RECEIVED RECORDS MANAGEMENT

04 SEP 15 PM 1:42

STATE OF WASH. UTIL. AND TRANSP. COMMISSION

# BEFORE THE WASHINGTON STATE UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION,

Complainant,

v.

PUGET SOUND ENERGY,

Respondent.

NO. PG-041624

AGREED SUBMISSION BY PUGET SOUND ENERGY AND STAFF OF THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

EMERGENCY ADJUDICATION HEARING: September 15, 2004, 3:00 p.m.

Complainant Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission ("Commission") and Puget Sound Energy, Inc. ("PSE") hereby submit the following agreed facts and action items.

### I. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

1.1 The purpose of this hearing is to determine whether a potential emergency condition exists and to identify steps that can be taken to address that situation.

### II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 2.1 Natural gas is a combustible gas. If it is present inside a house or other structure (other than properly contained inside the gas piping or properly contained in a functioning natural gas furnace or appliance), it can explode and cause significant damage to persons and property.
- 2.2 On September 2, 2004, an explosion (hereafter "the explosion") occurred at the house located at 16645 SE 26th Place, Bellevue, Washington (hereafter "the house"). The explosion was caused when natural gas inside the house ignited. The explosion destroyed the house and critically injured its resident, Ms. Frances F. Schmitz. Ms. Schmitz was in the house at the time of the explosion.
- 2.3 Ms. Schmitz is a residential customer of PSE. PSE provides natural gas to Ms. Schmitz at the house pursuant to residential gas service tariffs PSE has on file with the Commission.
- 2.4 On September 2, 2004, PSE provided gas to the house by means of a service line extending to the house from a PSE gas main located in front of the house. The main and service line are owned, operated and maintained by PSE. After the explosion, PSE removed all, or substantially all, of the service line.
- 2.5 At the time of the explosion, there existed a hole in the service line near a wall of the house. The hole permitted natural gas to leak out of the service line. The gas that leaked out of the service line entered the house through a hole or other sort of gap in the foundation of the house.
- 2.6 The service line to the house was composed of steel pipe, with a layer of coal tar wrap.

- 2.7 The service line to the house was protected by a cathodic protection system. PSE uses cathodic protection systems to prevent or reduce corrosion of metallic pipe and other metallic facilities. Cathodic protection is a method by which an underground metallic pipe is protected against corrosion. Corrosion will be reduced where sufficient electric current flows onto the pipe. A rectifier is an electrical device that changes alternating current to direct current, which is impressed onto the underground pipe to protect it against corrosion.
- 2.8 The house was served by a cathodic protection system owned, operated and maintained by PSE. An element of this cathodic protection system was a piece of equipment called a Vasa Park Rectifier, located at the intersection of 163rd Avenue SE and 164th Place SE in Bellevue, Washington (hereafter "the rectifier").
- 2.9 Based on the information available at this time, the leak in the service pipe was caused by corrosion.
- 2.10 At the time of the explosion, the rectifier was incorrectly configured. In particular, the lead that should have been connected to the positive terminal was in fact connected to the negative terminal, and the lead that should have been connected to the negative terminal was in fact connected to the positive terminal. This wiring of the rectifier resulted in the cathodic protection system not working as it was intended to work. The effect of such wiring can promote, not reduce corrosion of the steel service lines and other steel pipeline facilities to which the rectifier is connected.
- 2.11 After the explosion, and upon discovering the incorrect configuration of the rectifier, PSE correctly configured the rectifier.
- 2.12 The rectifier was designed to provide cathodic protection to an area containing approximately 2,600 homes served with natural gas by PSE. Some are served

with service lines consisting of plastic pipe. Cathodic protection systems do not affect, and arc not intended to affect, plastic pipe.

#### III. OTHER MATTERS

- 3.1 At this time, the Commission Staff believes insufficient information is available to conclude there is a causal link between the configuration of the rectifier and the corrosion that caused the explosion.
- 3.2 PSE is not waiving any privileges it may be able to assert, such as the attorney-client privilege, nor is the Commission waiving any right it may have to access PSE records.

#### IV. AGREED ACTION

- 4.1 Based on the foregoing facts, the Commission and PSE agree that the following action should be taken.
  - a. Within ten days, prepare and implement a communications plan to educate all customers in the area served by the rectifier (whether the facilities are steel or plastic). The plan will address the following elements: alert affected customers that there may be a problem that is broader than a single house, the actions customers should take if they detect the odor of natural gas in and around their premises, receive periodic updates on the status of remedial actions taken, and the results of the company's investigation when known. PSE should work with the Commission Staff and the City of Bellevue in implementing this plan. The plan shall be made available to the Commission upon request.
  - b. Repair all leaks detected and verified in any of the facilities served by the rectifier. PSE shall apply for any required permits and initiate One Call no later than the next available day following the day the leak is discovered, classifying all of these leaks as emergency locates. In the event that the source of a C Leak cannot be located via excavation, PSE will consult with Commission Staff on next steps. Without consultation with Commission Staff, PSE is not permitted to re-grade any leak for

later inspection. PSE shall begin to repair each leak no later than the day following receipt of permits and locates. To the extent this provision is more lenient than applicable safety rules in a given situation, the applicable safety rule shall be followed. Repair records shall be made available to the Commission upon request.

- c. Preserve the service line that served the house, and make it available for inspection by the Commission upon request and any consultant retained by the Commission.
- d. Conduct a metallurgical analysis of the service line that served the house to determine what caused it to leak, and provide the results to the Commission upon request.
- e. Preserve and make available to the Commission upon request all records relating to the installation and maintenance of the rectifier, including any record containing information on the period when the rectifier failed to provide the level of cathodic protection required by Commission rules.
- f. Preserve and make available to the Commission upon request any and all records of any investigations of the explosion and its causes.
- g. Preserve and make available to the Commission upon request any and all documents surrounding any investigation of the explosion, and/or the rectifier, and/or any of the other facilities involved. This includes any leak surveys that are conducted.
- h. Conduct leak surveys of all mains and service lines served by the rectifier on or before October 4, 2004, and every thirty days thereafter, until the Commission orders otherwise, and provide the results to the Commission upon request. The survey to be conducted on or before October 4, 2004 is in addition to the survey PSE conducted within a week of the explosion.
- i. Conduct a test(s) that will determine the condition of the coating of the coated steel service lines and mains in the area covered by the rectifier (including an assessment of the state of corrosion of such service lines and mains), and provide the results to the Commission upon request. PSE will work with Commission Staff

to determine the parameters of this survey and follow-up activities.

DATED: September 15, 2004.

## PERKINS COIE LLP

By James F. Williams by DTT authority

James F. Williams, WSBA #23613 1:35 eva

Amanda J. Beane, WSBA #33070 9(17/04)

Attorneys for Puget Sound Energy, Inc.

CHRISTINE OF REGOIRE

Attorney General

Donald Trotter, WSBA #8752 Assistant Attorney General Attorneys for Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission