BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

In the Matter of

DOCKET U-200281

Response to the COVID-19 Pandemic

COMMENTS OF THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL PUBLIC COUNSEL UNIT

February 12, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	IN	FRODUCTION	1
II.	OVERVIEW		1
III.	RESPONSE TO NOTICE: METRICS AND MORATORIUM		
	A.	Metrics Available to Evaluate Moratorium Status Address Both Economic Recovery and Heath Indicators	9
	B.	Length of Moratorium.	12
		1. How to mitigate the length of the moratorium	13
		2. Appropriate indicators to evaluate length of moratorium and disconnection restrictions	15
IV.	NEXT STEPS AND DATE TO DISCUSS POTENTIAL CHANGES TO ORDER 01		15
V.	CONCLUSION		

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Cases

Mathews v. Eldridge, 424 U.S. 319, 321 and 333, 96 S.Ct 893, 47 L.Ed.2	d 18 (1976) 16
State Statutes	
RCW 80.01.040	16
RCW 80.28.010	16
State Regulations	
WAC 480-100-128	2
WAC 480-100-133	2
WAC 480-90-128	2
WAC 480-90-133	2
Washigton State Executive Orders	
Wash. Exec. Order No. 20-23.2 (Apr. 17, 2021)	2

I. INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to the Utilities and Transportation Commission's ("Commission") Notice of Opportunity to File Written Comments dated January 26, 2021 ("Notice"), the Public Counsel Unit of the Washington State Attorney General's Office ("Public Counsel") submits the following comments. The Commission established a workgroup in this docket consisting of Puget Sound Energy, Avista Corporation, PacifiCorp d/b/a Pacific Power & Light Company, Cascade Natural Gas Company, and NW Natural Gas Company, Public Counsel, The Energy Project, NW Energy Coalition, Front & Centered, Puget Sound Sage, and Sierra Club.²

Throughout this proceeding, the Joint Advocates have worked closely to collectively advance the strongest consumer protections in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Joint Advocates continue to coordinate with that shared goal. In this round of comments, the Joint Advocates file separately to focus on different aspects of the issues presented for the Commission's February 17, 2021 recessed open meeting. Overall, Public Counsel supports the other Joint Advocates' recommendations.

II. OVERVIEW

2. The COVID-19 pandemic presents a large-scale crisis well outside our normal experience. Jobs rapidly disappeared and have been slow to return due to the public health crisis caused by a highly contagious, deadly disease that requires us to socially distance to prevent the spread of the coronavirus. This situation remains fluid, and while no one can predict with

¹ Collectively referred herein as "Utilities."

² Collectively, Public Counsel, The Energy Project, NW Energy Coalition, Front & Centered, Puget Sound Sage, and Sierra Club are referred to herein as "Joint Advocates."

specificity when the pandemic will conclude, vaccines being administered offer some hope. The pandemic has not yet subsided, though, so connection to vital utility services remains critical.

Generally, disconnection from essential utility service is viewed as a negative outcome, and Washington policies protect customers while addressing a company's need to receive payment for services.³ The pandemic, however, created a situation in which millions lost their ability to earn their wages and were instructed to stay home to minimize transmission of the disease. The pandemic economically devastated customers, particularly those already struggling economically, while also posing a tangible life-or-death situation. Maintaining connection to essential utility service has been imperative to both individual and community safety.

Governor Inslee recognized early during the pandemic that keeping people connected to essential utility service "supports the fundamental public purpose of protecting public health and welfare." The disconnection moratorium established in Proclamation 20-23.2 has been extended from time to time and is currently set to expire on April 30, 2021. The Commission similarly recognized the pandemic's gravity, and convened a workgroup "to facilitate development of guidelines for ensuring that customers experiencing economic hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic maintain access to essential services after Proclamation 20-23 expires and the moratorium on disconnections and late fees is no longer in effect." 5

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³ See, WAC 480-100-128, WAC 480-100-133, WAC 480-90-128, WAC 480-90-133.

⁴ Wash. Exec. Order No. 20-23.2 (Apr. 17, 2021) (Ratepayer Assistance and Preservation of Essential Services), available at https://www.governor.wa.gov/sites/default/files/proclamations/20-23.2%20-%20COVID-19%20Ratepayer%20Assistance.pdf.

⁵ In the Matter of Response to COVID-19 Pandemic, Docket U-200281, Order 01: Extending Suspension of Disconnection of Energy Services for Nonpayment and Adopting Related Requirements, ¶ 3 (Oct. 20, 2020)(emphasis added).

5. The Commission established one of the strongest disconnection moratoria in the nation when it required regulated Utilities to continue the moratorium on disconnections for nonpayment until April 30, 2021 and waiver of deposits and late fees through October 27, 2021. The disconnection moratorium has been successful in keeping vulnerable customers connected to essential services, and this policy has undoubtedly saved lives. Figure 1 shows avoided potential disconnections during 2020 compared to actual disconnections in 2019 for Avista.

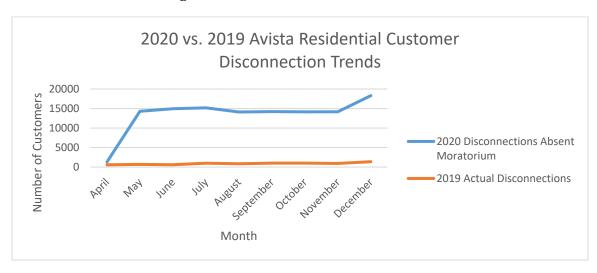


Figure 1: Avista Potential COVID-19 Disconnections

6. During 2019, Avista's residential disconnection rate was relatively stable, with a slight uptick during the winter heating season. In 2020, Avista's data shows a sharp increase in avoided potential disconnections as the disconnection moratorium was implemented and a second uptick

⁶ See Map of Disconnection Moratoria, Status of State Moratoria on Disconnections and Payment Plans, NARUC, available at https://www.naruc.org/compilation-of-covid-19-news-resources/map-of-disconnection-moratoria/ (last visited Feb. 10, 2021).

⁷ Kay Jowers, Christopher Timmins, and Nrupen Bhavsar, *Policy in the Pandemic: Housing Security Policies Reduce U.S. COVID-19 Infection Rates*, DUKE UNIVERSITY NICHOLAS INSTITUTE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY SOLUTIONS (June 29, 2020), available at https://nicholasinstitute.duke.edu/articles/policy-pandemic-housing-security-policies-reduce-us-covid-19-infection-rates. The study shows that "the CARES Act and eviction, water, and utility moratoria significantly reduced daily infection growth rates as compared to a simulation of growth rate if no policies were implemented."

towards the end of the year as the temperature declined and COVID-19 infections increased. As Figure 1 illustrates, Avista's residential customers avoided thousands of potential disconnections as a result of the moratorium, and were thus able to remain in their homes regardless of their ability to pay for utility services.

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The Commission recognized that the pandemic is fluid, dynamic, and unstable. In that regard, the Commission determined that it must evaluate the pandemic conditions — both health and economic conditions — closer to the time the disconnection moratorium might be lifted. As the Commission considers how to move forward now, the Commission should evaluate whether conditions have changed since October 2020, whether those changed conditions significantly improve the risk to public health, whether certain conditions have remained similar, and whether the conditions remaining similar necessitate continuation of customer protections. In considering whether to continue the moratorium or allow some level of collection activity to resume, the Commission should give weight to the ability of customers to fairly avoid disconnection and the potential impact on both customers and their communities if disconnections are allowed. The disconnection moratorium will continue to save lives so long as the crisis exists and it remains in place to protect customers.

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Public Counsel's comments herein address metrics that may be useful in evaluating the need for a moratorium, the length of the moratorium, and suggested next steps. In prior comments, Public Counsel and others underscored the need to consult a variety of metrics to

⁸ In the Matter of Response to COVID-19 Pandemic, Docket U-200281, Order 01: Extending Suspension of Disconnection of Energy Services for Nonpayment and Adopting Related Requirements, Appendix A under "Disconnection Moratorium" (Oct. 20, 2020) ("Assess the health and economic conditions during its first open meeting of February 2021, or at a recessed open meeting around the same time.").

adequately understand the state's health and economic condition in the context of the Utilities' service territories. We noted that "no single indicator can provide all of the information the Commission needs to determine whether conditions have improved enough to relax the moratorium." Public Counsel believes these considerations continue to be relevant.

III. RESPONSE TO NOTICE: METRICS AND MORATORIUM

At several points throughout this docket, Public Counsel noted that economic recovery will lag behind economic reopening, and economic reopening can only occur once the pandemic is under control. Moreover, Public Counsel and the Joint Advocates noted that customers face impossible choices regarding whether to pay for food, rent, medicine, utilities, or other expenses. As long as the pandemic poses a significant health risk including death, communities must be protected from the spread of coronavirus by ensuring that people can maintain access to essential utility services regardless of their household's ability to pay.

Indeed, collections activity (up to and including disconnection) can only resume when the practice is fair. It is not fair to engage in collection activities when customers lack the ability to pay their bills because their jobs have been lost or hours have been drastically reduced due to a global pandemic. Adequate bill assistance is an alternative to jobs in ensuring that customers can address their arrearages and avoid disconnection. Order 01 allows for additional funding for

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⁹ In the Matter of Response to COVID-19 Pandemic, Docket U-200281, Comments of Joint Advocates, ¶ 7 (Dec. 1, 2020).

customer programs, including temporary COVID-19 assistance programs.¹⁰ Public Counsel understands that the Utilities will have programs available to customers by April 1. At minimum, the moratorium must be extended so these funds have an opportunity to meaningfully reduce or eliminate customer arrearages.

Ultimately, the goal is to keep protections in place until they are no longer needed.

Prematurely lifting the moratorium to return to practices that resemble "business-as-usual" will harm customers and ultimately decrease public safety. Customers who are unable to pay their utility bills now due to the pandemic and associated economic crisis, will not likely be any better positioned to pay their bills without sufficient economic recovery. By relying on sufficient health and economic data to guide when the disconnection moratorium should be lifted, the Commission will provide customers an opportunity to recover the ability to pay their bills before facing the threat of disconnection.

Public Counsel is cognizant that the Commission considers the Utilities' ability to maintain its earnings and operations. Each of the Utilities filed petitions for accounting orders to track certain costs associated with the pandemic response. ¹¹ Each of the Utilities made statements about the unpredictable and unprecedented nature of the pandemic, indicating that they are incurring costs not currently in rates, and that the costs are outside normal business risk.

11.

In the Matter of Response to COVID-19 Pandemic, Docket U-200281, Order 01: Extending Suspension of Disconnection of Energy Services for Nonpayment and Adopting Related Requirements, ¶18 (Oct. 20, 2020).
 Puget Sound Energy (UE-200780 and UG-200782); Avista Corporation (UE-200407 and UG-200408): PacifiCorp (UE-200234); Cascade Natural Gas Company (UG-200479); and NW Natural Gas Company (UG-200264).

None of the Utilities, however, demonstrated that it was experiencing financial jeopardy. They generally stated that they are "fully capable of executing [their] obligation to provide safe, reliable . . . service to [their] customers."¹²

Importantly, recent public financial disclosures do not indicate any acute financial need stemming from the pandemic. For example, in its SEC Form 10Q dated November 4, 2020, PSE describes COVID-19 impacts upon its business in considerable detail, but characterized the net financial impacts as "immaterial." PSE stated, "Due to business disruptions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Company has incurred increased costs and partially offsetting cost savings that have been immaterial through the period ended September 30, 2020." PSE further explains that its operating expenses were actually lower during the nine month period ending September 30, 2020, compared to the comparable period in 2019, in spite of COVID-19 cost impacts. 14

Avista similarly presents positive financial results. While Avista is seeing current short-term reductions in earnings, it continues to experience positive earnings. Further, Avista continues to project earnings growth and continued dividend growth. Indeed, Avista expects to increase its dividends by 4.5 percent over 2019 levels. 15

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¹² See e.g., Amended Petition of Avista Corporation, ¶¶ 5–6, In the Matter of the Petition of Avista Corp. For an Ord. Approving Deferral of Costs Associated with the COVID-19 Pub. Health Emergency (Oct. 21, 2020) (Dockets UE-200407 and UG-200408).

¹³ Puget Energy SEC Form 10Q, at 43 (Nov. 4, 2020), available at https://www.pugetenergy.com/pages/filings.html.

¹⁴ *Id*. at 64.

¹⁵ Avista Corp., *Our Customers, Our People, Perform, Invent*, at Slide 6 (Nov. 2020), available at https://investor.avistacorp.com/static-files/0f00e8d8-65b0-4997-a525-27769c9acc12.

PacifiCorp's parent company, BH Energy, stated in its Form 10Q that the impacts of COVID-19 on the Company's financial results and operations through September 30, 2020, have not been material.¹⁶

Cascade's parent company, MDU Resources Group, stated in its Form 10Q that, "the Company has assessed the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on its results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, and *determined there were no material adverse impacts*." Significantly, MDU approved somewhat higher Q3 dividends in 2020 than were approved in Q3 2019, an indication of confidence in its financial condition in spite of the pandemic. ¹⁸

Furthermore, the Commission has approved accounting orders to allow deferral of various pandemic costs, including bad debt resulting from customers being unable to pay their bills. When considering how to move forward with respect to the disconnection moratorium, the Commission can be assured that the Utilities will remain financially healthy and will continue to provide reliable service. Customers, however, remain vulnerable and require protections to ensure that they are able to successfully weather the pandemic.

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¹⁶ Berkshire Hathaway Energy Co. SEC Form 10Q (Nov. 6, 2020), available at https://www.brkenergy.com/assets/upload/financial-filing/20200930 89 pc quarterly.pdf.

¹⁷ MDU Resources Group, Inc. Form 10Q (Nov. 5, 2020) (emphasis added), available at https://sec.report/Document/0000067716-20-000053/#i72b97b9efa354f7091e63f8a5fab37c7_13.

¹⁸ *Id.* (MDU declared a dividend of \$0.6075 per common share for Q3 2019 and a dividend of \$0.6225 per common share for Q3 2020.).

A. Metrics Available to Evaluate Moratorium Status Address Both Economic Recovery and Heath Indicators

Unfortunately, there is no single metric that the Commission can rely upon to gauge when it is safe and reasonable to resume collection and disconnection activity. Rather, to ensure that customers have a fair ability to avoid disconnection, the Commission should consider a variety of factors that inform both economic recovery and progress in addressing the public health crisis. Public Counsel recommends that the Commission should consider the following six factors. ¹⁹

prepared to address customers' need for bill assistance, including whether they have adequate funding and delivery systems to administer the funds. ²⁰ This will require an understanding of the anticipated need and how that need will be addressed. This will also require an assessment of the Utilities' communications with customers who have past-due balances. Companies should clearly communicate with customers regarding (1) the impact of the disconnection moratorium, (2) that customers continue to be responsible for paying their utility bills, and (3) that customers having troubles paying their bills should contact their utility as soon as possible regardless of whether they think they are eligible for bill assistance. Utility communications should be widely

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¹⁹ In December, the Joint Advocates provided comments to the Commission regarding factors to consider now in relation to the Resumption Date. The six factors listed in Public Counsel's current comments reflect the recommendations made in December. These six factors are intended to provide the Commission with information and data specific to the pandemic, which is different than general economic distress. While the economy has experience general distress from time to time, resulting in job loss and customer hardship, the pandemic poses a unique and specific threat to both livelihood and health. As a result, it is imperative that the Commission base its decisions on information relevant to the pandemic and the related economic crisis.

²⁰ Evaluation of this factor would also include reviewing the utilities' use of long-term payment plans and plans around establishing arrearage management programs or other plans to address customer arrearages.

broadcasted, both directly to customers through direct mailings, telephone calls, and electronic communications and generally through social media postings, utility websites, and press releases. The Utilities should provide these communications in multiple languages as appropriate for their service territories.

Second, the Commission should consult the Department of Commerce's Economic Recovery Dashboard, which provides information about employment, retail sales, taxable business income, exports, support programs, and consumer behaviors including credit card spending and time spent outside of the home. This will inform the Commission about overall economic recovery and whether overall employment has stabilized, whether businesses are operating at levels similar to pre-pandemic levels, whether people are experiencing food insecurity and seeking assistance, and whether consumer spending is returning to normal.

Third, the Commission may also consider whether restrictions that limit the availability of employment have been lifted, such as restrictions on restaurants, hospitality, and retail businesses. This will inform the Commission on whether jobs are reasonably available for customers, relieving them of the inability to pay their bills.

Fourth, in previous comments, the Joint Advocates identified an index being developed by the Department of Social and Health Services' Equitable Recovery Technical Advisory

Group. As Public Counsel understood it, the index was intended to measure equitable economic recovery from the pandemic, allowing the Commission to examine disaggregated unemployment numbers by industry, race, and income to provide a clearer picture of recovery for those populations who have borne the brunt of the pandemic. To the extent that the index has been

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developed, it would provide valuable information to the Commission regarding the impact on vulnerable communities.

- as a tool to determine whether an infectious outbreak is growing, remaining stable, or shrinking. ²¹ The effective reproductive number identifies how many other people will become infected on average from each person infected with COVID-19. ²² When the effective reproductive number is greater than one, each infected person spreads the infection to more than one other person, and the outbreak grows larger. The faster the outbreak is growing, the larger the effective reproductive number is. ²³ If the effective reproductive number is less than one, the outbreak will shrink because each infected person infects less than one other person. ²⁴
 - Sixth, the Commission should monitor public health dashboards tracking COVID-19

 trends across the state. In particular, the Commission should monitor the Department of Health's COVID-19 Data Dashboard at

https://www.doh.wa.gov/Emergencies/COVID19/DataDashboard#dashboard and the state's new reopening dashboard at https://coronavirus.wa.gov/what-you-need-know/roadmap-recovery-metrics. By doing so, the Commission will appropriately rely on the public health expertise of the Department of Health and other state and local agencies. Moreover, utilizing public health

²¹ Washington State Coronavirus Response. *COVID-19 Risk Assessment Dashboard*, available at https://coronavirus.wa.gov/what-you-need-know/covid-19-risk-assessment-dashboard. Please refer to COVID-19 Disease Activity, Effective reproductive number (R).

²² Interview by Seattle and King County Public Health Insider with Health Officer for Public Health Dr. Jeff Duchin, *Public Health Publishes New COVID-19 Key Indicators Dashboard*, (May 27, 2020), available at https://publichealthinsider.com/2020/05/27/public-health-publishes-new-covid-19-key-indicators-dashboard/ ("Is the outbreak growing, shrinking or staying stable?").

 $^{^{23}}$ *Id*.

²⁴ *Id*.

expertise will better inform the Commission as it establishes appropriate steps forward for the Utilities. This is especially critical given the role that the disconnection moratorium has played in slowing the spread of the coronavirus.

B. Length of Moratorium

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At minimum, Public Counsel recommends that the Commission extend the disconnection moratorium for 90 days, resulting in a new resumption date of July 31, 2021, for residential and small business customers. The Commission should retain jurisdiction and continue to monitor current health and economic conditions and re-evaluate whether to lift or continue the moratorium after July 31, 2021. The Commission should direct the Utilities to communicate to customers that they may face disconnection if they maintain past-due balances after July 31 and require Utilities to take steps to avoid disconnecting customers. Such actions may include affirmative outreach, calls from live agents, emails, door hangs, social media, radio, bill inserts, customer newsletters, reminder letters, and collaboration with trusted community organizations. Sec. 26

If disconnections are allowed to resume, and if the pandemic is still posing a health risk to Washingtonians, Utilities must take measures to reconnect disconnected customers within 24 hours of being disconnected to address the heightened health risk posed by the disconnection.

These measures may include directly contacting the customer, affirmatively engaging to

²⁵ Public Counsel's proposal anticipates that collection activities would potentially begin after July 31, 2021.

²⁶ Public Counsel is aware that Utilities are take some of these actions now, and commend the Utilities for doing so. For example, Avista has worked closely with community organizations to educate customers about the disconnection moratorium and the options available to them if they have past due balances.

determine what type of assistance is needed, and identifying barriers that the customer may be experiencing with respect to paying the charges or obtaining assistance. While these actions may not be necessary under ordinary circumstances, the pandemic warrants additional vigilance in protecting customers and ensuring safe and healthy communities.

1. How to mitigate the length of the moratorium

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The Commission's Notice frames the question regarding the length of the moratorium in terms of how it may be mitigated. Ultimately, the moratorium is intended to keep customers connected to essential utility services regardless of ability to pay due because the pandemic poses critical health and safety risks. Public Counsel firmly believes that measures must remain in place until the pandemic is controlled to the extent that it does not pose a serious health risk and economic opportunities are reasonably available to customers. Any less puts customers and communities at risk of serious illness or death from COVID-19.

Effective utilization of customer assistance programs is one clear way Utilities can mitigate the need for a disconnection moratorium. Implementing adequate customer assistance programs advances the goal of keeping customers connected throughout the pandemic. Such programs include bill assistance, long term payment plans, or arrearage management programs.

It is not enough to create the programs, but they also need the opportunity to be effective before the moratorium is lifted. In other words, the assistance must be given a chance to reduce or eliminate customer arrearages before customers are placed at risk for disconnection. To evaluate whether programs have mitigated the need for a disconnection moratorium, the Commission could evaluate the Utilities' communications with customers about the availability

JOINT COMMENTS OF THE ADVOCATES DOCKET U-200281 Page 13 of 18

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF WASHINGTON PUBLIC COUNSEL 800 5TH AVE., SUITE 2000 SEATTLE, WA 98104-3188 (206) 464-7744 of programs, can assess whether the Utilities have identified and reduced barriers to accessing assistance, and can assess the utilities' success by reviewing how many customers with past-due balances are successfully addressing their arrearages. While the Utilities cannot control how well the pandemic is being managed or how quickly economic recovery occurs, they can control how they assist and communicate with their customers.

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Public Counsel acknowledges with appreciation that the Utilities, with varying degrees, are taking extra steps to communicate with their customers and provide assistance as a result of the pandemic. Despite these efforts, the Utilities are not reaching some customers who require assistance, as demonstrated by trends that customers are entering payment plans at a lower rate than this time last year. Public Counsel recommends that the Utilities affirmatively work towards understanding what barriers exists for customers to engage with the Utilities. Barriers could include accessibility, disability, language, technology, or other circumstances.²⁷

31.

Linking resumption of disconnection and collection practices to certain performance metrics may also be a way to mitigate the need for the disconnection moratorium. If the performance metrics address customers' ability to pay their bills, address their arrearages, and stay current, the goal of keeping people connected during the pandemic could be met.

Developing metrics related to customers served would be one example of how this could be implemented.

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²⁷ Forming partnerships with community organizations will assist the Utilities in identifying and addressing barriers some customers face in accessing assistance.

2. Appropriate indicators to evaluate length of moratorium and disconnection restrictions

The factors identified in Section III.A above would be appropriate to evaluate how long the moratorium and disconnection restrictions should continue. As noted, the moratorium should remain in place until it is no longer needed because premature lifting of the moratorium will harm customers and decrease public safety. Thus, the Commission should rely on metrics that are less volatile, or that have been sustained for a sufficient period of time, to ensure that conditions are indicative of sustained, rather than merely temporary, improvement. For example, some metrics are measured as rolling averages to capture longer-term trends. Even so, all metrics represent a snapshot in time. The Commission should consider whether the metrics it chooses need to be established over a period of time, along with what time period will provide the best assurances of economic recovery and virus containment.

IV. NEXT STEPS AND DATE TO DISCUSS POTENTIAL CHANGES TO ORDER 01

Public Counsel understands that the February 17 recessed open meeting will be an information-gathering session for the Commission as the Commission seeks information from stakeholders. Going forward, Commission action regarding the moratorium will be necessary to address the April 31, 2021 resumption date. This action could come in the form of a stipulation or agreement among the stakeholders, and it may be worthwhile to engage in a brief series of workshops to see if consensus is possible. Public Counsel would welcome the opportunity to engage further with the Utilities and has found recent engagements beneficial.

JOINT COMMENTS OF THE ADVOCATES DOCKET U-200281

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Page 15 of 18

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF WASHINGTON PUBLIC COUNSEL 800 5TH AVE., SUITE 2000 SEATTLE, WA 98104-3188 (206) 464-7744 Absent stakeholder consensus, the Commission will need to decide whether to extend the moratorium. Utilities and stakeholders must be afforded the opportunity to be heard at a meaningful time and in a meaningful manner.²⁸ The process the Commission has engaged in through this docket has and continues to provide Utilities and stakeholders with meaningful

opportunities to make their positions known and to provide the Commission with data and

information on which to base its decision.

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With the current resumption date of April 30, 2021, a Commission decision no later than early April is needed. Of course, the Governor may extend the statewide disconnection and late fee moratorium. If that occurs, then the regulated Utilities would be required to comply with the Governor's proclamation. Regardless, the Commission has the authority to act in the public interest with respect to the regulated Utilities and their customers.²⁹

V. CONCLUSION

The Commission requires information about the state of the pandemic before it can determine whether to lift, modify, or continue the disconnection and fee moratorium. The metrics and data proposed above are designed to provide the Commission with a well-rounded, comprehensive look at whether the health crisis is abating and whether economic recovery is occurring.

²⁸ Mathews v. Eldridge, 424 U.S. 319, 321 and 333, 96 S.Ct 893, 47 L.Ed.2d 18 (1976).

²⁹ RCW 80.01.040; 80.28.010.

- 37. In particular, the Commission should consider the following six factors to evaluate whether the disconnection moratorium should continue beyond April 30, 2021:
 - Utility preparedness to address customers' need for bill assistance and the quality of the
 Utility's communication to customers about the availability of assistance,
 - Department of Commerce's Economic Recovery Dashboard,
 - Whether restrictions that limit the availability of employment have been lifted,
 - Department of Social and Health Services' Equitable Recovery Technical Advisory
 Group index,
 - Effective productive number less than one, and

38.

- Public health dashboards and the agencies maintaining them.
- Public Counsel recommends that any mitigation of the length of time the moratorium is needed be linked to the ultimate purpose for having the moratorium. In particular, the moratorium is in place to keep people connected to essential utility services so they can maintain the social distancing needed to address the pandemic. Developing and implementing adequate bill assistance and using performance metrics related to how successful the assistance is in addressing arrearages is one way to mitigate the need for a moratorium while also protecting customers and communities from the pandemic.
- Public Counsel also recommends that stakeholders engage in brief workshops to see if they can reach consensus on the disconnection moratorium. With or without consensus, Public Counsel recommends that the Commission address the April 30, 2021 resumption date no later than early April.

40. Public Counsel appreciates the opportunity to submit these comments. We also look forward to continued discussion on these important topics with the Joint Advocates, the Utilities, and the Commission.

Dated this 12th of February, 2021.

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