EXH. DSL-1T DOCKETS UE-19__/UG-19__ 2019 PSE GENERAL RATE CASE WITNESS: DOUGLAS S. LOREEN

BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION,

Complainant,

v.

Docket UE-19____
Docket UG-19____
PUGET SOUND ENERGY,
Respondent.

PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY (NONCONFIDENTIAL) OF

DOUGLAS S. LOREEN

ON BEHALF OF PUGET SOUND ENERGY

PUGET SOUND ENERGY

PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY (NONCONFIDENTIAL) OF DOUGLAS S. LOREEN

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PUGET SOUND ENERGY

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LIST OF EXHIBITS

Exh. DSL-2	Professional Qualifications
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Exh. DSL-4C	CBRE Market Analysis April 2018
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Exh. DSL-6	South King Complex Tenant Improvement - Phase I
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Bellingham Service Center; (3) renovate the South King Complex; (4) purchase the Snoqualmie Technology Center; and (5) terminate operating leases at four business offices and customer pay stations. The facility actions and moves associated with vacating the Puget Sound Energy Building in Bellevue, item one in the list above, are collectively referred to as the "Bellevue Campus" Consolidation." II. BELLEVUE CAMPUS CONSOLIDATION Q.

- Please describe PSE's Bellevue Campus facilities prior to the Bellevue **Campus Consolidation project.**
- Through mid-2018 Puget Sound Energy leased office and other space in two A. adjacent buildings at the Summit Complex located in Bellevue, Washington. PSE was a primary tenant in the 13 story "PSE Building" located at 10885 NE 4th St. since the building was constructed in 2002. PSE has been the sole tenant in the 11 story "PSE East Building" located at 355 110th Ave. E. since the building was constructed in 2005.

The PSE Building lease included five floors totaling 115,671 square feet, storage and support spaces in the attached underground parking garage on levels P-1 and P-2, and 360 parking stalls. The PSE Building lease was set to expire on July 31, 2018. PSE had an option to extend the PSE Building lease at market rates through July 31, 2023.

The PSE East Building lease includes 11 floors totaling 223,820 square feet, storage space in the attached underground parking garage on levels P-4, P-5, and

P-6 and 519 parking stalls. The PSE East Building lease was set to expire on October 31, 2020.

Prior to implementing the Bellevue Campus Consolidation project, there were approximately PSE 1,709 employees and consultants working in these two buildings.

- Q. Please describe PSE's overall planning process which led to the Bellevue

 Campus Consolidation project.
- A. In late 2014, PSE Facilities with active participation by Human Resources and Information Technology, began a process to create a new enterprise facilities plan. In addition to seeking an efficient use of space, the objectives included driving an employee workplace experience that would keep PSE competitive in the changing workforce. Key elements were modernizing workspaces, expanding desirable workplace locations, and improving technology to support employee flexibility and collaboration for a distributed workforce.
- Q. Please describe Coldwell Banker Real Estate's role in supporting PSE's enterprise facilities plan development.
- A. PSE uses Coldwell Banker Real Estate ("CBRE") as its commercial real estate broker for Bellevue and the greater Eastside. In 2015, as part of the enterprise facilities plan development, PSE engaged CBRE to conduct a review of PSE's employee work experience related to facilities, technology, and workplace flexibility policies. The stated priorities of this engagement were to examine how workspace and workplace can drive: talent attraction, space efficiency, PSE's

strategic objectives, and flexibility (people collaboration). The CBRE Workplace Strategy Findings Report was completed in February 2016 and identified three overall occupancy strategies that all involved smaller space requirements for the central Bellevue campus. Please see the Second Exhibit to the Prefiled Direct Testimony of Douglas S. Loreen, Exh. DSL-3, for a copy of the February 2016 CBRE Workplace Strategy Findings Report.

- Q. Please describe the PSE@work project that resulted from the February 2016

 CBRE Workplace Strategies Report.
- A. Based on recommendations in the February 2016 CBRE Workplace Strategy
 Report, PSE began additional research and development of an implementation
 program named "PSE@work." The priorities of the PSE@work program were to:
 achieve greater space efficiency throughout PSE's facilities portfolio; update
 workspaces to represent PSE as an innovative company attractive to talent in the
 competitive Puget Sound region; and provide a consistent employee experience
 among all facilities. PSE@work improvements include condensed floorplans with
 modern furniture systems, increased collaborative workspace, and technology
 upgrades to work stations and conference rooms that support a distributed
 workforce.

After conducting employee surveys and running a competitive bid process,
PSE@work design standards were selected and implemented into the redesigned
facilities of Bellingham Service Center, South King Complex (2017
improvements), the Vernell building, the Snoqualmie Technology Center and

A. Puget Sound Energy Building Vacation

- Q. Why did PSE decide to vacate the PSE Building at the end of the lease on July 31, 2018?
- A. By December 2016, PSE had concluded that the lease extension offers from Hines, the property manager of the PSE Building, were not competitive with alternatives. This is approximately a year and a half before the PSE Building lease was set to expire and seven months before the July 31, 2017, renewal notification deadline. Once the decision was made to not renew the lease, PSE finalized relocation plans and proceeded with renovations at destination facilities. These plans and renovations needed to be implemented promptly in order to provide adequate time to accomplish the moves from the PSE Building into destination buildings.

The estimated annual cost savings for vacating the PSE Building was \$6 million for the office space, related storage, and parking.

- Q. What alternatives did PSE consider before deciding to vacate the PSE Building?
- A. Over time, PSE considered a number of facility alternatives that furthered the overall workplace strategy and addressed the expiring PSE Building lease including: (1) renewing the lease; (2) acquiring a new lease outside of the Bellevue core; (3) acquiring an alternative facility for a full relocation of the PSE headquarters and vacating both Bellevue buildings; and (4) utilizing additional space in existing PSE facilities. Alternative (3), to fully relocate the entire

A.

Bellevue Campus, is discussed in the "Puget Sound Energy East Building Lease Renewal" section later in this testimony.

Q. What facilities option did PSE choose to replace the PSE Building space?

A. PSE chose to replace the PSE building by utilizing space in owned facilities in the greater eastside and by acquiring a new lease in Bothell outside the Bellevue downtown core. As described later in my testimony, PSE had newly available space in the Snoqualmie Technology Center and in the renovated space at the South King Complex. In addition, PSE decided to renovate space at its Vernell building to house Energy Supply Operations. These alternative locations provided functional space below the cost of the lease terms proposed by Hines, the property manager of the PSE Building, for the PSE Building.

Q. Describe the vacation and restoration of lease space in the PSE Building.

Vacation and restoration of the PSE Building began in early 2018 and continued through the end of the lease on July 31, 2018. Moves were executed on a floor by floor basis to allow for restoration activities immediately thereafter. Restoration activities in the PSE Building included the removal of all furniture, fixtures, and equipment. All IT, electrical, and data cabling was pulled back to the point of origin in the PSE Building garage equipment rooms. Patch and repair work was required and completed on some floors to restore the building to "broom clean" status as outlined by the lease. PSE successfully vacated the PSE Building according to its lease. The overall cost of employee relocation and building restoration totaled approximately \$450,000.

As part of the vacation of the PSE Building, a legacy communications system originally from the ROLM Corporation was decommissioned. The "ROLM" communication room also contained extensive active network connections for PSE's current communications and control systems. Vacating the ROLM room included relocating, redirecting, and installing new equipment in other locations for these network connections. Total cost for vacating the ROLM room was approximately \$1.9 million.

- Q. Please describe the Vernell Building and its use prior to the Bellevue Campus

 Consolidation project.
- A. In January 2013, PSE purchased the Vernell Building at 2380 116th Avenue NE in Bellevue as the site of a future electrical substation. The property included a 31,245 square-foot, two-story office facility with a small storage area. At the time of purchase, the first floor of the Vernell Building was leased to Echodyne Corporation and the second floor remained vacant.
- Q. Describe the use of the Vernell Building for the Bellevue Campus

 Consolidation.
- A. One of the critical functions to be relocated from the PSE Building was Energy Supply Operations (the electric and natural gas merchant trading function).

 Energy Supply Operations is a 24-hour operation which has specialized requirements for compliance, security, and technology. PSE's space planners identified the second floor of Vernell Building as a suitable location alternative for Energy Supply Operations.

The necessary facility improvement work to the second floor of the Vernell Building began in January 2018 which involved demolition, reconfiguration of walls, carpet, mechanical systems, A/V equipment and required IT systems to support the business functions. Energy Supply Operations, Energy Accounting, and Energy Risk Control were relocated to the Vernell Building in July 2018.

PSE terminated the first-floor lease for the Echodyne Corporation before occupying the second floor. The lease was terminated because of security requirements for Energy Supply Operations. The site also has limited parking which does not support full occupancy of both floors.

Overall costs for the Vernell space improvements and the relocation of Energy Supply Operations were approximately \$6.8 million.

B. Puget Sound Energy East Building Lease Renewal

- Q. Describe the drivers behind the decision to extend the lease for the Puget Sound Energy East Building.
- A. The main drivers behind the decision to extend the PSE East Building lease were: favorable lease terms offered by Hines when compared to the Bellevue market; PSE's other priorities for capital funds which precluded some alternatives; PSE's desire to limit business disruptions especially with all other concurrent facility changes then underway; and the benefits of retaining a Bellevue core location related to attracting and retaining talent.

Q. What alternatives did PSE consider before deciding to extend the lease for the PSE East building?

- A. During the planning process for the enterprise facilities plan, PSE considered the following alternatives for the PSE East Building: (1) extending the lease; (2) acquiring an alternative facility in Bellevue for a full relocation of the PSE headquarters and vacating both Bellevue buildings; and (3) leasing space outside of the Bellevue downtown core.
- Q. Describe the negotiations with Hines which ultimately resulted in the lease extension for the PSE East Building.
- A. Potential extensions for the PSE East Building lease began during the discussions regarding the PSE Building lease in late 2016. PSE made the decision to allow the PSE Building lease to expire in Spring 2017. Thereafter, the parties focused the discussion on the potential extension of the PSE East Building lease. To stay in the PSE East Building, PSE wanted a lease term of appropriate length to support the moves and tenant improvements required to consolidate headquarter functions. Final negotiations occurred in early 2018 and the lease extension was executed on May 11, 2018.
- Q. Describe the commercial terms of the PSE East Building lease extension.
- A. The new lease for the PSE East Building extended the expiration date from October 31, 2020, an additional seven years to October 31, 2027. Lease rates remained the same as those under the old lease until November 2020. In

April 2018, CBRE performed an analysis comparing the lease extension to the Bellevue core market. Please see the Third Exhibit to the Prefiled Direct Testimony of Douglas S. Loreen, Exh. DSL-4C, for a copy of the CBRE Market Analysis April 2018. Among the positive benefits of the lease extension were:

- Lease rates of \$30 per square foot compared to market estimate of \$37-\$40 per square foot
- Three months of free rent at the start of the extension (November 2020 January 2021)
- Tenant improvement allowance of \$7,721,790

PSE believes these favorable terms reflect the property owner's desire to maintain an anchor tenant in the complex while marketing and leasing available space in the PSE Building. Hines's anticipated construction of Summit III, the third and final building in the Summit complex, may have also impacted their desire to retain PSE as an anchor tenant.

- Q. What alternative facilities did PSE consider for relocating the entire Bellevue headquarters?
- A. The available property that was evaluated as the most promising alternative during the time that the PSE Building lease termination decision was made in early 2017 was a commercial building complex located in the Eastgate area east of Bellevue on I-90. This property was 180,000 square feet and available offmarket. CBRE estimated that the property would cost \$31.6 million to purchase and require \$36.1 million for modernization and other improvements. PSE estimated that the property would be ready to occupy in the summer 2020. This

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availability date would support vacating the PSE East Building before the lease expired on October 31, 2020.

