DRAFT COST OF SERVICE RULES

Chapter 480-07 WAC

WAC 480-07-510(6).

(6) Cost of service studies. The company's initial filing must: (a) Linclude any cost of service studyies that complies with Chapter 480-xxx WAC, the company performed or relied on to prepare its proposals; (b) identify all cost studies conducted in the last five years for any of the company's services; and (c) describe the methodology the company used in all such cost studies. If the cost studies are in the form of a model, the company must provide a copy of, or reasonable access to, the model that will enable the commission to verify and modify the model's inputs and assumptions.



New Chapter

WAC 480-xxx-010 Purpose.

- (1) The purpose of these rules is to establish minimum filing requirements for any cost of service study filed with the commission. These rules are designed to <u>streamline</u>, improve, and promote efficiency in analyzing rate cases, clarity of presentation, and ease of understanding. The minimum filling requirements will allow for <u>direct</u> comparisons of cost of service studies.
- (2) The cost of service study is one factor among many the commission considers when determining rate spread. The commission may also consider, as appropriate, such factors as fairness, perceptions of equity, economic conditions in the service territory, gradualism, and rate stability.

WAC 480-xxx-020 Applicability.

(1) The rules in this chapter apply to any person or party who files a cost of service study in any proceeding before the commission.



WAC 480-xxx-030 Definitions.

- (1) "Allocation factor" means a mathematical <u>expression</u> description of the specific cost relationship among revenue requirement and rate schedules.
- (2) "Basic charge" means a rate that does not vary with energy usage and is charged to each customer within a customer class during each billing cycle.
- (3)(2) "Cost of service study" means a study that identifies and calculates, <u>using</u> regulatory accounting principles, the extent to which <u>customers on</u> various rate schedules cause a <u>utility's costscosts</u> to a <u>utility using regulatory accounting principles</u>. This study correlates a utility's costs and revenues with the service provided to customers in each rate schedule.
- (4)(3) "Load study" means a statistical analysis of interval load data collected from sampled customers to estimate the load profiles of rate schedules over a minimum 12-month period. Load profile estimates of rate schedules shall be hourly (or sub-hourly) for electric, and daily for natural gas. A load forecast or load projection model is not a substitute for a load study. Load studies should be conducted at a minimum every five years.
- (5) "Marginal cost study" means an analysis of the cost for a customer to bypass a utility's system compared to the incremental cost needed for the utility to serve that customer.
- (6)(4) "Parity ratio" means a rate schedule's revenue-to-cost ratio divided by the system's revenue-to-cost ratio. This ratio shall only be presented to the commission as either a percentage or a decimal.
- (7)(5) "Revenue-to-cost ratio" means revenue at current rates divided by the revenue requirement. This ratio shall only be presented to the commission as either a percentage or a decimal.
- (8)(6) "Special contract" means a <u>negotiated</u> service agreement between a utility and a customer <u>approved pursuant to WAC 480-80-143</u> that includes a rate schedule unique to that customer.
- (9)(7)"System peak" means the maximum <u>load energy usage</u> of the Washington portion of a utility's distribution system within an identified time frame.

WAC 480-xxx-040 Subsequent Review of Cost of Service.

- (1) The commission shall initiate a formal rulemaking proceeding under RCW 80.04.160 to review cost of service rules in this chapter every five years. If the commission finds that initiating a formal rulemaking proceeding to review cost of service is not in the public interest, the commission may postpone the rulemaking to a specified date.
- (2) The formal rulemaking process shall be completed within 12 months after initiation. The commission may, upon a finding of good cause, extend the rulemaking proceeding.



WAC 480-xxx-0450 Minimum Filing Requirements.

- (1) All cost of service study results must be filed in the form prescribed by the commission following forms, available from the commission: Form [TBD] electric cost of service template; and, gas cost of service template. In addition, the following must be provided contemporaneously with all cost of service studies must include the following:
- (a) <u>Supporting testimony</u>. All cost of service studies must be filed with supporting testimony <u>and exhibits</u>. If supporting testimony <u>or exhibits</u> references, <u>or specifically rely on</u> data, models, calculations, or associated information is found only in the supporting work papers, the supporting testimony <u>or exhibit</u> must cite to the work papers.
- (b) <u>Supporting work papers</u>. All supporting models, calculations, data, and associated information must be provided to the parties in a manner that allows for the verification and modification of <u>all of</u> the model's inputs and assumptions. This includes:
- (i) All models must be fully functional, which requires, at a minimum, that cells are linked where possible and all formulas are calculable. Wherever possible, all associated calculations necessary to support the results of the study must be consolidated in the same electronic workbook file.
- (ii) Any macros in a model must be explained in a narrative. The narrative must also identify where <u>eachthe</u> macro is found in the model.
- (iii) Each electronic workbook must have an index identifying each spreadsheet and its relationship to other spreadsheets.
- (2) Companies that provide electric and natural gas service must file an embedded cost of service study for their electric and natural gas operations simultaneously. If a company providing electric and natural gas service files a general rate case for only one of its services, the company must apportion the common costs shared by both services in lieu of filing a cost of service study for the service not included in the general rate case.

WAC 480-xxx-0560 Cost of Service Study Inputs.

- (1) The rate schedule usage data for any cost of service study must come from one of the following sources, which are ranked from most to least preferred the best available source: advanced metering infrastructure; (AMI), special contracts; advanced meter reading (AMR), or, a load study.
 - (a) For utilities with AMI, the use of data from a load study must be explicitly justified.
- (b) For utilities with AMR, data from AMR may be used if granularity of the data is hourly or sub-hourly for electric, or daily for natural gas. For utilities with AMR with the data granularity required by this subsection, the use of data from a load study must be explicitly justified.
- (c) For utilities that do not have AMI or AMR with the data granularity required by subsection (1)(b), a load study must be used. Data from special contracts may be used in a load study.
- (a)(d)Street lighting schedules may be estimated and, if so, the estimation method must be explicitly presented in testimony and exhibits.
- (1) Of the sources listed above, a cost of service study must use the most preferred source of data available.

WAC 480-xxx-0670 Cost of Service Methodology.

- (1) A cost of service study filed with the commission must be calculated using an embedded cost method.
- (a) Electric studies shall use the FERC accounts outlined in Table 1 of subsection (3) to functionalize the cost of service. Costs shall be directly functionalized where information is available. Functionalized costs will be classified and allocated by the methods outlined in Table 2 of subsection (3).
- (b) Natural gas studies shall use the FERC accounts outlined in Table 3 of subsection (3) to functionalize the cost of service. Costs shall be directly functionalized where information is available. Functionalized costs will be classified and allocated by the methods outlined in Table 4 of subsection (3).
- (c) FERC accounts not included in Table 1 or Table 3 of subsection (3) but identified in a cost of service study must be accompanied by a rationale for the functional method chosen in the supporting testimony.
- (d) If an allocation method in Table 2 or Table 4 of subsection (3) requires direct assignment, any similar remaining costs in the account may not be allocated to the classes included in the direct assignment; except in circumstances where that class derives a direct benefit from the non-direct assigned costs. If a particular account contains several cost items, of which only certain items in the FERC account are directly-assigned, the cost items that are not directly-assigned will be allocated as appropriate.
 - (e) The abbreviations for the functionalized costs are:
 - "Gn" is an abbreviation meaning the generation function;
 - "Pr" is an abbreviation meaning the production function;
 - "Tr" is an abbreviation meaning the transmission function;
 - "Dist" is an abbreviation meaning the distribution function;
 - "Cust" is an abbreviation meaning the customer function; and,
 - "Comm" is an abbreviation meaning the common function.
- (2) In addition to filing a cost of service study as required in subsection (1), a party may file a cost of service study based on a system-wide econometric study or a system-wide marginal cost study.
- (3) <u>Tables 1 4 of this subsection outline the functionalization, classification, and allocation methods required by subsection (1).</u>

Table 1 – Electric Cost of Service Approved Functionalization Methodologies

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Functionalization	FERC Account Numbers		
Generation	151, 253, 310 - 317, 330 - 337, 340 - 348, 500 - 515, 535 - 545.1. $546 - 557$		
Transmission	350 – 359.1, 560 – 573		
Distribution	252, 360 – 374, 580 – 598		
Customer	235, 901 – 905, 907 <u>, 908*</u> <u>909</u> – 910		
Common	920 – 935, working capital allowance		
Gn/Tr/Dist/Cust/Comm	301 – 303, 403, 403.1, 404 – 407		
Gn/Tr/Dist/General	105, 107, 108, 111		
Gn/Tr/Dist/Comm	154, 165, 281, 282		
Allocate based on sub-account	182.3, 254		
on suo account			

^{*}Expenses included in account 908 that are related to conservation must be functionalized as power related.

Table 2 – Electric Cost of Service Approved Classification and Allocation Methodologies

