $[\]frac{20}{2}$ Exh. No. (RBD-1T) at 23:23-24:1.

Exh. No. (DJM-4) at 2 (NESC Excerpts).

Exh. No. (RBD-1T) at 5-6.

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE MR. CLEMENS' "FUTURE SAFETY ISSUES."

A. First, I disagree with Mr. Clemens' statement that the NESC imposes continuing duties and liability. As set forth in the Rules I have quoted, the NESC covers "utility facilities," and only up to the service point. In this circumstance, upon a disconnection and transfer, Pacific Power would not have facilities on the Walla Walla Country Club property.

Second, with regard to the claim of what a worker "may" discover during an excavation and the assumptions that he or she "may" make, these do not create, in this circumstance, a safety problem. ^{24/} In this case, the accepted good practice under NESC Rule 012.C would be to abandon the underground conduit after Pacific Power removes its meter, wires, and other facilities. Mr. Clemens' speculation of encountering an "energized circuit" on the Walla Walla Country Club property will not exist after the conduit is properly abandoned by Pacific Power. Abandoned empty conduit does not pose a safety risk—and the Company would have no rational reason to dig up such conduit on Country Club property, especially following a facilities transfer.

Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON MR. CLEMENS' TESTIMONY CONCERNING MUNICIPALITIES ENACTING LOCAL REGULATIONS.^{25/}

A. Essentially, Pacific Power is looking to adopt local standards with regard to the colocation of facilities within public right-of-way. It should be noted that NESC Rule 353 calls for a one-foot separation of underground lines.^{26/} However, co-location for two utilities is not proposed to serve the County Club property.

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Exh. No.___(WGC-1T) at 6:7-8.

 $[\]underline{^{24}}$ Id. at 6:10-12.

 $[\]frac{25}{\text{Id.}}$ at 5.

^{26/} See Exh. No.___(DJM-6).

IV. TYPICAL PRACTICES WITH REGARD TO ABANDONMENT OF UNDERGROUND CONDUIT

Q. GIVEN YOUR EXPERIENCE, PRACTICE AND INSTRUCTION ON THE
 NESC, PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY UNDERGROUND CONDUIT IS TYPICALLY
 ABANDONED IN PLACE.

As shown by the Pacific Power removal estimate of \$66,718.34, it is extremely expensive to physically dig up and remove this conduit. ^{27/} It is also very disruptive to the property owner. Second, once the meter, wire and related facilities are removed, the ground will simply contain abandoned pipe (conduit). There is no risk of electrical injury if, for some reason, a worker digs into this empty conduit. Third, if this conduit is used by a subsequent utility for electric purposes, then that utility bears the responsibility and exercises control over the use and maintenance of the conduit under the NESC. In this circumstance, if there is an alternative electric power provider, Pacific Power has no reason to be on the Country Club property digging in the vicinity of this abandoned conduit.

Fourth, with regard to Pacific Power's duplication claims, there is no reason to put a second, duplicate, energized underground line in conduit on the Country Club property. Fifth, when the Country Club accepts the bill of sale for the underground conduit, this transfers the conduit and provides that Pacific Power does not have control or authority over the abandoned conduit. It is not "their" responsibility.

In summary, abandoning conduit, in place, is a logical, sustaining and continuous practice of electric companies. In this case, reusing conduit instead of tearing it out and creating waste is an accepted good practice.

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A.

See Confidential Exh.No. (BGM-4C).

- 1 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 2 A. Yes.