Q. Describe the decision not to pursue the Eastgate property.

- A. The Eastgate property opportunity was ultimately not pursued. One of the primary drivers of this decision was the \$67.7 million capital requirement to purchase and occupy the site. This facility purchase would have impacted the funding for other PSE capital priorities such as projects and programs to improve service reliability.
- Q. Were there other reasons PSE decided to extend the PSE East Building lease after deciding to allow the PSE Building lease to expire?
- A. Yes. In addition to the financial considerations previously described, PSE also desired to keep its corporate headquarters in Bellevue. Bellevue is centrally located, and it is in the largest city in PSE's electric service territory. PSE's presence in Bellevue, including its headquarters, is an important part of attracting and retaining talent in an increasingly competitive marketplace. The proximity of PSE's Bellevue headquarters to a major bus transit center and to the forthcoming light rail station is desirable. Employee surveys continue to show Bellevue as one of PSE's most popular work locations.

In addition, extending the PSE East Building lease also limited the business disruption considering all of the other facility moves then underway.

Q.	Describe the personnel moves involving the Puget Sound Energy East
	Building to accommodate vacation of the Puget Sound Energy Building

A. With the vacation of the PSE Building, the PSE East Building became the new PSE corporate headquarters. As such, some teams were moved from the PSE East Building to create space for headquarters functions moving from the PSE Building.

Among the teams moving from the PSE East Building were the Get to Zero project team and supporting IT functions, the Meter Upgrade project teams, Gas Engineering, and Gas Standards.

Notable headquarters functions moving to the PSE East Building included PSE's finance and account functions, real estate, facilities, human resources, and executives. Moves to the PSE East Building took place between March and July 2018.

Following all moves, occupancy of the PSE East building was nearly unchanged at approximately 1,150 FTEs.

- Q. Describe the creation of executive space on the 11th floor of the Puget Sound Energy East Building.
- A. Prior to the Bellevue Campus consolidation project PSE's officer and support staff were located on the 12th floor of the PSE Building. The necessary facility improvement work on the 11th floor of the PSE East Building began in January 2018. The new space reduced the overall executive space from the PSE Building.

The work involved completely vacating the floor of employees, followed by demolition, reconfiguration of walls, new carpet, mechanical systems, audio/visual equipment, security upgrades, and IT systems. The PSE executive team move into the south portion of the 11th floor was one of the final moves of the Bellevue Campus Consolidation in June and July 2018. PSE's government affairs and legal teams occupy the remainder of the floor.

The total cost of the PSE East Building 11th floor improvements was approximately \$3.5 million. This amount was fully covered by tenant improvement credits included in the new lease extension.

C. Bothell Building O Lease Acquisition

Q. What drove the decision to acquire additional space in Bothell?

A. The decision to acquire additional lease space in Bothell was part of the overall Bellevue Campus consolidation and was primarily driven by two major projects:

Get to Zero customer service improvement initiative and the Meter Upgrade project. PSE already occupies two buildings in same complex for Customer Access center and Energy Efficiency. The leases for the two existing buildings give PSE first right of refusal on open commercial space in the development such as Building O.

Q. Describe the new Bothell Building O lease.

A. The Bothell Building O lease totals 96,000 square feet on three floors. The tenant improvement work began in March 2018 which involved demolition, some

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reconfiguration of walls, carpet, mechanical system, and required technology systems to support the business functions. All relocations were completed by May 2018.

PSE executed the lease for Bothell Building O on January 3, 2018. The lease will run until July 31, 2024, representing a term of six and one-half years. The lease was executed at a first-year rate of \$18.45 per square foot. The then comparable rate to renew the Puget Sound Energy lease in Bellevue was \$32 per square foot. In addition, PSE negotiated \$4,817,500 in tenant improvements and lease credits. PSE has the flexibility to reduce the lease area by up to two floors after 36 months depending on the evolving needs of the major projects occupying Bothell Building O.