Functionalized Cost	Classification Method	Allocation Method
Generation	Scenarios	Scenarios
Transmission	Scenarios	Scenarios
Distribution	TBD based on the	Direct assignment to large customer classes based on
Substation	results from the	load ratio share of substations they are fed from.
	scenarios	All other classes use an average of the relative share of
		the summer coincident peak and the relative share of
		the winter coincident peak.
Distribution Line	TBD based on the	Secondary customers directly assigned where possible.
Transformers	results from the	All remaining costs are allocated using a relative ratio
	scenarios	of transformers at current installation costs.
Distribution Poles	TBD based on the	Primary system customers are allocated using the same
and Wires	results from the	method as distribution substation.
	scenarios	Secondary system customers are allocated using the
		same method as distribution line transformers.
Service Lines	Customer	Average installed cost for new service lines multiplied
		by customer count relative to average installed cost.
Meters	Customer	Average installed cost for new metering multiplied by
		customer count.
Customer	Customer	All costs assigned by weighted customer counts.
Service/Billing		
Administrative &	Depends on	Property insurance based on allocated plant; pensions
General and General	functionalization of	and employee insurance based on salary and wages;
Plant	account	FERC fees based on energy; revenue-based fees
		allocated by class relative share of total revenue.
		The remainder of administrative & general and general
		plant costs shall be allocated as deemed appropriate.
		An explanation of the allocation method used must be
T	D 1	included in testimony.
Intangible Plant	Depends on	Each type of intangible and amortization in a separate
	functionalization of	account, allocated using appropriate factors. A
Ì	account	materiality threshold of the lower of 0.5% of intangible
		plant or \$750,000 will be applied.

Table 3 – Natural Gas Cost of Service Approved Functionalization Methodologies

Functionalization	FERC Account Numbers		
Production	710, 711-736, 740-742, 800-813, 804.1, 805.1, 808.1, 808.2, 809.1, 809.2,		
Storage	350-356, 352.1, 352.2, 352.3, 814-826, 830-837, 840-843, 842.1-842.3, 843.1-843.9,		
Transmission	365.1, 365.2, 366-371, 850-867, 870,		
Distribution	374-387, 871-881, 885-894		
Customer	901-905, 907, 908*, 909-910		
General	389-399, 920-929, 930.1, 930.2, 931		
Pr/Tr/Dist/General/Common	101.1, 104-108, 111, 114, 115, 117.1-117.4, 165, 182.3, 186, 190, 228.1-228.4, 229, 235, 252, 253, 255, 281-283, 301-303, 403, 403.1, 404-407, 407.1-407.4, 408.1, 409.1, 410.0-411.1, 411.4, 411.6-411.9, 412-414, 421		
Common	Working capital		
Allocate based on sub-account	182.3, 254		

^{*}Expenses included in account 908 that are related to conservation must be functionalized as power related.

Table 4 – Natural Gas Cost of Service Approved Classification and Allocation Methodologies

Functionalized Cost	Classification Method	Allocation Method
Distribution Mains	Scenarios	Scenarios
Transportation Main	Scenarios	Scenarios
Distribution Assets	TBD based on the results from the scenarios	Measuring and regulating station equipment is allocated the same as distribution mains [TBD on methodology] except large industrial customers are allocated all average related costs, unlike the distribution main allocator which excludes small pipe.
Services	Customer	Allocated to rate schedule based on the class average service installation cost. Large customers are directly assigned based on a special study; for only this allocator, it is up to the utility to determine "large customer."
Meters	Customer	Average installed cost for new metering multiplied by customer count.
Customer Service/Billing	Customer	All costs assigned by weighted customer counts.
Administrative & General and General Plant	Depends on functionalization of account	Property insurance based on allocated plant; pensions and employee insurance based on salary and wages; FERC fees based on energy; revenue-based fees allocated by class relative share of total revenue. The remainder of administrative & general and general plant costs shall be allocated as deemed appropriate. An explanation of the allocation method used must be included in testimony.
Intangible Plant	Depends on functionalization of account	Each type of intangible and amortization in a separate account, allocated using appropriate factors. A materiality threshold of the lower of 0.5% of intangible plant or \$750,000 will be applied.

WAC 480-xxx-0780 Exemptions.

- (1) The commission may grant an exemption from the provisions of any rule or section in this chapter. Any exemption from this chapter may only be applied to rate proceedings initiated subsequent to the approval of the exemption.
- (1) In order to meet the public interest standard under addition to the requirements of WAC 480-07-110(2)(c), any petition for for an exemption from this chapter must provide, the evidence provided must be sufficient to demonstrate:
- (a) The proposaled alternative significantly improves the accuracy of the cost of service study in comparison with a cost of service study complying with this chapter, including:
- (i) A detailed explanation of how the <u>proposal proposed alternative</u> significantly improves the accuracy of the cost of service study; and,
- (ii) A description of the conditions under which the <u>proposed alternative</u>-should be applied, and how the conditions are currently met.
- (b) The <u>proposed alternative proposal</u> represents improvements so significant and compelling that the commission should give serious consideration to incorporating the <u>proposal</u> proposed alternative into this chapter during the next rulemaking proceeding pursuant to WAC 480 xxx 040.
- (2) Under WAC 480-07-500(4), the commission will reject or require revision to of any filing presenting a cost of service study that does not fully comply with this chapter unless a commission order has granted an exemption from this chapter.
- (3) Nothing in these rules limits the commission from granting exemptions in emergency situations under WAC 480-07-110(4).