- Q. Please compare the facilities portfolio before and after the actions taken for the Bellevue Campus Consolidation.
- A. Table 1 below shows the square footage and occupancy of facilities before the Bellevue Campus Consolidation project.

Table 1. Before Bellevue Campus Consolidation

Facility	Square Feet	Occupancy (FTEs)
PSE Building	115,595	490
PSE East Building	223,275	1,219
Vernell	29,113	0
Bothell Building 'O'	0	0
South King Complex	26,000	0
Snoqualmie Tech Ctr	125,109	0
TOTAL	519,092	1,709

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Table 2 shows the square footage, occupancy, and status of facilities after the Bellevue Campus Consolidation.

Table 2. After Bellevue Campus Consolidation

Facility	Sq. Ft.	FTEs	Status
PSE Building	0	0	Vacated 7/31/2018
PSE East Building	223,275	1,150	Leased through 10/31/2027
Vernell	29,113	65	Owned
Bothell Building O	96,000	279	Leased through 1/31/2024
South King Complex	26,000	124	Owned
Snoqualmie Tech Ctr	125,109	86	Owned
TOTAL	499,497	1,704	

III. **BELLINGHAM SERVICE CENTER**

- Q. Please provide a high-level overview of the work PSE has performed with respect to the Bellingham Service Center.
- A. PSE completed the reconstruction of the Bellingham Service Center in 2017. PSE replaced the existing structure, which was more than 50 years old and had several safety-related deficiencies, with a new facility that meets current building code standards and life safety standards. The Bellingham Service Center functions as PSE's northern most electric operations facility and is also PSE's information technology telecommunications hub for Whatcom County and the northern service areas.

Q.

Please describe the Bellingham Service Center prior to the rebuild.

A. The Bellingham Service Center was a 12,500 square foot service center building with covered truck bays, a separate 6,600 square foot garage/substation shop, and more than four acres of paved parking and storage yard. The ten-acre site abuts the I-5 corridor and also includes PSE's Bellingham substation. The facility supported 53 employees, including PSE electric first response service line workers, meter and substation crews, as well as Potelco engineers and crews.

Approximately seven to ten commercial customers conducted business with PSE at the site each day to discuss their electric service and construction needs.

Q. Why was it necessary to rebuild the Bellingham Service Center?

- A. The existing Bellingham Service Center was constructed in 1960. It was one of PSE's oldest service facilities. The buildings did not meet current building and fire codes and standards for earthquakes, Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA") accessibility, fire protection, and environmental, storm water control, and water quality regulations. The facility's outdated design and age presented operational inefficiencies, a substandard working environment, and increasing building, mechanical, and electrical systems maintenance and repair expenses.
- Q. What alternatives did PSE consider before deciding to rebuild the Bellingham Service Center?
- A. The Bellingham Service Center project was submitted for capital funding consideration via Capital Spending Authorization in July 2015. Please see the

Fourth Exhibit to the Prefiled Direct Testimony of Douglas S. Loreen, Exh. DSL-5, for a copy of the Capital Spending Authorization. The funding request considered the following alternatives, including the selected alternative:

- 1. Full rebuild: This is the selected alternative and involved the construction of a functional, efficient, low-maintenance building with a service life of more than fifty years at an estimated cost of approximately \$15.7 million.\frac{1}{2}

 The rebuild addressed and resolved significant life, health and safety concerns. The new building was structurally strengthened to withstand seismic events (earthquakes), protected with fire suppression systems, and equipped with the latest emergency (power and communications) backup systems. The new building design also meets ADA standards, it contains enhanced safety features, it provides a designated environmental storage facility, and has larger truck bays, a more efficient storage yard layout, and better fences and gates, all of which improve productivity. In addition, as part of the environmental mitigation efforts undertaken during the rebuild, the fuel dispensing system and underground fuel tanks were removed.
- 2. <u>Partial rebuild</u>: The partial rebuild alternative would not have addressed all seismic and fire sprinkler deficiencies. Under the partial rebuild scenario, only the office/line building would have been rebuilt and as a result, the garage and substation wire shop would have remained in their then-current

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Up to \$17.95 million with risk contingency.

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and deficient conditions. The cost of the partial rebuild was estimated at \$12.4 million, or approximately \$3.2 million less than the estimated cost of a full rebuild.

- 3. Limited improvements: This alternative was a low-cost option to provide minimal improvements. It included the installation of new fence and gates, a new HVAC system, and interior upgrades to workstations and functional areas. The cost of this alternative was estimated at \$1.4 million. This alternative did not address the seismic and operational deficiencies of the existing service center structure and garage/wire shop.
- 4. Lease existing facility: PSE was unable to identify a leasable facility in Bellingham that would meet the service center's functional requirements. The lack of a market alternative combined with the ongoing cost of a lease (estimated at \$430,000 per year) eliminated this alternative.
- 5. Purchase existing facility: PSE was unable to identify any property listings that met the service center's functional requirements. PSE also estimated this alternative to cost approximately \$15 million.
- 6. Purchase land and build new service center: The cost of purchasing new property and construction costs for the new service center were estimated to be \$17 million, which was higher than the estimated cost to renovate the existing site. Also, there was uncertainty about accessibility, communications linkages, and site utilities (sewer, water, power).

Q. Describe the scope of the project.

A. The scope of the project included the construction of a new 14,275 square-foot one-story office building and a 6,525 square foot wire shop, vehicle maintenance, and PCB storage facility. In addition, PSE reconstructed 7,620 square feet of an existing line building. Conference rooms were updated with audio visual equipment and conference room technology. Construction required modifications to on-site and off-site utilities. This was a phased construction project to maintain continued electric utility operations at the existing PSE facility.

Q. Describe the execution of the project.

A. The project construction was bid to three qualified contractors in March 2016 and final bids were received in April 2016. Tiger Construction was the lowest bidder and was awarded the construction contract. Permitting was completed and the project was released for construction in June 2016. Construction of the main office was completed and approved for occupancy in July 2017. The warehouse space was completed and ready for occupancy in December 2017.

Q. Please describe any changes to the project and the cost impact of these changes.

A. There were several changes to the project scope and schedule during project execution that resulted in cost changes. These changes were due to unforeseen conditions, City of Bellingham permit conditions, increases in material costs, some additions to meet PSE workspace technology standards, and clarification of

property accommodated both indoor and outdoor storage, materials receipt and distribution, and office space. The property was sold by AT&T in 1993 to Ranch Associates, a Washington general partnership.

In 1993, PSE's predecessor, Puget Sound Power & Light, entered into an agreement with Ranch Associates to lease a 168,085 square-foot portion of SKC. In 2007 and 2013, PSE leased the remaining 78,400 square-foot and 29,650 square-foot portions of SKC. In August 2016, PSE purchased the entire facility from Ranch Associates. The prudency of the purchase decision was recognized in PSE's 2017 general rate case (Dockets UE-170033 and UG-170034).

- Q. Please describe the operating functions currently located at SKC and how they support PSE's operating model.
- A. SKC continues to be uniquely configured to support PSE's utility operations. Its overall size, design, central location, and accessibility make it ideal for PSE's operations. Importantly, SKC is also zoned to accommodate outdoor storage.

 Today, SKC supports numerous business functions performed by PSE on behalf of its customers including materials warehouse and central stores, gas and electric meters inventory management, waste handling, substation relay operations, electric system protection design, energy efficiency services, electric first response, customer and distribution project design and management, fleet, and numerous other PSE functions.

Q. After purchasing SKC, why did PSE determine that renovations were needed?

- A. The original SKC building was constructed in the mid-1970s. Since that time, the building has undergone several rounds of tenant improvements by PSE to keep the property in good operating condition. And while for a building of that age it was in good condition at the time of purchase, it still needed basic maintenance and several upgrades to accommodate PSE's business needs for the facility. Some of the areas at the property that needed maintenance and updating included:
 - Updating the northwest office space features that were outdated, lacked basic technological necessities, and needed to be reconfigured to best accommodate PSE's operations;
 - The HVAC, electrical, network/telecommunications, and fire protection systems were outdated and needed to be replaced; and
 - In some areas, the facility did not meet building code requirements, such as modern seismic building code requirements.

Q. At the time of purchase did PSE evaluate the condition of the facility?

A. Yes, as part of the due diligence process prior to purchase, as discussed in the Prefiled Direct Testimony of Joel L. Molander, Exh. JLM-1T, Dockets UE-170033 and UG-170034, PSE retained MENG to perform a facilities conditions assessment ("FCA"). The FCA addressed structural, mechanical, electrical and building envelope aspects of SKC and identified several deficiencies and opportunities for future improvements consistent with buildings similar in age and operating use. Notably, the MENG analysis did not include the northwest office

area because PSE had already planned to conduct a major tenant improvement in that area and most of the deficiencies in that area were to be addressed by the tenant improvements. In total, the estimated costs for these future improvements ranged from \$30-45 million and were recommended irrespective of lease or ownership of the facility to ensure the safe and effective performance of the asset. As explained by Mr. Molander's testimony, the need for and estimated costs of future improvements at SKC was expressly factored into PSE's decision-making process when it ultimately determined that purchasing SKC achieved the lowest cost outcome and best business value to PSE customers.

- Q. Please summarize the renovations and improvements undertaken at PSE's South King Facility since the purchase of SKC.
- A. The largest improvement since purchase was to update 26,000 square feet of office space. This renovation included new entries, office space for 145 workstations, meeting and collaboration spaces, a kitchen/break room, restrooms and support spaces. Circulation routes into and through this new office space with connections to other areas of the SKC building were also created for more efficient movement throughout the facility. In this area, all existing mechanical, electrical, network/telecommunications and fire protection systems were replaced; the structure was seismically upgraded; and new security systems were provided. Demolition for the improvements also included abatement of any hazardous materials such as asbestos. Please see the Fifth Exhibit to the Prefiled Direct

Testimony of Douglas S. Loreen, Exh. DSL-6, for a detailed information regarding the SKC renovation.

Office space improvements incorporated findings from the CBRE Workplace

Strategy report from February 2016 and resulting PSE@work design standards.

The office upgrades were completed in October 2017.

Q. Were any updates performed on the exterior of the facility?

A. Yes. In 2017, a 150-stall parking lot expansion with new storm drainage and landscaping was constructed on the northwest and west sides of the SKC building and a second standby emergency generator was installed on the west side of the building. This was completed in December 2017.

Q. Please describe any changes to the project and the cost impact of these changes.

A. The estimated total project cost was \$13.4 million.² However, there were several changes to the project scope and schedule during project execution that resulted in cost changes. These changes were due to unforeseen conditions; expanding the extent of asbestos abatement/demolition and necessary system replacement/upgrades; changes in the construction bid climate resulting in higher construction costs; more extensive earthwork; adding additional parking spaces; adding a biofiltered storm drainage system; adding electric vehicle chargers; and

² Up to 15.4 million with risk contingency.

higher permitting costs than anticipated. The final cost of the project was approximately \$16.3 million.

V. SNOQUALMIE TECHNOLOGY CENTER PURCHASE

Q. Please describe PSE's Snoqualmie Technology Center.

A. PSE's Snoqualmie Technology Center is a two-story office building, located in Snoqualmie, Washington, which houses one of PSE's data centers. The total square footage is 45,500 square feet, equally distributed between the ground and second floors. The facility was originally constructed in 2002. The current space contains 107 workstations which now support PSE's Major Projects and Engineering functions.

Q. Why did PSE decide to purchase the Snoqualmie Technology Center facility?

A. The Snoqualmie Technology Center was purchased primarily to house one of two new corporate data centers. The decision to retire PSE's two existing data centers and build two redundant data centers was driven by risk and is explained in the Prefiled Direct Testimony of Margaret F. Hopkins, Exh. MFH-1T.

For geographic diversity, PSE decided to locate one of the data centers east of the Cascades at PSE's Cascade Substation in Cle Elum, Washington. The second data center was to be located in Western Washington. In conducting its search, the project team identified the following available properties as candidates for the west-side data center:

1. Talbot Switching Station (Renton)

- 2. Eastside Operations Center (Redmond)
- 3. Snoqualmie Ridge Business Park Mt. Si Raw Land Option (Snoqualmie)
- 4. PWI Snoqualmie Parkway/SR-18 Raw Land (Snoqualmie)
- 5. Snoqualmie Ridge Business Park 1-90 Technology Center (Snoqualmie)
- 6. Boeing Company Eastgate Campus (Bellevue)

Using a risk matrix, the team narrowed its west-side selection to those sites posing the least amount of risk and the highest chance of success to meet the project's operating objectives and timeline. Through the evaluation process, zoning and other development risks eliminated Options 1-4.

The remaining alternatives, the Snoqualmie Technology Center and the Boeing Eastgate Campus building, both met the zoning and other development requirements for the facility, but also offered the added benefit of space for additional uses as employee work space and potential back up location for PSE's electric and gas control center.

Because both facilities met the data center requirements, PSE selected the lower cost alternative—the Snoqualmie Technology Center—at a purchase price of \$8,900,000 (\$800,000 less than asking price). With the costs of conducting a due diligence study, facility security, electrical modifications, and furniture and technology, the total costs for the Snoqualmie Technology Center, excluding the modular data center, was \$13,131,427. The property purchase closed on May 12, 2017.

The final cost was an increase above the \$12,400,000 in estimated costs. The increase can be attributed to additional security enhancements and equipment added to monitor and protect the perimeter of the facility. The cost of the modular data center, supporting systems, and backup generator, are not included in this amount but are discussed in Ms. Hopkins's testimony. Please see the Sixth Exhibit to the Prefiled Direct Testimony of Douglas S. Loreen, Exh. DSL-7, for background, analysis, and authorization to purchase the Snoqualmie facility.

Q. At the time of purchase did PSE evaluate the condition of the facility?

A. Yes. PSE completed a Facilities Condition and Seismic Evaluation. The evaluation indicated that the building was in excellent condition, built to standards, and had no known significant defects or damage. Other than initial installation of furniture and technology, PSE has not performed any major renovations of the facility since purchase.

VI. BUSINESS OFFICES LEASE TERMINATIONS

Q. Why did PSE decide to close its regional business offices?

A. The seven regional business offices provided payment processing services to walk-in customers. PSE has seen a decline in use of these facilities as customers have moved to using self-service tools. PSE expects this trend to continue as people increasingly conduct their day-to-day business on digital channels. Walk-up customers will still be able to use pay stations at more than 100 participating retailers throughout PSE's service area.

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Q. What are the expected lease savings from closing PSE's regional business offices?

A. Four of the seven regional business offices are leased. The table below shows the annual lease costs and facility expenses for each location up to its lease termination date. These savings have been included in the rent adjustments described in the prefiled direct testimony of Susan E. Free, Exh. SEF-1T. The other three business office locations are in owned operating bases in Tacoma, Olympia, and on Vashon Island. These bases will maintain their current primary use. At the owned locations, the business office closures will free-up a modest amount of additional space but will not result in significant facility cost savings.

Location	Annual Lease Cost and Facility Expenses	Termination Date	
Bellingham	\$178,641	12/31/2019	
Ellensburg	\$40,952	90 days' notice	
Freeland	\$104,370	12/31/2019	
Oak Harbor	\$88,656	12/31/2019	
TOTAL	\$412,619		

VII. CONCLUSION

- Q. Does this complete your testimony?
- A. Yes, it does.